Archived Information

FY 2002 PROGRAM PERFORMANCE REPORT

U.S. Department of Education

Contents

Introduction	1
21st Century Community Learning Centers	2
Adult Education: State Grants and Knowledge Development	6
Advanced Placement Incentives Program	13
Aid for Institutional Development, Title III	14
Alaska Native Education Program	17
American Indian Vocational Rehabilitation Services	18
Arts in Education	20
Assistive Technology Program	22
Bilingual Education Instructional Services Program	24
Byrd Honors Scholarships Program	27
Child Care Access Means Parents in School Program	28
Civic Education	29
Comprehensive Centers Program	31
Demonstration and Training Programs	33
Demonstration of Comprehensive School Reform	35
Demonstration Projects to Ensure Students With Disabilities Receive a Quality Higher Education	37
Developing Hispanic-Serving Institutions, Title V	38
Eisenhower Federal Activities	41
Eisenhower Professional Development Program	43
Eisenhower Regional Mathematics and Science Education Consortia	50
Even Start Family Literacy Program	53
Fund for the Improvement of Education	56
Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education	59
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR-UP)	61
Gallaudet University	64

Graduate Assistance in Areas of National Need (GAANN) and Javits Fellowships	69
Grants to States and Preschool Grants ProgramIDEA Part B	72
Helen Keller National Center (HKNC) for Deaf-Blind Youths and Adults	78
High School Equivalency Program and College Assistance Migrant Program	80
Howard University	82
Impact Aid	87
Independent Living Services Program	89
Indian Education	95
Infants and Toddlers With DisabilitiesIDEA Part C	99
International Education and Foreign Language Studies Program	103
Magnet Schools Assistance Program	107
McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance Program	109
Migrant Education	110
National ActivitiesIDEA Part D	116
National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Statistics and Assessment	123
National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research (NIDRR)	125
National Technical Institute for the Deaf	130
Native Hawaiian Education Program	132
Perkins Vocational and Technology Education (State Grants and Tech-Prep Indicators)	133
Preparing Tomorrow's Teachers to Use Technology	140
Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected or Delinquent (N or D)	143
Projects with Industry Program (PWI)	144
Public Charter Schools Program	146
Regional Educational Laboratories	148
Safe and Drug-Free Schools ProgramState Grants Program and National Programs	152
Smaller Learning Communities (Small, Safe and Successful High Schools)	156
Star Schools Program	157
State Vocational Rehabilitation Services (Including Supported Employment)	159

Student Financial Assistance Policy	163
Student Financial Assistance Programs	169
Teacher Quality Enhancement Grants	171
Technology Challenge Programs: Technology Literacy Challenge Fund, Technology Innovation Challenge Grants, and National Activities	172
Title I Grants for SchoolsESEA	179
Training Program	185
TRIO Programs	188
Office for Civil Rights	190
Office of the Inspector General (OIG)	193

INTRODUCTION

The strategic goals and objectives set forth in the Department of Education's *FY 2002-2007 Strategic Plan* form an overarching context of broad outcomes that we believe should characterize American education. We believe that if we are successful, as a whole, we will see increases in the related measures—measures that are in most cases for all children, whether or not they are individually served by our programs. We believe that our success as an agency can be measured in the results of better education for *all*.

However, this kind of information does not always provide us with the tools necessary to determine the success of each of our programs or the relationship between program-specific funding and results. For that, we need measures that are more specific to the provisions of each particular program and to the audience it serves. This, too, is part of the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA). Thus, in addition to the measures specified in our *FY 2002-2007 Strategic Plan*, we have established measures and targets for all of our major programs and many of our smaller programs. In some cases, we have set measures for a particular program individually. In other cases, we have grouped similar programs and set measures for that cluster of programs.

The Department's FY 2002 Performance and Accountability Report (PAR) reports on both the Department-level measures and program measures and is located on our Web site at http://www.ed.gov/pubs/annualreport2002/. This document is a compilation of the program performance reports, which contain the results on the program measures.

21st Century Community Learning Centers - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.287 - Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers

Goal 8: To enable public elementary and secondary schools to plan, implement, or expand extended learning opportunities for the benefit of the educational, health, social service, cultural, and recreational needs of their communities.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Participants in 21st Century Community Learning Center Programs will demonstrate educational and social benefits and exhibit positive behavioral changes.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Achievement: Students regularly participating in the program will show continuous improvement in achievement through measures such as test scores, grades, and/or teacher reports.

Targets and Performance Data									Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality					
Perce Year 2000		ary Elen	Actual	Perfor Middle or High Schoo Math	mance Middle or High	Overal		ish grades i	Perf	ormance Middl or High ary Scho	e Targets le Middle n or High ol Schoo	l Overa	ll Overall English	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Performance data are pending and expected in March 2003.	Additional Source Information: Grantee and performance reports. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
	43 entage of pove grade		37 progran		39 cipants w	40 hose a	43 chieveme	45 ent test sco	45 res improv	45 /ed from	45 below gra	45 ade leve	45 el to at		Limitations: Data are supplied by grantees. Improvements: The Web-
Year 2000 2001	Element Math 5.80	ary Elen		Middle or High Schoo Math	Middle or High I School English		l Overall English 4.50 6	Elementar Math 6		ary Scho	le Middle n or High ol School	Overal	ll Overall English 6		based system for collecting data from grantees is continually subject to modification on the request of grantees in order to improve the quality of performance reporting.

Percentage of regular program participants with teacher-reported improvement in homework completion and class participation.

Year		Actual Performance	Perf	ormance Targets	3	
	Elementary	Middle or High School	Math Overall	Elementary	Middle or High School Math	Overall
2000	76	64	69			
2001	74	71	73	75	75	75

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Behavior: Students participating in the program will show improvements on measures such as school attendance, classroom performance, and decreased disciplinary actions or other adverse behaviors.

and decreased disciplinary actions or other adverse behaviors.										
		Targets and Performa	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality						
ercentage of studer	nts with teacher-re	Status: Unable to	Additional Source Information: Grantee							
Year		Actual Performance		Perf	ormance Target	s	judge	reports.		
	Elementary	Middle or High School	Overall	Elementary	Middle or High School	Overall	Explanation: Performance data are pending and expected	Frequency: Annually.		
2000	62	57	59	70	70	70	in March 2003.	2003		
2001	73	75	74	75	75	75		Collection Period: 2002 -		

Objective 8.2 of 2: 21st Century Community Learning Centers will offer a range of high-quality educational, developmental, and recreational services.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 2: Core educational services: More than 85 percent of centers will offer high-quality services in at least one core academic area, such as reading and literacy, mathematics, and science.

Percentage of 21st Century Centers reporting emphasis in at least one core academic area Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 97 85 2001 96 85 2002 95 85 Status: Target exceeded Explanation: Nearly all of the grantees (9 provided at least one core educational set (e.g. supplementary help in reading, mathematics, or science).	Sources and Data Quality
YearActual PerformancePerformance Targets2000978520019685 Performance Targets provided at least one core educational set (e.g. supplementary help in reading, mathematics, or science).	Additional Source Information Grantee performance reports.
2001 96 85 mathematics, or science).	· 1
2001 96 85	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2002 95 85	Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: No Formal
	Verification. Data supplied by grantees.
	Limitations: There is no objection measure of service quality. Improvements: The Web-based system for collecting data from grantees is continually subject to modification on the request of grantees in order to improve the quality of performance reporting

Indicator 8.2.2 of 2: Enrichment and support activities: More than 85 percent of centers will offer enrichment and support activities such as nutrition and health, art, music, technology, and recreation.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of 21s technology	t Century Centers offering enrichm	ent and support activities in	Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: Grantee performance reports.	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Target for enrichment and support activities in other areas exceeded. Positive	Frequency: Annually.	
2000	70	85	movement toward target for technology services. Explanation: The vast majority of the centers	movement toward target for technology Collection Period: 2002	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2001	79	85		Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: No Formal	
2002	81	85		Verification.	
			(96%) offer enrichment and support services with a significant proportion (81%) offering computer- or technology-related activities. The is up from 79% in 2001.		

Percentage of 21st Century Centers offering enrichment and support activities in other areas.						
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets				
2000	97	85				
2001	95	85				
2002	96	85				

Adult Education: State Grants and Knowledge Development - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.002 - Adult Education_State Grant Program

Goal 8: To support adult education systems that result in increased adult learner achievement in order to prepare adults for family, work, citizenship and future learning.

Objective 8.1 of 3: Improve literacy in the United States.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Improve literacy: By 2002, the percentage of adults performing in the lowest proficiency level in the National Adult Literacy Survey will decrease

decrease.				
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	ults estimated to be in the lowest of ult Literacy Survey:	five proficiency levels in the	Status: Unable to judge	Source: NCES Survey/Assessment Survey/Assessment: Adult Literacy and Lifeskills
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: No 2002 data are available.	Survey.
	Percentage of Adults	Percentage of Adults	Franksis et is disease is	Additional Source Information: National Adult
1992	21		Explanation: The indicator is built around a national household adult literacy survey	Literacy Survey I, 1992; National Assessment of Adult Literacy Skill, 2002.
			conducted every 10 years. The initial survey benchmarking adult literacy proficiency in the United States was conducted in 1992. The second national survey, which will provide comparative data on the literacy proficiencies of adults, was scheduled for 2002 but has been delayed to December 2003 with data available in late 2004. No interim data are available.	Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: 2004 Validated By: NCES. Data validated by National Center for Education Statistics review procedures and standards. Limitations: Limited background information collected on adults in the sample limited the scope of analyses. National Assessment of Adult Literacy Skills, now scheduled for release in 2003, will expand the background questionnaires to provide additional descriptive information and contextual information to enhance the overall analyses of the data.

Objective 8.2 of 3: Provide adult learners with opportunities to acquire basic foundation skills (including English Language Acquisition), complete secondary education and transition to further education and training and to work.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 5: Basic skill acquisition: By 2002, 32 percent of adults in beginning level Adult Basic Education programs will acquire the level of basic skills needed (validated by standardized assessments) to complete those beginning levels of instruction.

	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
	ults in beginning-level Adult Basic Ed basic skill proficiency.	lucation who complete that	Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report Grantee Performance Report: 1810-0503 Annual Performance Reporting Format for			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: In 2002 new standards required validation of basic skills	OIE Formula Grants to LEAs.			
	Percentage of adults	Percentage of adults	acquisition through standardized	Fragueray, Appually			
1996	27		assessment. Because of the new standard, new performance targets	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002			
1997	40		and baseline have been established.	Data Available: March 2003			
1998	31		Therefore, no data are available for 2002.	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. The 2001 data were verified by the			
1999	44		Explanation: Data reflect percent of	Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data.			
2000	26	40	Adult Education Learners (Adults With Limited Basic Skills) who demonstrated a level of basic skill proficiency needed to advance to the next educational functioning level. Educational functioning levels range from beginning literacy through high school. Revised standards require validation of basic skill proficiency through standardized assessment. New targets reflect new standard. Data for 2001 were updated with additional reports from grantees.				
2001	36	45		Limitations: As a third tier recipient of this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs to collect and report data within published guidelines. Starting with the July 1, 2000, reporting period, OVAE implemented new data collection protocols, including standardized data collection methodologies and standards for automated data reporting and data quality review. Improvements: The OVAE is developing a data quality review process for states based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data.			
2002		32					
2002							

Indicator 8.2.2 of 5: Basic English language acquisition: By 2002, 30 percent of adults enrolled in the beginning levels of the English Literacy program will acquire (validated by standardized assessment) the level of English language skills needed to complete those beginning levels of instruction.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of ad Year 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002		Performance Targets 40 40 32	Status: Unable to judge Progress: In 2002, the standard was changed to require validation of basic skill acquisition through standardized assessment. Because of change to the standard, new performance targets and baseline has been established. Therefore, no data are available for 2002. Explanation: Data reflect percent of English Literacy learners (adults with minimal English language skills) who demonstrated a level of English language proficiency needed to	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. The 2001 data were verified by the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data. Limitations: As a third tier recipient of this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) must
			advance to the next educational functioning level. Educational functioning levels range from beginning-level English Literacy through advanced-level English Literacy. Revised standards require validation of English proficiency through standardized assessment. New targets reflect new standard. Data for 2001 was revised to reflect additional reports.	and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local

Indicator 8.2.3 of 5: Secondary completion: By 2002, 45 percent of adults with a high school completion goal and who exit during the program year will earn a high school diploma or recognized equivalent.

Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
rcent of adults			Status: Unable to judge	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Because of change to the	Data Available: March 2003
	Percent of adults	Percent of adults	standards, new performance benchmark	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring
1996	36		targets have been established.	By ED. The 2001 data were verified by the
1997	37		Explanation: The performance data reflect the	Department's Standards for
1998	33		percent of adult learners with a goal to	Evaluating Program Performance
			complete high school in secondary level programs of instruction who upon exit earned	Data.
1999	34		their high school diploma or GED credential	Limitations: As a third tier recipi
2000	34	40	within the reporting period. No 2002 data are	of this data, the Office of Vocation and Adult Education (OVAE) mus rely on the states and local
2001	33	45	yet available.	
2002		45	=	programs to collect and report da
				with the July 1, 2000, reporting period, the OVAE implemented a data collection protocols, including standardized data collection methodologies and standards for automated data reporting. Improvements: The OVAE is developing a data quality review process for states based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performanc Data.

Indicator 8.2.4 of 5: Transition to postsecondary education or training: By 2002, 40% of enrolled adults with a goal to enter postsecondary education or training who exit during the program year will enroll in a postsecondary education or training program.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number and pe	ercentage of adults		Status: Unable to judge	Frequency: Annually.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Because of the change to the standard for data collection, new performance benchmarks and targets have been established. No data are yet available for 2002. Explanation: The new performance data reflect the percentage of adult learners with a goal of further education or training, who, upon exit from adult education, enrolled in a	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003
1996 1997 1998	Number of adults 175,255 178,520 158,167	Number of Percentage adults of adults		Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. The 2001 data were verified by the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data. Limitations: As a third tier recipient
1999	148,803		postsecondary education or training program.	of this data, the Office of Vocational
2000	161,650	300,000		and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs to collect and report data
2001	25	300,000		
2002		40		within published guidelines. Starting with July 1, 2000, reporting period, OVAE implemented new data collection protocols, including standardized data collection methodologies and standards for automated data quality review. Improvements: OVAE is developing a data quality review process for states based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data.

Indicator 8.2.5 of 5: Transition to work: By 2002, 40 percent of unemployed adults with an employment goal will obtain a job of the end of the first quarter after their program exit quarter.

	Targets and	d Performance Da	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number and p					Status: Unable to judge Progress: Because of the change to the	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 Data Available: March 2003
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002		Percentage of adults 36	Number of adults 425,000 425,000	Percentage of adults 40	standards for data collection, new performance benchmark targets have been established. No 2002 data are currently available. Explanation: The 2001 performance data reflect the percentage of adult learners with an employment goal, who, upon exit from an adult education program obtain a job. Data for 2002 are not yet available.	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. The 2001 data were verified by the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data. Limitations: As a third tier recipient of this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs to collect and report data within published guidelines. Starting with July 1, 2000, reporting period, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) implemented new data collection protocols, including standards for automated data reporting and a data quality review. Improvements: The OVAE is developing a data quality review process for states based on the Department's Standards for

Objective 8.3 of 3: Provide adult learners at the lowest levels of literacy access to educational opportunities to improve their basic foundation skills.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: Educationally disadvantaged: By 2002, adults at the lowest levels of literacy (those in Beginning Adult Basic Education and Beginning English Literacy) will comprise 50 percent of the total national enrollment.

English Literacy	y) will comprise 50 percent of the to	otal national enrollment.		
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of a	dults		Status: Unable to judge Progress: Reported level decreasing. No	Additional Source Information: Adult Education Management Information.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		Lucation Management Information.
	Percentage of adults	Percentage of adults	2002 data are currently available.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
1996	44		Explanation: The most educationally	Data Available: March 2003
1997	45		disadvantaged adults (those at the lowest levels of literacy and English language	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
1998	49		skills) have traditionally been a target for	ED Standards for Evaluating Program
1999	47	-	services.	performance Data were developed. Other sources corroborate these
2000	42	50	1	findings.
2001	35	50		Limitations: As a third tier recipient of
2002		50	1	this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on
				the states and local programs to collect and report data within published guidelines. Starting with the July 1, 2000 reporting period, OVAE implemented new data collection protocols, including standardized data collection methodologies and standards for automated data reporting and a data quality review.
				Improvements: OVAE is developing a data quality review process for states based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data.

Advanced Placement Incentives Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.330 - Advanced Placement Program

Goal 8: To increase the numbers of low-income high school students prepared to pursue higher education.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Encourage a greater number of low-income students to participate in the AP program.

ndicator 8.1.1 of 1: Students served: The number of AP tests taken by low-income students will increase by 10 percent annually.						
	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
			Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information:		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: In May 2002 low-income	Education Testing Service (ETS) data		
1999	92,570	83,300	students took 140,572 AP tests, a 25%	Frequency: Annually.		
2000	102,474	102,000	however, may reflect a change in the way the	Collection Period: 2003		
2001	114,112	112,200	data are collected. More than likely, these numbers were under-reported in previous	Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: No Formal		
2002	140,572	124,180	years.	Verification.		

Aid for Institutional Development, Title III (Aid for Institutional Development, Titles III and V) - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.031 - Higher Education Institutional Aid

84.031B Strengthening HBCU's and Strengthening Historically Black Graduate Institutions

84.031N Strengthening Alaska Native and Native Hawaaiian-Serving Institutions

84.031T Strengthening Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities

84.120A Minority Science and Engineering Improvement

Goal 8: To assist institutions that have limited resources and that traditionally serve large numbers of low-income and minority students to continue to serve these students, and to improve the capacity of these institutions to provide on going, up-to-date quality education in all areas of higher education.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Improve the academic quality of participating institutions.

Indicator 8.1.1	of 1: Graduation Ra	ates: Completion i	ates for all full	-time, degree-	seeking students in Title III 4-year and 2-y	rear colleges will increase over time.
	Targets and Performance Data				Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The percentage of full-time, degree-seeking students at Title III institutions completing a 4-year degree within 6 years and a 2-year degree, certificate, or transferring to a 4-year school within 3 years.					Status: Unable to judge Progress: Although graduation rates have improved over 1998 levels, there is	Source: NCES Survey/Assessment Survey/Assessment: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System. References: Graduation Rate Surveys
Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performan	ce Targets	a slight decline (.09%) at 4-year	(GRS).
	4-Year	2-Year	4-Year	2-Year	institutions, but an increase (2.04%) at 2-	
1996	37	18			year institutions compared to the previous year. This progress indicator will	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
1997	35	18			be eliminated. The new progress indicator will be based on the	Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: NCES.
1998	34	21.50			Performance Measurement System, with	•
1999	31.80	20.70			expected results available in March, 2003.	Limitations: In 2000-2001 data were voluntarily submitted by 86% of 4-year
2000	35.40	21.70				Title III institutions and 85% of 2-year Title
2001	35.31	23.74			Explanation: These graduation rates understate actual graduation rates, as	III institutions. In addition, the data tends to be several years old.
					this analysis only includes the full-time, first-time cohort of students enrolled in degree-seeking (or certificate) programs, and only at the Title III institutions students initially attended. As a result, the graduation rates presented here do not include part-time, transfer, or returning students, which represent a significant portion of the student body at Title III institutions.	Improvements: ED is currently implementing a new Performance Measurement System that will collect data that is more relevant to the impact that Title III projects have on academic quality at grantee institutions. Title III grantees are reporting to the measurement system for the first time and aggregate 2002 data will be available March, 2003.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Improve the fiscal stability of participating institutions.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 2: Fiscal balance: The percentage of Title III institutions having a positive fiscal balance will increase over time. Targets and Performance Data Sources and Data Quality Assessment of Progress Status: Unable to judge Source: NCES Survey/Assessment Targets and Performance Data The percentage of Title III institutions having a Survey/Assessment: Integrated positive fiscal balance Progress: The 1996-97 data established a Postsecondary Education Data System. Year **Actual Performance Performance Targets** baseline for the Title III program with the References: Finance Survey. goal of continuous improvement. In 2000 Public Instructions Public Instructions and 2001 there was a decline from the Frequency: Annually. 1997 62.60 94.30 Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 preceding years. Data Available: January 2004 1998 70.80 89.50 **Explanation:** The percentage of public Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By 72.80 87.30 institutions has increased, although the ED. 1999 percentage of private institutions has Data validated by NCES review and 2000 83.80 67.10 decreased. The number of private NCES statistical standards. institutions included in this analysis has 2001 67.80 58.67 decreased significantly over time, which **Limitations:** Data tend to be several may be account, in part, for the decreased vears old. percentage of private institutions having a positive fiscal balance. In addition, the **Improvements:** New Performance downturn in the national economy has had Measurement System will provide more a profound impact on the fiscal operations relevant data on the impact of Title III at institutions of higher education. grants on fiscal stability.

Indicator 8.2.2	Indicator 8.2.2 of 2: Endowment: The percentage of Title III institutions having an endowment will increase over time.						
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
The percentage of Title III institutions having a positive endowment			Status: Unable to judge	Source: NCES Survey/Assessment			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The percentage of Title III public	Survey/Assessment: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System.			
	Public Institutions	Public Institutions	institutions with a positive endowment has	References: Finance Survey.			
1997	47.60		increased by 11.53 percentage points since 1997.	Frequency: Annually.			
1998	53.20		Explanation: Of the 208 Title III institutions	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: January 2004			
1999	54		completing the IPEDS financial survey for	Validated By: NCES.			
2000	59.20		public institutions, 123 institutions reported a positive endowment and 85 either did not	Data validated by NCES review and NCES Statistical Standards.			
2001	59.13		report endowment information, or did not				
2001 59.13		have an endowment. Data has been corrected to only include institutions reporting data to IPEDS and only institutions receiving funds during the reporting year.	Limitations: Data tend to be several years old. Data on endowment balances of private institutions is not available at this time. Improvements: New Performance Measurement System will provide more relevant data on the impact of Title III grants on fiscal stability.				

Alaska Native Education Program - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.320 - Alaska Native Educational Planning, Curriculum Development, Teacher Training, and Recruitment Program

84.321 - Alaska Native Home Based Education for Preschool Children

84.322 - Alaska Native Student Enrichment Program 84.356 - Alaska Native Educational Programs

Goal 8: To assist Alaska Native population to achieve to challenging standards through supporting supplemental programs that meet their unique educational needs.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Alaska Native students will have access to instruction and curricula that meet their unique educational needs.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Student achievement: An increasing percentage of Alaska Native students participating in the program will meet or exceed the performance standards in math and science that are established by the grantee. Targets and Performance Data Assessment of Progress Sources and Data Quality Status: Unable to judge An increasing percentage of Alaska Native students participating in the program will meet or exceed the performance standards in math and science that are established Progress: Data for this indicator were not by the grantee. collected for 2002; therefore, we cannot Year **Actual Performance Performance Targets** measure progress. - No Data -Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Professional development: Teachers participating in the program will report improved knowledge, skills, and abilities in addressing the unique educational needs of Alaska Native students. Targets and Performance Data Assessment of Progress Sources and Data Quality Status: Unable to judge Number of Teachers Year **Actual Performance Performance Targets Progress:** Data for this indicator were not collected for 2002; therefore, we cannot 1999 70 measure progress.

American Indian Vocational Rehabilitation Services - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.250 - Rehabilitation Services_American Indians with Disabilities

Goal 8: To improve employment outcomes of American Indians with disabilities who live on or near reservations by providing effective tribal vocational rehabilitation services.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Ensure that eligible American Indians with disabilities receive vocational rehabilitation services and achieve employment outcomes consistent with their particular strengths, resources, abilities, capabilities and interests.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 3: Number of eligible individuals who receive services under the program: The number of American Indians with disabilities who receive services under the American Indian Vocational Rehabilitation Services program will increase.

	Targets and Performance	e Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The number of individuals who received vocational rehabilitation services under an individualized plan for employment			Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report Contractor Performance Report
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Progress on these objectives is expected to reflect	
1997	2,617		the targets established for FY2002 Explanation: The FY2002 data is expected to be available and clean for purposes of reporting	Frequency: Annually.
1998	3,423			Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: December 2003
1999	3,186	3,750		Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2000	4,148	3,730		Limitations: Data are self-reported and not standardized
2001	4,473	4,350	by February of 2003. RSA is still in the process of developing a	Prior to the Rehabilitation Act Amendments of 1998, the Department did not have clear authority to collect routine performance data and very limited information was available on the operation and performance of these
2002		4,500	standardized data collection and reporting system. The system	
			has been modified to meet the anticipated requirements of programs results in the OMB Program Assessment Rating Tool. At this time, OMB is reviewing the reporting system. It is still hoped that the Department will be able to have the resources to implement the system and that the system will be implemented to provide 2003 data.	Improvements: RSA has developed a standardized data collection and reporting system. The system has been modified to meet the anticipated requirements of program results in the OMB Program Assessment Rating Tool. Th Notice of Proposed Information Collection Request was published in the Federal Register/Vol.67, No. 151 /page 50875 on August 6, 2002. After comments are received, evaluated and changes made if necessary, OMB will revirthe reporting system. It is hoped that the Department will able to have the resources to implement the system and that the system will be implemented to provide 2003 data. The first comprehensive evaluation of the AIVRS has bee completed and is in the process of being implemented.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 3: Number of eligible individuals who achieve employment outcomes: The total number of American Indians with disabilities who exit the program after receiving vocational rehabilitation services under an individualized plan for employment and achieve an employment outcome will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year 1997 1998 1999	Actual Performance 530 598 678	Performance Targets 715	Progress: Progress on these objectives is expected to reflect the targets established for FY2002. Explanation: The FY2002 data is expected to be available and clean for purposes of	Source: Performance Report Contractor Performance Report Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: December Validated By: No Formal
2000 2001 2002	951	765 980 1,000	reporting by February of 2003.RSA is still in the process of developing a standardized data collection and reporting system. The system has been modified to meet the anticipated	Verification. Data are supplied by project grantees and no formal verification procedure has been applied.
	•		Program Assessment Rating Tool. At this time, OMB is reviewing the reporting system. It is still hoped that the Department will be able to have the resources to implement the system and that the system will be implemented to provide 2003 data.	Limitations: Same limitations as reported under Indicator 1.1. Improvements: Same as reported under Indicator 1.1.

Indicator 8.1.3 of 3: Percentage of individuals who leave the program with employment outcomes: By the end of FY 2001, at least 61 percent of all eligible individuals who exit the program after receiving services under an individualized plan for employment will achieve an employment outcome.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
			Status: Unable to judge	Frequency: Annually.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Progress on these objectives is	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: December
1998	57.90		expected to reflect the targets established for	Validated By: No Formal
1999	61.10		FY2002.	Verification.
2000	62.20	61	Explanation: The FY2002 data is expected to be available and clean for purposes of	Limitations: Same limitations as reported under Indicator 1.1.
2001	64.60	61.50	reporting by February of 2003.RSA is still in	
2002		62	the process of developing a standardized data collection and reporting system. The system	Improvements: Same as reported under Indicator 1.1.
			has been modified to meet the anticipated requirements of programs results in the OMB Program Assessment Rating Tool. At this time, OMB is reviewing the reporting system. It is still hoped that the Department will be able to have the resources to implement the system and that the system will be implemented to provide 2003 data.	

Arts in Education - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.351 - Arts in Education

Goal 8: To promote, improve, and enhance arts education and cultural activities for elementary and secondary school students.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Activities supported with federal funds will improve quality of life outcomes for program participants.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Outcomes: Increasing percentages of individuals who participate in VSA Arts national program activities and activities conducted by state affiliates will report to VSA Arts and its affiliates that these activities positively affected their quality of life outcomes.

annates will report to VOA Arts and its annates that these activities positively affected their quality of the outcomes.						
Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality				
- No Targets And Performance Data -	Explanation: Writing: Data will not be available until January 2003. The majority (57 percent) of participants involved in a creative writing program reported that, in addition to writing more, they had increased the amount of time they spent writing. In another group, approximately 50 percent indicated increased skill in written expression. Music: One third of children with autism who participated in a 10-week music program showed improvement in social, verbal and/or listening skills. No current data are available.	Additional Source Information: Performance Report. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: Performance reports rely on self-reporting.				

Objective 8.2 of 2: Kennedy Center Activities will improve the quality of Arts Education programs by providing professional development to school staff.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Quality of services: Increasing percentages of school staff participating in the Professional Development Opportunities for Teachers program will report they are very confident that they learned workshop content well enough to use it in their classrooms.

will report they a	re very confident that they learne	ed workshop content well enou	gh to use it in their classrooms.	
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentages of so	centages of school staff Status: Unable to judge			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Data for this indicator will not be available until	Performance Report.
1999	55		late January 2003. Increasing numbers of teachers will participate in projects supported by the Kennedy Center that create, revise, and disseminate high quality professional development activities and curriculum materials tied to challenging standards. (FY 1998 baseline: 14,000 teachers; FY 1999 18,959 teachers; FY 2000: 22,724 teachers). No current data are available. Explanation: During FY 2001, 25,454 teachers though the nation directly participated in activities of the Kennedy Center. This represents an 11% increase over FY 2000.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.

Assistive Technology Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.224 - Assistive Technology

Goal 8: To increase availability of, funding for, access to, and provision of assistive technology devices and assistive technology services.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Through systemic activity, improve access to an availability of assistive technology (AT) for individuals with disabilities who require assistive technology.

Indicator 8.1.1 c	ndicator 8.1.1 of 2: Barrier Reduction: Annually, grantees activities will result in legislative and policy changes that reduce barriers								
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality					
Percentage of the	e 56 grantees responsible for change in	n at least one area.		Source: Performance Report					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: All grantees did not report since	Contractor Performance Report					
1997	95		response on new web-based data collection instrument for FY 02 was voluntary per Office	Program: NIDRR. Contractor: RTI International.					
1998	95		of Management and Budget regulations; future	Contractor. NT International.					
1999	88	95	years' reporting is mandatory for all grantees. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 20						
2000	50	95	Explanation: NIDRR has developed accurate	Data Available: November 2003					
2002	78	95	strategies for collecting and reporting barrier reduction data that incorporate useful	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.					
			definitions.						

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Individuals who receive loans: The number of individuals with disabilities who receive loans per \$1 million invested will met or exceed the baseline.

	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Approved Loans			Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report Contractor Performance Report		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Set baseline in FY00	Contractor Ferrormance Report		
2000	229			Program: NIDRR.		
			Explanation: Analysis of grants made in FY00, analysed and reported in FY01. Analysis of grants made in FY01 completed in 02. report pending.	Contractor: University of Illinois - Chicago. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: November 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.		

Objective 8.2 of 2: Through protection and advocacy, increase access to and funding of assistive technology devices and services for persons with disabilities.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Funding sources: The number of individuals receiving protection and advocacy services resulting in AT device and/or service will increase 5 percent annually.

-							
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Number of individ	duals who received Assistive Technol	logy devices/services	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: With 34 of 56 State Protection and	Utilized annual performance reports submitted to the Secretary. Analysis			
2001	1,290		Advocacy entities reporting.	reflects those States that reported on this indicator.			
			Explanation: Informal survey used in absence of formal reporting instrument. Development of approved instrument in planning stages. Working closely with pertinent Dept agencies. Data will be collected as part of annual performance reporting requirements.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: November 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. Improvements: Plans are underway to develop a formal reporting instrument that captures indicator.			

Bilingual Education Instructional Services Program - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.288 Enhancement Grants

84.289 Program Development and Improvement Grants

84.290 Comprehensive School Grants 84.291 Systemwide Improvement Grants

Goal 8: To help limited-English proficient (LEP) students reach high academic standards.

Objective 8.1 of 1: IMPROVE ENGLISH PROFICIENCY AND ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT OF STUDENTS SERVED BY TITLE VII OF THE BILINGUAL EDUCATION

	Та	irgets and Pei	rformance D	Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
ndicator 8.1.2 o appropriate aca							nnually demonstrate continuous and edu	cationally significant progress on
	Та	rgets and Pe	rformance D	Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of placedemic achiev					nade gains	s in	Status: Unable to judge	Frequency: Biennially. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: January 2004
Year	Act	ual Performa	nce	Perfo	Performance Targets			Validated By: On-Site Monitoring
	Language arts	Reading	Math	Language arts	e Reading	Math		By ED.
1998	69	66	70					
1999	44	53	58	65	65	66		
2000	63	73	67	67	67	68		
2001	83	67	60	70	70	70		
Comparison with	nin cohorts-La	anguage Arts	Cohort 1					
Year	Act	ual Performa	nce	Perfo	rmance Ta	rgets		
	ENH1	CS1	SW1	ENH1	CS1	SW1		
	72	64	50	Ì				

	ithin cohort					1		
Year		Actual	Perfor	mance		Perforn	nance	Targets
	ENH ⁻	1	CS1	5	SW1	ENH1	CS1	SW1
1998	78		59		53			
Comparison w	ithin cohort	s-Math	Cohon	t 1				
Year		Actual	Perfor	mance		Perforn	nance	Targets
	ENH ⁻	1	CS1	5	SW1	ENH1	CS1	SW1
1998	63		70		43			
Comparison w	ithin cohort	s-Lang	uage A	rts Coh	ort 2			
Year	-			mance		Perform	nance	Targets
	F	PDI		CS2	<u> </u>	PDI		CS2
1999	1	47		41				
Comparison w								
Year	4	Actual	Perfor	mance		Perforn	nance	Targets
	F	PDI		CS2	2	PDI		CS2
1999		50		56				
Comparison w	ithin cohort	s-Math	Cohon	t 2				
Year		Actual	Perfor	mance		Perform	nance	Targets
	F	PDI		CS2	2	PDI		CS2
1999		68		48				
Comparison w	ithin cohort	s-Lana	uage A	rts Coh	ort 3			
I				mance		Perforn	nance	Targets
Year	i	004	CS3	SW1	SW2	ENH3 CS1	CS3	SW1 SW2
Year	ENH3	CST	000	•	· · · -			

Comparison with	in cohort	s-Reac	ding Co	hort 3			
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets						
	ENH3	CS1	CS3	SW1	SW2	ENH3 CS1	CS3 SW1 SW2
2000	80	53	72	75	82		
Comparison with	in cohort	s-Math	Cohort	3			
Year		Actual	Perfor	mance		Perform	ance Targets
	ENH3	CS1	CS3	SW1	SW2	ENH3 CS1	CS3 SW1 SW2
2000	76	76	62	63	73		

Byrd Honors Scholarships Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.185 - Byrd Honors Scholarships

Goal 8: To promote student excellence and to recognize exceptionally able students who show promise of continued excellence

Objective 8.1 of 1: Byrd scholars will successfully complete postsecondary education programs at high rates.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Completion of postsecondary education programs: Ninety percent or more of Byrd scholars will successfully complete postsecondary education programs within 4 years.

education progra	anis within 4 years.					
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of By 4 years	rd scholars graduating within 4 year.	s or receiving a scholarship for	Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: Annual Performance Report.		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Reporting states indicated in 2001 that 86 percent of students receiving a	Frequency: Annually.		
1997	85		Byrd scholarship in 1996-1997 either	Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: December 2003		
1998	90		graduated or received four years of funding, indicating that they were on track to graduate.	Validated By: No Formal		
1999	94	90	For 2002, the data show <i>only</i> the percentage of individuals who graduated after four years;	Verification. Data supplied by states, which certify the accuracy of the data.		
2000	88	90	in prior years the data show receipt of 4 years			
2001	86	90	of funding or graduation. Targets will be revised for subsequent years.	Limitations: Data are based on grantee reports of varying quality		
2002	22	90	To the control of t			
				and accuracy on the number of Byrd Scholars graduating and/or receiving four years of Byrd funding. Byrd Scholars may not have received four years of Byrd funding for a variety of reasons other than failure to complete an academic program, including early graduation or no unmet financial need.		

Child Care Access Means Parents in School Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.335 - Child Care Access Means Parents in School

Goal 8: To support the participation of low-income parents in the postsecondary education system through the provisions of campus-based child care services.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Increase access for low-income parents to postsecondary institutions.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Persistence/Completion rate: The percentage of students receiving child care services who persist in and complete postsecondary education will meet or exceed target rate.

