

National Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment Services

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HIGHLIGHTS

This report presents summary results from the Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) for 2007. The report provides information on the demographic and substance abuse characteristics of the 1.8 million annual admissions to treatment for abuse of alcohol and drugs in facilities that report to individual State administrative data systems [Table 1a].

This summary report is issued in advance of the full TEDS report for 1997-2007. It includes demographic data and all items from the TEDS Minimum Data Set. The full report also will include data from the Supplemental Data Set, State data, and State rates.

TEDS is an admission-based system, and TEDS admissions do not represent individuals. Thus, for example, an individual admitted to treatment twice within a calendar year would be counted as two admissions.

TEDS does not include all admissions to substance abuse treatment. It includes admissions to facilities that are licensed or certified by the State substance abuse agency to provide substance abuse treatment (or are administratively tracked by the agency for other reasons). In general, facilities reporting TEDS data are those that receive State alcohol and/or drug agency funds (including Federal Block Grant funds) for the provision of alcohol and/or drug treatment services.

Major Substances of Abuse

• Five substances accounted for 96 percent of all TEDS admissions in 2007: alcohol (40 percent); opiates (19 percent; primarily heroin); marijuana/hashish (16 percent); cocaine (13 percent); and stimulants (8 percent, primarily methamphetamine) [Table 1b].

Alcohol

- Alcohol as a primary substance accounted for 40 percent of TEDS admissions in 2007, down from 50 percent in 1997. Forty-five percent of primary alcohol admissions reported secondary drug abuse as well [Tables 1a and 1b].
- About three-quarters of admissions for abuse of alcohol alone and for abuse of alcohol with secondary drug abuse were male (74 percent and 73 percent, respectively) [Table 2a].

- More than two-thirds (69 percent) of all alcohol-only admissions were non-Hispanic White, 13 percent were of Hispanic origin, and 11 percent were non-Hispanic Black. Among admissions for alcohol with secondary drug abuse, 60 percent were non-Hispanic White, followed by 23 percent who were non-Hispanic Black and 11 percent who were of Hispanic origin [Table 2a].
- For alcohol-only admissions, the average age at admission was 39 years, compared with 35 years among admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse [Table 2a].

Heroin

 Heroin as a primary substance increased from 15 percent of all TEDS admissions in 1997 to 16 percent in 2001, then declined to 14 percent in 2004 through 2007 [Table 1b].

- About two-thirds (69 percent) of primary heroin admissions were male [Table 2a].
- More than half (52 percent) of primary heroin admissions were non-Hispanic White, followed by 22 percent who were of Hispanic origin and 22 percent who were non-Hispanic Black [Table 2a].
- For primary heroin admissions, the average age at admission was 36 years [Table 2a].
- Sixty-four percent of primary heroin admissions reported injection as the route of administration, 32 percent reported inhalation, and 2 percent reported smoking [Table 3].

Other Opiates¹

- TEDS admissions for primary abuse of opiates other than heroin increased from 1 percent of all admissions in 1997 to 5 percent in 2007 [Table 1b].
- Just over half (53 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Most primary non-heroin opiate admissions (89 percent) were non-Hispanic White [Table 2a].
- For primary non-heroin opiate admissions, the average age at admission was 32 years [Table 2a].
- Almost three-quarters (72 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions reported oral as the route of administration, 16 percent reported inhalation, and 10 percent reported injection [Table 3].

Cocaine/Crack

- The proportion of admissions for primary cocaine abuse declined from 15 percent in 1997 to 13 percent in 2001 and 2002, increased slightly to 14 percent from 2003 through 2006, and then declined to 13 percent in 2007 [Table 1b].
- Smoked cocaine (crack) represented 72 percent of all primary cocaine admissions in 2007 [Tables 1a].
- Fifty-eight percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions were male, compared with 65 percent of non-smoked cocaine admissions [Table 2a].
- Among primary smoked cocaine admissions, 49 percent were non-Hispanic Black, 40 percent were non-Hispanic White, and 8 percent were of Hispanic origin. Non-Hispanic Whites predominated (54 percent) among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, followed by non-Hispanic Blacks (23 percent) and persons of Hispanic origin (19 percent) [Table 2a].
- For primary smoked cocaine admissions, the average age at admission was 39 years, compared with 34 years for non-smoked cocaine admissions [Table 2a].
- Among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, 81 percent reported inhalation as the route of administration, 11 percent reported injection, and 5 percent reported oral [Table 3].

Marijuana/Hashish

- The proportion of admissions for primary marijuana abuse increased from 12 percent in 1997 to 16 percent in 2003 through 2007 [Table 1b].
- Nearly three-quarters (74 percent) of primary marijuana admissions were male [Table 2a].

¹ These drugs include codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects. Non-prescription use of methadone is not included.

- Over half (51 percent) of primary marijuana admissions were non-Hispanic White, followed by 29 percent who were non-Hispanic Black and 15 percent who were of Hispanic origin [Table 2a].
- For primary marijuana admissions, the average age at admission was 24 years [Table 2a].

Methamphetamine/Amphetamine and Other Stimulants

- The proportion of admissions for abuse of methamphetamine/amphetamine and other stimulants increased from 4 percent in 1997 to a high of 9 percent in 2005. In 2006 admissions decreased to 8 percent and remained at 8 percent in 2007 [Table 1b].
- Fifty-four percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Two-thirds (66 percent) of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions were non-Hispanic White, followed by 21 percent who were of Hispanic origin and 3 percent each who were Asian/Pacific Islander or non-Hispanic Black [Table 2a].
- For primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions, the average age at admission was 32 years [Table 2a].
- Sixty-six percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions reported smoking as the route of administration, 18 percent reported injection, and 10 pecent reported inhalation [Table 3].

Race/Ethnicity

Among all racial/ethnic groups except Hispanics of Puerto Rican origin, primary alcohol use (alone or in combination with other drugs) was the most frequently reported substance at

treatment admission. However, the proportion reporting use of the next four most common substances (opiates, marijuana, cocaine, and stimulants) varied considerably by racial/ethnic group.

- Among non-Hispanic Whites, alcohol (44 percent) was followed by opiates (19 percent), marijuana (13 percent), cocaine (10 percent), and stimulants (9 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among non-Hispanic Blacks, alcohol (32 percent) was followed by cocaine (26 percent), marijuana (22 percent), and opiates (15 percent). Only 1 percent reported stimulants as a primary substance [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Mexican origin, alcohol (36 percent) was followed by stimulants (22 percent), marijuana (19 percent), opiates (14 percent), and cocaine (8 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Puerto Rican origin, opiates (44 percent) were the most frequently reported substance at admission, followed by alcohol (27 percent), marijuana (14 percent), and cocaine (12 percent). Only 1 percent reported stimulants as a primary substance [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Cuban origin, alcohol (37 percent), was followed by cocaine and marijuana (20 percent each), opiates (15 percent), and stimulants (4 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among Alaska Natives, alcohol (46 percent) was followed by opiates (25 percent), marijuana (11 percent), cocaine (9 percent), and stimulants (7 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among American Indians, alcohol (64 percent) was followed by marijuana (13 percent), stimulants (9 percent), opiates (7 percent), and cocaine (5 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among Asians/Pacific Islanders, alcohol (35 percent), was followed by stimulants (26

percent), marijuana (20 percent), opiates (9 percent) and cocaine (7 percent) [Table 2b].

admissions and for 20 percent of admissions for opiates other than heroin [Table 4].

Type of Service

- Sixty-two percent of TEDS admissions in 2007 entered ambulatory treatment, 20 percent entered detoxification, and 18 percent entered rehabilitation/residential treatment [Table 4].
- Admissions for primary marijuana abuse had the largest proportion of admissions to ambulatory treatment (83 percent). Admissions for inhalant abuse had the next largest proportion admitted to ambulatory treatment (69 percent) [Table 4].
- Primary tranquilizer admissions, heroin admissions, and admissions for abuse of alcohol alone had the largest proportions of admissions to detoxification (34 percent for tranquilizer, 33 percent for heroin, and 30 percent for alcohol alone) [Table 4].
- Admissions for primary smoked cocaine had the largest proportion of admissions to rehabilitation/residential treatment (32 percent), followed by admissions for PCP (29 percent), hallucinogens (28 percent), methamphetamine/amphetamines (26 percent), non-smoked cocaine (25 percent), and sedatives (24 percent) [Table 4].

