



## Accessing public genome sequence data

UCSC's Genome Browser ("Golden Path")  
<http://genome.ucsc.edu>

NCBI's Map Viewer  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mapview/>

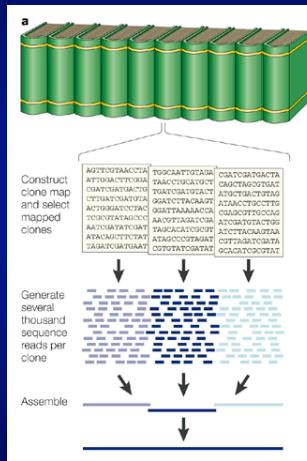
Ensembl  
<http://www.ensembl.org>

## Types of data integrated in genome browsers

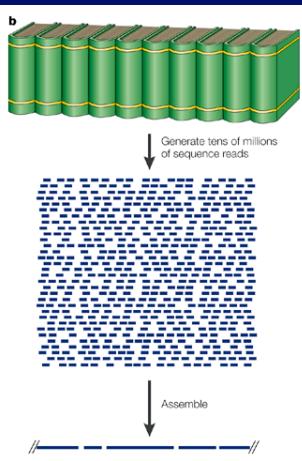
- Same starting material for all genome browsers: genomic sequence
- Annotations calculated independently by each genome browser
  - Genes
    - RefSeq mRNAs (non-redundant)
    - GenBank mRNAs (redundant)
    - Gene predictions
  - SNPs
  - Homologous sequences from other organisms
  - STSs

## Overview of genome sequencing strategies

Clone-by-clone shotgun sequencing



Whole-genome shotgun sequencing



Nature Reviews | Genetics  
Green ED. Strategies for the systematic sequencing of complex genomes.  
Nat Rev Genet. 2001; 2:573-83.

## Genome Sequence Assemblies

- Complex algorithms needed to incorporate all sequence data
- Assemblies updated periodically as new sequence becomes available
  - Mouse and human genomes assembled by NCBI
  - Other genomes assembled by sequencing centers or consortia
- Assemblies not updated concurrently by the three Genome Browsers
  - “Pre-release” assemblies and annotations available at
    - UCSC: <http://genome-test.cse.ucsc.edu/>
    - pre!Ensembl: <http://pre.ensembl.org/>
  - UCSC and Ensembl provide archive of all genome assemblies and annotations; NCBI provides only limited archive
- IF YOU ARE COMPARING DATA FROM DIFFERENT GENOME BROWSERS, MAKE SURE YOU ARE LOOKING AT THE SAME VERSION OF THE ASSEMBLY

## Genome Assembly Versions

	Same assembly?	UCSC	NCBI	Ensembl
Human	Yes	Mar 2006/hg18/Build 36.1	Build 36.2	Build 36
Mouse	YES	July 2007/mm9/Build 37	Build 37.1	Build 37
Dog		May 2005 /canFam 2.0	Build 2.1/CanFam 2.1	CanFam 2.0
Zebrafish	NO	July 2007/danRer5/Zv7	Zv6/build 2.1	Zv7
Rhesus	YES	Jan 2006/rheMac2/v.1.0, Mmul_051212	Build 1.1/v.1.0, Mmul_051212	Mmul_1

## NCBI Reference Sequences (RefSeqs)

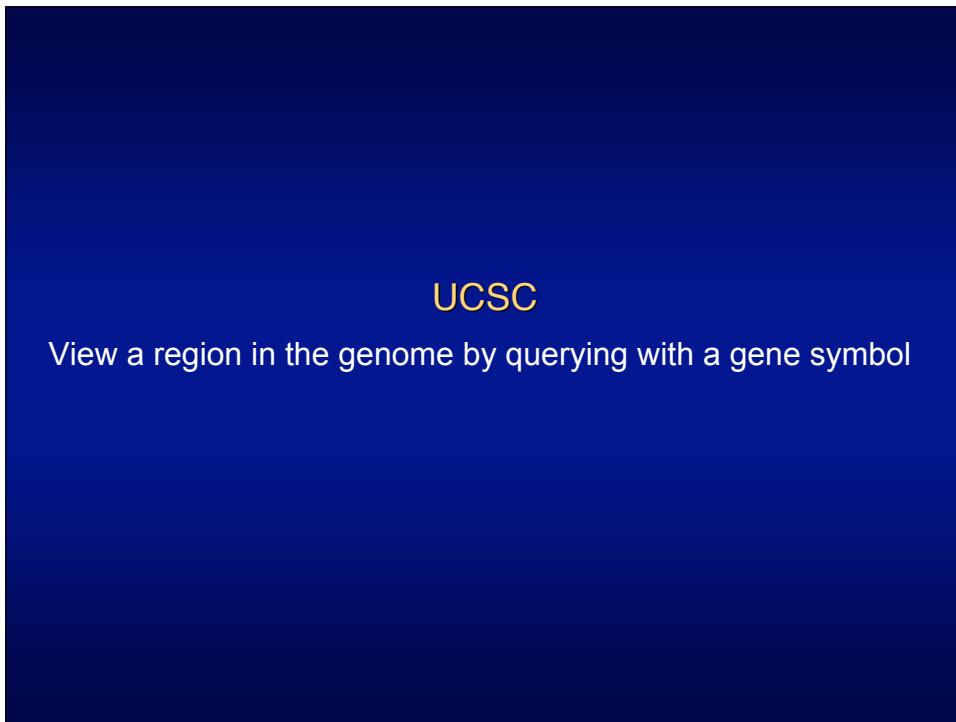
- Non-redundant collection of richly annotated DNA, RNA, and protein sequences from diverse taxa.
- Each RefSeq represents a single, naturally occurring molecule from one organism.

	derived from GenBank submissions	model reference sequences produced by NCBI's Genome Annotation project
mRNA	NM_123456	XM_123456
protein	NP_123456	XP_123456
non-coding transcripts	NR_123456	XR_123456

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/RefSeq/key.html>

Beta actin mRNA RefSeq

DOCUMENT NM\_001101  
 DEFINITION Human beta actin, 1793 bp mRNA linear PRI 14-JAN-2008  
 ACCESSION NM\_001101  
 VERSION NM\_001101.2 GI:5016088  
 NUMBER OF RECORDS 1  
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)  
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens  
 TAXON ID 9606  
 REFLINKS 1  
 REFERENCES 1  
 AUTHORS Vilim, R.F., Roepstorff, P., Lindgren, M., Hammarstrom, P. and Jonsson, B.H.  
 TITLE Domain-specific chaperone-induced expansion is required for beta-actin folding: a comparison of beta-actin conformations upon interactions with GroEL and tail-less complex polypeptide I ring complex (TRIC)  
 JOURNAL Biochemistry 46 (44), 12639-12647 (2007)  
 PMID 17934680  
 ....  
 COMMENT REVISED REFSEQ: This record has been curated by NCBI staff. The reference sequence has been derived from NM\_001101 and NC\_013724. On Jun 8, 1999 this sequence version replaced gi|4501884.  
 Summary: This gene encodes one of six different actin proteins. Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure, and integrity. This actin is a major constituent of the contractile apparatus and one of the two nonmuscle cytoskeletal actins.  
 Publication Note: This RefSeq record includes a subset of the publications that are available for this gene. Please see the Entrez Gene record to access additional publications.  
 COMPLETENESS: complete on the 3' end.  
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 74..1201  
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 /db\_xref="MIM:102



The screenshot shows the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics website. The left sidebar has a red box around the "Genome Browser" link. The main content area displays information about the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics Site, news, and job openings.

**About the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics Site**

Welcome to the UCSC Genome Browser website. This site contains the reference sequence and working draft assemblies for a large collection of genomes. It also provides a portal to the ENCODE project.

We encourage you to explore these sequences with our tools. The [Genome Browser](#) zooms and scrolls over chromosomes, showing the work of annotators worldwide. The [Gene Sorter](#) shows expression, homology and other information on groups of genes that can be related in many ways. [Blat](#) quickly maps your sequence to the genome. The [Table Browser](#) provides convenient access to the underlying database. [VisiGene](#) lets you browse through a large collection of *in situ* mouse and frog images to examine expression patterns. [Genome Graphs](#) allows you to upload and display genome-wide data sets.

The UCSC Genome Browser is developed and maintained by the Genome Bioinformatics Group, a cross-departmental team within the Center for Biomolecular Science and Engineering (CBSE) at the University of California Santa Cruz ([UCSC](#)). If you have feedback or questions concerning the tools or data on this website, feel free to contact us on our [public mailing list](#). To view the results of the Genome Browser users' survey we conducted in May 2007, click [here](#).

**News**

To receive announcements of new genome assembly releases, new software features, updates and training seminars by email, subscribe to the [genome-announce](#) mailing list.

**8 Jan. 2008 - Additional Job Opening with UCSC Genome Browser Project**

In addition to the openings listed in the 12 Dec. 2007 announcement (see below), the UCSC Genome Browser project is accepting applications for Research Software Architect, a position in the UC Project Scientist academic series. For the job description, qualifications and application information, please see the Center for Biomolecular Science and Engineering [website](#). To ensure full consideration, applications must be received by 22 Jan. 2008.

**12 Dec. 2007 - Job Openings with UCSC Genome Browser Project**

The UCSC Genome Browser project is currently accepting applications for two positions on our development team: Software Development Engineer (Programmer/Analyst 3) and Biological Database Testing/User Support Technician (Programmer/Analyst 1). We are looking for talented self-motivated individuals who would like to use their skills in computer science, biology, and bioinformatics on a fast-paced project featuring the work of top genomics scientists worldwide.

For a summary of the position details and qualifications, see the entries for [Software Developer](#) and [Biological Database Testing/User Support Technician](#) on the Center for Biomolecular Science and Engineering (CBSE) website. For detailed job descriptions and application information, go to the [UCSC Staff Employment website](#), click the "Search Postings" link on the sidebar, and type in job #0701419

Human (Homo sapiens) Genome Browser Gateway

The UCSC Genome Browser was created by the [Genome Bioinformatics Group of UC Santa Cruz](#). Software Copyright (c) The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

clade	genome	assembly	position or search term	image width	
Vertebrate	Human	Mar. 2006	ADAM2	820	<input type="button" value="submit"/>
	Chimp				
	Rhesus				
	Mouse				
	Rat				
	Cat				
	Dog				
	Horse				
	Cow				
	Opossum				
	Platypus				
	Chicken				
	Lizard				
	X. tropicalis				
	Zebrafish				
	Tetraodon				
	Fugu				
	Stickleback				
	Medaka				

the browser user interface settings to their defaults.

**About the Human Mar. 2006 (hg18)** The March 2006 human reference sequence was produced by the International Human Genome Sequencing Consortium.

**Sample position queries**

A genome position can be specified by the chromosomal coordinate range, or keyword, of a human genome. See the [User's Guide](#) for more information.

**Request:** **Genome Browser Response:**

chr7	Displays all of chromosome 7
20p13	Displays region for band p13 on chr 20
chr3:1-1000000	Displays first million bases of chr 3, counting from p arm telomere
chr3:1000000+2000	Displays a region of chr3 that spans 2000 bases, starting with position 1000000

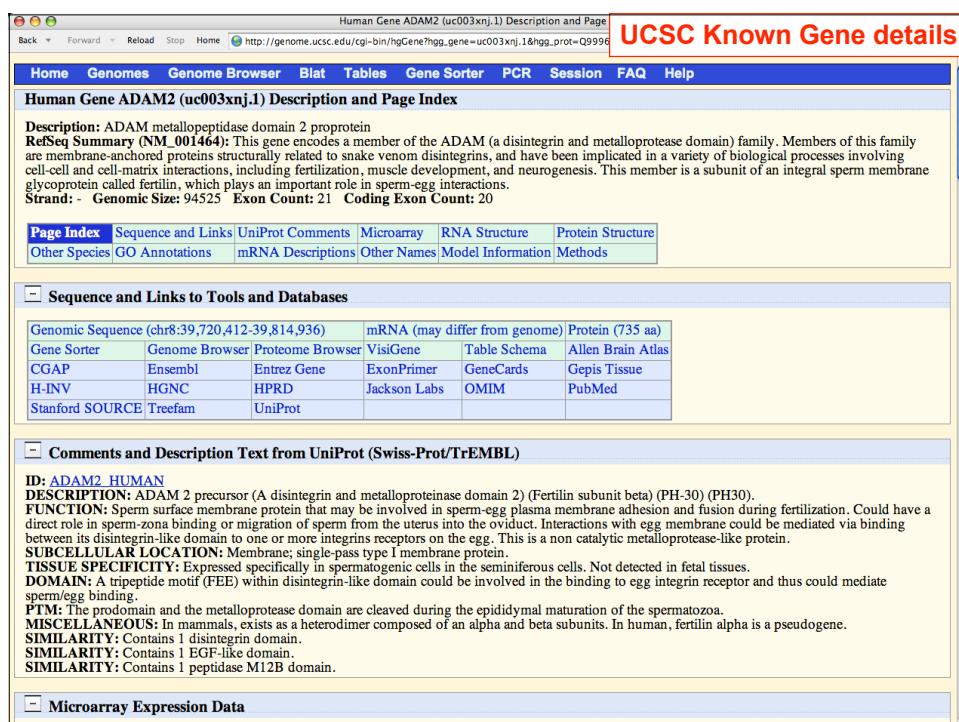
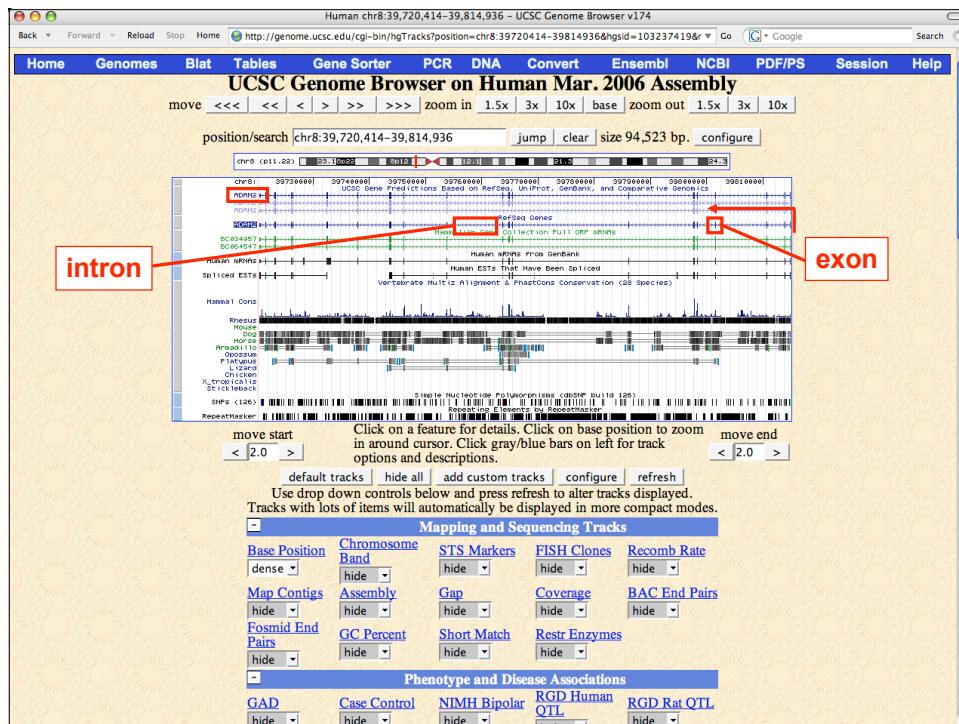
D16S3046 Displays region around STS marker D16S3046 from the Genethon/Marshfield maps. Includes 100,000 bases on each side as well.  
 RH18061;RH80175 Displays region between STS markers RH18061;RH80175. This syntax may also be used for other range queries, such as between cytobands and uniquely-determined ESTs, mRNAs, refSeqs, etc.

