What can I do to keep from catching colds and the flu?

The viruses that cause colds and the fluare spread through hand-to-hand contact and through the air in droplets from sneezes and coughs. You don't catch a cold ar the fluby getting wet ar chilled.

- Wash you hands often with soap and warm water
- •Avoid rubbing your eyes or nose.
- •Use tissues one time and throw away.
- •Possibly get the flu shot before flu season. (ask your doctor)

Who should see the doctor or nurse

practitioner? (because it may be something else) Call us at the clinic if you have:

- A cold that lasts for more than 7-10 days
- •Earache ar drainage fram your ear
- •Severe pain in your face, for ehead, neck ar head.
- •Temperature above 102 degrees
- •Shortness of breath
- Wheezing
- •Hoarseness, sore threat or a cough that won't go away.
- •Chest hurting when breathing in or coughing
- •Fever that doesn't get any better with Tylenol

This brochure provides a general overview on this topic and may not apply to everyone. To find out if this brochure applies to you and to get more information on this subject, talk to your doctor.

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Red Lake Hospital Health Tip



Both colds and the flu are caused by germs called viruses.

The flu and colds are both caused by germs called viruses. Flu symptoms are more serious than cold symptoms. The risk for complications is much greater

If you get the flu there are some things you can do to feel better.

Remember, their is no cure for a cold or the flu. All you can do is treat your symptoms while your body fights off the virus.

- stay in Bed
- Drink this of water.
- Use a humidifier to help ease a dry cough.
- Drink hot tea with lemmon and honey to soothe a sore throat and help loosen the mucus in your nose.
- Gargle with warm salt water a few times a day to relieve a sore throat.
- Eat chicken soup to help loosen the mucus.
- Suck on cough lozenges or hard candy to quiet a cough.
- Stop smoking and avoid second-hand smoke, which can make a cough worse.
- Don't *drink* alcohol.
- If a child is too young to blow his or her own nose, use a suction bulb to remove the mucus
- Use saline nose drops to help loosen mucus and moisten the tender skin in your nose.
- Take a pain reliever such as Tylenol.
- Do Not take antihistamines. They don't work against the flu and may cause

When you eatch a add...

A cold often starts with sneezing, coughing and a rurry nose. You may not have a fever, α you may run a low fever – just a degree or two higher than usual. You may also have muscle aches, a scratchy or sore throat, watery eyes and a headache.

for the cold.

There is to cure As the cold worsens, the drainage from your nose may turn from thin and watery to thick and yellow. A cold usually lasts three ar for days but can last up to 10 days.

When you catch the flu . .

The flu, which is a nickname for the influenza virus, starts suddenly and hits hard. Your fever may go as high as 105 degrees. You'll feel weak and tired, have a dry cough, rurry nose, chills, muscle aches, severe headache, eye pain and a sore throat. The fever may last for three to **five** days.

There is no cure for the file.

After the flu goes away, you may still feel weak and tired a keep coughing for up to threeweeks.



treat a cold or

Antibiotics don't work against viruses, so they can't cure a cold or the flu. But, antibiotics can help if you get an infection from bacteria such as bronchitis, strep threat, pneumonia, a sinus infection, or an ear infection