Medication-Assisted Opioid Therapy

 Overall, medication-assisted opioid therapy with methadone or buprenorphine was planned for 5 percent of TEDS admissions in 2007. Medication-assisted opioid therapy was planned for 29 percent of primary heroin

Source of Referral to Treatment

- In 2007, more than one-third (37 percent) of TEDS admissions were referred to treatment through the criminal justice system. Primary marijuana and methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions had the largest proportion of admissions referred through the criminal justice system (57 percent each), followed by PCP (54 percent) [Table 4].
- One-third (33 percent) of TEDS admissions in 2007 represented self- or individual referrals. Primary heroin admissions had the largest proportion of self- or individual referrals (58 percent), followed by admissions for opiates other than heroin (52 percent) [Table 4].

Employment Status

• In 2007, admissions for alcohol only were the most likely to be employed (42 percent). The proportion employed was lowest (16 percent each) among admissions for smoked cocaine and heroin. The proportion not in the labor force was highest (48 percent) among admissions for heroin and lowest (28 percent) among admissions for abuse of alcohol only [Table 5].

Educational Level

• In 2007, educational level was highest (more than 12 years of education) among admissions for sedatives (33 percent) followed by admissions for alcohol only (32 percent) [Table 5].

Table 1a Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1997-2007 Number

Primary substance	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total	1,607,957	1,712,268	1,725,885	1,759,061	1,780,239	1,900,586	1,867,796	1,822,610	1,885,507	1,893,425	1,817,577
Alcohol	796,674	828,252	824,641	813,047	788,259	813,577	776,091	733,232	741,987	756,694	732,925
Alcohol only	445,699	462,692	461,532	454,412	433,620	448,972	430,990	404,459	408,422	413,932	406,038
Alcohol w/secondary drug	350,975	365,560	363,109	358,635	354,639	364,605	345,101	328,773	333,565	342,762	326,887
Opiates	251,417	267,010	280,145	298,819	315,869	332,272	326,836	322,950	329,730	344,730	337,387
Heroin	235,143	247,069	257,508	270,375	277,653	286,157	273,996	261,610	259,462	264,599	246,871
Other opiates/synthetics	16,274	19,941	22,637	28,444	38,216	46,115	52,840	61,340	70,268	80,131	90,516
Non-RX methadone	1,209	1,576	1,606	1,870	2,050	2,560	2,719	3,148	4,070	4,706	5,094
Other opiates/synthetics	15,065	18,365	21,031	26,574	36,166	43,555	50,121	58,192	66,198	75,425	85,422
Cocaine	236,770	254,365	242,143	238,723	230,870	245,691	254,687	249,478	266,420	262,720	234,772
Smoked cocaine	174,900	186,973	176,507	174,532	168,890	179,360	184,846	179,949	191,973	187,956	167,914
Non-smoked cocaine	61,870	67,392	65,636	64,191	61,980	66,331	69,841	69,529	74,447	74,764	66,858
Marijuana/hashish	197,840	220,173	232,105	250,551	265,975	289,131	291,470	287,121	301,263	299,692	287,933
Stimulants	68,166	71,356	73,568	81,311	97,358	124,368	135,063	146,740	173,081	159,819	143,921
Methamphetamine	53,694	56,517	58,801	64,374	78,390	102,847	114,451	125,361	154,447	152,561	137,154
Other amphetamines	13,737	14,010	13,890	15,697	17,527	20,155	19,327	20,359	17,667	6,383	5,870
Other stimulants	735	829	877	1,240	1,441	1,366	1,285	1,020	967	875	897
Other drugs	18,942	21,718	26,702	31,243	33,324	30,578	29,821	28,515	28,167	27,155	25,823
Tranquilizers	4,796	5,369	5,913	6,649	7,447	8,292	8,164	8,212	8,458	9,334	9,949
Benzodiazepine	3,835	4,524	5,048	5,776	6,497	7,332	7,402	7,514	7,928	8,846	9,491
Other tranquilizers	961	845	865	873	950	960	762	698	530	488	458
Sedatives/hypnotics	3,240	3,459	3,459	3,661	3,998	4,486	4,277	4,326	4,456	4,003	4,210
Barbiturates	1,278	1,232	1,148	1,244	1,274	1,548	1,337	1,303	1,380	1,046	1,013
Other sedatives/hypnotics	1,962	2,227	2,311	2,417	2,724	2,938	2,940	3,023	3,076	2,957	3,197
Hallucinogens	2,672	2,378	2,789	3,136	3,149	2,713	2,236	2,300	2,006	1,553	1,502
PCP	1,896	1,846	2,321	2,839	3,193	3,927	4,177	3,249	2,861	2,827	3,124
Inhalants	1,819	1,603	1,423	1,319	1,259	1,218	1,217	1,212	1,372	1,064	992
Over-the-counter	506	486	1,091	769	624	640	708	832	768	800	802
Other	4,013	6,577	9,706	12,870	13,654	9,302	9,042	8,384	8,246	7,574	5,244
None reported	38,148	49,394	46,581	45,367	48,584	64,969	53,828	54,574	44,859	42,615	54,816

Table 1b Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1997-2007 Percent distribution

Primary substance	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Alcohol	49.5	48.4	47.8	46.2	44.3	42.8	41.6	40.2	39.4	40.0	40.3
Alcohol only	27.7	27.0	26.7	25.8	24.4	23.6	23.1	22.2	21.7	21.9	22.3
Alcohol w/secondary drug	21.8	21.3	21.0	20.4	19.9	19.2	18.5	18.0	17.7	18.1	18.0
Opiates	15.6	15.6	16.2	17.0	17.7	17.5	17.5	17.7	17.5	18.2	18.6
Heroin	14.6	14.4	14.9	15.4	15.6	15.1	14.7	14.4	13.8	14.0	13.6
Other opiates/synthetics	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.4	3.7	4.2	5.0
Non-RX methadone	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Other opiates/synthetics	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.2	3.5	4.0	4.7
Cocaine	14.7	14.9	14.0	13.6	13.0	12.9	13.6	13.7	14.1	13.9	12.9
Smoked cocaine	10.9	10.9	10.2	9.9	9.5	9.4	9.9	9.9	10.2	9.9	9.2
Non-smoked cocaine	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.7
Marijuana/hashish	12.3	12.9	13.4	14.2	14.9	15.2	15.6	15.8	16.0	15.8	15.8
Stimulants	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.6	5.5	6.5	7.2	8.1	9.2	8.4	7.9
Methamphetamine	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.4	5.4	6.1	6.9	8.2	8.1	7.5
Other amphetamines	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.3	0.3
Other stimulants	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*
Other drugs	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4
Tranquilizers	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
Benzodiazepine	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Other tranquilizers	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*
Sedatives/hypnotics	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Barbiturates	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other sedatives/hypnotics	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Hallucinogens	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
PCP	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2
Inhalants	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Over-the-counter	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3
None reported	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.4	2.9	3.0	2.4	2.3	3.0

^{*} Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 2a
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission: TEDS 2007
Column percent distribution and average age at admission

							Prima	ry substand	ce at admissio	n						
		Ald	cohol	Opia	ites	Coca	aine		Stimula	nts						
Gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	All admis- sions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
Total	1,817,577	406,038	326,887	246,871	90,516	167,914	66,858	287,933	143,024	897	9,949	4,210	1,502	3,124	992	60,862
Gender																
Male	67.7	73.9	73.1	68.5	53.4	57.6	64.8	73.6	54.3	65.3	49.3	42.8	72.2	66.3	63.9	53.8
Female	32.3	26.1	26.9	31.5	46.6	42.4	35.2	26.4	45.7	34.7	50.7	57.2	27.8	33.7	36.1	46.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,816,877	405,890	326,805	246,835	90,489	167,895	66,844	287,854	142,955	897	9,949	4,209	1,501	3,124	990	60,640
Race/ethnicity																
White (non-Hispanic)	59.6	69.1	60.4	52.3	88.6	40.4	54.1	50.6	65.8	58.1	83.6	80.4	65.0	14.3	64.0	62.4
Black (non-Hispanic)	20.7	11.1	23.1	22.1	3.7	48.8	23.2	28.6	3.0	22.4	5.4	6.7	18.3	58.4	6.8	18.2
Hispanic origin	14.2	13.2	10.9	22.4	4.1	7.9	19.0	15.0	20.9	11.7	8.3	9.0	8.5	22.8	17.7	14.7
Mexican	5.8	6.5	3.5	5.3	1.5	2.5	7.0	6.9	15.8	6.8	1.2	5.7	3.1	9.9	10.6	8.0
Puerto Rican	3.9	2.0	3.5	12.3	1.2	2.7	6.1	3.5	0.4	1.0	4.2	1.1	2.6	7.3	1.8	1.2
Cuban	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Other/not specified	4.3	4.5	3.7	4.6	1.4	2.4	5.4	4.3	4.6	3.8	2.7	2.1	2.5	5.4	5.1	12.6
Other	5.5	6.6	5.7	3.3	3.5	3.0	3.7	5.9	10.3	7.8	2.7	3.9	8.2	4.5	11.4	4.7
Alaska Native	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*		*
American Indian	2.2	3.9	3.1	0.5	1.6	0.8	0.9	1.8	2.5	2.1	0.7	1.3	2.0	0.7	7.0	1.9
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.2	3.1	2.3	0.4	0.7	1.3	0.5	0.6	0.8
Other	2.2	1.7	1.9	2.2	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.8	4.6	3.2	1.5	1.8	4.7	3.3	3.9	2.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,809,801	404,523	325,729	246,077	90,091	167,275	66,471	286,892	142,798	894	9,896	4,189	1,496	3,111	987	59,372

