## SUPPLEMENTAL TABLES

## THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Table 21.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring at school or on the way to or from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999

|  | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| Total | 3,409,200 | 2,260,500 | 1,148,600 | 245,400 | 3,795,200 | 2,357,000 | 1,438,200 | 306,700 | 3,795,500 | 2,371,500 | 1,424,000 | 322,400 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 2,058,400 | 1,278,000 | 780,400 | 183,200 | 2,168,000 | 1,275,100 | 892,900 | 180,200 | 2,109,600 | 1,265,600 | 844,000 | 200,600 |
| Female | 1,350,700 | 982,500 | 368,200 | 62,200 | 1,627,200 | 1,081,900 | 545,300 | 126,500 | 1,685,800 | 1,105,800 | 580,000 | 121,700 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 1,858,900 | 1,134,200 | 724,700 | 172,000 | 2,123,200 | 1,241,100 | 882,100 | 182,400 | 2,140,000 | 1,246,500 | 893,400 | 201,800 |
| 15-18 | 1,550,300 | 1,126,400 | 423,900 | 73,300 | 1,672,100 | 1,115,900 | 556,100 | 124,300 | 1,655,500 | 1,124,900 | 530,600 | 120,600 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 2,526,700 | 1,694,300 | 832,400 | 148,000 | 2,832,800 | 1,775,700 | 1,057,100 | 188,400 | 2,670,800 | 1,726,600 | 944,300 | 179,700 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 443,300 | 262,300 | 181,000 | 71,500 | 507,800 | 300,600 | 207,200 | 88,100 | 552,800 | 320,100 | 232,700 | 60,000 |
| Hispanic | 299,200 | 191,300 | 107,900 | $25,900^{2}$ | 335,500 | 193,800 | 141,600 | 25,100 | 431,700 | 234,000 | 197,700 | 70,200 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 111,600 | 95,300 | 16,300 ${ }^{2}$ | $\dagger$ | 90,700 | 64,200 | 26,500 | $5,100^{2}$ | 105,600 | 68,300 | 37,200 | $12,500^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 883,000 | 572,300 | 310,700 | 95,600 | 967,200 | 557,100 | 410,200 | 100,700 | 978,200 | 534,800 | 443,400 | 140,300 |
| Suburban | 1,809,200 | 1,226,700 | 582,500 | 115,000 | 2,023,000 | 1,319,500 | 703,500 | 135,300 | 2,036,300 | 1,293,400 | 742,900 | 153,600 |
| Rural | 717,000 | 461,500 | 255,500 | $34,700^{2}$ | 804,900 | 480,500 | 324,500 | 70,700 | 780,900 | 543,300 | 237,700 | 28,500 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 249,300 | 132,800 | 116,400 | $27,400^{2}$ | 253,600 | 105,900 | 147,700 | 27,900 | 185,000 | 90,600 | 94,400 | 40,400 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 335,800 | 196,700 | 139,200 | $38,300^{2}$ | 340,100 | 205,000 | 135,100 | 36,400 | 322,100 | 202,300 | 119,800 | $15,900^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 415,200 | 199,700 | 215,600 | 53,100 | 489,000 | 266,500 | 222,500 | 36,000 | 494,900 | 312,400 | 182,500 | 44,100 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 489,800 | 334,700 | 155,100 | $16,900^{2}$ | 684,300 | 471,100 | 213,200 | 36,600 | 572,200 | 313,500 | 258,700 | 55,100 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 765,000 | 564,000 | 201,000 | $38,600^{2}$ | 670,900 | 418,500 | 252,400 | 58,200 | 741,500 | 473,500 | 268,000 | 50,500 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 511,100 | 406,500 | 104,600 | $12,000^{2}$ | 639,300 | 430,800 | 208,500 | 43,200 | 668,000 | 421,300 | 246,700 | 53,300 |
| \$75,000 or more | 382,300 | 252,000 | 130,300 | $31,000^{2}$ | 406,700 | 300,700 | 106,000 | $19,700^{2}$ | 438,900 | 314,500 | 124,400 | $19,800^{2}$ |

[^0]Table 21.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring at school or on the way to or from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 3,467,900 | 2,177,900 | 1,290,000 | 222,500 | 3,163,000 | 2,028,700 | 1,134,400 | 225,400 | 2,721,200 | 1,666,000 | 1,055,200 | 201,800 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1,995,600 | 1,216,200 | 779,400 | 144,800 | 1,802,200 | 1,046,100 | 756,100 | 148,200 | 1,555,500 | 878,300 | 677,200 | 133,100 |
| Female | 1,472,300 | 961,700 | 510,500 | 77,600 | 1,360,800 | 982,500 | 378,200 | 77,200 | 1,165,700 | 787,700 | 378,000 | 68,700 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 2,046,300 | 1,195,900 | 850,400 | 145,900 | 1,757,000 | 1,061,300 | 695,700 | 103,400 | 1,441,500 | 809,600 | 631,900 | 114,200 |
| 15-18 | 1,421,600 | 982,000 | 439,600 | 76,600 | 1,406,000 | 967,400 | 438,700 | 122,000 | 1,279,700 | 856,400 | 423,200 | 87,600 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 2,512,200 | 1,594,400 | 917,800 | 123,000 | 2,240,700 | 1,451,500 | 789,200 | 114,600 | 1,925,100 | 1,170,200 | 754,900 | 122,900 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 449,300 | 258,800 | 190,500 | 53,300 | 414,100 | 288,300 | 125,900 | 46,100 | 392,900 | 244,400 | 148,500 | $33,100^{2}$ |
| Hispanic | 373,500 | 222,200 | 151,300 | 36,900 | 383,300 | 205,400 | 178,000 | 52,600 | 280,100 | 163,200 | 116,900 | 36,300 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 110,800 | 85,800 | 25,100 | $9,300^{2}$ | 116,500 | 77,600 | 38,900 | $12,100^{2}$ | 106,900 | 84,200 | $22,700^{2}$ | $5,300^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 890,000 | 547,900 | 342,000 | 95,200 | 913,300 | 548,500 | 364,800 | 102,300 | 791,100 | 478,000 | 313,100 | 89,000 |
| Suburban | 1,907,600 | 1,197,800 | 709,800 | 93,400 | 1,693,900 | 1,066,800 | 627,100 | 101,400 | 1,470,500 | 867,000 | 603,500 | 101,900 |
| Rural | 670,300 | 432,200 | 238,100 | 33,800 | 555,900 | 413,400 | 142,500 | $21,700^{2}$ | 459,600 | 321,000 | 138,600 | $10,900^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 141,300 | 52,700 | 88,600 | 27,800 | 136,800 | 87,900 | 48,900 | $13,500^{2}$ | 86,500 | 42,800 | 43,700 | $4,400^{2}$ |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 284,900 | 164,400 | 120,500 | 35,600 | 254,600 | 149,400 | 105,200 | 25,700 | 251,300 | 143,400 | 107,900 | $16,300^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 443,500 | 275,400 | 168,000 | $23,800^{2}$ | 427,000 | 241,900 | 185,100 | 53,400 | 363,700 | 219,500 | 144,200 | 31,800 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 538,800 | 328,000 | 210,800 | 42,000 | 440,200 | 264,700 | 175,500 | 33,200 | 390,700 | 244,400 | 146,300 | 23,400 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 678,800 | 429,900 | 248,900 | 35,000 | 602,300 | 383,700 | 218,600 | 42,300 | 468,000 | 247,700 | 220,300 | 47,700 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 620,800 | 415,000 | 205,700 | 34,500 | 597,200 | 410,000 | 187,200 | 32,200 | 501,300 | 342,500 | 158,800 | 36,600 |
| \$75,000 or more | 495,600 | 341,300 | 154,300 | $13,600^{2}$ | 435,400 | 326,600 | 108,800 | $16,000^{2}$ | 453,600 | 303,700 | 149,900 | 25,300 ${ }^{2}$ |