	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Median percentag	ge of Retention Rate		Status: Unable to judge Frequency: Other.				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The percentage of students	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: April 2003			
2001	79	80	receiving child care services who persist in post-secondary education varies widely between projects. Of the 76 respondents that reported data on persistence rates, the rates varied between 11 and 100 percent, with a median of 79 percent. 13 of the grantees reported 100 percent retention rates. Explanation: New program: Little performance data available. Performance data will be collected through 18 month Performance Reports. One year of retention rate data is available, and no completion rate data is available. The program management set performance goals for the 2003 Annual Plan. However, it will be Fall 2004 before the completion rate measure will be meaningful.	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data will be supplied by child care centers with no formal verification procedure provided. Limitations: Most grantees reported retention data in their first year reports but the program is over. Unsure of the percentage of child care centers that will be able to obtain completion data.			

Civic Education - 2002

CFDA Numbers: <u>84.304</u> - Cooperative Education Exchange Program

84.929 We The People

Goal 8: To enhance the attainment of the third and sixth National Goals by educating students about the U.S. Constitution and the Bill of Rights.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Provide high-quality civic education curricula to elementary and secondary school students through the "We the People: the Citizen and the Constitution" Program.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Student participation in the "We the People..." Program: The total number of adoptions of "We the People..." curriculum will increase annually.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
he total number eople"curricul	of adoptions by states and large sc. um.	hool districts of the "We the	Status: Target met	Additional Source Information: Annual grantee project report and		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: The "We the People" Program staff members continue to spend time assisting	annual grant application, April 200		
1998	9		states and school districts in the formal curriculum adoption process.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003		
1999	19			Data Available: August 2003		
2000	20	20		Validated By: No Formal Verification.		
2001	22	21		Actual count of adoptions.		
2002	25	23	1			

annually.

	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
	eachers participating in professional de	·	Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: Annual grantee project report and		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: "We the people"program staff	annual grant application, April 2002.		
1998	183		members were able to conduct institutes in each of the five regions of the United States as	Frequency: Annually.		
1999	317	200	well as in some individual states.	Collection Period: 2003		
2000	354	318		Data Available: August 2003 Validated By: No Formal		
2001	406	320		Verification.		
2002	785	350		Actual count of teacher participants.		

Objective 8.2 of 2: Foster Students' interest and ability to participate competently and responsibly in the democratic process.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Simulated congressional hearings: At least 80 percent of students participating in the "We the People..." national finals competition will outperform nonparticipating students on national assessments of their knowledge of and support for democratic institutions and processes.

outperform nonp	participating students on national	assessments of their knowled	dge of and support for democratic institutions a	ina processes.			
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Percentage of stu	dents participating			Additional Source Information:			
Year Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Survey items were taken from three	Annual random sample of participants.				
1999	89	80	sources: the 1998 National Assessment of				
2000	82	80	Educational Progress Civics Assessment, the 1997 University of Michigan's "Monitoring the	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003			
2001	91	80	Future" survey, and the 1998 UCLA American	Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: NCES. The National Assessment of			
2002	87	80	Freshman survey.				
			conducted, and at least 82 percent of the participants in the "We the People" finals outperformed the average of nonparticipating students in knowledge of and support for democratic institutions and processes by statistically significant margins on every item of the survey instrument, based on previous nationally administered surveys.	Michigan, and UCLA survey results have been validated by National Center for Education Statistics and other nationally recognized research institutions. The Center for Civic Education conducts a survey of the participants in the national finals and is analyzing the results. Limitations: Data are self-reported The Center for Civic Education would like to utilize an external data collection agency to conduct its surveys and prepare independent reports, but additional funding would be required to support an external evaluation.			

Comprehensive Centers Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.283 - Comprehensive Regional Assistance Centers

Goal 8: To assist Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) recipients in improving teaching and learning for all children, particularly children at risk of education failure

Objective 8.1 of 1: Provide high-quality comprehensive technical assistance to states, territories, tribes, school districts, and schools that helps students reach high academic standards.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Addressing legislative priorities: 80% of comprehensive center customers served will be school wide programs, high-poverty schools, and Bureau of Indian Affairs-funded schools.

	Targets and Performance Data								Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Comprehe	ensive Cent	er custome	ers (in p	ercentag	ies)				Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information:
Year	Ac	tual Perfo	ormance	9	Per	formance	Target	s	Progress: In 2002, 87 percent of customers receiving CC services were legislative priority	Comprehensive Centers (CC) Semi- Annual Performance Report: Data Tables
	School wide Programs	High- poverty schools, non- school wide programs	BIA Schools	STOTAL	School wide Programs	High- poverty schools, non- school wide programs	BIA Schools	TOTAL	schools (high-poverty school-wides, high-poverty non-schoolwides or BIA schools). Of the legislative priority schools, the CCs targeted and provided services to an increasingly larger number of high-poverty schools in 2002.	Frequency: Semi-Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: April 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1998	50	12	4	66					Explanation: In addition to schools designated	Limitations: Data are self-reported
1999	44	30	3	77				80	in the legislation as high priority schools, the CCs also provided services to State agencies,	in the CC Performance Reports (a uniform, reporting instrument),
2000	59	26	2	89				80	targeted local school districts, intermediate	reviewed by ED during information
2001	44	43	3	89				80	units, and non-priority schools. Since 1998, the CCs have increasingly targeted technical	synthesis, and compiled and analyzed by an external contractor.
2002	52	34	1	87				80	assistance to high-poverty, low-performing schools.	Improvements: The
										Comprehensive Centers recently refined reporting to ensure no duplication of school counts occurs during a given year.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Showing impact with customers: Participants in center activities report that they have incorporated information or skills they have learned from the Centers' activities into their work.

Targets and Performance Data Percentage of Participants			Assessment of Progress Status: Target not met	Sources and Data Quality Additional Source Information:
1999	72		response of school-based (teachers and	Frequency: Biennially.
2000		75	collecting data from school-based customers, data were collected from state and local administrators. 82% of state and local administrators reported they have incorporated information or skills learned from the Centers into their work. When both categories of respondents are included in measuring progress, the Centers exceed their targets. Explanation: Additional data under this Data Available: June 20 Validated By: No Format Verification. Improvements: The native evaluation of the Reading Network, referenced about provides data on both teat their students' achievement ultimate goal of accountary.	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: June 2003
2001	71	75		Validated By: No Formal

Demonstration and Training Programs - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.235 - Rehabilitation Services Demonstration and Training_Special Demonstration Programs

Goal 8: To expand, improve or further the purposes of activities authorized under the Act.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Expand and improve the provision of rehabilitation services that lead to employment outcomes.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Expansion: Eighty percent of projects will be judged to have successfully implemented strategies or yielded results that can contribute to the expansion of services for or the employment of individuals with disabilities.

	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Annual reports for 10/01 – 09/02	Web-based Annual Performance Reports.
1999	95.60		have been received and data is being analyzed by Program Officers.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: February 2003 Validated By: No Formal
2000	100		Explanation: Data from the reports will be	
2001		80	available by the February, 2003 reporting	
			period.	Verification.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: The percentage of projects reporting an impact on rehabilitation service providers including state VR agencies, community rehabilitation service providers, and other providers of rehabilitation services will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year 2000	Actual Performance 83	Performance Targets	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Annual reports for 10/01 – 09/02 have been received and data is being analyzed by Program Officers. Explanation: Data from the reports will be available by the February, 2003 reporting period.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: February 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data will be supplied by grantees through uniform reporting. No formal verification procedure applied. Limitations: Grantees may have difficulty in reporting on their impact to an external agency. Numerous external factors may change the provision or methods of rehabilitation services, and grantees may not be able to pinpoint their impact in the process. Increased contact/interaction with State VR and other rehabilitation service agencies should in crease the impact.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Disseminate information about successful new types of patterns of services or devices for individuals with disabilities and report the impact of the projects.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Dissemination: The percentage of funded projects that disseminate information to state VR agencies and other funded projects and disability-related organizations will increase and the number of presentations will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
centage of pr	ojects		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Web-based Annual Performance
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Data from FY 2001 was used to	Report
	Grantees Presentations	Grantees Presentations	establish a baseline.	
2001	83		Explanation: Data are not available for FY2002.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: April 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data will be supplied by grantees through uniform reporting. No form verification procedure applied. Limitations: Grantees and their

Demonstration of Comprehensive School Reform - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.332 - Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration

Goal 8: To enable low-performing students to improve their achievement to meet challenging standards

Objective 8.1 of 2: Student achievement in core subjects generally will show marked improvement in comprehensive school reform demonstration (CSRD) program schools

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: State assessments: Increasing percentages of students in CSRD program schools will meet or exceed the proficient level of performance on state assessments in reading and math.

	Tar	gets and Pe	erformance [Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Reading	Reading				Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Consolidated State	
Year			Explanation: Data for	Performance Reports.			
	Elementary	Middle	High	Elementary Middle	High	this indicator are not yet available. The deadline	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
2000	67	56	72			for submitting the	Data Available: 2003
2001	01 75 77 64				Consolidated State Performance Report for	Validated By: No Formal Verification. The 2002 Consolidated Performance Report data	
					school year 2001-2002,	(available Spring 2003) may be validated, analyzed, and	
Mathematics						the source of these data,	summarized by Westat if the current contract is modified
Year	Actu	al Performa	ance	Performance Tar	gets	was extended because of the transition to No Child	and extended. That contract is presently under consideration.
	Elementary	Middle	High	Elementary Middle	High	Left Behind. 2002 data	
2000	62	74	61			are expected by Spring of 2003.	Limitations: Data for this indicator will be self-reported by State Educational Agencies and will be in response to
2001	2001 74 74 74				reporting requirements outlined in the revised Consolidated State Performance Report.		

Objective 8.2 of 2: The number of schools providing high-quality curriculum and instruction and improving student outcomes will increase each year.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Impact on school improvement: The number of schools implementing comprehensive, research-based approaches to improve curriculum and instruction will increase annually.

and instruction will increase annually.							
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
	rincipals in Title I schools reporting that school reform model	they are implementing a	Progress: Progress on this indicator can be Performance data (The 2002 Consolidated State Performance data (available Spring			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		2003) may be validated, analyzed, and summarized by Westat if the contract is modified and extended. That contract is presently under consideration.			
1999	31		Database maintained by the Southwest Education Development Laboratory (SEDL).				
2000	46		These data are not entirely reliable because they are self-reported by states and must be validated.				
2001		55					
2002		60					
-			-	<u> </u>			

Demonstration Projects to Ensure Students With Disabilities Receive a Quality Higher Education - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.333 - Demonstration Projects to Ensure Students with Disabilities Receive a Higher Education

Goal 8: To improve the quality of higher education for students with disabilities.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Ensure that faculty and administrators in institutions of higher education increase their capacity to provide a high-quality education to students with disabilities.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Increased attendance: The number of students with disabilities attending an institution benefiting from grants will increase each year beginning in 2001.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of students benefiting from grants			Status: Unable to judge	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Being refined.	Data Available: June 2003
2000	125,345		Explanation: We anticipate a new performance report for this program in the future. This new report will be designed to capture data for these indicators.	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2001	126,439			Data supplied by grantees. No formal verification procedure applied. Limitations: Data are self-reported.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Increased degree attainment: The number of students with disabilities completing coursework leading to a degree or attainment of a degree at an institution benefiting from grants will increase each year beginning in 2001.

Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
- No Targets And Performance Data -	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Being refined. Explanation: Most states reporting on degree completion indicated increases from 2000 to 2001, but precise numbers were not reported.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: June 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data supplied by grantees. No formal verification procedure applied. Limitations: Data are self-reported.

Developing Hispanic-Serving Institutions, Title V (Aid for Institutional Development, Titles III and V) - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.031S Strengthening Hispanic-Serving Institutions

Goal 8: To assist Hispanic-serving institutions that have limited resources and that traditionally serve large numbers of low-income and Hispanic students to continue to serve these students, and to improve the capacity of these institutions to provide on-going, up-to-date quality education in all areas of higher education.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Improve the academic quality of participating institutions.

Targets and Performance Data					Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The percentage of full-time, degree-seeking students at Title V institutions completing a 4-year degree within 6 years and a 2-year degree, certificate, or transferring to a 4-year school within 3 years					Status: Unable to judge Progress: Although graduation rates have improved over 1998 levels, there is a decline	Source: NCES Survey/Assessment Survey/Assessment: Integrated Postsecondary Education Data
Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performan	ce Targets	(4%) at 4-year institutions, but an increase	System.
	4-year	2-year	4-year	2-year	(4.66%) at 2-year institutions compared to the previous year. This progress indicator will be	References: 1997, 1998, 1999, a 2000 Graduation Rate Surveys
1998	32.80	19.20			eliminated. The new progress indicator will be	(GRS).
1999	36.90	17.70			based on the Performance Measurement System, with expected results available in	Frequency: Annually.
2000	37.40	17.70			March, 2003.	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
2001	33.40	22.36	İ		Explanation: The data is representative of the	Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: NCES.
					Although prior to the time period that grantees actually received funds in 1999, the graduatior rates for proceeding years are provided for reference. These graduation rates understate actual graduation rates, as this analysis only includes the full-time, first-time cohort of students enrolled in degree-seeking (or certificate) programs, and only at the Title V institutions students initially attended. As a result, the graduation rates presented here do not include part-time, transfer, or returning students, which represent a significant portion of the student body at Title V institutions.	Limitations: In 2000-2001 data were voluntarily submitted by 70% of 4-year Title V institutions and 98% of 2-year Title V institutions. addition, the data tend to be sever years old. Improvements: ED is currently implementing a new Performance Measurement System that will collect data that is more relevant the impact that Title V projects had on academic quality at grantee institutions. Title V grantees are reporting to the measurement system for the first time and aggregate 2002 data will be available March, 2003.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Improve the fiscal stability of participating institutions.

Indicator 8.2.	Indicator 8.2.1 of 2: Fiscal balance: The percentage of Title V institutions having a positive fiscal balance will increase over time.						
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
The percentag	ge of Title V institutions with a positive fi	scal balance	Status: Unable to judge	Source: NCES Survey/Assessment			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The 1999-00 data established a	Survey/Assessment: Integrated			
	Private Public Institutions Institutions	Public Private Institutions	baseline for the Title V program with the goal of continuous improvement. The percentage of public institutions having a positive fiscal	Postsecondary Education Data System. References: Finance Survey.			
2000	53.60 87.50		balance has increased, although the	References. I mance ourvey.			
2001	70.51 75		percentage of private institutions has decreased. The number of private institutions included in this analysis increased from 9 institutions to 24, which may account for the decreased percentage of private institutions having a positive fiscal balance. In addition, the downturn in the national economy has had a profound impact on the fiscal operations at	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: NCES. Data validated by NCES review and NCES statistical standards. Limitations: Data tend to be			
			institutions of higher education. Explanation: 108 Hispanic Serving Institutions (HSI) received funding under the Title V program in 1999 and 2000. 84 of the funded HSIs are public institutions and 78 reported revenue and expenditure data to the IPEDS finance survey. Of these 78 public institutions 55 reported having a positive fiscal balance in 2000-01. All 24 private institutions reported financial data, of these 18 reported positive fiscal balances in 2000-01.	several years old. Improvements: New Performance Measurement System will provide more relevant data on the impact of Title V grants on fiscal stability.			

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The percentage o	f Title V institutions with a positive ε	endowment.	Status: Unable to judge	Source: NCES
Year Actual Performance Performance Target			Progress: Relative to previous year, the	Survey/Assessment: Integrated
	Public Institutions	Public Institutions	percentage of Title V public institutions with a	Postsecondary Education Data
2000	46.70		positive endowment has increased by 2.7%.	
2001	49.40		Explanation: Of the 83 public Title V institutions completing the IPEDS financial survey, 41 institutions reported a positive endowment and 42 either did not report endowment information, or did not have an endowment. Data has been corrected to only include institutions reporting data to IPEDS and only institutions receiving funds during the reporting year.	Postsecondary Education Data System. References: Finance Survey. Additional Source Information: Finance survey conducted as part of the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: NCES. Data validated by NCES review and NCES Statistical Standards. Limitations: Data tend to be several years old. Data on endowment balances of private institutions is not available at this

Eisenhower Federal Activities - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.168 - Eisenhower Professional Development Federal Activities

Goal 8: To improve the teaching and learning of all students through the provision of high-quality instructional materials and information about effective programs, and through the expansion of a cadre of highly accomplished teachers.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Provide access to high quality instructional materials and information about exemplary programs in mathematics and science education for elementary and secondary schools.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Utility: At least 80 percent of customers who use clearinghouse products will report that the products meet their needs in terms of being easy to access, up to date, and valuable to their work.

	Targets and Performance Data						Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percent of custor Year 1998 1999 2000 2001	Easy to Access 64 89 90 97	Up to Date 73 96 95.50	value to Work 74 91 93.40	Performance Easy to Access 72 76	mance T Up to Date 72 76	Value to Work 72 76	Status: Target exceeded Explanation: The Clearinghouse has placed increasing emphasis on customer satisfaction. The Actual Performance data for 2002 represent respondents who provided information on Clearinghouse products and services through customer surveys, bimonthly statistics on product access and dissemination, and informal product feedback. Respondents in prior years represent sample members who remembered Clearinghouse materials well	Additional Source Information: Voluntary Web Survey conducted by the Clearinghouse Report on FY 2002 performance from the Clearinghouse and Cross-Consortia Evaluation Team, 2002. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2002	98	97	98	78	78	78	enough to respond to questions about Clearinghouse products.	Data supplied by the Clearinghouse and the Eisenhower Cross-Consortia Evaluation Team are subject to an internal review procedure to ensure common terminology and data collection and analysis procedures.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Contribute to the improvement of the teaching and learning of all students by expanding the cadre of highly accomplished teachers.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Teachers certified: The number of teachers who will be awarded Board certification will increase annually and will reach a cumulative total of 22,000 by 2002.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Cumulative numb	ber of teachers certified		Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Forty-nine states, the District of	Board reports, 2001.
1997	912		Columbia, and approximately 454 school	Frequency: Annually.
1998	1,834		districts offer some kind of incentive for teachers to apply for National Board	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: November
1999	4,804	3,600	certification; these incentives have helped to	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2000	9,531	7,900	l increase the number of applicants for National Board certification. (These incentives include	Data supplied by the Board. Data corroborated by other information available on Nationally Board
2001	16,035	15,000	fee support, salary supplements, and license portability.).	
2002	23,930	24,000		Certified Teachers.
				Improvements: In the past, all NBCTs for a given cycle have been announced in Nov. This will continue to be the case in 2002. In future years, the announcements may be made throughout the year by certificate area.

Eisenhower Professional Development Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.281 - Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants

Goal 8: To improve the quality of classroom teaching through professional development.

Objective 8.1 of 4: Classroom instruction is improved through effective professional development.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Teachers' knowledge and skills: Increasing percentages of teachers will show evidence that participation in Eisenhower-assisted professional development improved their knowledge and skills.

	Targe	ets and Performance Data	,		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Qual
	raige	ets and Performance Data	1			
ubject Area Conte	ent		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information		
Year	Actual I	Performance	Performar	nce Targets	Explanation: These data were to	These data are collected by the ESEA Consolidated State
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees	have been provided on the ESEA Consolidated Performance Report for School Year 2001-2002. The	Performance Report for School 2001-2002.
1998	48	68	50	50	report has yet to be submitted.	Frequency: Annually.
2000			60	60	1 .	Collection Period: 2002 - 200
'						Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal
structional Metho	ds					Verification.
Year	Actual I	Performance	Performar	nce Targets		
	District	SAHE Grantees	District	SAHE Grantees		
1998	63	79	50	50		
2000			60	80		
urriculum					7	
Year	Actual I	Performance	Performar	nce Targets		
	District	SAHE Grantees	District	SAHE Grantees		
1998	56	64	50	50		
	64		60	68	1	

Approaches to Ass	essment			
Year	Actual F	Performance	Performar	nce Targets
	District	SAHE Grantees	District	SAHE Grantees
1998	46	48	50	50
2000			60	60
Use of Technology	'			
Year	Actual P	Performance	Performar	nce Targets
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees
1998	24	50	50	50
2000			60	60
Approaches to Dive	ersity			
Year		Performance	Performar	

SAHE Grantees

50

60

Districts

50

60

Districts

26

1998

2000

SAHE Grantees

35

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Teachers' classroom instruction:: Teachers who receive high quality professional development focused on higher order teaching strategies are more likely to change their teaching practices.

	Targo	ets and Performance Da	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
aching strateg	gy: Use of calculators or co	mputers to develop mod	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: The ESEA		
Year	Actual Per	formance	Performand	ce Targets	Explanation: These data	Consolidated State
	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	were to have been provided on the ESEA Consolidated Performance Report for School Year 2001-2002. The report has yet to be submitted.	Performance Report for School Year 2001-2002. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal
1999			50	50		Verification.
					1	
aching strateg Year	gy: Use of problems with no Actual F	o obvious solution Performance	Performar	nce Targets		
	1	Performance Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used	Extent teachers who participated in professional development	Extent teachers		
	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in	Performance Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in	Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching		
Year 1999	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Performance Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in classr		
Year 1999	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in	Performance Description Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom description description description Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Extent teachers who participated in professional development used teaching strategy in classroom	Extent teachers who did not participate in professional development used teaching strategy in classr 50		

Objective 8.2 of 4: Professional development is sustained, intensive, and high quality and has a lasting impact on classroom instruction.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 2: High quality: Increasing percentages of teachers will participate in Eisenhower-assisted professional development activities that reflect best practices.

practices.						
	Targe	ets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Major emphasis on	academic content		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source		
Year	Actual F	Performance	Performa	ance Targets	Explanation: These data	Information: The ESEA Consolidated State
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees	were to have been provided on the ESEA Consolidated	Performance Report for Schoo Year 2001-2002.
1998	51	68	50	50	Performance Report for	
2000			56	72	School Year 2001-2002. The report has yet to be submitted.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
Involves all teachers	s in grade, department,	or school				Data Available: 2004
Year	Actual F	Performance	Performa	ance Targets		Validated By: No Formal Verification.
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees		
1998	39		50	50		
2000			56	56	_	
Is followed up with o	other activities]	
Year	Actual F	Performance	Performa	ance Targets		
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees		
1998	53	70	50	50		
2000			56	75		
Involves: a) Plannin	g classroom implement	ation				
Year	Actual F	Performance	Performa	ance Targets		
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees		
1998	66	83	50	50		
2000			56	86		
					-	
					_	

b) Presenting, leading, and writing								
Year	Actual F	Performance	Performance Targets					
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees				
1998	40	67	50	50				
2000			56	70				

c) Observing and being observed

Year	Actual F	Performance	Performa	ance Targets
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees
1998	19	35	50	50
2000	36		56	56

d) Reviewing student work

Year	Actual F	Performance	Performance Targets	
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees
1998	30	38	50	50
2000	43		56	56

Indicator 8.2.2 of 2: Sustained professional development: Increasing percentages of teachers participating in Eisenhower-assisted activities will participate in activities that span 6 months or longer.

	Targets and Performance Data				Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of te	ercentage of teachers in activities that span 6 months or longer Year Actual Performance Performance Targets			nce Targets	7	Additional Source Information: The ESEA Consolidated State Performance Report for School Year
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees	provided on the ESEA Consolidated Performance Report for School Year 2001- 2002. The report has yet to be submitted. 20 Fr	2001-2002.
1998	20	46	35	35		Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2000			39	50		Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification.

Objective 8.3 of 4: High-quality professional development is provided to teachers who work with disadvantaged populations.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: High-poverty schools: The proportion of teachers participating in Eisenhower-assisted activities who teach in high-poverty schools will exceed the proportion of the national teacher pool who teach in high-poverty schools.

Targets and Performance Data					Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of E Year	entage of Eisenhower participants who teach in high poverty* schools Year Actual Performance Performance Targets				Explanation: These data were to have been The ESEA Consolidate Performance Report	Additional Source Information: The ESEA Consolidated State Performance Report for School Yea 2001-2002.
	Districts	SAHE Grantees	Districts	SAHE Grantees	provided on the ESEA Consolidated Performance Report for School Year 2001- 2002. The report has yet to be submitted.	Frequency: Annually.
1998	23	13	23	23	2002. The report has yet to be submitted.	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
1999			25	25		Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2000	22		27	27		
2001			29	29		
2002			31	31		
eligible for free l	lunches. **In FY 1 schools. Targets a	where 50 percent or n 995-96, 21 percent of re based on this base rformance	teachers in the	Nation taught		
ı edi	Actual Pe	- No Data -	renomiano	e raryets		

Objective 8.4 of 4: Measurement of integrated planning and collaboration.

Indicator 8.4.1 of 1: Increasing percentages of states will adopt performance indicators for professional development, demonstrate a technical understanding of such indicators, and have data (or plans to collect data) for their indicators.

Sucii iliulcators,	and have data (or plans to collect	data) for their indicators.		
	Targets and Performance [Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Increasing percentages of states will adopt performance indicators for professional development, demonstrate a technical understanding of such indicators, and have data (or plans to collect data) for their indicators.			Status: Unable to judge Explanation: These data were to have been	Additional Source Information: The ESEA Consolidated State Performance Report for School Yea 2001-2002.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	provided on the ESEA Consolidated Performance Report for School Year 2001-	2001-2002.
1998		50	2002. The report has yet to be submitted.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1999	72	70		
2000		90		
2001		100		
2002		100		
				1

Eisenhower Regional Mathematics and Science Education Consortia - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.319 - Eisenhower Regional Mathematics and Science Education Consortia

Goal 8: To improve mathematics and science education through technical assistance and dissemination

Objective 8.1 of 2: Provide high-quality technical assistance, including planning assistance, training, facilitation of collaboration and networking, and other technical assistance.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Technical Assistance: At least 80 percent of participants in Consortia technical assistance activities will report that information or assistance from the Consortia added value to their work.

from the Conso	ortia added value to their work.			
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Training improve	ed instructional practice		Status: Target exceeded	Source: Non-NCES Survey/Research
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: For all years that data are	our vey/itesearch
1998	91		reported, the Actual Performance data are shown as the percent of respondents who	Additional Source Information: Consortia/Clearinghouse Network
1999	96	75	found training and collaboration with the	Evaluation report 2002. The primary
2000		80	Consortia to be moderately or extensively useful. Data on collaboration will be collected	sources for this report are the Consortia and Clearinghouse
2001	93.50	80	every other year because there is a history of	Descriptive Data System (CCDDS)
2002	90	80	success with this indicator. When using the standard of a 95% confidence level, each	and participant surveys.
			Consortium would have to survey 1200-1400	Frequency: Annually.
Training improve	ed student engagement and performand	e	clients to address this indicator. To do so annually would not be a beneficial use of	Collection Period: 2002 - Data Available: January 2003
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	limited resources. In 2002, clients who were	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Common definitions and common data collection procedures
1998	89		surveyed were those who received intensive	
1999	94	75	services (i.e., 12 or more hours of training and technical assistance).	
2000		80		established across each Consortium. Statistical standards
2001	90.80	80		are applied. Data are subjected to
2002	89	80		Cross-Consortia's Eisenhower Network Evaluation Committee
Collaboration str	rengthened relationships and access to	resources	1	internal review and validation procedures.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		l'
1998	88		II I	Limitations: CCDDS and data for 2001 and 2002 have not been
1999	93	75		subjected to external audit.
2000		80		
2001	87.60	80		
2002		80		

Collaboration leve	eraged resources and efforts for grea	ater impact
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1998	80	
1999	87	75
2000		80
2001	81.30	80
2002		80

Objective 8.2 of 2: Disseminate information about promising and exemplary practices in mathematics and science education.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Dissemination: The total number of Consortia contacts with customers, by print or by electronic media ("hits" on Web sites plus other electronic communications), will increase by 10 percent annually, and a majority of the recipients will report that the information contributed to improving their work.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Print Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The target for dissemination by	Additional Source Information: Consortia/Clearinghouse Network Evaluation report 2002. The primary
1997	306.557		Electronic Media was exceeded. The target for	sources for this report are the
1998	340.185		Usefulness cannot be judged because 2002 data are not available.	Consortia and Clearinghouse Descriptive Data System (CCDDS)
1999 2000	125.212 129.901	337.212 306.167	Explanation: With the increasing costs of print	and participant surveys.
2001	196.780	275.551	dissemination, the Consortia expanded their electronic dissemination efforts resulting in a big jump in electronic media contacts with a concurrent drop in contacts by print in 1999, 2000, and 2001. The Consortia's strategy was successful both in practice and outcome as measured by 2001 data on usefulness. Data on usefulness of the information disseminated will be collected every other year because there is a history of success with this indicator. By using the standard of a 95% confidence level, each consortium would have to survey 1200-1400 clients to address this indicator. To do so annually would not be a beneficial use of limited resources. Beginning in 2001, data were collected using newer, more accurate,	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2003
2002	233.267	247.996		Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Common definitions and common data collection procedures established across each Consortium. Data are subjected to Cross-Consortia's Eisenhower Network Evaluation Committee internal review and validation procedures. Limitations: 2001 and 2002 data cannot be compared with data from the old system.

Electronic Media		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1997	1,354,167	
1998	1,465,259	
1999	3,328,846	1,489,583
2000	3,684,883	1,638,541
2001	2,820,197	1,802,395
2002	4,647,679	1,982,634
Usefulness		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1998	70	
1999	77	
2000		51
2001	93	51
2002		51

Even Start Family Literacy Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.314 - Even Start_Statewide Family Literacy Program

Goal 8: To help break the cycle of poverty and illiteracy by improving the educational opportunities of the Nation's lowincome families through a unified family literacy program that integrates early childhood education, adult literacy and adult basic education, and parenting education

Objective 8.1 of 1: The literacy of participating families will improve.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 4: Adult literacy achievement: Increasing percentages of Even Start adults will achieve significant learning gains on measures of math and

reading.					Start addits will achieve significant learning go	
	Targets and Performance Data				Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	Percentage of adults showing moderate to large gains on Tests of Adult Basic Education (TABE)			ult Basic	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: In addition to the annual Consolidated
Year	Actual Pe	erformance	Performa	nce Targets	Progress: Progress toward the target cannot be judged since there was no valid	State Performance Report, data sources are the Second and Third
	Math	Reading	Math	Reading	assessment instrument for 2001. Format of the 2001-02 Department's Consolidated State	National Even Start Evaluations:
1995	26	31			Performance Report (currently under	Sample Study.
1996	24	20			development) will determine if data are available for 2002.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2001			40	30		Data Available: 2004
					Explanation: The percentage of adults who showed significant gains in 1995-96 (the last year for which data are available) did not change in math and declined in reading. Progress toward the target cannot be judged since the assessment will be changed for the next data point. (An improved but different assessment instrument will be used in the next measure of performance towards this target).	

Indicator 8.1.2 of 4: Adult educational attainment: Increasing percentages of adult secondary education (ASE) Even Start participants will earn their high school diploma or equivalent.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
			Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: Second and
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: There has been no	Third National Even Start Evaluations: Universe Study
1996	18		significant change in the	Frequency: Annually.
1997	19		percentage of ASE participants earning a Graduate Equivalency Diploma.	Collection Period: 2001
1999	18.40			Data Available: 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
2000	17		Explanation: The GED figures	Data were collected for the Second and Third
2001		25	presented for 1998-99, 1999-00, and 2000-01 represent only the GED attainments for new enrollees within the program year of their enrollment. Thus, GEDs that participants earned after the year of their enrollment ARE NOT reflected.	National Even Start: Universe Study before ED Standards for Evaluating Program Performance
				Data were developed. Other sources and experience corroborate these findings Limitations: Definitions of participation in ASE and Graduate Equivalency Diploma may vary across programs and these data are obtained through grantee self- report.

Indicator 8.1.3 of 4: Children's language development and reading readiness: Increasing percentages of Even Start children will achieve significant gains on measures of language development and reading readiness.

illeasures or lang	measures of language development and reading readiness.						
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Percentage of children achieving moderate to large gains on a measure of language development		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: In addition to the Consolidated State Performance Report,				
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets		Progress: No new target was set and no new data are available for	data are collected by the Second National Even Start Evaluation.			
1996	45		FY 2002.				
1997	64		Explanation: There has been a	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003			
2001		60	continuing increase in the percentage of children achieving	Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification.			
			gains on a measure of language development. Target was met in 1996-97. Progress toward the target for 2000-2001 cannot be judged since there was no valid assessment instrument. The format of the 2001-02 Department's Consolidated State Performance report will determine if data are available for 2002.	Data for the Second and Third National Even Start Evaluations: Sample Study were collected before ED Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data were developed. Limitations: The National Evaluation Study was designed to look at new participants' gains each year; thus, the populations compared in 1994-95 and 1995-96 were different. The Sample Study also has a small sample size, as well as grantee collected data.			

Indicator 8.1.4 of 4: Parenting skills: Increasing percentages of parents will show significant improvement on measures of parenting skills, home environment, and expectations for their children.

Targets and Performance Data Percentage of parents of 3-to-6-year-old children making medium-to-large gains on the Home Screening Questionnaire			Assessment of Progress	Additional Source Information: In addition to the Consolidated State
			Status: Unable to judge	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The percentage of parents showing significant improvement on measures of	Performance Report, data are collected in the Second and Third
1995	45		parenting skills improved from 1994-95 to	National Even Start Evaluations. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data were collected for the National Even Start Evaluations before ED Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data were developed. Limitations: Instruments used to measure parenting outcomes often have accuracy problems; parents often respond with the answer that is socially acceptable, even if not accurate.
1996	50			

Fund for the Improvement of Education - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.215 - Fund for the Improvement of Education

Goal 8: To contribute to the achievement of the National Education Goals by supporting nationally significant and innovative projects for improving K-12 education.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Support the Department's strategic priorities in elementary and secondary education through nationally significant projects of high quality.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 3: Nationally significant projects are supportive of strategic priorities: Ninety percent of all FIE-funded projects will support the Department's strategic priorities in elementary and secondary education, and 90 percent of the peer-reviewed projects will receive at least an 80 percent rating for national significance.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Alignment with str	rategic priorities (in percentage)		Status: Target met	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Earmarked projects were not	Peer-reviewer ratings of applications, 2002.
1999	100	100	included in the analysis of national significant because their applications do not receive	Frequency: Annually.
2000	100	100	scores and are not peer-reviewed. These non-	Collection Period: 2001
2001	100	100	competitive projects are often locally focused and their significance cannot easily be	Data Available: September 2002 Validated By: No Formal
2002	100	100	assessed from their original applications.	Verification.
		<u>'</u>	However, overall, many of the projects are expected to produce nationally significant	Data collected from peer-reviewed instruments. Data will not be
National significar	nce receiving rating (in percentage)		results by the end of the project period.	collected for this measure after 2002.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Character education is part of the Department's strategic plan and the unsolicited grants funded are all related to the Department's Strategic Plan.	
1999	72	90		
2000	95	90		
2001	57	90		
2002	90	90		Partnerships. The selection criteria for this newly reauthorized program
				were based on the statute. There was not a specific criterion on national significance. However, there was a competitive preference priority for a rigorous experimental or quasi-experimental evaluation design. All but one of the funded projects responded to this competitive preference priority. A rigorous evaluation of each project
				is likely to yield nationally significan findings on the effectiveness of the projects.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Criteria: project	design		Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance Performance Targets		Progress: Earmarked projects were not	Peer-reviewer ratings of applications, 2002.
1999	48	90	included in the analysis of project design because their applications are not peer reviewed.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 Data Available: September 2002 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data to be collected from peer
2000	92	90		
2001	37	90		
2002	86	90	Explanation: Only 37% of FY 2001 projects scored at least 80% for project design. In FY	
		90	2002, 100 percent of the character education projects scored 80 percent or above for project design. There was a positive trend for unsolicited projects as 60% met the indicator. In FY 2000, none met this indicator. In FY 2001, 35 percent met the target.	

Indicator 8.1.3 of 3: Progress: Eighty percent of projects will be judged to have successfully implemented strategies or yielded results that can contribute to improving education.