Table 2a (continued)

Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission: TEDS 2007

Column percent distribution and average age at admission

							Prima	ry substand	ce at admissio	on						
		Ald	cohol	Opia	ates	Coca	aine		Stimula	nts						
Gender, race/ethnicity, and									Metham-							Other/
age at admission			With					Mari-	phetamine/	Other	Tran-		Hallu-			none
	All admis-	Alcohol	secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	juana/	amphet-	stimu-	quil-	Seda-	cino-		Inhal-	speci-
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied
Age at admission																
Under 15 years	1.3	0.5	0.7	*	0.2	0.1	0.3	4.8	0.3	5.4	0.7	1.7	2.7	0.2	19.8	5.4
15 to 19 years	10.1	4.5	8.1	2.7	5.2	1.6	6.9	35.7	6.1	19.2	8.3	12.2	34.2	4.1	30.2	10.8
15 to 17 years	6.1	2.1	4.4	0.4	1.5	0.4	3.1	25.5	2.8	13.5	4.4	7.5	23.1	1.7	23.6	6.8
18 to 19 years	4.0	2.4	3.6	2.3	3.7	1.2	3.8	10.3	3.4	5.7	3.9	4.7	11.1	2.4	6.6	4.1
20 to 24 years	14.2	9.8	12.8	14.5	21.8	6.4	14.4	21.9	18.3	12.5	14.9	16.2	21.5	21.1	12.5	13.1
25 to 29 years	14.4	10.5	13.2	16.1	22.4	10.3	18.1	14.9	21.5	15.3	15.8	16.0	17.2	30.3	10.6	14.2
30 to 34 years	11.1	9.6	10.8	12.2	14.1	12.0	14.2	8.1	16.3	9.9	11.9	10.6	10.1	17.9	7.1	10.8
35 to 39 years	12.5	12.2	13.8	13.9	11.2	18.8	14.8	5.6	14.8	9.9	12.0	9.9	5.6	10.6	5.2	11.2
40 to 44 years	13.4	15.5	16.2	14.7	9.0	21.9	13.8	4.1	11.7	9.5	12.3	9.6	3.3	8.3	5.8	10.9
45 to 49 years	11.5	16.0	13.6	12.3	7.9	17.1	10.3	2.8	7.3	10.0	11.3	9.3	3.3	5.2	5.3	9.9
50 to 54 years	6.7	10.9	7.1	8.4	5.1	8.0	4.8	1.3	2.7	4.4	7.2	6.4	1.0	1.9	2.0	6.8
55 to 59 years	3.0	5.9	2.6	3.8	2.2	2.7	1.6	0.5	0.8	2.6	3.6	3.1	1.0	0.3	1.4	3.8
60 to 64 years	1.1	2.7	8.0	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.4	1.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.9
65 years and over	0.6	1.9	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	*	*	0.7	0.6	3.5		0.1		1.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,815,004	405,650	326,538	246,670	90,406	167,740	66,700	287,379	142,832	896	9,935	4,197	1,496	3,113	990	60,462
Average age at admission	34 yrs	39 yrs	35 yrs	36 yrs	32 yrs	39 yrs	34 yrs	24 yrs	32 yrs	31 yrs	35 yrs	34 yrs	25 yrs	30 yrs	24 yrs	34 yrs

^{*} Less than 0.05 percent.

^{- -} Quantity is zero.

Table 2b
Admissions by gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007
Row percent distribution

							Prim	ary substa	ance at admis	ssion							
		Al	cohol	Opi	ates	Coca	ine		Stimula	nts							
Gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	No. of admis- sions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied	Total
Tota	l 1,817,577	22.3	18.0	13.6	5.0	9.2	3.7	15.8	7.9	*	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	3.3	100.0
Gender																	
Male Female	1,229,378 587,499	24.4 18.0	19.4 15.0	13.7 13.2	3.9 7.2	7.9 12.1	3.5 4.0	17.2 13.0	6.3 11.1	* 0.1	0.4 0.9	0.1 0.4	0.1 0.1	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	2.7 4.8	100.0 100.0
Race/ethnicity																	
White (non-Hispanic) Black (non-Hispanic) Hispanic origin	1,078,346 374,825 257,246	25.9 12.0 20.8	18.2 20.0 13.8	11.9 14.5 21.4	7.4 0.9 1.5	6.3 21.8 5.1	3.3 4.1 4.9	13.5 21.9 16.7	8.7 1.1 11.6	* 0.1 *	0.8 0.1 0.3	0.3 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 *	* 0.5 0.3	0.1 * 0.1	3.4 2.9 3.4	100.0 100.0 100.0
Mexican Puerto Rican Cuban Other/not specified	104,759 71,374 3,494 77,619	25.3 11.2 19.9 23.7	11.0 15.9 16.8 15.3	12.4 42.4 12.7 14.6	1.2 1.5 2.3 1.6	4.0 6.3 11.2 5.3	4.4 5.7 9.0 4.7	18.8 14.1 20.2 16.0	21.6 0.9 4.2 8.4	0.1	0.1 0.6 0.7 0.3	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 *	0.3 0.3 0.1 0.2	0.1 * 0.1 0.1	0.5 1.0 2.5 9.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
Other	99,384	27.0	18.8	8.2	3.2	5.0	2.5	16.9	14.8	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.8	100.0
Alaska Native American Indian Asian/Pacific Islander Other	1,535 40,169 17,396 40,284	27.9 38.8 21.7 17.5	18.4 25.0 13.2 15.0	20.9 3.1 6.0 13.7	4.4 3.5 2.6 3.0	5.9 3.2 5.1 6.7	3.1 1.6 2.2 3.5	10.9 12.5 20.1 20.1	6.6 8.8 25.7 16.3	0.1 * 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.2 0.2 0.4	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.3	0.2 * 0.1	0.8 2.8 2.6 3.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

Table 2b (continued)

Admissions by gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007

Row percent distribution

							Prim	ary subst	ance at admis	ssion							
		Al	cohol	Opi	ates	Coca	ine		Stimula	nts							
Gender, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	No. of admis-	Alcohol	With secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	Mari- juana/	Metham- phetamine/ amphet-	Other stimu-	Tran- quil-	Seda-	Hallu- cino-		Inhal-	Other/ none speci-	
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied	To
Age at admission																	
Under 15 years	22,791	9.5	9.7	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.8	60.8	1.7	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	*	0.9	14.2	10
15 to 19 years	183,537	9.9	14.3	3.6	2.6	1.5	2.5	55.9	4.8	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	3.6	10
15 to 17 years	110,951	7.7	13.1	0.9	1.2	0.7	1.9	66.0	3.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	*	0.2	3.7	10
18 to 19 years	72,586	13.4	16.2	7.7	4.6	2.7	3.5	40.6	6.6	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	3.4	10
20 to 24 years	257,995	15.4	16.2	13.8	7.6	4.2	3.7	24.4	10.1	*	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.3	*	3.1	10
25 to 29 years	261,023	16.4	16.5	15.2	7.8	6.7	4.6	16.4	11.8	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.4	*	3.3	10
30 to 34 years	202,342	19.2	17.5	14.9	6.3	10.0	4.7	11.6	11.5	*	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	3.2	10
35 to 39 years	226,589	21.9	19.9	15.1	4.5	13.9	4.4	7.2	9.3	*	0.5	0.2	*	0.1	*	3.0	10
40 to 44 years	243,093	25.8	21.8	14.9	3.3	15.1	3.8	4.8	6.8	*	0.5	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.7	10
45 to 49 years	208,724	31.0	21.4	14.6	3.4	13.8	3.3	3.8	5.0	*	0.5	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.9	10
50 to 54 years	122,327	36.2	19.0	16.9	3.7	11.0	2.6	3.1	3.2	*	0.6	0.2	*	*	*	3.4	10
55 to 59 years	54,762	43.6	15.6	17.2	3.6	8.3	2.0	2.5	2.1	*	0.6	0.2	*	*	*	4.2	10
60 to 64 years	20,323	54.7	12.3	12.9	2.9	6.0	1.5	1.7	1.2	*	0.7	0.3	*	*	*	5.6	10
65 years and over	11,498	65.8	7.9	8.8	2.7	3.7	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.1	0.5	1.3		*		6.3	10

^{*} Less than 0.05 percent.