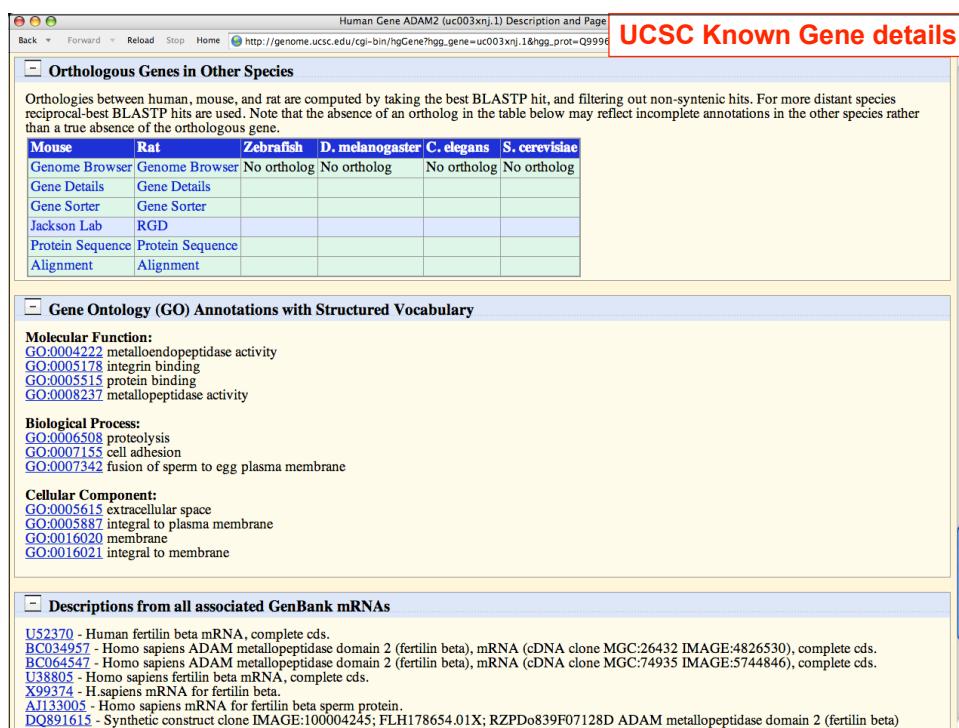
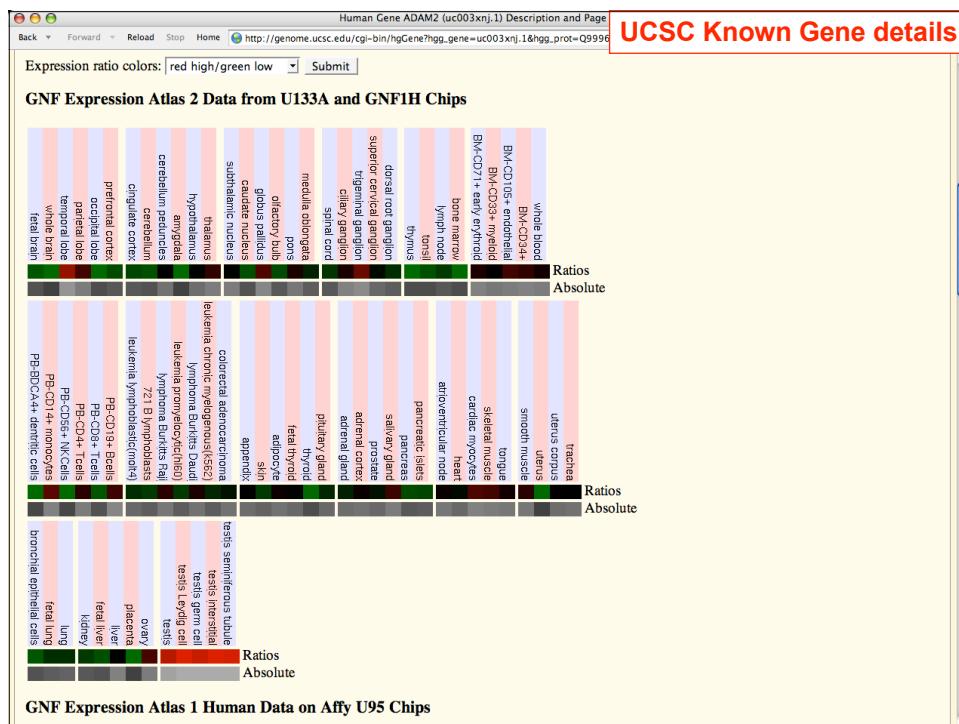
AA205474	Displays region of EST with GenBank accession AA205474 in BRCA1 cancer gene on chr 17
AC008101	Displays region of clone with GenBank accession AC008101
AF083811	Displays region of mRNA with GenBank accession number AF083811
PRNP	Displays region of genome with HUGO Gene Nomenclature Committee identifier PRNP
NM_017414	Displays the region of genome with RefSeq identifier NM_017414
NP_059110	Displays the region of genome with protein accession number NP_059110

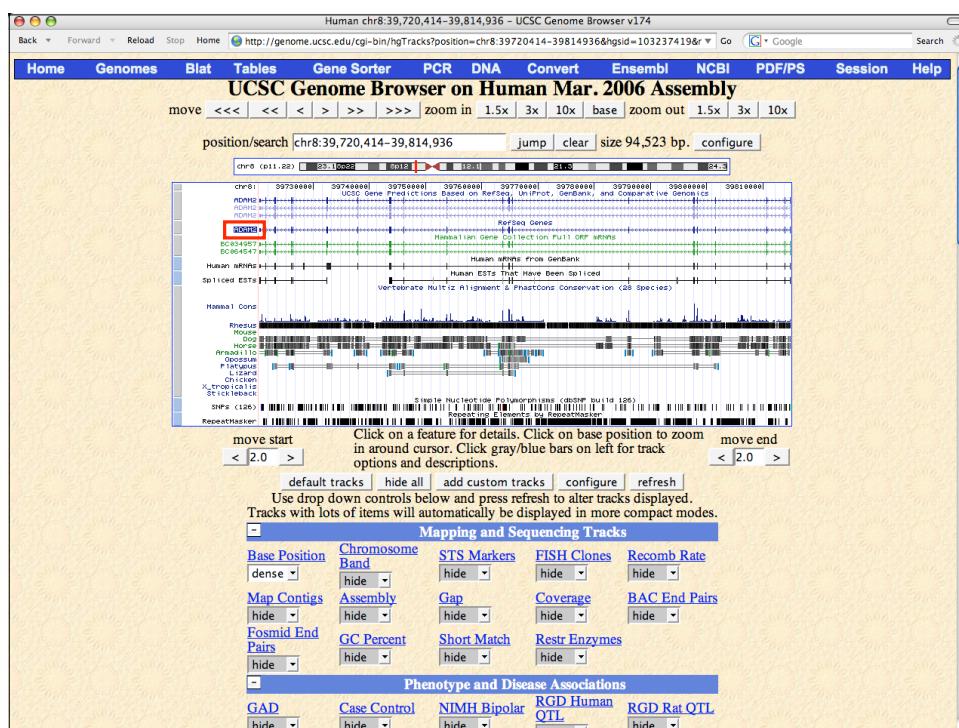
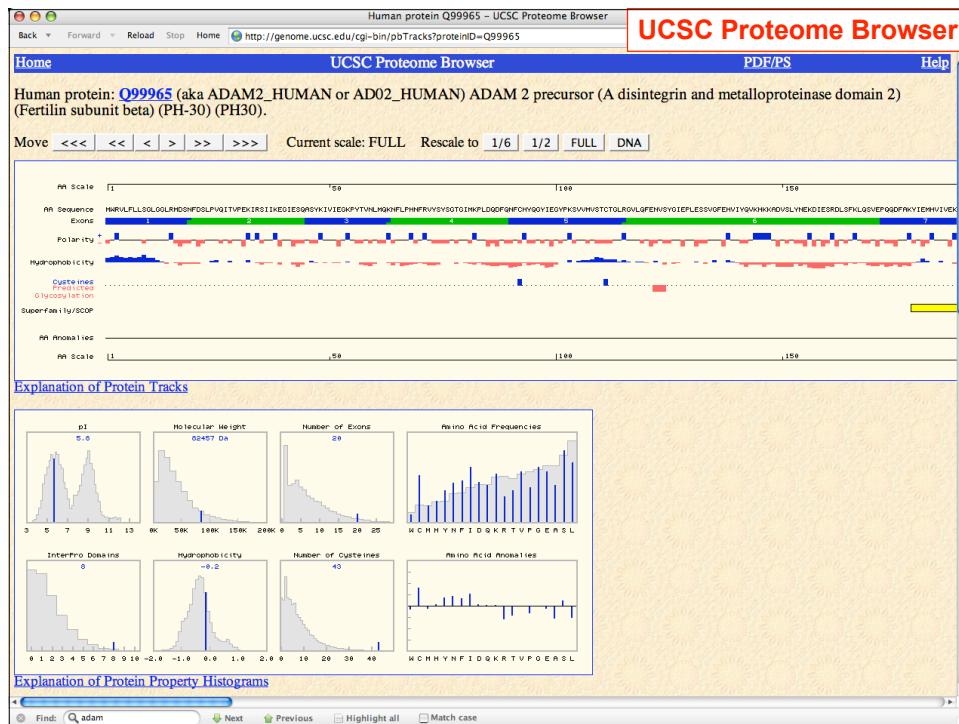
pseudogene mRNA Lists transcribed pseudogenes, but not cDNAs  
 homeobox caudal Lists mRNAs for caudal homeobox genes



Human ADAM2 – UCSC Genome Browser v174	
Back	Forward
<a href="http://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTracks?hgId=103237419&amp;clade=vertebrate&amp;org=Human&amp;db=hg1">http://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTracks?hgId=103237419&amp;clade=vertebrate&amp;org=Human&amp;db=hg1</a>	Go
<a href="#">G</a>	Google
<a href="#">Search</a>	
<b>UCSC Genes</b>	
ADAM2 ( <u>uc003xn1.1</u> ) at chr8:39720412–39814936	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 protein
ADAM2 ( <u>uc003xn1.1</u> ) at chr8:39720412–39814936	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 preprotein
ADAM2 ( <u>uc003xn1.1</u> ) at chr8:39720412–39814936	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 28 isoform 1
ADAM28 ( <u>uc003xy1.1</u> ) at chr8:242207525–24266671	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 28 isoform 1
ADAM28 ( <u>uc003xy1.1</u> ) at chr8:242207525–24266671	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 28 isoform 3
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87402007–87649327	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 4
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87402007–87649327	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 3
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87401638–87649385	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 1
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87401638–87649385	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 2
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87401638–87649386	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 5
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87401638–87649386	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 4
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87401638–876490049	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 5
ADAM22 ( <u>uc003ju1.1</u> ) at chr7:87401638–876490049	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 3
ADAM29 ( <u>uc003jw1.1</u> ) at chr4:176076132–176135906	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 29 preprotein
ADAM29 ( <u>uc003jw1.1</u> ) at chr4:176076132–176135906	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 29 preprotein
ADAM29 ( <u>uc003jic1.1</u> ) at chr4:176076134–176135906	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 29 preprotein
ADAM23 ( <u>uc007vbg1.1</u> ) at chr2:207016613–207190924	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 23 preprotein
ADAM20 ( <u>uc001xm1.1</u> ) at chr4:70058831–70071485	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 20 preprotein
ADAM21 ( <u>uc001xmd1.1</u> ) at chr4:69993970–69996375	- ADAM metallopeptidase domain 21 preprotein
<b>RefSeq Genes</b>	
ADAM2 at <u>chr8:39720412–39814936</u>	(NM_001464) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 protein
ADAM20 at <u>chr14:70058832–70071485</u>	(NM_003814) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 20 preprotein
ADAM21 at <u>chr14:69993970–69996374</u>	(NM_003813) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 21 preprotein
ADAM22 at <u>chr7:87401638–87649364</u>	(NM_004194) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 4
ADAM22 at <u>chr7:87401638–87649364</u>	(NM_002172) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 5
ADAM22 at <u>chr7:87401638–87649363</u>	(NM_002173) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 2
ADAM22 at <u>chr7:87401638–87649383</u>	(NM_002173) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 1
ADAM22 at <u>chr7:87401638–87649383</u>	(NM_016351) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 22 isoform 3
ADAM23 at <u>chr2:207016613–20719029</u>	(NM_003812) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 23 preprotein
ADAM28 at <u>chr8:242207525–24266671</u>	(NM_021777) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 28 isoform 3
ADAM28 at <u>chr8:242207525–24266671</u>	(NM_014265) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 28 isoform 1
ADAM29 at <u>chr4:176076134–176135905</u>	(NM_014269) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 29 preprotein
<b>Non-Human RefSeq Genes</b>	
ADAM2 at <u>chr8:19723140–39814873</u>	(NM_001082677) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 (fertilin beta)
ADAM2 at <u>chr8:19723146–39814902</u>	(NM_213957) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2
ADAM2 at <u>chr8:197231536–39813808</u>	(NM_174228) ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2
ADAM <sup>+</sup> at <u>chr8:19723147–39813809</u>	a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 2
ADAM <sup>+</sup> at <u>chr8:19723147–39813809</u>	a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 2
ADAM <sub>21</sub> at <u>chr14:69988547–69996354</u>	(NM_020330) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 21
ADAM <sub>21</sub> at <u>chr14:69988547–69996354</u>	(NM_020330) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 21
ADAM <sub>22</sub> at <u>chr7:87401747–87649282</u>	(NM_00107220) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 22
ADAM <sub>22</sub> at <u>chr7:87401747–87649282</u>	(NM_00107221) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 22
ADAM <sub>22</sub> at <u>chr7:87401747–87649282</u>	a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 22
ADAM <sub>23</sub> at <u>chr20:207016502–207190450</u>	(NM_011780) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 23
ADAM <sub>23</sub> at <u>chr20:207016502–207190274</u>	(NM_001029899) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 23
ADAM <sub>24</sub> at <u>chr4:188904672–18890353</u>	(NM_010086) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 24
ADAM <sub>25</sub> at <u>chr4:188904411–188906248</u>	(NM_011781) a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain 25







RefSeq: NM\_001464.3 Status: Reviewed  
CCDS: CCDS34884.1  
CDS: 3 complete  
OMIM: 601533  
Entrez Gene: 2515  
PubMed on Gene: ADAM2  
PubMed on Product: ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 proprotein  
GeneLynx: ADAM2  
GeneCards: ADAM2  
AeView: ADAM2  
Stanford SOURCE: NM\_001464

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## Summary of ADAM2

This gene encodes a member of the ADAM (a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain) family. Members of this family are membrane-anchored proteins structurally related to snake venom disintegrins, and have been implicated in a variety of biological processes involving cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions, including fertilization, muscle development, and neurogenesis. This member is a subunit of an integral sperm membrane glycoprotein called fertilin, which plays an important role in sperm-egg interactions.

---

## mRNA/Genomic Alignments

SIZE	IDENTITY	CHROMOSOME	STRAND	START	END	QUERY	START	END	TOTAL
2640	100.0%	8	-	39720414	39814936	NM_001464	1	2640	2657

[View details of parts of alignment within browser window.](#)

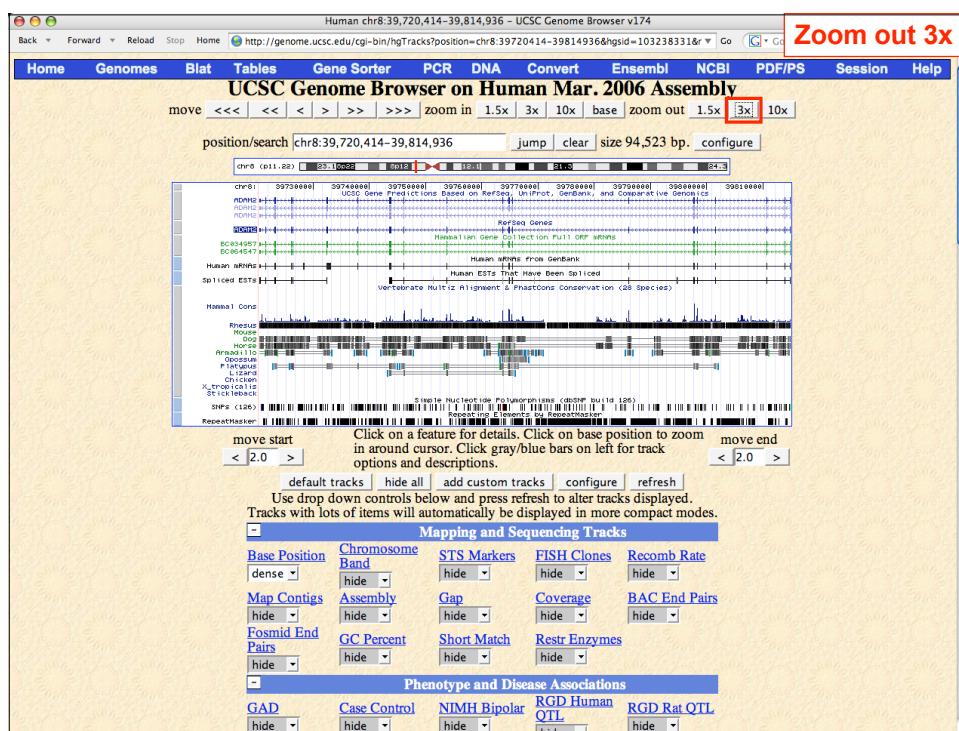
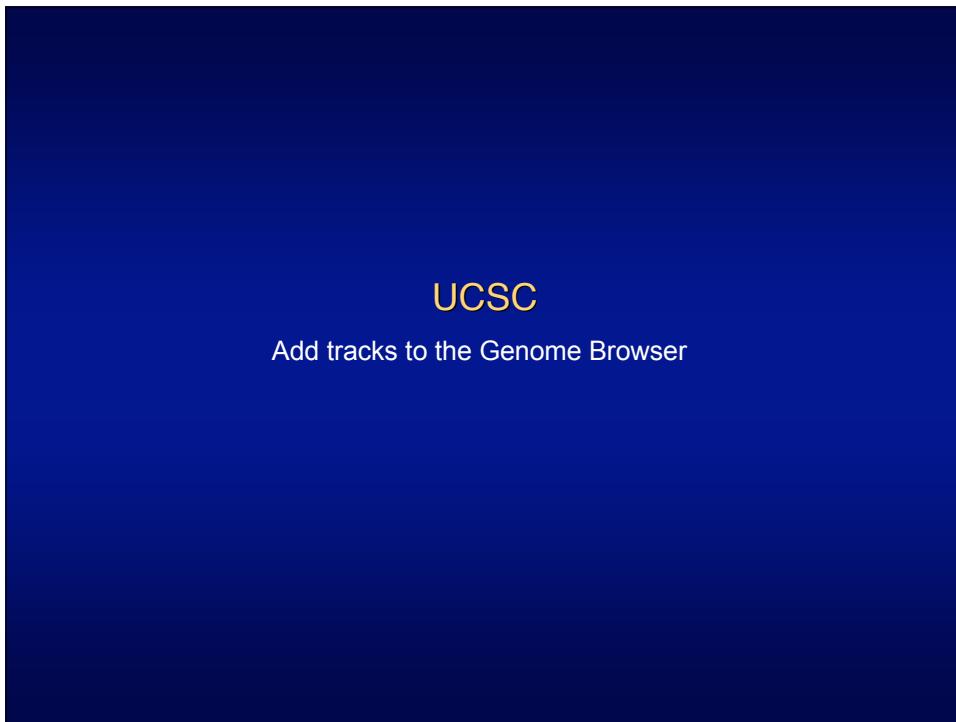
---

