



COUNTRY PROFILE

2009



Ninth-grade student Y Nga enjoys learning in her new USAID-funded school near her home in Vietnam's Central Highlands.

(Photo: Richard Nyberg, USAID/Vietnam)

OVERVIEW

Vietnam's 85 million people are moving from a centrally-planned to a market-oriented economy, their social and economic progress propelled by annual growth rates of 6 to 8% since 2000 that have enabled the country to reduce poverty by one-third. Despite its position as one of the world's most-reforming economies and its being considered a model of successful development, Vietnam still faces challenges. These include an HIV/AIDS epidemic fuelled by injecting drug use, a potential avian influenza pandemic, and the



challenges of running an increasingly sophisticated economy while developing global-standard legal, regulatory, and capital systems. Since a prosperous Vietnam is vital to maintaining regional stability, USAID's activities strive to accelerate its transition to an open, market-based economy, develop capacities to mitigate the harmful effects of HIV/AIDS, improve vulnerable groups' access to services, and ensure that environmental governance progresses along with economic and social development. Through its activities since 2000, USAID has provided over \$200 million dollars in assistance to Vietnam.

PROGRAMS

GOVERNING JUSTLY AND DEMOCRATICALLY

USAID's programs strengthen Vietnam's legal and regulatory framework while increasing civil society's ability to participate in and support legal and economic reforms. USAID provided the main supporting technical assistance for the U.S.-Vietnam Bilateral Trade Agreement. Implementing it effectively has brought both a surge in investment and bilateral trade flows and full accession into the World Trade Organization. USAID collaborated with the Vietnamese Chamber of Commerce and Industry to produce the Provincial Competitiveness Index, which has supported provincial and local government reforms more conducive to the growth of the private sector. Simultaneously, USAID has cultivated sustainable partnerships throughout the U.S. Government and with the Vietnamese government to help transfer international standards of economic macro policy management.

VIETNAM SNAPSHOT

Year of independence: 1945
Population: 85.1 million (2007)
Annual income per person: \$571
Source: World Development Indicators

USAID IN VIETNAM

<http://www.usaid.gov/rdma/countries/vietnam.html>

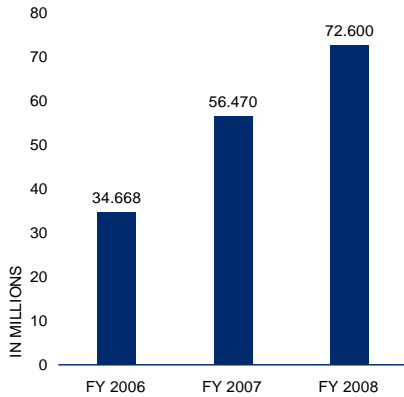


USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

VIETNAM

COUNTRY PROFILE CONTINUED

USAID ASSISTANCE TO VIETNAM



Funding Source: Economic Support Funds & Development Assistance Funds, Global HIV/AIDS Initiative

For more information, see the FY2008 Congressional Budget Justification <http://www.usaid.gov/policy/budget/>

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INVESTING IN PEOPLE: HEALTH

Global epidemics require creative and cooperative strategies to combat them. USAID’s regional health program helps countries understand and monitor the extent of deadly diseases, and improve prevention and treatment services. The President’s Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief declared Vietnam its 15th focus country in 2004. USAID manages large-scale activities to prevent, treat and care for those infected and affected by HIV/AIDS in Vietnam, and the U.S. Government provides annual funding to contain avian influenza. These efforts are all done in close collaboration with the Government of Vietnam and other large donors.

PEACE AND SECURITY: BETTER OPPORTUNITIES FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES AND ETHNIC MINORITIES

USAID provides people with disabilities with better access to education, health care, employment and essential services by supporting the development of a disability law, drafting the National Action Plan for Inclusive Education, and developing of the Barrier Free Codes and Standards for public building and transportation. In response to the alarming rate of people being trafficked throughout Southeast Asia, USAID developed a regional anti-trafficking program as well as Vietnam-specific anti-trafficking program providing scholarships to at-risk girls for vocational training and central-level policy support. In addition, USAID is implementing programs for ethnic minorities living in the Central Highlands to encourage greater access to social services and economic opportunities.

ECONOMIC GROWTH: PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

USAID’s private sector partnerships with MasterFoods and the World Cocoa Foundation augment efforts to advance cocoa production and trade in the Mekong Delta and the Central Highlands. An innovative public-private initiative will protect Vietnam’s Dong Nai watershed and biodiversity corridor. USAID’s Last Mile Initiative partnership with Microsoft, Intel and Qualcomm promotes Vietnam’s own public-private efforts to launch wireless connectivity and information communications technology applications at schools and community centers in 64 provinces, many with rural areas where cable lines did not reach.

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

USAID assists Vietnamese families affected by drought and recurrent floods, reduces vulnerability of urban communities through better disaster preparedness and mitigation, and uses information technologies to improve disaster monitoring and management capacities.

On behalf of the American people, the U.S. government has provided humanitarian assistance and economic development to those in need since the Marshall Plan.