⁻⁻ Quantity is zero.

Table 3

Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes: TEDS 2007

Percent distribution

-	·		, ,		•		Primary	substance	e at admissio	n						
Frequency of use, route of		Al	cohol	Opia	ates	Coca	aine		Stimula	nts						
administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admis- sions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
Total	1,817,577	406,038	326,887	246,871	90,516	167,914	66,858	287,933	143,024	897	9,949	4,210	1,502	3,124	992	60,862
Frequency of use																
No use in the past month	28.9	26.4	27.5	16.1	19.4	27.8	37.9	37.2	47.3	25.6	20.7	26.6	50.3	42.6	33.9	36.1
1-3 times in the past month	12.6	16.1	12.7	3.5	5.0	11.3	15.7	16.4	15.5	10.9	7.8	9.9	11.7	18.1	19.9	9.8
1-2 times per week	9.2	12.9	10.0	2.6	3.6	9.3	10.6	10.4	9.7	6.4	4.7	6.6	8.8	10.2	10.6	7.0
3-6 times per week	11.9	13.1	13.2	6.7	9.5	15.5	13.1	12.1	11.4	10.6	9.0	14.0	10.3	10.6	13.2	9.4
Daily	37.4	31.5	36.6	71.1	62.5	36.1	22.7	23.9	16.2	46.5	57.7	43.0	18.9	18.4	22.4	37.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,751,097	401,391	325,109	246,221	89,975	166,953	66,146	286,080	142,330	879	9,876	4,150	1,475	3,110	984	6,418
Route of administration																
Oral	46.7	99.5	99.6	1.3	71.6		5.3	2.4	4.4	54.5	94.2	90.6	66.5	6.0	9.1	57.7
Smoking	31.9	0.3	0.3	2.3	1.7	100.0		96.6	66.4	35.4	2.1	2.8	19.9	91.4	7.4	14.6
Inhalation	11.6	0.1	0.1	32.0	15.9		80.7	0.8	9.9	5.5	2.7	3.0	4.2	1.7	80.9	6.9
Injection	9.5	0.1	0.1	64.0	10.1		11.3	0.1	18.4	3.5	0.7	3.0	7.6	0.7	1.5	4.3
Other	0.4	0.1	*	0.4	8.0		2.7	0.2	0.8	1.1	0.3	0.6	1.8	0.2	1.1	16.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,736,882	391,302	320,588	245,696	89,964	167,914	65,733	286,883	142,214	891	9,888	4,156	1,489	3,102	989	6,073

Table 3 (continued)

Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes: TEDS 2007

Percent distribution

							Primary	substanc	e at admissic	n						
Frequency of use, route of		Ale	cohol	Opia	ates	Coca	aine		Stimula	nts						
administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admis- sions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
Age at first use																
12 years or under	13.2	14.2	23.5	2.9	2.7	2.5	3.4	25.1	5.8	21.3	4.1	4.9	10.8	5.6	20.8	16.2
13 to 14 years	16.4	16.7	24.5	6.5	4.9	4.4	7.3	30.7	12.3	10.5	7.4	10.2	20.4	11.8	29.2	12.0
15 to 16 years	20.9	27.5	26.5	13.0	11.1	9.4	15.4	25.4	17.6	23.5	12.9	15.2	24.7	21.8	19.7	15.8
17 to 18 years	16.6	22.0	15.0	18.6	14.1	13.5	19.2	11.3	17.0	12.9	12.1	11.9	18.0	21.0	9.6	12.2
19 to 20 years	8.3	7.8	4.4	14.0	12.0	11.3	13.0	3.3	10.5	6.2	8.9	7.9	8.2	11.6	6.5	6.5
21 to 25 years	11.8	8.4	4.1	21.4	21.1	23.6	20.9	2.8	16.4	10.4	15.5	15.8	10.2	17.2	4.8	14.7
26 to 30 years	5.8	1.7	1.0	11.4	12.8	15.9	10.4	0.8	9.1	6.5	12.2	8.9	4.8	7.2	1.7	6.9
Over 30 years	6.9	1.7	0.9	12.1	21.4	19.3	10.2	0.6	11.2	8.7	26.9	25.2	2.9	3.9	7.7	15.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,749,201	399,991	325,192	245,772	89,602	167,274	66,254	286,194	142,184	865	9,850	4,163	1,495	3,108	980	6,277
No. of prior treatment episo	des															
None	44.1	51.4	39.4	22.9	42.8	32.2	43.3	57.9	49.9	61.8	38.3	58.8	47.9	41.2	58.9	67.7
1	21.4	20.6	21.6	18.0	23.5	20.9	23.4	23.1	24.2	13.8	21.9	19.5	22.4	24.5	17.8	14.5
2	12.1	10.2	13.2	14.9	13.3	14.6	13.3	9.5	12.2	8.2	12.9	9.0	12.3	16.0	8.1	6.3
3	7.0	5.6	8.0	10.8	7.2	9.9	7.4	4.1	6.0	2.7	7.5	4.7	6.5	7.3	6.6	3.2
4	4.0	3.1	4.7	6.9	4.0	6.1	4.0	1.8	3.0	2.1	5.0	2.3	3.6	3.0	2.3	1.7
5 or more	11.5	9.1	13.1	26.5	9.2	16.4	8.5	3.4	4.7	11.3	14.4	5.7	7.2	8.0	6.2	6.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,612,171	356,340	279,446	218,118	83,605	155,214	62,160	275,017	137,333	803	8,205	3,964	1,427	3,049	950	26,540

^{*} Less than 0.05 percent.

^{- -} Quantity is zero.

Table 4
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy: TEDS 2007
Percent distribution

							Primary	substance	e at admissio	n						
Type of service, source of		Al	cohol	Opia	ates	Coca	aine		Stimula	nts						
referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy	All admis- sions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
Total	1,817,577	406,038	326,887	246,871	90,516	167,914	66,858	287,933	143,024	897	9,949	4,210	1,502	3,124	992	60,862
Type of service																
Ambulatory	62.3	57.5	58.0	50.9	58.6	51.5	65.7	83.3	66.7	72.4	45.2	58.1	66.2	65.9	69.3	86.3
Outpatient Intensive outpatient Detoxification	49.4 10.6 2.2	46.3 9.1 2.2	45.6 11.0 1.5	39.8 6.2 5.0	42.9 9.4 6.3	37.9 12.6 1.0	50.6 13.6 1.6	67.0 14.9 1.3	53.8 12.2 0.7	63.9 5.8 2.7	31.2 8.1 5.9	43.1 12.9 2.1	50.3 15.2 0.7	49.9 15.7 0.3	51.6 15.1 2.5	78.4 6.7 1.3
Rehabilitation/residential	18.1	12.4	19.3	16.1	17.6	31.7	24.6	14.5	26.0	12.0	21.3	23.9	27.6	28.9	21.4	9.6
Short-term (<31 days) Long-term (31+ days) Hospital (non-detox)	10.0 7.6 0.4	7.9 4.0 0.5	11.8 7.1 0.4	8.0 7.7 0.4	11.3 5.7 0.6	17.2 14.1 0.4	14.2 10.1 0.3	7.7 6.6 0.2	9.7 16.0 0.3	7.5 4.1 0.4	15.0 5.5 0.7	17.8 5.4 0.7	13.3 13.2 1.0	12.3 16.4 0.2	12.2 8.7 0.5	6.5 2.3 0.8
Detoxification (24-hour service)	19.7	30.0	22.6	33.0	23.9	16.8	9.7	2.2	7.4	15.6	33.5	18.0	6.3	5.2	9.4	4.0
Free-standing residential Hospital inpatient Total	15.6 4.1 100.0	25.0 5.1 100.0	16.3 6.4 100.0	23.3 9.7 100.0	18.9 5.0 100.0	15.8 1.0 100.0	8.6 1.0 100.0	2.1 0.1 100.0	7.0 0.3 100.0	14.8 0.8 100.0	20.6 12.9 100.0	14.3 3.7 100.0	5.9 0.3 100.0	4.9 0.3 100.0	8.5 0.9 100.0	3.4 0.7 100.0
No. of admissions	1,817,577	406,038	326,887	246,871	90,516	167,914	66,858	287,933	143,024	897	9,949	4,210	1,502	3,124	992	60,862

