

Investigation of SGP Atmospheric Moisture Budget for CLASIC -- Recycling Study

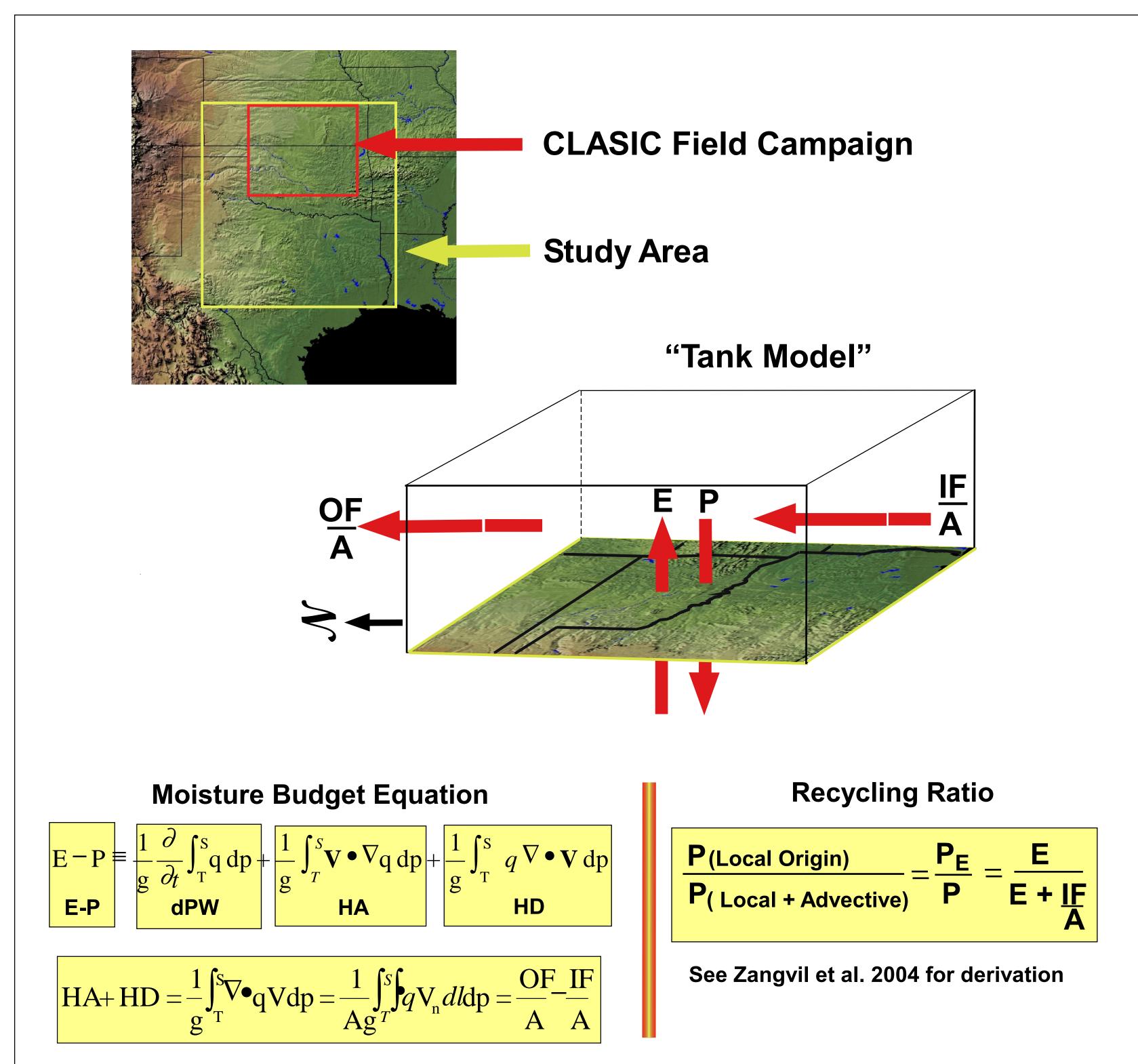


Diane Portis, Daniel Hartsock, Peter Lamb

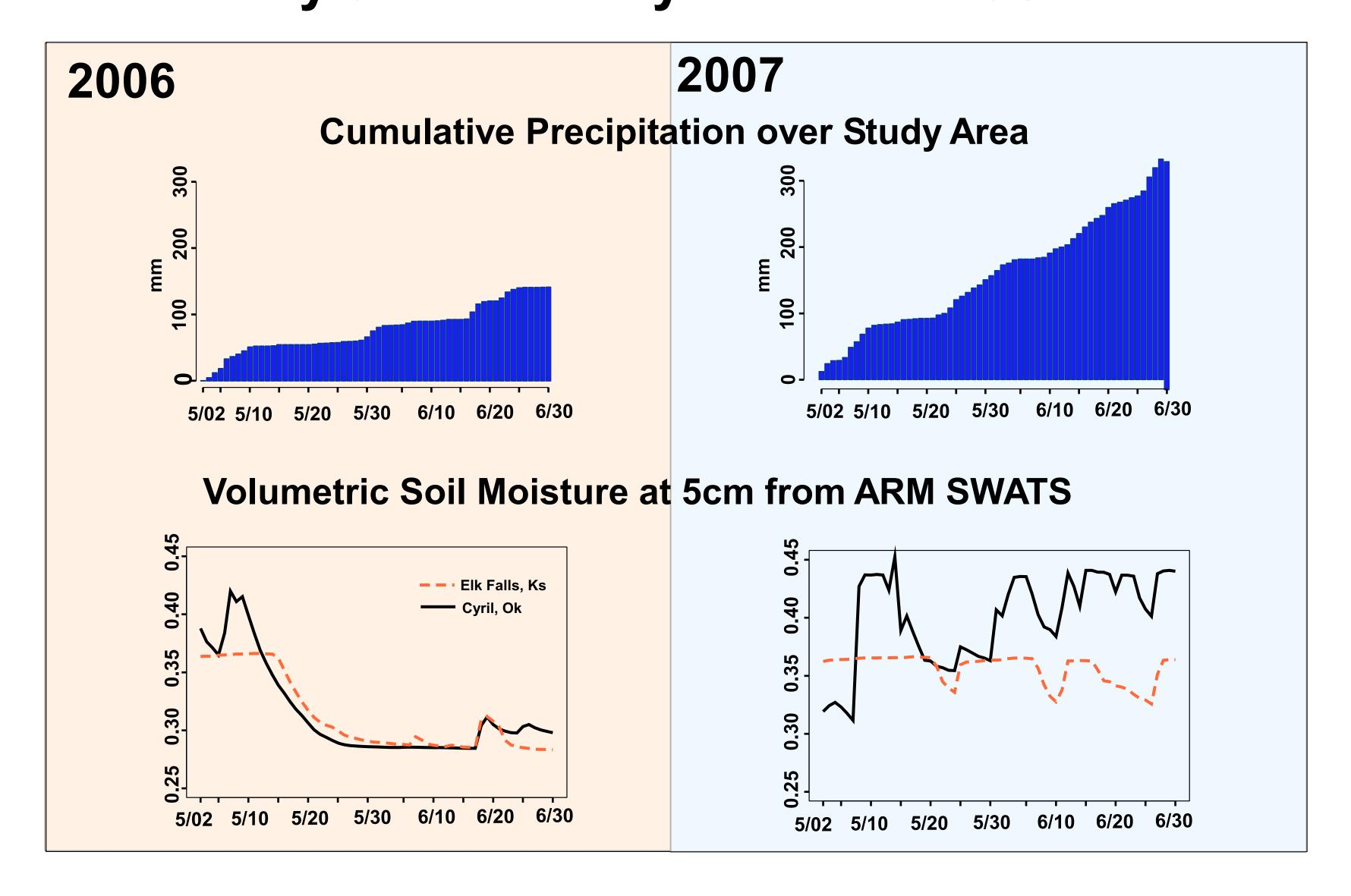
1. Introduction

The motivation for this ongoing study is to provide larger-scale back-ground information for the interpretation of the results from the Cloud and Land Surface Interaction Campaign (CLASIC) program that was conducted over the SGP ACRF during June 2007. Moisture budgets are estimated for a large area encompassing the winter wheat belt and the CLASIC field study for May-June periods with contrasting precipitation regimes. Emphasis will be given to the relative contributions to regional precipitation of local vs advective atmospheric water vapor.