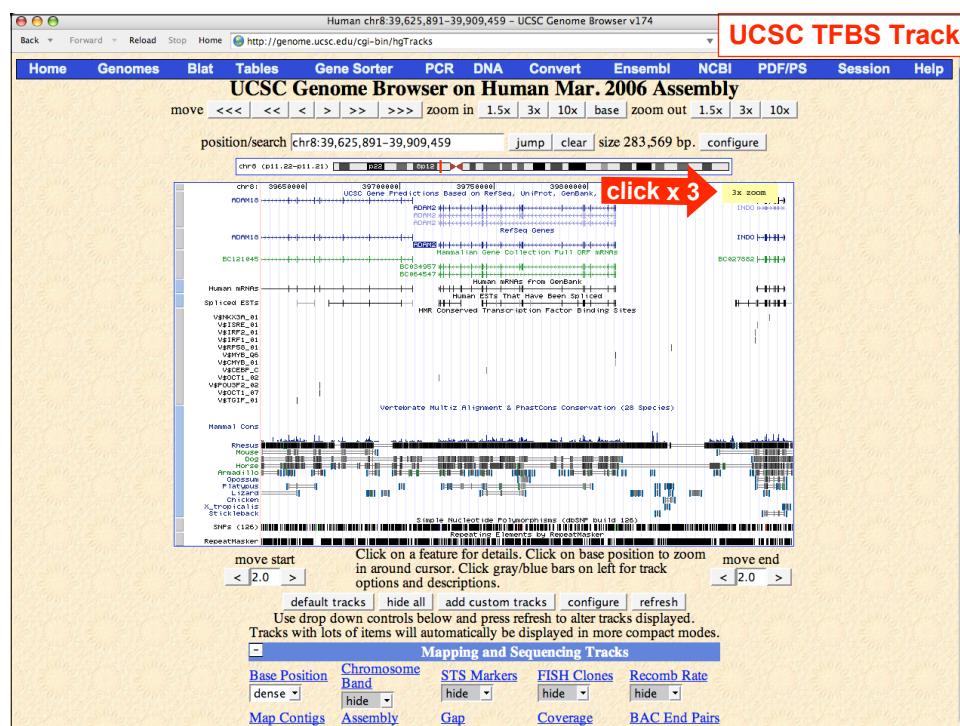
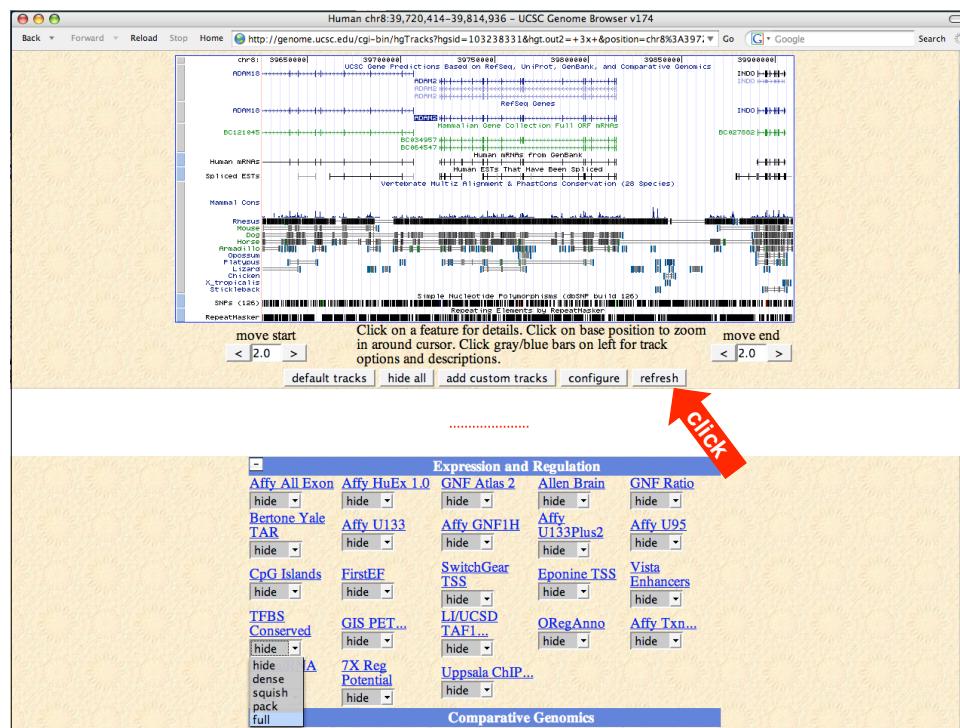
**Position:** chr8:39720414-39814936  
**Band:** 8p11.22  
**Genomic Size:** 94523  
**Strand:** -  
**Alternate Name:** ADAM2  
**CDS Start:** complete  
**CDS End:** complete

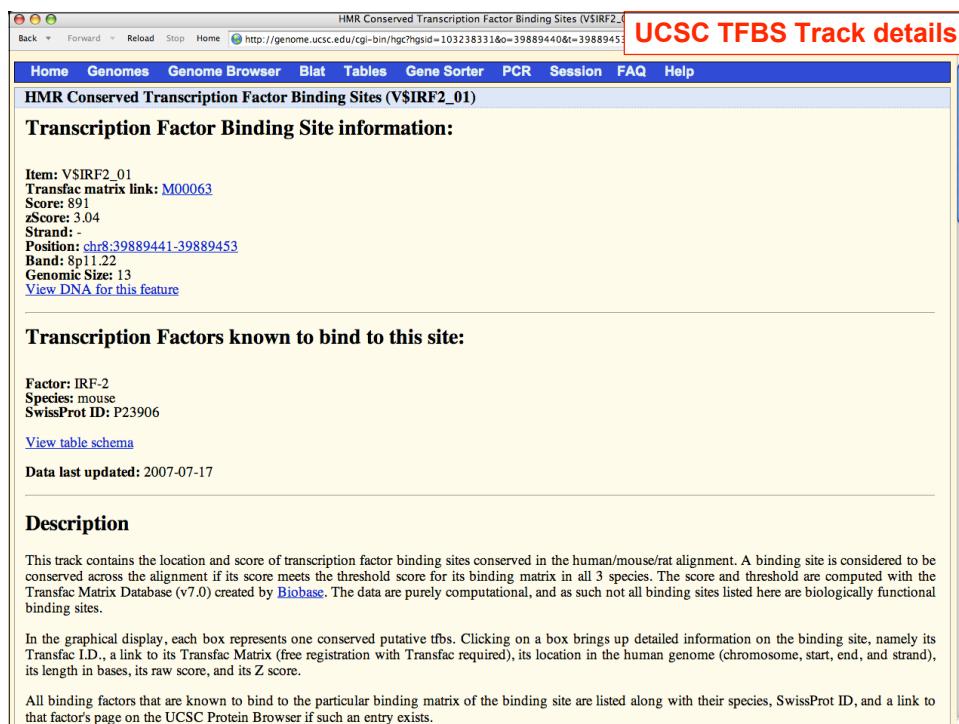
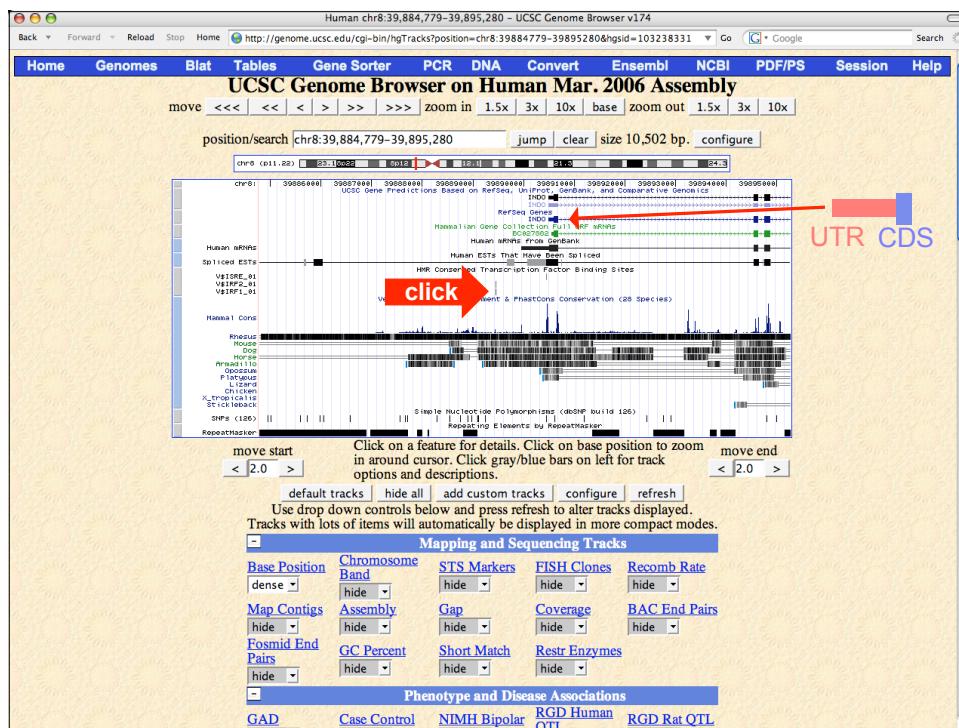
**Links to sequence:**

- Predicted Protein
- mRNA Sequence → different from the genomic sequence.
- Genomic Sequence from assembly

*click*









This screenshot shows the UCSC Genome Browser interface for the Human Mar. 2006 Assembly. The main window displays a genomic track for chromosome 8, position chr8:39,720,414-39,814,936. The track includes various annotations such as RefSeq Genes, Human mRNAs, Human ESTs, and HMR Conserved Transcription Factor Binding Sites. Below the main track, a detailed track for "Variation and Repeats" is shown. A red arrow points to the "Variation and Repeats" tab, which is currently selected. The "Variation and Repeats" tab contains several dropdown menus and checkboxes for hiding or displaying different types of variation and repeats, including SNPs, SNP Arrays, HapMap SNPs, HapMap LD Unph., Structural Var, Segmental Dups, Exapted Repeats, RepeatMasker, Interrupted Rpts, Simple Repeats, Microsatellite, and Self Chain.

**UCSC SNP Track details**

**SNPs (126) Track Settings**

### Simple Nucleotide Polymorphisms (dbSNP build 126)

Display mode: full  hide  Submit

Include Chimp dense observed human alleles in name:   
(If enabled, chimp/squish is displayed first, then '>', then human alleles).

Minimum Ave.ozygosity: 0

Maximum Weight: 3 SNPs with higher weights are less reliable

Any type of data can be excluded from view by deselecting the checkbox below. Not all assemblies include values in all categories.

**Location Type:**  Unknown  Range  Exact  Between  RangeInsertion  RangeSubstitution  RangeDeletion

**Class:**  Unknown  Single Nucleotide Polymorphism  In/Del  Heterozygous  Microsatellite  Named  No Variation  Mixed  Mnp  Insertion  Deletion

**Validation:**  Unknown  By Cluster  By Frequency  By Submitter  By 2 Hit / 2 Allele  By HapMap

**Function:**  Unknown  Locus  Coding - Synonymous  Coding - Non-Synonymous  Untranslated  Intron  Splice Site  Reference (coding)

**Molecule Type:**  Unknown  Genomic  cDNA

**SNP Feature for Color Specification:** Function

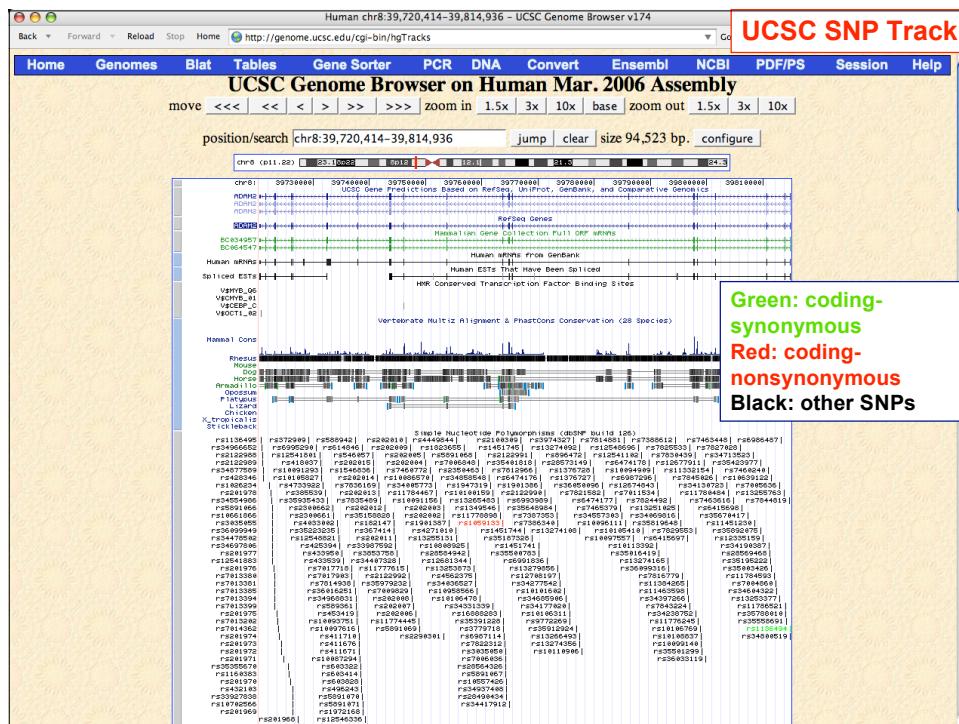
The selected feature above has the following values below. For each value, a selection of colors is available.

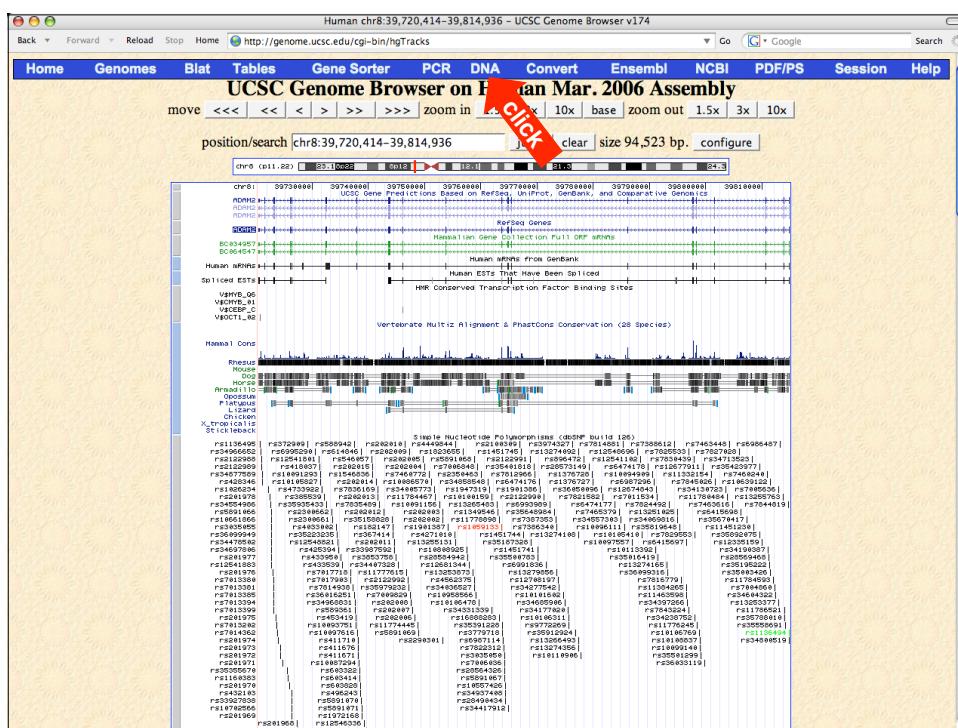
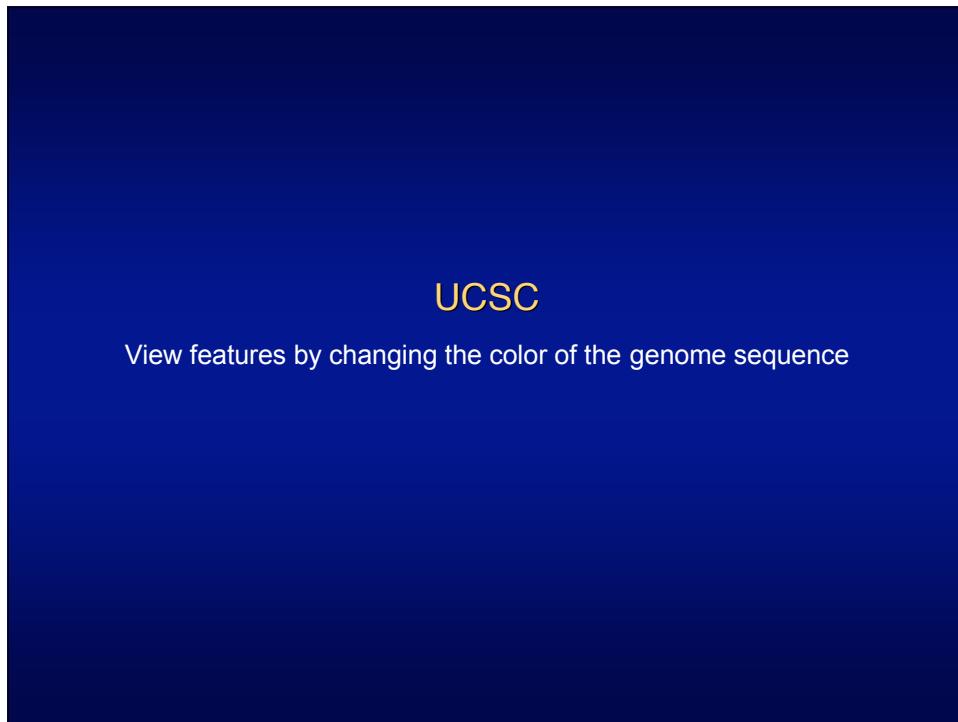
Unknown: black	Locus: black	Coding - Synonymous: green	Coding - Non-Synonymous: red	Untranslated: black	Intron: black
Splice Site: black	Reference (coding): black				

[View table schema](#)

Data last updated: 2006-10-02

**Description:**





**Get DNA in Window**

## Get DNA for

Position chr8:39,720,414-39,814,936

Note: if you would prefer to get DNA for features of a particular track or

### Sequence Retrieval Region Options:

Add  extra bases upstream (5') and  extra downstream (3')

Note: if a feature is close to the beginning or end of a chromosome and extends past the edge of the chromosome.

### Sequence Formatting Options:

All upper case.  
 All lower case.  
 Mask repeats:  to lower case  to N  
 Reverse complement (get '1' strand sequence)

[get DNA](#) [extended case/color options](#)

Note: The "Mask repeats" option applies only to "get DNA", not to "exten

**Extended DNA Case/Color**

## Extended DNA Case/Color Options

Use this page to highlight features in genomic DNA text. DNA covered by a part below for details about color, and for examples. Tracks in "hide" display mode are

Position	chr8:39,720,414-39,814,936	Reverse complement								
Letters per line	60	Default case	<input type="radio"/>	Upper	<input type="radio"/>	Lower	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="button" value="submit"/>		
Track Name		Toggle Underline	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bold	<input type="checkbox"/>	Italic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Red	Green	Blue
Chromosome Band (Ideogram)										
Gencode Introns Oct05										
UCSC Genes										
RefSeq Genes										
MGC Genes										
Human mRNAs										
Spliced ESTs										
UVa DNA Rep TR50										
TFBS Conserved										
L1TAF1 Signal										
SNPs (126)										
Conservation										
RepeatMasker										

Red: RefSeq exon  
 Green: SNP  
 Yellow: exon + SNP

UCSC

### Find a chicken homolog of a human protein

NCBI Entrez Protein

Search | Protein for np\_001455

About Entrez  
Help & FAQ  
Entrez Tools  
Check sequence revision history  
LinkOut  
My NCBI  
Related resources  
BLAST  
Reference sequence project  
Search for Genes  
Clusters of orthologous groups  
Protein reviews on the web  
Search for full length cDNAs

Display: Summary | Show 20 | Sort by Relevance | Send to | Related Structures: 1

**1: NP\_001455**

NP\_001455 Reports ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 proprotein [Homo sapiens]

... (Sequence details: MMRVFLLLSGLGLRMDNSFDL...)

