Archived Information

ADULT EDUCATION: STATE GRANTS AND KNOWLEDGE DEVELOPMENT

Goal: To support adult education systems that result in increased adult learner achievement in order to prepare adults for family, work, citizenship, and future learning.

Relationship of Program to Volume 1, Department-wide Objectives: The primary link is with Goal 3 of the Department's Strategic Plan (ensure access to postsecondary education and lifelong learning). The adult education objectives are focused on increasing access to and improving the overall quality of adult education and literacy services nationwide. In addition, strategies related to family literacy – such as the development of a family literacy distance learning project – are being implemented in support of Goal 2 (build a solid foundation for learning for all children).

FY 2000—\$464,000,000

FY 2001—\$549,000,000 (Requested budget)

OBJECTIVE 1: IMPROVE LITERACY IN THE UNITED STATES.

OBJECTIVE I. INITROVE EITERACT IN THE CHILED STATES.					
Indicator 1.1 Improve literacy: By 2002, the percentage of adults performing in the lowest proficiency level in the National Adult Literacy Survey will decrease.					
Targets and Performance Data			Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Number of adults estimated to be in the lowest of five proficiency levels in the 1992			Status: No 1999 data are available, but progress	Source: National Adult Literacy Survey I,	
National Adul	lt Literacy Survey:		toward target is likely.	1992; National Assessment of Adult Literacy	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets		Skills, 2002.	
1992:	21% – 23%		Explanation: This indicator is built around a	Frequency: Every 10 years.	
1999:	No data available	No target set	national household adult literacy survey	Next Update: 2002.	
2000:		Continuing decrease	conducted every 10 years. The initial survey		
2001:		Continuing decrease	benchmarking adult literacy proficiency in the	Validation Procedure: Data validated by	
2002:		Continuing decrease	United States was conducted in 1992. The	National Center for Educational Statistics	
			second national survey, which will provide	review procedures and National Center for	
			comparative data on the literacy proficiencies of	Educational Statistics Statistical Standards.	
			adults, is scheduled for 2002. No interim data		
			are available.	Limitations of Data and Planned	
				Improvements: Limited background	
				information collected on adults in the sample	
				limited the scope of analyses. National	
				Assessment of Adult Literacy Skills-2002 will	
				expand the background questionnaires to	
				provide additional descriptive information and	
				contextual information to enhance the overall	
				analyses of the data.	
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OBJECTIVE 2: PROVIDE ADULT LEARNERS WITH OPPORTUNITIES TO ACQUIRE BASIC FOUNDATION SKILLS (INCLUDING ENGLISH LANGUAGE ACQUISITION), COMPLETE SECONDARY EDUCATION, AND TRANSITION TO FURTHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING AND TO WORK.

Indicator 2.1 Basic skill acquisition: By 2000, 40 percent of adults in beginning-level Adult Basic Education programs will complete that level and achieve basic
skill proficiency.

	Targets and Perform	mance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Status: No 1999 data are available, but progress	Source: Adult Education Management
1996:	27%		toward target is likely.	Information System.
1997:	40%			Frequency: Annual Report.
1998:	31%		Explanation: The performance data reflect the	Next Update: 2000.
1999:	No data available	Increase	percentage of low literate adults (enrolled in	
2000:		40%	beginning level basic education) who	Validation Procedure: Department of
2001:		40%	demonstrated a level of educational progress	Education attestation process and the
			needed to advance to the next educational	Department's <u>Standards for Evaluating</u>
			functioning level. Educational functioning levels	Program Performance Data verified the 1998
			are arranged in a hierarchy from beginning	data.
			literacy through high school completion. The	
			variance in completion rates is based, in part, on	Limitations of Data and Planned
			changes in assessment procedures at the local	Improvements: As a third tier recipient of this
			program and classroom level.	data, the Office of Vocational and Adult
				Education must rely on states and local
				programs to collect and report data within
				published guidelines. Starting with the July 1,
				2000, reporting period, the Office of
				Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will
				implement new data collection and reporting
				protocols, including standardized data
				collection methodologies and standards for
				automated data reporting. Also the Office of
				Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will
				create a data quality review process for states based on the Department's <u>Standards for</u>
				Evaluating Program Performance Data.

Indicator 2.2 Basic English language acquisition: By 2002, 40 percent of adults in beginning English for Speakers of Other Languages programs will complete that level.

Targets and Performance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality	
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Status: No 1999 data are available, but progress	Source: Adult Education Management
1996:	30%		toward target is likely.	Information System.
1997:	28%			Frequency: Annual Report.
1998:	28%		Explanation: The performance data reflect the	Next Update: 2000.
1999:	No data available	Increase	percentage of beginning level English Literacy	
2000:		40%	learners (adults with minimal or no English	Validation Procedure: The 1998 data were
2001:		40%	language skills) who demonstrated a level of	verified by Department of Education attestation
			English language proficiency needed to advance	process and the Department's Standards for
			to the next educational functioning level.	Evaluating Program Performance Data.

