A Global Strategy for Managing Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Achieving our 5-year Climate Leader Commitment

n 3 vear

Kristin Zimmerman, PhD General Motors Environment and Energy Policy



Outline:

- GM's Global Footprint & GHG Management Protocol
- GM's Global Inventory Management Plan & GHG Management/Reporting Policy
- What to do...How to collect the data
- Voluntary Partnerships: Reaching our Goal
- Examples: Energy Star and WasteWise
- Publicly Reporting GHG emissions: EPA, DOE
 - Progress reports Results

GM's Corporate Responsibility Report



GM's Global Footprint One Company – One Voice

Who we are and how we operate -

- Globally integrated business operating under the Global Sullivan Principles and GM Core Values including Winning with Integrity
- GM's Reputation and Image are balanced across environment, economics, social, product, and the brand...and represented in a continuously updated web-based -

Global Corporate Responsibility Report

 One Global GHG Management Protocol, Implementation Plan, and Reporting Policy.



GM's Global GHG Management Protocol –

A Systems Approach

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Section I: Introduction

GM's Policy on GHG Reporting

Section II: Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Inventory

Voluntary Initiatives Guidelines for GHG Reporting:

- o Collecting and Managing Energy Metrics
- Collecting and Managing Environmental Metrics
- o Establishing a Baseline
- Monitoring, Measuring and Reporting Progress

Section III: Annual Reporting

Corporate Reporting

 Link to GM Sustainability Report – GM's Global Operations

Regional Reporting

- GM's North American Operations
- GM's Asia Pacific Operations
- GM's European Operations
- GM's Latin America, Africa and the Middle East Operations

Section IV: Summary

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORTATION

ENVIRONMENT & ENERGY

GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) INVENTORY MANAGEMENT PLAN for GM's Global Operations

2004

General Motors Corporation Public Policy Center Environment and Energy 300 Renaissance Center Mail Code: 482-C27-C22 Detroit, MI 48265



GM's Global GHG Management Protocol – The EPA Inventory Management Plan:

	Samplo						
	Inventory Plan	Detail Required	Information contained within the following pages illustrates GM's				
	Component		approach for managing its ghg inventory.				
	Proponent Information						
1.	Company Name	Legal Name of Entity	General Motors Corporation				
2.	Address	Physical and mailing address	300 Renaissance Center Mail Code: 482-C27-C22 Detroit, MI 48265				
3.	Contact	Contact Name and title	Kristin B. Zimmerman, Manager Energy & Environment Strategy				
4.	Contact information	Contact information (Telephone/fax/email)	Ph: (313) 665-9164 Fx: (313) 665-0746 kristin.b.zimmerman@gm.com				
	Boundary Conditions						
	Organizational						
5.	Inclusion of Partially Owned or Controlled Assets	Describe the basis (% ownership, degree control, etc.) for reporting emissions data from partially owned or controlled assets. All of GM's voluntary programs with commitment targets use 2000 as the base year. I.E. EPA Climate Leaders – a 10% reduction in Direct emissions from the burning of fuels and indirect emissions from the purchase of electricity and steam.	 GM reports GHG emission data based on an ownership and/or a management/operational control basis for all of its operations. GM believes that GHG Emissions should be reported for those facilities under management control rather than reporting a portion of emissions based on equity share. Management Control means at least a 50% equity position, at least 50% Representation on the Board and/or management of the operation: Full Ownership Implies Management/Operational Control: Report all Emissions Joint Ownership: Report if under Management/Operational Control. Partners should determine, up-front, who will be reporting to avoid double counting. Leased Facility: Report under Management/Operational Control. (i.e. The Renaissance Center – a non-mfg facility) GM's North American Footprint includes facilities that are: fully operational, idled, shutdown, closed. Acquisition of a facility will shift the baseline. The Baseline will not shift due to organic growth (i.e. shifts in production). 				

GM's Global GHG Management/Reporting Policy

<u>GHG emissions will be managed</u> for those facilities under <u>financial/management control</u> rather than <u>managing a portion</u> of emissions based on equity share. *Management Control means at least 50% equity position, at least 50% representation on the Board and/or management of the operation*:

- ✓ Full Ownership Implies Management Control: Report all Emissions
- ✓ Joint Ownership: Report if under Management Control. Partners should determine, up-front, who will be reporting to avoid double counting.
- Leased: Report if greater than 0.1% of annual facility total CO2 emissions (or more than 30,000 metric tons CO2 per year)



What to do: You can not manage what you do not measure...so...<u>what</u> should you be measuring? Facility Energy and Environmental Metrics:

- > monthly electricity bills
- > monthly gas bills
- Fuel bills (for manufacturing only)
- trash bills
- water and,
- > waste management
- > paper purchases...why?