Table 4 (continued)

Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy: TEDS 2007

Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data is	eported to 11	LBO by an	rreporting 0	tates and	junoulotic	710. 000 11		substance	e at admissio	n						
Time of comice course of		Ale	cohol	Opia	ates	Coca			Stimula							
Type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid replacement therapy	All admis- sions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
Source of referral to treatmer	nt															
Criminal justice/DUI Self- or individual Substance abuse treatment	37.5 32.6	42.5 28.6	35.8 31.6	14.2 58.1	16.6 51.6	28.2 36.1	37.2 28.6	56.9 14.8	56.6 20.7	28.0 24.4	20.8 41.5	25.8 38.4	41.3 27.9	53.8 20.8	33.8 29.1	29.8 40.7
provider Other health care provider School (educational) Employer/EAP	10.4 6.6 1.0 0.7	8.4 8.0 0.7 0.9	12.3 7.7 0.7 0.8	14.8 5.6 0.1 0.2	14.0 8.8 0.2 0.7	15.6 6.7 0.1 0.4	12.7 5.8 0.3 1.2	6.1 4.0 3.5 0.9	5.7 2.9 0.3 0.3	9.6 16.4 2.5 0.1	15.0 11.7 0.6 0.6	14.9 7.9 1.7 0.8	9.4 6.8 1.2 0.3	8.1 3.5 0.1 0.4	8.7 9.4 7.8 0.2	2.1 12.8 3.7 0.4
Other community referral Total	11.2 100.0 1.789.701	11.0 100.0	11.1 100.0	7.1 100.0	8.2 100.0	12.9 100.0	14.2 100.0	13.7 100.0	13.6 100.0	19.0 100.0	9.8 100.0	10.6 100.0	13.1 100.0	13.3 100.0	11.0 100.0	10.4 100.0
No. of admissions Medication-assisted opioid therapy ¹	1,769,701	401,292	322,953	244,361	89,416	165,919	00,102	284,138	141,044	025	9,857	4,151	1,453	3,059	958	54,173
Yes No Total	5.4 94.6 100.0	0.2 99.8 100.0	0.3 99.7 100.0	29.1 70.9 100.0	20.0 80.0 100.0	0.4 99.6 100.0	0.7 99.3 100.0	0.2 99.8 100.0	0.3 99.7 100.0	1.4 98.6 100.0	2.0 98.0 100.0	2.2 97.8 100.0	3.2 96.8 100.0	0.4 99.6 100.0	0.3 99.7 100.0	3.6 96.4 100.0
No. of admissions	1,691,663	386,825	305,514	235,632		160,992		272,002	129,613			4,052	1,315	3,029	946	30,937

¹ Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine.

Table 5
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to employment status (aged 16 and over) and education (aged 18 and over): TEDS 2007
Percent distribution

Daded on administrative data rep			1 0	,				substance	at admissio	n						
Employment status (aged 16		Ale	cohol	Opia	ates	Coc	aine		Stimula	nts						
and over) and education (aged 18 and over)	All admis- sions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amine	Other stimu- lants		Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
Total admissions aged 16 and over	1,764,176	401,624	321,063	246,514	90,052	167,512	66,157	253,856	141,705	813	9,754	4,043	1,390	3,101	682	55,910
Employment status																
Employed	29.1	42.5	29.5	15.6	29.0	15.6	29.9	31.0	26.2	27.2	20.5	23.9	23.9	22.6	24.3	32.3
Full time Part time	21.5 7.6	33.9 8.6	21.7 7.7	10.9 4.7	21.4 7.6	10.9 4.8	22.7 7.2	20.7 10.3	17.9 8.3	17.4 9.8	14.8 5.7	17.1 6.8	15.8 8.1	15.8 6.8	16.0 8.2	23.2 9.2
Unemployed Not in labor force Total	33.9 37.0 100.0	29.6 27.9 100.0	31.7 38.9 100.0	36.8 47.6 100.0	37.9 33.0 100.0	40.9 43.5 100.0	33.9 36.2 100.0	30.9 38.1 100.0	37.1 36.7 100.0	31.3 41.5 100.0	33.5 46.0 100.0	31.2 45.0 100.0	32.7 43.4 100.0	35.0 42.4 100.0	34.3 41.4 100.0	44.4 23.3 100.0
Admissions aged 16 and over	1,739,494	393,087	318,105	243,871	88,808	166,080	65,445	251,609	140,705	772	9,608	3,935	1,368	3,030	667	52,404
Total admissions aged 18 and over		394,955	309,834	245,598	88,919	166,905	64,431	200,337	138,470	727	9,430	3,811	1,110	3,055	560	53,120
Highest school grade complete	ed															
0 to 8 9 to 11 12 (or GED) More than 12 Total	5.7 26.6 44.1 23.6 100.0	5.8 17.8 44.5 31.9 100.0	5.1 26.5 44.5 23.9 100.0	7.1 29.4 45.5 18.1 100.0	4.2 20.5 45.3 30.0 100.0	5.7 29.2 43.2 21.9 100.0	5.9 27.1 43.1 23.8 100.0	4.9 37.2 43.1 14.8 100.0	5.7 32.3 44.8 17.2 100.0	7.9 25.1 40.9 26.1 100.0	5.3 23.7 42.0 29.1 100.0	4.1 22.3 40.3 33.3 100.0	3.8 32.7 44.4 19.0 100.0	7.0 43.5 39.3 10.1 100.0	7.8 32.1 41.5 18.7 100.0	6.7 26.5 36.9 29.9 100.0
Admissions aged 18 and over	1,654,468	387,666	307,197	243,327	87,715	165,611	63,699	198,589	137,555	685	9,303	3,773	1,098	3,041	552	44,657

Table 6a
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007
Number

-			•				Prima	ıry substar	nce at admiss	sion						
		Ale	cohol	Opi	ates	Coca	ine		Stimula	nts						
State or jurisdiction									Metham-							Other/
•			With					Mari-	phetamine/	Other	Tran-		Hallu-			none
	All admis-	Alcohol	secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	juana/	amphet-	stimu-	quil-	Seda-	cino-		Inhal-	speci-
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied
Total	1,817,577	406,038	326,887	246,871	90,516	167,914	66,858	287,933	143,024	897	9,949	4,210	1,502	3,124	992	60,862
Alabama	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	#	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Alaska	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Arizona	43,440	4,786	2,700	1,722	522	1,117	710	3,048	4,152	36	71	40	35		7	24,494
Arkansas	14,514	3,183	2,441	40	1,186	1,353	490	2,713	2,551	4	187	144	20	13	24	165
California	195,362	20,513	20,099	28,493	6,031	15,542	3,851	31,362	67,312	237	221	273	111	694	105	518
Colorado	78,536	49,768	8,567	1,615	1,186	2,831	1,764	6,324	5,809	104	196	131	36	4	24	177
Connecticut	44,812	7,616	7,803	15,529	2,050	3,914	1,920	4,260	85	11	210	94	105	312	55	848
Delaware	8,461	975	1,260	2,052	826	946	338	1,721	24		24	10	2	25	1	257
District of Columbia	2,261	24	25	43		48	2	3	1					6		2,109
Florida	44,624	7,314	5,556	1,184	3,706	6,336	3,400	12,918	815	20	559	76	23	3	19	2,695
Georgia	‡	‡	‡	±	‡	‡	‡	#	±	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hawaii	6,993	1,155	1,198	148	173	175	70	1,783	2,184	10	4	11	2		4	76
Idaho	5,477	748	798	123	172	22	58	1,259	2,250		4	1	7		17	18
Illinois	50,601	8,409	7,185	13,226	1,078	7,901	1,711	9,931	870	14	118	22	35	27	18	56
Indiana	29,087	7,216	6,784	590	1,807	2,675	745	6,916	1,459	20	372	110	25	10	16	342
Iowa	25,451	7,342	5,734	170	471	1,356	416	6,418	3,262	5	67	27	22	3	23	135
Kansas	15,564	2,863	3,505	90	349	1,897	494	4,150	2,025	5	44	26	9	36	21	50
Kentucky	24,100	4,695	4,761	513	3,628	2,623	1,177	4,235	1,045	23	584	28	10	4	26	748
Louisiana	24,453	2,687	3,894	405	2,630	4,839	1,672	5,394	976	5	366	238	49	32	18	1,248
Maine	15,722	5,033	2,922	1,221	3,793	545	482	1,432	79	13	119	21	9		3	50