	Targets and Perform	nance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
			Educational functioning levels are arranged in a hierarchy from beginning-level English Literacy through advanced-level English Literacy.	Limitations of Data and Planned Improvements: As a third tier recipient of this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs to collect and report data within published guidelines. Starting with the July 1, 2000, reporting period, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will implement new data collection protocols, including standardized data collection methodologies and standards for automated data reporting. Also, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will develop a data quality review process for states based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data.
Indicator 2			lled in secondary level programs will earn a dij	
	Targets and Perform	nance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Status: No 1999 data are available, but progress	Source: Adult Education Management
1996:	36%		toward target is likely.	Information System.
1997:	37%			Frequency: Annual Report.
1998:	33%		Explanation: The performance data reflect the	Next Update: 2000.
1999:	No data available	Increase	percentage of adult learners enrolled in	
2000:		40%	secondary level programs of instruction who	Validation Procedure: The 1998 data were
2001:		40%	earned their high school diploma or GED credential within the reporting period. Lack of sustained follow-up processes to collect these data has led to inconsistent reporting and underreporting for this indicator.	verified by Department of Education attestation process and the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data. Limitations of Data and Planned Improvements: As a third tier recipient of this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs to collect and report data within published guidelines. Starting with the July 1, 2000, reporting period, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will implement new data collection protocols, including standardized data collection methodologies and standards for automated data reporting. Also, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will develop a data quality review process for states based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data.

	Targets and Perform	nance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year 1996: 1997: 1998: 1999: 2000: 2001:	Targets and Perform Actual Performance 175,255 178,520 158,167 No data available	Increase 300,000 300,000	Assessment of Progress Status: No 1999 data are available, but progress toward target is likely. Explanation: The performance data reflect the total number of adult learners who, upon exit from adult education, enrolled in a postsecondary education or training program. Lack of sustained follow-up processes to collect these data has led to inconsistent reporting and underreporting for this indicator.	Sources and Data Quality Source: Adult Education Management Information System. Frequency: Annual Report. Next Update: 2000. Validation Procedure: Data collected before the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance Data were developed. Other sources and experience corroborate the findings. Limitations of Data and Planned Improvements: As a third tier recipient of th data, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs to collect and report data with published guidelines. Starting with the July 1 2000, reporting period, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will implement new data collection protocols, including standardized data collection methodologies and standards for automated data reporting. Also, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will develop a data quality review process for states based on
ndicator 2			in adult education will get a job or retain or ad	
T 7	Targets and Perform		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
Year 1996:	Actual Performance 306,982	Performance Targets	Status: No 1999 data are available, but progress toward target is likely.	Source: Adult Education Management Information System.
1990:	340,206	-	toward target is likely.	Frequency: Annual Report.
1997:	294,755	-	Explanation: The performance data reflect the	Next Update: 2000.
1999:	No data available	Increase	total number of adult learners who, upon exit	Next Optiale. 2000.
2000:	110 uata available	300,000	from adult education, obtained a job, retained	Validation Procedure: Data collected before
2000:		300,000	their current job, or were promoted on the job.	the Department's Standards for Evaluating
		,	Lack of sustained follow-up processes to collect these data has led to inconsistent and underreporting for this indicator.	Program Performance Data were developed. Other sources and experience corroborate the findings.

Targets and Performance Data	Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality
		Limitations of Data and Planned Improvements: As a third
		tier recipient of this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult
		Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs
		to collect and report data within published guidelines. Starting
		with the July 1, 2000, reporting period, the Office of
		Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will implement new
		data collection protocols, including standardized data
		collection methodologies and standards for automated data
		reporting. Also, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education
		(OVAE) will develop a data quality review process for states
		based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program
		Performance Data.

OBJECTIVE 3: PROVIDE ADULT LEARNERS AT THE LOWEST LEVELS OF LITERACY ACCESS TO EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPROVE THEIR BASIC FOUNDATION SKILLS.

OBJECTIVE 5. PROVIDE ADULT LEARNERS AT THE LOWEST LEVELS OF LITERACY ACCESS TO EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPROVE THEIR BASIC FOUNDATION SKILLS.					
Indicator 3.1 Educationally disadvantaged: By 2000, adults at the lowest levels of literacy (those in Beginning Adult Basic Education and Beginning English					
Literacy) will comprise 45-50 percent of the total national enrollment.					
Targets and Performance Data		Assessment of Progress	Sources and Data Quality		
Year	Actual Performance	Performance Targets	Status: No 1999 data are available, but	Source: Adult Education Management Information System,	
1996:	44%		progress toward target is likely.	1999.	
1997:	45%			Frequency: Annual Report.	
1998:	49%		Explanation: The most educationally	Next Update: 2000.	
1999:	No data available	Continuing increase	disadvantaged adults (those at the lowest levels		
2000:		50%	of literacy and English language skills) have	Validation Procedure: Data collected before the	
2001:		50%	traditionally been a target for services. These	Department's Standards for Evaluating Program Performance	
			performance data demonstrate that almost one-	<u>Data</u> were developed. Other sources and experience	
			half of all adults served in the program are	corroborate these findings.	
			those adults with the most demonstrated need	T'-'4-4'	
			of educational services.	Limitations of Data and Planned Improvements: As a third	
				tier recipient of this data, the Office of Vocational and Adult	
				Education (OVAE) must rely on the states and local programs to collect and report data within published guidelines.	
				Starting with the July 1, 2000, reporting period, the Office of	
				Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) will implement new	
				data collection protocols, including standardized data	
				collection methodologies and standards for automated data	
				reporting. Also, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education	
				(OVAE) will develop a data quality review process for states	
				based on the Department's Standards for Evaluating Program	
				Performance Data.	