How to Collect the Data

Manually:

Report Monthly Electricity Bills

Report Monthly Gas Bills

BAE 2004 U.S. Data								
	Jan	Jan	Feb	Feb	Mar	Mar	Apr	Apr
	UNITS	TBTU	UNITS	TBTU	UNITS	TBTU	UNITS	TBT
NATURAL GAS (MCF)*								
	500		500		500		550	
PROPANE (GALS)								
	10000		8000		7000		8000	
	10000						0000	
SOLID WASTE (TONS)								
	15		15		15		15	
LIQUID WASTE (GALS)								
	6000		6000		4000		4000	
LANDFILL GAS (MCF)								
ELECTRICITY (KWH)								
	200000		300000		300000		300000	
WATER (GALS)								
WATER (GALS)								
TOTAL CO ₂ Emitted (MM tons CO2	2002	2003	2004	% change				
	4,874.38	4,111.59	1,143.26					
* Actual Usage	e = Total Purc	hase - Total S	Sold					

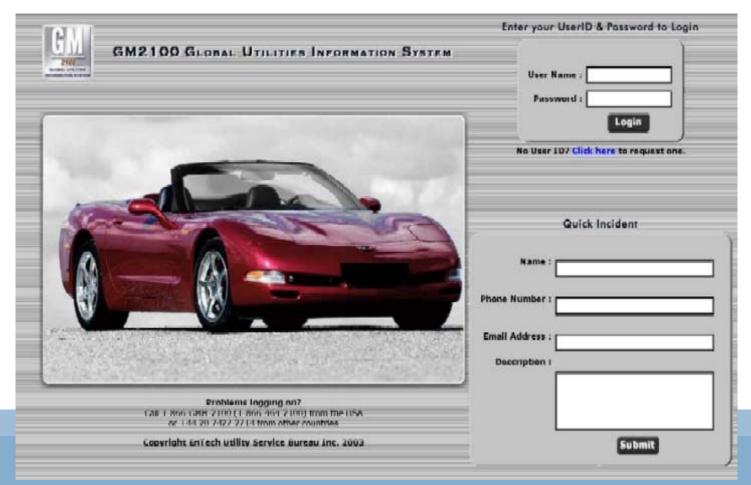
How to Collect the Data

Electronically:

> 24/7 web-based or



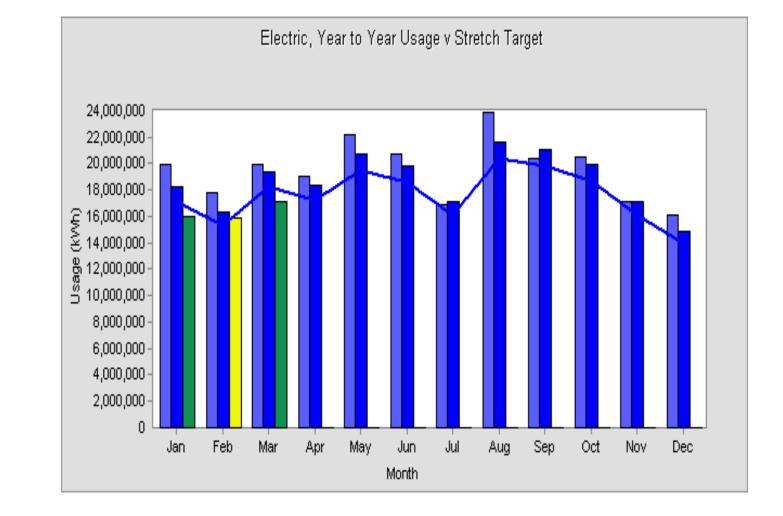
Iocal computer database controlled





How to Collect the Data: Electronically

GM 2100 Sample Trend Chart





What to do : You can not manage what you do not measure...so...<u>what</u> should you be measuring?