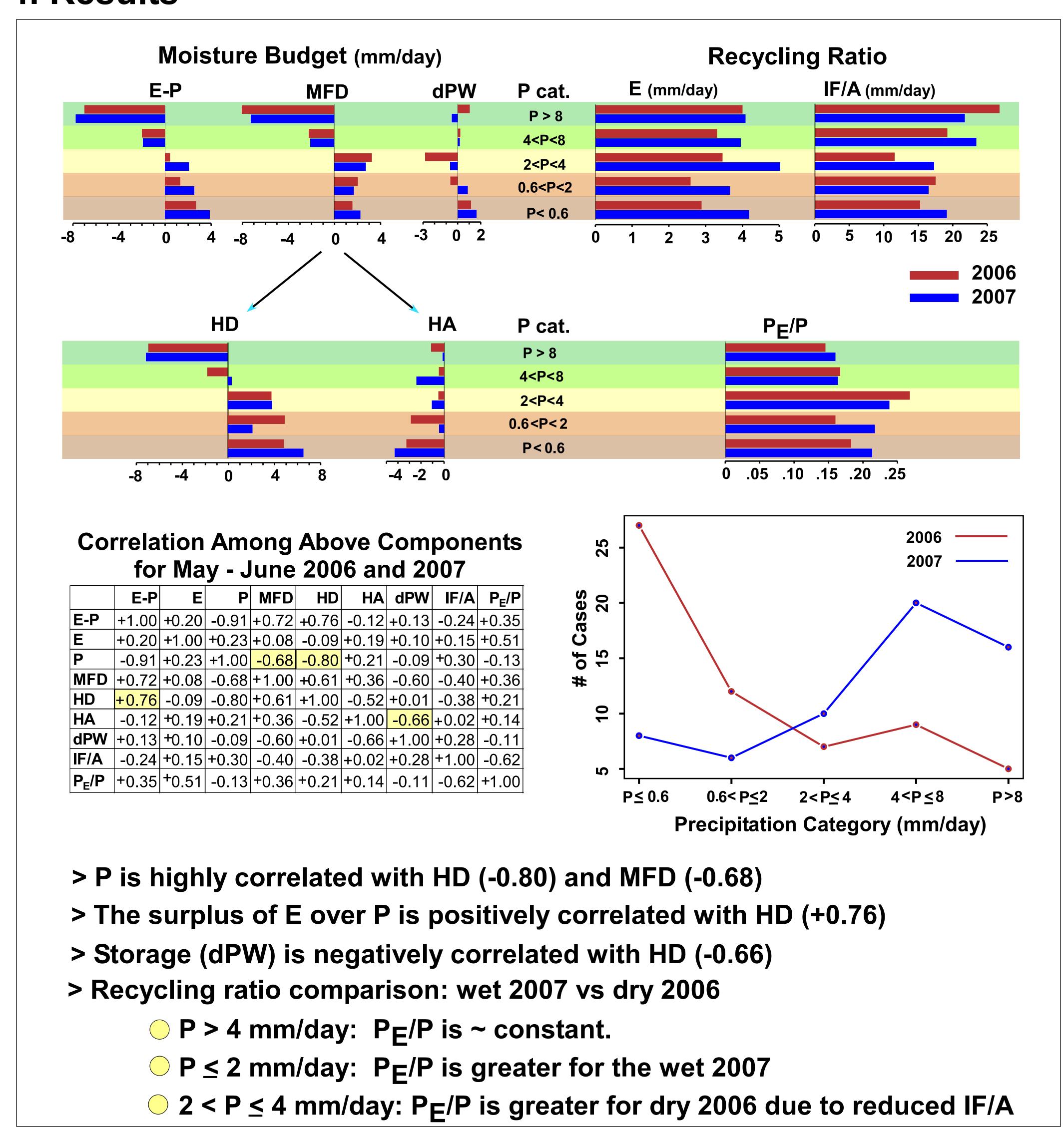
2. Orientation Map -- Recycling Method



3. Two very different May-June Periods



4. Results



5. Future Work

This study will be expanded with

- > Extended seasons and more years
- > Different timescales (e.g. diurnal, monthly, seasonal)
- > Inclusion of related environmental data (crop, downward solar, soil moisture)
- > Comparison of E estimates: model, measured, residual

6. References

Zangvil, A, D. H. Portis, and P. J. Lamb, 2004: Investigation of the large-scale atmospheric moisture field over the Midwestern United States in relation to summer precipitation. Part II: Recycling of local evapotrans-piration and association with soil moisture and crop yields. *J. Climate*, 17, 3283-3301