UCSC BLAT search

Home Genomes Tables PCR Session FAQ Help

Chicken BLAT Search

BLAT Search Genome

Genome: **Assembly:** Feb. 2004 Query type: BLAT's guess Sort output: query.score Output type: hyperlink

NP\_001455 Reports ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 proprotein [Homo sapiens]

... (Sequence details: MMRVFLLLSGLGLRMDNSFDL...)

submit | I'm feeling lucky | clear | Paste in a query sequence to find its location in the genome. Multiple sequences may be searched if separated by lines starting with > followed by the sequence name.

**File Upload:** Rather than pasting a sequence, you can choose to upload a text file containing the sequence.  
Upload sequence:  Browse... | submit file | Only DNA sequences of 25,000 or fewer bases and protein or translated sequence of 10000 or fewer letters will be processed. Up to 25 sequences can be submitted at the same time. The total limit for multiple sequence submissions is 50,000 bases or 25,000 letters.

For locating PCR primers, use In-Silico PCR for best results instead of BLAT.

**About BLAT**  
BLAT on DNA is designed to quickly find sequences of 95% and greater similarity of length 25 bases or more. It may miss more divergent or shorter sequence alignments. It will find perfect sequence matches of 33 bases, and sometimes find them down to 20 bases. BLAT on proteins finds sequences of 80% and greater similarity of length 20 amino acids or more. In practice DNA BLAT works well on primates, and protein BLAT on land vertebrates.

Chicken BLAT Results

Back Forward Reload Stop Home http://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgBlat

Home Genomes Tables PCR Session FAQ Help

## Chicken BLAT Results

### BLAT Search Results

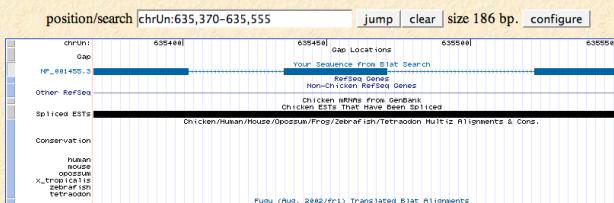
ACTIONS	QUERY	SCORE	START	END	OQSIZE	IDENTITY	CHRO	STRAND	START	END	SPAN
<a href="#">browser details</a>	NP_001455..3	44	539	600	735	71.6%	Un	++	635370	635555	186
<a href="#">browser details</a>	NP_001455..3	12	304	735	100.0%	1	++	67659709	67659720	12	
<a href="#">browser details</a>	NP_001455..3	12	437	440	735	100.0%	1	++	67660117	67660128	12
<a href="#">browser details</a>	NP_001455..3	12	385	390	735	83.4%	1	++	67659961	67659978	18

**UCSC Genome Browser on Chicken Feb. 2004 Assembly**

move << << < > >> zoom in 1.5x 3x 10x base zoom out 1.5x 3x 10x

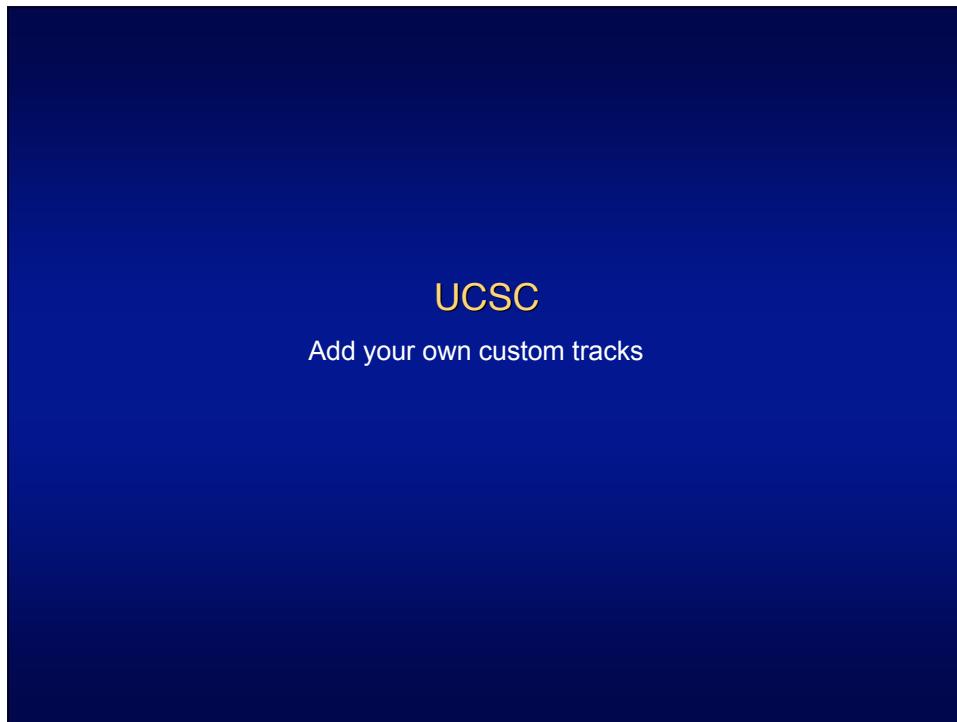
position/search chrUn:635,370-635,555 jump clear size 186 bp. configure



Click on a feature for details. Click on base position to zoom in around cursor. Click gray/blue bars on left for track options and descriptions.

move start < [2.0] > move end < [2.0] >

default tracks | hide all | add custom tracks | configure | refresh



**Human (*Homo sapiens*) Genome Browser Gateway**

The UCSC Genome Browser was created by the [Genome Bioinformatics Group of UC Santa Cruz](#). Software Copyright (c) The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

clade	genome	assembly	position or search term	image width
Vertebrate	Human	Mar. 2006	chrX:151,073,054-151,383,976	620

[submit](#) | [Click here to reset](#) the browser user interface settings to their defaults. | [add custom tracks](#) | [configure tracks and display](#) | [clear position](#)

**Add Custom Tracks**

clade: Vertebrate genome: Human assembly: Mar. 2006 [hg18]

Display your own data as custom annotation tracks in the browser. Data must be formatted in [BED](#), [GFF](#), or [FASTA](#) format. To change the display, set [track](#) and [browser](#) line attributes as described in the [User's Guide](#). Publicly available custom tracks can be found in the [Custom Tracks Database](#).

Paste URLs or data: Or upload:  [Browse...](#) [Submit](#)

```
track name="Microsatellites" description="Microsatellites" color=0,128,0
chr22 38627059 38627060 D22S276
chr22 39005417 39005418 D22S307
track name="Genotyped SNPs" description="Genotyped SNPs" color=0,0,255
chr22 38518342 38518343 ss146131
chr22 38705963 38705964 ss2941443
chr22 38884157 38884158 ss141110
chr22 39171390 39171391 ss22916
```

**Manage Custom Tracks**

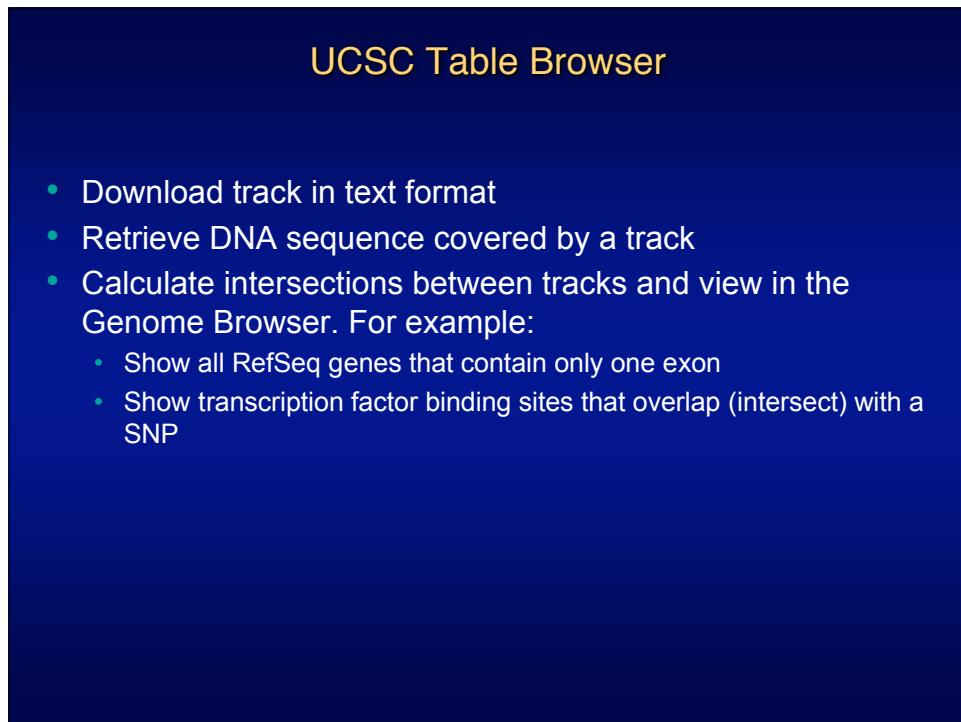
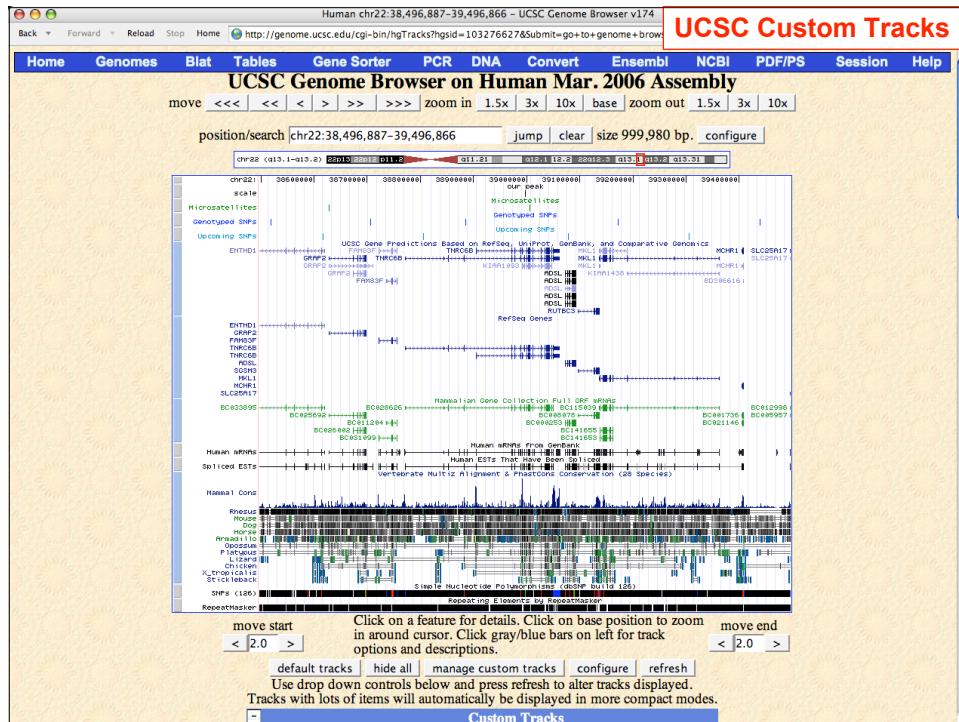
genome: Human assembly: Mar. 2006 [hg18]

Name	Description	Type	Doc Items	Pos	delete	add custom tracks
Upcoming SNPs	Upcoming SNPs	bed	4	chr22:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">go to genome browser</a>
Genotyped SNPs	Genotyped SNPs	bed	5	chr22:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">go to table browser</a>
Microsatellites	Microsatellites	bed	2	chr22:	<input type="checkbox"/>	
scale	our peak	bed	1	chr22:	<input type="checkbox"/>	

[check all / clear all](#) | [-](#)

Click [here](#) for an HTML document template that you can use to generate your own tracks.

Nature Genetics: A user's guide to the human genome,  
 Question 7



**Table Browser**

Use this program to retrieve the data associated with a track in text format, to calculate intersections between track. For help in using this application see [Using the Table Browser](#) for a description of the controls in this form, sample queries, and the OpenHelix Table Browser tutorial for a narrated presentation of the software features and want to use [Galaxy](#) or our [public MySQL server](#). Refer to the [Credits](#) page for the list of contributors and usage re-

clade: Vertebrate   genome: Human   assembly: Mar. 2006  
 group: Genes and Gene Prediction Tracks   track: RefSeq Genes  
 table: refGene   describe table schema  
 region: genome position chr22:38496887-39496866   lookup   define regions  
 identifiers (names/accessions): paste list   upload list  
 filter:   
 intersection:   
 correlation:   
 output format: all fields from selected table   Send output to [Gala](#)  
 output file: (leave blank to keep output in browser)  
 file type returned: plain text   gzip compressed  
 get output   summary/statistics  
 To reset all user cart settings (including custom tracks), [click here](#).

**UCSC Table Browser: RefSeq genes that contain only one exon**

**Filter on Fields from hg18.refGene**

bin	is ignored	match	AND
name	does	match	AND
chrom	does	match	AND
strand	does	match	AND
txStart	is ignored	match	AND
txEnd	is ignored	match	AND
cdsStart	is ignored	match	AND
cdsEnd	is ignored	match	AND
exonCount	is =	1	AND
exonStarts	does	match	AND
exonEnds	does	match	AND
id	is ignored	match	AND
name2	does	match	AND
cdsStartStat	does	match	AND
cdsEndStat	does	match	AND

#filter: refGene.exonCount = 1

#bin	name	chrom	strand	txStart	txEnd	cdsStart	cdsEnd	exonCount	exonStarts	exonEnds	id	name2	cdsStartStat	cdsEndStat	exonFrames
587	NM_0010054	chr1	+	58953	59971	58953	59971	1	58953,	59871,	OR4F5	cpl	cpl	0,	
587	NM_0010052	chr1	+	357521	358458	357521	358458	1	357521,	358458,	OR4F3	cpl	incmpl	0,	
589	NM_0010052	chr1	+	610958	611897	610958	611897	1	357521,	358458,	OR4F16	cpl	incmpl	0,	
589	NM_0010052	chr1	-	610960	611897	610960	611897	1	610960,	611897,	OR4F29	cpl	cpl	0,	
589	NM_0010052	chr1	-	610960	611897	610960	611897	1	610960,	611897,	OR4F3	incmpl	cpl	0,	
603	NM_000431	chr1	+	15806455	15806781	15806455	15806781	1	15806455,	15806781,	OR4F16	cpl	cpl	0,	
607	NM_080431	chr1	+	2927905	2929325	2928110	2929244	1	2927905,	2929325,	ACTR12	cpl	cpl	0,	
88	NM_006511	chr1	+	15858950	15860803	15858950	15860803	1	15858950,	15860803,	RSC1A1	cpl	incmpl	0,	
907	NM_00108951	chr1	-	16006243	16006781	16006455	16006731	1	16006243,	16006781,	LOC440567	cpl	cpl	0,	

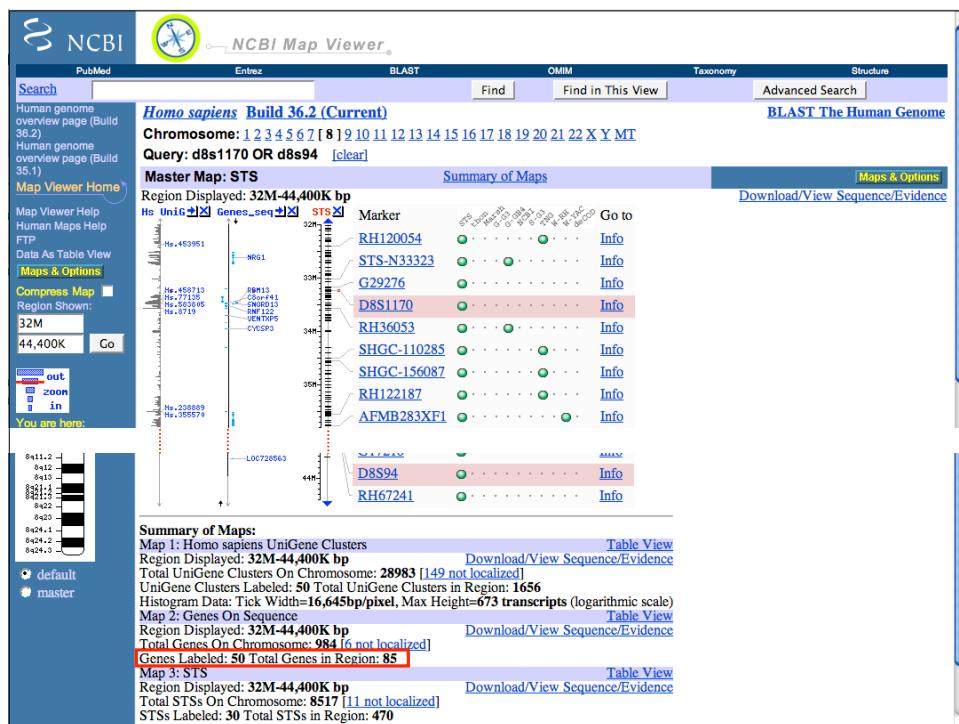
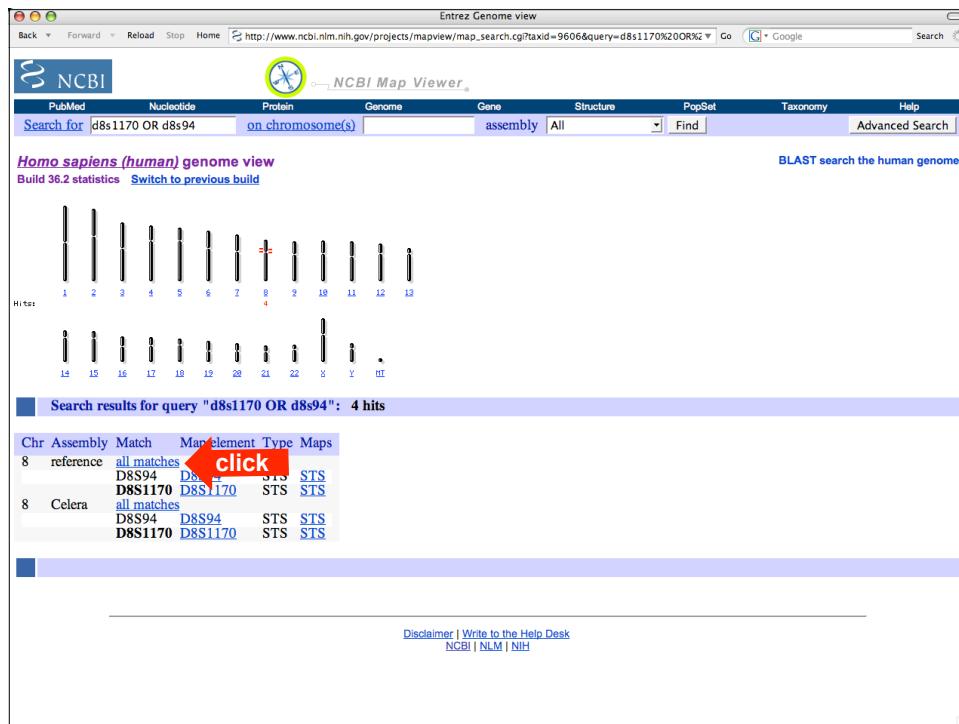
**NCBI**