Product Energy and Environmental Metrics:

Fuel Economy

Vehicles Produced and Vehicles Sold (annual)

Fuel used (E85, BioDiesel, Gasoline, Diesel, H2)

> % Recycled Content

ELV protocol for dismantling and closed loop processing



Waste Management-Manufacturing Process

What can the Consumer do to share the Responsibilit y?



Calculate the greenhouse gas emissions of your car or truck, estimate your annual fuel costs, and see how GM vehicles compare to the competition.

Click on the image to enter the GHG Calculator





2005 U.S. EPA Rating

CHEVROLET MALIBU compared to TOYOTA CAMRY

Compare other vehicles >>



Fuel Economy	CHEVROLET MALIBU	TOYOTA CAMRY
Fuel type	Regular	Regular
MPG (city)	24	24
MPG (highway)	35	34
MPG combined	28	28
Calculated annual fuel cost*	1009	1009
Annual CO₂ emissions in metric tons, based on 15,000 miles driven	4.75	4.75
CO ₂ emissions in metric tons** based on 536 and 536 gallons, respectively, of fuel consumed	4.75	4.75
Customize fuel costs and CO₂ emissions>> Customize based on your driving behavior >>		
Vehicle Data		
EPA size class	MIDSIZE CARS	MIDSIZE CARS
Engine size (liters)	2.2	2.4
Cylinders	4	4
Transmission	Auto(L4)	Auto(L5)
Drive	Front	Front
Gas guzzler***?	No	No

Where are you most apt to find GHG management opportunities?...Voluntary Partnerships

EPA Program Links

The Climate Leaders Umbrella

Climate Leaders is a new voluntary EPA industrygovernment partnership that encourages companies to develop long-term comprehensive climate change strategies. Partners set a corporate-wide greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction goal and inventory their emissions to measure progress. By reporting inventory data to EPA, partners create a lasting record of their



CLIMATE

LEADER

accomplishments, identify themselves as corporate environmental leaders, and strategically position themselves as climate change policy continues to unfold.