	Targets and Performand	e Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Final	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	-	reports, which will be externally reviewed.
ı cai		r enormance rangets	Progress: In 2001, a sample of projects submitting final reports (all	Data will no longer be collected on this measure.
	- No Data -		from the same competition) were	ineasure.
		identified and a review instrument designed.	Frequency: Annually.	
			1 2 2 3 7 2 2 7	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
			Explanation: Data not collected. It	Final reports were collected but were not
			was determined that as grantees and	peer reviewed.
			contractors were not told about this review and were not provided the	Limitations: It was determined that in ord
			criteria prior to submitting final reports,	to be fair to the project and to also obtain
			that this would not be a fair nor	reliable data, applicants would need to kr
		adequate measure of their projects.	about this type of requirement from the ve	
				beginning so that an evaluation plan coul
				be part of the original application. Under new program authority in the No Child Le
				Behind Act of 2001, evaluations are to be
				incorporated into all projects.

Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.116 - Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education

Goal 8: To improve postsecondary education by making grants to institutions in support of reform and innovation.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Promote reforms that improve the quality of teaching and learning and Postsecondary institutions.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Replication of projects: The number of projects that are adapted in full or in part, or whose materials are used by other institutions, will increase over the number in previous years.

more described to	increase over the number in previous years.						
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Percentage of F	Percentage of FIPSE grantees reporting full project dissemination to others		Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: Final Report			
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets		Explanation: FIPSE considers	Scorecard.			
1998	92		itself successful on this measure	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003 - 2004			
1999	100		if 8 of every 10 projects result in project models being adapted on	Data Available: January 2004			
2000	83	100	other campuses.	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Similar results from site visit scorecard.			
2001	96	85					
2002	94.50	95		Limitations: Data supplied by project directors in response to survey instruments. Have revised form			
				to match indicators more closely. Planning an external evaluation of the Comprehensive Program through PES around these indicators.			

Objective 8.2 of 2: Institutionalization of FIPSE Programs

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Projects sustained: The number of projects sustained at least 2 years beyond Federal funding will be maintained or increased beyond current

level.				
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of Process	ojects reporting full or partial instituti	ionalization on their home	Status: Target met	Additional Source Information: Final Report Scorecard.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: FIPSE's emphasis on institutional contributions to projects and development of long-term continuation plans are designed to embed projects within campus	Assessment of projects based on review of final reports sent in at the
1998	93			completion of projects. Based on this assessment, 95 percent
1999	96		structures. Expect the rate of	demonstrate partial or complete
2000	94	100	institutionalization to be in the 90-100% range, but not 100% each year.	institutionalization by the end of the grant.
2001	100	95	but not 100% cush year.	
2002	95	95		Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003 - 2004
				Validated By: No Formal Verification. Similar Data from Site Visit Scorecard. Assessment of project drawn from on-site visitation and evaluation or projects. 100 percent of projects have shown attention devoted to dissemination planning before the end of the project date. Limitations: Data supplied as a result of the assessment of project final reports submitted by project directors. Improvements: Planning modification of assessment to work with planned on-line assessment for 2003. External evaluation of the Comprehensive Program is currently underway.

Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR-UP) - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.334 - Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs

Goal 8: To significantly increase the number of low-income students who are prepared to enter and succeed in postsecondary education.

Objective 8.1 of 3: Increase the academic performance and preparation for postsecondary education of participating students.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Completion of academically challenging curricula: Program participants will successfully complete college preparatory courses such as algebra, geometry, chemistry, and physics at increasing rates.

3 , 3	3, 3, I 3			
	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The percentage of seventh graders who passed prealgebra		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Targets were not established for	Annual program performance reports and program evaluation
2001	18		2002.	study.
2002	18		Explanation: Data will continue to be collected	Frequency: Annually.
			on successful completion of core academic	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
The percentage o	of seventh graders who passed Algeb	ra 1	subjects and other college preparatory courses. Note that standards to enter and	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	complete above grade level math courses (such as prealgebra and Algebra I for 7th graders) are becoming more rigorous. This	
2001	2			
2002	2		practice may limit the percentage of students in	
			many schools served by GEAR UP who are entering and completing such courses. Also Note that data for Year 2001 were obtained from the GEAR UP Annual Performance Report covering April 2000 - March 2001. Data for Year 2002 were obtained from the GEAR UP Annual Performance Report covering April 2001 - March 2002.	which project objectives are being accomplished.

Objective 8.2 of 3: Increase the rate of high school graduation and participation in postsecondary education of participating students.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Attendance, high school completion, and postsecondary enrollment: Program participants will have high rates of attendance in school, be promoted to the next grade level on time, and successfully complete high school and enroll in postsecondary education programs at increasing rates.

promoted to the ne	ext grade level on time, and successfully co	omplete mgn school and emon in postsecon		icreasing rates.
	Targets and Performanc	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
The percentages of	participating seventh graders promoted to the	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source	
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets			Information: Annual program performance
2001	98		Progress: Targets were not established for 2002.	reports and program
2002	97	Explanation: Data will continue to be collected on	evaluation study. Frequency: Annually.	
The percentage of s	The percentage of seventh graders with fewer than five unexcused absences in the first two quarters of 2000-01			Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	level promotions, and in future years on high school	Data Available: December
2001	83		completion and	2003 Validated By: No Formal
2002	88		postsecondary education enrollment. Note that standards for promotion have become more rigorous in many school districts and states that have GEAR UP programs.	Validated By: No Formal Verification. GEAR UP staff review performance data for quality, clarity, and consistency; and to asses extent to which project objectives are being accomplished.

Objective 8.3 of 3: Increase educational expectations for participating students and student and family knowledge of postsecondary education options, preparation, and financing.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: Knowledge of postsecondary education costs, financing, and academic preparation: Program participants and their families will increasingly report having knowledge of postsecondary education costs, available financial aid, and necessary academic preparation for college.

	Targets and Performan	nce Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	GEAR UP students who have talked to the labout academic preparation for college a		Additional Source Information: Annual	
Year	Actual Performance Performance Targets		established for 2002.	program performance reports and program evaluation
2001	50		Frankanski and Data will continue	study.
2002	53		Explanation: Data will continue to be collected on students and parents' knowledge of	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 -
		e talked to their children's school counselor, preparation for college and college entrance Performance Targets	postsecondary education entrance requirements, costs of attendance, and financial aid opportunities.	2003 Data Available: December 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2001	31			GEAR UP staff review performance report data for
2002	39			quality, clarity, and
advisor or someon	e else at their children's school about ava	The Bottle of Bottle of the Control	III	objectives are being
V	T	•	4	accomplished.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	_	
2001	Actual Performance 24	•	_	
	Actual Performance	•		
2001 2002 The percentage of	Actual Performance 24 31	•		
2001 2002 The percentage of	Actual Performance 24 31	Performance Targets		
2001 2002 The percentage of institutions.	Actual Performance 24 31 GEAR UP students who are aware of two	Performance Targets o or more types of postsecondary education		
2001 2002 The percentage of institutions. Year	Actual Performance 24 31 GEAR UP students who are aware of two Actual Performance	Performance Targets o or more types of postsecondary education		
2001 2002 The percentage of institutions. Year 2001 2002	Actual Performance 24 31 GEAR UP students who are aware of two Actual Performance 62	Performance Targets o or more types of postsecondary education Performance Targets		
2001 2002 The percentage of nstitutions. Year 2001 2002	Actual Performance 24 31 GEAR UP students who are aware of two Actual Performance 62 62	Performance Targets o or more types of postsecondary education Performance Targets		
2001 2002 The percentage of institutions. Year 2001 2002 The percentage of	Actual Performance 24 31 GEAR UP students who are aware of two Actual Performance 62 62 62 GEAR UP parents who have participated	Performance Targets o or more types of postsecondary education Performance Targets in GEAR UP events		

Gallaudet University - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.994K Gallaudet University Programs, Elementary and Secondary Education Programs, Pre-College Programs, Endowment Grant

Goal 8: To challenge students who are deaf, graduate students who are deaf, and graduate students who are hearing, to achieve their academic goals and obtain productive employment, provide leadership in setting the national standard for best practices in education of the deaf and hard of hearing, and establish a sustainable resource base.

Objective 8.1 of 2: University programs and the Model Secondary School for the Deaf and the Kendall Demonstration Elementary School will optimize the number of students completing programs of study

Indicator 8.1.1 of 3: Enrollment at Gallaudet University: Maintain a minimum enrollment of 1,250 undergraduate and 700 graduate students; 70 students in professional studies; 225 students at the Model Secondary School; and 140 students at the Kendall Demonstration Elementary School.

protocolonial oto			dents at the Rendan Demonstration Liementary ocho	1
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Undergraduate e	ndergraduate enrollment		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Collegiate
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: There was a considerable increase in graduate enrollment in fiscal year 2002. In fiscal year	Office of Enrollment
1998	1,339			Services, and Clerc Center student database, FY 2003
1999	1,300	1,250	2003, the Undergraduate enrollment fell slightly short its target. The Professional Studies enrollment and	enrollment as of October
2000	1,318	1,250	Kendall School enrollment targets were exceeded in 2003; Model Secondary School fell short of its target	2002, summarized in Gallaudet's FY 2002 annual
2001	1,321	1,250	in 2003.	report, submitted in 2003.
2002	1,243	1,250	Explanation: The 2002 Undergraduate enrollment, which was slightly short its target was addressed	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003
2003	1,243	1,250		
	Graduate enrollment		during fiscal year 2002. The fiscal year 2002 enrollment at the Kendall School exceeded its target.	Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: No Formal
Graduate enrolln				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	The Model School has developed strategies to address enrollment. In fiscal year 2003, the total	Verification. Data supplied by Gallaudet University and the Clerc Center. No formal verification procedure applied.
1998	714		undergraduate enrollment held steady at 1,243, very	
1999	628	700	near its target. The Graduate enrollment, while not meeting its target, increased considerably over the	
2000	541	700	fiscal year 2002 enrollment. Implementation of key	procedure applied.
2001	625	700	strategies for increasing Graduate and Professional Studies enrollments has resulted in substantial	
2002	517	700	increases in both categories. While the Model	
2003	617	700	Secondary School did not reach its target enrollment, it slightly increased enrollment over the fiscal year	
			2002 level. The Kendal School enrollment increased approximately 3 percent over the fiscal year 2002 level, again exceeding its target. Gallaudet has	

Professional studies enrollment					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets			
1998	92				
1999	70	70			
2000	86	70			
2001	93	70			
2002	92	70			
2003	154	70			

established minimum enrollment targets based on longstanding enrollment targets and historical trends recognizing that actual figures vary from year to year.

1/	Inde	I.Sc	hool	l enro	llment

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1998	224	
1999	209	225
2000	219	225
2001	205	225
2002	188	225
2003	190	225

Kendall School enrollment

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets				
1998	137					
1999	117	140				
2000	135	140				
2001	148	140				
2002	148	140				
2003	152	140				

Indicator 8.1.2 of 3: Student retention rate: Increase the undergraduate retention rate and maintain a minimum retention rate of 90 percent at the Model School/Kendall School.

School/Kendali				
	Targets and Performance D	Pata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Undergraduate retention rate			Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: Collegiate
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The undergraduate	Office of the Register and Clerc Center (Model and Kendall Schools) Office of
1998	72		retention rate fell show its target, however, there was an increase over	Exemplary Programs and Research records, summarized in the FY 2002 annual report,
1999	73	75	the fiscal year 2001 rate for	submitted in 2003.
2000	72	76	undergraduates. The Clerc Center (Model and Kendall) retention rate fell	Frequency: Annually.
2001	71	76	short its target in fiscal year 2002	Collection Period: 2003
2002	73	76	Explanation: The percentage of students returning to the University increased 2 percent from fiscal year 2001, making performance very close	Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data supplied by Gallaudet University and the Clerc Center
2003		76		
Clerc Center: Mo	del School and Kendall School retent	ion rate	to the target. Increased focus on	Limitations: Gallaudet plans to refine the
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	retention of students and particular attention to the success of first year	retention rate indicator for the Clerc Center
1998	85		students have contributed to the	students and how progress toward its target is calculated, so that it more validly reflects
1999	92	90	increase. The fiscal year 2002 Clerc Center retention rate o f86 percent is	the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE) to Clerc Center students.
2000	82	90	nearly at the same level reported for fiscal year 2001 but still slightly below The concepts of retention and the postsecondary level do n	The concepts of retention and persistence at
2001	88	90		the postsecondary level do not translate appropriately to elementary and secondary
2002	86	90		special education.
2003		90	1	

Indicator 8.1.3 of 3: Student graduation rate: The undergraduate graduation rates at the university will increase. The Model School graduation rate will be maintained.

maintained.				
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Undergraduate gr	raduation rate		Status: Target not met Progress: The Undergraduate	Additional Source Information: Collegiate
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		Office of the Registrar and the Clerc Center Office of Exemplary Programs and
1998	41		graduation rate declined from the previous year and fell short its target.	Research records, summarized in FY 2002 annual report, submitted in 2003.
1999	42	41	The Model Secondary School	·
2000	41	42	graduation rate declined from the previous year and fell short of its	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003
2001	41	43	target.	Data Available: October 2003
2002	42	44	Explanation: The University's	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data supplied by Gallaudet University and
2003		45	performance increased slightly from fiscal year 2001, but fell short its target. The University has instituted a number of strategies to improve its	Clerc Center.
				Limitations: Gallaudet plans to
Model School grad	duation rate			reconceptualize how performance is
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	undergraduate graduation rate. The Model School 80 percent graduation	assessed for the Model School graduation rate to make this indicator a more valid
1998	93		rate reflects those students who	reflection of what really occurs with a given senior class. Students may graduate at the end of their senior year, or they may make
1999	88	94	completed all graduation requirements by the end of their senior year. An	
2000	98	94	additional 5 percent deferred	the decision, as part of the Individualized
2001	90	94	graduation pending completion of course work, and 13 percent changed	Education Program (IEP) process, to change their graduation so they may
2002	80	94	their graduation date and will return for continue to pursue	continue to pursue their IEP goals, or they
2003		94	the fifth year option. Therefore, the total projected graduation rate for fiscal	may elect to take the fifth year option.
			year 2002 senior class is expected to be 98 percent.	

Objective 8.2 of 2: Gallaudet works in partnership with others to develop and disseminate educational programs and materials for deaf and hard-of-hearing students.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Use of the Demonstration Schools' expertise: Other programs and/or institutions adopting innovative curricula and other products, or modifying their strategies as a result of Model and Kendall's leadership, will be maintained or increased.

Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Programs adoptin	rograms adopting Model/Kendall Innovative strategies/curricula		Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The Clerc Center exceeded its	Records of the Clerc Center Office of Training and Professional
1998	41		target in fiscal year 2002.	Development, summarized in the FY
1999	52	41	Explanation: Fifty-six new programs adopted	2002 Annual Report, submitted in January 2003.
2000	62	41	innovative Clerc Center strategies or curricula in FY 2002, representing an increase over fiscal year 2001 and exceeding its target in fiscal year 2002. Again, it should be noted that the number of new programs adopting	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003
2001	39	41		
2002	56	41		
			innovations from year to year will vary and depends in part on the number and type of strategies and curricula being disseminated by the Clerc Center and the financial and personnel resources available within other programs to participate in training and implementation activities.	Verification. Data supplied by Gallaudet University and the Clerc Center. No formal verification procedures applied.

Graduate Assistance in Areas of National Need (GAANN) and Javits Fellowships - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.200 - Graduate Assistance in Areas of National Need

Goal 8: To increase the number of persons trained at the highest academic level

Objective 8.1 of 2: Increase the number of graduate students in areas of national need, including the number of underrepresented groups.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Graduate school completion: There will be an increase in the percentage of U.S. citizens and permanent residents who receive a GAANN fellowship and obtain a doctorate in an area of national need.

	Targets and Performance Da	ta	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of stude	ents receiving a GAANN fellowship who e	earned a doctorate degree.	Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Progress toward	Contractor Performance Report	
1999	60		performance targets is limited	Additional Common Informations The EV	
2001	12	12	because the grant is for a three- year period, but the average	Additional Source Information: The FY 1999 data is not comparable to the	
2002		12	time to degree for a Ph.D. is seven years. Explanation: Data is reported at the end of a three-year grant period from information provided in the final performance reports. In FY 2002, there is no new data to report because there were no new awards for the grant period FY 1999-2001.	subsequent fiscal year data. In FY 1999, contractors surveyed all grantees funded up to that time and reported the compiled data. The number does not reflect reporting from an individual cohort of grantees, but from all grantees who responded to the survey. Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2000 - 2002 Data Available: December 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: The data on completion rates are limited because the project period for a GAANN grant is three years, while the average time to Ph.D. completion is 7 years. Although grantees are required to submit an interim report for	
				each of the first two years of the grant period and a final report at the end of the project period, the majority of fellows will not have reached completion of their Ph.D during the three-year project period. No further reporting is required.	

Indicator 8.1.2 o	f 2: Enrollr	ment of ta	argeted p	opulation	s: The pe	ercentag	e of GA	ANN fell	ows fro	m underr	epresented groups will incr	ease over time.
	Targets and Performance Data							Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Percentage of fel	lows from t	raditional	ly underre	presented	d groups b	y grantee	e cohort				Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report Contractor Performance
Year		Actu	al Perforn	nance			Perfor	mance T	argets		Progress: Progress toward	
	Alaskan/ Native America n Indians	Asian/P acific	Non-	Hispanic	Women	Alaska n/Nativ e Americ an Indians	Asian/P acific Islande	Black Non- Hispani C	Hispan c	i Women	performance targets is limited because the grant is for a three-year period, but the average time to degree for a Ph.D. is seven years.	Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2000 - 2002 Data Available: December 2003
1999	1	10	7	4	37						Explanation: Data is reported at the end of a	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2000	Ì					1	7	7	6	38	three-year grant period from information provided	Limitations: The authorizing
2001	0	7	7	7	39	1	7	7	6	38	in the final performance	statute recommends, but does
2002	İ					1	7	7	6	38	reports. In FY 2002, there is no new data to report	not mandate, that grantees seek individuals from traditionally
											because there were no new awards for the grant period FY 1999-2001.	underrepresented groups when awarding fellowships. However, in responding to the selection criteria, grantees must address plans to include students from underrepresented groups.

Objective 8.2 of 2: To enable students of superior ability in the arts, humanities, and social sciences to complete their terminal degree.

Indicator 8.2.1 o	ndicator 8.2.1 of 1: Graduate school completion: The percentage of Javits fellows who complete a terminal degree within 7 years will increase over time.									
	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality						
Rates of doctorat	te attainment by Javits fellows 7 years	from enrollment.	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Program performance reports; Survey						
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 1998 30		Progress: No 2000-2002 data are	of Earned Doctorates, 1999.						
1998			available	Frequency: Annually.						
1999	26		Explanation: The graduation rate within	Collection Period: 2003						
			seven years of entering a graduate program for Javits fellows is 26% in 1999. The Survey of Earned Doctorates collects only information on attainment of a doctorate degree. Some Javits fellows pursue programs in fields for which the terminal degree is below the doctorate level; their attainment is not accounted for, resulting in a measure that it biased downward.	Data Available: January 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: The new Annual Performance Report will require grantees to report completion data on their fellows (thus obtaining completion information on both doctoral programs and those programs where the Master of Fine Arts is the terminal degree).						

Grants to States and Preschool Grants Program--IDEA Part B - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.027 - Special Education_Grants to States

84.173 - Special Education Preschool Grants

Goal 8: To improve results for children with disabilities by assisting state and local educational agencies to provide children with disabilities access to high-quality education that will help them meet challenging standards and prepare them for employment and independent living.

Objective 8.1 of 5: All preschool children with disabilities receive services that prepare them to enter school ready to learn.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Inclusive settings: The percentage of preschool children with disabilities who are receiving special education and related services in inclusive settings (e.g., regular kindergarten, public preschool programs, Head Start, or child care facilities) will increase.

moraon oo aan	inclusive settings (e.g., regular kindergarten, public prescribor programs, riedu otart, or crima care racinties) will increase.									
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality						
Percentage of pre	eschool children with disabilities rece	iving services in inclusive	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: New state data collections	Additional Source Information: IDEA State-reported data						
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	typically take up to five years to achieve	Frequency: Annually.						
1998	41.40		reliability. Because there is a one-year lag in the availability of this data after collection, the	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: September 2003						
1999	41.40		data that became available in 2002 is for 2000- 2001	Validated By: Federal Statistical						
2000	39.80			Agencies.						
2001	38.90									
			<u> </u>							

Objective 8.2 of 5: All Children who would typically be identified as being eligible for special education at age 8 or older and who are experiencing early reading or behavioral difficulties receive appropriate services earlier to avoid falling behind their peers.

Indicator 8.2.1 c	ndicator 8.2.1 of 1: Earlier identification and intervention: The percentage of children served under IDEA ages 6 or 7, compared to ages 6 to 21, will increase.								
	Targets and Performance Da	nta	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality					
Percentage of cl	hildren served under IDEA under ages 6	6 or 7	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: This indicator is under review by	IDEA state reported data					
	% of children	% of children	the Department. Therefore no actual data or are shown after 1999-or 2000.	Validated By: Fodoral Statistical					
1997	13		are shown after 1999-01 2000.	Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies.					
1998	13.40								
1999	12.80	14							

Objective 8.3 of 5: All children with disabilities have access to the general curriculum and assessments, with appropriate accommodations, supports, and services, consistent with high standards.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 2: Regular education settings (school age): The percentage of children with disabilities ages 6 to 21 who are reported by states as being served in the regular education classroom at least 80 percent of the day will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of chil	ldren		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Sate-reported data required under		
	Performance Targets	Explanation: The percentage of children	IDEA.			
	% of Children	% of Children	served in regular education classrooms at least 80 percent of the day decreased from 47.3	Frequency: Annually.		
1996	52.60		percent in 2000 to 46.5 percent in 2001.	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002		
1997	45.70		Because there is a one-year lag in the availability of this data after collection, the data	Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: Federal Statistical		
1998	46.40		that became available in 2002 is for 2000-	Agencies.		
1999	47.40	48	2001.	Limitations: The Department is		
2000	47.30	47.50		taking steps to reduce the amount of		
2001	46.50	48.50		time for collecting and reporting data.		
2002		48.80				

Indicator 8.3.2 of 2: Performance on National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP): The percentage of students with disabilities who meet or exceed basic levels in reading, math, and science in the NAEP will increase. The number of students with disabilities who do not meet basic standards will decrease. The percentage of students who are excluded from the NAEP because of their disabilities will decrease.

				NAEP beca					
	Targe	ets and Pe	erformance D	ata			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of	students with disa	abilities wh	ho met or exc	eeded basi	c levels-	4th grade	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Analysis of data from National	
Year	Actual Performance Performance Targets						Explanation: Data for this indicator are based	Assessment of Educational	
	Reading	Math	Science	Reading	Math	Science	on NAEP reading, math and science score. Since each NAEP subject test is administered	Progress (NAEP).	
1996		43.30	38.60				in a different year, data reported in this	Frequency: Other.	
1998	24						indicator will vary. For Math and Science the percentage excluded from NAEP includes	Data Available: January 2003	
2000	21.50	30.30	36.70				public and private school students. For	Analysis of data from National	
							Reading the percentage includes only public school students. The percentage reported for	Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP).	
	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets						8th grade Math who met or exceeded basic		
Year	Actual			<u> </u>			levels has been corrected to 26.8 percent based on an error in reporting last year's data.	Limitations: Data on children with disabilities who meet or exceed	
	Reading	Math	Science	Reading	Math	Science	based on an one in reporting last year o data.	basic standards are based on ver	
1996		26.80	16.70					small sample sizes, and, therefore	
1998	28							have a low level of reliability.	
1998 2000	0	23.40	25.90					nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S	ostudents with disa	abilities wh	no met or exc					nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of	students with disa	abilities wh	no met or exc	Perfor	mance [*]	Targets		nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S Grade Year	ostudents with disa	abilities what I Performa	no met or exc ance Science		mance [*]			nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S Grade Year 1996	students with disa Actual Reading	abilities wh	no met or exc	Perfor	mance [*]	Targets		nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of s Grade Year 1996 1998	students with disa	Abilities what I Performation Math	no met or exc ance Science 16.30	Perfor	mance [*]	Targets		nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S Grade Year 1996	students with disa Actual Reading	abilities what I Performa	no met or exc ance Science	Perfor	mance [*]	Targets		nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S Grade Year 1996 1998 2000	students with disa Actual Reading	Abilities what I Performation Math 9.40	no met or exc ance Science 16.30	Perfor Reading	mance [*]	Targets		nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S Grade Year 1996 1998 2000	students with disa Actual Reading 34 dents who did not	Abilities what I Performation Math 9.40	ance Science 16.30 15.60	Performan Reading Reading	mance Math	Targets		nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S Grade Year 1996 1998 2000 Number of stud	students with disa Actual Reading 34 dents who did not	I Performa Math 9.40 22.90	ance Science 16.30 15.60	Performan Reading Reading	Math	Targets Science		nave a low level of reliability.	
2000 Percentage of S Grade Year 1996 1998 2000 Number of stud	students with disa Actual Reading 34 dents who did not Actual Reading	I Performa Math 9.40 22.90 t meet basa	ance Science 16.30 15.60 ic level-4th Gance	Performande Performande Performande	Math	Targets Science Targets		Trave a low level of reliability.	

Number of students who did not meet basic level-8th Grade									
Year	Actu	ual Performa	Perfor	mance 1	Targets				
	Reading	Math	Science	Reading	Math	Science			
1996		308,728	351,326						
1998	321,330								

Number of stude	Number of students who did not meet basic level-12th Grade									
Year	Actu	Performance Targets								
	Reading	Math	Science	Reading	Math	Science				
1996		241,110	223,672							
1998	200,173									

Percentage of students excluded from NAEP-4th Grade								
Year	Actu	Actual Performance				Performance Targets		
	Reading	Math	Science	Reading	Math	Science		
1996		4	5					
1998	6							
2000	4	3	3					

Percentage of st	Percentage of students excluded from NAEP-8th Grade								
Year	Actu	Actual Performance				Performance Targets			
	Reading	Math	Science	Reading	Math	Science			
1996		3	4						
1998	5								
2000		3	3						

Percentage of students excluded from NAEP-12th Grade								
Year	Actu	Performance Targets						
	Reading	Math	Science	Reading	Math	Science		
1996		3	3					
2000		2	2					

Objective 8.4 of 5: Secondary school students with disabilities receive the support they need to complete high school prepared for postsecondary education or employment.

Indicator 8.4.1 of 1: Graduation: The percentage of children with disabilities exiting school with a regular high school diploma will increase, and the percentage who drop out will decrease.

	Targets a	nd Performance I	Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of st Year 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000			Performance Graduation 56 57	Drop out 31 30	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Because there is a one-year lag in the availability of this data after collection, the data that became available in 2002 is for 2000-2001. From 2000 to 2001, the percentage of children with disabilities who graduated with a high school diploma increased from 56.2 percent to 57 percent, while the percentage who dropped out remained at 29.4 percent.	Additional Source Information: State reported data required under IDEA. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies. Limitations: Supplemental descriptive information will be provided by the National
2001	57	29.40	59 60	27 26		Longitudinal Study II.

Objective 8.5 of 5: States are addressing their needs for professional development consistent with their comprehensive system of personnel development (CSPD).

Indicator 8.5.1 of 1: Qualified personnel: The number of states and outlying areas where at least 90 percent of special education teachers are fully certified in the area in which they are teaching will increase.

	Targets a	and Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of State Year 1996 1997	es	rformance No. of States Serving Ages 6- 21 39 38	Performan No. of States	Performance Targets No. of States No. of States Serving Ages 3-5 6-21 Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Because there is a or in the availability of this data after of the data that became available in 2 2000-2001. There is a clustering of around the 90 percent goal in the in which may result in unpredictable of from year to year. However, eviden	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Because there is a one-year lag in the availability of this data after collection, the data that became available in 2002 is for 2000-2001. There is a clustering of states around the 90 percent goal in the indicator, which may result in unpredictable changes from year to year. However, evidence of a	Additional Source Information: IDEA state reported data Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies.
1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	38 36 36	40 37 37	40 41 40 40	41 42 42 42	positive trend is expected to be evident over a 5- to 7- year period. Note: Data for actual performance for 1996-2000 have been revised to eliminate effects of rounding. This has resulted in lower results than previously reported.	Limitations: The Department is taking steps to reduce the amount of time for collecting and reporting.

Helen Keller National Center (HKNC) for Deaf-Blind Youths and Adults - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.904A Helen Keller National Center

Goal 8: Individuals who are deaf-blind will become independent and function as full and productive members of their local community.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Ensure that individuals who are deaf-blind receive the specialized services and training they need to become as independent and self-sufficient as possible.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Services to consumers at headquarters: The training program at headquarters will maintain or increase the number of adult consumers and high school students served, the percentage of consumers who complete training and are placed in employment settings, and the percentage of consumers who complete training and return to less restrictive living situations.

		7	argets	and Perforn	nance Data				Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Numbe	r of adult o	onsumers, h	nigh scl	hool student	s and perce	ntage of co	onsum	ers	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Internal client caseload reports summarized in the HKNC Annual
Year		Actual Perf	orman	ce	Pe	rformanc	e Targ	ets	Progress: Progress on	Report for 2001.
	Adult Consume	High School ers Students	% Placed	% Placed in Less Restricting I Settings	Adult Consumers	High School Students	% Placed	% Placed in Less Restricting d Settings	these objectives is expected to reflect the targets established for FY2002. Explanation: The FY2002	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: April 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
1999	75	16	45	49	85	12	38	25	data will be available for	Final transition plans on each client will include the
2000	82	15	52	59	90	12	45	49	reporting by April 2003.	employment and living situations each client will be entering upon completion of training.
2001	87	13	38	64	90	12	45	59		
2002					90	12	45	59		Limitations: Data are based on self-reported data from the grantee and are not independently
										verified. A follow-up survey was developed but budgetary limitations prevented it implementation. HKNC will conduct a limited survey using selected RSA regions.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Clients improve functionally: Participants in the core training program at headquarters will increase their skills and abilities in areas such as vocational services, communication, orientation and mobility, and independent living. The target will be established upon receipt of baseline data. The target for 2001 is an 85 percent success rate in achieving training goals.

	Targets and Performance [Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of ide	entified training goals successfully achie	eved by participants	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Progress on these	Additional Source Information: HKNC
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		Annual Report for 2001.
1999	83.70	84	objectives is expected to reflect the targets established for FY2002.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 -
2000	88.90	85		Data Available: April 2003
2001	92	86	Explanation: The FY2002 data will be available for reporting by April	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Individual Training Plan (ITP).
			2003.	Limitations: Data are based upon self- reported data from the grantee and are not independently verified.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Ensure that deaf-blind consumers and their family members receive the services they need to function more independently in the home community.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Regional services to consumers and families: Helen Keller National Center will maintain or increase the number of consumers and family members served through its regional offices.

		Targets a	nd Performa	nce Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number ser Year 1999 2000 2001 2002	-	delen Keller al Perform	National Ce	nter Perfo	rmance Ta Families C 400 400 425 400	argets Organizations 950 1,000 1,050	Status: Unable to judge Progress: In 2001, the regional offices served more consumers and families than were targeted. The 913 agencies/organizations served represented a decrease of 82. Explanation: No data are available for FY2002. The number of consumers	Additional Source Information: HKNC Annual Report for 2001. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. HKNC regional reps maintain client case summary files that indicate re activity with individual consumers, family members,
				,,,,,		,,,,,	and families served fluctuates from year to year. In establishing the targets, trend data were used from prior years.	Limitations: Client case summary reports do not measure the level of service provided or impact of the services on the lives of the consumers and family members. There are no improvements planned at this time.

High School Equivalency Program and College Assistance Migrant Program - 2002

CFDA Numbers:

84.141 - Migrant Education_High School Equivalency Program

84.149 - Migrant Education_College Assistance Migrant Program

Goal 8: To assist migrant and seasonal farmworker students in obtaining the equivalent of a high school diploma, and subsequently, to begin postsecondary education, enter military service, or obtain employment.

Objective 8.1 of 2: An increasing percentage of HEP participants will complete the program and receive their GED.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: GED completion: The percentage of HEP participants who complete the program and receive the GED will continue to remain high, if not increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of HE	P participants receiving a GED			Additional Source Information: HEP/Camp grantee performance		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: The percentage of HEP students			
1996	70		who received the GED decreased in FY 2000 and 2001 because the GED requirements	Frequency: Annually.		
1997	66		changed, grantees had problems with test	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: No Formal		
1998	72		centers in their States, in particular with GED testing in Spanish, and five of the projects			
1999	73		were new projects and had difficulty with late	Verification.		
2000	58		start-up dates. Data for 2002 are not yet available.	Data were supplied by grantees.		
2001	53		available.			

Objective 8.2 of 2: CAMP students will graduate from 4-year colleges or universities at higher rates

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Student graduation: The percentage of former CAMP participants who complete a postsecondary degree program will be as high as that achieved by a comparable group of students.

	Targets and Performa	nce Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality Additional Source Information: HEP/CAMP grantee performance	
-	e of former CAMP participa postsecondary degree.	ants who successfully	Status: Unable to judge Progress: The data for FY 2001-2002 will be available when		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	grantees submit their Grant Performance Report, ED Form 524-B for	reports	
	- No Data -		the non-competing continuation awards. These reports cover the period from February 15, 2001 through February 15, 2002, and include the data for the end of the year report for FY 2000-2001. Explanation: These data have not been available as grantees have not systematically tracked progress made by former migrant students past completion of the 1-year CAMP effort. The Office of Migrant Education is working with grantees to start collecting these data. A baseline will be established in 2002.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verificatio Limitations: OME is working with grantees to provide detailed information within the annual performance reports	

Howard University - 2002

Goal 8: To assist Howard University with financial resources needed to carry out its educational mission.

Objective 8.1 of 3: Maintain and strengthen academic programs and achievement by 1: recruiting better students, 2: improving student retention, 3: improving graduation rates, and 4: promoting excellence in teaching

	,	Targets a	nd Perfo	rmance Da	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Average SAT so	core						Status: Unable to judge Progress: However, actual performance still	Additional Source Information: Howard University
Year	А	ctual Per	formand	е	Performance 7	Targets -		
	Math	Verbal	Total	% Change	Math Verbal Total	% al Change	exceeds the national average for black students.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003
1997	494	513	1,007				Explanation: Average SAT scores decreased	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1998	506	519	1,025	1.80			from 1062 in 2000 to 1046 in 2001, resulting in a 1.5% decrease. This decline was due in	
1999	517	533	1,050	2.40	1,0	35	large part to greater than anticipated	
2000	525	537	1,062	1.10	1,0	55 2	enrollment of new students who met admissions requirements, but did not have	
2001	516	530	1,046	-1.50	1,0	60 .50	SAT scores at the high end of the SAT range.	
2002					1,0	60 .50	The University's average SAT score is still 26 points higher than the national average, which	
							is 1020. The 2002 objective is to reach or exceed the unmet 2001 goal of an average of 1060 SAT total.	
	of Ar Ctudo	nt ratanti	ion: Dec	rease attr	tion for undergra	duate FTIC	(first time in college) students by 2 percent u	ntil national average is bettered
naicator 8.1.2			nd Perfo	rmance Da	nta		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
			nd Perfo	rmance Da	nta		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Attrition rates		Targets a				Targets .	Status: Unable to judge	Source: Other Other: Record/File.
		Targets a	formand		Performance 1	Fargets HU Rate	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Target of bettering the national average and decreasing attrition to 14% was	Source: Other
Attrition rates	A	Targets a ctual Per	forman o HU	:e	Performance 1		Status: Unable to judge Progress: Target of bettering the national average and decreasing attrition to 14% was exceeded. The National Attrition rate for 2000	Source: Other Other: Record/File. Sponsor: The Consortium for
Attrition rates Year	A Nationa	Targets a ctual Per al Rate 70	formand HU 19	:e Rate	Performance 1		Status: Unable to judge Progress: Target of bettering the national average and decreasing attrition to 14% was exceeded. The National Attrition rate for 2000 was 20%.	Source: Other Other: Record/File. Sponsor: The Consortium for Student Retention and Data Exchange. Frequency: Annually.
Attrition rates Year 1997	A Nationa 26.	Ctual Peral Rate	formand HU 19	Rate	Performance 1		Status: Unable to judge Progress: Target of bettering the national average and decreasing attrition to 14% was exceeded. The National Attrition rate for 2000 was 20%. Explanation: The attrition rate of 12.9 percent	Source: Other Other: Record/File. Sponsor: The Consortium for Student Retention and Data Exchange.
Attrition rates Year 1997 1998	A Nationa 26.	Ctual Per al Rate 70 40	formand HU 19 17	Rate .60	Performance 1		Status: Unable to judge Progress: Target of bettering the national average and decreasing attrition to 14% was exceeded. The National Attrition rate for 2000 was 20%. Explanation: The attrition rate of 12.9 percent at Howard University is well below the national average of 20.2%. The objective remains to	Source: Other Other: Record/File. Sponsor: The Consortium for Student Retention and Data Exchange. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal
Attrition rates Year 1997 1998 1999	A Nationa 26. 26. 29	Ctual Peral Rate 70 40 5	formand HU 19 17 1	Rate .60 .60	Performance 1 National Rate		Status: Unable to judge Progress: Target of bettering the national average and decreasing attrition to 14% was exceeded. The National Attrition rate for 2000 was 20%. Explanation: The attrition rate of 12.9 percent at Howard University is well below the national	Source: Other Other: Record/File. Sponsor: The Consortium for Student Retention and Data Exchange. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003

Indicator 8.1.3 of 4: Graduation rates: The undergraduate and graduate graduation rates will increase by 2 percent per year until the national average is reached or exceeded.