[^1]Table 21.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring at school or on the way to or from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 2,715,600 | 1,562,300 | 1,153,200 | 252,700 | 2,489,700 | 1,605,500 | 884,100 | 185,600 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1,536,100 | 814,900 | 721,300 | 144,200 | 1,366,500 | 853,500 | 513,000 | 111,200 |
| Female | 1,179,400 | 747,500 | 431,900 | 108,400 | 1,123,200 | 752,000 | 371,200 | 74,300 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 1,475,100 | 769,300 | 705,800 | 162,200 | 1,426,300 | 883,000 | 543,200 | 127,000 |
| 15-18 | 1,240,500 | 793,000 | 447,400 | 90,500 | 1,063,400 | 722,500 | 340,900 | 58,600 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 1,824,300 | 1,038,800 | 785,500 | 157,100 | 1,689,500 | 1,107,300 | 582,200 | 95,300 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 464,000 | 265,700 | 198,200 | 48,100 | 438,200 | 260,000 | 178,200 | 58,900 |
| Hispanic | 315,100 | 185,900 | 129,200 | 42,600 | 245,400 | 161,300 | 84,100 | 25,700 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 105,700 | 67,600 | 38,100 | $4,900^{2}$ | 93,300 | 62,300 | 31,000 | $5,600^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 865,000 | 503,600 | 361,400 | 99,100 | 681,600 | 466,500 | 215,100 | 63,700 |
| Suburban | 1,319,500 | 771,000 | 548,400 | 91,700 | 1,340,700 | 825,800 | 514,900 | 110,400 |
| Rural | 531,100 | 287,700 | 243,400 | 61,900 | 467,300 | 313,200 | 154,100 | 11,400 ${ }^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 136,500 | 69,900 | 66,700 | 21,100 ${ }^{2}$ | 94,900 | 42,000 | 52,900 | 17,200 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 242,600 | 95,700 | 146,900 | $30,400^{2}$ | 148,500 | 88,300 | 60,300 | 8,900 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 428,700 | 218,300 | 210,400 | 35,400 | 285,900 | 183,200 | 102,700 | $27,400^{2}$ |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 351,100 | 173,000 | 178,200 | 52,100 | 250,400 | 166,900 | 83,500 | $5,900^{2}$ |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 361,500 | 239,100 | 122,400 | $27,200^{2}$ | 440,600 | 270,700 | 169,900 | 24,600 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 497,400 | 306,700 | 190,600 | 45,000 | 449,200 | 274,300 | 174,900 | 53,900 |
| \$75,000 or more | 453,000 | 303,500 | 149,500 | $23,800^{2}$ | 501,400 | 395,600 | 105,700 | 28,400 ${ }^{2}$ |

$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, or on the way to or from school. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

| Student characteristics | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 144 | 95 | 48 | 10 | 155 | 96 | 59 | 12 | 150 | 94 | 56 | 13 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 168 | 105 | 64 | 15 | 171 | 101 | 70 | 14 | 162 | 97 | 65 | 15 |
| Female | 117 | 85 | 32 | 5 | 137 | 91 | 46 | 11 | 137 | 90 | 47 | 10 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 172 | 105 | 67 | 16 | 190 | 111 | 79 | 16 | 187 | 109 | 78 | 18 |
| 15-18 | 120 | 87 | 33 | 6 | 125 | 83 | 42 | 9 | 119 | 81 | 38 | 9 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 156 | 105 | 52 | 9 | 170 | 106 | 63 | 11 | 156 | 101 | 55 | 11 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 114 | 67 | 46 | 18 | 128 | 76 | 52 | 22 | 140 | 81 | 59 | 15 |
| Hispanic | 113 | 72 | 41 | $10^{2}$ | 118 | 68 | 50 | 9 | 137 | 74 | 63 | 22 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 129 | 110 | $19^{2}$ | $\dagger$ | 99 | 70 | 29 | $6^{2}$ | 109 | 71 | 39 | $13^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 141 | 92 | 50 | 15 | 145 | 84 | 62 | 15 | 143 | 78 | 65 | 21 |
| Suburban | 155 | 105 | 50 | 10 | 174 | 113 | 60 | 12 | 169 | 107 | 62 | 13 |
| Rural | 124 | 80 | 44 | $6^{2}$ | 129 | 77 | 52 | 11 | 121 | 84 | 37 | 4 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 123 | 65 | 57 | $14^{2}$ | 123 | 51 | 71 | 13 | 96 | 47 | 49 | 21 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 111 | 65 | 46 | $13^{2}$ | 123 | 74 | 49 | 13 | 119 | 75 | 44 | $6^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 125 | 60 | 65 | 16 | 137 | 75 | 62 | 10 | 134 | 85 | 50 | 12 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 137 | 94 | 43 | $5^{2}$ | 187 | 128 | 58 | 10 | 162 | 89 | 73 | 16 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 180 | 133 | 47 | $9{ }^{2}$ | 157 | 98 | 59 | 14 | 164 | 105 | 59 | 11 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 150 | 119 | 31 | $4{ }^{2}$ | 170 | 115 | 56 | 12 | 166 | 105 | 61 | 13 |
| \$75,000 or more | 206 | 136 | 70 | $17^{2}$ | 193 | 143 | 50 | 92 | 179 | 129 | 51 | $8^{2}$ |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