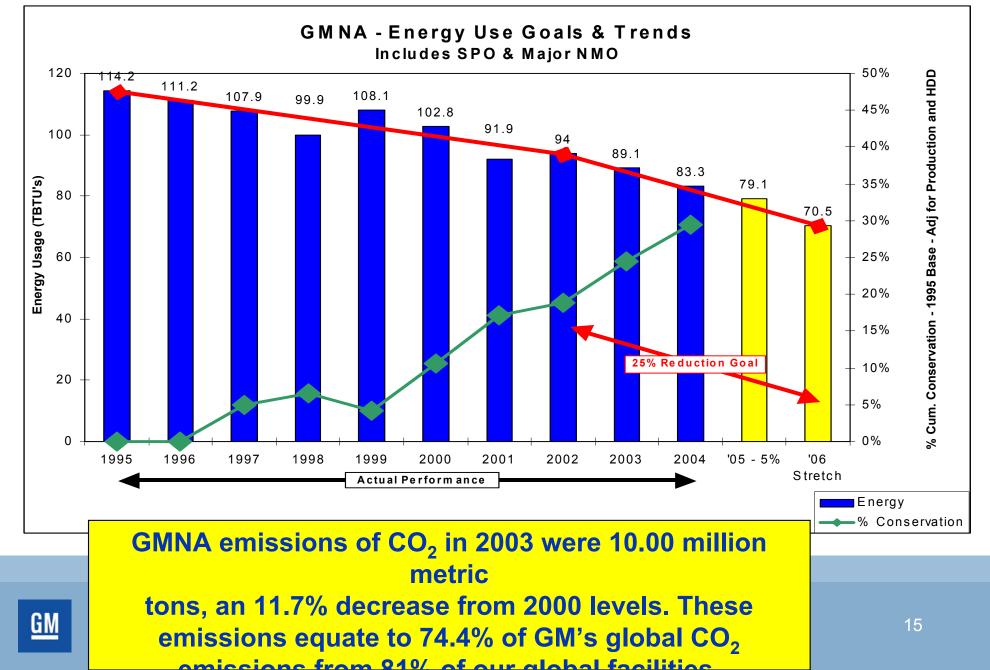


Examples of Voluntary Partnerships-Climate Leaders Progress Report: Summary Form

Corporate Cool Tracking	Base Year	Base Year	Yea	ar 2	Yea	аг З	Yea	ar 4
Corporate Goal Tracking	(original)	(date adjusted)						
Year	2000		20	01	20	02	20	03
ABSOLUTE EMISSIONS GOAL TRACKING								
	CO2-e (metric tons)	COz-e (metric tons)	CO2-e (metric tons)	% change from base yr	CO2-e (metric tons)	% change from base yr	CO2-e (metric tons)	% change from base yr
Total U.S. Emissions	10	0	10	-6.1%	10	-5.5%	э	-11.0%
Total Non-U.S. Emissions	1	0	1	-9.2%	1	-9.2%	1	-17.3%
Total Absolute Emissions	11	0	11	-6.4%	11	-5.9%	10	-11.6%
Goal Year Absolute Emissions Target								
Total Reductions from Offsets	0	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	0	
								11 60
NORMALIZED EMISSIONS GOAL TRACKING								11.6%
	CO2-e (metric tons)	CO2-e (metric tons)	CO2-e (metric tons)	% change from base yr	CO2-e (metric tons)	% change from base yr	CO2-e (metric tons)	from base yr
Total U.S. Emissions								
Total Non-U.S. Emissions								
Total Absolute Emissions								
	0	0	0	% change from base yr	0	% change from base yr	0	% change from base yr
Total U.S. Normalization Factor Value								
Total Non-U.S. Normalization Factor Value								
Total Normalization Factor Value								
	CO2-e / NF Units	CO2-e / NF Units	CO2-e / NF Units	% change from base yr	CO2-e / NF Units	% change from base yr	CO2-e / NF Units	% change from base yr
Total U.S. Normalized Emissions								
Total Non-U.S. Normalized Emissions								
Total Normalized Emissions								
Goal Year Normalized Emissions Target								
Total Normalized Reductions from Offsets				N/A		N/A		N/A
Total Normalized Reductions from Sold Electricity				N/A		N/A		N/A



Examples of Voluntary Partnerships-Climate Leaders Progress Report: GM North America



Reaching our Goal: How did we do it? :EPA Energy Star

Energy Star and GM:

- Largest vehicle manufacturer
- ➢ Manufacture in 32 countries
- Vehicles sold in 192 countries
- Employees 325,000 worldwide



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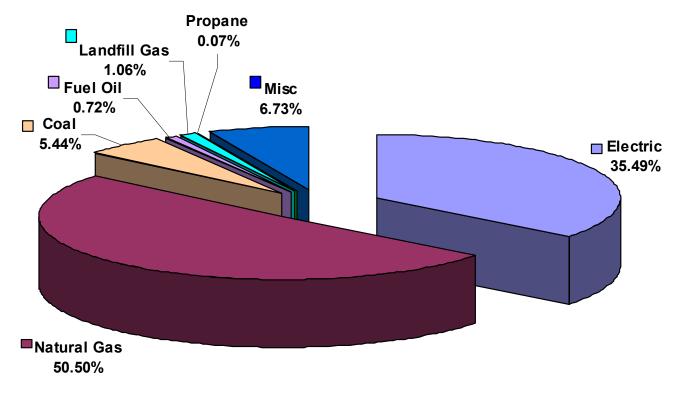
Energy Star – Partner of the year 2002

Energy Star – 2004: Sustained excellence in energy management



Examples of Voluntary Partnerships

GM North America (NA) – 2003 Energy Consumption by Fuel





Examples of Voluntary Partnerships

GM North America Energy Cost Savings Performance



<u>Jan 2000</u>

103.4 Trillion BTUs

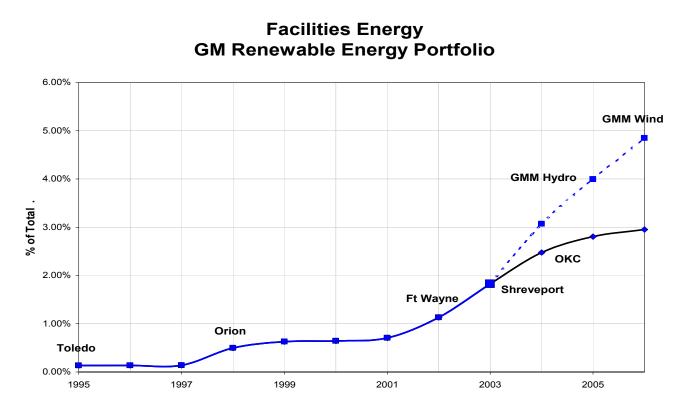
Sept 2004

82.4 Trillion BTUs

Current Average Rate: \$8.67 /MMBTU Savings: \$182 Million/ Year



Energy Star Example:





GM is increasing the component of renewable energy in its energy portfolio. Currently 1.5 Trillion BTU of GM's energy requirements are met by renewable energy.