	Targets ar	nd Performance I	Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
6-year gradu	ation rate				Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Howard University.
Year	Actual Performance		Performan	ce Targets	Explanation: The graduation rate at Howard	Howard Offiversity.
	Consortium Rate	HU Rate	Consortium Rate	HU Rate	University of 51.3% demonstrates continuous improvement from 1998 (40.9%) and a pattern of exceeding performance targets for each	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003
1997		49			succeeding year.	Validated By: No Formal
1998		40.90				Verification.
1999	54.20	46.10	43			Limitations: The reported 6-year
2000	54.10	48.70	48			national rate comes from the Consortium for Student Retention
2001		51.30	50			Data Exchange at the University of
2002			52			Oklahoma. Howard University is a member of the institution.

Indicator 8.1.4 of 4: Excellence in teaching and scholarship: The participation rate of faculty in activities of the Fund for Academic Excellence will increase.

		Targets and	Performance	e Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Proposals Year Actual Performance Performance Targets				Performance Tar	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: The principal goal for the Fund	Additional Source Information: Howard University.	
	Funded		Number of Participants	Number of Number of Funded Participants		for Academic Excellence is to be a catalyst for	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003
1998	258	153	189			will ultimately constrain the participation rate	Validated By: No Formal
1999	218	152	200			for faculty. The number of proposals submitted, and those funded increased; however, the	Verification.
2000	149	128	173	125	210	number funded did not meet our target due to	
2001	154	130	160	140	200	prevailing economic conditions.	
2002				150	225		

Objective 8.2 of 3: To promote excellence in research

	Targets ar	nd Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of fur	nded grant proposals				Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information
Year	Actual Perf	ormance	Performan	ce Targets	Explanation: Grants received increased by	Howard University.
1997	232	2			3.6% over last year's number of awards.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1998	279)				
1999	299)				
2000	252	2	30)1		
2001	261	1	26	30		
2002			27	70		
Targets and Performance Data					Assessment of Progress Status: Unable to judge	Sources and Data Quality Additional Source Information
unds receive	d through research grai	nts			Status: Unable to judge	
unds receive Year	d through research grad		Performan	ce Targets	-	Additional Source Information Howard University.
	1		Performand Value of Grants Received	ce Targets % Change	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: The value of grants received increased by 6.2% to approximately \$53.4 million. This exceeded our target by \$1.7 million.	Howard University. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003
	Actual Perf Value of Grants	ormance	Value of Grants		Explanation: The value of grants received increased by 6.2% to approximately \$53.4 million. This exceeded our target by \$1.7	Howard University. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
Year	Value of Grants Received	ormance	Value of Grants		Explanation: The value of grants received increased by 6.2% to approximately \$53.4 million. This exceeded our target by \$1.7	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal
Year 1997	Value of Grants Received 45,268,427	ormance % Change	Value of Grants		Explanation: The value of grants received increased by 6.2% to approximately \$53.4 million. This exceeded our target by \$1.7	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal
Year 1997 1998	Value of Grants Received 45,268,427 44,057,827	% Change	Value of Grants		Explanation: The value of grants received increased by 6.2% to approximately \$53.4 million. This exceeded our target by \$1.7	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal
1997 1998 1999	Actual Perf Value of Grants Received 45,268,427 44,057,827 47,533,841	% Change 2.70 7.90	Value of Grants Received	% Change	Explanation: The value of grants received increased by 6.2% to approximately \$53.4 million. This exceeded our target by \$1.7	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal

Objective 8.3 of 3: Increase Howard University's financial strength and independence from Federal Appropriations

Indicator 8.3.1 of	f 3: Endowment: The value of the	endowment each year will inc	rease.		
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Market value of e	ndowment (in millions)		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Howard University.	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: The market value of Howard		
1997	211.20		University's endowment increased	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Audited Financial Statements.	
1998	252.90		approximately 3.5% over last year. The increase is substantial given recent market		
1999	297		conditions.		
2000	329.30	320			
2001	340.90	346	1		
illuicator 6.3.2 Oi	f 3: Outside support: The funds ra Targets and Performance	<u> </u>	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Alumni contributio	on (in millions)		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Outside support increased more	Howard University.	
1997	11.80		than 32% over last year, and 27% over our	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002	
1998	8.40		target.	Data Available: March 2003	
1999	9.20		1	Validated By: No Formal Verification.	
	13.90	11		Audited Financial Statements.	
2000					
2000	18.40	14.50			

Indicator 8.3.3 of 3: Outside support—alumni: The participation rate of alumni who contribute to the school will increase.							
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Participation rate)		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Howard University			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: The 15 percent participation rate	Howard Offiversity			
1998	11.40		for 2001 is below the desired goal, but a significant increase from the prior year's	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002			
1999	9.40			Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.			
2000	12.20	25					
2001	15	30					
2002		32					

Impact Aid - 2002

CFDA Numbers:

84.040 - Impact Aid_Facilities Maintenance 84.041 - Impact Aid

Goal 8: To provide appropriate financial assistance for federally connected children who present a genuine burden to their school districts

Objective 8.1 of 3: Make payments in a timely manner

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Timeliness of payments: At least 90 percent of eligible applicants will receive initial Basic Support and Children With Disabilities payments within 60 days after the enactment of an appropriation.

Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 1997 75 1998 87 1999 13 90 2000 96 90 2001 73 90 2002 63 90	Status: Target not met Explanation: For FY 2002, 63 percent of eligible applicants received their payments within 60 days. Many FY 2002 payments were delayed beyond the initial 60 days of funds availability because States were slow to submit total current expenditure data needed to calculate payments. For FY 2003, the Department arranged for an alternate data collection method that will avoid this delay.	Additional Source Information: Program office files, 2002. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: March 2002 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Verified by ED attestation process and ED Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data. Improvements: In FY 2003, an alternate data collection will help avoid delays in payments.

Objective 8.2 of 3: Improve consultation between school districts and the Indian community to support the education of Indian children

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Indian community consultation: At least 75 percent of Title IX (Indian Education) coordinators in school districts that receive Impact Aid will report that the district solicits input from the Indian community on strategies for increasing the achievement of Indian children.

	Targets and Performance Da	ıta	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	<u>·</u>		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Title IX, Part A Performance Reports.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Data are collected through a question included in the Title IX	Frequency: Annually.
2000		75	performance report. FY 2001 data collected in 2002 from a new electronic performance Data Available: January 2002	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2002
2001		75	report have not been extracted and	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2002		75	analyzed. The low response rate in earlier years (47% for 1998-1999 data and 21%	Verified by ED attestation.
			for 1999-2000 data) prevents a meaningful measure for this indicator.	Limitations: Title IX coordinators' survey responses may not accurately reflect the quality of LEAs' parental and tribal consultation.

Objective 8.3 of 3: Make accurate payments

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: Overpayment forgiveness requests: The number of requests to forgive overpayments of Basic Support Payments and Payments for Children With Disabilities will not exceed 10 in a given fiscal year.

	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Number of reque	est to forgive overpayments of Basic Su Actual Performance	pport Payments Performance Targets	3	Additional Source Information: Program office files, 2002.	
1999 2000	5 2	10 10	forgive overpayments in 2002. This represents a decrease from the previous year. Applicants are permitted to request forgiveness of	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: December 2002	
2001	10	10	overpayment amounts, although not all requests are granted.	Validated By: No Formal Verification.	
2002	4	10		Verified by ED attestation.	

Independent Living Services Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.169 - Independent Living_State Grants

Goal 8: Individuals with significant disabilities served by Title VII, Chapter 1, programs will achieve consumer determined independent living goals, and Independent Living Services will be provided and activities will be conducted to improve or expand services to older individuals who are blind.

Objective 8.1 of 6: Increase the number of individuals with significant disabilities who are served by and benefit from the Title VII, Chapter 1, programs.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Number of individuals with significant disabilities served grouped by age: The number of individuals who receive individual independent living services will increase in all age categories.

Targets and Performance Data						Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
The number of	individuals rece	iving indivi	dual indepen	dent living s	ervices		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Rehabilitation Services
Year	Actu	al Perform	ance	Perfori	nance [·]	Targets	Explanation: Data are gathered from over 306	Administration (RSA) 704 reports
	Under 6	6-17	18-22	Under 6	6-17	18-22	reporting entities. Data are entered into a data base by a subcontractor. Since the 2001 target	(704 Report), annual, 2001.
1998	2,390	7,028	11,755				was exceeded in 1998, the 2001 target has	Frequency: Annually.
1999	1,723	5,596	9,161				been increased to take into account actual performance and the new centers to be	Collection Period: 2001
2000	1,597	6,703	10,564				established in 2001.	Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Program and budget staff or two
2001	1,966	8,154	12,054					
The number of individuals receiving individual independent living services					ervices	The source for this indicator, the 2001 Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA) 704 annual report, reports on FY2001 data in	program staff visually scan data f errors and compare to prior year's	
Year	Actu	al Perform	ance	Perfori	nance ⁻	Targets	indicator show FY2001 performance.	data.
	23-54	;	55-older	23-54	į	55-older		Limitations: There were 11,023
1998	81,012		53,045					consumers that chose not to indicate age. Also, grantees may
1999	64,383		35,593					interpret definitions differently. Ware providing training and technic
2000	74,097		30,434					assistance.
2001	99,513		39,663					

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Number of goals set and achieved by consumers: The number of consumer goals set and achieved will increase in all service areas

measured.				
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of co	onsumers who have achieved their go	pals.	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The FY 2001 Goals Set Met Rate	Performance Report.
1997	62.30		Self-care: 47,832 28,337 59.24% Communication: 16,414 13,273 80.86%	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
1998	65		Mobility: 19,308 13,240 68.57% Residential:	Data Available: May 2003
1999	67	62.50	NA Educational: 16,439 11,730 71.35% Vocational: 15,565 8,905 57.21% Other:	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Program and budget staff or two program staff visually scan data for errors and compare to prior year's
2000	63	63	24,601 16,184 65.79%,	
2001	64	63	Explanation: Data are gathered from over 306	
2002		63	reporting entities. Data are entered into a data-	data.
			The source for this indicator, the 2001 Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA) 704 annual report, reports on FY2001 data in late 2002. Therefore, the latest data for this indicator show FY2001 performance.	Limitations: Grantees may interpret definitions differently. We are providing training and technical assistance.

Objective 8.2 of 6: Increase the satisfaction of consumers who receive chapter 1 Independent Living services

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Consumer satisfaction with IL services: A consistently high proportion of consumers will report satisfaction with IL services.
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Indicator 8.2.1 of	f 1: Consumer satisfaction with IL	services: A consistently high	proportion of consumers will report satisfaction	on with IL services.
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
New York State survey: Percentage of consumers who are very or mostly satisfied with services.			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Performance Report. Evaluation of
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Information based upon CESSI report. In addition RSA Independent Living	the Title VII Chapter I pt. C Centers for Independent Living, CESSI
	%	%	Services program will request that when the	
1997	85		state submits its annual 704 report, that they provide a copy of Customer Satisfaction	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
2000		87	Survey. Attachment 16 to the 704 report, which deals with customer satisfaction surveys, was	Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: No Formal
2001	87	87	deleted in a previous revision approved by	Verification.
2002		87	OMB. Consumer satisfaction surveys are submitted to the state annually.	Program and budget staff visually scan data for errors and compare to
			Explanation: Consumer satisfaction survey conducted as part of an overall evaluation of Independent Living Centers.	Limitations: Grantees may interpret definitions differently. We are providing training and technical assistance.

Objective 8.3 of 6: Improve access to personal assistance services (PAS), housing, transportation, and community-based living through increased advocacy efforts.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 2: Number of Centers for Independent Living (CILs) using effective advocacy techniques: All CILs will have an advocacy program to address at least two of the following areas: (a) community-based personal assistance services (b), accessible/affordable housing (c), accessible/affordable transportation, and (d) options for moving people from nursing homes and other institutions to the community.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Preliminary resultareas	lts 1997, New York State: Percentage	e of CILs with programs in two		Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2003
Year Actual Performance Performance Targets			Progress: There is no recent data for OIB program. With the approval of the 70B report,	Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: No Formal
1997	25		OMB inform IL that the consumer satisfaction	Verification.
1999		30	survey is to be a separate section other than the 70B. RSA/II is currently investigating methods to gather the required information.	Limitations: Grantees may interpret definitions differently. We are providing training and technical
2000		50		
2001 80			Explanation: Data is in but analysis is not yet assistance.	
			completed. Projecting analysis will be completed by end of second quarter.	

Indicator 8.3.2 of 2: Increased Community-based Living: The number of individuals who leave nursing homes and other institutions for community-based housing and the number of individuals at risk of entering nursing homes and other institutions who are receiving IL services and can remain at home will increase.

	Targets a	and Performance Da	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of indivi	1	f	Doufous ou	an Tananta	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Data are gathered from over 306 reporting entities. Data are entered into a data base by a subcontractor. The source for this indicator, the 2001Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA) 704 annual report, reports on FY2001 data in late 2002. Therefore, the latest data for this indicator show FY2001 performance.	Additional Source Information: RSA 704 Report, 2000.
Year	Number of individuals who left Nursing Homes/ Institutions	Number of individuals who remained in the Community	Number of individuals who left Nursing Homes/ Institutions	Number of individuals who remained in the Community		Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
1998 1999	1,671	18,343	850	8,500		Limitations: Grantees may interpret definitions differently. We are providing training and technical
2000	1,372	18,036	850	8,500		assistance.
2001	1,777	23,983	900	9,000		
2002			950	9,500		

Objective 8.4 of 6: Increase the amount of funds in addition to title VII that support chapter 1 grantees.

Indicator 8.4.1 of 1: Increased funding from alternative sources: Up to 76 percent of CILs will have greater than 25 percent of their budget from sources other than Title VII, Chapter 1, and 80 percent of states will contribute more than the required minimum match for Title VII, Chapter 1, Part B.

states that will contribute more than match					Assessment of Progress Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Data is in but analysis is not yet	Sources and Data Quality
						Additional Source Information: RSA 704 Report, 2000
Year	Year Actual Performance		Performance Targets		completed. Projecting analysis to be completed by end of second guarter of FY2003.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 -
	Percent CILS>25%	Percent of States Overmatch Part B	Percent CILS>25%	Percent of States Overmatch Part B	by end of second quarter of FY2003.	Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Program and budget staff or two
1997	74	80				program staff visually scan data for
2000	66		75	80		errors and compare to prior year's data.
2001			76	80		
2002			76	80		Limitations: Grantees may interpredefinitions differently. We are providing training and technical assistance.

Objective 8.5 of 6: Provide chapter 2 services to increasing numbers of individuals who are older and severely visually impaired, and increase consumer satisfaction.

Indicator 8.5.1 of 2: Increased number of individuals served: : The number of older and severely visually impaired individuals served will increase annually.							
	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Individuals receiv	ving services		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Target revised because of	Independent Living Services for Older Individuals Who Are Blind (7-			
1994	14,968		increased program budget in FY 2001. The source for this indicator, the 2001Independent Living Services for Older Individuals Who Are Blind (7-OB Report), reports on FY2001 data in late 2002. Therefore, the latest data for this indicator show FY2001 performance	OB Report), 2001.			
1995	22,103			Frequency: Annually.			
1996	26,846			Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: May 2003			
1997	31,460			Validated By: On-Site Monitoring			
1998	36,280			By ED. Research and Training Center and			
1999	38,150	28,500		program staff review data			
2000	47,596	35,000		Limitations: Targets based on			
2001	58,436	40,000		estimates of program funding level.			
2002		41,000					

Indicator 8.5.2 of 2: Increased consumer satisfaction: The satisfaction rate in consumers' confidence in ability to perform activities that were "given up" as a result of vision loss will increase, and the percentage of consumers who feel more in control in making decisions on important issues will increase.

	Targets a	and Performance Da	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of c	ostumer confidence				Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Other.
Year	Actual Performance Performance Targets		Progress: There is no recent data for OIB			
	Ability to perform daily working tasks	Make decisions on important issues	Ability to perform daily working tasks	Make decisions on important issues	program. With the approval of the 70B report, OMB inform IL that the consumer satisfaction survey is to be a separate section other than the 70B. RSA/II is currently investigating methods to gather the required information.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1998	87	76				Research and Training Center and
2000			89	79	Explanation: Data is in but analysis is not yet completed. Projecting analysis will be	program staff review data.
2001			90	80	completed by end of second quarter.	Limitations: Targets based on
2002			90	80		estimates of program funding level.

Objective 8.6 of 6: Increase funding for chapter 2 programs from sources other than Title VII, Chapter 2.

Indicator 8.6.1	of 1: Increased funding from alterna	ative sources: An increasing p	percentage of states contribute more than the	minimum match amount.
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of S	tates		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Grantees must match FY 1999	Performance Report.
	Percentage of States	Percentage of States	(discretionary) and FY 2000 (formula) funds during FY 2000. States can make their	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
1997	75	0	discretionary match at anytime during FYs	Data Available: May 2003
1998	77	0	2000 and 2001 because of our extension of their budget period. This is a one-time event caused by the transition from discretionary to	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1999	80	0		Research and Training Center and
2000	80	25	formula funding.	program staff review data
2001	55	25		Limitations: Lowered over match
2002	80			targets for FY 2000 and FY 2001 because of dramatic one-time
				increase in required state match.

Indian Education - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.060 - Indian Education_Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Goal 8: To help American Indian and Alaska Native children achieve to the same challenging standards expected of all students by supporting access to programs that meet their unique educational and culturally related academic need.

Objective 8.1 of 2: American Indian and Alaska Native students served by LEAs receiving Indian Education Formula Grants will progress at rates similar to those for all students in achievement to standards, promotion, and graduation.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 3: Student achievement: Increasing percentages of American Indian and Alaska Native students will meet or exceed the performance standards established by national assessments.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	nerican Indian and Alaska Native stu in reading on NAEP	udents in grade 4 who were at or		Source: NCES Survey/Assessment Survey/Assessment: National Assessmen
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Increases in the percentage of students scoring above	of Educational Progress.
1994	48		basic in math are occurring at the	Additional Source Information: National
1998	47		fourth grade level; however, similar increases are not occurring in reading and math at the eighth grade level. The	Assessment of Educational Progress, 2000 2002; School and Staffing Survey, 1997.
2000	43			F Bis said
2002		60	schedule for testing is being revised to correspond with the No Child Left Behind Act's requirements.	Frequency: Biennially. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: May 2003
	nerican Indian and Alaska Native stu in reading on NAEP. Actual Performance		grades four and eight will be administered in all states every other year. The scores for the 2002 National	Data validated by National Center for Education Statistics review procedures and National Center for Education Statistics
	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	ear. The scores for the 2002 National	
1994	63		Assessment of Educational Progress will not be available until Spring 2003.	statistical standards.
1998	61			Limitations: The small sample (for the sub
2000	53			population of American Indian and Alaska Native students) means there is a high
2001		64		degree of standard error surrounding the estimates and limits data collection and
				possibilities for comparison to other populations. These estimates will vary greatly until a larger population is surveyed

Percentage of American Indian and Alaska native students in grade 4 who scored at or above basic level in math on NAEP

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1992	43	
1996	52	
2002		64

Percentage of American Indian and Alaska Native students in grade 8 who scored at or above basic level in math on NAEP

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1992	39	
1996	52	
2000	42	
2002		62

Indicator 8.1.2 of 3: Increasing percentages of American Indian and Alaska Native students will meet or exceed the performance standards established by states.

Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	Targets and Performance s reporting an increase in the percent and advanced performance levels in r Actual Performance - No Data -	tage of students in schools who	Assessment of Progress Status: Unable to judge Explanation: The 1994 Elementary and Secondary School Act requires, by 2000-01, disaggregation of achievement data submitted by states to reflect American Indian and Alaska Native proficiency levels on state assessments. The data from the Consolidated state performance reports for Title I are not yet analyzed	Source: Performance Report Grantee Performance Report: 1810-0503 Annual Performance Reporting Format for OIE Formula Grants to LEAs. Additional Source Information: Performance Consolidated State Reports, Title I Section. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
			for reporting data results.	Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: Substantial variation across states in their definitions of proficient student performance.

Indicator 8.1.3 of 3: Student promotion and graduation: Increasing percentages of American Indian and Alaska Native students will graduate at rates comparable to all students.

to all students.			1	T
Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of Am school graduates	nerican Indian and Alaska Native 20	to 24 years old who are high	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: NCES Transcript Data, OIE Annual Performance
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Projects are targeting services to reduce dropouts and	Report
1998	70		increase the graduation rates of	Frequency: Other.
2000		75	American Indian and Alaska Native students. Increased promotion and	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2003
2001		80	graduation completion are expected. Unable to locate any specific	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Census data validated by the Census
			racial/ethnic data on educational attainment from 2000 census data on website. Only total U.S. data are reported. Results from the NCES transcript data for 2000-2001 will not be available until January 2003. Analysis of data from the 2001-02 annual performance report will not be completed until Spring 2003	Bureau review procedures and Census standards; OIE Annual Performance Rep data supplied by grantee. No formal verification procedures applied; National Center for Educational Statistics Transcridata. Validated by the National Center fo Educational Statistics review procedures and National Center for Educational Statistics. Limitations: Participation in Census surveys varies by regions and location, resulting in undercount of population.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Discretionary programs will focus on improving educational opportunities and services for American Indian and Alaska Native children and adults

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Increasing percentages of the teacher and principal workforces serving American Indian and Alaska Native students will themselves be American Indian and Alaska Native.

American India	n and Alaska Nativ	e.				
Targets and Performance Data					Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	rincipals and teache a and Alaska Native		s with 25 percen	t or more		Additional Source Information: Schools and Staffing Survey, 1999; OIE Annual
Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performan	ce Targets	Progress: Data are being collected.	Performance Report; National Longitudinal Survey (1998-99 and 2000-2001).
1994	Principals	Teachers 15	Principals	Teachers	Explanation: Projects to train teachers were funded in FY 1999 for the first time since FY 1994. Because the	
2001		_	18	20	projects are just beginning, some of the targeted number of participants will	Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: NCES.
					take part in these programs, and the number will increase. Data are pending and expected.	No formal validation for OIE annual performance report.
						Limitations: Sample size is small, and it is costly to add supplemental samples to data collection programs. National sample results in an under-representation in sample count.
						Improvements: Monitor the number of American Indian and Alaska Native student through LEAs reporting on program effectiveness in their Annual Performance Reports.

Infants and Toddlers With Disabilities--IDEA Part C - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.181 - Special Education_Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities

Goal 8: To assist states in providing a comprehensive system of early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families to enhance child and family outcomes.

Objective 8.1 of 2: All infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families will receive early intervention services in natural environments that meet their individual needs.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 4: Infants and toddlers served: The percentage of children ages birth through 2 who are served under Part C will increase as a proportion of the general population in this age range, while the number of states that serve less than 2 percent of the general population of the state in this age range will decrease.

Targets and Performance Data					Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of ca	hildren ages birth th	rough 2 who are se	rved under Part	С	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: IDEA state
Year	Part C count as percentage of 0-2 U.S. Population	states population	Part C count as percentage of 0-2 U.S. Population	Number of states serving less than 2	Explanation: Data indicate that States were serving 1.99 percent of the population of children ages birth through two in 2000-2001 compared with 1.79 percent in the prior year. The number of States serving less than 2 percent of the State's population decreased from 36 to 29.	reported data Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies. Limitations: When the original baseline was established, this indicator included data
1997	1.70	39				from only the 50 states and the District of
1998	1.60	40				Columbia because of the lack of general population data for Puerto Rico and the
1999	1.80	36	1.60	38		outlying areas. Also, varying data collection
2000	2	29	1.80	35		methods and definitions among states may cause unpredictable variations in counts.
2001			1.80	33		

Indicator 8.1.2 of 4: Infants under 1 year of age served: The percentage of children under 1 year of age served under Part C, as a proportion of the general population in this age range, will increase, while the number of states that serve less than 1 percent of the general population of the state in this age range will decrease.

Targets and Performance Data					Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of ci	hildren under 1 year	r of age served unde	er Part C		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: IDEA state
Year	Percentage of the general U.S. Population	Number of states serving less than 1 percent of states population	Performan Percentage of the general U.S. Population	Number of states serving less than 1 percent of states population	Explanation: Nationally, 0.9 percent of the population ages birth through two were being served in 2000-2001, the same as the prior year. The number of States serving less than 1.0 percent of the State's population decreased from 36 in 1999-2000 to 33 in 2000-2001.	Collection Period: 2002 Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies. Limitations: When the original baseline was established, this indicator included data from only the 50 states and the District of
1997	.90	39				Columbia, because of the lack of general population data for Puerto Rico and the
1998	.80	38				outlying areas. Also, varying data collection methods and definitions among states may
1999	.90	36	.80	35		cause unpredictable variations in counts.
2000	.90	33	.90	34		
2001			1	33		
						1

Indicator 8.1.3 of 4: Service settings: The percentage of children receiving age-appropriate services primarily in home, in community-based settings, and in programs designed for typically developing peers will increase.

	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of ch	nildren receiving age appropriate servi	ces	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: IDEA		
Year Actual Performance Performance Targets			Explanation: This measure provides	State-reported data for 50 states, DC, Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, and		
1996	56		an indication of the extent to which infants and toddlers are receiving	Northern Marianas. (56 entities)		
1997	58		services in the natural environment.	Frequency: Annually.		
1998	63		Because there is a one-year lag in the availability of this data after collection,	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: September 2003		
1999	67		the data that became available in 2001	Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies.		
2000	73	67	is for 1999-2000 rather than for the reporting year 2000-2001. These data	Limitations: ED is pursuing strategies to		
2001	76	69	indicate that there is a continuing	decrease the time lags between collection,		
2002		71	positive trend toward the target.	reporting, and availability of data.		

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of chi	ildren getting referrals		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: IDEA
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: 1998-99 was the first	state-reported data
1998	65		year of data collection. New state data	Experienced Public/Private Entity, Data to
1999	63.40		collections typically require 5 years to achieve reliability. Because there is a	Experienced Public/Private Entity. Data to be validated by an experienced data
2000	63.40	69	one-year lag in the availability of this data after collection, the data that	collection contractor.
2001	57.50	70	became available in 2002 is for 2000-	Limitations: The decrease in percentage
·			2001 rather than for the reporting year 2001-2002.	referral may be due more to data quality than to an actual trend. ED is pursuing strategies to decrease the time lags between collection, reporting, and availability of data.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Children's functional development is enhanced by early intervention services

Indicator 8.2.1 of 2: Functional abilities: The percentage of children participating in the Part C program who demonstrate improved and sustained functional
abilities will increase.

Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
- No Targets And Performance Data -	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: A contract to obtain data is under way. Data collected in 2003-04 will provide the baseline for this indicator.	Additional Source Information: IDEA National Early Intervention Longitudinal Study Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2003 - 2004 Data Available: July 2005 Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies. Limitations: Because data are obtained from a longitudinal survey, updates will occur infrequently.

Indicator 8.2.2 of 2: Family capacity: The percentage of families that report that early intervention services have increased their family's capacity to enhance their child's development will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Van Astrol Perference Perference Transfer		Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Data collected for 2001 indicate	Additional Source Information: IDEA National Early Intervention Longitudinal Study, 2001.	
1998 2001	72 73		that 73% of percent of families report that early intervention services have increased their capacity to enhance their child's development.	Frequency: Other.
2002		80	These data were obtained from families approximately 36 months after beginning to receive early intervention.	Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies.
			receive early intervention.	Limitations: Because data are obtained from a longitudinal survey updates will occur infrequently.

International Education and Foreign Language Studies Program - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.015 - National Resource Centers and Fellowships Program for Language and Area or Language and International Studies

84.016 - Undergraduate International Studies and Foreign Language Programs

84.017 - International Research and Studies

84.018 - International: Overseas Seminars Abroad Bilateral Projects

84.019 - International: Overseas_Faculty Research Abroad

84.021 - International: Overseas Group Projects Abroad

84.022 - International: Overseas_Doctoral Dissertation

84.153 - Business and International Education Projects

84.220 - Centers for International Business Education

84.229 - Language Resource Centers

84.269 - Institute for International Public Policy

84.274 - American Overseas Research Centers

84.337 - Technological Innovation and Cooperation for Foreign Information Access

Goal 8: To meet the nation's security and economic needs through the development of a national capacity in foreign languages, and area and international studies.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Maintain a US Higher Education system able to produce experts in less commonly taught languages and area studies who are capable of contributing to the needs of US Government, academic and business institutions.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Language Enrollments: NRC supported institutions provide the majority of the instruction in foreign languages, especially the less commonly taught languages.

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Targets and Performance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of total national undergraduate language enrollments that are at NRC/FLAS funded institutions.		Status: Unable to judge Progress: No change from previous	Source: Non-NCES Survey/Research Survey/Research Report Title: MLA Study of Foreign Language Enrollments.	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Planning and Performance Management	References: Modern Language
	%	%	report.	Association (MLA) and Associations of
1995	21		Explanation: While Title VI-supported	Departments of Foreign Languages "Study of Foreign Language Enrollments."
2000	21	20		This study has been funded since 1958 through the Title VI: International Research and Studies program.
2001		20	enroll 56 percent of the graduate enrolled	
2002		20	students and 21 percent of the undergraduate enrollment in less commonly	Web Site: http://www.mla.org/adfl/projects/index.htm.
		taught languages. If you count only the "least" commonly taught languages, they account for 64 percent of the graduate enrolled students and 40 percent of the undergraduate enrollments.		Additional Source Information: Modern Language Association (MLA) conducts language enrollment survey once every three to five years. This study has been funded since 1958 through the International Research and Studies program under Title VI.

Percentage of total national "graduate" language enrollments that are at
NRC/FLAS funded institutions.

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
	%	%
1995	55	
1999	56	55
2000	56	55
2001		55
2002		55

Frequency: Other.

Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: October 2003

Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. NRC and FLAS performance reports through the EELIAS system will be checked against the data from the MLA study. The MLA data has been collected long before the Department's standards for evaluating program performance data were developed. Now that data can be validated by university enrollment figures reported in annual NRC performance reports this will provide tangible secondary validation.

Limitations: MLA studies are conducted once every 3 to 4 years, and therefore data for the out years must be extrapolated from annual performance reports.

Improvements: The MLA summary datasets will be integrated into the EELIAS system to provide a performance baseline for years when MLA study is not conducted.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Percentage of graduates of Title VI supported programs who report that they found employment that utilizes their language and/or area skills.

Percentage of Ph.D. graduates of NRC institutions with positions where they use their expertise.

Targets and Performance Data

aron experties:		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
	%	%
1996	76	
2000	80	76
2001	71	76
2002		76

Percent of M.A. graduates of NRC institutions with positions where they use their expertise.

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
	%	%
1996	44	
2000	54	44
2001	52	44
2002		44

Percentage of M.A. graduates continuing their graduate studies and pursuing Ph.D.s.

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets				
	%	%				
1996	24					
2000	26	24				
2001	34	24				
2002		24				

Assessment of Progress

Status: Unable to judge

Progress: The data from the EELIAS performance reporting system showed that of the 1,782 Ph.D. graduates for 2001 no employment data was available for 343 of these graduates. IEGPS will work with grantees to develop strategies for better tracking program graduates. M.A. placement data is consistent with projected targets. M.A. continuing education data is consistent with projected targets.

Explanation: NRC Ph.D. graduates become the experts that ensure national capacity in language and area studies is maintained. Data shows that the Ph.D. graduates primarily select fields where their expertise linguistic and area is best utilized. Ph.D. graduates who enter into K-12 education, foreign government, state/local government or who are unemployed or whose status is unknown are not counted toward using their expertise. M.A. graduates entering the professions help to fulfill the needs of companies, organizations and government with their area and international expertise. Many M.A. recipients continue their graduate study thus becoming the future experts.

Sources and Data Quality

Source: Non-NCES Survey/Research

Survey/Research Report Title:

EELIAS.

References: National Resource Center Annual and Final Reports from the EELIAS performance reporting system.

Web Site:

http://www.eeliasonline.net/.

Frequency: Annually.
Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
Data Available: March 2003
Validated By: No Formal

Verification.

Limitations: NRCs have difficulty tracking program graduates. Currently, most graduate tracking is the responsibility of a university's alumni association. NRCs will work toward collaborating better with these associations to get better data on graduate placements.

Improvements: Collection of the data via the EELIAS reporting system has improved the ability of Program staff to conduct analyses of performance data. Once three years of data are available in the EELIAS system, long term projections and performance targets will be easier to measure.

Objective 8.2 of 2: To establish an Institute for International Public Policy (IIPP) to conduct a program to significantly increase the numbers of underrepresented minorities in the international service.

	international service.			_		
indicator 8.2.1 of	Targets and Performance		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Number of IIPP pi	rogram graduates employed in inte	rnational service	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: As the IIPP program graduates	Previously, graduate data was collected through paper-based		
2000	10	5	students more consistently, a greater pool of	annual performance reports.		
2001	13	7	students with international competency becomes available for government and	Beginning in 2002, data will be collected through the EELIAS		
2002		9	international organizations to draw upon. The goal of the program is to develop a positive	performance reporting system. This data will provide more information		
			reputation for IIPP graduates, such that they become a sought after commodity for	on the status of IIPP program graduates and alumni.		
			Explanation: The IIPP comprehensive program of study is a 5-year program with six components. It currently consists of the following: (1) sophomore summer policy institute; (2) junior year abroad; (3) junior year summer policy institute; (4) post-senior-year intensive language instruction; (5) post-baccalaureate internships at international affairs agencies and organizations; and (6) Master's degree in international relations. Fellows from the first cohort completed the comprehensive program in June 2000. The number of fellows graduated should become more consistent as the program matures.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: April 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: The data on program graduates is being provided by the grantee, with little opportunity for the Department to double-check the data. As the number of fellows employed in international service increases, tracking all of these individuals will become more difficult.		
				Improvements: ELLIAS system wi provide greater tools for the electronic analysis of report data. This will prove useful for conducting longitudinal studies on the IIPP		

program graduates.