| Student characteristics | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 135 | 85 | 50 | 9 | 121 | 78 | 43 | 9 | 102 | 63 | 40 | 8 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 151 | 92 | 59 | 11 | 134 | 78 | 56 | 11 | 114 | 64 | 50 | 10 |
| Female | 118 | 77 | 41 | 6 | 107 | 77 | 30 | 6 | 91 | 61 | 29 | 5 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 176 | 103 | 73 | 13 | 151 | 91 | 60 | 9 | 123 | 69 | 54 | 10 |
| 15-18 | 101 | 70 | 31 | 5 | 97 | 67 | 30 | 8 | 86 | 58 | 29 | 6 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 147 | 93 | 54 | 7 | 129 | 83 | 45 | 7 | 111 | 67 | 43 | 7 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 111 | 64 | 47 | 13 | 105 | 73 | 32 | 12 | 95 | 59 | 36 | $8^{2}$ |
| Hispanic | 113 | 67 | 46 | 11 | 109 | 58 | 51 | 15 | 76 | 44 | 32 | 10 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 103 | 80 | 23 | $9{ }^{2}$ | 108 | 72 | 36 | $11^{2}$ | 91 | 72 | $19^{2}$ | $5^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 126 | 78 | 49 | 14 | 126 | 76 | 50 | 14 | 105 | 63 | 42 | 12 |
| Suburban | 153 | 96 | 57 | 7 | 130 | 82 | 48 | 8 | 111 | 66 | 46 | 8 |
| Rural | 108 | 70 | 39 | 5 | 95 | 71 | 24 | $4^{2}$ | 79 | 55 | 24 | $2^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 81 | 30 | 51 | 16 | 86 | 55 | 31 | $8^{2}$ | 64 | 31 | 32 | $3^{2}$ |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 101 | 59 | 43 | 13 | 92 | 54 | 38 | 9 | 93 | 53 | 40 | $6^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 131 | 82 | 50 | $7^{2}$ | 120 | 68 | 52 | 15 | 107 | 65 | 42 | 9 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 153 | 93 | 60 | 12 | 130 | 78 | 52 | 10 | 114 | 71 | 43 | 7 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 142 | 90 | 52 | 7 | 131 | 84 | 48 | 9 | 105 | 56 | 49 | 11 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 151 | 101 | 50 | 8 | 138 | 95 | 43 | 7 | 110 | 75 | 35 | 8 |
| \$75,000 or more | 173 | 119 | 54 | $5^{2}$ | 139 | 104 | 35 | $5^{2}$ | 125 | 84 | 41 | $7^{2}$ |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

| Student characteristics | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 101 | 58 | 43 | 9 | 92 | 59 | 33 | 7 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 111 | 59 | 52 | 10 | 98 | 62 | 37 | 8 |
| Female | 91 | 58 | 33 | 8 | 85 | 57 | 28 | 6 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 125 | 65 | 60 | 14 | 120 | 74 | 46 | 11 |
| 15-18 | 83 | 53 | 30 | 6 | 70 | 48 | 23 | 4 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 105 | 60 | 45 | 9 | 98 | 64 | 34 | 6 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 111 | 64 | 48 | 12 | 106 | 63 | 43 | 14 |
| Hispanic | 82 | 48 | 34 | 11 | 62 | 40 | 21 | 6 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 89 | 57 | 32 | $4^{2}$ | 77 | 52 | 26 | $5^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 117 | 68 | 49 | 13 | 93 | 63 | 29 | 9 |
| Suburban | 97 | 56 | 40 | 7 | 94 | 58 | 36 | 8 |
| Rural | 93 | 50 | 43 | 11 | 86 | 58 | 28 | $2^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 110 | 56 | 53 | $17^{2}$ | 86 | 38 | 48 | $15^{2}$ |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 97 | 38 | 59 | $12^{2}$ | 70 | 42 | 29 | $4^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 126 | 64 | 62 | 10 | 90 | 58 | 32 | $9{ }^{2}$ |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 102 | 50 | 52 | 15 | 77 | 51 | 26 | $2^{2}$ |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 86 | 57 | 29 | $6^{2}$ | 108 | 66 | 42 | $6^{2}$ |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 110 | 68 | 42 | 10 | 100 | 61 | 39 | 12 |
| \$75,000 or more | 112 | 75 | 37 | $6^{2}$ | 108 | 85 | 23 | $6^{2}$ |

$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, or on the way to or from school. Population sizes are 23,740,295 students ages 12 through 18 in 1992; $24,557,779$ in 1993; $25,326,989$ in 1994; $25,715,220$ in 1995; $26,151,364$ in 1996; 26,548 , 142 in 1997; $26,806,268$ in 1998; and $27,012,660$ in 1999. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