GM is the largest industrial user of landfill gas for Thermal Energy in the United States.



Reaching our Goal: How did we do it? EPA WasteWise

>U.S. facilities - Partners since March 1994

➢Since 1994, we've recycled...

- 40 thousand tons of plastics
- 306 thousand tons of wood
- 437 thousand tons of paper
- 14.4 million tons of metals

In just the past 2 years, we've reduced the amount of waste generated annually by...

100 thousand tons



Preserving Resources, Preventing Waste

WasteWise Example:



2003 WasteWise Climate Profile: General Motors Corporation

Greenhouse gases (GHGs) are emitted at nearly every stage of a product's life cycle, including during waste management. How we choose to manage this waste has significant implications for GHG emissions. Alternative waste management practices, such as waste prevention and recycling, can result in significant reductions in GHG emissions. This profile describes the GHG emission reductions achieved as a result of recycling and waste prevention activities. Please note that these calculations use CO2 equivalents rather than carbon equivalents as the baseline emissions generated by landfilling waste. Emission reductions represent the difference between this baseline and the GHG emissions resulting from alternative waste management practices.

GHG Reduction Summary

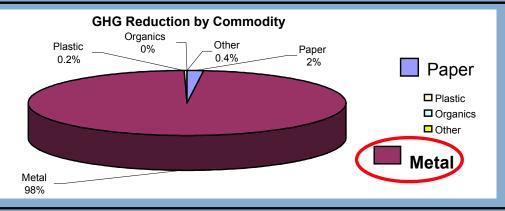
	GHG Emission Reductions (MTCO2E)		Approximately equal to:					
Waste Management Activity		The annual emissions from the use of central air conditioning in households	The annual carbon dioxide stored by this many acres of established, rapidly growing trees	The annual emissions from the power consumption in households				
Waste Prevention	103,657	134	849.99	13,475				
Recycling	4,839,256	6,243	39,681.90	629,103				
TOTAL	4.942.912	6,376	40,531.88	642,579				
			-					

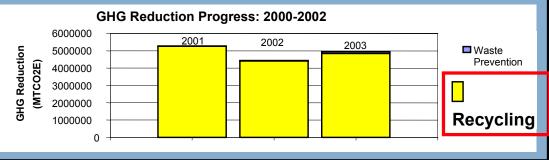
GHG Reduction	by Commodity
---------------	--------------

Commodity	GHG Reductions (MTCO2E)	Percent of Total
Paper	75,899	1.5%
Metal	4,852,078	98.2%
Plastic	14,861	0.3%
Organics	0	0.0%
Other	75	0.0%
TOTAL	4,942,912	100.0%

GHG Reduction Progress: 2000-2003

Waste Management	2001	2002	2003			
Activity	GHG Reductions (MTCO2E)					
Waste Prevention	8,972	19,289	103,657			
Recycling	5,264,905	4,413,361	4,839,256			
TOTAL	5,273,877	4,432,650	4,942,912			







Climate Change



CASE STUDIES

Preserving Resources, Preventing Waste

General Motors—Reducing Its Environmental Footprint

aintaining its position as the world's largest automotive manufacturer is no small task for WasteWise partner General Motors (GM). One way the company demonstrates its leadership is by decreasing its environmental footprint through waste reduction efforts. For years, GM has worked hard to improve



its waste reduction efforts and continues to learn and implement new initiatives in waste prevention and recy-

"GM strongly supports these types of voluntary initiatives. It is partnerships like WasteWise that allow us to produce considerable results in reducing greenhouse gas emissions while continuing our waste reduction efforts."

—Elizabeth A. Lowery, GM Vice President, Environment and Energy

cling. Through its participation in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) WasteWise program, GM continues to learn that every bit of waste reduced decreases greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from its facilities. Every stage of a product's life cycle extraction, manufacturing, distribution, use, and disposal—contributes to the concentration of GHGs in the Earth's atmosphere, and GM considers all of these phases when investigating ways to decrease its burden on the environment. The company's activities are based on two main goals: 1) to

reduce GHG emissions and 2) to prevent waste and increase recycling, which also tend to further GHG emissions reductions. Through WasteWise and another prominent EPA voluntary program—Climate Leaders— GM is decreasing its facilities' GHG emissions through waste reduction and other means.