Magnet Schools Assistance Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.165 - Magnet Schools Assistance

Goal 8: To assist in the desegregation of schools served by local educational agencies

Objective 8.1 of 2: Federally funded magnet programs eliminate, reduce, or prevent the incidence and the degree of minority student isolation in targeted schools

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Minority group isolation: Increasing percentages of targeted schools will eliminate, reduce, or prevent minority group isolation according to their individual objective

their individual o	neir individual objective.								
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality					
Percent of targete	ed schools meeting their objective		Status: Unable to judge	Source: NCES					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Unvalidated data for school year	Survey/Assessment Survey/Assessment: Common					
1998	43		01-02 (which corresponds to FY2002) enrollment was included in performance report	Core of Data.					
2001		50	and analysis of these data is pending. Explanation: Data for FY 1998 grantee cohort indicates that MSAP projects targeted 295	Additional Source Information: NCES and Common Core of Data., 1997-98, 1998-99 and 1999-00.					
			schools with desegregation objectives in 1999-00. The data suggest that a total of 139, or 47%, of the 295 schools for which data are available either achieved their benchmarks (34 schools) or showed some progress toward achieving their desegregation objective (105 schools). In 2001, a new cohort of grant recipients includes 60 school districts implementing projects to support 289 magnet schools. Of those schools, approximately 80% have proposed objectives to reduce minority group isolation. Remaining schools have proposed objectives to eliminate or prevent minority group isolation or to reduce minority group isolation in feeder schools. As yet unvalidated data for school year 01-02 enrollment was included in performance reports and analysis of these data are pending.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: August 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: Most student recruitment occurs at the entry grade of a school. The data presented in 'Assessment of Progress' does not address the extent to which progress being made toward the achievement of desegregation objectives is being masked by other factors. Additionally, for the FY 2001 cohort of grants, grants could not be made early enough to permit the conduct of recruitment activities that would affect enrollment in the fall of 2001. Improvements: For FY 2001 cohort of grants, data quality is improved by deferring analysis until valided version is released by NCES.					

Objective 8.2 of 2: Federally funded magnet programs or innovative programs strengthen students' knowledge of academic subjects and skills needed for successful careers in the future.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Improved student achievement: Students will show achievement gains in core subjects, as well as in applied learning skills, that meet or exceed the gains for students in the district as a whole.

ceed the gains			1						
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality					
ercent of targete	ed schools meeting their objective		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: For new grantees whose projects Analysis of 1998 Magnet 5 began with school year 2001-02, student Assistance Program applied						
2001		50	achievement data are pending and expected.	Magnet Schools Assistance					
·	50		Information contained in the first year report of a program evaluation of FY 1998 being conducted by the American Institutes for Research indicates that more than 80 percent of MSAP districts report that they place a major emphasis on establishing high standards for students and on aligning curricula with standards. When compared with large high-poverty districts in 1998-99, MSAP districts appear to place somewhat more emphasis on new approaches to curriculum and instruction	Program annual performance reports; Magnet Schools Assistar Program Evaluation. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: August 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Improvements: Suggestions are welcome.					
			(technology and reform models). The AIR is completing an evaluation of FY 1998 MSAP grant recipients that will provide data on actual performance through the final year of those projects.						
			Explanation: AIR has reported that a variety of factors have impeded progress in conducting an analysis of student achievement gains. These factors include imprecision in some objectives; substantial changes in the state and district assessment programs upon which objectives were based; grantee reliance on alternative assessments; and the delayed submission of student achievement results that were not available until after performance reports were due. Data are pending and expected.						

McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.196 - Education for Homeless Children and Youth

Goal 8: To ensure access of homeless children and youth to the same free, appropriate public education, including a public preschool education, as is provided to other children and youth

Objective 8.1 of 1: Homeless children and youth will have greater access to a free and appropriate public education

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Public schools: An increasing percentage of homeless children and youth will enroll in public schools and will attend school regularly.								
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality				
Percentage of hor states	meless children and youth enrolled i	in grades K-12, as reported by	Status: Unable to judge	Frequency: Other. Collection Period: - 2002				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: No data collected in 2002.	Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: No Formal				
1996	78		Explanation: States were required under prior	Verification.				
1999	67	82	reauthorization to submit data triennially. States last reported in 2001 for 2000	Limitations: States' methods of				
2000	87	87	statute to collect data for 2001 or 2002. From 2003 on, data will be collected annually with the 2000 data serving as baseline data.	data collection vary, and the resulting data are not uniform.				
Percentage of hor reported by states	meless children and youth in grades	K-12 attending school, as		Improvements: From 2003 on, the Department will collect data annually				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		and use existing targets from 2000 as baseline information. Target and				
1995	55			Performance Data tables have been				
1996	45			amended since the last GPRA report. The Year column has been				
1999	1999 77 59 2000 87 82			changed. The years listed in the				
2000				amended table reflect the years of performance rather than the				
				succeeding years when performance data were reported.				

Migrant Education - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.011 - Migrant Education_State Grant Program

Goal 8: To assist all migrant students in meeting challenging academic standards and achieving graduation from high school (or a GED program) with an education that prepares them for responsible citizenship

Objective 8.1 of 1: Along with other federal programs and state and local reform efforts, the Migrant Education Program will contribute to improved school performance of migrant children.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 4: Inclusion in State Assessments: In an increasing number of states, an increasing percentage of migrant students will be included in state assessments.

assessments.												
Targets and Performance Data						Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality					
Number of states meeting performance target						Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Consolidated State Performance					
Year	Act	ual Performa	ance	Perfo	rmance 7	Γargets	Progress: Although data are not available to	Report.				
	States meeting target	States that reported results	Percent of students assessed	States meeting target		Percent of students assessed	report directly on the performance indicator, in 2000, 56, 091 migrant students were reported as tested in 27 states. In 2001, 85,729 migrant Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002					
2000			50	52	52	50	22,759; elementary math: 2000-14,513, 2001-	Verification.				
2001			50	52	52	50	23,634; middle school reading: 2000-13,542, 2001-19,623; middle school math: 2000-	ED Contractor				
2002			50	52	52	50	Explanation: Some of the data for 2000 and 2001 are missing and not expected. Specifically, although many states did report the numbers of migrant students tested in each grade assessed, most states did not report the number of migrant students enrolled in the grade level(s) tested. Thus, ED was not able to calculate percentages of migrant students tested for reporting on the inclusion of migrant students in state assessments. 2002 data are pending and expected.	Limitations: Initially, the percentage of migrant students tested will have to be calculated using the total number of migrant students who 'participated' in the MEP during the regular term at the appropriate grade level rather than the total number of migrant children in residence in a state during the regular term in the appropriate grade level. Improvements: Data on the total number of "resident" migrant students will be requested for inclusion in the next revised version of the Consolidated State Performance Report. However, ED staff plan to delete this indicator from the GPRA plan in 2004 as it focuses on a 'process' indicator (instead of a results indicator).				

Indicator 8.1.2 of 4: Meeting or Exceeding State Performance Standards: In an increasing number of states, an increasing percentage of migrant students will meet or exceed the proficient level on state assessments.

	T	argets and P	erformance D	ata			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
mber of State	er of States meeting performance target in readingElementary. Year Actual Performance Performance Targets					Targets	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Over the six years reported, this	Additional Source Information: Consolidated State Performance Report.			
	States meeting target	States that reported results for migrant students	Percentage of students who test at or above proficient	States meeting	results for migrant	Percentage of students who test at or above proficient	number of states disaggregating migrant students performance in reading at the elementary & middle school level. Measure 1: The number of states reporting that 50% or more of those migrant students tested scored at or above the proficient level on those tests remains relatively flat. Measure 2: The number	indicator shows a general trend increase in the number of states disaggregating migrant students performance in reading at the elementary & middle school level. Measure 1: The number of states reporting that 50% or more of those migrant students tested scored at or above the proficient level on those tests remains relatively flat. Measure 2: The number			
1996	4	10	50	52	52	50	of states reporting that 50% or more of those migrant students tested at or above proficient on those tests has risen. Measure 3: The students are fluctuating that 50% or more of the power of states reporting that 50% or more of the power of states reporting that 50% or more of the power of states reporting that 50% or more of the power of states reporting that 50% or more of the power of states reporting that 50% or more of those migrant students are fluctuating that 50% or more of those migrant students are fluctuating that 50% or more of those migrant students tested at or above proficient assessment data for reporting that 50% or more of those migrant students tested at or above proficient assessment data for reporting that 50% or more of the second states are fluctuating that 50% or more				
1997	4	15	50	52	52	50	those migrant students tested at or above proficient on those tests has risen. Measure 4:	does not represent performance the same states from one year to			
1998	7	18	50	52	52	50	The number of states reporting the 50% or more of those migrant students tested scored at or above the proficient level on those tests remains relatively flat. Explanation: 2002 data are pending and expected. Numbers have been corrected since the previous report and an additional column (States that reported results for migrant students) has been added to additional clarity.	the next. Improvements: It is expected th			
1999	2	19	50	52	52	50		this indicator will become reliable the state assessment systems			
2000	5	26	50	52	52	50		become more stable.			
2001	6	23	50	52	52	50					
2002				52	52	50					
				-							

Number of States meeting performance target in readingMiddle.								
Year	Act	ual Performa	ance	Perf	ormance	Targets		
	States meeting target	States that reported results for migrant students			results for migrant	Percentage of students who test at or above proficient		
1996	2	10	50	52	52	50		
1997	3	15	50	52	52	50		
1998	6	18	50	52	52	50		
1999	4	18	50	52	52	50		
2000	2	23	50	52	52	50		
2001	7	21	50	52	52	50		
2002				52	52	50		

Number of States meeting performance target in MathElementary.								
Year	Act	ual Performa	ance	Performance Targets				
	States meeting target	reported	Percentage of students who test at or above proficient		results for migrant	Percentage of students who test at or above proficient		
1996	4	10	50	52	52	50		
1997	5	15	50	52	52	50		
1998	9	18	50	52	52	50		
1999	6	19	50	52	52	50		
2000	7	25	50	52	52	50		
2001	10	23	50	52	52	50		
2002				52	52	50		
	·				·			

Number of States meeting performance target in MathMiddle.									
Year	Act	ual Perform	ance	Perf	ormance	Targets			
	States meeting target	reported			results for migrant	Percentage of students who test at or above proficient			
1996	3	10	50	52	52	50			
1997	3	15	50	52	52	50			
1998	7	18	50	52	52	50			
1999	4	18	50	52	52	50			
2000	2	22	50	52	52	50			
2001	4	20	50	52	52	50			
2002				52	52	50			

Indicator 8.1.3 of 4: Targeting of "Priority for Service" Students: An increasing number of "priority for service" migrant students will receive MEP services in both the regular and summer-terms.

	Targets a	and Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Numbers of "Pri	iority for Service" Stu	udents			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performand	ce Targets	Progress: Progress toward target is likely.	Consolidated State Performance Report.
	Regular-Term	Summer-Term	Regular-Term	Summer- Term	Under section 1304(d), migrant students who are failing, or most at risk of failing to meet the states' challenging state content and state	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
1999	242,138	172,247			student performance standards, and whose	Data Available: March 2003
2000	268,405	196,667			education has been interrupted during the regular school year (rather than during the	Experienced Public/Private entity. Data and tabulations are validated
2001	300,197	237,739			summer) have a priority for services under the	by internal review procedures of an
					MEP. The indicator examines whether there is an increase over time in the numbers of such 'priority for services' students receiving either regular-term or summer-term, MEP services. 2001 data are based on an initial draft report and changes to the totals may occur during the data review process.	Limitations: The percentage of priority students served (by type of service and by the intensity of such services) would provide a much better indication of how effective MEPs are targeting services.

Explanation: 2002 data are pending and expected.	Improvements: In order to calculate the percentage of 'priority for service' migrant students who receive services, data on the total number of 'priority for service' migrant students will be requested for inclusion in the next revised version of the Consolidated State Performance Report. However, ED staff plan to delete this indicator from the GPRA plan in 2004 as it focuses on a 'process' indicator (instead of a results indicator).
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Indicator 8.1.4 of 4: Coordination with Title 1, Part A, Programs: In an increasing number of states, an increasing percentage of migrant students will receive services in School wide or Targeted Assistance Programs funded in part or wholly by Title 1, Part A.

SCI VICCS III CCII	OOI WIGO OI	rargetea Ac		grains it	anaca m	part or write	ily by Title 1, Fait A.	-
	Ta	argets and P	erformance D	ata			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of State Year 1997	es meeting Pe		Farget of Stud	Perfo	States that reported results for	Percentage of students	Assessment of Progress Status: Unable to judge Progress: This indicator examines the degree to which migrant students receive Title 1 part A services. The indicator suggests that less than 25% of the states provide Title 1 services to 50 percent or more of their migrant children. Explanation: 2002 data are pending and expected. Numbers in data fields were corrected since the previous report and an additional column (States that reported results	Sources and Data Quality Additional Source Information: Consolidated State Performance Report. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: December 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. ED contractor Limitations: Data on migrant
1998 1999 2000 2001	8 14 10 11	49 43 44 50	50 50 50 50	52 52 52 52 52	52 52 52 52	50 50 50 50	for migrant students) was added for clarity.	student participation in Title I Part A programs is collected from local districts and aggregated at the state level. Improvements: Better instructions on how this data should be collected will be provided in the next revised version of the Consolidated State Performance Report. However, ED staff plan to delete this indicator from the GPRA plan in 2004 as it focuses on a 'process' indicator (instead of a results indicator).

National Activities--IDEA Part D - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.323 - Special Education State Program Improvement Grants for Children with Disabilities

84.324 - Special Education Research and Innovation to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities

84.325 - Special Education Personnel Preparation to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities

84.326 - Special Education Technical Assistance and Dissemination to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities

84.327 - Special Education Technology and Media Services for Individuals with Disabilities

84.328 - Special Education Parent Information Centers

Goal 8: To link best practices to states, school systems and families to improve results for infants, toddlers and children with disabilities

Objective 8.1 of 5: Programs respond to critical needs of children with disabilities and their families

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Responsive to critical needs: The percentage of IDEA program activities that are determined by expert panels to respond to critical needs of children with disabilities and their families will increase: (a) Research and innovation, (b) Technology, (c) Personnel preparation, (d) Technical assistance, and (e) State improvement.

Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 1999 91 2000 72 2001 83 2002 85 Technology (from Technology & Media) Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2000 75 2001 77 Explanation: Actual data for the years 2000 and earlier have been moved back one year compared to the FY 2001 report. This adjustment reflects the year in which the data were collected rather than reported. Fluctuations in previous year data are expected for several years while the data collection methodology is refined. There is a one-year lag in data. Projects are evaluated by an expert panel after a full year of funding. Explanation: Actual data for the years 2000 and earlier have been moved back one year compared to the FY 2001 report. This adjustment reflects the year in which the data were collected rather than reported. Fluctuations in previous year data are expected for several years while the data collection methodology is refined. There is a one-year lag in data. Projects are evaluated by an expert panel after a full year of funding.		Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
September 2000 Sept	Research & Innov	vation		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
1999 91 2000 72 2001 83 2002 85 Technology (from Technology & Media) Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 2001 77 Actual Performance Performance Targets 2001 77 Performance Targets 2001 77 Actual Performance Performance Performance Targets 2001 77 Actual Performance Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 Actual Performance Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77	Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Actual data for the years 2000	Expert Panel
2001 83 2002 85 Technology (from Technology & Media) Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 Performance Targets 2001 77 Actual Performance Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77	1999	91		and earlier have been moved back one year	
2002 85 Technology (from Technology & Media) Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 Verification. Verification.	2000	72			Data Available: September 2003
2002 85 Technology (from Technology & Media) Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 Bluctuations in previous year data are expected for several years while the data collection methodology is refined. There is a one-year lag in data. Projects are evaluated by an expert panel after a full year of funding.	2001	83		were collected rather than reported.	
Technology (from Technology & Media) Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 expected for several years while the data collection methodology is refined. There is a one-year lag in data. Projects are evaluated by an expert panel after a full year of funding.	2002		85	Fluctuations in previous year data are	Verification.
Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 one-year lag in data. Projects are evaluated by an expert panel after a full year of funding.			·	expected for several years while the data	
Year Actual Performance Performance Targets 2000 75 2001 77 an expert panel after a full year of funding.	Technology (from	Technology & Media)			
2001 77	Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		
	2000	75			
2002 85	2001	77			
	2002		85		

Media (from Tec	hnology & Media program)	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2000	41	
2001	74	
2002		85
Personnel prepa		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1999	67	
2000	68	
2001	78	
2002		85
		•
Technical assista		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2000	57	
2001	75	
2002		85
State improveme		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2001	80	
2002		85
Parent training		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2001	88	
2002		85

Objective 8.2 of 5: Projects use high-quality methods and materials.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Highest standards for methods and materials: Highest standards for methods and materials: Expert panels determine that IDEA-funded projects use exceptionally rigorous quantitative or qualitative research and evaluation methods (for Research and innovation and Technology and media activities); or use current research-validated practices and materials (for Personnel preparation, Technical assistance, and State improvement activities).

						Та	rgets and Perfo	rmance	Data						Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Perce	entage o	of projec	ts that	meet e	xceptio	nally h	igh standards: ı	esearch	and in	novatio	า				Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source
Year			Act	ual Pe	rforma	nce				Per	forman	ce Tar	gets		Explanation: Actual data for the	Information
	Resea	arch Den	no. Outi	each P	Prep T/	A Tech	State Parent Imprvt Training	Resea	rch Der	no. Outi	each P	Prep TA		State Parent Imprvt Training	years 2000 and earlier have been moved back one year compared to the FY 2001 report.	Expert Pane Frequency:
1998	60	12	20												This adjustment reflects the year	Biennially.
1999	50	70	20	50	97	94		65	20	25					in which the data were collected rather than reported. There is a	Collection Period: 2002
2000	77	13	11	50	8	40									one-year lag in data. Projects	Data
2001	69	66	50	16	27	33	66									Available: March 2003
2002								75	70	55	20	40	40	70	parier after a full year of fulfulling.	Validated
															quality methods and materials, as judged by panels during the review process. This indicator applies a more rigorous standard to assess projects that have exceptionally high standards. It takes at least three years to achieve stability in review and assessment process. For Research, Demonstration and Outreach Activities, which have had four years of measurement, the data indicate continuing positive progress. This results from increased emphasis in the application requirements on project evaluation, and increased size of the grant funding to support improved methods and materials. It is too soon to assess progress for six of these programs.	

Objective 8.3 of 5: Projects communicate appropriately and products are used to improve results for children with disabilities and their families.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 2: Communication with target audiences: The percentage of IDEA-funded projects that communicate appropriately with target audiences will increase. (a) Research and innovation (b) Technology (c) Personnel preparation projects of national significance (d) Technical assistance.

	Targets and Performance Data								Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Perce	entage	of projec	ts that r	neet exce	eptionally high stand	lards: Re	esearch	and Ini	novation		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Project
Year				Performa	Parent	Pagas			nance Ta	Parent Ch PPrep TA Training	Progress: FY 2001 data represents baseline.	information. Frequency: Annually.
2000 2001		40 57	100	40	100 71	Resea	ich Den	io. Outi	eachie	STEFTED TA TRAILING	Explanation: Actual data for the years 2000 and earlier have been moved back one year compared to	Collection Period: 2001 Data Available:
2002	-					85	60	85	85	80	the FY 2001 report. This adjustment reflects the year in which the data were collected rather than reported. There is a one-year lag in data. Projects are evaluated by an expert panel after a full year of funding. Projects are expected to be of high quality and communicate findings through appropriate referred journals and other vehicles such as the Internet, association publications, CD-ROMs, films, teaching modules, state and national directories, career plan, radio interviews, course syllabi, and Federally-funded technical assistance providers, and to include a citation	September Validated By: No Formal Verification. Project information is reviewed by a panel consisting of independent, third par reviewers who are experts in the program content and trained in the review procedures The panel results are analyzed by experts in evaluation research.

Indicator 8.3.2 of 2: Practitioners use results: Expert panels determine that practitioners, including policy-makers, administrators, teachers, parents, or others as appropriate, use products and practices developed through IDEA programs to improve results for children with disabilities. (a) Research and innovation (b) Technology (c) Personnel preparation (d) Technical assistance (e) parent training, and (f) State improvement.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year 2000 2001	pert panelist with positive determina Actual Performance 53 58	Performance Targets	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: Actual data for the years 2000 and earlier have been moved back one year compared to the FY 2001 report. This adjustment reflects the year in which the data were collected rather than reported.	Additional Source Information Project information. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: September 200 Validated By: On-Site Monitoria
2002		65	There is a one-year lag in data. Projects are	By ED.
Percentage of ex	pert panelist with positive determina	tion: Technology and media	evaluated by an expert panel after a full year of	Limitations: Baseline data for t
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	funding. Fluctuations in data are expected for several years while the data collection	state improvement grant progra are being collected through an
1998	78		methodology is refined. To improve the quality	evaluation study and will be
1999		89	of the evaluations the size of the review panel	available in 2002.
2000	47		representing the variety of stakeholders in special education was increased from 5	
2002		65	persons in 2000 to 80 in 2001. This improvement has resulted in a much more	
Percentage of ex	pert panelist with positive determina	tion: Personnel Preparation	robust and accurate measure of this indicator.	
			-	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		
2000	Actual Performance 55	Performance Targets	-	
		Performance Targets 65		
2000	55	65		
2000		65		
2000 2002 Percentage of exp	55 pert panelist with positive determina	65 tion: Technical Assistance		
2000 2002 Percentage of ex	55 pert panelist with positive determina Actual Performance	65 tion: Technical Assistance		
2000 2002 Percentage of exp Year 1998	55 pert panelist with positive determina Actual Performance	tion: Technical Assistance Performance Targets		

Percentage of ex	pert panelists with positive determination	on: Parent information
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2001	75	
Percentage of pa	anelists with positive determination: Sta	te improvement
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2001	80	

Objective 8.4 of 5: Personnel are prepared to serve children with disabilities.

Indicator 8.4.1 of 3: Persons trained to serve children with disabilities: The percentage of persons who obtain their degrees with IDEA support and serve children with disabilities as teachers, early intervention personnel, related services personnel, or leadership personnel within 3 years of receiving their degrees will increase.

Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
- No Targets And Performance Data -	Explanation: This indicator is under review by the Department. No data to report for FY2002.	Additional Source Information: Annual Performance Reports. Frequency: Annually. Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies. Limitations: In 2001 this indicator will be revised to reflect employment, 1 year after receipt of degrees. This data is more readily accessible and timely than data in the current indicator.

Indicator 8.4.2 of 3: Grants to minority institutions: The percentage of IDEA grants for personnel preparation awarded to Historically Black Colleges and Universities and other minority institutions, including tribal colleges, will increase.

	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of a	ll personnel-preparation awards (new al	nd continuation) that went to	Fundamentiana This indicator is under	Additional Source Information: Analysis of project information.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: This indicator is under review by the Department. No data	
1997	15.40		to report for FY2002.	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
1998	17.70			Limitations: See explanation.
1999	26.40			
2000	34 28			
2001		32		

Indicator 8.4.3 of 3: Minority and disabled personnel: The percentage of personnel who are minority and the percentage who are disabled who receive financial assistance for training under IDEA will increase.

Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
- No Targets And Performance Data -	Explanation: This indicator is under review by the Department. No data to report for FY2002.	Additional Source Information: Performance Report. Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. Limitations: Self-report by projects may hamper validity. OSEP will verify results with follow-up survey.

Objective 8.5 of 5: Families receive information about services for children with disabilities.

Indicator 8.5.1 of 1: Increase in informed families: The percentage of families that report that the training and technical assistance received from the Parent Information and Training Centers made a positive difference in their child's supports and services will increase.

illiorillation all	u Trailling Centers i	naue a positive u	inerence in the	ii ciiiu s supp	Jores and Services will increase.			
	Targets a	nd Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of t	amilies reporting posi	itive difference				Additional Source Information:		
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets				Explanation: This indicator is under review by	Project Performance Data.		
1999	999 71				the Department. No data to report for FY2002.			
2000	86.50		75			Limitations: Self-report by projects		
Percentage of t	amilies reporting posi	itive difference fron	n face-to-face ar	nd telephone		may hamper validity. OSEP will verify results with follow-up survey.		
Year	Year Actual Performance		Performan	ce Targets				
	Face-to-face	Telephone	Face-to-face	Telephone				
2001	97	69						
						I .		

National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Statistics and Assessment - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.830 Statistics

84.902 Assessments

Goal 8: To collect, analyze and disseminate information on the condition of education in the United States and to provide comparative international statistics

Objective 8.1 of 1: Provides timely, useful, and comprehensive data that are relevant to policy and educational improvement.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Customer satisfaction: At least 85 percent of surveyed customers in 1999 and 90 percent in 2001 will agree that National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) data are timely, relevant, and comprehensive.

Otatiot	100 (1101	23) data are timer	y, relevant, a	and comp	nenensive.			
		Target	ts and Perforr	mance Da	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percer publica		customer responde	ents satisfied	or very sa	atisfied with NCE	S	Status: Unable to judge Progress: The overall NCES customers	Additional Source Information: NCES Customer Satisfaction
Year		Actual Performa	nce	F	Performance Ta	rgets	satisfaction rating remains high for NCES	Survey.
	Compre	ehensiveness Time	eliness Utility	Comprel	nensiveness Tim	eliness Utility	publications performance. NCES showed	Frequency: Biennially. Collection Period: 2003
1997	88	72	86				improvement in all areas of its performance data between 1997 and 2001. During the	Data Available: January 2004
1999	91	77	89	85	85	85	period, NCES focused on improving the timeliness of its publications and data files.	Validated By: NCES. NCES Data was validated by using
2001	90	74	90	90	90	90	Significant progress was made in Common	NCES review procedures and by
Percer	ntage of	customer responde	ents satisfied	or very sa	atisfied with NCE	S data files	Core of Data (CCD) Reports and the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). Limitations: None	,
Ye	ear	Actual Pe	Actual Performance Performance Targets				Explanation: The CCD School and Agency	
		Comprehensivene	mprehensiveness Timeliness		Comprehensiveness Timeliness		Report has shown an improvement from 25 months to 15 months from data collection to	Improvements: In 2001, NCES Customers expressed a 94%
19	97	82	52				publication and a 3-month improvement in State Nonfiscal. NAEP has shown dramatic	satisfaction rate with the overall
19	99	87	67		85	85	improvements in timeliness for many of it major	quality of our publications and 89% with our data files.
20	01	88	66		90 90		reports. In 2001, NCES did meet most of its publications performance targets, but does	
							need to improve its timeliness. The next data (2003) will not be available until 2004.	

Percen	Percentage of customer respondents satisfied or very satisfied with NCES services						
Year	Actual Perform	Performance Targets					
	Comprehensiveness Tin	neliness Utility	Comprehensiveness Timeliness Utility				
1997	89						
1999	93	93	85	85			
2001	83	88	90	85			

National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research (NIDRR) - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.133 - National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research

Goal 8: To conduct high-quality research that leads to high quality research products.

Objective 8.1 of 4: To support the conduct and dissemination of high-quality research that contributes to improvement in the quality of life of persons with disabilities.

Indicator 8.1.1 c	Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Scientific excellence: Grantee research quality is good or excellent, as reflected in research design and its usefulness to customers.								
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality					
Percentage of g	rantees sampled who had good or exce	llent ratings		Source: Other Other: Other.					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: 67.86% of all centers (19 of 28)	Other: Other.					
1997	37		reviewed during a rating of research design	Additional Source Information:					
1998	55		and its usefulness to customers.	NIDRR Program Review; Center of Excellence Scale.					
1999	53	60	Explanation: This year's data are based on 28 summative reviews conducted during FY2002.	Frequency: Annually.					
2000	60	65	The rigor of this evaluation program, which	Collection Period: 2003					
2001	76	70		Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring					
2002	68	65	increasing emphasis on evaluation of	By ED.					
			outcomes resulting from funded research. Consequently, it is difficult to compare data to previous years. Centers that are focused on engineering and medicine achieved the highest research and development ratings. 86% of Rehabilitation Research and Training Centers in topics related to health and function were rated at good or excellent.	Improvements: Data are based upon ratings obtained from expert panels during reverse site visits. Extensive efforts have been made to ensure that centers being rated and experts serving as reviewers are conversant with the evidence based and outcomes oriented approaches to the review process.					

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Increased publication and citation: Publication of research findings, with the appropriate citation, will increase in refereed journals.

Average number of publications per granteeRRTC%; ARRTs%; RERCs%.								
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets						
1997	7.10							
2000	5.60	6						
2001	6.60	6						

Targets and Performance Data

Status: Unable to judge

Progress: Average number of Peer reviewed journal articles and published books and book chapters is increasing.

Assessment of Progress

Explanation: This indicator information comes from grantees data on Outcomes and Publications in NIDRRs web-based Performance Reporting System that went on line in July, 2001. Data is reported by calendar year of publication; consequently 2001 is the most recent completed year. Bibliographies reported by each center have been extensively evaluated so that only publication in indexed journals and major published books have been counted. Preliminary evaluation of reports for the first three quarters of 2002 indicates that the number of publications continues to increase.

Source: Other Other: Other.

Additional Source Information:
NIDRR Reporting System; Annual
Performance Management Report;
Outcomes and Publications sections
of the following grantee types
Performance Reports: ARRT,
RERC, and RRTC.

Sources and Data Quality

Frequency: Annually.
Collection Period: 2002
Data Available: April 2003
Validated By: On-Site Monitoring

By ED.

Verified by Dept. of Ed. attestation process and ED Standards for Evaluation Program Performance Data. Extrapolated document from NIDRR web based Performance Reporting System.

Limitations: Data is based upon reports by the funded centers. Concerns have been raised about the potential for under-reporting. Methods to indepedently confirm publications are planned. The number of publications using the strict definitions are likely to fairly represent the productivity of centers in areas related to engineering and medicine. However, these definitions may not fully represent the productivity of centers in other areas.

Improvements: NIDRR is evaluating methods of assessing productivity that fairly represent all parets of the NIDRR grant portfolio.

Objective 8.2 of 4: Disseminate and promote use of information on research findings, in accessible formats, to improve rehabilitation services and outcomes.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Information and TA usefulness: Recipients will find the products, information, and technical assistance that they receive from grantees useful.

useful.								
	Та	rgets and Pe	erformance D)ata			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of re		onding "yes,	" "no," and "N	V/A" to the q	uestion o	Status: Target exceeded	Source: Other Other: Other.	
Year	Actu	ial Perform	ance	e Performance Targets			Progress: Current information on this indicator is based on Disability and Business Technical Assistance	Additional Source
	Yes	No	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	Centers (DBTACs) reporting system ADA Impact	Information: AIMS Survey.
1998	80	15	5					
2000	95	2	3	83.50			Explanation: The AIMS survey consists of postcard	Frequency: Semi- Annually.
2001	90	5	5	86			survey that is sent out after a request for information on	Collection Period: 2001
2002	97	2	1	90			ADA. The survey is voluntary and in '02, 715 customers completed the required 8 questions. Question #5 refers	Data Available: January Validated By: On-Site
							to the usefulness of materials requested. 97% of respondents rated the information as Very and Somewhat Useful; 2% as Not Very Useful and 1% as Not Applicable.	Monitoring By ED. Limitations: Sample size is limited.

Objective 8.3 of 4: Expand system capacity for conduct of high-quality rehabilitation research and services by ensuring availability of qualified researchers and practitioners, including persons with disabilities and other underserved groups.

ndicator 8.3.1	ndicator 8.3.1 of 2: Contributions of trainees and fellows: Contributions by NIDRR trainees and fellows that apply to study rehabilitation will increase.											
	Targets	and Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality						
Year Actual Performance Performance Targets					3	Source: Other Other: Other.						
	Published	Presentations		Presentations	Building data reported in this	Additional Source Information: AART, NIDRR Annual						
1998	6.70	18.20			period come from the ARRTs only. The ARRTs conduct the	Performance Management Report						
2001	19.70	16.30	22	14	NIĎRR Fellows Program.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002						
2002	7	12		. •	Data Available: October 2002 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.							
					The measure is based on the number of fellows surveyed. In FY '01, there were 18 fellows. In FY '02 we based our data on the number of centers	Verified by Dept. of Ed. attestation process and ED Standards for Evaluation Program Performance Data. Limitations: Our capacity building data comes from the ARRT training/fellows program. In FY02 there were 15 funded centers, on average each program has 3-4 full-time fellows conducting post doctoral research. NIDRR's						

funded (15) with an average of 3-4 fellows in each program. The number of fellows varies every year.

reporting system has data on 14 of these centers. These data indicate that 102 publications resulted from the work of the fellows in these centers. An average of 6 publications and 12 presentations per center and 2 per fellow. The number of fellows in each center varies every year.

Indicator 8.3.2 of 2: Researchers with disabilities and from underserved groups: Participation of researchers working in the field who have disabilities or are from underserved groups will increase.

	<u> </u>					
	Targets a	and Performance D	Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of p	eople with disabilitie	s and members of	minority populati	ions who are	Status: Unable to judge	Source: Other Other: Other.
Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performan	ce Targets	Explanation: The information collected is based on the grantees reports on Staffing by	Additional Source Information:
	Disabled	Minority	Disabled	Minority	staffing position and category. Some persons	NIDRR Web Reporting System;
2002	13	16			worked less than full time on the grant. The data refer only to paid grantee staff. The total number of centers reporting during this period was 114 (58%) out of 194 centers who entered their staffing information using the new web system. This measure represents successful completion of planning tasks and conduct of capacity building and outreach conference. Participation of at least 25 individuals from currently funded entities and individuals from other eligible entities.	Annual Performance Report; NIDRR Performance Reporting System sections on Staffing from the following programs only D&U, DRRP, FIP, MS, RERC, RRTC. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2002 Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies. Limitations: Disability and minority data reported on the Staffing section of the NIDRR web-based Performance Reporting System are based on voluntary disclosure information.

Objective 8.4 of 4: Ensure productivity and management effectiveness.

Objective 0.4 Of	Objective 6.4 of 4. Effsure productivity and management effectiveness.										
Indicator 8.4.1	Indicator 8.4.1 of 1: Usefulness of NIDRR products: The percentage of customers reporting that NIDRR products and information are useful will increase.										
	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality							
	reholders and Researchers reporting the ation from NIDRR is useful	eir access to disability	Status: Target met Progress: Data gathering	Source: Other Other: Other. Sponsor: National Center for the Dissemination of							
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	activities were started in 2001,	Disability Research							
2002	90	85	Center for the Dissemination of Disability Research (NCDRR) annual survey. The survey seeks comsumers' and stakeholders' input and interests on disability research information and their ability to access such information. The	Additional Source Information: The National Center for the Dissemination of Disability Research (NCDRR) engages annually on a survey activity that helps increase the knowledge base in the National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation research community regarding dissemination and utilization of research findings.							
			sample consisted of 1028 consumers from NIDRR's Independent Living Centers; 430 stakeholders and 166 NIDRR grantees' researchers. Explanation: Ninety-four (94%) of consumers and stakeholders indicated that disability research information was useful. They stated that their preferred means of accessing research information was contacting community service providers (70%), disability research organizations (68%); looking in brochures (56%) and looking on the Internet (54%). Eighty-two (82%) of researchers use the Internet, 66% use brochures and 58% use research journals. Overall consumers used these approaches less frequently.	A key component of the research is to gain knowledge on what kinds of disability - related research are key to consumers, how they prefer to learn about this information and how they apply it. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: July 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. The survey addresses three distinct types of customers - 1) Consumer group - individuals with disabilities and their families participating in Independent Living Centers across the country; 2) Stakeholders representatives from various organizations that come in direct contact with consumers and 3) Researchers only NIDRR-funded researchers, i.e. grantees. Limitations: Results are based on relatively small samples of the three types of customers. Improvements: Questions on the survey must be refined to look for the usefulness on the information presented (i.e. formats) and access needs.							

National Technical Institute for the Deaf - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.998 National Technical Institute for the Deaf: Operations, Construction, and Endowment Grant

Goal 8: To provide deaf and hearing students in undergraduate programs and professional studies with state-of-the-art technical and professional education programs, undertake a program of applied research; share National Technical Institute for the Deaf expertise and expand outside sources of revenue.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Provide deaf and hearing students in undergraduate and professional studies with outstanding state-of-the-art technical and professional education programs, complemented by a strong arts and sciences curriculum and supplemented with appropriate student support services.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Enrollment: Maintain a student body of at least 1,080 undergraduate students, 100 educational interpreter program students, and 50 graduate students.

