

Instructions

- 1. Read the IAQ

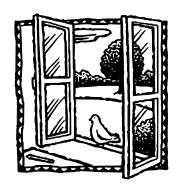
 Backgrounder and the Background Information for this checklist.
- 2. Keep the
 Background
 Information and
 make a copy of
 this checklist for
 each ventilation
 unit in your school,
 as well as a
 copy for future
 reference.
- 3. Complete the Checklist.
 - Check the "yes,"
 "no," or
 "not applicable"
 box beside each
 item. (A "no"
 response
 requires further
 attention.)
 - Make comments in the "Notes" section as necessary.
- 4. Return the checklist portion of this document to the IAQ Coordinator.

Ventilation Checklist

Name:							
School:							
Unit Ventilator/AHU No:							
Room or Area: Date Completed:							
Sig	gnature:						
1.	OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES						
1a.	1		N/A				
1b.	example, a fire escape floor plan)						
AC	TIVITY 1: OBSTRUCTIONS						
	Ensured that outdoor air intakes are clear of obstructions, debris, clogs, or covers \Box						
1d.	Installed corrective devices as necessary (e.g., if snowdrifts or leaves frequently block an intake)						
AC	TIVITY 2: POLLUTANT SOURCES						
	Checked ground-level intakes for pollutant sources (dumpsters, loading docks, and bus-idling areas) \Box						
1f.	Checked rooftop intakes for pollutant sources (plumbing vents; kitchen, toilet, or laboratory exhaust fans; puddles; and mist from air-conditioning cooling towers)						
1g.	Resolved any problems with pollutant sources located near outdoor air intakes (e.g., relocated dumpster or extended exhaust pipe)						
	TIVITY 3: AIRFLOW Obtained chemical smoke (or a small piece of tissue paper or light plastic) □						
	Confirmed that outdoor air is entering the intake appropriately						
2.	SYSTEM CLEANLINESS						
AC	TIVITY 4: AIR FILTERS						
	Replaced filters per maintenance schedule						
	blowing downstream)						
	Vacuumed filter areas before installing new filters						
	Confirmed proper fit of filters to prevent air from bypassing (flowing around) the air filter						
۷٠.	commined proper instantation of fracts (correct direction for anthow)	_	_				

2. SYSTEM CLEANLINESS (continued)

ACTIVITY 5: DRAIN PANS 2f. Ensured that drain pans slant toward the drain (to prevent water from Yes No N/A 2g. Cleaned drain pans.... **ACTIVITY 6: COILS ACTIVITY 7: AIR-HANDLING UNITS, UNIT VENTILATORS** 2j. Ensured that the interior of air-handling unit(s) or unit ventilator **ACTIVITY 8: MECHANICAL ROOMS** 21. Checked mechanical room for unsanitary conditions, leaks, and spills 2m. Ensured that mechanical rooms and air-mixing chambers are free of trash, chemical products, and supplies 3. CONTROLS FOR OUTDOOR AIR SUPPLY 3a. Ensured that air dampers are at least partially open (minimum position)□ 3b. Ensured that minimum position provides adequate outdoor air **ACTIVITY 9: CONTROLS INFORMATION** 3c. Obtained and reviewed all design inside/outside temperature and humidity requirements, controls specifications, as-built mechanical drawings, **ACTIVITY 10: CLOCKS, TIMERS, SWITCHES** 3f. Ensured that settings fit the actual schedule of building use (including **ACTIVITY 11: CONTROL COMPONENTS** 3g. Ensured appropriate system pressure by testing line pressure at both the 3i. Replaced control system filters at the compressor inlet based on the compressor manufacturer's recommendation (for example, when you blow down the tank)...... Set the line pressure at each thermostat and damper actuator at the proper **ACTIVITY 12: OUTDOOR AIR DAMPERS** 31. Ensured that the recirculating relief and/or exhaust dampers are visible 3m. Ensured that air temperature in the indoor area(s) served by each



NOTE: It is necessary to ensure that the damper is operating properly and within the normal range to continue.