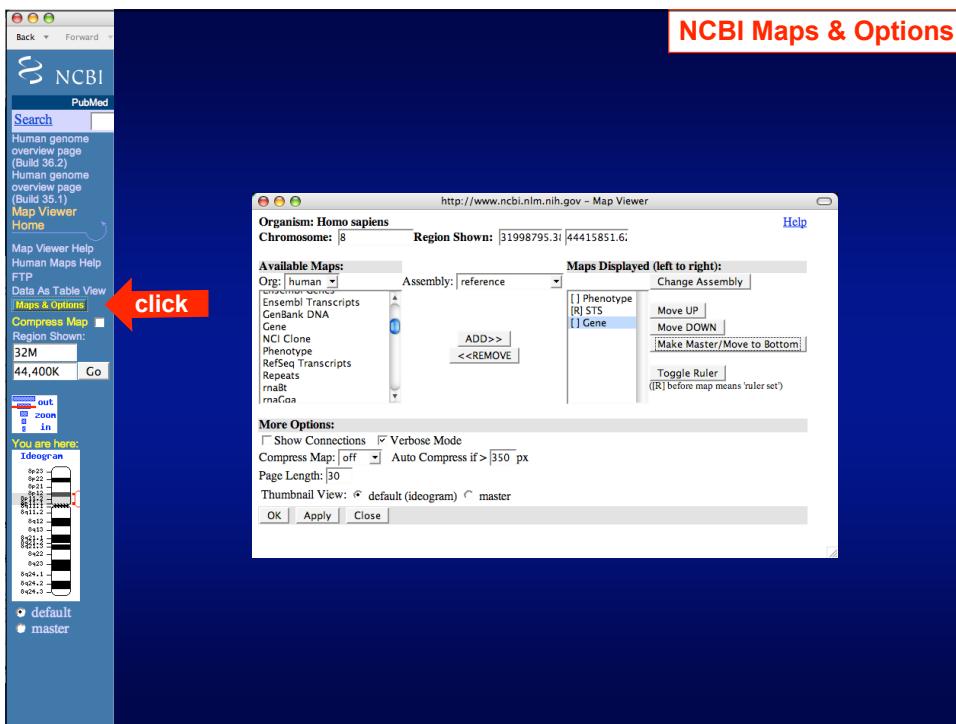
View a genomic region between two STS markers

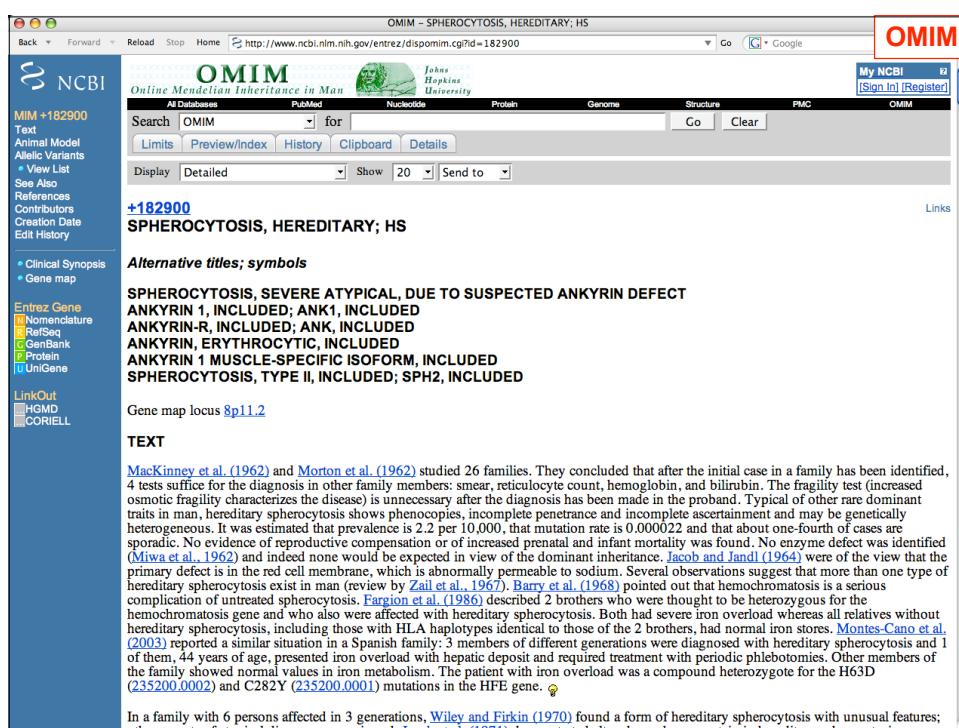
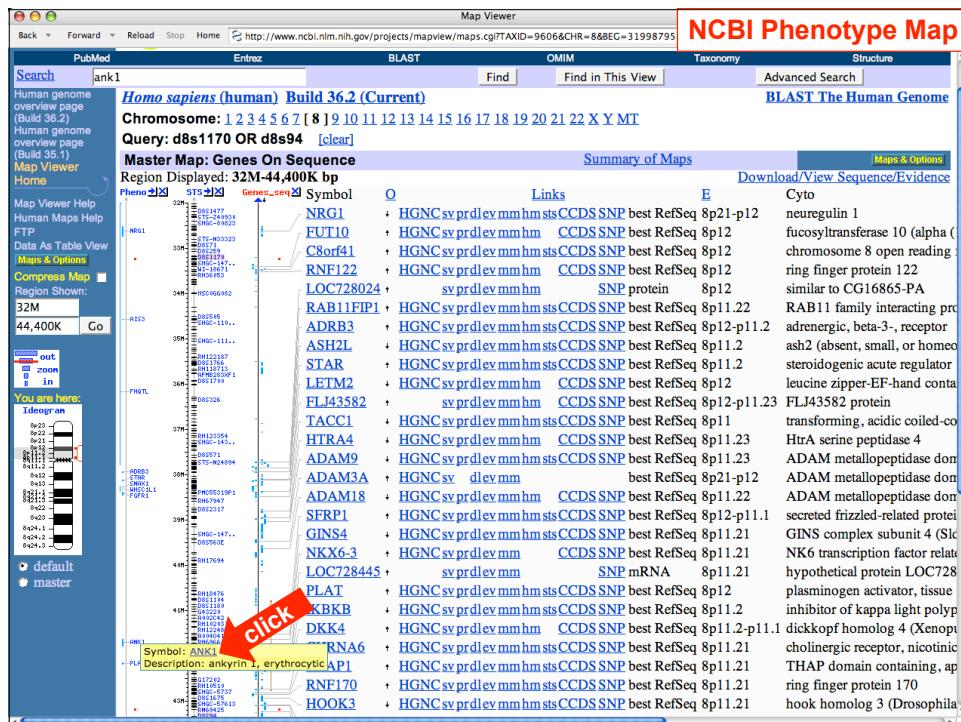
The screenshot shows the NCBI homepage with a red box highlighting "NCBI Home Page". The page features a sidebar with links like Site Map, About NCBI, GenBank, Literature databases, Molecular databases, Genomic biology, Tools, Research at NCBI, and NCBI News. The main content area includes sections for What does NCBI do?, Hot Spots, and a GenBank® Celebrating 25 Years banner. A "PubMed Central" section is also present.

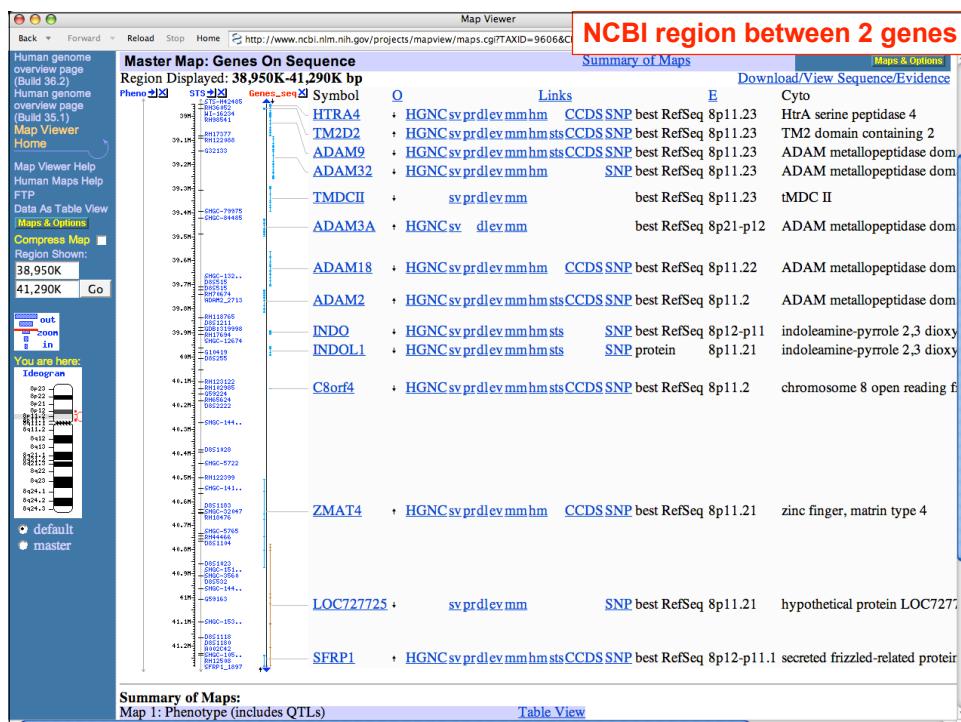
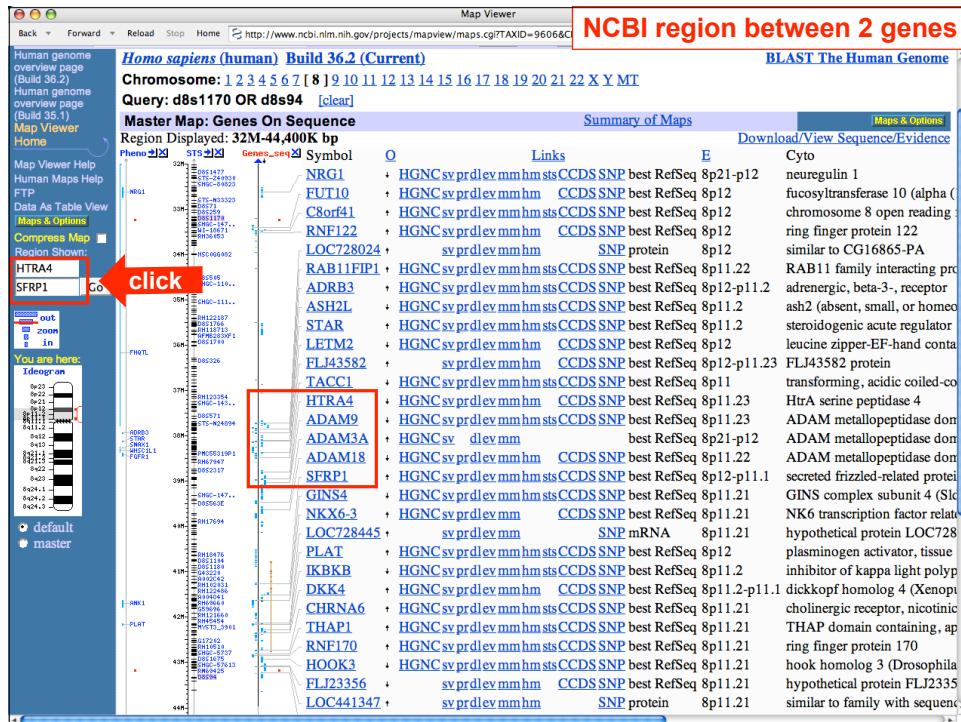
The screenshot shows the NCBI Map Viewer page with a red box highlighting "NCBI Map Viewer". The page displays a hierarchical tree of genome mapping data for various organisms. A search bar at the top is set to "Homo sapiens" and "for d8s1170 OR d8s94". The tree categories include Vertebrates, Mammals, Primates, Rodents, Monotremes, Marsupials, Other Mammals, Other Vertebrates, Invertebrates, Protozoa, Plants, and Fungi. Each category lists the scientific name, common name, build number, and tool availability.

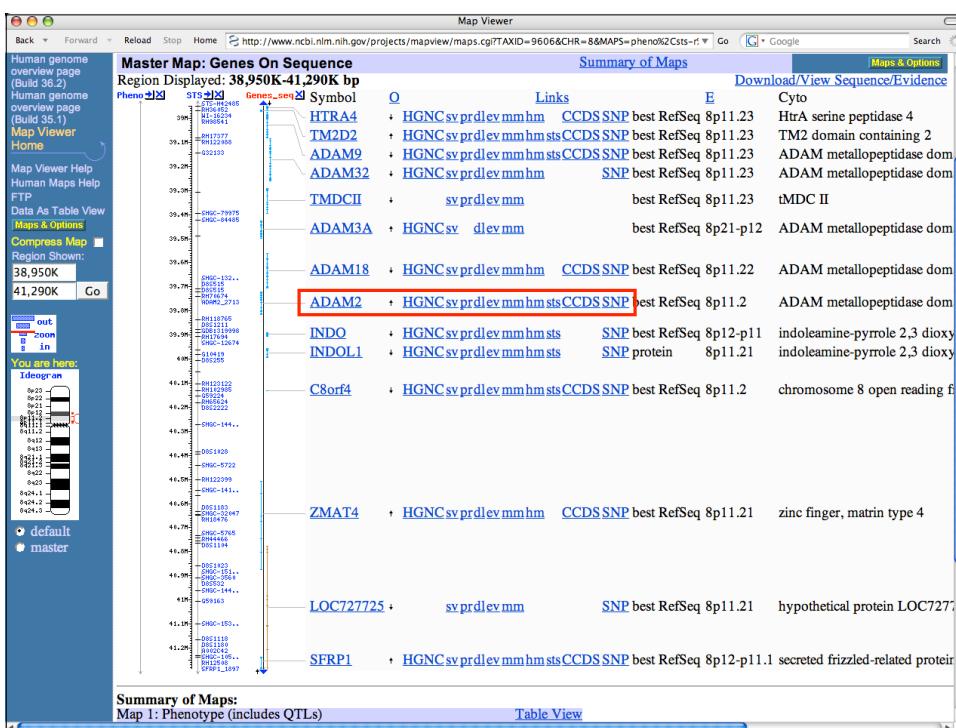
Category	Scientific Name	Common Name	Build	Tools
Primates	<i>Homo sapiens</i>	human	Build 36.2	(3)
	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>	rhesus macaque	Build 35.1	
	<i>Pan troglodytes</i>	chimpanzee	Build 2.1	
Rodents	<i>Mus musculus</i>	laboratory mouse	Build 37.1	(2)
	<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>	rat	Build 36.1	
Other Mammals	<i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i>		RGSC v3.4	
	<i>Aspergillus niger</i>			
	<i>Candida glabrata</i>			
	<i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i>			
	<i>Debaromyces hansenii</i>			
	<i>Encephalitozoon cuniculi</i>			
	<i>Eremothecium gossypii</i>			
	<i>Gibberella zeae</i>			
	<i>Kluyveromyces lactis</i>			
	<i>Magnaporthe grisea</i>	rice blast fungus	Build 2.1	
<i>Neurospora crassa</i>				
<i>Pichia stipitis</i>				
<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i>	baker's yeast	Build 2.1		
<i>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</i>	fission yeast	Build 1.1		
<i>Ustilago maydis</i>		Build 1.1		
<i>Yarrowia lipolytica</i>		Build 1.1		











**Entrez Gene: ADAM2 ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 (fertilin beta) [ Homo sapiens ]**

Back Forward Reload Stop Home http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/entrez?db=Gene&cmd=retrieve&dopt=full\_report&list\_uids=2515 Go

**Entrez Gene**

All Databases PubMed Nucleotide Protein Genome Structure PMC Taxonomy Books OMIM

Search Gene for Go Clear

Display Full Report Show 20 Send to

All: 1 Current Only: 1 Genes Genomes: 1 SNP GeneView: 1

1: ADAM2 ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 (fertilin beta) [ Homo sapiens ] GeneID: 2515 updated 17-Jan-2008

**Summary**

Official Symbol ADAM2 provided by HGNC

Official Full Name ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 (fertilin beta) provided by HGNC

Primary source HGNC:198

See related Ensembl:ENSG00000104755; HPRD:03322; MIM:601533

Gene type protein coding

RefSeq status Reviewed

Organism *Homo sapiens*

Lineage Eukarya; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorhini; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo

Also known as FTNB; PH30; CRYN1; CRYN2; PH-30b

**Summary** This gene encodes a member of the ADAM (a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain) family. Members of this family are membrane-anchored proteins structurally related to snake venom disintegrins, and have been implicated in a variety of biological processes involving cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions, including fertilization, muscle development, and neurogenesis. This member is a subunit of an integral sperm membrane glycoprotein called fertilin, which plays an important role in sperm-egg interactions.

