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Parallel Pathways

The Relationship between the Formal and Informal Pathways to Learning Science and Technology

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Informal Learning

- Learning during the 92% of our lives which we spend outside the formal education system
- Also called "free choice learning," because learners set their own agenda
- Pathways include museums, zoos, botanic gardens, parks, visitor centers, television, magazines, books, libraries, the Internet, and hobbies.





Example: Science Museums, the Fastest Growing Sector of the Museum World

- Several new "hands-on" science museums open each year
- 350 now in USA alone
- \$1+ billion per year total budgets
- 177 million visits per year in USA
- about 60 million visitors on school field trips





Science Museums Share Resources Intensively, On a World Wide Scale (e.g., **TryScience.org**)





Assessments of Informal Learning

Visitor Studies Association annual conferences and publications include hundreds of evaluations of affective and

cognitive domain learning

- Critical literature surveys (e.g., Valerie Crane, 1994)
- Extended Analyses (e.g., Falk & Dierking, 1992, 2002; Hein 1998)





Typical Results from Evaluations

- Visitor demographics are highly diverse, and men and women are approximately equally represented
- Many popular evaluation instruments used in formal education (such as multiple choice tests) are rarely useful in informal learning situations
- Despite brief visits and often noisy, crowded, busy environments, visitors do learn in museums
- Cognitive and in particular affective gains happen for a wide variety of visitors



27,500 Inservice Teachers Take In-Depth Training in Science Museums Each Year

- Museum staff know both content and pedagogy
- They are used to paying attention to learners
- Museums have a culture of ongoing iterative improvement





Apprenticeships for Students and Pre-Service Teachers Are Increasingly Popular

- Exposure to real phenomena, scientists, technologies
- Culture of inquiry, love of science and technology
- Good balance of intensity, evaluation, and enjoyment, well suited to most youth





Some Connection with Formal Education Has Always Been a Feature of Museums, But Should We Expect Much More?

 For schools the use of science museums is typically an optional "enrichment" rather than an essential piece of the core curriculum or strategy

 For most museums, school field trips are an expensive secondary priority





How Should The Relationships Between Formal and Informal Education Change?

- Should schools incorporate informal learning pathways in a more serious, structured, integral manner?
- Should museums redesign their programs to serve formal education more directly?
- Should museums become more like schools?
- Should schools become more like museums?