Table 23.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999

|  | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 3,286,800 | 1,607,600 | 1,679,200 | 750,200 | 3,419,700 | 1,691,800 | 1,728,000 | 849,500 | 3,258,100 | 1,521,700 | 1,736,400 | 832,700 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1,967,600 | 1,000,400 | 967,300 | 433,300 | 2,009,000 | 1,001,100 | 1,007,900 | 527,800 | 1,921,200 | 866,200 | 1,055,000 | 522,800 |
| Female | 1,319,200 | 607,200 | 712,000 | 316,900 | 1,410,800 | 690,700 | 720,100 | 321,700 | 1,336,800 | 655,400 | 681,400 | 309,900 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 1,253,700 | 685,900 | 567,800 | 249,700 | 1,236,200 | 655,800 | 580,500 | 280,500 | 1,132,900 | 572,200 | 560,700 | 231,400 |
| 15-18 | 2,033,100 | 921,700 | 1,111,400 | 500,500 | 2,183,500 | 1,036,000 | 1,147,500 | 569,000 | 2,125,200 | 949,500 | 1,175,700 | 601,300 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 2,294,400 | 1,152,100 | 1,142,300 | 450,800 | 2,322,900 | 1,128,700 | 1,194,200 | 502,600 | 2,209,500 | 1,048,100 | 1,161,400 | 482,300 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 461,300 | 227,100 | 234,200 | 139,000 | 597,600 | 302,100 | 295,400 | 193,500 | 499,200 | 229,900 | 269,300 | 170,400 |
| Hispanic | 383,400 | 163,900 | 219,500 | 113,200 | 380,600 | 187,800 | 192,900 | 129,300 | 423,300 | 191,800 | 231,500 | 141,500 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 132,400 | 59,600 | 72,800 | $40,900^{2}$ | 94,600 | 61,300 | 33,400 | $19,200^{2}$ | 99,400 | 47,600 | 51,700 | 25,300 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 1,124,200 | 532,400 | 591,900 | 265,800 | 1,245,900 | 589,000 | 657,000 | 354,200 | 1,095,100 | 489,500 | 605,600 | 320,200 |
| Suburban | 1,658,000 | 838,400 | 819,600 | 360,100 | 1,515,400 | 771,700 | 743,700 | 364,700 | 1,592,300 | 729,700 | 862,600 | 396,000 |
| Rural | 504,500 | 236,800 | 267,700 | 124,300 | 658,400 | 331,200 | 327,200 | 130,700 | 570,700 | 302,400 | 268,200 | 116,500 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 379,500 | 192,900 | 186,600 | 75,200 | 423,500 | 180,300 | 243,300 | 107,100 | 354,400 | 157,800 | 196,600 | 108,600 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 491,500 | 197,500 | 294,000 | 168,600 | 494,800 | 261,600 | 233,200 | 136,900 | 389,900 | 170,800 | 219,200 | 116,500 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 592,300 | 246,500 | 345,800 | 143,500 | 563,600 | 257,100 | 306,500 | 152,700 | 426,100 | 179,000 | 247,100 | 110,800 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 501,400 | 217,400 | 284,000 | 121,600 | 503,500 | 258,600 | 244,800 | 124,900 | 487,200 | 226,000 | 261,200 | 122,300 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 479,800 | 242,600 | 237,200 | 80,200 | 549,500 | 253,600 | 295,900 | 144,700 | 494,200 | 233,500 | 260,700 | 120,900 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 373,700 | 221,700 | 152,000 | 60,000 | 380,200 | 217,000 | 163,200 | 76,200 | 483,500 | 248,700 | 234,700 | 105,900 |
| \$75,000 or more | 243,700 | 151,700 | 92,000 | $34,600^{2}$ | 222,000 | 122,800 | 99,300 | 38,100 | 292,700 | 156,200 | 136,500 | 60,000 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 3,058,300 | 1,561,800 | 1,496,500 | 599,000 | 3,050,600 | 1,622,900 | 1,427,700 | 670,600 | 3,107,300 | 1,551,600 | 1,555,800 | 635,900 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1,786,900 | 883,000 | 903,900 | 374,600 | 1,890,300 | 1,004,000 | 886,400 | 421,200 | 1,806,000 | 914,600 | 891,400 | 361,300 |
| Female | 1,271,400 | 678,800 | 592,600 | 224,400 | 1,160,200 | 618,900 | 541,300 | 249,300 | 1,301,400 | 637,000 | 664,400 | 274,600 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 1,040,200 | 556,100 | 484,100 | 178,300 | 1,058,100 | 600,800 | 457,200 | 209,100 | 1,030,700 | 557,600 | 473,100 | 190,300 |
| 15-18 | 2,018,100 | 1,005,700 | 1,012,400 | 420,700 | 1,992,500 | 1,022,000 | 970,500 | 461,400 | 2,076,600 | 994,000 | 1,082,600 | 445,600 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 2,048,300 | 1,075,900 | 972,400 | 373,100 | 2,030,000 | 1,078,400 | 951,600 | 391,700 | 2,089,200 | 1,037,500 | 1,051,700 | 414,900 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 512,100 | 254,200 | 257,800 | 98,200 | 522,800 | 265,300 | 257,500 | 157,400 | 520,500 | 271,300 | 249,200 | 109,900 |
| Hispanic | 349,800 | 144,000 | 205,700 | 95,500 | 349,200 | 186,600 | 162,600 | 94,200 | 404,300 | 191,400 | 213,000 | 94,400 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 114,000 | 64,800 | 49,200 | $23,400^{2}$ | 112,000 | 72,000 | 40,000 | $24,800^{2}$ | 67,900 | 36,900 | 31,000 | $12,400^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 1,057,300 | 518,000 | 539,400 | 229,900 | 993,000 | 494,800 | 498,200 | 274,800 | 1,079,800 | 531,600 | 548,300 | 270,700 |
| Suburban | 1,463,700 | 776,900 | 686,900 | 277,000 | 1,481,200 | 800,500 | 680,700 | 294,600 | 1,504,600 | 772,400 | 732,300 | 268,600 |
| Rural | 537,200 | 267,000 | 270,300 | 92,100 | 576,400 | 327,700 | 248,700 | 101,100 | 522,800 | 247,600 | 275,200 | 96,600 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 329,100 | 162,000 | 167,100 | 68,500 | 284,800 | 134,500 | 150,300 | 103,000 | 181,200 | 97,800 | 83,400 | 31,300 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 428,100 | 191,400 | 236,700 | 97,100 | 422,400 | 213,300 | 209,100 | 127,200 | 443,900 | 167,200 | 276,700 | 137,600 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 491,400 | 289,100 | 202,300 | 86,100 | 468,600 | 218,800 | 249,800 | 109,800 | 388,700 | 209,600 | 179,000 | 74,300 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 411,700 | 203,700 | 208,000 | 76,000 | 377,600 | 215,900 | 161,700 | 68,100 | 420,600 | 202,000 | 218,700 | 81,500 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 486,000 | 238,800 | 247,300 | 104,200 | 465,800 | 250,300 | 215,600 | 69,500 | 510,100 | 308,300 | 201,800 | 81,600 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 442,100 | 225,000 | 217,000 | 96,400 | 394,500 | 245,100 | 149,300 | 72,300 | 445,000 | 203,400 | 241,600 | 89,600 |
| \$75,000 or more | 288,900 | 140,000 | 148,900 | 38,300 | 324,900 | 218,400 | 106,500 | 29,300 | 384,100 | 199,600 | 184,500 | 79,500 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 2,534,500 | 1,236,400 | 1,298,100 | 550,200 | 2,106,600 | 1,048,200 | 1,058,300 | 476,400 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1,493,600 | 732,700 | 761,000 | 364,900 | 1,240,800 | 595,700 | 645,200 | 303,600 |
| Female | 1,040,900 | 503,700 | 537,100 | 185,300 | 865,700 | 452,600 | 413,200 | 172,800 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 761,000 | 430,800 | 330,200 | 131,900 | 702,100 | 401,500 | 300,600 | 126,900 |
| 15-18 | 1,773,500 | 805,600 | 967,900 | 418,300 | 1,404,500 | 646,800 | 757,700 | 349,500 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 1,698,800 | 832,900 | 865,900 | 331,000 | 1,341,000 | 685,100 | 655,800 | 266,700 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 394,000 | 200,600 | 193,400 | 106,000 | 360,400 | 172,300 | 188,100 | 97,700 |
| Hispanic | 311,300 | 122,300 | 189,100 | 95,300 | 312,500 | 141,500 | 171,000 | 99,900 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 104,800 | 68,200 | 36,600 | $15,800^{2}$ | 62,400 | 35,400 | 27,000 | 12,100 ${ }^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 869,600 | 389,200 | 480,400 | 229,400 | 660,500 | 311,300 | 349,200 | 206,200 |
| Suburban | 1,333,400 | 656,900 | 676,500 | 275,900 | 1,153,100 | 575,300 | 577,800 | 228,500 |
| Rural | 331,500 | 190,300 | 141,200 | $44,900^{2}$ | 292,900 | 161,600 | 131,300 | $41,700^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 137,700 | 51,500 | 86,200 | 39,200 | 184,300 | 82,100 | 102,200 | 50,600 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 350,200 | 162,100 | 188,100 | 56,800 | 200,600 | 114,200 | 86,400 | 54,100 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 379,700 | 181,200 | 198,500 | 103,100 | 245,900 | 114,900 | 131,000 | 52,700 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 360,700 | 165,700 | 195,000 | 107,200 | 281,500 | 144,800 | 136,700 | 38,200 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 406,900 | 237,600 | 169,300 | 83,600 | 300,400 | 160,200 | 140,200 | 61,800 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 341,200 | 147,300 | 193,900 | 70,300 | 313,700 | 146,600 | 167,100 | 93,400 |
| \$75,000 or more | 317,000 | 176,700 | 140,300 | 53,400 | 344,600 | 179,000 | 165,600 | 70,300 |