KEY STRATEGIES

Strategies Continued from 1999

- To broaden access to high-quality adult programs, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education has implemented a long-term technology initiative to extend access to adult education and literacy services to adult learners within their homes, workplaces, and communities; make high-quality instruction available through a variety of modalities, including distance learning; and increase access to staff development through the expanded use of technology.
- To address the quality of instruction for low-level adult basic education and English as a second language program, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will continue studies of "what works" in adult basic education and English as a second language program to improve the quality of services.
- In order to broaden available adult services, especially to rural localities, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will support the development of public/private collaborative projects, such as a technology-based distance learning family literacy project that will provide services via public television.
- To address the needs of adults with the lowest literacy skills, many with learning disabilities, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will continue to support a multiyear project in one-stop employment centers to demonstrate model student assessments to screen adults for learning disabilities.
- To support the professionalization of adult instructors, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education has entered into a partnership with states to develop model professional teaching standards and provide technical assistance in system improvement.
- To improve program performance, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will continue its collaborative partnership with the National Center for Family Literacy and Even Start to develop state-level alliances that support coordinated family literacy services.

New or Strengthened Strategies

- To address performance accountability in adult education, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will support the implementation of a national reporting system that meets the performance accountability requirements for the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act and serves as the primary data source for the national incentive award program under the Workforce Investment Act, and adult education's Government Performance and Review Act indicators.
- To expand access to high-quality English literacy programs linked to civics and life skills instruction, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will implement a \$7 million discretionary grant program to demonstrate effective outreach and instructional strategies to provide English as second language and civics skills to immigrants.
- To expand access and use of technology among adults, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will support the implementation and evaluation of the \$10 million Community Technology Centers discretionary grant program. The program is designed to create model programs that demonstrate the effectiveness of technology in urban and rural areas and economically distressed communities.
- Support the design and implementation of a national evaluation or set of studies designed to support the next reauthorization of the adult education program.

HOW THIS PROGRAM COORDINATES WITH OTHER FEDERAL ACTIVITIES

- In providing leadership and technical assistance to states to further the goals of the Workforce Investment Act, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education is working with the Department of Labor to implement Titles I, II, and V of the Act. Joint activities include joint development of policy and regulations governing implementation issues, joint development of unified state plan guidance, joint review of unified state plan submission, joint development of common definitions to be used in Title I and Title II performance management systems, joint development of the national incentive award program, and joint training of state and local constituencies.
- To support the Office of Vocational and Adult Education's interest in literacy and transition services for incarcerated young adults, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will form a partnership with the Department of Justice and the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services to create a national research center. The Office of Vocational and Adult Education will support research concerning juvenile offenders with learning disabilities.
- The development of new technologies across the globe raises both opportunities and challenges. These new technologies will continue to provide unprecedented economic and educational advantages for some countries, while for other countries technology only widens the chasm between the "haves" and 'have-nots." The Office of Vocational and Adult Education, in partnership with the Organization for Economic Opportunity and Development, will cosponsor an international roundtable on lifelong learning and new technology.
- To promote the use of effective instructional practices in workplace literacy, the Office of Vocational and Adult Education will partner with the Department of Labor and the Center for the Study of Work at the University of Wisconsin to cosponsor a national workshop on workplace literacy learning.

CHALLENGES TO ACHIEVING PROGRAM GOAL

The primary challenge is to build program capacity to provide quality services to large and diverse target population. Currently, the program serves between 8 and 10 percent of the target population.

INDICATOR CHANGES

From FY 1999) Annual Plan (two years old)

Adjusted—None.

Dropped

❖ Indicator 3.3 was dropped.

From FY 2000 Annual Plan (last year's)

Adjusted—None.

Dropped

Indicators 3.2 (distance learning), 4.1 (building performance management capacity), 5.1 (high teaching standards), 5.2 (professional development), 6.1 (family literacy), 6.2 (employment training policy), and 7.1 (customer satisfaction). These indicators are being retained internally to track management activities in the Division of Adult Education and Literacy.

New—None.