**Genomic regions, transcripts, and products**

(minus strand) Go to reference sequence details Try our new Sequence Viewer

NC\_000008\_9

Links Explain

- Order cDNA clone
- Conserved Domains
- Genome
- GEO Profiles
- HomoloGene
- Map Viewer
- CoreNucleotide
- EST
- Nucleotide
- OMIM
- Full Text in PMC
- Probe
- Protein
- PubMed
- SNP
- SNP: Genotype
- SNP: GeneView
- Taxonomy
- UniSTS
- AceView
- CCDS
- Ensembl
- Evidence Viewer

**Entrez Gene: ADAM2 ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 (fertilin beta) [ Homo sapiens ]**

Back Forward Reload Stop Home http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/entrez?db=Gene&cmd=retrieve&dopt=full\_report&list\_uids=2515 Go

**Entrez Gene**

NCBI Reference Sequences (RefSeq)

RefSeqs maintained independently of Annotated Genomes

These reference sequences exist independently of genome builds. Explain

**mRNA and Protein(s)**

- NM\_001464.3>NP\_001455.3 ADAM metallopeptidase domain 2 protein**

Source sequence(s) BG719616, B1460477, U38805  
Consensus CDS CCDS34884.1  
UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot O99965  
Conserved Domains (5) **summary**
  - smart00050** Location: 39814936..39720411, complement DISIN; Homologues of snake disintegrins ; Snake disintegrins inhibit the binding of ligands to integrin receptors. They contain a 'RGD' sequence, identical to the recognition site of many adhesion proteins.  
ACR; ADAM Cysteine-Rich Domain;
  - smart00608** Location: 472..609 Blast Score:375 ZnMc; Metalloypeptidase\_II like; Zinc-dependent metalloprotease; adamalysin\_II\_like subfamily. Adamalysin II is a snake venom zinc endopeptidase. This subfamily contains other snake venom metalloproteases, as well as membrane-anchored metalloproteases belonging to the ADAM family.
  - cd04269** Location: 178..372 Blast Score:523 Disintegrin; Disintegrin
  - pfam00200** Location: 2..276 Blast Score:276
  - pfam01562** Location: 2..141 Blast Score:443 Prog\_M12B\_propep; Reprolysin family propeptide. This region is the propeptide for members of peptidase family M12B. The propeptide contains a sequence motif similar to the "cysteine switch" of the matrixins.

RefSeqs of Annotated Genomes: Build 36.2

The following sections contain reference sequences that belong to a specific genome build. Explain

**Reference assembly**

**Genomic**

- NC\_000008.9 Reference assembly** Range 39814936..39720411, complement Download GenBank FASTA Sequence Viewer (beta)
- NT\_007995.14** Range 10016168..9921643, complement Download GenBank FASTA Sequence Viewer (beta)

**Alternate assembly (based on Celera assembly)**

**Genomic**

**HomoloGene Result**

**HomoloGene (hm)**

NCBI

HomoloGene Discover Homologs

All Databases PubMed Nucleotides Protein Genome Structure Map Viewer Gene UniGene OMIM

Search HomoloGene for [ ] Go Clear

Limits Preview/Index History Clipboard Details

Display HomoloGene Show 20 Send to [ ]

All: 1 Fungi: 0 Mammals: 1

1: HomoloGene:1127. Gene conserved in Eutheria Download, Links

**Genes**  
 Genes identified as putative homologs of one another during the construction of HomoloGene.

**Proteins**  
 Proteins used in sequence comparisons and their conserved domain architectures.

**Alignment Scores**  
 Various evolutionary parameters derived from pairwise alignments have been saved.

Show Table of Pairwise Scores

Alignments can be regenerated using BLAST for any selected pair of proteins.

Regenerate Alignments

NP\_001455.3 (Homo sapiens, ADAM2) XP\_519722.2 (Pan troglodytes, ADAM2)

BLAST

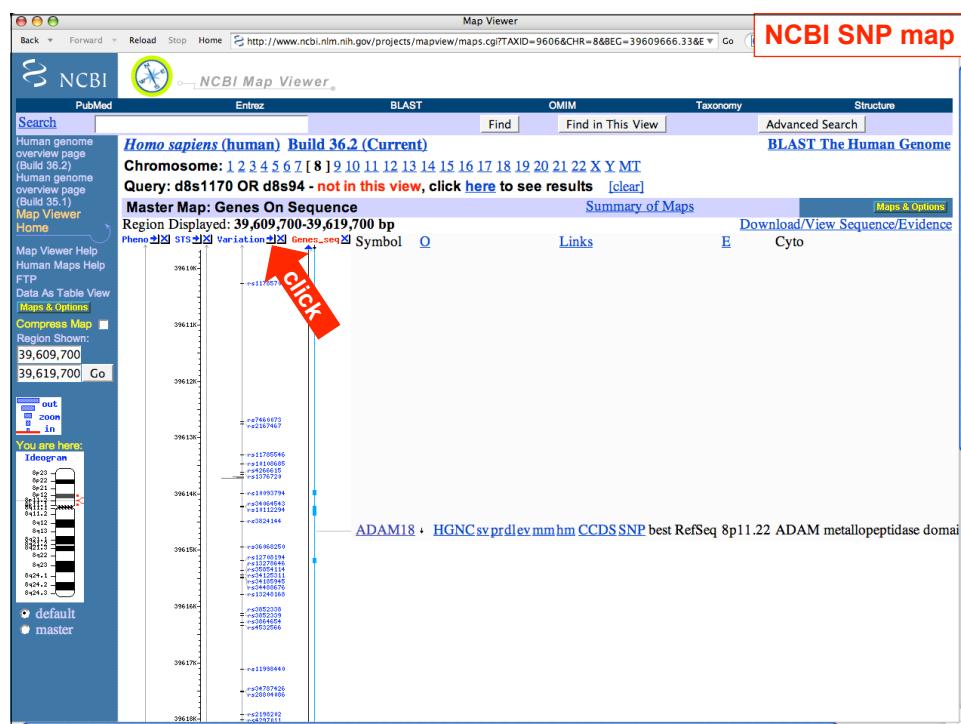
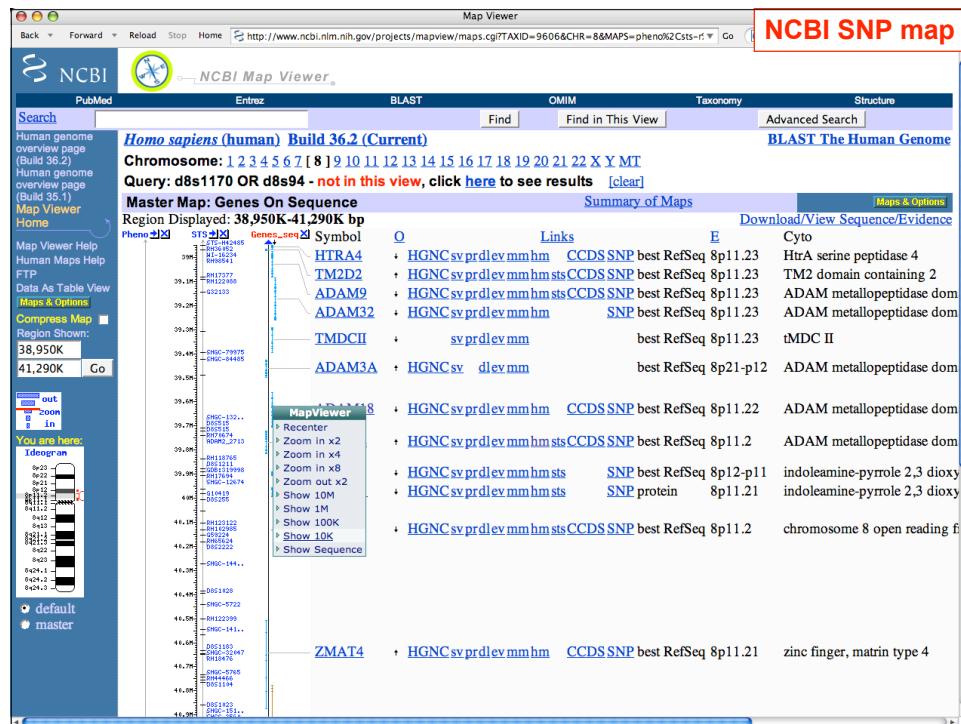
**Conserved Domains**  
 Conserved Domains from CDD found in protein sequences by rpsblast searching.

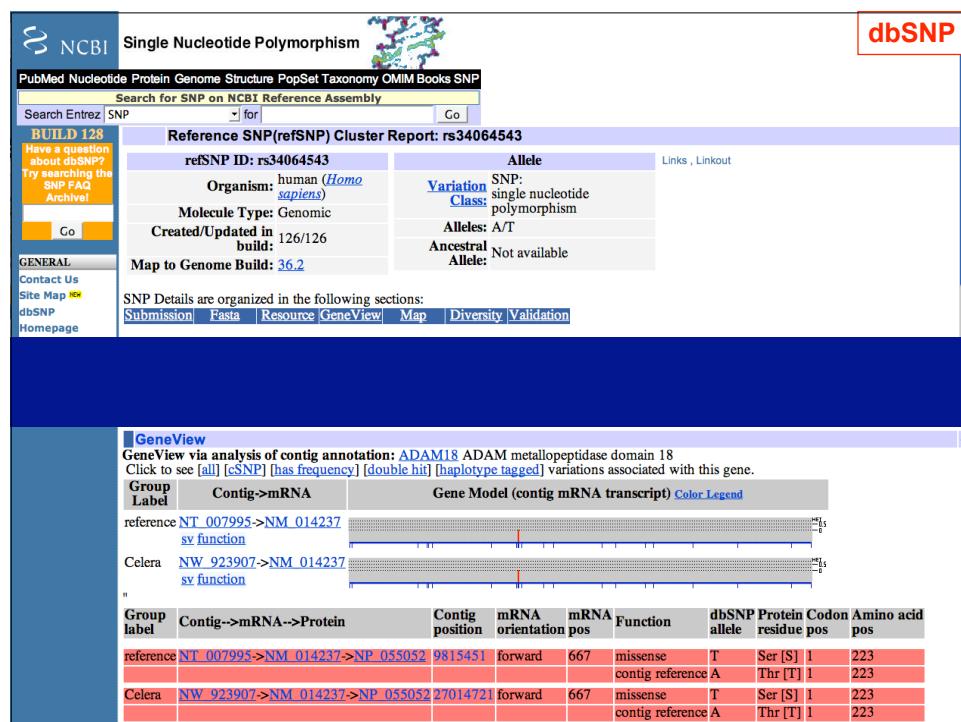
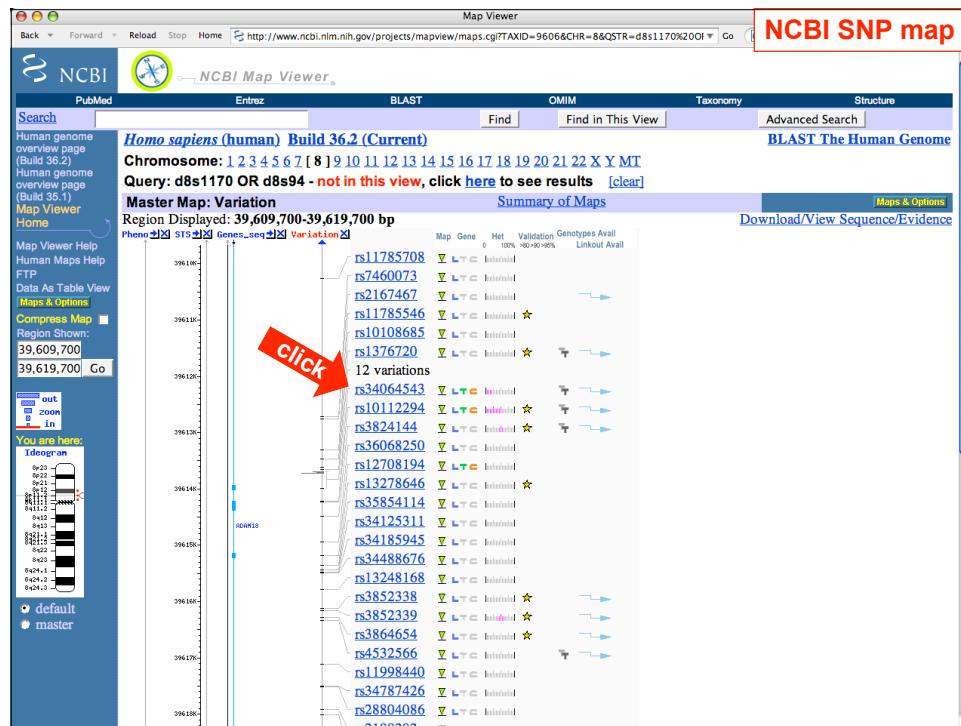
ZnMc\_adamalyisin\_II\_like (cd04269)  
 Zinc-dependent metalloprotease; adamalyisin\_II like subfamily. Adamalyisin II is a snake venom zinc endopeptidase. This subfamily contains other snake venom metalloproteinases, as well as membrane-anchored metalloproteinases belonging to the ADAM family.

Pep\_M12B\_propep (pfam01562)  
 Reprolysin family propeptide. This region is the propeptide for members of peptidase family M12B. The propeptide contains a sequence motif similar to the "cysteine switch" of the matrixins.

ACR (smart00606)



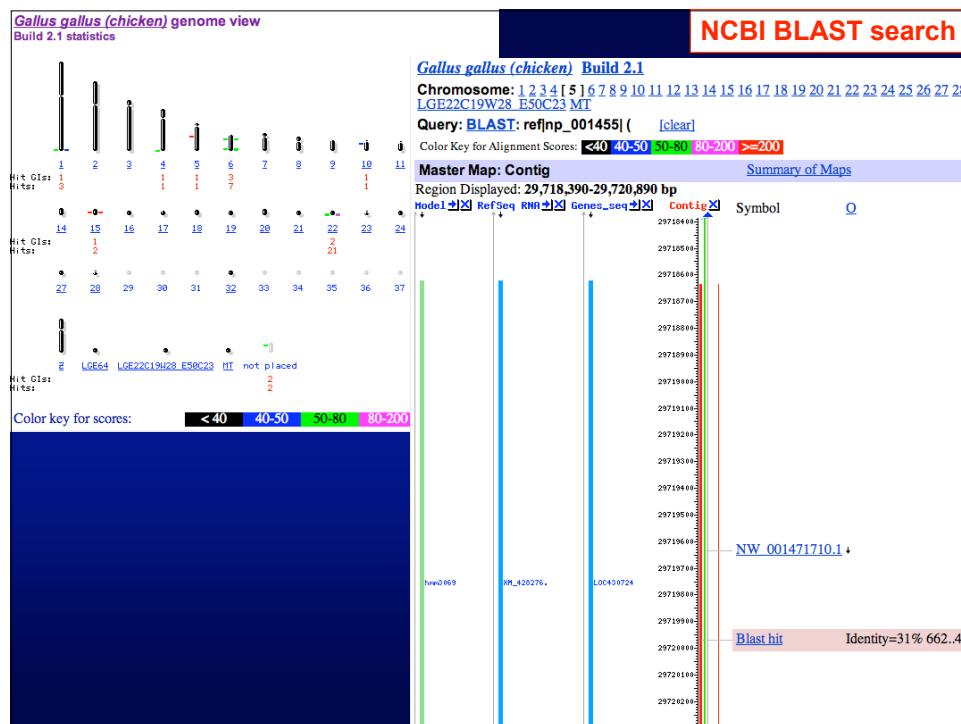
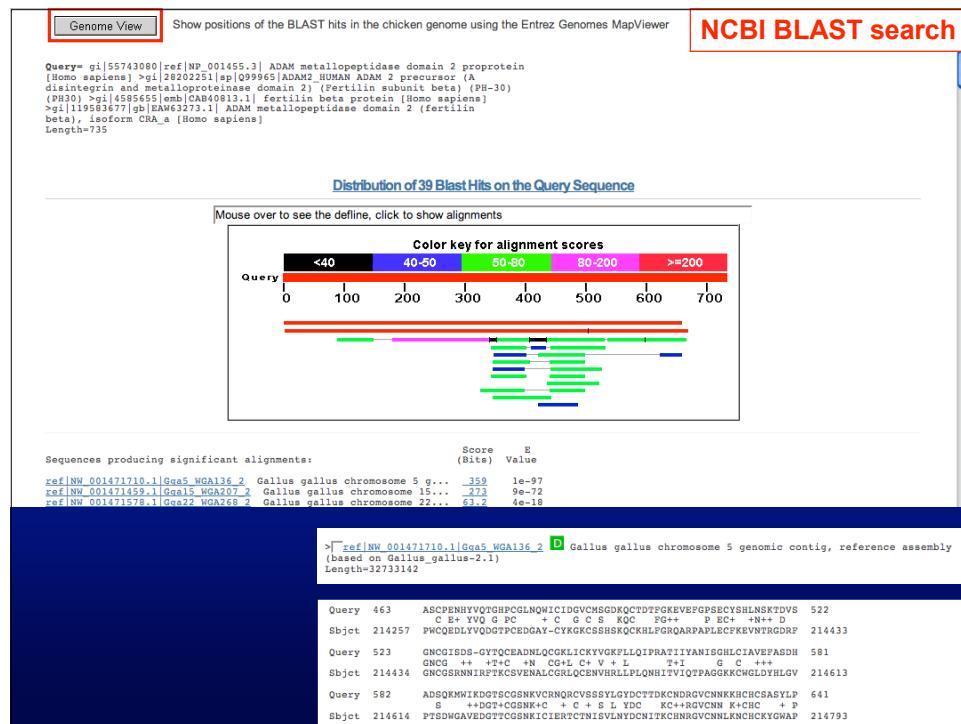


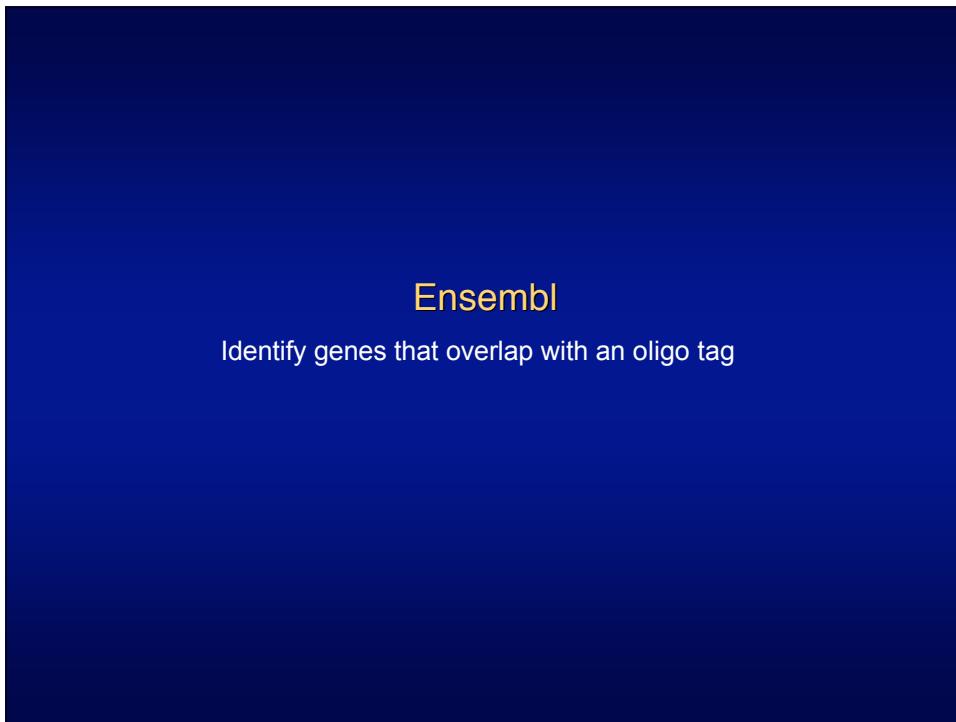




**NCBI BLAST search**

The screenshot shows the NCBI BLAST search interface. The URL in the address bar is <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome/seq/BlastGen/BlastGen.cgi?taxid=9031>. The search term "NP\_001455" is entered in the search input field. A red box highlights this input field. A red arrow points to the "Program:" dropdown menu, which is set to "TBLASTN: Compare a protein sequence against a nucleotide database". The "Optional parameters" section includes tabs for "Expect", "Filter", "Descriptions", and "Alignments". The "Expect" value is set to 0.01. The "Advanced options:" section is collapsed. At the bottom, there are "Begin Search" and "Clear Input" buttons, and a link to "Get the URL with preset values ? Get URL".