As part of GM's efforts to prevent waste, increase recycling, and reduce GHG emissions, GM continuously tracks and analyzes its activities. GM calculates that it has decreased its generation of wastes targeted by the WasteWise program by 35 percent (including a 54 percent drop in non-recyclable material disposal) between 1998 to 2002. According to EPA's WAste Reduction Model, also known as WARM—a tool that allows



Examples of Voluntary Partnerships – Global REACH

- <u>•DOE 1605b: GHG Reporting Guidelines/Registry</u>
- •DOE Climate VISION (started in 2003)
- •<u>The Business Roundtable (BRT)</u> <u>Climate RESOLVE (started in 2003)</u>
- •<u>US Climate Partnership Association</u>
- •<u>EPA Climate Leaders</u> (started in 2002)
- •<u>EPA Combined Heat and Power</u> <u>Partnership</u>
- •<u>World Resources Institute Green Power</u> <u>Market Development</u>
- Other Global Activities

 Canadian Voluntary Challenge Registry

- -<u>EPA Energy Star</u>
- -<u>EPA WasteWise</u>
- -<u>EPA Green Power Partnership</u>
- -EPA Landfill Methane Outreach
- -EPA Best Workplaces for Commuters
- -<u>EPA Suppliers Partnership for the</u> <u>Environment (SP)</u>
- -Great Lakes Renewable Energy Association
- -<u>UK Vauxhall Motors</u> -<u>Australian Greenhouse Gas Challenge</u>



Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Footprint Fairview Elementary School 815 N. Fairview Lansing, 48912 Tara Fry, Principal



\$24,894.81

ENERGY ANALYSIS (2002)*

<u> </u>							
Energy Source	UNITS	MBTU	Cost/Unit	Cost			
NATURAL GAS (MCF)*	2.71	0.27	\$0.468	\$13,04 9.34			
LIQUID WASTE (GALS)	334,000	0.042	\$9.128	\$3,052.25			
WATER CONSERVED(GALS)**	2,100						
ELECTRICITY (KWH)	121,202	413.66	\$0.073	\$8,793.22			

Total Energy Cost for the Building

* All data used from 2001 -2002, Lansing School

** Water data from Granger Recycling Center Environmental Report for 2003

RECYCLING/REUSE INITIATIVES (2002)

District

Recycling data from Granger Recycling Center Environmental Report for 2003

Category	Office Paper	White Ledger	Newspaper	Magazines	Card board	Baled Cardboard
Metric Tons	0.27					

CO2 SUMMARY REPORT

		Indirect	Recycling/ Reuse	
	Direct	(purchased	(metric tons	Total
CO2 Emissions (2002)		electricity)	CO2 reduced)	(metric tons CO2)
Fairview Elementary	4,258	87	(1.29)	4,345

Opportunities for Energy Efficiency Improvements

Proposed Improvements	Description	Projected Energy Savings	Projected Dollar Savings
Lighting Retrofit	T12 to T8 lighting upgrade		
HVAC/Boiler EMS	Implement HVAC/Boiler EMS		
New Boiler	New -smaller package boiler with adjustable outside air settings		
New Windows	Install energy efficient windows		
Day/Night Thermostats	Suggested for implementation		

Comments:

Fairview Elementary School has a supportive parent group that would like to have Energy Efficiency Improvements performed.