Table 6a (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007
Number

		Primary substance at admission Alcohol Opiates Cocaine Stimulants														
		Ale	cohol	Opi	ates	Coca	aine		Stimula	nts						
State or jurisdiction									Metham-							Other/
•			With					Mari-	phetamine/	Other	Tran-		Hallu-			none
	All admis-	Alcohol	secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	juana/	amphet-	stimu-	quil-	Seda-	cino-		Inhal-	speci-
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied
Maryland	68,693	13,629	10,739	17,677	4,503	7,957	2,093	10,660	217	11	503	70	60	399	15	160
Massachusetts	64,629	12,135	10,396	27,865	4,624	3,006	1,888	3,588	157	9	630	18	28	15	2	268
Michigan	62,578	15,205	11,666	8,566	4,941	8,442	1,897	10,856	434	3	241	136	15		33	143
Minnesota	49,500	14,848	11,289	1,743	2,427	3,043	1,580	8,231	4,871	12	215	48	120	12	26	1,035
Mississippi	‡	‡	‡	#	‡	#	‡	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Missouri	47,266	10,168	5,824	2,201	1,346	5,625	1,190	11,213	4,513	22	335	78	28	195	49	4,479
Montana	9,143	2,036	3,515	108	671	57	98	1,618	919	8	28	11	23	4	12	35
Nebraska	16,528	9,947	2,441	16	228	576	196	1,138	1,591	6	22	17	10	3	38	299
Nevada	9,872	2,173	1,503	576	335	681	202	1,507	2,782	2	19	22	6	12	8	44
New Hampshire	5,557	1,488	1,249	627	396	379	354	677	52	1	26	5	4	2	4	293
New Jersey	59,800	10,510	7,881	21,982	3,435	4,054	2,740	8,099	203		412	35	28	206	8	207
New Mexico	10,735	3,772	1,491	678	264	301	386	599	872	5	13	7	5	2	4	2,336
New York	307,531	56,788	84,042	57,177	10,240	33,437	16,485	44,319	787	59	2,399	552	92	477	48	629
North Carolina	20,822	3,542	5,159	1,129	1,911	4,669	1,293	2,215	269	5	168	39	11	9	3	400
North Dakota	2,403	782	639	4	69	15	19	606	248	1	6	1	1		3	9
Ohio	75,117	14,608	15,969	7,117	3,733	9,179	2,360	16,295	566	73	340	125	35	119	47	4,551
Oklahoma	16,860	3,151	2,960	118	1,133	1,221	491	3,196	3,322	17	168	124	20	38	35	866
Oregon	48,868	17,650	9,617	3,415	1,655	748	359	7,023	8,113		21	111	58	5	30	63
Pennsylvania	69,435	16,626	11,183	12,706	5,051	8,449	3,366	10,309	294	41	454	151	77	152	34	542
Puerto Rico	3,628	1,126	72	1,627	33	71	172	444	2		3	6				72

Table 6a (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007
Number

							Prima	ary substai	nce at admiss	sion						
		Al	cohol	Opi	ates	Coca	aine		Stimula	nts						
State or jurisdiction			With					Mari-	Metham- phetamine/	Other	Tran-		Hallu-			Other/ none
	All admis-	Alcohol	secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	juana/	amphet-	stimu-	quil-	Seda-	cino-		Inhal-	speci-
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied
Rhode Island	11,390	2,807	1,749	2,306	1,109	1,168	406	1,692	27	3	75	8	8	2	4	26
South Carolina	29,924	9,007	4,861	316	1,300	3,073	1,175	5,754	608	7	140	124	27	4	25	3,503
South Dakota	15,739	7,690	4,596	25	167	79	96	1,912	898	4	5	7	3		46	211
Tennessee	10,278	2,264	1,528	n/c	1,740	1,748	487	1,414	287	6	1	284	112		11	396
Texas	45,418	5,420	5,423	4,076	2,960	6,099	4,792	10,614	4,816		117	799	34	178	39	51
Utah	14,129	3,062	1,790	1,678	782	856	331	1,943	3,538	4	61	14	19	1	20	30
Vermont	8,083	2,477	1,691	447	1,503	323	346	1,145	30	8	46	14	4		5	44
Virginia	31,781	5,237	6,345	2,093	1,607	3,812	1,368	5,762	362	61	158	52	26	102	21	4,775
Washington	38,082	6,411	9,423	2,495	1,378	2,163	763	7,707	6,378		122	49	128	16	17	1,032
West Virginia		‡	‡	#	‡	‡	‡	#	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Wisconsin	29,834	15,261	5,701	917	1,253	2,539	572	2,747	355	11	67	26	17	1	14	353
Wyoming	4,496	1,891	913	22	114	24	53	783	614	11	8	25	3	1	10	24

n/c State does not collect these data. In Tennessee, Heroin admissions are included in Other opiates.

⁻⁻ Quantity is zero.

[‡] No data, or less than a full calendar year of data, submitted.

Table 6b
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007
Percent distribution

[Based on administrativ	c data repoi	CG TO TE	.Do by all lop	Joining O	atco ana	jarioalotioi			bstance at ac			C WILLI CO	aution.j				
		Al	cohol	Opi	ates	Coca			Stimula								
State or jurisdiction									Metham-							Other/	
,			With					Mari-	phetamine/	Other	Tran-		Hallu-			none	
	All admis-	Alcohol	secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	juana/	amphet-	stimu-	quil-	Seda-	cino-		Inhal-	speci-	
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied	Total
Total	1,817,577	22.3	18.0	13.6	5.0	9.2	3.7	15.8	7.9	*	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	3.3	100.0
Alabama	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡		‡	‡	ļ ‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Alaska	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	±	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Arizona	43,440	11.0	6.2	4.0	1.2	2.6	1.6	7.0	9.6	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1		*	56.4	100.0
Arkansas	14,514	21.9	16.8	0.3	8.2	9.3	3.4	18.7	17.6	*	1.3	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.1	100.0
California	195,362	10.5	10.3	14.6	3.1	8.0	2.0	16.1	34.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	100.0
Colorado	78,536	63.4	10.9	2.1	1.5	3.6	2.2	8.1	7.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	*	*	*	0.2	100.0
Connecticut	44,812	17.0	17.4	34.7	4.6	8.7	4.3	9.5	0.2	*	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.1	1.9	100.0
Delaware	8,461	11.5	14.9	24.3	9.8	11.2	4.0	20.3	0.3		0.3	0.1	*	0.3	*	3.0	100.0
District of Columbia	2,261	1.1	1.1	1.9		2.1	0.1	0.1	*					0.3		93.3	100.0
Florida	44,624	16.4	12.5	2.7	8.3	14.2	7.6	28.9	1.8	*	1.3	0.2	0.1	*	*	6.0	100.0
Georgia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hawaii	6,993	16.5	17.1	2.1	2.5	2.5	1.0	25.5	31.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	*		0.1	1.1	100.0
Idaho	5,477	13.7	14.6	2.2	3.1	0.4	1.1	23.0	41.1		0.1	*	0.1		0.3	0.3	100.0
Illinois	50,601	16.6	14.2	26.1	2.1	15.6	3.4	19.6	1.7	*	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	100.0
Indiana	29,087	24.8	23.3	2.0	6.2	9.2	2.6	23.8	5.0	0.1	1.3	0.4	0.1	*	0.1	1.2	100.0
Iowa	25,451	28.8	22.5	0.7	1.9	5.3	1.6	25.2	12.8	*	0.3	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.5	100.0
Kansas	15,564	18.4	22.5	0.6	2.2	12.2	3.2	26.7	13.0	*	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	100.0
Kentucky	24,100	19.5	19.8	2.1	15.1	10.9	4.9	17.6	4.3	0.1	2.4	0.1	*	*	0.1	3.1	100.0
Louisiana	24,453	11.0	15.9	1.7	10.8	19.8	6.8	22.1	4.0	*	1.5	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	5.1	100.0
Maine	15,722	32.0	18.6	7.8	24.1	3.5	3.1	9.1	0.5	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.1		*	0.3	100.0

