

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Honduras
Program Title:	Investing in People
Pillar:	Global Health
Strategic Objective:	522-023
Status:	New in FY 2004
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$13,273,000 CSH; \$6,500,000 DA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$6,000 CSH
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$10,853,000 CSH; \$4,000,000 DA
Year of Initial Obligation:	2004
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2008

Summary: The health and education portfolio emphasizes policy reform, improving basic education, preventing HIV/AIDS and other infectious diseases, improving family planning and maternal and child health services, and improved food security. USAID will coordinate its activities with the World Bank and Inter-American Development Bank, which have been designated by the Ministry of Health (MOH) as lead donors for a major new initiative for the decentralized provision of maternal and child health care.

All family planning assistance agreements will incorporate clauses that implement the President's directive restoring the Mexico City Policy.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$1,240,000 CSH). USAID will fund technical assistance for the implementation of standards to improve the quality of obstetric care and mass media programs to prevent maternal and child mortality. Principal contractor and grantees are Johns Hopkins University, Academy for Educational Development (AED) (sub), and University Research Co.

Support Family Planning Programs (\$4,200,000 CSH). USAID-funded technical assistance will assist the MOH to institutionalize family planning in government facilities, and support the Family Planning Association of Honduras (ASHONPLAFA), a local nongovernmental organization, to expand service provision in rural areas. USAID will purchase contraceptives on a declining scale, design a contraceptive security strategy for future contraceptive needs, expand contraceptive social marketing, and support mass media activities to promote family planning. Principal contractors and grantees are EngenderHealth, John Snow, Inc., Population Services International (PSI) (sub), Johns Hopkins University, and AED.

Build Health Systems Capacity (\$1,935,000 CSH). USAID-funded technical assistance will advance design and implementation of decentralized systems for information, quality control, service delivery, and supervision. USAID will also fund a national survey to assess changes in health status as well as activities to monitor the impact of this program on the quality and use of health services. Principal contractors are ORC Macro, University Research Co., and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control (CDC).

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$740,000 CSH). USAID will train 150 additional environmental health technicians (the first line of defense against dengue, malaria and Chagas Disease), as well as health and community personnel in tuberculosis diagnosis and treatment. Activities will be implemented by the MOH.

Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$5,200,000 CSH). USAID will fund prevention and care programs for high-risk groups, private sector provision of condoms, mass media

education programs, as well as HIV prevalence and behavior monitoring activities with an emphasis on high-risk groups. Principal contractors and grantees are Johns Hopkins University, AED (sub), PSI, and CDC.

Improve the Quality of Basic Education (\$4,000,000 DA). USAID will fund training and technical assistance for 40,000 (74% women) school supervisors, principals, and teachers to implement the Ministry of Education's (MOE) Education for All - Fast Track Initiative (EFA-FTI), which also receives support from nine other donors. Technical assistance and training for 275 MOE staff will help improve management; develop a decentralization plan; develop standards and tests for primary education; use data on enrollment, retention, and completion to improve education quality and efficiency; and assess the feasibility of expanding the EDUCATODOS curriculum, which provides instruction for out-of-school youth, to grades 10 and 11. USAID-funded technical assistance for the EDUCATODOS program will help improve its quality, efficiency, and coverage. USAID will also facilitate policy dialogue between the MOE and civil society organizations. Principal contractors and grantees are AED, the American Institutes for Research (sub), and a local nongovernmental organization.

Increase Food Security of Vulnerable Populations. P.L. 480 Title II resources will be used to increase and diversify food production, improve market infrastructure and practices, increase transparency and effectiveness of local governments, and provide preventive health care and supplementary food for vulnerable mothers and children in 52 of Honduras' 298 municipalities. Principal grantees are CARE, Save the Children, World Vision International, and the Adventist Relief and Development Agency.

FY 2006 Program: Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$1,048,000 CSH). USAID plans to continue funding mass media communication programs and improvements in the quality of obstetric care. Same partners as above.

Support Family Planning Programs (\$2,583,000 CSH). USAID plans to continue expanding availability of family planning services at government facilities and maintain service delivery by ASHONPLAFA in rural areas. USAID expects to procure contraceptives on a declining scale, assist the implementation of the national contraceptive security strategy, and expand social marketing activities. Same partners as above.

Build Health Systems Capacity (\$2,783,000 CSH). USAID plans to continue funding decentralization and program monitoring activities. Same partners as above.

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$389,000 CSH). USAID will continue to fund TB activities and provide minimal support to the Environmental Health Technicians program. Same partners as above.

Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$4,100,000 CSH). USAID plans to continue funding prevention and support programs for high-risk groups; an expanded contraceptive social marketing program; mass media programs for HIV prevention; and surveillance to monitor HIV prevalence and related behavior change. Same partners as above.

Improve the Quality of Basic Education (\$4,000,000 DA). USAID plans to continue funding training, technical assistance and the development of standards and tests under EFA-FTI, as well as support for activities related to MOE/civil society policy dialog and EDUCATODOS. Same partners as above.

Increase Food Security of Vulnerable Populations. It is expected that P.L. 480 Title II resources will continue to support the same goals as above. Grantees will not change.

Performance and Results: In 2004, pilot implementation of obstetric care standards reduced maternal mortality from infection by 60%. ASHONPLAFA established 92 new community

distribution posts in remote rural areas (for a total of 1,771) and exceeded its target for contraceptive use by 6%. In target municipalities, the P.L. 480 program has reduced malnutrition for children under two years of age by 33%, increased corn yields by 67%, and increased municipal revenues by 35% in the last four years. In 2004 the vocational education program surpassed its target with 3,000 graduates and 2,751 employed. EDUCATODOS has provided nearly 405,000 person-years of 1st through 9th grade education since 2000, resulting in an estimated \$400 million in additional income for participants.

By program completion, basic education and workforce development programs will be more efficient, equitable, and financially sustainable and increased numbers of children will complete primary school; the health system will be more efficient and decentralized; the HIV infection rate will have stabilized; and infant mortality and total fertility rates will be reduced.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Honduras

	CSH	DA
522-023 Investing in People		
Through September 30, 2003		
Obligations	0	3,750
Expenditures	0	0
Unliquidated	0	3,750
Fiscal Year 2004		
Obligations	13,771	5,794
Expenditures	5,789	2,113
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	13,771	9,544
Expenditures	5,789	2,113
Unliquidated	7,982	7,431
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	6	0
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA		
Obligations	13,273	6,500
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	13,279	6,500
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	10,853	4,000
Future Obligations	28,777	13,956
Est. Total Cost	66,680	34,000