Ensembl release 48 - Dec 2007

**Ensembl**

Search Ensembl

Search: All species for e.g. mouse chromosome 2 or rat X:10000..20000 or human gene BRCA2

**Ensembl tools**

- Start a sequence search → click
- Mine Ensembl with BioMart →
- Customise Your Ensembl →
- Fetch data with the Ensembl API →

**Ensembl 48** Pre species

Popular genomes · Log in to customize

- Human NCBI 36 | Vega
- Mouse NCBI m37 | Vega
- Zebrafish Zv7 | Vega

**All genomes** -- Select a species --

Other pre-build species are available in [Ensembl Prel](#) →

**Ensembl headlines: Release 48 (December 2007)**

- e! MySQL upgrades on external databases (all species)
- Human variation updates (*Homo sapiens*)
- Updated Mouse variation data (*Mus musculus*)
- Updated Rat variation data (*Rattus norvegicus*)
- New species - American Pika (*Ochotona princeps*)

**Your Ensembl**

- Login or Register
- About User Accounts

**Help & Documentation**

- Setting up an Ensembl Website
- Data Downloads
- About Ensembl
- Using Ensembl

**Ensembl Archive**

- View previous release of page in Archive
- Stable Archive! link for this page

**Partners**

Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute EMBL-EBI

**Pika Ochotona princeps**  
Now in Ensembl

**Ensembl BLAST search**

BlastView

Ensembl Multi BlastView

Ensembl release 48 - Dec 2007

HOME · BLAST · BIOMART · SITEMAP · HELP

Enter the Query Sequence

Either Paste sequences (max 30 sequences) in FASTA or plain text:  
>MPSS\_1  
AAAAAATGTCGGCTGAAGAG

Or Upload a file containing one or more FASTA sequences

Or Enter a sequence ID or accession (EMBL, UniProt, RefSeq)

Or Enter an existing ticket ID:

Select the databases to search against

Select species:  
Use 'ctrl' key to select multiple species  
| Gallus\_gallus  
| Gasterosteus\_aculeatus  
| Homo\_sapiens

( dna database       peptide database)

Select the Search Tool

BLASTN   

BLAT  
SSHA2

Search sensitivity:  
Optimise search parameters to find the following alignments

Near-exact matches (oligo)  
Exact matches  
Near-exact matches  
Near-exact matches (oligo)  
Allow some local mismatch  
Distant homologies  
No optimisation

About BlastView

BlastView provides an integrated interface offering access to both BLAST and Ensembl databases.

**Ensembl BLAST search**

BlatView

Ensembl Multi BlastView

Back · Forward · Reload · Stop · Home · http://www.ensembl.org/Multi/blastview/BLA\_KqVdp8R0I

Mouse Lemur  
*Microcebus murinus*

Now in Ensembl!

100% identity over 100% of the query length

Query Start End % ID  
1 20 100.00

Alignment Locations vs. Query (click arrow to hide)

+ tRNA coverage  
>MPSS\_1

Alignment Summary (click arrow to hide)

Select rows to include in tables, and type of sort  
(Use the 'ctrl' key to select multiple)

Links	Query Start	Chromosome	Supercontig	Clone	Contig	Chromosome	Stats	Sort By						
Links	Name Start	Name Start	Name Start	Name Start	Name Start	Name Start	Score	Chromosome						
Links	Start	Ori	Start	Ori	Start	Ori	E-val	Off						
Links	End	Ori	End	Ori	End	Ori	%ID	Length						
[A]	[S]	[G]	[C]	[A]	[S]	[G]	[C]							
1	20	+	Chr15	54998168	54998187	+	20	0.0063	100.00	20				
[A]	[S]	[G]	[C]	1	17	+	Chr8	72205113	72205129	-	17	0.39	100.00	17

**Ensembl ContigView**

Ensembl release 48 - Dec 2007

Your Ensembl

- View Chromosome 15
- Graphical view
- Genomic overview
- Resequencing alignment
- View alignment with ...
- View alongside ...
- View Synteny regions ...
- View region at UCSC
- View region at NCBI

Chromosome 15  
54,996,168 - 55,000,187

View Chromosome 15

Overview

Detailed view

Export data

- Export from region...
- Export Gene info in region
- Export SNP info in region
- Export Vega info in region

Ensembl Archive

- View previous release of page in Archive!
- Stable Archive link for this page

Sanger EMBL-EBI

Pika *Ochotona princeps*

**Ensembl ContigView**

Ensembl release 48: Homo sapiens Features on Chromosome 15 54996168-55000

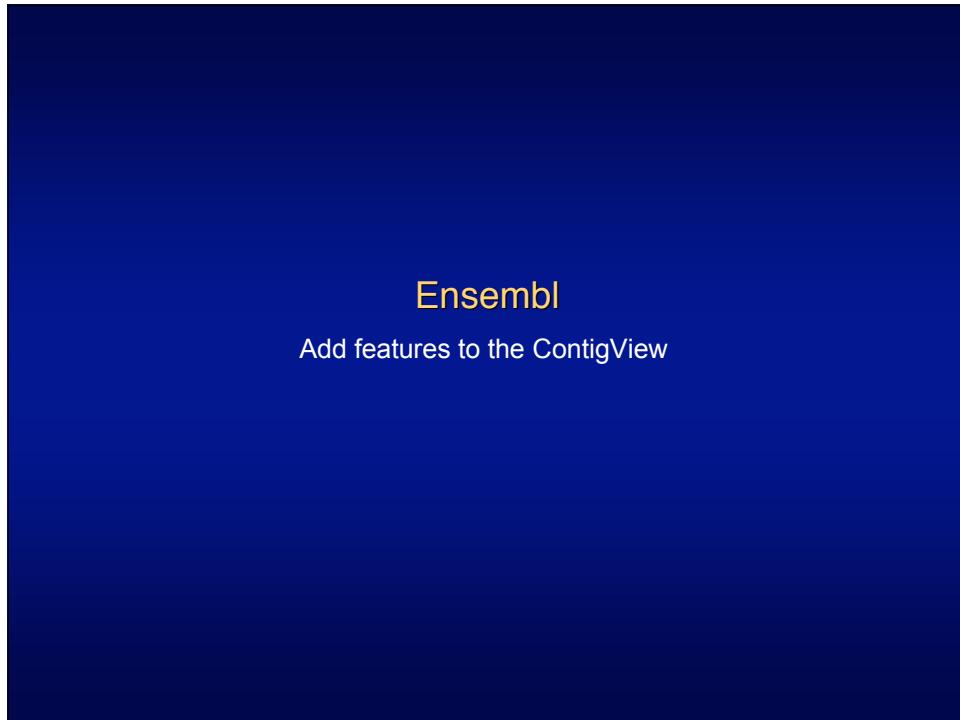
Stable Archive link for this page

Sanger EMBL-EBI

Mouse Lemur *Microcebus murinus*

Now in Ensembl

Basepair view



Ensembl release 48: Homo sapiens Features on Chromosome 15 54996168-55000187

e! Ensembl Human ContigView

Ensembl release 48 - Dec 2007

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e.g. AL138722.15.1.44776, AL355340.17.1.112442

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Chromosome 15 54,996,168 - 55,000,187

- View of Chromosome 15
- Graphical view
- Genomic overview
- Resequencing alignment
- View alignment with ...
- View alongside ...
- View Syntenic regions ...
- View region at UCSC
- View region at NCBI

Export data

- Export from region...
- Export Gene info in region
- Export SNP info in region
- Export Vega info in region

Ensembl Archive

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select →

Chromosome 15

Chr 15    p13    p11.2    q11.2    q14    q21.1    q21.2    q23    q20.1

Features ▾ Comparative ▾ DAS Sources ▾ Repeats ▾ Decorations ▾ Export ▾ Image size ▾ Help ▾

54996168 55000187 Refresh Band: Refresh

1B < Window + Zoom Window > 1MB 2MB 5MB >

54,906,500 54,907,500 54,908,500 54,909,500

Forward strand | | | | | 402 Kb | | | | |

stranded elements

ENST00000001725 > TOF15 > TOF15 > AC010099.1.22.1989 > AC010099.1.22.1989 > RP11-32F24 >

54,906,500 54,907,500 54,908,500 54,909,500 Reverse strand

Known ProteinCoding EST genes Unlabelled

Promoter associated

There are currently 126 tracks switched on, use the menus above, the image to turn them on.

ensembl Homo sapiens version 48 (NCBI 36) Chromosome 15 54,996,168 - 55,000,187

Basepair view

Pika Ochotona princeps

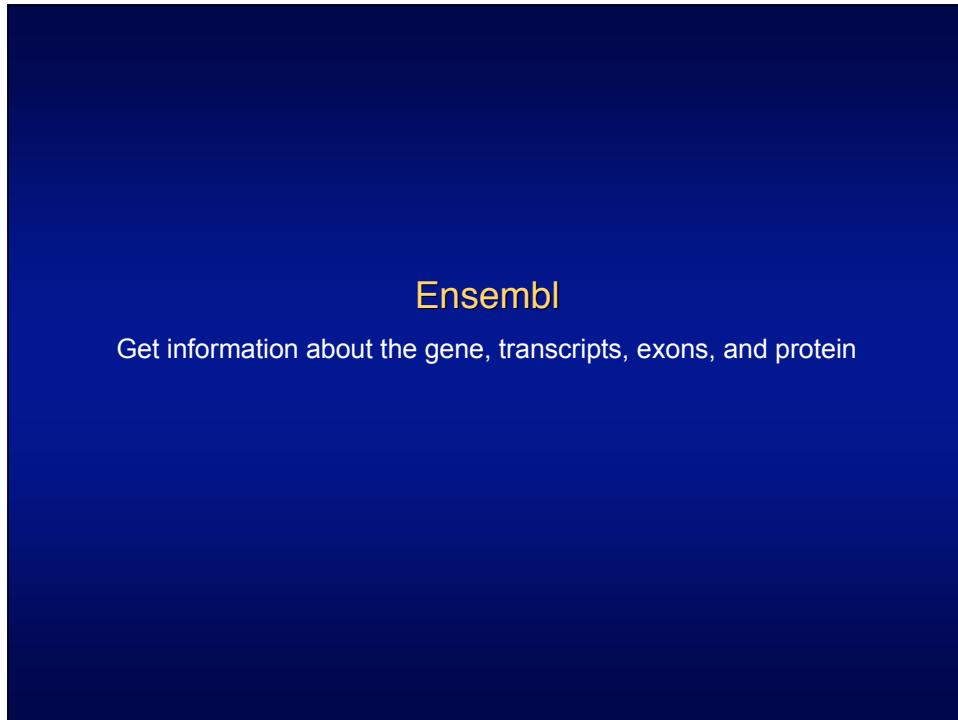
J. Ensembl is available to download for public use - please see the code licence for details.

**Ensembl ContigView**

The screenshot shows the Ensembl ContigView interface for Human (Chromosome 15). The main panel displays genomic tracks for Chr 15, including conservation, EST transcripts, Ensembl transcripts, and DNA (contigs). A specific SNP, rs12915002, is highlighted in the bottom right panel. The panel shows the SNP's location (bp 54,999,139), properties (SNP, C/A, dSNP, intronic), and its association with a promoter. A red arrow points to this SNP entry.

**Ensembl SNPView**

The screenshot shows the Ensembl SNPView interface for SNP rs12915002. It includes sections for flanking sequence, population genotype frequencies, individual genotypes, and SNP context. The SNP context section displays a grid of 105 variants across a 200 Kb region, with a red arrow pointing to it.



This screenshot captures the Ensembl ContigView interface for Homo sapiens on Chromosome 15. The main panel displays a genomic track for Chr 15, spanning from 54,996,168 to 55,000,187. A red arrow points to a specific region on the track, labeled 'click' to indicate a point of interest. The left sidebar provides navigation links for 'Your Ensembl' (including Chromosome 15), 'Export data', and 'Ensembl Archive', along with a 'Pika Ochotona princeps' thumbnail and a 'Now in Ensembl' message. The top right features a search bar and links to 'HOME', 'BLAST', 'BIOMART', 'SITEMAP', and 'HELP'.

**Ensembl GeneView**

Ensembl release 48 - Dec 2007

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**ENSG00000140262**

- Gene information
- Gene regulation info.
- Genomic sequence
- Genomic sequence alignment
- Resequencing alignment
- Gene splice site image
- Gene tree info.
- Gene variation info.
- LD info
- ID history
- Compare SNPs in transcript
- Transcript information
- Exon information
- Protein information
- Export gene data

**Chromosome 15 54,998,125 - 55,368,004**

- View of Chromosome 15
- Graphical view
- Graphical overview
- Export from region...
- Export Gene info in region
- Export SNP info in region
- Export Vega info in region

**Ensembl Archive**

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**Ensembl Gene Report for ENSG00000140262**

**Gene** TCF12 (HGNC Symbol) **Synonyms:** HEB, HsT17266, HTF4  
This gene is a member of the Human CCDS set: CCDS10159, CCDS10160

**Ensembl Gene ID** ENSG00000140262

**Genomic Location** This gene can be found on Chromosome 15 at location 54,998,125-55,368,004. The start of this gene is located in Contig AC010999.6.1.221986.

**Description** Transcription factor 12 (Transcription factor HTF-4) (E-box-binding protein) (DNA-binding protein HTF4). [Source](#) [Uniprot](#) [S/SSP/PROT](#) [999081](#)

**Prediction Method** Gene containing both Ensembl predicted transcripts and Havana manual annotation

**Transcripts**

TCF12	ENST00000267811	ENSP00000267811	[Transcript info]	[Exon info]	[Peptide info]
NP_996920_1	ENST00000333725	ENSP00000331057	[Transcript info]	[Exon info]	[Peptide info]
NP_996923_1	ENST00000343827	ENSP00000342459	[Transcript info]	[Exon info]	[Peptide info]

**Features ▾**

**Alignments**

This gene can be viewed in genomic alignment with other species

- view genomic alignment with 7 eutherian mammals Pecan
- view genomic alignment with 10 amniota vertebrates Pecan
- view genomic alignment with *Rattus norvegicus*
- view genomic alignment with *Macaca mulatta*
- view genomic alignment with *Loxodonta africana*
- view genomic alignment with *Chimpanzee*
- view genomic alignment with *Oryctolagus cuniculus*
- view genomic alignment with *Dasyprocta noverca*
- view genomic alignment with *Canis familiaris*
- view genomic alignment with *Pan troglodytes*
- view genomic alignment with *Gallus gallus*
- view genomic alignment with *Ornithodorhynchus anatinus*
- view genomic alignment with *Bos taurus*

**click**

**Ensembl AlignSliceView**

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**Chromosome 15 54,998,125 - 55,368,004**

- View of Chromosome 15
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- Resequencing alignment
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- View region at NCBI

**Export data**

- Export from region...
- Export Gene info in region
- Export SNP info in region
- Export Vega info in region

**Ensembl Archive**

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**Ensembl** **EMBL-EBI** **WTSI**

**Mouse Lemur** **Microcebus murinus**

**Chromosome 15**

**Overview**

**Detailed view**

**Basepair view**

**AlignSliceView**

Jump to region 15 : 54998125 - 55368004

Refresh

Zoom

Window: 1MB 2MB 5MB

Homo\_sapiens

EST trans.

Ensembl trans.

DNA(cot�)

rRNA

Gene\_familiaris

Ensembl trans.

DNA(cot�)

Ensembl trans.

0 bp 50.00 Kb 100.00 Kb 150.00 Kb 200.00 Kb 250.00 Kb 300.00 Kb 350.00 Kb

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**Ensembl GeneView**

Ensembl release 48: Homo sapiens Gene report for ENSG00000140262

**Orthologue Prediction**

The following gene(s) have been identified as putative orthologues:  
 (N.B. If you don't find a homologue here, it may be a 'between-species paralogue'. Please view the [gene tree info](#) or export between-species paralogues with Biomart to see more.)

Species	Type	Gene identifier
<i>Aedes aegypti</i>	1-to-many	<a href="#">AAFL010226</a> (Novel Ensembl prediction)
<i>Anopheles gambiae</i>	1-to-many	<a href="#">AGAPO008114</a> (Novel Ensembl prediction)
<i>Bos taurus</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSBTA000000002586</a> (ADJN84_BOVIN)
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i>	1-to-many	<a href="#">M0385_5</a> (Hin-2)
<i>Canis familiaris</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSCAFG00000016200</a> (TCF12)
<i>Cavia porcellus</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSECPG0000001705</a> (TCF12)
<i>Ciona intestinalis</i>	1-to-many	<a href="#">ENSGING00000009523</a> (Q4H3N7_CION)
<i>Ciona savignyi</i>	1-to-many	<a href="#">ENSGS000000011705</a> (Novel Ensembl prediction)
<i>Danio rerio</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSDARG00000004714</a> (zgc:85956)
<i>Dasyurus novemcinctus</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSDNOG00000006651</a> (TCF12)
<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>	1-to-many	<a href="#">CGS102_dia</a>
<i>Echinops teliflora</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSEETG00000016200</a> (TCF12)
<i>Erinaceus europaeus</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSEELG00000002182</a> (TCF12)
<i>Felis catus</i>	1-to-1	<a href="#">ENSFCA0000001867</a> (TCF12)

**Ensembl Gene Report for ENSG00000140262**

**Gene** TCF12 (HGNC Symbol) **Synonyms:** HEB, HsT17Z66, HTF4  
 This gene is a member of the Human CCDS set: [CCDS10159](#), [CCDS10160](#)

**Ensembl Gene ID** ENSG00000140262

**Genomic Location** This gene can be found on Chromosome 15 at location [54,998,125-55,368,004](#).  
 The start of this gene is located in [Contig AC010994.6.1.221986](#).