Example: Rebuild America Program

An Innovative Approach to Leveraging Philanthropic Giving



FIGURE 1

DOE 1605b

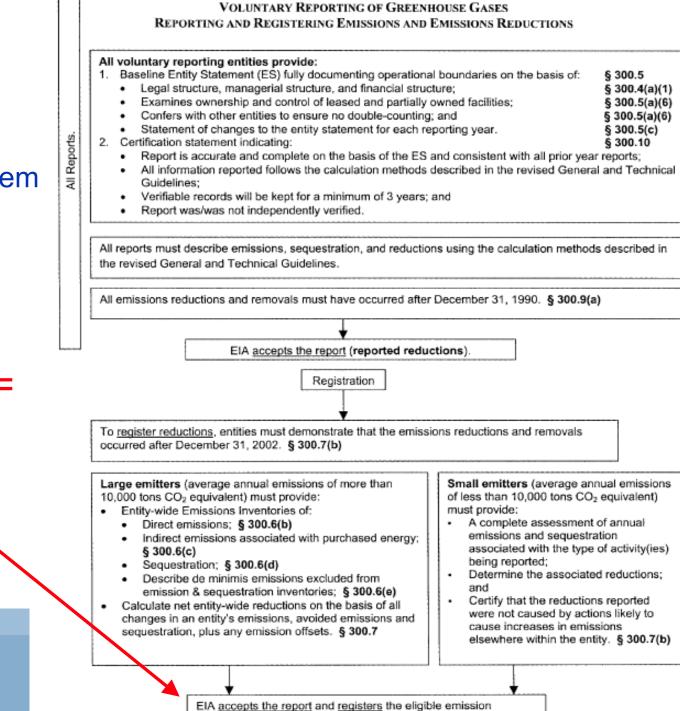
- •Two-Tiered System
 - Report
 - Register
- Large EmittersSmall Emitters

Registered

Reductions

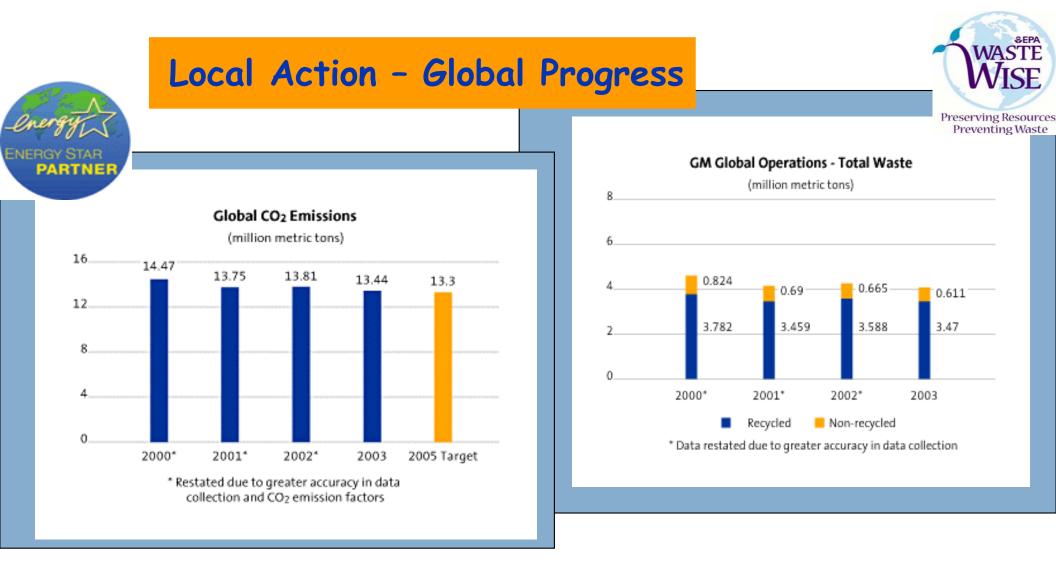
GM's Response

GM



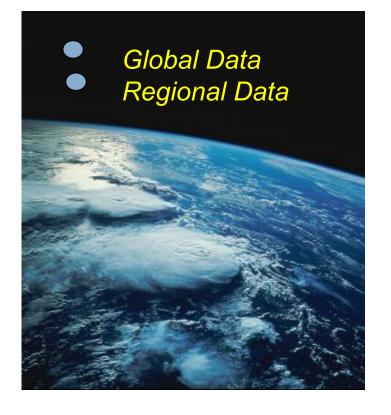
reductions (registered reductions).

<u>Results:</u> Energy and Environment





GM's 2004 Globally Integrated Corporate Responsibility Report: *One Company – One Voice*



<u>www.gmresponsibility.co</u> <u>m</u>

GM

The 2004 report leads with GM's global activity and allows the user to search areas of interest within a GM region and/or GRI indicator

- Our Message
- Performance at a Glance
- Our Company
- Our Products
- Environmental Performance
- Economic Performance
- Social Performance

Globally Managing Greenhouse Gas Emissions "A Systems Approach"

Summary

 GHG Management Globally starts Locally
 Monitor and Collect GHG Data
 Determine Baseline Emissions and Reductions
 Set both Internal and Public Targets
 A closed Measure Performance Against Targets