${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

Table 24.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school per 1,000 students, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999

|  | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 138 | 68 | 71 | 32 | 139 | 69 | 70 | 35 | 129 | 60 | 69 | 33 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 161 | 82 | 79 | 35 | 159 | 79 | 80 | 42 | 147 | 66 | 81 | 40 |
| Female | 115 | 53 | 62 | 28 | 119 | 58 | 61 | 27 | 109 | 53 | 55 | 25 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 116 | 63 | 53 | 23 | 111 | 59 | 52 | 25 | 99 | 50 | 49 | 20 |
| 15-18 | 157 | 71 | 86 | 39 | 163 | 77 | 86 | 43 | 153 | 68 | 85 | 43 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 142 | 71 | 71 | 28 | 139 | 68 | 72 | 30 | 129 | 61 | 68 | 28 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 118 | 58 | 60 | 36 | 151 | 76 | 74 | 49 | 127 | 58 | 68 | 43 |
| Hispanic | 145 | 62 | 83 | 43 | 134 | 66 | 68 | 46 | 134 | 61 | 73 | 45 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 153 | 69 | 84 | $47^{2}$ | 103 | 67 | 36 | $21^{2}$ | 103 | 49 | 54 | 26 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 180 | 85 | 95 | 43 | 187 | 89 | 99 | 53 | 160 | 72 | 89 | 47 |
| Suburban | 142 | 72 | 70 | 31 | 130 | 66 | 64 | 31 | 132 | 61 | 72 | 33 |
| Rural | 87 | 41 | 46 | 21 | 105 | 53 | 52 | 21 | 88 | 47 | 42 | 18 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 187 | 95 | 92 | 37 | 205 | 87 | 118 | 52 | 185 | 82 | 102 | 57 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 162 | 65 | 97 | 56 | 180 | 95 | 85 | 50 | 144 | 63 | 81 | 43 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 178 | 74 | 104 | 43 | 158 | 72 | 86 | 43 | 116 | 49 | 67 | 30 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 140 | 61 | 80 | 34 | 137 | 71 | 67 | 34 | 138 | 64 | 74 | 35 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 113 | 57 | 56 | 19 | 129 | 59 | 69 | 34 | 110 | 52 | 58 | 27 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 110 | 65 | 45 | 18 | 101 | 58 | 43 | 20 | 120 | 62 | 58 | 26 |
| \$75,000 or more | 131 | 82 | 50 | $19^{2}$ | 106 | 58 | 47 | 18 | 120 | 64 | 56 | 25 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school per 1,000 students, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 119 | 61 | 58 | 23 | 117 | 62 | 55 | 26 | 117 | 58 | 59 | 24 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 135 | 67 | 68 | 28 | 141 | 75 | 66 | 31 | 132 | 67 | 65 | 26 |
| Female | 102 | 54 | 48 | 18 | 91 | 49 | 43 | 20 | 101 | 49 | 52 | 21 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 89 | 48 | 42 | 15 | 91 | 52 | 39 | 18 | 88 | 48 | 40 | 16 |
| 15-18 | 143 | 71 | 72 | 30 | 137 | 70 | 67 | 32 | 140 | 67 | 73 | 30 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 119 | 63 | 57 | 22 | 117 | 62 | 55 | 22 | 120 | 60 | 61 | 24 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 127 | 63 | 64 | 24 | 132 | 67 | 65 | 40 | 126 | 65 | 60 | 27 |
| Hispanic | 106 | 43 | 62 | 29 | 99 | 53 | 46 | 27 | 110 | 52 | 58 | 26 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 106 | 60 | 46 | $22^{2}$ | 104 | 67 | 37 | $23^{2}$ | 58 | 32 | 27 | $11^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 150 | 74 | 77 | 33 | 137 | 68 | 69 | 38 | 143 | 70 | 73 | 36 |
| Suburban | 117 | 62 | 55 | 22 | 113 | 61 | 52 | 23 | 114 | 58 | 55 | 20 |
| Rural | 87 | 43 | 44 | 15 | 99 | 56 | 43 | 17 | 90 | 43 | 47 | 17 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 189 | 93 | 96 | 39 | 179 | 85 | 94 | 65 | 133 | 72 | 61 | 23 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 152 | 68 | 84 | 35 | 153 | 77 | 76 | 46 | 164 | 62 | 102 | 51 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 146 | 86 | 60 | 26 | 132 | 62 | 70 | 31 | 114 | 62 | 53 | 22 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 117 | 58 | 59 | 22 | 112 | 64 | 48 | 20 | 123 | 59 | 64 | 24 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 102 | 50 | 52 | 22 | 102 | 55 | 47 | 15 | 114 | 69 | 45 | 18 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 107 | 55 | 53 | 23 | 91 | 57 | 35 | 17 | 98 | 45 | 53 | 20 |
| \$75,000 or more | 101 | 49 | 52 | 13 | 104 | 70 | 34 | 9 | 106 | 55 | 51 | 22 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24.-Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school per 1,000 students, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999-Continued

|  | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent $^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 95 | 46 | 48 | 21 | 78 | 39 | 39 | 18 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 108 | 53 | 55 | 26 | 89 | 43 | 46 | 22 |
| Female | 80 | 39 | 41 | 14 | 66 | 34 | 31 | 13 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 65 | 37 | 28 | 11 | 59 | 34 | 25 | 11 |
| 15-18 | 118 | 54 | 64 | 28 | 93 | 43 | 50 | 23 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 98 | 48 | 50 | 19 | 77 | 40 | 38 | 15 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 95 | 48 | 46 | 25 | 87 | 42 | 45 | 24 |
| Hispanic | 81 | 32 | 49 | 25 | 78 | 35 | 43 | 25 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 88 | 57 | 31 | $13^{2}$ | 52 | 29 | $22^{2}$ | $10^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 117 | 52 | 65 | 31 | 90 | 42 | 47 | 28 |
| Suburban | 98 | 48 | 50 | 20 | 81 | 40 | 41 | 16 |
| Rural | 58 | 33 | 25 | $8^{2}$ | 54 | 30 | 24 | $8^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 111 | 41 | 69 | 31 | 166 | 74 | 92 | 46 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 140 | 65 | 75 | 23 | 95 | 54 | 41 | 26 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 112 | 53 | 59 | 30 | 77 | 36 | 41 | 17 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 105 | 48 | 57 | 31 | 86 | 44 | 42 | 12 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 97 | 57 | 40 | 20 | 74 | 39 | 34 | 15 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 75 | 33 | 43 | 16 | 70 | 33 | 37 | 21 |
| \$75,000 or more | 78 | 44 | 35 | 13 | 74 | 39 | 36 | 15 |

${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. Population sizes are $23,740,295$ students ages 12 through 18 in 1992; $24,557,779$ in $1993 ; 25,326,989$ in $1994 ; 25,715,220$ in $1995 ; 26,151,364$ in 1996; 26,548,142 in 1997; $26,806,268$ in 1998; and 27,012,660 in 1999. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