Table 6b (continued)

Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007

Percent distribution

[Basea on administrati	·		, ,			,		•	bstance at a								
		Al	cohol	Opi	ates	Coca	ine		Stimula	nts							
State or jurisdiction									Metham-							Other/	
,			With					Mari-	phetamine/	Other	Tran-		Hallu-			none	
	All admis-	Alcohol	secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	juana/	amphet-	stimu-	quil-	Seda-	cino-		Inhal-	speci-	
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied	Total
Maryland	68,693	19.8	15.6	25.7	6.6	11.6	3.0	15.5	0.3	*	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.6		0.2	100.0
Massachusetts	64,629	18.8	16.1	43.1	7.2	4.7	2.9	5.6	0.2	*	1.0	*	*	*	*	0.4	100.0
Michigan	62,578	24.3	18.6	13.7	7.9	13.5	3.0	17.3	0.7	*	0.4	0.2	*		0.1	0.2	100.0
Minnesota	49,500	30.0	22.8	3.5	4.9	6.1	3.2	16.6	9.8	*	0.4	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	2.1	100.0
Mississippi	‡	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	#	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Missouri	47,266	21.5	12.3	4.7	2.8	11.9	2.5	23.7	9.5	*	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	9.5	100.0
Montana	9,143	22.3	38.4	1.2	7.3	0.6	1.1	17.7	10.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	*	0.1	0.4	100.0
Nebraska	16,528	60.2	14.8	0.1	1.4	3.5	1.2	6.9	9.6	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.2	1.8	100.0
Nevada	9,872	22.0	15.2	5.8	3.4	6.9	2.0	15.3	28.2	*	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	100.0
New Hampshire	5,557	26.8	22.5	11.3	7.1	6.8	6.4	12.2	0.9	*	0.5	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	5.3	100.0
New Jersey	59,800	17.6	13.2	36.8	5.7	6.8	4.6	13.5	0.3		0.7	0.1	*	0.3	*	0.3	100.0
New Mexico	10,735	35.1	13.9	6.3	2.5	2.8	3.6	5.6	8.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	21.8	100.0
New York	307,531	18.5	27.3	18.6	3.3	10.9	5.4	14.4	0.3	*	0.8	0.2	*	0.2	*	0.2	100.0
North Carolina	20,822	17.0	24.8	5.4	9.2	22.4	6.2	10.6	1.3	*	0.8	0.2	0.1	*	*	1.9	100.0
North Dakota	2,403	32.5	26.6	0.2	2.9	0.6	8.0	25.2	10.3	*	0.2	*	*		0.1	0.4	100.0
Ohio	75,117	19.4	21.3	9.5	5.0	12.2	3.1	21.7	0.8	0.1	0.5	0.2	*	0.2	0.1	6.1	100.0
Oklahoma	16,860	18.7	17.6	0.7	6.7	7.2	2.9	19.0	19.7	0.1	1.0	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.2	5.1	100.0
Oregon	48,868	36.1	19.7	7.0	3.4	1.5	0.7	14.4	16.6		*	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	100.0
Pennsylvania	69,435	23.9	16.1	18.3	7.3	12.2	4.8	14.8	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.2	*	0.8	100.0
Puerto Rico	3,628	31.0	2.0	44.8	0.9	2.0	4.7	12.2	0.1		0.1	0.2				2.0	100.0

Table 6b (continued)

Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2007

Percent distribution

<u> </u>	-						F	Primary su	substance at admission										
		Al	lcohol	Opi	ates	Cocaine			Stimulants										
State or jurisdiction									Metham-							Other/			
otato or jamouronom			With					Mari-	phetamine/	Other	Tran-		Hallu-			none			
	All admis-	Alcohol	secondary		Other	Smoked	Other	juana/	amphet-	stimu-	quil-	Seda-	cino-		Inhal-	speci-			
	sions	only	drug	Heroin	opiates	cocaine	route	hashish	amine	lants	izers	tives	gens	PCP	ants	fied	Total		
Rhode Island	11,390	24.6	15.4	20.2	9.7	10.3	3.6	14.9	0.2	*	0.7	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.2	100.0		
South Carolina	29,924	30.1	16.2	1.1	4.3	10.3	3.9	19.2	2.0	*	0.5	0.4	0.1	*	0.1	11.7	100.0		
South Dakota	15,739	48.9	29.2	0.2	1.1	0.5	0.6	12.1	5.7	*	*	*	*		0.3	1.3	100.0		
Tennessee	10,278	22.0	14.9	n/c	16.9	17.0	4.7	13.8	2.8	0.1	*	2.8	1.1		0.1	3.9	100.0		
Texas	45,418	11.9	11.9	9.0	6.5	13.4	10.6	23.4	10.6		0.3	1.8	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	100.0		
Utah	14,129	21.7	12.7	11.9	5.5	6.1	2.3	13.8	25.0	*	0.4	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.2	100.0		
Vermont	8,083	30.6	20.9	5.5	18.6	4.0	4.3	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.2	*		0.1	0.5	100.0		
Virginia	31,781	16.5	20.0	6.6	5.1	12.0	4.3	18.1	1.1	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	15.0	100.0		
Washington	38,082	16.8	24.7	6.6	3.6	5.7	2.0	20.2	16.7		0.3	0.1	0.3	*	*	2.7	100.0		
West Virginia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	#	#	‡	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡		
Wisconsin	29,834	51.2	19.1	3.1	4.2	8.5	1.9	9.2	1.2	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	*	1.2	100.0		
Wyoming	4,496	42.1	20.3	0.5	2.5	0.5	1.2	17.4	13.7	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.1	*	0.2	0.5	100.0		

n/c State does not collect these data. In Tennessee, Heroin admissions are included in Other opiates.

^{*} Less than 0.05 percent.

⁻⁻ Quantity is zero.

[‡] No data, or less than a full calendar year of data, submitted.

APPENDIX

TEDS MINIMUM DATA SET

CLIENT OR CODEPENDENT/COLLATERAL

• Client:

- Has an alcohol or drug related problem
- Has completed the screening and intake process
- Has been formally admitted for treatment or recovery service in an alcohol or drug treatment unit
- Has his or her own client record

A person is not a client if he or she has completed only a screening or intake process or has been placed on a waiting list.

• Codependent/collateral:

- Has no alcohol or drug related problem
- Is seeking services because of problems arising from his or her relationship with an alcohol or drug user
- Has been formally admitted for service to a treatment unit
- Has his or her own client record or has a record within a primary client record

GUIDELINES: Reporting of *Codependent/collateral* is optional. If a record does not include a value for this field, it is assumed to be a substance abuse client record. If a substance abuse client with an existing record in TEDS becomes a codependent, a new client record should be submitted indicating that the client has been admitted as a codependent, and vice versa.

TRANSACTION TYPE

Identifies whether a record is for an admission or a transfer/change in service.

- A. Admission
- T. Transfer/change in service

GUIDELINES: For TEDS, a treatment episode is defined as that period of service between the beginning of treatment for a drug or alcohol problem and the termination of services for the prescribed treatment plan. The episode includes one admission (when services begin) and one discharge (when services end). Within a treatment episode, a client may transfer to a different service, facility, program, or location. In some data systems, such transfers may generate admissions records. When it is feasible for the State to identify transfers, they should be reported as transfers, not as admissions. When admissions and transfers cannot be differentiated in a State data system, such changes in service should be reported to TEDS as admissions.

DATE OF ADMISSION

The day when the client receives his or her first direct treatment or recovery service.

TYPE OF SERVICE AT ADMISSION

Describes the type of service the client receives.