		Targ	jets and Perfor	mance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Numb	ber of students						Status: Target met	Additional Source Information: National Technical Institute for
Year	Actu	al Performa	nce	Perfo	rmance Tar	gets	Progress: Undergraduate enrollment target	the Deaf Registrar Office records,
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003	Undergraduate 1,035 1,038 1,069 1,085 1,135 1,084 1,089 1,125	Educational	Grad/Masters in Special Ed. 10 27 32 36 50 59 55 60 73	1,080 1,080 1,080 1,080 1,080	Educational	Grad/Masters	Progress: Undergraduate enrollment target exceeded. Negative trend away from target in the Educational Interpreter Program enrollment and the Graduate Program enrollment. Explanation: In fiscal year 2002, the number of Undergraduates increased beyond the target. The Educational Interpreter Program enrollment is below target. With more aggressive recruitment, the Institute is confident that the Educational Interpreter Programs enrollment will increase. The Graduate enrollment fell short its target, but increased over the fiscal year 2001 number. The fiscal year 2003 number of Undergraduates exceeded its target. The Educational Interpreter Program enrollment is below target primarily due to more rigorous entrance requirements since the program as elevated to a bachelor's level program last fall. With more aggressive recruitment, the Institute is confident that the Educational Interpreter enrollment will increase, but more slowly than originally anticipated. The graduate enrollment increased considerably over fiscal year 2002, but fell slightly short its target in fiscal year 2003.	the Deaf Registrar Office records, FY 2003 as of October 2002. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data supplied by the National Technical Institute for the Deaf. No formal verification applied.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Maximize the number of students successfully completing a program of study

Indicator 8.2.1 of 2: Graduation rate: The graduation rate for students in sub-baccalaureate and baccalaureate programs will be maintained or increased.

		Targets	and Perforn	nance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Student	graduation ra	tes				Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: National Technical Institute for the		
Year				Performance Targets			Progress: In FY 2002, the overall target of 53	Deaf Registrar Office Records.	
	Overall Baco	Sub- calaureate Ba	ccalaureate	1	Sub- alaureate B	accalaureate	Explanation: In FY 2002, the graduation rate	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data supplied by the National Technical Institute for the Deaf. No formal verification procedure applied.	
1997	50	50	51						
1998	51	50	57				for students in the sub-baccalaureate programs was increased to 54 percent, and the		
1999	53	50	61				rate for students in the baccalaureate		
2000	53	50	63	53	51	61	programs increased to 66 percent, resulting in an overall graduation rate of 57 percent for all		
2001	54	50	64	53	51	61	deaf students. The Institute's goal is to maintain the rate for students in sub-		
2002	57	54	66	53	52	61	baccalaureate programs at 52 percent in FY		
							2003 and maintain the rate for students in baccalaureate programs above 60 percent.		

Indicator 8.2.2 of 2: Student retention rate: the first-year student overall retention rate will be maintained; sub-baccalaureate will increase; and baccalaureate will be maintained.

		Targets	and Perforn	nance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Student	retention rate	es					Status: Target met	Additional Source Information:
Year	Sub- Overall Baccalaureate Baccalaureate Overall Baccalaureate						Progress: In FY 2002 overall target of 74% was exceeded by 3 percentage points Frequency: Annually.	Collection Period: 2003
1997	76	75	84				Explanation: In FY 2002, the sub- Baccalaureate rate of 72 percent was 2	Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: No Formal
1998	74	73	81				percentage points below the target, but 4 percentage points above the FY 2001	Verification. Data supplied by NTID. No formal
1999	74	69	84				performance level. This pattern of	verification procedure applied.
2000	74	69	85	74	73	84	improvement makes NTID confident that current and new retention strategies will help	
2001	74	68	86	74	74	84	achieve the target of 74 percent in 2003 or 2004. Baccalaureate retention rate improved to	
2002	2002 77 72 87 74 74 84						87%, which once again surpassed the target of 84 percent, and is better than the rate for hearing freshmen entering RIT.	

Native Hawaiian Education Program - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.209 - Native Hawaiian Family Based Education Centers

84.210 - Native Hawaiian Gifted and Talented 84.221 - Native Hawaiian Special Education

84.296 - Native Hawaiian Community-Based Education Learning Centers

84.297 - Native Hawaiian Curriculum Development, Teacher Training and Recruitment

84.316 - Native Hawaiian Higher Education Pr

84.362 - Native Hawaiian Education

Goal 8: To assist the Native Hawaiian population to achieve challenging standards through supporting supplemental programs that meet their unique needs.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Native Hawaiian students will enter school ready to learn and achieve to high standards

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Children's school readiness: An increasing percentage of Native Hawaiian children will improve on measures of school readiness and literacy.

moracy.								
	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality				
Predicted statew 2000	vide enrollment for Native Hawaiian stu	dents in kindergarten: 1999-	Pur many Data for this indicator was not					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Data for this indicator were not collected for 2002; therefore, we cannot					
1999	3,986		measure progress.					
2000	4,325							

Objective 8.2 of 2: Teachers will receive training and have access to instructional resources that meet the unique educational needs of Native Hawaiian students

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Professional development: Teachers participating in the program will report improved knowledge, skills, and abilities in addressing the unique educational needs of Native Hawaiian students.

	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of Teachers				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Data for this indicator were not	
2000	500		collected for 2002; therefore, we cannot measure progress.	
			Inicacaro progresos.	

Perkins Vocational and Technology Education (State Grants and Tech-Prep Indicators) - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.048 - Vocational Education Basic Grants to States

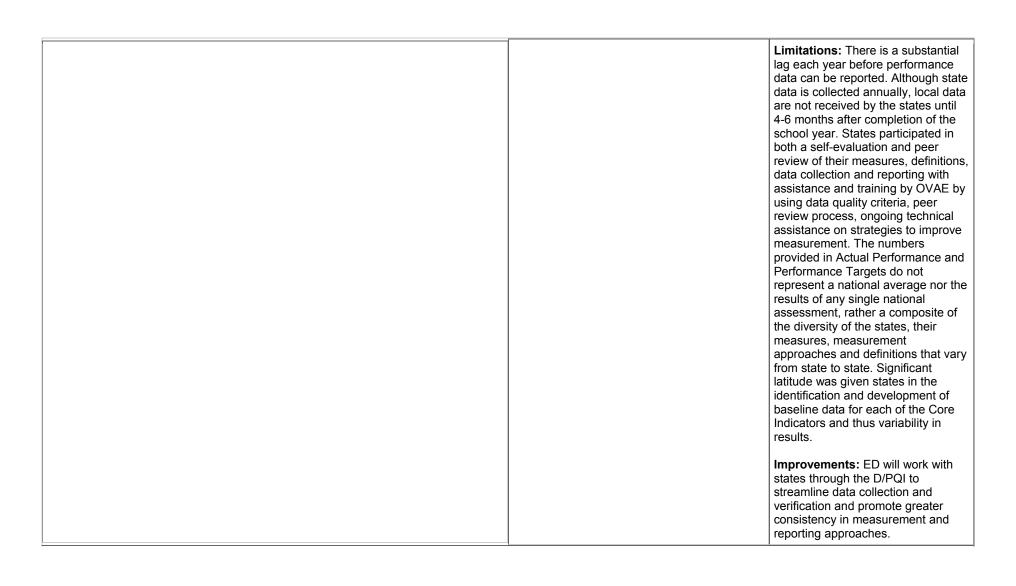
84.243 - Tech-Prep Education

Goal 8: To increase access to and improve educational programs that strengthen education achievement, workforce preparation and lifelong learning.

Objective 8.1 of 3: Ensure that vocational concentrators, including special populations, will achieve state established academic standards.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Academic Attainment: An increasing percentage of vocational concentrators, including special populations, will meet the core curriculum.

	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
ercentage of vo	ocational concentrators meeting core	curriculum standards	Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report Grantee Performance Report:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: 1999-2000 school year data were	1830-0503 Vocational Technical
1009	Percentage of vocational concentrators	Percentage of vocational concentrators	collected as part of the negotiation process with the states to establish a baseline and agreed-upon performance targets. The 2000-	Education Annual Performance a Financial Reports. Program: Perkins Vocational and
1998	33		2001 school year data are the first year of	Technology Education .
1999	45	performance data and will be used as the basis for determining eligibility for incentive grants.	Additional Source Information: National Data Bases	
2000	44		Explanation: Performance reporting has	
2001	70	55	shifted to a reliance on state accountability	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2002		72	reports, as specified in the 1998 Perkins Act. Data for 1997-98 came from a small pilot study	Data Available: March 2003
			testing the new provisions. States began using new measurement approaches negotiated with ED in 1999-2000 to report for 2000-01. While states use different strategies for measuring academic attainment, they all use students (concentrators) as the unit of analysis and identify the percentage of students meeting state established standards. Performance data developed by states is reported to OVAE 90 days after termination of the grant, i.e., the 2002 data are reported by December 31, 2002. Attestation of data is completed within the following 90 days of States' submissions. Data for the 2002 program year will be available for the public on or after March 31. Some dates were incorrect on the previous report.	Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data quality continuous to be a major component of the Digural Quality Initiative (DQI) begun last year. A new verification and attestation process was implemented to improve the accuracy of the performance data OVAE verified data by internal electronic consistency via instrumentation checks, expert st analysis, and requiring double chand attestation of data by state directors. State data is also check independently by ED/OVAE during onsite monitoring and State audit reviews.



Objective 8.2 of 3: Ensure that institutions, secondary and postsecondary, will offer programs with industry-recognized skill standards so that concentrators, including special populations, can earn skill certificates in these programs.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Skills proficiencies: An increasing proportion of secondary and postsecondary institutions will offer programs in which vocational students can earn industry-recognized skill certificates. (Program measures to be reassessed in 2000 to reflect new law.)

Targets and	Performance	Data
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Percentage of secondary vocational concentrators meeting state-established academic standards, using state adopted approaches.

Year	Act	ual Performa	ance	Performance Targets		
	National or State Assessmen	Program	Other Approaches	National or State Assessment	Program Completion	Other Approaches
1998	61.33					
1999	63.40	29.80	84.10			

Percentage of secondary vocational concentrators meeting state-established academic standards, using state adopted approaches

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2000	39	
2001	61	
2002		63

Percentage of postsecondary vocational concentrators meeting state/locally-adopted skill standards, using state recognized approaches

Year	Actu	ual Performar	Performance Targets	
	State Assessmen	t Completion	Other	State Assessment Completion Other
1998	59.30	87.30	65.10	
1999	73.90	76.70	62.60	

Status: Unable to judge

Assessment of Progress

Progress: 1999-2000 school year data were collected as part of the negotiation process with the states to establish a baseline and agreed-upon performance targets. The 2000-01 school year data are the first year performance data and were used as the basis for determining eligibility for incentive grants.

Explanation: Performance reporting has shifted to a reliance on state accountability reports, as specified in the 1998 Perkins Act. Data for 1998 came from a small pilot study testing the new provisions. Data for 1999 were transitional, with states using data sources and approaches that existed before the 1998 law. States began using new measurement approaches negotiated with the **Education Department to report** for 2000. Performance data developed by states is reported to OVAE 90 days after termination of the grant, i.e., the 2002 data is reported by December 31, 2002. Attestation of data is completed within the following 90 days of States' submissions. Data for the 2002 program year will be available for the public on or after March

Sources and Data Quality

Source: Performance Report

Grantee Performance Report: 1830-0503 Vocational Technical Education Annual Performance and Financial Reports.

Program: Perkins Vocational and Technology

Education .

Additional Source Information: National Skills

Data Bases

Frequency: Annually.

Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: March 2003

Validated By: No Formal Verification.

Data quality continues to be a major component of the Data Quality Initiative (DQI) begun last year. A new verification and attestation process was implemented to improve the accuracy of the performance data. OVAE verified data by internal electronic consistency via instrumentation checks, expert staff analysis, and requiring double check and attestation of data by State directors. State data are also checked independently by ED/OVAE during onsite monitoring and state audit reviews.

Limitations: There is a substantial lag each year before performance data can be reported. Although state data is collected annually, local data are not received by the states until 4 to 6 months after completion of the school year. The Education Department will work with states through the DQI to streamline data collection and verification and to promote greater consistency in measurement and reporting approaches. The numbers provided in Actual Performance and Performance Targets do not represent a national average nor the results of any single national assessment. Rather a composite of the diversity of the states, their measures, measurement

Percentage of postsecondary vocational concentrators meeting state/locally-adopted	
skill standards, using state recognized approaches	ı

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
2000	76	
2001	76	
2002		76

31. Data for 1998 and 1999 have been revised and updated since the previous report. States can update and revise their performance information when more data become available.

approaches and definitions that vary from state to state. Significant latitude was given states in the identification and development of baseline data for each of the Core Indicators and thus variability in results.

Objective 8.3 of 3: Ensure that concentrators, including special populations, make transitions to continuing education, work or other career options.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 2: Secondary student outcomes: An increasing proportion of vocational concentrators, including special populations, will attain high school diplomas, enter postsecondary programs, or attain employment.

							T T	
		Tar	gets and Perfor	mance Dat	a		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of vocational concentrators who have completed high school and transitioned to postsecondary education or employment						Status: Unable to judge Progress: 1999-2000 school data were	Source: Performance Report Grantee Performance Report: 1810-0503 Annual Performance	
Year	Α	ctual Performa	ince	ı	Performance Targets Placement in		collected as part of the negotiation	Reporting Format for OIE Formula
		Placement in					process with the states to establish a	Grants to LEAs.
	Education and Postsecondary or/ Education High Employment and/or School Adm. Record Employment S		baseline and agreed-upon performance targets. The 2000-01 school year data are the first year of performance data and will be used as the basis for determining eligibility for incentive grants.	Additional Source Information: National Data Bases Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003				
1998	83.80	62.50	80				Explanation: Performance reporting is	Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: No Formal
1999	77.40	72.70	82.20				shifting to a reliance on state	Verification.
1333	77.40	12.10	02.20				accountability reports, as specified in	Attestation and Audit Data quality
		ational concentrucation or emplo		completed	high school and	d transitioned to	came from a small pilot study testing the new provisions. Data for 1998-99 of the Data Quality Initiative (DC) begun last year. A new verificat	continues to be a major component of the Data Quality Initiative (DQI) begun last year. A new verification
١	Year	Actua	al Performance)	Performance Targets		are transitional, with states using data sources and approaches that existed	and attestation process was implemented to improve the
		High Schoo Completion	Postsed ol Education	nent in condary on and/or syment	High School Completion	Placement in Postsecondary Education and/or Employment	before the 1998 law. Data collected for 1999-2000 will be the first year the data will be reported based on the Education Department-negotiated measures. Performance data developed by States	accuracy of the performance data. OVAE verified data by internal electronic consistency via instrumentation checks, expert staff analysis, and requiring double check
2	2000	80	7	9			is reported to OVAE 90 days after termination of the grant, i.e., the 2002	and attestation of data by State directors. State data is also checked
2	2001	84 84			data will be reported by December 31, independently by	independently by ED/OVAE during		
2	2002				84	84	2002. Attestation of data is completed	onsite monitoring and State audit reviews.

within the following 90 days of States' submissions. Data for the 2002 program year will be available for the public on or after March 31.	Limitations: There is a substantial lag each year before performance data can be reported. In addition, states collect placement data from 6 months to 1 year after the school year resulting in a further lag in data reporting. Limited access to federal data bases (e.g. military/defense) and issues related to FERPA and use of social security numbers is also a great barrier to both accurate reporting and completeness of data. The numbers provided in Actual Performance and Performance Targets do not represent a national average nor the results of any single national assessment. Rather a composite of the diversity of the states, their measures, measurement approaches and definitions that vary from state to state. Significant latitude was given states in the identification and development of baseline data for each of the Core Indicators and thus variability in results. Improvements: Ongoing technical assistance is being provided through the DQI to address these challenges. These include but are not limited to in-state cooperative agreements and national resources such as the Peer Collaborative Resource Network(PCRN) for sharing of methods, techniques, and research.

Indicator 8.3.2 of 2: Postsecondary student outcomes: Increasing proportions of postsecondary vocational students, including special populations, will have a positive placement in one or more of the following categories of outcomes: retention in and completion of a postsecondary degree or certificate, placement in military service, or placement or retention in employment.

Targets and Performance Data

Status: Unable to judge

Sources and Data Quality

Percentage of postsecondary vocational concentrators who have completed postsecondary education and have a positive placement in military or employment

Year	Actual	l Performan	ce	Perforr	nance Targe	ets
		Placement		Placement		
	Postsecondary	in Military or		Postsecondary	in Military or	•
	Degree/Certificate	Employmen	t Placement	Degree/Certificate Employment Placement		
	Completion Adm. in Military		in Military or	Completion	Adm.	in Military or
	Administrative	Record	Employment	Administrative	Record	Employment
	Data	Exchange	Survey	Data	Exchange	Survey
1998	55.90	81.90	87.70			
1999	32.80	86.20	78.10			

Percentage of postsecondary vocational concentrators who have completed postsecondary education and have a positive placement in military or employment.

Year	Actual Perforr	nance	Performance Targets		
	Postsecondary Degree/ Certificate/Completion	Placement in Military or Employment	Postsecondary Degree/Certificate/Compl	Placement in Military or etion Employment	
2000	32	82			
2001	37	84			
2002			39	84	

Progress: 1999-2000 school data were collected as part of the negotiation process with the states to establish a baseline and agreed-upon performance targets. The 2000-01 school year data are the first year of performance data and will be used as the basis for determining eligibility for

Assessment of Progress

incentive grants.

Explanation: States used various measurement approaches for postsecondary completion and placement, i.e. wage record exchanges, administrative record exchanges and surveys to indicate completion and placement performance. Results were collected through the CAR instrument on current performance and matched to previously identified targets. State actual and target differences were matched and aggregated. Performance data developed by States is reported to OVAE 90 days after termination of the grant, i.e., the 2002 data will be reported by December 31, 2002. Attestation of data is completed within the following 90 days of States' submissions. Data for the 2002 program year will be available for the public on or after March 31. Military data has been dropped for the 2001-2002 program year. Previous data years have been corrected to reflect end of full year.

Source: Performance Report Grantee Performance Report: 1810-0503 Annual Performance Reporting Format for OIE Formula Grants to LEAs.

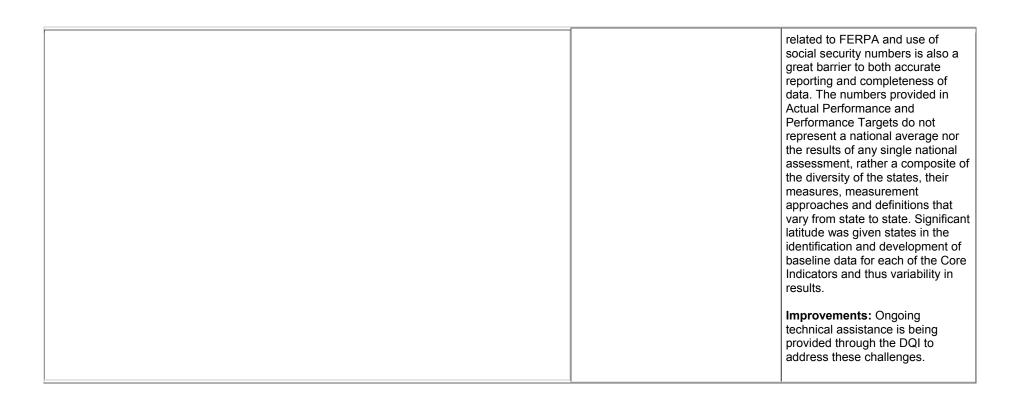
Additional Source Information:National Data Bases

Frequency: Annually.
Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
Data Available: June
Validated By: No Formal

Verification.

Data quality continues to be a major component of the Data Quality Initiative (DQI) begun last year. A new verification and attestation process was implemented to improve the accuracy of the performance data. OVAE verified data by internal electronic consistency via instrumentation checks, expert staff analysis, and requiring double check and attestation of data by State directors. State data is also checked independently by ED/OVAE during onsite monitoring and State audit reviews.

Limitations: There is a substantial lag each year before performance data can be reported. In addition, states collect placement data from 6 months to 1 year after the school year resulting in a further lag in data reporting. Limited access to federal data bases (e.g. military/defense) and issues



Preparing Tomorrow's Teachers to Use Technology - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.342 - Preparing Tomorrow's Teachers to Use Technology

Goal 8: To improve the knowledge and ability of future teachers to use technology in teaching practices and student learning opportunities, and to improve the quality of teacher preparation programs.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Strengthen teacher preparation programs so that they provide high-quality training in the use of technology for instructional purposes.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Curriculum redesign: The percentage of funded teacher preparation programs that redesign their curriculum to incorporate best practices in the use of technology in teacher education will increase.

Targets and Performance Data						Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of programs						Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: Project Performance Reports.	
Year			Performance Targets		gets	Progress: The percentage of projects that redesigned curriculum <i>during this reporting</i>	Frequency: Annually.	
	Capacity Building In	mplementatio Projects	n Catalyst Projects	Capacity Building Ir Projects	nplementatio Projects	n Catalyst Projects	period has decreased.	Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: December 2004
2000	78	82					Explanation: Curriculum design is a priority for many Implementation projects, and some had	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2001		87	66		89	68	completed redesign before this reporting period. The cumulative percent of	Limitations: Performance report
2002		84	68		89	68	Implementation projects that have redesigned curriculum as a grant activity since the beginning of the program is ninety-one percent (91%). Curriculum redesign is not the purpose of all Catalyst projects, many of which are not located at an institution of higher education.	data will be self-reported from program grantees. ED does not collect national level baseline data for this indicator. Capacity-building grants were one-year grants given in 1999 so there are data only for 2000.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Technology-proficient faculty: The percentage of faculty members in funded teacher preparation programs that effectively use technology in their teaching will increase.

		Targets and	d Performan	ce Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of faculty members in funding teacher preparation programs that effectively use technology in their teaching will increase. Year Actual Performance Performance Targets							Progress: Positive movement toward Contractor Pe	Source: Performance Report Contractor Performance Report
2000 2001 2002	Capacity	mplementation Projects 53 61 62		Capacity	mplementation Projects 63 63	<u> </u>	target. The percentage of technology proficient faculty is increasing. Explanation: Implementation projects are using various methods to assess technology proficiency. Fifty-seven percent (57%) of faculty were rated to be proficient using self-assessment, fifteen percent (15%) using observation, and thirty-three percent (33%) using other methods such as exams and portfolios.	Additional Source Information: Project Performance Reports Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: December 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: Performance report data will be self-reported from program grantees. ED does not collect national level baseline data for this indicator. Capacity building grants
								for this indicator. Capacity building grants were one-year grants given in 1999 so the are data only for 2000.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Increase the technology skills and proficiency of new teachers for improved classroom instruction.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Technology-proficient new teachers: The percentage of new teachers who are proficient in using technology and integrating technology into instructional practices will increase.

instructional	practices v	vill increase.						
		Targets and	Performan	ce Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	Percentage of students assessed at catalyst projects that demonstrated proficiency in using technology.						Status: Target not met Progress: The percentage of graduating	Additional Source Information: Project Performance Reports.
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets Capacity Capacity						students who are rated as technology proficient <i>out of all those assessed</i> has decreased.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: December 2003
	Projects	mplementation Projects	Projects	Projects	nplementation Projects	Projects	Explanation: Fifty-nine percent (59%) of Implementation projects required preservice	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2000	42	32					teachers to demonstrate technology as a grant	Evaluation data collection will be
2001		34	38		36	40	activity during the reporting period and an additional thirty-one percent (31%) required	verified by on-site monitoring and review as well as survey and
2002		29	19		36	40	proficiency but not as a grant activity. Implementation grantees are assessing a growing number of graduating students for technology proficiency. Many Catalyst projects	analysis performed by an experienced data collection agency with internal review procedures.
							are not located at institutions of higher education and therefore do not assess the technology proficiency of preservice teachers.	Limitations: Performance report data will be self-reported from program grantees.

Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected or Delinquent (N or D) - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.013 - Title I Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children

Goal 8: To ensure that neglected and delinquent children and youth will have the opportunity to meet the challenging state standards needed to further their education and become productive members of society.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Neglected or delinquent (N or D) students will improve academic and vocational skills needed to further their education or obtain employment.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Progress and achievement: An increasing number of states will show that Neglected or Delinquent students are obtaining regular high school diplomas, General Equivalency Diplomas, and/or earning high school course credits.

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	Targets	s and Performance Da	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of states	reporting				Status: Unable to judge	Frequency: Other.
Year	Actual F	Performance	Performa	nce Targets	Progress: States not required to report data	Collection Period: 2002 - 2005 Data Available: January 2006
	GED	School Credits	GED	School Credits	for indicator based on prior reauthorization. New baseline to be set in 2004.	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1999	36	12			Explanation: Data last collected by PES mail	Limitations: Studies of programs
					survey for 1999 data. No survey was authorized for 2001-2002 data.	for Neglected or Delinquent students were conducted by voluntary state and local surveys through PES. There has been, and is, no authorization of program funds for data collection. Additionally, states and local programs are only required to provide program information once every three years. Improvements: The Department plans to conduct surveys through a MATO contractor and invite states to annually share data for program indicators.

Projects with Industry Program (PWI) - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.234 - Projects with Industry

Goal 8: To facilitate the establishment of partnerships between rehabilitation service providers and business and industry in order to create and expand employment and career advancement opportunities for individuals with disabilities.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Ensure that PWI services (through partnerships with business and industry) result in competitive employment, increased wages and job retention for individuals with disabilities.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Placement rate of individuals with disabilities into competitive employment: The percentage of individuals served who are placed in competitive employment will increase.

competitive emp	loyment will increase.			
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of inc	lividuals served who were placed in	competitive employment	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: FY 2001 performance exceeded the	Grantee performance indicator data.
1997	59		2001 target.	Frequency: Annually.
1998	49		Explanation: In FY 1998, following a new	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: April 2003
1999	59	61	grant competition, there were significantly	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring
2000	61.90	61	fewer projects (104 projects) participating in the PWI program as compared to the FY 1997	By ED. The sources and data quality are
2001	62.40	62	base year (119 projects). The number of projects operating in fiscal years 1999, 2000,	validated by checking to see if the data are reasonable. On site
2002		62.20	and 2001 were 101, 99, and 102 respectively. Following a corresponding drop in performance	compliance reviews are also conducted on at least 15 percent of
			in 1998, the percent of individuals placed in competitive employment by the program has increased annually. Performance in FY 2001 surpassed the 1997 level.	grant recipients annually to (a) determine whether that grant is managed in accordance with Federal requirements; (b) identify areas where the project can be improved; and (c) assess the project's mission as it relates to the Department's mission. Limitations: The primary limitation of the data is that they are self-reported. Technical assistance and regular monitoring is provided to grantees in order to receive updated reports from the grantee regarding progress toward meeting project goals.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Change in earnings of individuals who are placed in competitive employment: Projects With Industry projects will report that participants placed in competitive employment increase earnings by an average of at least \$218 per week.

placed ill collipe	placed in competitive employment increase earnings by an average of at least \$210 per week.										
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality							
Average increase	e in weekly earnings in dollars		Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report							
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Performance data, due	Contractor Performance Report							
1997	207		12/01/02, is still being submitted,	Additional Source Information: Grantee							
1998	209		and the system which allows for analysis and compilation of	performance indicator data.							
1999	226	209	aggregates is being worked on to effect import of data from GAPS.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002							
2000	0 252 218	218		Data Available: February 2003							
2001	236	218	2003.	Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies. Same as 1.1							
2002		226	Explanation: Unable to judge. Data								
		•	are pending as some projects do not meet the deadline date. In addition, the system which allows for analysis and compilation of aggregates is being worked on to effect import of data from GAPS.	Limitations: While on-site monitoring allows for some validation, only 15 percent of PWI projects are visited each year. Otherwise, data is self-validated by grantees. Improvements: Ability to import data from GAPS will be addressed.							

Objective 8.2 of 2: Ensure that PWI services are available for individuals with the most need.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Percentage of individuals served who were unemployed for 6 months or more prior to program entry who are placed in competitive employment: The percentage of previously unemployed individuals served who are placed into competitive employment will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of pre	eviously unemployed individuals ser	ved who were placed in	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Performance data, due	Source: Performance Report Contractor Performance Report	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	12/01/02, are still being submitted, and the system which allows for analysis	Frequency: Annually.	
1997	60		and compilation of aggregates is still being worked on to effect import of data from GAPS. Final data are	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002	
1998	48			Data Available: February 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By	
1999	58	62	expected by February 2003.	Grantee performance indicator data.	
2000	60.80	60	Explanation: Unable to judge. Data	Limitations: While on-site monitoring allow for some validation, only 15 percent of PW projects are visited each year. Otherwise,	
2001	69	61	are pending as some projects did not meet the deadline date. In addition, the		
2002		61.20	system which allows for analysis and	data is self-validated by grantees.	
			compilation of aggregates is being worked on to effect import of data from GAPS.	Improvements: Ability to import data to GAPS will be addressed.	

Public Charter Schools Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.282 - Charter Schools

Goal 8: To support the creation of a large number of high-quality charter schools and to evaluate their effects.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Encourage the development of a large number of high-quality charter schools that are free from state or local rules that inhibit flexible operation, are held accountable for enabling students to reach challenging state performance standards, and are open to all students.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: State legislation: By 2000, 40 states will have charter school legislation.										
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality						
Number of states and Puerto Rico)	s with charter school legislation (includi	ng the District of Columbia	Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: State Educational Agencies (SEA);						
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: There has been a positive gain even with only two state persuing legislation	state legislatures.						
1995	12		between 1999 and 2002. Several states will be	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003						
1996	19		considering legislation this year.	Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.						
1997	27		Explanation: Data shows positive trend even with gain of only one state between 1999 and 2001. Several States will be considering legislation this year. Several states have considered, but have not yet passed,							
1998	31									
1999	38			Limitations: There is variation in the definition of state charter school						
2000	38	40	legislation. We will continue to provide	legislation.						
2001	39	42	information and technical assistance to those states and to new states that are considering	Improvements: N/A						
2002	40	42	legislation.							

Indicator 8.1.2 of	ndicator 8.1.2 of 2: Charter operations: By 2002, there will be at least 3,000 charter schools in operation around the Nation.									
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality						
Number of charter	r schools in operation		Status: Target not met	Source: Other						
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: There has been a positive trend	Other: Other. Sponsor: Center for Education						
1995	100		toward meeting this objective. The number of	Reform annual survey; State						
1996	255		charter schools in operation has dramatically increased from 100 in 1994 to 2,431 in 2002	Education Agencies.						
1997	428		1	Frequency: Annually.						
1998	790		Explanation: Several states have met caps on the number of charter schools allowed, and the	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: January 2003						
1999	1,100			Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.						
2000	1,700	2,060	considering raising their caps.							
2001	2,110	2,667	-	Limitations: Differences in the definition of charter schools (i.e.,						
2002	2,431	3,000	s	some states count multiple sites as single charter schools, while others count them as multiple charter schools) cause variability in the counts SEAs. There is sometimes disagreement about numbers of charter schools in operation among the agencies that do the counting. Improvements: N/A						

Regional Educational Laboratories - 2002

Goal 8: To promote knowledge-based educational improvement to help all students meet high standards through development, applied research, dissemination, and technical assistance conducted with local, state, and intermediate agencies.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Develop, adapt, and assess comprehensive education reform strategies in schools, districts, and states.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Number of development sites: An increasing number of local or state sites will be engaged in collaborative development and demonstration of comprehensive reform-related efforts.

OT CO	mprener	ISIVE retor	m-related	a emorts	•			
				Targets	and Perfo	rmance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
1997 1998 1999 2000 2001	Targets and Performance Data Number school, district, intermediate agency, and state level sites Year Actual Performance Performance Ta Site Students Teachers Administrators Parents Site Students Teachers Administrators Parents 1997 494 83,147 5,899 512 14,437 1998 615 93,788 6,950 749 16,062 1999 606 538,865 37,550 5,169 13,697 2000 630 545,612 34,923 5,029 13,024 2001 359 37,847 5,869 1,801 183 2002 206 4,316 1,055 268					te level sites Performance Targets	Progress: The 2002 data represent the baseline year for development sites in the 2001-2005 contract period and cannot be compared to data from the previous contract period in which different definitions for "site" and "participant" were used. Explanation: Of 206 total sites, 52 (25%) reported at least one outcome/category of improved practice. These 52 sites include 41 of 154 (27%) school-level sites, 9 of 40 (23%) district-level sites, 1 of 4 (25%) intermediate agency level site and 1 of 8 (13%) state level sites. A site is defined as a school, district,	Additional Source Information: Laboratory records and quarterly reports, 2002. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.
							intermediate agency, or state in which "the Laboratory is engaged in collaborative field work that is: a) direct, face-to-face, long-term, and intensive; b) designed with the explicit goal to improve practice; and c) expected to produce outcomes that are measurable and indicative of improved practice." A participant is defined as "an individual directly involved in collaborative field work." Students do not collaborate directly with the Laboratories and are not included in the 2002 data. Explanation: (cont'd). Examples of areas for improved practice include differentiated instruction to help all students succeed, effective use of assessment resources/tools, efficient and effective resource allocation, or increased capacity to deliver high-quality professional	Validated By: Experienced Public/Private Entity. Each Laboratory utilized its own quality assurance process to review data provided. Limitations: The Education Department relies on Laboratory records for these data.

development. No performance targets are shown for the number of development sites or participants because their numbers are not expected to increase significantly. The indicator may be revised to emphasize the results of the development work. Additional information in the measure has been added for clarification, i.e. "intermediate agency."

Improvements: Independent reviewers conducted data verification in 2002.

Targets and Perform	mance Da	ta	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Targets and Performance Actual Performance Less than 12 12-23 24-35	mance Da	ta	Progress: The current year (2002) is a new baseline year. The previous year (2001) was the first year of a new contract period and represents only 6 months of data collection. Explanation: Of the 206 total sites (Indicator 8.1.1 of 2 above), there were 194 school- and district-level sites. Of these, 155 indicated a direct focus on the outcome/category of "increased student achievement in low performing schools." The other 39 school/district sites are focused on research and development to enhance their capacity to improve student achievement. Four of 100 sites (4.0%) with fewer than 12 months of development, 23 of 42 sites (54.8%) with 12-23 months of development, and 11 of 12 sites (91.7%)	Additional Source Information: Laboratory record and quarterly reports, 2002. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Experienced Public/Private Entity. Each Laboratory utilized its own quality assurance process to review the data provided. Limitations: The Education Department relies on Laboratory records for these data.
			with 24-36 months of development (total N=38 sites, or 24.5% of the 155 total school- and district-level sites) reported collecting evidence demonstrating increased student achievement. The one site in cohort 4 (36 months or more of development) collected student achievement data, but these data indicated no increase. Explanation: (cont'd). Sites were included in this data set only if they met the criterion for inclusion under Indicator 8.1.1 of 2 (above) and if they indicated that "increased student achievement" was a	Improvements: Independent reviewers conducted data verification in 2002.

targeted outcome. This is the first year in which data were gathered and reported by cohort (e.g., grouped by length of time of development work). Work at several of these low performing school sites began during the previous contract period. No performance target is included for 2002 because 2002 is a new baseline year representing the first complete year of data collection in the 2001-2005 contract period. The indicator may be revised to show the results of the Laboratories' development work over time.