Table 3.1.-Percentage of students ages 12 through 18 who reported criminal victimization at school during the previous 6 months, by type of victimization and selected student characteristics: 1995 and 1999

|  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Theft | Violent ${ }^{2}$ | Serious violent ${ }^{3}$ | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Theft | Violent ${ }^{2}$ | Serious violent ${ }^{3}$ |
| Total | 9.5 | 7.1 | 3.0 | 0.7 | 7.6 | 5.7 | 2.3 | 0.5 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 10.0 | 7.1 | 3.5 | 0.9 | 7.8 | 5.7 | 2.5 | 0.6 |
| Female | 9.0 | 7.1 | 2.4 | 0.4 | 7.3 | 5.7 | 2.0 | 0.5 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 9.8 | 7.4 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 2.1 | 0.4 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 10.2 | 7.1 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 9.9 | 7.4 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
| Hispanic | 7.6 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 0.9 | 5.7 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 8.8 | 6.5 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 6.4 | 4.4 | 2.2 | $\dagger$ |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 th | 9.6 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 1.5 | 8.0 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 1.3 |
| 7th | 11.2 | 8.1 | 3.8 | 0.9 | 8.2 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 0.9 |
| 8th | 10.5 | 7.9 | 3.1 | 0.8 | 7.6 | 5.9 | 2.4 | 0.5 |
| 9th | 11.9 | 9.1 | 3.4 | 0.7 | 8.9 | 6.5 | 3.2 | 0.6 |
| 10th | 9.1 | 7.7 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| 11th | 7.3 | 5.5 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 1.8 | 0.1 |
| 12th | 6.1 | 4.6 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 0.8 | 0.3 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 9.3 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 2.3 | 0.7 |
| Suburban | 10.3 | 7.6 | 3.5 | 0.6 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 2.4 | 0.5 |
| Rural | 8.3 | 6.8 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 1.9 | 0.4 |
| Control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 9.8 | 7.3 | 3.1 | 0.7 | 7.9 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 0.6 |
| Private | 6.6 | 5.2 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 0.3 | $\dagger$ |

[^2]NOTE: "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, or on the way to or from school. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1995 and 1999.

Table 4.1.-Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported being threatened or injured with a weapon on school property during the last 12 months, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 7.3 | 8.4 | 7.4 | 7.7 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 9.2 | 10.9 | 10.2 | 9.5 |
| Female | 5.4 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 5.8 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 13.2 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 7.7 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 7.6 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 15.6 |
| White | § | § | § | 6.6 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 9.3 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 9.8 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 9.4 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 10.5 |
| 10th | 7.3 | 9.6 | 7.9 | 8.2 |
| 11th | 7.3 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 6.1 |
| 12th | 5.5 | 6.7 | 5.8 | 5.1 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

Table 5.1.-Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported having been in a physical fight in the last 12 months, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | Anywhere |  |  |  | On school property |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 41.8 | 38.7 | 36.6 | 35.7 | 16.2 | 15.5 | 14.8 | 14.2 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 51.2 | 46.1 | 45.5 | 44.0 | 23.5 | 21.0 | 20.0 | 18.5 |
| Female | 31.7 | 30.6 | 26.0 | 27.3 | 8.6 | 9.5 | 8.6 | 9.8 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 48.7 | § | § | § | 16.2 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 22.7 | § | § | § | 10.4 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 41.4 | § | § | § | 18.7 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 50.7 | § | § | § | 25.3 |
| White | § | § | § | 33.1 | § | § | § | 12.3 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 40.2 | § | § | § | 16.9 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 39.9 | § | § | § | 15.7 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 50.4 | 47.3 | 44.8 | 41.1 | 23.1 | 21.6 | 21.3 | 18.6 |
| 10th | 42.2 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 37.7 | 17.2 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 17.2 |
| 11th | 40.5 | 36.9 | 34.2 | 31.3 | 13.8 | 13.6 | 12.5 | 10.8 |
| 12th | 34.8 | 31.0 | 28.8 | 30.4 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 9.5 | 8.1 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents. The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather, students are simply asked how many times in the last 12 months they had been in a physical fight.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

| Student characteristics | Total | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 5.1 | 5.4 | 4.8 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.1 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 5.5 | 6.0 | 4.9 |
| Hispanic | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.1 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 2.5 | 3.1 | 1.9 |
| Grade |  |  |  |
| 6th | 10.5 | 12.6 | 8.0 |
| 7th | 9.0 | 10.9 | 7.0 |
| 8th | 5.5 | 5.1 | 6.0 |
| 9th | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.8 |
| 10th | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.7 |
| 11th | 2.6 | 2.1 | 3.2 |
| 12th | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.7 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |
| Urban | 5.0 | 5.9 | 4.1 |
| Suburban | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.5 |
| Rural | 5.8 | 5.2 | 6.5 |
| Control |  |  |  |
| Public | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.1 |
| Private | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.1 |

NOTE: "At school" means in the school building, on the school grounds, or on a school bus. Population size is 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1999.