3. CONTROLS FOR OUTDOOR AIR SUPPLY (continued)			
3n. Checked that the outdoor air damper fully closes within a few minutes of shutting off appropriate air handler		No	N/A
3o. Checked that the outdoor air damper opens (at least partially with no delay) when the air handler is turned on			
3p. If in heating mode, checked that the outdoor air damper goes to its minimum position (without completely closing) when the room thermostat is set to 85°F	. 🗆		
3q. If in cooling mode, checked that the outdoor air damper goes to its minimur position (without completely closing) when the room thermostat is set to 60°F and mixed air thermostat is set to 45°F	n		
 3r. If the outdoor air damper does not move, confirmed the following items: The damper actuator links to the damper shaft, and any linkage set 	. •		_
screws or bolts are tight			
Moving parts are free of impediments (e.g., rust, corrosion)			
 Electrical wire or pneumatic tubing connects to the damper actuator 			
The outside air thermostat(s) is functioning properly (e.g., in the right location, calibrated correctly)	. 🗆		
Proceed to Activities 13–16 if the damper seems to be operating properly.			
ACTIVITY 13: FREEZE STATS			
3s. Disconnected power to controls (for automatic reset only) to test continuity across terminals			
OR			
3t. Confirmed (if applicable) that depressing the manual reset button (usually red) trips the freeze stat (clicking sound indicates freeze stat was tripped)			
3u. Assessed the feasibility of replacing all manual reset freeze-stats with automatic reset freeze-stats			
NOTE: HVAC systems with water coils need protection from the cold. The freeze- close the outdoor air damper and disconnect the supply air when tripped. The ty- range is 35°F to 42°F.			
ACTIVITY 14: MIXED AIR THERMOSTATS			
3v. Ensured that the mixed air stat for heating mode is set no higher than 65°F	. 🗆		
3w. Ensured that the mixed air stat for cooling mode is set no lower than the room thermostat setting	. 🗆		
ACTIVITY 15: ECONOMIZERS			
3x. Confirmed proper economizer settings based on design specifications or local practices	. 🗖		
NOTE: The dry-bulb is typically set at 65°F or lower.			
3y. Checked that sensor on the economizer is shielded from direct sunlight			
3z. Ensured that dampers operate properly (for outside air, return air, exhaust/relief air, and recirculated air), per the design specifications	. 🗆		
NOTE: Economizers use varying amounts of cool outdoor air to assist with the cloud of the room or rooms. There are two types of economizers, dry-bulb and entipolity-bulb economizers vary the amount of outdoor air based on outdoor temperature.	thalp	y.	

and enthalpy economizers vary the amount of outdoor air based on outdoor temperature and humidity level.

3. CONTROLS FOR OUTDOOR AIR SUPPLY (continued)

ACTIVITY 16: FANS 3aa. Ensured that all fans (supply fans and associated return or relief fans) that move outside air indoors continuously operate during occupied Yes No N/A NOTE: If fan shuts off when the thermostat is satisfied, adjust control cycle as necessary to ensure sufficient outdoor air supply. 4. AIR DISTRIBUTION **ACTIVITY 17: AIR DISTRIBUTION** 4a. Ensured that supply and return air pathways in the existing ventilation system 4b. Ensured that passive gravity relief ventilation systems and transfer grilles NOTE: If ventilation system is closed or blocked to meet current fire codes, consult with a professional engineer for remedies. 4c. Made sure every occupied space has supply of outdoor air (mechanical NOTE: If outlets have been blocked intentionally to correct drafts or discomfort, investigate and correct the cause of the discomfort and reopen the vents. 4e. Modified the HVAC system to supply outside air to areas without an outdoor air supply 4f. Modified existing HVAC systems to incorporate any room or zone layout 4g. Moved all barriers (for example, room dividers, large free-standing blackboards or displays, bookshelves) that could block movement of 4h. Ensured that unit ventilators are quiet enough to accommodate classroom activities 4i. Ensured that classrooms are free of uncomfortable drafts produced by air **ACTIVITY 18: PRESSURIZATION IN BUILDINGS** NOTE: To prevent infiltration of outdoor pollutants, the ventilation system is designed to maintain positive pressurization in the building. Therefore, ensure that the system, including any exhaust fans, is operating on the "occupied" cycle when doing this activity. 4j. Ensured that air flows out of the building (using chemical smoke) through windows, doors, or other cracks and holes in exterior wall (for example, 5. EXHAUST SYSTEMS **ACTIVITY 19: EXHAUST FAN OPERATION** 5a. Checked (using chemical smoke) that air flows into exhaust fan grille(s) \Box If fans are running but air is not flowing toward the exhaust intake, check for the following: • Inoperable dampers

Obstructed, leaky, or disconnected ductwork Undersized or improperly installed fan

· Broken fan belt



5. EXHAUST SYSTEMS (continued)

ACTIVITY 20: EXHAUST AIRFLOW

and labs by keeping them under negative pressure (as compared to surrounding space	ces).	
5b. Checked (using chemical smoke) that air is drawn into the room from adjacent spaces	No	N/A
Stand outside the room with the door slightly open while checking airflow high and the door opening (see "How to Measure Airflow").	low ii	n
5c. Ensured that air is flowing toward the exhaust intake		
ACTIVITY 21: EXHAUST DUCTWORK 5d. Checked that the exhaust ductwork downstream of the exhaust fan (which is under positive pressure) is sealed and in good condition□		
6. QUANTITY OF OUTDOOR AIR		
ACTIVITY 22: OUTDOOR AIR MEASUREMENTS AND CALCULATIONS		
NOTE: Refer to "How to Measure Airflow" for techniques.		
6a. Measured the quantity of outdoor air supplied (22a) to each ventilation unit		

6b. Calculated the number of occupants served (22b) by the ventilation unit

6c. Divided outdoor air supply (22a) by the number of occupants (22b) to

6e. Corrected problems with ventilation units that supplied inadequate

determine the existing quantity of outdoor air supply per person (22c)

levels in Table 1......

ACTIVITY 23: ACCEPTABLE LEVELS OF OUTDOOR AIR QUANTITIES 6d. Compared the existing outdoor air per person (22c) to the recommended

quantities of outdoor air to ensure that outdoor air quantities (22c) meet the recommended levels in Table 1.......

NOTE: Prevent migration of indoor contaminants from areas such as bathrooms, kitchens,

NOTES