**Description** Transcription factor 12 (Transcription factor HTF-4) (E-box-binding protein) (DNA-binding protein HTF4). [Source: UniProt/SwISSPROT](#) [Acc: Q99081](#)

**Prediction Method** Gene containing both Ensembl predicted transcripts and Havana manual annotation

**Transcripts**

Gene	Start	End	Length	Strand	Transcript Info	Exon Info	Peptide Info
TCF12	ENST00000267811	ENSP00000267811	369,88 Kb	Forward strand	<a href="#">[Transcript Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide Info]</a>
NP_996920_1	ENST00000333725	ENSP000003331057	369,88 Kb	Forward strand	<a href="#">[Transcript Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide Info]</a>
NP_996923_1	ENST00000343827	ENSP00000342459	369,88 Kb	Forward strand	<a href="#">[Transcript Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide Info]</a>

**Features ▾**

**Alignments**

This gene can be viewed in genomic alignment with other species

- [view genomic alignment with Z. eutherian mammals Pecan](#)
- [view genomic alignment with C. eutherian mammals Rattus norvegicus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Macaca mulatta](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Loxodonta africana](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Echinosoma teliflora](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Orcinus orca](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Dasyurus novemcinctus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Canis lupus familiaris](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Pan troglodytes](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Gallus gallus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Ostriches anatinus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Bos taurus](#)

**Ensembl GeneView**

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**ENSG00000140262**

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- [Gene regulation info.](#)
- [Genomic sequence](#)
- [Genomic sequence alignment](#)
- [Resequencing alignment](#)
- [Gene splice site image](#)
- [Gene tree info.](#)
- [Gene variation info.](#)
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**Chromosome 15**  
54,998,125 - 55,368,004

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- [Export Vega info in region](#)

**Ensembl Archive**

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**Ensembl Gene Report for ENSG00000140262**

**Gene** TCF12 (HGNC Symbol) **Synonyms:** HEB, HsT17Z66, HTF4  
 To view all Ensembl genes linked to the name [click here](#).

This gene is a member of the Human CCDS set: [CCDS10159](#), [CCDS10160](#)

**Ensembl Gene ID** ENSG00000140262

**Genomic Location** This gene can be found on Chromosome 15 at location [54,998,125-55,368,004](#).  
 The start of this gene is located in [Contig AC010994.6.1.221986](#).

**Description** Transcription factor 12 (Transcription factor HTF-4) (E-box-binding protein) (DNA-binding protein HTF4). [Source: UniProt/SwISSPROT](#) [Acc: Q99081](#)

**Prediction Method** Gene containing both Ensembl predicted transcripts and Havana manual annotation

**Transcripts**

Gene	Start	End	Length	Strand	Transcript Info	Exon Info	Peptide Info
TCF12	ENST00000267811	ENSP00000267811	369,88 Kb	Forward strand	<a href="#">[Transcript Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide Info]</a>
NP_996920_1	ENST00000333725	ENSP000003331057	369,88 Kb	Forward strand	<a href="#">[Transcript Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide Info]</a>
NP_996923_1	ENST00000343827	ENSP00000342459	369,88 Kb	Forward strand	<a href="#">[Transcript Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon Info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide Info]</a>

**Features ▾**

**Alignments**

This gene can be viewed in genomic alignment with other species

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- [view genomic alignment with C. eutherian mammals Rattus norvegicus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Macaca mulatta](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Loxodonta africana](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Echinosoma teliflora](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Orcinus orca](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Dasyurus novemcinctus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Canis lupus familiaris](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Pan troglodytes](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Gallus gallus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Ostriches anatinus](#)
- [view genomic alignment with Bos taurus](#)

**Ensembl Human TransView**

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**ENST00000267811**

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- Gene variation info
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**Chromosome 15 54,998,125 - 55,368,004**

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- Export SNP info in region
- Export Vega info in region

**Ensembl Archive**

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**Mouse Lemur**

**Ensembl Transcript Report**

**Transcript** **TCF12** (HGNC Symbol) **Synonyms:** HEB, HsT17266, HTF4  
This transcript is a member of the Human CCDS set: [CCDS10159](#)  
Havana transcript having same CDS: [OTTHUMT00000255069](#)

**Ensembl Transcript ID** ENST00000267811

**Transcript information** Exons: 20 Transcript length: 4,712 bps Translation length: 682 residues  
This transcript is a product of gene: [ENSG00000140262](#)

**Genomic Location** This transcript can be found on Chromosome 15 at location [54,998,125-55,368,004](#).  
The start of this transcript is located in [Contig AC01099.6.1.221986](#).

**Description** Transcription factor 12 (Transcription factor HTF-4) (E-box-binding protein) (DNA-binding protein HTF4). [Source: Uniprot/SwissProt 099081](#)

**Prediction Method** Transcript where the Ensembl predicted transcript and Havana manually annotated transcript have at least the same CDS

**Alternate transcripts** This Ensembl\_havana\_transcript entry corresponds to the following database identifiers:  
Havana transcript having same CDS: [OTTHUMT00000255069](#)

**Similarity Matches** This Ensembl\_havana\_transcript entry corresponds to the following database identifiers:  
**HGNC Symbol:** **TCF12** transcription factor 12 (HTF4, helix-loop-helix transcription factors 4)  
**UCSC Stable ID:** uc002ae1  
**CCDS:** [CCDS10159.1](#)  
**UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot:** [HTF4\\_HUMAN](#) [Target %id: 100, Query %id: 100] [align]  
Transcription factor 12 (Transcription factor HTF-4) (E-box-binding protein) (DNA-binding protein HTF4).  
**RefSeq peptide:** [NP\\_998921.1](#) [Target %id: 100, Query %id: 100] [align]  
transcription factor 12 isoform b  
**RefSeq DNA:** [NM\\_003205](#) [align] [NM\\_207038](#) [align]  
**UniProtKB/TriEMBL:** [Q86TC1\\_HUMAN](#) [Target %id: 99, Query %id: 99] [align]  
Hypothetical protein DKPz451F163.  
[Q3NYQ1\\_HUMAN](#) [Target %id: 5, Query %id: 100] [align]  
Transcription factor 12 (Fragment).  
[Q3NYQ2\\_HUMAN](#) [Target %id: 1, Query %id: 100] [align]  
Transcription factor 12 (Fragment).  
[Q3NYQ4\\_HUMAN](#) [Target %id: 3, Query %id: 100] [align]  
Transcription factor 12 (Fragment).  
[Q3NYQ5\\_HUMAN](#) [Target %id: 8, Query %id: 100] [align]  
Transcription factor 12 (Fragment).  
[Q3NYQ6\\_HUMAN](#) [Target %id: 7, Query %id: 100] [align]  
Transcription factor 12 (Fragment).

**Ensembl TransView**

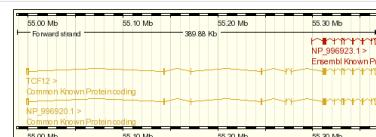
Ensembl release 48 - Homo sapiens Transcript Report for ENST00000267811

**GO** The following GO terms have been mapped to this entry via UniProt and/or RefSeq:  
[GO:0003677](#) [DNA binding] **IEA**  
[GO:0003702](#) [RNA polymerase II transcription factor activity] **TAS**  
[GO:0005634](#) [nucleus] **IEA**  
[GO:0006357](#) [regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter] **TAS**  
[GO:0006955](#) [immune response] **TAS**  
[GO:0007275](#) [multicellular organismal development] **IEA**  
[GO:0007517](#) [muscle development] **TAS**  
[GO:0030528](#) [transcription regulator activity] **IEA**  
[GO:0045449](#) [regulation of transcription] **IEA**

**InterPro** IPR009057 Homeodomain-like - [View other genes with this domain]  
IPR001092 Basic helix-loop-helix dimerisation region bHLH - [View other genes with this domain]

**Protein Family** ENSF00000001037 : TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR  
This cluster contains 3 Ensembl gene member(s) in this species.

**Transcript structure** 

**Transcript neighbourhood** 

**Transcript sequence** The sequence shows the DNA sequence of the transcript, including the poly-A tail and the coding region.

Ensembl release 48: Homo sapiens Gene report for ENSG00000140262

**Ensembl GeneView**

Search >>

e! Ensembl Human GeneView

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**ENSG00000140262**

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- Gene variation info.
- LD info
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- Protein information
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**Chromosome 15**  
54,998,125 - 55,368,004

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**Ensembl Archive**

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**Ensembl Gene Report for ENSG00000140262**

**Gene** TCF12 (HGNC Symbol) **Synonyms:** HEB, HsT17266, HTF4  
This gene is a member of the Human CCDS set: [CCDS10159](#), [CCDS10160](#)

**Ensembl Gene ID** ENSG00000140262

**Genomic Location** This gene can be found on Chromosome 15 at location 54,998,125-55,368,004.  
The start of this gene is located in [Contig AC010999.1](#), 21,21986.

**Description** Transcription factor 12 (Transcription factor HTF-4) (E-box-binding protein) (DNA-binding protein HTF4). [Source: UniProt/SwissProt Q99081](#)

**Prediction Method** Gene containing both Ensembl predicted transcripts and Havana manual annotation

**Transcripts**

TCF12	ENST00000267811	ENSP00000267811	[Transcript.info]	[Exon.info]	[Peptide.info]
NP_996920.1	ENST00000337372	ENSP00000331057	[Transcript.info]	[Exon.info]	[Peptide.info]
NP_996923.1	ENST00000343827	ENSP00000342459	[Transcript.info]	[Exon.info]	[Peptide.info]

**Features ▾**

Chr 15  
Length 369,88 Kb

Forward strand

55.30 Mb 55.10 Mb 55.00 Mb 54.998 Mb

55.30 Mb 55.20 Mb 55.10 Mb 55.00 Mb

Ensembl transcripts

TCF12 Common Known Preprotein  
NP\_996920.1> Common Known Preprotein

Ensembl Known Proteins

DNA(contigs)  
Length 369,88 Kb

AC010999.1 22,996 > AC000522.1 11,198,660

55.30 Mb 55.20 Mb 55.10 Mb 55.00 Mb

Reverse strand

55.30 Mb 55.20 Mb 55.10 Mb 55.00 Mb

**Alignments**

This gene can be viewed in genomic alignment with other species

- View genomic alignment with *Zebrafish* Pecan
- View genomic alignment with *10 amniota* vertebrates Pecan
- View genomic alignment with *Bat* *Microtus* *Peromyscus*
- View genomic alignment with *Mus musculus*
- View genomic alignment with *Luxodon africana*
- View genomic alignment with *Echinops telfairii*
- View genomic alignment with *Oryctolagus cuniculus*
- View genomic alignment with *Dasypus novemcinctus*
- View genomic alignment with *Canis familiaris*
- View genomic alignment with *Pan troglodytes*
- View genomic alignment with *Galago senegalensis*
- View genomic alignment with *Ortothynchus anatinus*
- View genomic alignment with *Bos taurus*

Ensembl release 48: Homo sapiens Gene report for ENSG00000140262

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Ensembl release 48 - Dec 2007

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ENSG00000140262

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Chromosome 15  
54,998,125 - 55,368,004

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Ensembl Gene Report for ENSG00000140262

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This gene is a member of the Human CCDS set: [CCDS10159](#), [CCDS10160](#)

**Ensembl Gene ID** ENSG00000140262

**Genomic Location** This gene can be found on Chromosome 15 at location [54,998,125-55,368,004](#).  
The start of this gene is located in [Contig AC010999.6.1.221986](#).

**Description** Transcription factor 12 (Transcription factor HTF-4) (E-box-binding protein) (DNA-binding protein HTF4). [Source: Uniprot/SWISSPROT\\_Q99081](#)

**Prediction Method** Gene containing both Ensembl predicted transcripts and Havana manual annotation

**Transcripts**

TCF12	ENST00000267811	ENSP00000267811	<a href="#">[Transcript info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide info]</a>
NP_996920.1	ENSP00000333725	ENSP00000331057	<a href="#">[Transcript info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide info]</a>
NP_996923.1	ENST00000342827	ENSP00000342459	<a href="#">[Transcript info]</a>	<a href="#">[Exon info]</a>	<a href="#">[Peptide info]</a>

**Features ▾**

Chr. 15  
Length 369.88 Kb

Forward strand

Ensembl transcripts:

TCF12 > Common Known ProteinCoding  
NP\_996920.1 > Common Known ProteinCoding

DNA(contigs)

Length 369.88 Kb

AC010998.1.221986 > AC010992.1.1.198862 >

Reverse strand

55.00 Mb 55.10 Mb 55.20 Mb 55.30 Mb

NP\_996923.1 > Ensemble Known Prote

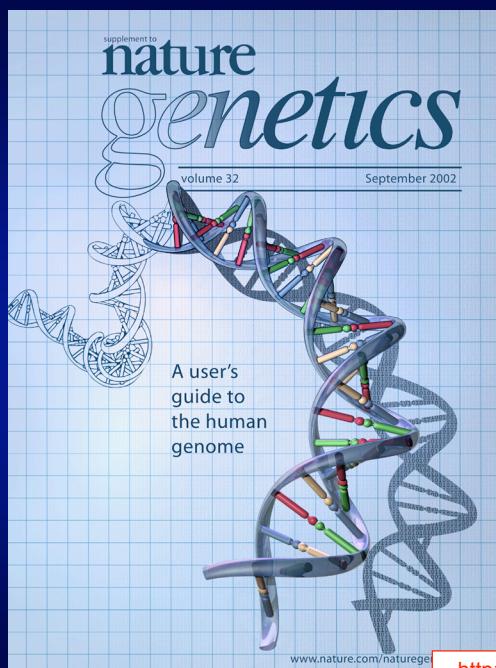
Alignments

This gene can be viewed in genomic alignment with other species

- view genomic alignment with 7 eutherian mammals Pecan
- view genomic alignment with 11 amniota vertebrates Pecan
- view genomic alignment with *Rattus norvegicus*
- view genomic alignment with *Macaca mulatta*
- view genomic alignment with *Loxodonta africana*
- view genomic alignment with *Echinosoma telfairi*
- view genomic alignment with *Oryctolagus cuniculus*
- view genomic alignment with *Dasypus novemcinctus*
- view genomic alignment with *Canis lupus familiaris*
- view genomic alignment with *Pan troglodytes*
- view genomic alignment with *Gallus gallus*
- view genomic alignment with *Ornithodoros chihuahuensis*
- view genomic alignment with *Bos taurus*

## Additional resources

- UCSC Human Genome Browser User Guide  
<http://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/help/hgTracksHelp.html>
- NCBI Genomic Biology  
<http://www.ncbi.nih.gov/Genomes/>
- NCBI MapViewer Help  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mapview/static/MapViewerHelp.html>
- Ensembl Help & Tutorials  
<http://www.ensembl.org/info/using/website>



**Current Protocols in Bioinformatics**

<b>The UCSC Genome Browser</b>  The rapid progress of public sequencing and mapping efforts on vertebrate genomes has increased the demand for tools that offer quick and easy access to genomic data at multiple levels and facilitate comparative data analysis. The University of California Santa Cruz (UCSC) Genome Bioinformatics Web site at <a href="http://genome.ucsc.edu">http://genome.ucsc.edu</a> contains a variety of genome analysis tools, most notably the UCSC Genome Browser (UNIT 1.4), a graphical tool for viewing genomic sequence and a collection of aligned annotation "tracks." Another tool, the MySQL Table Browser—supplies convenient access to the MySQL database underlying the Genome Browser annotations. A custom annotation tracks feature that enables users to upload their own data and compare it against the UCSC annotations.  The main protocol of this unit (see Basic Protocol) describes how to use the UCSC Genome Browser to browse genomic sequence data. Additional protocols describe how to use the MySQL Table Browser to browse genomic sequence data and how to use the Ensembl Genome Server to browse genomic sequence data.	<b>UNIT 1.4</b>	<b>Using the NCBI Map Viewer to Browse Genomic Sequence Data</b>  The NCBI Map Viewer is an interface to a large, integrated set of genomic data, including sequence, cytogenetic, genetic linkage, and radiation hybrid maps, as well as the assembled and annotated genomic sequence itself. Along with the UCSC Genome Browser (UNIT 1.4) and Ensembl (UNIT 1.5), it is one of the primary Web sites from which genomic sequence data can be accessed.  This unit includes an introduction to the Map Viewer (see Basic Protocol), which describes how to perform a simple text-based search of genome annotations to view the genomic sequence, navigate along a chromosome, zoom in and out, and change the scale and show information. It also describes some of NCBI's map viewers, which are provided as links from the Map Viewer. The Alternate Protocol 1 shows how to perform a BLAST search against the human genome. Alternate Protocol 2 shows how to retrieve a list of all genes between two STS markers. Alternate Protocol 3 shows how to find all annotated members of a gene family.  NCBI provides Map Viewers for eleven vertebrates, six invertebrates, and fourteen fungi. Although the data themselves differ, the basic navigation principles are the same. The Basic Protocols 1 and 2 are illustrated with examples from the human genome. Protocol 3 uses the mouse genome.	<b>UNIT 1.5</b>
<b>Using the Ensembl Genome Server to Browse Genomic Sequence Data</b>  The Ensembl project presents the latest sequence assembly of the human genome and provides automatic annotation of that sequence, including gene, transcript, and protein predictions. The annotation is integrated with external data sources, making Ensembl a valuable starting and reference point for any work in human biology or medicine that utilizes genetic information.  A central element of the Ensembl project is openness: all data are freely available and all the computer code used to analyze and present the data is freely available as well. More information on the Ensembl gene prediction and annotation system, and on additional ways of accessing the data, is provided in the Commentary.  This unit explains how to access and use the human sequence (although these instructions would be applicable to any of the species available in the browser) and its annotation via the Ensembl Web site. The Web site is an advanced interactive service, providing a range of views that present different aspects of the data. The Ensembl human home page ( <a href="http://www.ensembl.org/Homo_sapiens">http://www.ensembl.org/Homo_sapiens</a> ) provides access to the data in several different ways, including text searches, clickable chromosomes, and sequence similarity searching in BLASTView, as well as by using the BioMart data warehouse or by simply entering a chromosome coordinate.	<b>UNIT 1.5</b>	<b>Access through</b> <a href="http://nihlibrary.nih.gov/ResearchTools/OnlineJournals.htm">http://nihlibrary.nih.gov/ResearchTools/OnlineJournals.htm</a>	

**Current Topics in Genome Analysis**

Next Lecture:

Evolutionary Analysis

*Fiona Brinkman, Ph.D.  
Simon Fraser University*