Objective 8.2 of 2: Provide products and services and develop networks and partnerships in support of state and local reform.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 2: Customer Receipt of Products and Services: The circulation of products, receipt of services, and receipt of electronic material will increase annually from baseline levels.

annually from b	Jasenne lever	ə.						
	Tai	rgets and F	erformance Da	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Number of produ	Number of products, services, and electronic materials						Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source
Year	Actu	ıal Perforn	nance	Perfo	rmance T	argets	Progress: The current year (2002) is a new baseline	Information: Laboratory records and quarterly
	# of Products to Clients	# of Face- to-face Services	Web Site Hits	to	# of Face-to- face Services	Web Site	year. The previous year (2001) was the first year of a new contract period and represents 6 months of data collection.	reports, 2002. Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 -
1997	419,927	148,966	11,834,588				Explanation: The total number of individual contacts with the Laboratories (adding together products,	2003 Data Available: September
1998	988,055	178,555	19,305,052				services, and web site hits) increased substantially from 68,748,373 in 2001 to 211,443,788 in 2002	2003 Validated By: No Formal
1999	2,132,530	125,517	30,379,269				because of continued increase in the use of the Web	Verification.
2000	1,635,492	127,162	35,828,628				for dissemination as access to the Laboratories' web sites continued to grow. In 2002, the number of web	Experienced Public/Private Entity. Each Laboratory
2001	561,932	47,227	68,139,214				page views was added as a second measure of	utilized its own quality
2002	979,223	80,827	210,383,738				receipt of electronic materials. The term page views (impressions) refers to client access to entire pages, but does not include a site's supporting graphic files.	assurance process to review the data provided.
	2002 979,223 80,827 210,383,738						Using this new measure, the total number of individual contacts with the Laboratories (adding together products, services, and web page views) increased substantially from 15,595,222 in 2001 to 43,128,451 in 2002. The web site hits and page views include the 10 laboratory web sites plus the REL web site. The indicator may be revised to include new ways to measure the impact of web site dissemination.	Limitations: The Education Department relies on Laboratory records for these data. Improvements: Independent reviewers conducted data verification in 2002.

Indicator 8.2.2 of 2: Quality of products and services: At least 90 percent of clients sampled will report laboratory products and services to be of high quality.

mulcator 6.2.2 of		<u> </u>	nts sampled will report laboratory products and	<u> </u>
	Targets and Performance D	oata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of clients rating products and services to be of excellent or good quality			Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: Client surveys, 2002.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Data are based on client ratings of	Chemical veye, 2002.
1997	90	90	excellent or good quality and are consistent with reviewers' findings on the quality and	Frequency: Biennially. Collection Period: 2003 - 2004
1998	90.10	90	utility of Laboratory products and services in	Data Available: September 2004
1999	88.30	90	the 1999 evaluation study conducted by the Education Department. In 2002, utility/impact	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2000	84.30	90	was added as a second measure of the quality	Experienced Public/Private Entity.
2001	93.20	90	of products and services. 88.7% of clients sampled rated products and services as having	Each Laboratory utilized its own quality assurance process to revie
2002	92.10	90	utility/impact in 1 or more of the following categories: increased knowledge/skills	the data provided.
			(74.6%), used to enhance professional practice (73.6%), and positive effect on student performance (59.2%). 2002 data are the result of increased attention to instrumentation and data collection issues, improved consistency across the system, better use of electronic programs for data analysis, enhanced quality assurance, and the identification of areas for further improvement. Explanation: (cont'd). Indicators of quality may be revised to include additional measures of impact on educational research and policy. Examples of impact include the number of publications in journals and presentations to policy audiences and at refereed conferences. Baseline data were established for these impact measures in 2002.	Department relies on Laboratory records for these data. Improvements: Independent reviewers conducted data verification in 2002.

Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program--State Grants Program and National Programs - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.184 - Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_National Programs

84.186 - Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants

Goal 8: To help ensure that all schools are safe, disciplined, and drug free by promoting implementation of high-quality drug and violence prevention programs.

Objective 8.1 of 4: Reduce the use and availability of alcohol and drugs in schools.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Drug use in schools: By 2001, rates of alcohol use in schools will decline for 8th, 10th, and 12th graders, and rates of annual marijuana use in schools for the same time period will decline for 8th, 10th, and 12th graders.

	Targets and Performance Data Assessment of Progress Sources and Data Quality								
	r argets a	апо Репогтапсе D	ata 		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Rate of annual use of alcohol in school (in percentage)					Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Monitoring the Future, 1999.			
Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performar	nce Targets	Progress: Data for 2000, 2001, and 2002 are				
	8th Graders	12th Graders	8th Graders	12th Graders	not available because no special analysis has been conducted of the Monitoring the Future	Frequency: Annually.			
1994	5	8			Survey in those years.	Validated By: NCES.			
1995	5	7			Explanation: Rates of substance use in	Limitations: According to NCES			
1996	6	8			school generally parallel but are much lower	calculations, from 1976 to 1996 the			
1997	5	8			than overall rates of substance abuse by youth. Rates of alcohol use for all grade levels	total annual response rate for this survey varied between 46 percent			
1998	5	8			have remained relatively steady for many years and are, therefore, unlikely to decline in	and 67 percent. MTF does not release its data on in-school use:			
1999	4	7	5	8	the near future. Marijuana use rates increased	special runs for these data are			
2000			5	8	in the mid-nineties, but recently have been relatively steady and may have leveled off. No	generally not available until the spring of the year following the			
2001			4	7	2000, 2001, or 2002 are available as a special	December release of other MTF			
2002			4	7	analysis of the Monitoring the Future Survey was not conducted for those years. In future	data. MTF does not collect data for 8th, 10th, and 12th graders on drug			
					years a new data source will be used that provides regularly collected data and the indicator will be redefined.	use in school in a way that allows data to be compared across the three grades.			

Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performar	nce Targets
	8th Graders	12th Graders	8th Graders	12th Graders
1994	4	8		
1995	5	9		
1996	6	10		
1997	5	10		
1998	5	8		
1999	4	8	5	10
2000			4	8
2001			3	7
2002			3	7

Objective 8.2 of 4: Reduce number of criminal and violent incidents in schools.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Violent incidents in schools: By 2003, the proportion of high school students in a physical fight on school property will decrease, and the annual rate of students ages 12 to 18 who report experiencing serious violent crime, in school or going to and from school, will decrease.

Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
	gh school students who reported beir ty in the past year	ng involved in a physical fight	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Target was met for 2001. Data for	Additional Source Information: Youth Risk Behavior Survey
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	the next reporting period (2003) will not be	(YRBS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC),
1995	16		available until December 2003.	2001, National Crime Victimization
1997	15		Explanation: Measure 1: The percentage of	Survey (NCVS), 2000.
1999	14		students reporting being in a fight at school had declined since 1995. Standard error for 2001 data is +/- 1%.	Frequency: Biennially. Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: December 2003
2001	12.50	12		
		<u> </u>		Validated By: Federal Statistical Agencies.
				Limitations: YRBS data are collected biennially and reported in the year after collection; the 2003 data will be reported in 2004. While most NCVS data are reported the year after collection, in-school victimization data is a special

analysis with a delayed release. The data collected in 2001 will be released in 2004. Rate of students ages 12 to 18 who reported experiencing serious violent crim in schools or going to and from schools (per 1000 students) **Performance Targets** Year **Actual Performance**

Objective 8.3 of 4: Increase the percentage of safe and drug free schools and communities grantees that achieve results-based goals.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: Grantee progress: By 2002, National Programs grantees will demonstrate substantial progress toward achieving their results based-goals and objectives established in their applications

Targets and Performance Data

Assessment of Progress

Sources and Data Quality

. a. goto a. a o. o a. a			7.00000	Total occurred a state accountly
Percentage of grantees meeting their measurable goals and objectives			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Review of grantee reports
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Requirements for measuring	Review of grantee reports
2001	84	75	progress toward goals and objectives have	Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2002
2002		85	been incorporated into all applications for National Programs direct grants. No data are	Data Available: January 2003
		,	currently available for 2002.	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.

Objective 8.4 of 4: Provide crisis intervention assistance to school districts.

Indicator 8.4.1 of 1: Crisis intervention: By 2001, the Department will implement policies and procedures necessary to ensure rapid response to school districts seriously affected by crises that interfere with learning.

seriously affected by crises that interiere with learning.						
Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality				
- No Targets And Performance Data -	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Funding was approved by congress for this initiative in December 2000. Additional funding provided in FY 2002 appropriation. In 2001, ED initiated responses to eligible requests within 48 hours in 8 of 9 instances. No 2002 data are available.	Source: Other Other: Record/File. Additional Source Information: Review of program files and organizational plans Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.				

Smaller Learning Communities (Small, Safe and Successful High Schools) - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.215L FIE/Smaller Learning Communities

Goal 8: To assist high schools to create smaller learning communities that can prepare all students to achieve to challenging standards and succeed in college and careers.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Students in schools receiving smaller learning communities implementation grants will demonstrate continuous improvement in achievement in core subjects, as well as exhibit positive behavioral changes

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Achievement: Increasing percentages of students in high schools receiving Smaller Learning Community grants will meet or exceed the basic and proficient levels of performance on state and local reading and math assessments.

	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Baseline Established	Source: Performance Report Contractor Performance Report
	Percentage Percentage Meeting Levels in Meeting Levels in Reading Math	Percentage Percentage Meeting Meeting Levels in Levels in Reading Math	Explanation: New program. Initial grants awarded in October 2000.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: December 2003 Validated By: No Formal
2001	42.60 51.10			Verification.

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Behavior: Increasing percentages of students in high schools receiving Small Learning Community grants will show improvements on measures such as school attendance and incidence of disciplinary actions.

	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
			Status: Unable to judge	Source: Performance Report
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Baseline established	Contractor Performance Report
	Percentage of Total Number of Students in daily Disciplinary Attendance Actions	Percentage of Students in Total Number daily of Disciplinary Attendance Actions	Explanation: New program. Initial grants awarded in October 2000. Data for FY 2002 will be based on Annual Performance Reports	Additional Source Information: Program evaluation to begin in 2001 and Annual Performance Reports to
2001	90.40 57,084		that are not due until 12/31/02. A lengthy tabulation process will then be necessary.	begin in 2002.
				Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: December 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification.

Star Schools Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.203 - Star Schools

Goal 8: To improve student learning and teaching through the use of distance learning technologies.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Promote the delivery of challenging content in core subjects.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Challenging content: Challenging content aligned with standards at all academic levels (including high school credit, advanced placement, adult education, and Graduate Equivalency Diploma courses) through distance education will increase annually.

addit education	adult education, and Graduate Equivalency Diploma Courses) through distance education will increase annually.							
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality				
Number of full cr	redit courses offered through Star School	ols	Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: Fy 2002 Annual performance and				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Grantees report that 1502 courses	evaluation reports; FY 2002 data				
1994	30		are aligned with standards. Grantees also report that 1481 modules are aligned with	retrieved from online reporting				
1997	81		standards.	system.				
1998	105		Explanation: These are final data figures	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003				
1999	126		aggregated for the FY 2002 performance	Data Available: October 2003				
2000	921		period. It should be noted that the lowa Distance Education Alliance project is not	Validated By: No Formal Verification.				
2001	387		included in the final FY 2001 total of courses	However, the program evaluation				
2002	1,502	1,000	aligned with standards because the project failed to comply with the Star Schools GPRA	liaison and program officers review data from the online reporting				
			reporting deadline requirements. Excluding lowa's perviously reported count of 813 courses for FY 2000, a total of 108 courses were reported by the other remaining projects. For FY 2001, there was a substantial increase from 108 (FY 2000) to 387 (FY 2001) in the number of courses offered that were aligned with standards by the other grantees. For FY 2002, there was a significant increase in total courses reported aligned with standards, because the lowa Distance Education Alliance project, which was excluded in the final data figures aggregated for the FY 2001 performance period, complied with the FY 2002 Star Schools program GPRA reporting deadline requirements and therefore is included in the final data figures aggregated for FY 2002.	system and evaluation reports from the projects to ascertain the extent to which evidence exists that the content is aligned with standards. The program evaluation liaison or program officer's review includes: examining the procedures that grantees use to align the standards with all academic levels; reviewing the sources of standards, strategies and procedures utilized for alignment; and verifying the evidence provided for alignment. The evaluation liaison performs a quality check and review for inconsistencies in the data, contacts the project for clarification of the input or request that data be modified. Projects modify data in the				

online reporting system accordingly and also provide an explanation for those modifications to the evaluation liaison and team leader. Site visits and reviews of additional reports from the project further confirm the data. **Limitations:** Data are self- reported by the projects. Evidence of alignment with standards has been particularly difficult to assess. Determining the extent to which courses are challenging has also been difficult to assess. **Improvements:** Planned improvements include utilizing the new aggregate analysis feature from the Star Schools online reporting system to gather and analyze specific data across all projects for courses and modules offered that are aligned with standards. Planned validation improvements on evidence of course alignment with standards include verifying whether or not projects utilize content experts to review and validate the extent to which: a) content is challenging b) standards are appropriate for the content delivered. In addition, we propose to modify the indicator in FY 2004 as follows: a) expand to include an elementary and secondary course and modules content category b) focus on projects offering reading, math, science, and foreign language courses and modules. We propose to add an indicator in professional development because half of the FY 1999 & FY 2000 grants focus on professional development and currently do not report to current indicator.

State Vocational Rehabilitation Services (Including Supported Employment) - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.126 - Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States

84.187 - Supported Employment Services for Individuals with Severe Disabilities

Goal 8: Individuals with disabilities served by the Vocational Rehabilitation State Grant program will achieve high quality employment.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Ensure that individuals with disabilities who are served by the vocational rehabilitation (VR) state grant program achieve employment consistent with their particular strengths, resources, abilities, capabilities and interests.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 5: Number achieving employment: The number of individuals with disabilities who achieve employment will increase by at least 1 percent annually.

	Targets and Performance Data				Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The number of i	The number of individuals who achieved an employment outcome				Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: RSA state agency data from RSA-113.
Year	Year Actual Performance Perf		Performan	ce Targets	Progress: Preliminary FY 2001 data show	state agency data from NSA-113.
	Number of Individuals	Percent Increase	Number of Individuals	Percent Increase	that the target was not met. Data is not yet available for 2002.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - Data Available: October 2003
1997	211,503				Explanation: The target for FY 2001 was	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By
1998	223,668	5.80			set prior to the current economic downturn. Economic conditions affect the placement	ED.
1999	231,714	3.60	215,770		rates for populations who are	Limitations: Appropriate crosschecks
2000	236,220	1.90	234,040		disadvantaged in the labor market. Targets for future years have been adjusted	and edits to verify and validate the quality of these data are currently being
2001	233,687	-1	238,582		accordingly.	implemented.
2002			238,582			

Indicator 8.1.2 of 5: Percentage of individuals obtaining employment: The percentage of all persons served who obtain employment will increase.							
	Targets and Performance D)ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Percentage obtain	ning employment.		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: RSA			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Preliminary FY 2001 data show	state agency data from the RSA-113.			
1997	61.20		that the target was not met. Data is not yet	Frequency: Annually.			
1998	62.20		= available for 2002.	Collection Period: 2002 - Data Available: October 2003			
1999	62.50	61	Explanation: The FY 2000 and 2001 targets were not met. The target for 2001	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.			
2000	62.50	62.70	was set prior to the economic downturn.	Verified by ED Standards for Evaluating			
2001	60.60	63	Economic conditions affect the placement rates for populations who are	Program Performance Data.			
2002		63	disadvantaged in the labor market. Targets	Limitations: Appropriate crosschecks			

Indicator 8.1.3 of 5: Percentage of individuals obtaining competitive employment: Of individuals obtaining employment, the percentage who obtain competitive employment will increase. Among individuals with significant disabilities obtaining employment, the percentage obtaining competitive employment will increase.

for future years have been adjusted

very modest increases.

accordingly and reflect the expectation of

	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of all	ll individuals with disabilities who obtair	ned competitive employment	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: RSA state agency data from the
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The 2002 data are expected to be	RSA-911.
1997	81.20		available by Fall 2003. We expect the data to show the target has been met.	Frequency: Annually.
1998	80		show the target has been met.	Collection Period: 2002 -
1999	83.10	82.30	Explanation: In FY 2000 the minimum wage remained constant, thus allowing time for the	Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring
2000	86	82.50	wages of VR consumers (with and without	By ED.
2001	87.60	86.20	significant disabilities) to increase to minimum wage levels. States have been successful in	Limitations: Accuracy/consistency
2002		86.40	,	of reporting is contingent upon counselors' interpretations of definitions. Timeliness is dependent upon submittal of clean data from 80 grantees (respondents). Limited staff resources affect ability to check data for reasonableness and publish data quickly.

and edits to verify and validate the

implemented.

quality of these data are currently being

Percentage of individuals with significant disabilities who obtained competitive employment						
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets				
1997	79.10					
1998	78.70					
1999	82.10	80				
2000	85.20	85.50				
2001	86.70	85.10				

2002

Indicator 8.1.4 of 5: Improved earnings: Among individuals exiting the program in competitive employment, the median ratio of their average hourly wage to the state's average hourly wage for all individuals in the state who are employed will increase.

85.40

	Targets and Performance [Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Median ratio for	general and combined agencies		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: RSA state data from the R-911.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The 2002 data are	data from the R-911.
1997	.60		expected to be available by Fall 2003.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 -
1998	.60		Explanation: Projections for future	Data Available: October 2003
1999	.60	.60	years reflect very modest increases in performance on this measure based on	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
2000	.60	.60	past trends.	Limitations: Same limitations and planned
2001	.56	.60		improvements reported under 1.3 apply to this indicator. In addition, the data for this
2002		.58		indicator are limited by the fact that the required comparison involves numbers
				reported from two different sets of state- reported data.

Indicator 8.1.5 of 5: Own income as primary support: The percentage of individuals who report upon obtaining employment that their own income is their primary source of support will increase.

	Targets and Performance Da	nto.	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
	Targets and Ferformance Da		Assessment of Flogress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of individuals who report upon obtaining employment that their own income is their primary source of support			Status: Unable to judge Progress: The 2002 data are expected to be	Additional Source Information: RSA state agency data from RSA- 911.	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Performance Targets Progress: The 2002 data are expected to be available by Fall 2003.		
1997	74.60			Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 -	
1998	75.80		from 74.5 percent, in 1999, to 77.3 percent.	Data Available: October 2003	
1999	74.50	74.50	The 2000 figure exceeded the target for that year. The targets for future years have been	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.	
2000	77.30	75	adjusted based on performance in 2000.		
2001	77.70	76		Limitations: Same as discussed under Indicator 1.3.	
2002		76.20			

Objective 8.2 of 2: Increase the number of individuals with the most significant disabilities who have received supported employment services but achieve competitive employment outcomes.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Percentage of individuals with a supported employment goal achieving competitive employment: The percentage of individuals with a supported employment goal who achieve a competitive employment outcome (including supported employment outcomes in which the individual receives the minimum wage or better) will continue to increase.

	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
	dividuals with a supported employmen	nt goal who achieved a	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: RSA state agency data from the	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: The 2002 data are expected to be available by Fall 2003. We expect the data to	RSA-911. Frequency: Annually.	
1997	69.60		show that the target has been met.	show that the target has been met. Collection Per	Collection Period: 2002 -
1998	69.10			Data Available: October 2003 Validated By: On-Site	
1999	73.30	71	remained constant, thus allowing time for the wages of VR consumers (with significant	Monitoring By ED. Verified by ED Standards for	
2000	77.30	71.50	disabilities) to increase to minimum wage levels.	Evaluating Program Performance	
2001	79.20	77.40	States have been successful in assisting individuals in achieving competitive employment	Data.	
2002		77.60	outcomes. Because of the marked increase in	Limitations: Same as discussed	
	,		performance in FYs 1999 and 2000, we have adjusted targets for future years.	under Indicator 1.3.	

Student Financial Assistance Policy - 2002

Goal 8: To help ensure access to high-quality postsecondary education by providing financial aid in the form of grants, loans, and work-study in an efficient, financially sound and customer-responsive manner.

Objective 8.1 of 3: Ensure that low and middle income students will have the same access to postsecondary education that high income students do.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 4: Percentage of unmet need: Considering all sources of financial aid, the percentage of unmet need, especially for low-income students, will continuously decrease.

Continuous	iy decrease.							
		Targets	and Performa	nce Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Total for Un	Total for Undergraduates						Status: Target not met	Source: Other Other: Record/File.
Year		Actual Pe	erformance	Р	erformanc	e Targets	Progress: No 2001 or 2002 data.	Sponsor: National Postsecondary
1995			23				Explanation: Unmet need as a percentage	Student Aid Study.
1996			23				of total cost of attendance was estimated to	
1997			22				decrease slightly in each year with somewhat larger decreases for low-income students.	Data Available: January 2005 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring
1998		2	1.20				Since 1995-96, unmet need is estimated to	By ED.
1999		20	0.80				have decreased 2 percentage points for undergraduates overall and 4 or more	Limitations: NPSAS data are
2000		2	1.20				percentage points for low-income undergraduates.	collected only every four years.
L avv. In a a made	. I la de veva de	-4					undergraduates.	
Low Income	Undergradu	ates						
Year	Act	ual Perform	nance	Perfe	ormance T	argets		
			t Independent Without kids			t Independent Without kids		
1996	46.30	54.70	52.50					
1997	44.50	51.60	49					
1998	42.90	51.10	49					
1999	41.80	50.20	48.50					
2000	43.10	60.60	46.20					

Indicator 8.1.2 of 4: College enrollment rates: Postsecondary education enrollment rates will increase each year for all students, while the enrollment gap between low- and high-income and minority and nonminority high school graduates will decrease each year.

			ty and nonmine	only mgm	JU.100. g	,	,, ,, ,	
Targets and Performance Data							Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The percentage of high school graduates ages 16-24 enrolling immediately in college - Total								Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
Year	Actual Performance		Actual Performance Performance Targets		Targets	Progress: No 2002 data. Some progress	Data Available: April 2003	
1994		61.90					is being made in reducing the enrollment	Validated By: On-Site
1995		61.90					gap between low- and high- income students but progress is not being made in	Monitoring By ED.
1996		65					increasing the overall enrollment rate or reducing the gap between minority and	Limitations: Small subgroup sample sizes for low-income a
1997		67					nonminority students.	minority students lead to large
1998		65.60					Explanation: There was a statistically	yearly fluctuations in enrollmentates. Three-year weighted
1999		62.90					significant increase in the overall	averages are used to smooth
2000		63.30					enrollment rate from the 1994-95 period to the 1997-98 period. However, since then	out these fluctuations.
2001		61.70					enrollment rates have fallen significantly (back to the 1994-95 levels), indicating a	
							lack of overall progress. Prior year data	
ncome	I .						has been updated from previous reports to reflect more complete information.	
Year	Actu	ual Perform		Perfo		Targets	reflect more complete information.	
	Low	High	Difference	Low	High	Difference		
1994	44	78.40	42.20					
1995	41.20	83.40	36.50					
1996	41.50	78	35.10					
4007	47.10	82	26.60					
1997								
1997	50.60	77.30	25.10					
	50.60 50.90		25.10 28.70					
1998	l	77.30						

Race						
Year		Actua	l Perforr	nance	Performance Targets	
	Black W	hite Hisp	bet Blac	erence D ween to k and W hite I	Difference Differenc between between Black and White an Black White Hispanic White Hispanic	
1994	51.30	64.50	55.70	13.20	8.90	
1995	52.40	64.30	55	11.90	9.30	
1996	52.90	67.40	51.60	14.50	15.90	
1997	55.40	68.20	57.60	12.80	10.50	
1998	58.80	68.50	55.30	9.80	13.30	
1999	59.80	66.30	51.90	6.50	14.40	
2000	58.60	65.70	47.40	7.10	18.30	
2001	56.30	64.20	48.60	7.90	15.60	

Indicator 8.1.3 of 4: Targeting of Pell Grants: Pell Grant funds will continue to be targeted to those students with the greatest financial need: at least 75 percent of Pell Grant funds will go to students below 150 percent of poverty level.

	Targets and Performance Dat	а	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The percentage of Pell Grant funds going to students below 150 percent of the poverty line.			Status: Unable to judge	Source: Other Other: Record/File.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Increases in the maximum	Sponsor: Pell Grant
1997	82		award without other changes in the formulas used to award Pell grants will	Applicant/Recipient File.
1998	80		tend to lower the percentage of funds going	Frequency: Annually.
1999	78	75	to the neediest students.	Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: March 2003
2000	78	75	1	Validated By: On-Site
2001		75		Monitoring By ED.
2002		75		

Indicator 8.1.4 of 4: Federal debt burden: The median Federal debt burden (yearly scheduled payments as a percentage of annual income) of borrowers in their first full year of prepayment will be less than 10 percent.

	Targets and Performance Da	ta	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The median federal debt burden of students in their first full year of repayment.			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: As a general rule, it is	National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) and Internal Revenue
1998	7.10		believed that an educational debt burden	Service (IRS) records.
1999	6.48		of 10 percent or greater will negatively affect a borrower's ability to repay his or her student loan and to obtain other credit such as a home mortgage. We expect the	Frequency: Annually.
2000	6.38			
			2001 and 2002 median debt burden rate to remain well below 10 percent.	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
				Limitations: To overcome limitations with the data from the Social Security Administration (SSA) that were previously used, we switched to IRS data on household income for 1998 and future years. The IRS data may slightly understate debt burden for married borrowers where both individuals have student loans

Objective 8.2 of 3: Ensure that more students will persist in postsecondary education and attain degrees and certificates.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Completion rate: Completion rates for all full-time, degree-seeking students in 4-year and less than 4-year programs will improve, while the gap in completion rates between minority and non-minority students will decrease.

		<u> </u>		
	Targets and Perfo	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
	percentage of full-time degree seeking students cal time required.	ompleting a 4-year degree within 150% of the	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: There was a decrease	Additional Source Information: Graduation Rate Survey (GRS)
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	in degree of completion rates in both	Rate Survey (GRS)
1997	Difference Difference between between Black and White and Total Black White Hispanic White Hispanic 52.50 35.50 55.50 39.10 20 16.40	Difference Difference between between Black and White and Total Black White Hispanic White Hispanic	4-year and less than 4-year programs between 1999 and 2000. The decrease in completion of 4-year programs was the result of a reduction of almost one percentage point in the degree completion rate for	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: On-Site
1998	52.60 34.50 55.80 39.10 21.30 16.70		white students because both Black	Monitoring By ED.
1999 2000	53 35.80 56 40.90 20.20 15.10 52.40 35.70 55.40 41.50 19.70 13.90		and Hispanic students showed slight increases in the completion of 4-year degrees. Prior year data has been updated from previous reports to	Limitations: Postsecondary institutions are not required to report
	percentage of full-time degree seeking students c of the normal time required.	ompleting a less than 4-year program within	reflect more complete information.	graduation rates until 2002. However, data were voluntarily submitted by institutions representing 87
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		percent of 4-year students
			I .	
	Difference Difference between between Black and White and Total Black White Hispanic White Hispanic	Difference Difference between between Black and White and Total Black White Hispanic White Hispanic		and 77 percent of 2-year students. Investigating whether a proxy for graduation rates for
1997	between between Black and White and	between between Black and White and		and 77 percent of 2-year students. Investigating whether a proxy for
1997 1998	between between Black and White and Total Black White Hispanic White Hispanic	between between Black and White and		and 77 percent of 2-year students. Investigating whether a proxy for graduation rates for student aid recipients can
	between between Black and White and Total Black White Hispanic White Hispanic 30.90 22.80 32.60 26.20 9.80 6.40	between between Black and White and		and 77 percent of 2-year students. Investigating whether a proxy for graduation rates for student aid recipients can be obtained from

Objective 8.3 of 3: Ensure that taxpayers will have a positive return on investment in the federal student financial assistance programs.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: Return on investment: The benefits of the student aid programs, in terms of increased tax revenues, will continue to exceed their costs. Targets and Performance Data Assessment of Progress Sources and Data Quality Status: Unable to judge Source: Non-NCES Return on Investment Survey/Research **Actual Performance Performance Targets** Year Progress: Low: A pessimistic set of assumptions leading to a low-end estimate of Additional Source Information: Low Best High Low Best High the return on investment. Best: The set of March Current Population Survey 1996 1.30 2.90 6.70 (CPS) and Beginning Post assumptions that we believe best captures the Secondary (BPS) study with return on investment. High: An optimistic set of 1.30 2.80 6.50 1997 assumptions leading to a high-end estimate of imputations from the National 1998 1.30 2.90 6.70 the return on investment. Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS) and High School and 1999 1.40 3.10 7.10 **Explanation:** The estimated return on Beyond (HS&B). Behavioral assumptions were derived, where investment is calculated in the following 2000 1.50 3.30 7.70 manner: 1) The discounted present value of feasible, from meta-analyses 2001 1.60 8 3.40 tax revenue and welfare benefits is calculated conducted by Leslie and Brinkman for different educational attainment levels. 2) in their 1988 book, The Economic Under the "best" scenario, 90 percent of the Value of Higher Education. revenue differential calculated in step 1 is assumed to be caused by obtaining more Frequency: Annually. education. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: March 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. Limitations: A number of assumptions and imputations are required to estimate the return on investment. By providing high and low estimates, one can assess the sensitivity of the results to the assumptions used. Prior year data has been updated from previous reports to reflect more complete information.

Student Financial Assistance Programs - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.007 - Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants

84.032 - Federal Family Education Loans 84.033 - Federal Work-Study Program

84.037 - Loan Cancellations

84.038 - Federal Perkins Loan Program Federal Capital Contributions

84.063 - Federal Pell Grant Program

84.069 - Leveraging Educational Assistance Partnership

84.268 - Federal Direct Student Loans

Goal 8: Postsecondary student aid delivery and program management is efficient, financially sound, and responsive to customers.

Objective 8.1 of 3: Increase customer satisfaction.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Increase Customer Satisfaction to a comparable private sector industry average - American Customer Satisfaction Index (ACSI) rating of 75.9 (out of a possible score of 100) - by FY 2002

	Targets and Performance [Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Customer satisfaction rating			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets		Progress: The Department is re-evaluating	1999-2001 American Customer Satisfaction Index.
	Customer satisfaction rating	Customer satisfaction rating	how it, as a whole, performs customer	
1999	63		monitoring. Therefore separate 2002 data are not available for FSA. Explanation: 1999-2001: The ACSI uses a	
2000	72.90			
2001	74.20		widely accepted methodology to obtain	
2002		75.90	standardized customer satisfaction for all its participants. Over 170 private-sector	
			participants. Over 170 private-sector corporations use ACSI. Because it is widely used across all business sectors it allows us to benchmark and compare ourselves to the best in business. The 1999 data were based on SFA's student application process.	

Objective 8.2 of 3: Decrease unit cost

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Reduce actual unit costs: By FY 2004, reduce actual unit costs from projected unit costs by 19 percent						
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Unit Costs			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: FSA is in the process of evaluating	1999-2001 Data: The cost component comes from obligation		
	Projected Unit Costs	Projected Unit Costs	and refining its activity-based cost model and will develop separate until cost for its major	incurred 1999 through 2001. Out- year estimates are based on budget projections. The number of		
1999	16.70	16.70				
2000	20.10	20.10	available in 2003.	unduplicated recipients comes from the Office of the Undersecretary.		
2001	19.60	19.60	Explanation: 1999-2001 Data: Costs are	,		
			defined as total obligations recorded in a fiscal year divided by the number of unduplicated recipients of loans and grants. Unit cost data are based on FSA Obligations and Contract Costs.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003 Data Available: September 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.		

Objective 8.3 of 3: Increasing employee satisfaction

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: Increase Customer Satisfaction to a comparable private sector industry average - American Customer Satisfaction Index (ACSI) rating of 75.9 (out of a possible score of 100) - by FY 2002: Raise Gallup Workplace Management Grand Mean Score to at least 3.6 -- the private sector average -- by 2004.

	Targets a	nd Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
FSA Employee	satisfaction ranking				Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Per	formance	Performar	nce Targets	Progress: The Department will monitor work	1999-2000 Data: OPM's Employee Opinion Survey 2000-2001 Data:
	OPM (out of 49)	Gallup (on a 5 point scale)	OPM (out of 49)	Gallup (on a 5 point scale)	place satisfaction issues as part of Objective 6.2 of the Strategic Plan, "Improve the strategic management of the Department's	Gallup Workplace Management Tool (Survey).
1998	33				human capital."	
1999	38				Explanation: 1999-2001 Data: Source data for	
2000	5	3.51			this indicator changed in 2001 to the Gallup	
2001		3.74		3.50	Organization's Workplace Measurement Tool. The Gallup tool not only provides long-term	
					consistency; it provides more diagnostic information to gauge employee satisfaction. Additionally, it requires that individual work groups develop action plans to address employee satisfaction issues.	

Teacher Quality Enhancement Grants - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.336 - Teacher Quality Enhancement Grants

Goal 8: To improve the quality of teacher education and initial certification standards, and to improve the knowledge and skills of all teachers, particularly new teachers and teachers who work in high-need areas.

Objective 8.1 of 1: Improve the skills and knowledge of new teachers by funding the development of state policies that strengthen initial licensing standards and the development of state or local policies/programs that reduce the number of uncertified teachers.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 1: Certification rate. State, recruitment, and partnership grantees: The percentages of new and current teachers who meet their state's teacher certification requirements, including passing content knowledge and competency tests, will increase each year.

Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
- No Targets And Performance Data -	Status: Unable to judge Explanation: This is a new program, so performance data are not yet available.	Additional Source Information: Secretary's Report on the Quality of Teacher Preparation (Sec. 207). Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: April 2004 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: Secretary's Report will contain self-reported data from states. Improvements: Definitions of data elements are being refined assure consistency with definitions contained in the No Child Left Behind legislation.

Technology Challenge Programs: Technology Literacy Challenge Fund, Technology Innovation Challenge Grants, and National Activities - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.303 Technology Innovation Challenge Grants

84.318 - Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants

84.341A Community Technology Center

Goal 8: To use educational technology as part of broader education reform that will provide new learning opportunities and raise educational achievement for all students.

Objective 8.1 of 5: Students in high-poverty schools will have access to educational technology that is comparable to the access of students in other schools.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 3: Computer access in high-poverty schools: The student-to-computer with Internet access ratio in high-poverty schools will be comparable to that in other schools.

	Targets a	and Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Student-to-com	puter ratio (?:1)					Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: - 2002
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets			nce Targets	Progress: Target not met for 2001. Data for	Data Available: August 2003
	Low-Poverty Schools	High-Poverty Schools	Low-Poverty Schools	High-Poverty Schools	2002 will not be available until August 2003.	Validated By: NCES.
1998	11	17			decreasing toward the goal of one computer for every five students in high poverty schools. However, the gap in access between high-poverty schools and low poverty schools has	Limitations: Poverty measures are based on data on free and reduced-price school lunches, which may underestimate school poverty levels, particularly for older students and
1999	8	17	10	15		
2000	6	9	10	10		
2001	5	7	5	5	not been closed.	immigrant students.
2002			5	5		
					-	1

Indicator 8.1.2 of 3: Internet access in high-poverty schools: Internet access in high-poverty school classrooms will be comparable to that in other schools.

	Targets a	and Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of c	classrooms with Inter	net access				Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
Year	Actual Pe	rformance	Performar	nce Targets	Progress: Target not met for 2001. Data for	Data Available: August 2003
	Low-Poverty Classrooms	High-Poverty Classrooms	Low-Poverty Classrooms	High-Poverty Classrooms	2002 will not be available until August 2003.	Validated By: NCES.
1994	3	2			Explanation: The number of high-poverty schools with Internet access rose to 97 percent	Limitations: Poverty measures are based on data on free and reduced-
1995	9	3			poverty schools increasingly obtain access to underest the Internet, it is likely that their classroom particular	price school lunches, which may underestimate school poverty level:
1996	17	5				particularly for older students and
1997	33	14				immigrant students.
1998	57	38				
1999	73	38				
2000	82	60	100	100		
2001	90	79	100	100		
	<u> </u>					I

Indicator 8.1.3 of 3: High-poverty districts—Technology Literacy Challenge Fund: The number of states that award at least 66 percent of their TLCF funds to school districts designated as high-poverty will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of states			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Performance
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Positive movement	Report. Final year of Performance Report
	# of States	# of States	toward target.	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
1997	27		Explanation: The FY 2001	
1998	28	32	performance covers the period from October 2000 to September 2002. In	Limitations: Subgrant allocation data are state self-reported and there is no alternative source. Reports on the distribution of funds are estimates (and may be substantially inaccurate) until the year following the end of their period of availability. Thus, state awards of FY 2001 funds are reported in 2003,
1999	30	35	September 2002, 29 states reported awarding 66 percent or more of their FY 2001 TLCF allocation to districts they designated as high-poverty.	
2000	30	37		
2001	29	39		
2002		50		following the end of their period of availability
				in September 2002. Corrections to 1998 data were made in March 2001.