- **Detoxification, 24-hour service, hospital inpatient.** 24-hour per day medical acute care services in a hospital setting for detoxification for persons with severe medical complications associated with withdrawal
- **Detoxification, 24-hour service, free-standing residential.** 24-hour per day services in a non-hospital setting providing for safe withdrawal and transition to ongoing treatment
- Rehabilitation/residential, hospital (other than detoxification). 24-hour per day medical care in a hospital facility in conjunction with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- Rehabilitation/residential, short-term (30 days or fewer). Typically, 30 days or fewer of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- Rehabilitation/residential, long-term (more than 30 days). Typically, more than 30 days of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency; this may include transitional living arrangements such as halfway houses
- **Ambulatory, intensive outpatient.** As a minimum, the client must receive treatment lasting two or more hours per day for three or more days per week
- **Ambulatory, non-intensive outpatient.** Ambulatory treatment services including individual, family, and/or group services; these may include pharmacological therapies
- **Ambulatory, detoxification.** Outpatient treatment services providing for safe withdrawal in an ambulatory setting (pharmacological or non-pharmacological)

AGE

Identifies client's age at admission. Derived from client's date of birth and date of admission.

- **0.** Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- 1-96. Indicates the age at admission

SEX

Identifies client's sex.

- Male
- Female

RACE

Specifies the client's race.

- Alaska Native (Aleut, Eskimo, Indian). Origins in any of the original people of Alaska
- American Indian (other than Alaska Native). Origins in any of the original people of North America and South America (including Central America) and who maintain cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment
- **Asian or Pacific Islander.** Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, Southeast Asia, or the Pacific Islands
 - **Asian.** Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, or Southeast Asia, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam
 - **Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander.** Origins in any of the original people of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands
- Black or African American. Origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa
- White. Origins in any of the original people of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East
- Other single race. Client is not classified in any category above or whose origin group, because of area custom, is regarded as a racial class distinct from the above categories
- **Two or more races.** For use when the State data system allows multiple race selection and more than one race is indicated

GUIDELINES: If a State does not distinguish between *American Indian* and *Alaska Native*, both should be coded as *American Indian*. If a State does not distinguish between *Asian* and *Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander*, both should be coded as *Asian or Pacific Islander*. For States that collect multiple races: a) when a single race is designated, the specific race code should be used; b) if the State collects a primary or preferred race along with additional races, the code for the primary/preferred race should be used; c) if the State uses a system such as an algorithm to select a single race when multiple races have been designated, the same system may be used to determine the race code for TEDS. When two or more races have been designated and neither (b) nor (c) above apply, the TEDS code for *Two or more races* should be used.

ETHNICITY

Identifies client's specific Hispanic origin

- Puerto Rican. Of Puerto Rican origin, regardless of race
- Mexican. Of Mexican origin, regardless of race
- Cuban. Of Cuban origin, regardless of race
- Other specific Hispanic. Of known Central or South American or any other Spanish cultural origin (including Spain), other than Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Cuban, regardless of race
- **Hispanic (specific origin not specified).** Of Hispanic origin, but specific origin not known or not specified
- Not of Hispanic origin

GUIDELINES: If a State does not collect specific Hispanic detail, code *Ethnicity* for Hispanics as *Hispanic (specific origin not specified)*.

NUMBER OF PRIOR TREATMENT EPISODES

Indicates the number of previous treatment episodes the client has received in any drug or alcohol program. Changes in service for the same episode (transfers) should *not* be counted as separate prior episodes.

- 0 previous episodes
- 1 previous episode
- 2 previous episodes
- 3 previous episodes
- 4 previous episodes
- 5 or more previous episodes

GUIDELINES: It is preferred that the number of prior treatments be a self-reporting field collected at the time of client intake. However, this data item may be derived from the State data system if the system has that capability, and episodes can be counted for at least several years.

EDUCATION

Specifies the highest school grade the client has completed.

- **0.** Less than one grade completed
- 1-25. Years of school (highest grade) completed

GUIDELINES: States that use specific categories for some code numbers should map their codes to a logical number of years of school completed. For General Equivalency Degree, use 12. For Bachelor's Degree, use 16.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Identifies the client's employment status at the time of admission or transfer.

- **Full time.** Working 35 hours or more each week; includes members of the uniformed services
- Part time. Working fewer than 35 hours each week
- Unemployed. Looking for work during the past 30 days, or on layoff from a job
- **Not in labor force.** Not looking for work during the past 30 days, or a student, homemaker, disabled, retired, or an inmate of an institution

GUIDELINES: Seasonal workers are coded in this category based on their employment status at time of admission.

PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF REFERRAL

Describes the person or agency referring the client to the alcohol or drug abuse treatment program.

- Individual (includes self-referral). Includes the client, a family member, friend, or any other individual who would not be included in any of the following categories; includes self-referral due to pending DWI/DUI
- Alcohol/drug abuse care provider. Any program, clinic, or other health care provider whose principal objective is treating clients with substance abuse problems, or a program whose activities are related to alcohol or other drug abuse prevention, education, or treatment
- Other health care provider. A physician, psychiatrist, or other licensed health care professional; or general hospital, psychiatric hospital, mental health program, or nursing home
- **School (educational).** A school principal, counselor, or teacher; or a student assistance program (SAP), the school system, or an educational agency
- Employer/EAP. A supervisor or an employee counselor
- Other community referral. Community or religious organization or any Federal, State, or local agency that provides aid in the areas of poverty relief, unemployment, shelter, or social welfare. Self-help groups such as Alcoholics Anonymous (AA), Al-Anon, and Narcotics Anonymous (NA) are also included in this category. Defense attorneys are included in this category.
- Court/criminal justice referral/DUI/DWI. Any police official, judge, prosecutor, probation officer, or other person affiliated with a Federal, State, or county judicial system. Includes referral by a court for DWI/DUI, clients referred in lieu of or for deferred prosecution, or during pretrial release, or before or after official adjudication. Includes clients on pre-parole, pre-release, work or home furlough, or TASC. Client need not be officially designated as "on parole." Includes clients referred through civil commitment.

SUBSTANCE PROBLEM (PRIMARY, SECONDARY, OR TERTIARY)

These fields identify the client's primary, secondary, and tertiary substance problems.

- None
- Alcohol
- Cocaine/crack
- Marijuana/hashish. This includes THC and any other cannabis sativa preparations
- Heroin
- Nonprescription methadone
- Other opiates and synthetics. Includes codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects
- **PCP.** Phencyclidine
- Other hallucinogens. Includes LSD, DMT, STP, hallucinogens, mescaline, peyote, psilocybin, etc.
- Methamphetamine
- Other amphetamines. Includes amphetamines, MDMA, phenmetrazine, and other unspecified amines and related drugs
- Other stimulants. Includes methylphenidate and any other stimulants
- Benzodiazepines. Includes alprazolam, chlordiazepoxide, clonazepam, clorazepate, diazepam, flunitrazepam, flurazepam, halazepam, lorazepam, oxazepam, prazepam, temazepam, triazolam, and other unspecified benzodiazepines
- Other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers. Includes meprobamate and other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers
- **Barbiturates.** Amobarbital, pentobarbital, phenobarbital, secobarbital, etc.
- Other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics. Includes chloral hydrate, ethchlorvynol, glutethimide, methaqualone, and other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics
- Inhalants. Includes chloroform, ether, gasoline, glue, nitrous oxide, paint thinner, etc.
- Over-the-counter medications. Includes aspirin, cough syrup, diphenhydramine and other antihistamines, sleep aids, any other legally obtained nonprescription medication
- Other. Includes diphenylhydantoin/phenytoin, GHB/GBL, ketamine, etc.

USUAL ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCES)

These fields identify the usual route of administration of the respective substances.

- Oral
- Smoking
- Inhalation
- Injection (IV or intramuscular)
- Other

FREQUENCY OF USE (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCES)

These fields identify the frequency of use of the respective substances.

- No use in the past month
- 1-3 times in the past month
- 1-2 times in the past week
- 3-6 times in the past week
- Daily

AGE OF FIRST USE (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCE)

For drugs other than alcohol, these fields identify the age at which the client first used the respective substance. For alcohol, these fields record the age of first intoxication.

- **0.** Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- 1-96. Indicates the age at first use

MEDICATION-ASSISTED OPIOID THERAPY

Identifies whether the use of methadone or buprenorphine is part of the client's treatment plan.

- Yes
- No