Table 7.1.-Percentage of public schools that reported one or more criminal incidents to police, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents and no serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 56.7 | 59.3 | 58.4 | 63.2 | 46.9 | 10.1 | 16.8 | 11.2 | 5.4 | 7.8 | 46.5 | 42.4 | 46.7 | 57.8 | 39.2 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 45.1 | 46.9 | 47.0 | 52.6 | 34.2 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 5.1 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 43.2 | 50.6 | 29.1 |
| Middle school | 74.1 | 86.7 | 78.8 | 70.0 | 62.0 | 18.7 | 35.8 | 21.7 | 7.0 | 15.0 | 55.4 | 50.9 | 57.1 | 63.0 | 47.0 |
| High school | 76.9 | 88.8 | 84.0 | 84.2 | 64.1 | 20.6 | 48.0 | 33.0 | 12.7 | 9.4 | 55.9 | 39.9 | 49.4 | 71.5 | 54.7 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 51.6 | 51.9 | 49.3 | 53.7 | 52.5 | 6.8 | 9.5 | 6.9 | 2.6 | 11.0 | 44.7 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 51.2 | 41.5 |
| Southeast | 58.8 | 55.1 | 65.5 | 64.8 | 51.1 | 9.2 | 17.3 | 13.2 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 49.6 | 37.8 | 52.3 | 59.9 | 46.2 |
| Central | 50.8 | 52.5 | 51.7 | 59.9 | 43.6 | 11.1 | 16.4 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 10.2 | 39.7 | 36.1 | 39.3 | 53.4 | 33.5 |
| West | 64.3 | 69.8 | 69.9 | 72.5 | 45.8 | 11.9 | 20.2 | 13.3 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 51.9 | 49.5 | 54.4 | 65.3 | 40.0 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 37.8 | - | - | 44.9 | 38.0 | 3.9 | - | - | 8.8 | 2.5 | 33.8 | - | - | 36.1 | 35.5 |
| 300-999 | 59.6 | 54.2 | 59.2 | 67.3 | 56.8 | 9.3 | 12.5 | 9.0 | 3.2 | 13.9 | 50.2 | 41.7 | 49.5 | 64.1 | 42.9 |
| 1,000 or more | 89.1 | 93.1 | 86.7 | 86.5 | - | 32.9 | 44.2 | 29.8 | 15.9 | - | 56.0 | 48.1 | 56.9 | 70.6 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 46.7 | - | 47.2 | 53.9 | 40.8 | 5.8 | - | 5.9 | 3.3 | 7.3 | 40.9 | - | 41.3 | 50.5 | 33.5 |
| 5-19 percent | 57.7 | 52.0 | 62.9 | 64.0 | 45.0 | 10.9 | 14.5 | 11.3 | 10.6 | 6.8 | 46.6 | 37.4 | 51.1 | 53.5 | 38.1 |
| 20-49 percent | 58.1 | 54.7 | 58.5 | 66.7 | 53.3 | 11.1 | 19.1 | 10.1 | 5.0 | 8.0 | 47.0 | 35.6 | 48.4 | 61.7 | 45.3 |
| 50 percent or more | 68.3 | 64.8 | 62.3 | 81.5 | 74.9 | 14.7 | 17.6 | 17.8 | 4.4 | 11.6 | 53.1 | 47.1 | 42.6 | 77.1 | 63.3 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 54.4 | 50.6 | 57.3 | 64.2 | 41.2 | 8.6 | 12.2 | 9.9 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 45.8 | 38.2 | 47.4 | 57.1 | 35.7 |
| 21-34 percent | 53.2 | 56.0 | 65.5 | 57.2 | 39.5 | 11.7 | 18.4 | 13.3 | 7.1 | 11.6 | 41.6 | 37.5 | 52.2 | 50.2 | 27.9 |
| 35-49 percent | 59.4 | 76.1 | 53.3 | 63.1 | 52.5 | 11.6 | 34.2 | 8.6 | 3.0 | 8.6 | 47.8 | 41.5 | 44.7 | 60.1 | 43.9 |
| 50-74 percent | 58.8 | 60.8 | 54.7 | 66.6 | 52.0 | 8.9 | 22.9 | 10.3 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 49.5 | 37.9 | 42.4 | 64.6 | 49.8 |
| 75 percent or more | 59.2 | 58.5 | - | - | - | 10.2 | 8.4 | - | - | - | 49.0 | 50.2 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theft/larceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 7.2-Number of public schools that reported one or more criminal incidents to police, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents and no serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 44,000 | 10,600 | 11,000 | 12,400 | 9,900 | 7,900 | 3,000 | 2,100 | 1,100 | 1,600 | 36,100 | 7,600 | 8,900 | 11,400 | 8,300 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 21,600 | 5,900 | 5,900 | 5,800 | 4,100 | 2,000 | 800 | 400 | 200 | 600 | 19,600 | 5,100 | 5,500 | 5,600 | 3,500 |
| Middle school | 10,400 | 2,600 | 2,800 | 3,100 | 1,900 | 2,600 | 1,100 | 800 | 300 | 500 | 7,800 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 2,800 | 1,400 |
| High school | 12,000 | 2,200 | 2,300 | 3,500 | 4,000 | 3,200 | 1,200 | 900 | 500 | 600 | 8,700 | 1,000 | 1,400 | 3,000 | 3,400 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 7,800 | 1,500 | 2,700 | 2,300 | 1,200 | 1,000 | 300 | 400 | 100 | 300 | 6,700 | 1,300 | 2,300 | 2,200 | 900 |
| Southeast | 10,000 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 3,200 | 2,500 | 1,600 | 600 | 400 | 200 | 200 | 8,400 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 3,000 | 2,300 |
| Central | 11,400 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 3,000 | 3,500 | 2,500 | 800 | 600 | 300 | 800 | 8,900 | 1,700 | 1,900 | 2,700 | 2,700 |
| West | 14,800 | 4,600 | 3,600 | 3,900 | 2,700 | 2,800 | 1,300 | 700 | 400 | 300 | 12,000 | 3,300 | 2,900 | 3,500 | 2,400 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 7,700 | - | - | 2,100 | 4,400 | 800 | - | - | 400 | 300 | 6,900 | - | - | 1,700 | 4,100 |
| 300-999 | 29,800 | 7,200 | 8,200 | 9,200 | 5,200 | 4,600 | 1,700 | 1,300 | 400 | 1,300 | 25,100 | 5,600 | 6,900 | 8,700 | 3,900 |
| 1,000 or more | 6,600 | 2,800 | 2,400 | 1,100 | - | 2,400 | 1,300 | 800 | 200 | - | 4,100 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 900 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 11,300 | - | 1,800 | 4,200 | 4,800 | 1,400 | - | 200 | 300 | 900 | 9,900 | - | 1,500 | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| 5-19 percent | 10,100 | 1,800 | 3,900 | 3,000 | 1,400 | 1,900 | 500 | 700 | 500 | 200 | 8,200 | 1,300 | 3,200 | 2,500 | 1,200 |
| 20-49 percent | 10,300 | 2,700 | 3,100 | 2,500 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 900 | 500 | 200 | 300 | 8,300 | 1,700 | 2,600 | 2,300 | 1,700 |
| 50 percent or more | 11,900 | 5,600 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 1,600 | 2,600 | 1,500 | 700 | 100 | 300 | 9,300 | 4,100 | 1,600 | 2,200 | 1,400 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 10,000 | 1,400 | 4,000 | 3,000 | 1,700 | 1,600 | 300 | 700 | 300 | 200 | 8,500 | 1,000 | 3,300 | 2,600 | 1,500 |
| 21-34 percent | 9,200 | 1,500 | 2,600 | 2,900 | 2,200 | 2,000 | 500 | 500 | 400 | 700 | 7,200 | 1,000 | 2,100 | 2,600 | 1,600 |
| 35-49 percent | 7,700 | 1,700 | 1,400 | 2,100 | 2,500 | 1,500 | 800 | 200 | 100 | 400 | 6,200 | 900 | 1,100 | 2,000 | 2,100 |
| 50-74 percent | 9,400 | 2,400 | 1,700 | 3,000 | 2,300 | 1,400 | 900 | 300 | 100 | 100 | 7,900 | 1,500 | 1,400 | 2,900 | 2,200 |
| 75 percent or more | 7,400 | 3,700 | - | - | - | 1,300 | 500 | - | - | - | 6,100 | 3,200 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theftlarceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100 .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 7.3.-Number of criminal incidents occurring in public schools reported to police, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural |
