## **Archived Information**

## **Comprehensive Centers Program - 2002**

CFDA Number: 84.283 - Comprehensive Regional Assistance Centers

Goal 8: To assist Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) recipients in improving teaching and learning for all children, particularly children at risk of education failure

Objective 8.1 of 1: Provide high-quality comprehensive technical assistance to states, territories, tribes, school districts, and schools that helps students reach high academic standards.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2. Addressing legislative priorities: 80% of comprehensive center customers served will be school

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Addressing legislative priorities: 80% of comprehensive center customers served will be school wide programs, high-poverty schools, and Bureau of Indian Affairs-funded schools.										
Targets and Performance Data  Comprehensive Center customers (in percentages)								Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
									Status: Target	Additional
Year	Actual Performance				Performance Targets			s	exceeded	Source Information:
1998 1999 2000	50 44 59	12 30 26	4 3 2	66 77 89	School wide Programs	High- poverty schools, non- school wide programs	BIA Schools <sup>-</sup>	80 80	Progress: In 2002, 87 percent of customers receiving CC services were legislative priority schools (high-poverty school-wides, high- poverty non-schoolwides or BIA schools). Of the legislative priority schools, the CCs targeted and provided services to an increasingly larger	Comprehensive Centers (CC) Semi-Annual Performance Report: Data Tables  Frequency: Semi-Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: April 2003
2001 2002	44 52	43 34	1	89 87				80 80		
							number of high-poverty schools in 2002.  Explanation: In addition to schools designated in the legislation as high priority schools, the CCs also provided services to State agencies, targeted local school districts, intermediate units, and non-priority schools. Since 1998, the CCs have increasingly targeted technical assistance to high-poverty, low-performing schools.	Validated By: No Formal Verification.  Limitations: Data are self- reported in the CC Performance Reports ( a uniform, reporting instrument), reviewed by ED during information synthesis, and compiled and analyzed by an external contractor.  Improvements: The Comprehensive Centers recently refined reporting to ensure no duplication of school counts occurs during a given year.		

	of 2: Showing impact with cus			ey have
incorporated in	Targets and Performance	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of I	Participants	Status: Target not met	Additional	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	<b>Progress:</b> The data in	Source Information:
1999	72		the table represent the	Customer survey.
2000		75	response of school-	F
2000	71	75 75	based (teachers and principals) respondents. However, in addition to collecting data from school-based customers, data were collected from state and local administrators. 82% of state and local administrators reported they have incorporated information or skills learned from the Centers into their work. When both categories of respondents are included in measuring progress, the Centers exceed their targets.  Explanation: Additional data under this indicator come from a 2002 national evaluation of the Reading Success Network. Results: K-1 grades-RSN kindergarteners showed more phonemic awareness skill growth, p<.001, than non-RSN kindergartners in the 2001-2002 school year; RSN 1st graders showed more growth in phonemic awareness skills, p<.002, and in decoding words, p<.001, than did the non-RSN 1st graders. Results: 2nd and 3rd grades-Both LEP and monolingual students taught by RSN teachers made greater gains on vocabulary and word analysis skills than did non-RSN taught	Frequency: Biennially. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: June 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.  Improvements: The national evaluation of the Reading Success Network, referenced above, provides data on both teachers' and their students' achievement, the ultimate goal of accountability measures. Control schools were used in the evaluation.