Objective 8.2 of 5: Provide teachers and other educators with the professional development and support they need to help students learn through the use of educational technology.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 3: Staff training and support: Increasing percentages of teachers will indicate that they feel very well prepared to integrate educational technology into classroom instruction.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of Te	eachers		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: In 2000, 27 percent of	Teacher Preparation of Professional Development.		
	% of Teachers	% of Teachers	teachers reported that they were fully prepared to integrate technology in their	Frequency: Biennially.		
1998	20		instruction. Federal resources for training for teachers to use technology (including the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January Validated By: NCES.		
2000	27	40				
			and the Technology Innovation Challenge Grants) as well as state and local funds continue to support professional development in the use of educational technology for teachers and, correspondingly, progress toward the targets for this indicator.	Limitations: The data are self-reported by teachers. The cost and burden to regularly gather data other than self-report data on teacher preparedness for a nationally representative sample are prohibitive.		

Indicator 8.2.2 of 3: District professional development: The percentage of TLCF subgrantees that report professional development as a primary use of funds will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of TL	_CF districts		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: FY 2001 target exceeded.	Performance Report - Final year for performance report.
	% of districts	% of districts	Explanation: The FY 2001 performance	
1997	55		covers the period from October 2000 to	Validated By: No Formal
1998	60	60	September 2002. States conduct competitions under the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund	Verification.
1999	69	65	and have wide discretion to set priorities for those competitions. Districts also have Limitations: Districts reported by districts	Limitations: District data are self-
2000	77	70		reported by districts to states that self-report to ED. Data are estimates
2001	81	75	state) to direct the use of funds. States have	from district technology coordinators
2002		80	been encouraged to devote at least 30 percent of funds to professional development related to	for the most part.
			educational technology beginning in 1998.	

Indicator 8.2.3 of 3: Professional development models: An increasing percentage of TICG projects will develop models of professional development that result in improved instructional practice.

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	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality				
Percentage of projects in their 4th or 5th year			Status: Target exceeded	Source: ED Evaluation Evaluation: Education Reform.				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Based on the	Section: Technology Connections for School				
	% of projects	% of projects	rationale that it would take at least	Improvement Planners' Handbook and				
2000	44	10	3 years for projects to develop and implement professional	Teacher's Guide.				
2001	51	15	development models that could	Additional Source Information: Technology				
2002	87	50	result in improved instructional practice, a target of 50 percent	Connections for School Improvement Planners Handbook and Teachers Guide				
			was set for projects in their 4th and 5th year. Third-year data show that more than half of these projects provided data indicating improved instructional practices. Data for 2002 published previously was incorrect.	Frequency: Annually. Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: Data are supplied by grantees. A 2-tier data collection, review, and analysis process is used, involving program staff and team leaders. Each review stage examines and analyzes the reported results for quality and validity of data and methodology. The Department will continue to assess the quality of the data and develop plans for improvement, if needed.				

Objective 8.3 of 5: Promote the availability and use of educational technology as part of a challenging and enriching curriculum in every school.

Indicator 8.3.1	of 3: Classroom us	e: Students will in	creasingly use	educational	technology for learning in core acade	mic subjects.
	Targets	and Performance D	ata		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of s	tudents that ever us	se a computer to sol	ve math problem	s	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: National Assessment of Educational Progress
Year	Actual Pe	erformance	Performano	e Targets	Progress: No NCES update yet.	Assessment of Educational Frogress
	Age 13	Age 17	Age 13	Age 17		Frequency: Other.
1996	74	70			Explanation: Computer use is fairly ubiquitous in writing. As computers	Validated By: NCES.
1999	71	66	75	75	become more available and knowledge about how to integrate	Limitations: No NCES update yet available.
					computer use into instruction	Questions yielding this data do not fully
Percentage of s	tudents using comp	uters in writing			increases, computer use in	capture the extent to which computers are
Year	Actual Pe	erformance	Performano	e Targets	mathematics also likely will increase	regularly used in classrooms to support instruction. For mathematics, NAEP asks
	Eighth Grade	Eleventh Grade	Eighth Grade	Eleventh Grade		students if they have ever used a computer to solve math problems. (For changes in the
1996	91	96				mathematics measure between 1996 and 1999, NCES indicates a certainty level of less
1998			98	98		than 95 percent that the difference is significant). For writing, NAEP asks students if they use a computer to write stories or papers.

Indicator 8.3.2 of 3: Progress on State Goals—Technology Literacy Challenge Fund: An increasing percentage of states will report progress on state goals related to integrating online and other technology resources into the curriculum.

	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of s	tates		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Performance Report. Final year for		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: FY 2001 target exceeded.	TLCF Performance Report.		
	% of States	% of States	Explanation: States report progress on state			
1996	91		goals related to the national goals in annual	Validated By: No Formal		
1998	98		performance reports. Most states (46 of 50) have goals that relate to national ET goal that	Verification.		
1999	63	50	concerns integrating ET resources into the	Limitations: States report on their own goals and information cannot be added across states. There are		
2000	49	55	curriculum. States that have met earlier goals have adopted new ones.			
2001	68	60		currently no plans to establish		
2002 65				common measures, although the consolidated application includes		
				performance indicators.		

Indicator 8.3.3 of 3: Classroom impact: The percentage of TICG projects that demonstrate positive impacts on curriculum and student achievement will increase.

		. ,			
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage of pro	ojects in 3rd, 4th, or 5th year		Status: Unable to judge	Source: ED Evaluation	
Percentage of pro Year 2000 2001 2002	Actual Performance % of projects 44 84	Performance Targets % of projects 25 50 50	Status: Unable to judge Progress: FY 2001 target exceeded. Explanation: Evaluation reports from projects provide necessary data to respond to this indicator. For the purposes of this assessment, positive impacts on student achievement may include improved attendance and discipline, acquisition of technology and telecommunications skills, problem-solving skills, performance or portfolio assessments, state assessment tools, or standardized tests.	Evaluation: Education Reform. Section: Technology Connections for School Improvement Planners' Handbook and Teacher's Guide. Additional Source Information: Technology Connections for School Improvement Planners Handbook and Teachers Guide Frequency: Annually. Data Available: January Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: Data are supplied by grantees A 2-tier data collection, review, and analysis process is used, involving program staff and team leaders. Each review stage examines	
				team leaders. Each review stage examin and analyzes the reported results for qua and validity of data and methodology. Th Department will continue to assess the quality of the data and develop plans for improvement, if needed.	

Objective 8.4 of 5: Help improve students' information technology literacy skills in all states.

Indicator 8.4.1 of 2: Standards for students in educational technology: The number of states that have standards for student proficiency in the use of technology will increase.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of states			Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: Although the target was not met,	Education Week
	# of States	# of States	there is positive movement toward the target.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
1998	38		Explanation: As States increasingly devote	Validated By: No Formal
1999		42	resources to educational technology, they also increasingly focus on measuring the impact of	Verification.
2000	35	45	educational technology. Setting standards is a	Limitations: Education Week
2001	35	46	precursor to that measurement of student proficiency.	provides no detail on the rigor or comprehensiveness of standards.
2002	37	46		Data are based on State Report.

Indicator 8.4.2 of 2: Student proficiency in technology: In states that assess student proficiency in technology, the percentage of students that are proficient will increase.

Targets and Performance Data

- No Targets And Performance Data
Progress: No data were collected for this indicator; therefore, we cannot measure progress.

Objective 8.5 of 5: Through the creation or expansion of Community Technology Centers in disadvantaged areas, improve access to computers, the internet, and educational technology.

Indicator 8.5.1 of 1: Customer reports on value of access: There is an increase in the number of sites where economically disadvantaged individuals can secure access to education technology and the Internet through the establishment and expansion of community technology centers.

	Targets and Performance I	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of new o	or expanded Community Technology (Center Sites	Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: 337 new or expanded Community	Survey responses from grantees.
1999	40		Technology Center Sites have been	Frequency: Annually.
2000	93		established as of FY 2002. The program awarded its first grants in 1999. For 1999-	Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: January 2004
2001	148		2001, performance focused substantially on measures of "access." For FY 2002, the	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2002	56		definition of access was expanded. The	Data supplied by grantees.
			number published previously was incorrect. Explanation: The mission of the Community Technology Centers Program is to establish or expand community centers that increase access to computers, the Internet, and educational technology for residents of economically distressed communities.	Questionable information resulted in telephone follow-up by CTC Team staff. Data supplied by grantees through surveys will be verified through close examination of Annual Performance Reports. Improvements: More extensive follow-up communication with grantees will be done to increase response rate to 80-90%.

Title I Grants for Schools--ESEA - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.010 - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Goal 8: At-risk students improve their achievement to meet challenging standards.

Objective 8.1 of 2: Performance of the lowest-achieving students and students in high-poverty public schools will increase substantially in reading and mathematics

Indicator 8.1.1 of 3: Student performance on national assessments: Performance of the lowest-achieving public school students and students in high-poverty public schools will increase substantially on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) in reading and mathematics.

Targets and Performance Data						Assessment of Progress Sources and	Sources and Data Quality	
Reading scale scores on the Main NAEP for public school students at the bottom 25th percentile						Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) Reading,	
Year	Acti	ual Perform	ance	Perfo	mance T	argets	Progress: Positive movement toward target. Data for FY 2002 are not available until Spring	Mathematics.
	4th grade	8th grade	12th grade	4th grade	8th grade	12th grade	2003. Progress in meeting 2002 targets cannot be measured until those data are available from NCES.	Frequency: Biennially. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
1992	192	235	268					Data Available: April 2003
1994	187	234	263				Explanation: Data are based on the Trend NAEP, which is currently collected every 4	Validated By: NCES.
1998	192	239	266				years. Over an 8 year period, trends in NAEP	Limitations: NAEP assessments
2000	193			202	249	276	scores appear flat in reading but show gains in mathematics in 4th and 8th grades. In reading,	are not aligned with state content and performance standards. Caut
2001				27	249	276	scores for 4th-graders were the same in 1998	is suggested in interpreting 12th
Anthomotion of		46 - 14 - in 11/	VED for mublic		-1444	Waa battana	as in 1992, while 8th-graders show a gain of 4 points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2	Title I serves a small number of h
5th percentile			•				points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2 points for that same period. In mathematics, scores rose at two grade levels tested (4th and	
		the Main NA ual Perform 8th grade	ance		dents at t rmance T 8th grade		points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2 points for that same period. In mathematics,	Title I serves a small number of hi
5th percentile	Acti	ual Perform	ance	Perfor	mance T	argets 12th	points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2 points for that same period. In mathematics, scores rose at two grade levels tested (4th and	Title I serves a small number of hi
5th percentile Year	Actu	ual Perform 8th grade	ance 12th grade	Perfor	mance T	argets 12th	points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2 points for that same period. In mathematics, scores rose at two grade levels tested (4th and	Title I serves a small number of hi
5th percentile Year 1992	Actu 4th grade	ual Perform 8th grade 242	ance 12th grade 274	Perfor	mance T	argets 12th	points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2 points for that same period. In mathematics, scores rose at two grade levels tested (4th and	grade achievement data because Title I serves a small number of hig school students.
5th percentile Year 1992 1996	4th grade 197 201	8th grade 242 247	274 281	Performal 4th grade	rmance T 8th grade	argets 12th grade	points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2 points for that same period. In mathematics, scores rose at two grade levels tested (4th and	Title I serves a small number of high
5th percentile Year 1992 1996	4th grade 197 201	8th grade 242 247	274 281	Performal 4th grade	rmance T 8th grade	argets 12th grade	points and 12th-graders show a decline of 2 points for that same period. In mathematics, scores rose at two grade levels tested (4th and	Title I serves a small number of hi

Reading scale scores on the Trend NAEP for public school students in the highestpoverty schools (75-100% poverty)

Year	Actu	al Performa	Perfo	rmance T	argets	
	9-year olds	13-year olds	17-year olds	9-year olds	13-year olds	17-year olds
1992	180	223				
1994	184	229	256			
1996	188	233	262			
1999	186	234	266	191	239	271
2000				191	239	271

NAEP mathematics scale scores on the Trend NAEP for public school students in the highest-poverty schools (75-100% poverty)

Year	Actu	Perfo	rmance T	argets		
	9-year-olds	13-year- olds	17-year- olds	9-year- olds	13-year- olds	17-year- olds
1992	208	248				
1994	215	256	290			
1996	217	252	284			
1999	212	254	283			
2000				217	259	288

Indicator 8.1.2 of 3: Meeting or exceeding state performance standards: Among states with 2 years of assessment data and aligned content and performance standards, an increasing number will report an increase in the percentage of students in schools with at least 50 percent poverty who meet proficient and advanced performance levels in reading and math on their state assessment systems.

auvanceu penic	Jillialice levi	or in reading a	iliu iliatii t	Jii tiieii sta	ile asses	Silielit Sy	stems.	
	Т	argets and Perf	ormance D	ata			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of state years of data dis				to content s	tandards	and two	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Data to measure	Additional Source Information: Consolidated State Performance Report which includes the Title I State Performance Reports
Year	Ac	tual Performan	ce	Perfor	mance 1	Targets	progress on this indicator are not	includes the Title I State Ferformance Reports
1997		10					available until Spring 2003.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
1998		11					Explanation: There were a limited	Data Available: April 2003
1999		5			15		number of states with two years of	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
2000					20		data disaggregated by poverty that also had aligned content standards	Verified by ED attestation process and Standards for Evaluating Program
2001					24		in the 1998-99 school year and two years of comparable data. Seven	Performance Data.
2002					26		states were available for review. Five of the seven states showed progress	Limitations: There is substantial variation across states in their definitions of proficient
Number of state at least 50% po							in both reading and mathematics. Five states showed progress in reading, and seven states showed	student performance as well as alignment of content and performance standards. All states have submitted evidence and have been
Year	Ac	tual Performan	се	Perfor	mance T	Targets	progress in mathematics. The states not showing progress in reading had	reviewed. Many states are transitioning from NRTs to assessments aligned to standards.
	Reading	Mathematics	Both	Reading I	Mathema	tics Both	minimal declines.	Many states therefore, will not have two years
1997	7	7	7					of data. Also, many states do not disaggregate by poverty, so would not have two years of
1998	10	10	10					data.
1999	2	4	2	13	13	13		
2000				18	18	18		
2001	5	7	5	20	20	20		
2002				24	24	24		
r -								I .

Indicator 8.1.3 of 3: Improving schools: An increasing percentage of Title I schools will report that they have met or exceeded state or district standards for progress.

	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of T	ïtle I schools		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: The Consolidated State
Year	Year Actual Performance Performance Targets		Progress: Data for this indicator are not	Performance Report which includes
	Percentage of Title I schools	Percentage of Title I schools	available until Spring 2003; therefore, we are unable to measure progress for FY 2002.	the annual Title I State Performance
1998	57		unable to measure progress for FY 2002.	Reports.
1999	80	75	Explanation: The Title I State Performance Report for 1999-2000 indicates that 19% of all	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2001 - 2002
2000	81	85	schools are designated as Title I Schools in	Data Available: April 2003
2001	Ì	90	Improvement. The converse of this fact indicates that 81% are not in school	Validated By: No Formal Verification.
			improvement.	Limitations: There is substantial variation across states in their definitions of adequate yearly progress and proficient student performance.

Objective 8.2 of 2: States and districts will implement standards-based accountability systems and provide effective support for school improvement efforts.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 3: Establishing annual progress measures: All states will adopt or develop measures of adequate yearly progress linked to state performance standards.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of States				Additional Source Information: Title I
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: The only data available	performance reports that respond to the requirements of the Consolidated State
	Number of States	Number of States	is for states applying for Ed-Flex authority. Currently 10 states have	Application for No Child Left Behind. Reports on adequate yearly progress
2000		40	received approval (as of 10/02). All	measures (due Jan. 2003) are reviewed by
2001	9	50	states are required to establish Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP)	Department staff.
			consistent with No Child Left Behind by	Frequency: Other.
			January 2003 which is a pre-requisite of Ed-Flex.	Data Available: January 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Verification of data will be done through an on-site peer review process which will be completed by April 30, 2003.

Indicator 8.2.2 of 3: Aligned assessments: All states will have final assessment systems or negotiated agreements that will enable them to meet the criteria in the Title I law—including alignment, inclusion of limited English proficient and special education students, disaggregated reporting, and technical quality—for two or more core subjects.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of States Year 2000 2001 2002	with final assessment systems or not Actual Performance Number of States 34 46 50		Status: Unable to judge Explanation: As of January 2003, the Department had reviewed assessment systems for all states, approved 21 states, systems, and negotiated timeline waivers for 26 additional states. The 5 remaining states have entered a compliance agreement.	Additional Source Information: Records of the Student Achievement and School Accountability Programs Standards Team in the Title I program office. Frequency: Other. Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED. Limitations: No known limitations. By design and by the legislation, Title I peer review records are the authoritative data source for this

Indicator 8.2.3 of 3: Schools identified for improvement: An increasing percentage of schools identified for improvement will make sufficient progress to move out of school improvement status.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Status: Unable to judge Progress: Progress on this indicator cannot be judged	Additional Source Information: Longitudinal Survey of Schools
2000	44		because the Longitudinal Survey of Schools ended its collection of data on this indicator with the 2000-2001	Frequency: Other.
2001	47		school year. Future data for this indicator will be obtained through the Consolidated State Performance Report. The baseline for the indicator will be established after 2 years of data from the new data source. The first year for reporting on these new data will be Spring of 2003. Explanation: Because the existing state Performance Report was based on the requirements of the Improving America's Schools Act, the Department did not require states to submit data on schools identified for improvement for 2001-02; therefore, no data are available for this year. The Performance Report will be revised to reflect the requirements of the No Child Left Behind Act.	Data Available: January Validated By: No Formal Verification. Limitations: State assessments and accountability systems are currently in transition, and state policies for identifying schools vary widely across states. Department performance reporting requirements are also in transition because of new requirements in No Child Left Behind.

Training Program - 2002

CFDA Number: 84.129 - Rehabilitation Long-Term Training

Goal 8: To provide the public vocational rehabilitation (VR) sector with well-trained staff and to maintain and upgrade the skills of current staff.

Objective 8.1 of 2: To provide graduates who work within the vocational rehabilitation(VR) system to help individuals with disabilities achieve their goals.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Numbers trained: The number of students supported by RSA scholarships and the number of RSA scholars graduating will remain stable per

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
cholars supported			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: We are using a new web-based	Annual grantee reporting from Baseline data collected for
1997	1,600		reporting system which is being refined. 2001 data (which covers academic year 9/2001 to 8/2002) is due in 2003. Clean up and analysis of the data is expected to take two to three additional months. Actual 2001 data will be reported by April 30, 2003. FY 2000 data were based on actual numbers using the new electronic reporting system. Previous numbers	academic year 2001.
1998	1,550			Frequency: Annually.
1999	1,665	1,473		Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: April 2004
2000	2,390	2,000		Validated By: No Formal
2001		2,000		Verification. Data supplied by grantees. No
2002		2,000	were based on estimates made from a small number of prospects.	formal verification procedure applied.
cholars supporte	ed per \$1 million			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		
1997	101			
1998	96			
1999	94	93		
2000	172	170	7	
2001		170		
		170	=	

Scholars graduating				
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		
1997	800			
1998	817			
1999	832	729		
2000	764	688		
2001		700		
2002		700		

Scholars graduating per \$1 million

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1997	50	
1998	50.50	
1999	47	47
2000	54.90	46
2001		44
2002		44

Investment (in thousands)

in the carrier (in the cae and c)					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets			
1997	15,835				
1998	16,181				
1999	16,933	14,585			
2000	13,874	13,771			
2001	14,143	13,500			
2002	13,657	13,500			

Indicator 8.1.2 of 2: Percentage working: The percentage of graduates fulfilling their payback requirements through acceptable employment will increase annually.

Targets and Performance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Percentage		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information:	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: 2001 data (which covers 9/01 to 8/02) are reported by grantees by January 2003, and will be available in April of 2003	Annual grantee reporting form.
2000	72	70		Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002
2001		71		Data Available: April 2004
2002		72		Validated By: No Formal Verification.
				Data supplied by grantees.
				Limitations: We are using a new reporting system, which is being refined. See comments under indicator 1.1

Objective 8.2 of 2: Maintain and upgrade the knowledge and skills of personnel currently employed in the public VR system.

Indicator 8.2.1 of 1: Qualified personnel: The percent of currently employed VR state agency counselors who meet their State's Comprehensive System of Personnel Development (CSPD) standard will increase annually.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year 2000 2001 2002	Actual Performance 69	Performance Targets 70 75	Assessment of Progress Status: Unable to judge Progress: FY 2000 Performance figure is based on self report survey conducted by Council of State Administration of vocational rehabilitation. Explanation: RSA did not collect this information for 2001 as it must be collect through special surveys. 2002 data will be available, via special study, in May of 2003.	Additional Source Information: Annual Evaluation. Ongoing collection could be through the In-Service Training program's annual performance report. Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: May 2003 Validated By: No Formal Verification. Data would be supplied through external RSA contractor. No formal verification procedure applied. Data for 2002 will be available late spring of 2003. Limitations: Numerous external factors may pose limits to current collection and ongoing collection. Future data source, In-Service Program's annual
				2002 will be available late spring of 2003. Limitations: Numerous external facto may pose limits to current collection al ongoing collection. Future data source

TRIO Programs - 2002

CFDA Numbers: 84.042 - TRIO_Student Support Services

84.044 - TRIO_Talent Search 84.047 - TRIO_Upward Bound

84.066 - TRIO_Educational Opportunity Centers

84.217 - TRIO_McNair Post-Baccalaureate Achievement

84.344 - TRIO_Dissemination Partnership Grants

Goal 8: Provide increased educational opportunities for low-income, first-generation students

Objective 8.1 of 1: Increase participation and completion rates of low-income, first-generation individuals in the academic pipeline

Targets and Performance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Jpward Bound (UB): Length of time Upward Bound students participate in the project during high school, and college enrollment rates of UB participants		Status: Unable to judge Progress: Some changes to the performance	Additional Source Information: Upward Bound (UB), Student Support Service (SSS), and McNa			
Year	Actual Per	formance	Performan	ce Targets	indicators are planned for the 2004 report.	Performance Reports (McNair).
	Project Persistence (months)	College Enrollment (percent)	Project Persistence (months)	College Enrollment (percent)	College going rates for UB participants will be available in late 2004. SSS performance report data show a 67% college persistence rate in both 1999 and 2000. Thus, the performance	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: October 2003
1996	19				targets for these years have been met. It is	Validated By: No Formal
1999		66			expected that these rates will continue for 2001	Verification.
2001			20	66	and 2002. No data are yet available on the 6- year college completion rates of SSS	The data are self-reported.
2002			20	66	participants. McNair performance data for 1999-2000 show that an estimated 25 to 41%	Limitations: The national evaluations have provided baseling
					of McNair participants enrolled in a graduate program within one year after receiving an undergraduate degree. The data also show that 75% of McNair participants reported as graduate students in 1998-1999 were still enrolled in graduate school in 1999-2000; another 16% had graduated from the graduate school. Thus the McNair performance targets for 2000 have been met. It is expected that these rates will continue for 2001-2002. Explanation: Data from the national evaluations of the Upward Bound and Student Support Services programs provide the baseline data for these programs. The 1998-99	data for the UB and SSS program and also provide data on appropriate comparison groups. However, these evaluations cannobe used to measure program improvements on an annual basis. Therefore, the Department has developed new performance reporto collect the needed information. The 1999-2000 data collected from the SSS and McNair reports have been analyzed to determine that the college persistence and graduate school enrollment and persistence targets were met. Actual

Student Support Services (SSS): Percentage of students persisting at same postsecondary school for second year and postsecondary degree attainment rate at same institution within 6 years of starting postsecondary education.

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
	College Persistence	College Persistence
1994	67	
1999	67	67
2000	67	67
2001		67
2002		67

College completion (percentage)

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	
2001		29	
2002		29	

McNair: Percentage of McNair participants who enroll in graduate school within a year of completing the bachelor's degree, and percentage persisting toward or completing graduate degree.

Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets
1999	35	
2000	35	35
2001		35
2002		35

Graduate school persistence (in percentage)

- constant content personner (in personnego)					
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets			
1999	48				
2000	75	48			
2002		48			

annual performance reports provide the baseline data for the McNair program. The Student Support Services (SSS) McNair, and Upward Bound performance reports are and will be used to determine if the performance targets are met. The college completion performance target of 29% includes only SSS students who remain at the same school through graduation. The SSS performance report submitted annually only requires projects to report on the academic progress of SSS participants that remain at the grantee institution.

performance data for fiscal years 2001 and 2002 are not yet available. Grantees report on fiscal year 2001 activities/performance in November/December 2002. Performance report data for fiscal year 2002 will be collected November/December 2003.

Office for Civil Rights - 2002

Goal 8: To ensure equal access to education and promote educational excellence throughout the nation through the vigorous enforcement of civil rights.

Objective 8.1 of 3: To eliminate discriminatory educational practices within schools.

Indicator 8.1.1 of 2: Increased compliance: The number of recipients of Federal funds (e.g., school districts, postsecondary institutions, and state educational agencies (SEAs), that change policies, procedures, or practices to comply with Federal civil rights laws will increase.

Targets and Performance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Number of recipients			Additional Source Information: OCR Case Information System	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: There were no targets set by OCR for FY 2002. Explanation: As of March 31, 2002, 476 recipients changed policies, procedures, or practices to comply with federal civil rights	,
1998	1,378			Validated By: On-Site Monitoring
1999	1,563	1,378		By ED.
2000	2,035	1,563		Limitations: OCR eliminated this
2001	1,224	2,035	laws. These recipients consist of approximately 403 school districts, 2 state education agencies (with 3,443 school districts) and 71 postsecondary institutions.	performance indicator in the third quarter of FY 2002 because of ongoing concerns about the agency's ability to fully verify the underlying data. On July 1, 2002, OCR began collecting data on two new performance indicators that more accurately reflect OCR's extensive work with recipients, parents and parent groups.

Indicator 8.1.2 of	ndicator 8.1.2 of 2: Number of students affected: The estimated number of students positively affected by OCR's work will increase.					
Targets and Performance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality			
Number of students affected: The estimated number of students positively affected by OCR's work will increase.			Additional Source Information: OCR Case Information System			
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: There were no targets set by OCR for FY 2002.			
1998	5,900,000		Evalenation: As of Morsh 21, 2002, 1 FOR 77E	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring		
1999	6,571,725	5,900,000	Explanation: As of March 31, 2002, 1,596,775 students were positively affected by OCR's work. This indicator expands on the results of indicator 1.1. It demonstrates the number of students positively affected by improved	By ED.		
2000	7,695,025	6,571,725		Limitations: OCR eliminated this performance indicator in the third		
2001	4,520,724	7,695,025		quarter of FY 2002 because of		
2001 4,520,724 7,695,025		access to equal educational opportunity when recipients change policies, practices, and procedures to eliminate or prevent civil rights problems.	ongoing concerns about the agency's ability to fully verify the underlying data. On July 1, 2002, OCR began collecting data on two new performance indicators that more accurately reflect OCR's extensive work with recipients, parents and parent groups.			

Objective 8.2 of 3: To teach parents and students how to resolve problems of securing equal access to high-quality education.

Indicator 8.2.1 of	1: Successful partnerships: The	number of partnerships with p	parents that lead to civil rights co	mpliance will increase.
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Number of partner	rships		1	Additional Source Information: Manual
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: There were no	Collection
1999	18		targets set by OCR for 2002.	Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.
2000	38	18	Explanation: A parental	
2001	21	38	partnership is established when OCR, as a result of a case resolution or other activity, facilitates a collaboration between parents and schools to achieve ongoing civil rights compliance without OCR's continued involvement. As of March 31, 2002, OCR facilitated three (3) partnerships with parents.	Limitations: OCR eliminated this performance indicator in the third quarter of FY 2002. On July 1, 2002, OCR began collecting data on two new performance indicators that more accurately reflect OCR's extensive work with recipients, parents and parent groups. Improvements: Data on the two new performance indicators were collected manually for the last quarter of FY 2002 and will continue to be collected manually in FY 2003. Once the Case Management System is fully implemented (4th quarter FY 2003), the data will be available electronically.

Objective 8.3 of 3: To obtain results by the efficient management of civil rights compliance activities.

Indicator 8.3.1 of 1: Resolution of complaints: Eighty percent of the complaints are resolved within 180 days of receipt.						
	Targets and Performance D	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Percentage of co	omplaints resolved within 180 days		Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information:		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	II I	Office of Civil Rights Case Information System		
1997	80		OCR's success in prompt complaint resolution	Francisco Americally		
1998	81		resolving each case on its own merit in an appropriate and timely way. Informed by experience in case resolution and given adequate funding, OCR determined that approximately 80 percent of its cases could be	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 Data Available: November 2002 Validated By: On-Site Monitoring By ED.		
1999	80	80				
2000	78	80				
2001	84	80		Improvements: These data are		
2002	89	80	OCR's cases are so large in scope and complexity that the time needed to resolve	currently available in OCR's electronic Case Information System.		
			these cases exceeds 180 days.	The same data will continue to be available electronically when OCR implements the Case Management System (CMS). The CMS will increase the validity of the data by linking them to specific case files.		

Office of the Inspector General (OIG) - 2002

Goal 8: FY 2002 OIG Performance Report

Objective 8.1 of 2: To Improve the Department's Programs and Operations.

	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
% of first year Work Plan assignments initiated coinciding with the Performance Report			Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: OIG Time and Travel Reporting
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: This is a new measure. While the target was substantially met, we will assess	System
	%	%	over time the appropriate target level.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2003
2002	62	65	II I	Data Available: November 2003 Information is validated internally.
Indicator 8.1.2 of	5: Percentage of OIG Work Plan	Goal 1 assignments that yield	significant recommendations.	
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
% of first year Work Plan assignments initiated coinciding with the Performance Report producing significant recommendations.		Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: OIG Audit and Analysis and	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Significant monetary recommendation is defined as recovering	Inspection Reports
	%	%	monetary amounts of questioned,	Frequency: Other. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2002	76	75	more. It also includes the associated	Data Available: November 2003
			monetary amounts of questioned, unsupported, or other dollars of \$300,000 or more. It also includes the associated Frequer Collecti	Validation done internally.
			condition that results in the monetary finding or better use of funds of \$500,000 or more. Significant nonmonetary recommendation is a recommendation to establish/implement procedures or control techniques to (1) improve the effective or efficient delivery of program services; (2) safeguard assets or prevent fraud, waste, or abuse; or (3) improve the integrity, accuracy, and completeness of management data involving a program, or a significant component of any program, funded at \$500,000 or more annually.	Limitations: The measure include only recommendations from audit and inspection reports. Significant recommendations from other OIG services, such as quick response projects and advice and technical assistance are not included in this measure.

frame. Accepted recommendations can be from OIG work in the current or a			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
			Status: Target exceeded Progress:	Additional Source Information: OIG audit and inspection reports.
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
	%	%	269 recommendations	Data Available: November 2003
2002	99	80		Internal OIG validation
				Limitations: Based on self-reported data generated by ED staff.
Indicator 8.1.4 of	5: The number and percentage of	significant recommendations	implemented within one year of acceptance b	y the Department.
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
.The significant re	commendations implemented during	the FY.	Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: OIG audit and inspection records
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress:	
	%	%		Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2002	82	70	220 implemented	Data Available: November 2003 Validated by OIOG personnel
Indicator 8.1.5 of	5: Percentage of respondents inc	icating that OIG Goal 1 activity	y had a favorable impact in improving Departn	nental programs and operations.
	Targets and Performance	Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Response from surveyed program officials, senior managers, and selected members of Congress.			Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: Annual survey
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: New survey under development	
ĺ	%	%	Explanation: The OIG is developing a more	
2002		75	comprehensive survey, which is designed to provide information about OIG performance in	
		1	a number of areas instead of the one overall impact measure.	

Objective 8.2 of 2: To Protect the Integrity of the Department's Programs and Operations.

ndicator 8.2.1 c	of 9: Percentage of OIG Work Plan Go	pal 2 assignments initiated.		
Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Percentage of fir	Percentage of first year Work Plan assignments initiated.		Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information: OIG Time and Travel Reporting
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress:	System
2002	67	65		Frequency: Annually.
			287 cases	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: November 2003 Data is validated internally
ndicator 8.2.2 c	of 9: Percentage of OIG Work Plan Go	oal 2 assignments that yield	significant recommendations.	
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
The percentage of first year Work Plan assignments completed for the FY that produced significant recommendations			Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information: OIG audits and inspections
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Number of goal 2 recommendations insufficient (1 of 2)for statistical significance Frequency: And Collection Perio Data Available:	Frequency: Annually.
	%	%		Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: November 2003
2002	50	75		Data validated internally.
				Limitations: The measure includes only recommendations from audit and inspection reports. Significant recommendations from other OIG services, such as quick response projects and advice and technical assistance are not included in this measure.
ndicator 8.2.3 c	of 9: The number and percentage of i	nvestigations that are referr	ed for criminal, civil, or administrative action	ons.
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Referrals during	the FY		Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress:	OIG Investigative Case Tracking System
	%	%		Frequency: Annually.
2002	83	75	287 cases	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: November 2003 Information is validated internally

	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Measures, as based on close case universe			Status: Target not met	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		OIOG Investigative Case Tracking System
	%	%	in how the statistic was derived. It is now	
2002	68	85	based on the closed case universe that coincides with the Performance Report	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
			timelines. This is our baseline data and we will determine over time the appropriate annual target.	Data Available: November 2003 Data is validated internally
	of 9: The number and percentage of a spensions and debarments).	ccepted cases that result in	judicial actions (e.g. indictments, civil filings,	convictions, adverse personnel
	Targets and Performance Da	nta	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Measure, as bas	sed on close case universe		Status: Target exceeded Additional Source I	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		OIG Investigative Case Tracking System Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
	%	%		
2002	83	80		
				Data Available: November 2003 Data is validated internally
ndicator 8.2.6 o	of 9: Amount of monetary penalties, s	ettlements, and recoveries.	-	
	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Amount of court recoveries from	ordered or administrative penalties/sett- investigations.	lements and actual monetary		Additional Source Information: Semi-annual Report to Congress (Audit Tracking System, Investigative Case Tracking Syster
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Explanation: Given the nature of our investigative work, this indicator must be used	
	Millions	No Target	judiciously and in conjunction with other indicators. Criminal prosecution is not	Common Audit Resolution System and Department of Justice).
2002	34.38		undertaken primarily to recover money. We	, ,
			have deleted performance targets for monetary recoveries to avoid the appearance of a lack of objectivity.	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: November 2003 Validated By: Federal Statistical
				Agencies. Numbers are validated internally and by the department of Justice.

Indicator 8.2.7 of 9: The number and percentage of significant compliance recommendations from OIG products that are accepted by the Department during the
current fiscal year.

Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
significant recommendations accepted during FY 2002. Accepted recommendations can be from OIG work in the current or a previous fiscal year			OIG audits and inspect	Additional Source Information: OIG audits and inspections
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: 68 recommendations	Frequency: Annually. Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: November 2003 Data is validated internally
	%	%		
2002	68	80	86 recommendations	

Indicator 8.2.8 of 9: The number and percentage of significant monetary recommendations Implemented.

Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
onetary compliance recommendations implemented			Status: Target exceeded	Additional Source Information:
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	II I	OIG audit and inspection reports
	%	%		Frequency: Annually.
2002	100	80	Status: Target exceeded Progress: 3 recommendations	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003 Data Available: November 2003
				Information is validated internally
				Limitations: Not a statistically
				significant number of recommendations.

Indicator 8.2.9 of 9: Percentage of respondents indicating that OIG Goal 2 activity had a favorable impact in protecting the integrity of the Department's programs and operations.

	Targets and Performance Da	ata	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
% of surveyed program officials, senior managers, selected members of Congress and their staffs.		Status: Unable to judge	Additional Source Information: survey results	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Progress: New survey is being developed.	Frequency: Annually.
	%	%	Explanation: The OIG is developing a more	Collection Period: 2002 - 2003
2002		75	comprehensive survey, which is designed to provide information about OIG performance in	Data Available: November 2003
			a number of areas instead of the one overall impact measure.	