| Total | 424,500 | 146,700 | 110,600 | 103,800 | 63,400 | 22,600 | 11,900 | 4,700 | 2,800 | 3,100 | 401,900 | 134,800 | 105,900 | 101,000 | 60,200 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 78,700 | 19,000 | 25,900 | 22,200 | 11,600 | 2,900 | 1,400 | 400 | 200 | 900 | 75,800 | 17,600 | 25,500 | 22,000 | 10,800 |
| Middle school | 136,400 | 61,000 | 32,600 | 29,800 | 13,000 | 7,800 | 5,200 | 1,400 | 400 | 800 | 128,600 | 55,800 | 31,200 | 29,400 | 12,200 |
| High school | 209,400 | 66,800 | 52,000 | 51,900 | 38,700 | 11,900 | 5,300 | 2,900 | 2,200 | 1,500 | 197,500 | 61,500 | 49,200 | 49,700 | 37,200 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 67,400 | 19,000 | 23,500 | 17,500 | 7,400 | 3,200 | 1,800 | 700 | 400 | 500 | 64,200 | 17,300 | 22,800 | 17,200 | 6,900 |
| Southeast | 95,400 | 24,400 | 34,600 | 20,700 | 15,700 | 4,100 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 300 | 600 | 91,300 | 22,800 | 32,900 | 20,400 | 15,200 |
| Central | 95,000 | 34,800 | 16,400 | 21,800 | 21,900 | 7,800 | 4,700 | 1,000 | 500 | 1,700 | 87,200 | 30,200 | 15,400 | 21,300 | 20,200 |
| West | 166,700 | 68,500 | 36,100 | 43,800 | 18,300 | 7,500 | 3,900 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 400 | 159,200 | 64,600 | 34,600 | 42,100 | 17,900 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 40,000 | - | - | 14,800 | 21,700 | 2,300 | - | - | 1,600 | 600 | 37,700 | - | - | 13,200 | 21,200 |
| 300-999 | 204,100 | 61,900 | 41,500 | 63,000 | 37,700 | 10,800 | 5,800 | 1,700 | 800 | 2,500 | 193,400 | 56,100 | 39,800 | 62,300 | 35,200 |
| 1,000 or more | 180,400 | 82,800 | 67,700 | 26,000 | - | 9,600 | 6,000 | 3,000 | 500 | - | 170,800 | 76,800 | 64,700 | 25,500 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 66,200 | - | 9,100 | 27,000 | 26,400 | 1,800 | - | 200 | 300 | 1,300 | 64,500 | - | 8,900 | 26,800 | 25,100 |
| 5-19 percent | 88,800 | 15,700 | 35,200 | 28,500 | 9,300 | 4,100 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,800 | 200 | 84,700 | 14,700 | 34,200 | 26,700 | 9,100 |
| 20-49 percent | 103,500 | 37,900 | 31,600 | 20,700 | 13,400 | 5,200 | 2,800 | 1,300 | 600 | 500 | 98,300 | 35,100 | 30,300 | 20,100 | 12,800 |
| 50 percent or more | 159,400 | 89,000 | 34,700 | 21,400 | 14,300 | 11,500 | 8,000 | 2,200 | 200 | 1,100 | 147,900 | 81,000 | 32,500 | 21,200 | 13,200 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 91,700 | 18,100 | 34,300 | 27,300 | 12,000 | 2,900 | 900 | 1,000 | 600 | 400 | 88,800 | 17,200 | 33,300 | 26,700 | 11,600 |
| 21-34 percent | 83,900 | 22,800 | 26,900 | 21,400 | 12,800 | 5,300 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 400 | 900 | 78,600 | 20,900 | 24,900 | 21,000 | 11,900 |
| 35-49 percent | 72,900 | 23,600 | 15,700 | 16,600 | 17,100 | 3,300 | 2,000 | 300 | 400 | 600 | 69,600 | 21,600 | 15,400 | 16,200 | 16,400 |
| 50-74 percent | 93,900 | 45,900 | 17,000 | 21,400 | 9,700 | 5,500 | 4,400 | 900 | 100 | 100 | 88,500 | 41,500 | 16,100 | 21,200 | 9,600 |
| 75 percent or more | 75,800 | 35,900 | - | - | - | 5,400 | 2,500 | - | - | - | 70,400 | 33,500 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theft/larceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100 .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 7.4.-Number of criminal incidents reported to police per 1,000 public school students, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 10.0 | 11.6 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 9.0 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 9.5 | 10.7 | 8.4 | 9.9 | 8.5 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 3.5 | 2.7 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 2.8 |
| Middle school | 16.2 | 24.8 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 15.3 | 22.6 | 12.0 | 12.9 | 11.4 |
| High school | 18.1 | 20.9 | 15.7 | 17.6 | 18.1 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 17.0 | 19.3 | 14.9 | 16.8 | 17.4 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 8.1 | 8.8 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 6.9 |
| Southeast | 9.2 | 9.1 | 13.6 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 13.0 | 7.1 | 6.7 |
| Central | 9.5 | 13.7 | 5.9 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 8.8 | 11.9 | 5.5 | 9.2 | 8.9 |
| West | 12.2 | 13.1 | 8.7 | 15.5 | 12.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 11.6 | 12.4 | 8.4 | 14.8 | 11.8 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 10.7 | - | - | 17.1 | 11.2 | 0.6 | - | - | 1.8 | 0.3 | 10.1 | - | - | 15.3 | 10.9 |
| 300-999 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 5.2 | 8.3 | 8.0 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 5.0 | 8.2 | 7.5 |
| 1,000 or more | 16.9 | 18.2 | 17.0 | 15.3 | - | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.3 | - | 16.0 | 16.8 | 16.3 | 15.0 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 6.9 | - | 4.6 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 0.2 | - | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 6.7 | - | 4.4 | 7.6 | 7.0 |
| 5-19 percent | 8.7 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 11.1 | 8.0 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 10.4 | 7.8 |
| 20-49 percent | 10.2 | 11.6 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 9.7 | 10.8 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 8.5 |
| 50 percent or more | 13.2 | 13.1 | 11.8 | 13.3 | 20.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 12.3 | 12.0 | 11.1 | 13.2 | 18.4 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 8.1 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 8.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 9.7 | 7.8 |
| 21-34 percent | 9.2 | 11.3 | 10.5 | 8.2 | 6.5 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 9.7 | 8.1 | 6.0 |
| 35-49 percent | 10.7 | 13.7 | 10.3 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 10.2 | 12.5 | 10.1 | 9.2 | 9.2 |
| 50-74 percent | 11.7 | 16.1 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 11.0 | 14.5 | 8.3 | 9.8 | 9.0 |
| 75 percent or more | 11.2 | 9.2 | - | - | - | 0.8 | 0.6 | - | - | - | 10.4 | 8.6 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theft/larceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is $42,336,819$ public school students.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 8.1.-Percentage of public schools that reported one or more incidents of serious violent crime to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 3.0 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 6.0 | 10.3 | 6.5 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 3.1 | 8.1 | 2.7 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.9 | $\dagger$ | 1.3 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 2.0 | $\dagger$ | 3.0 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 0.4 | $\dagger$ | 0.9 |
| Middle school | 5.2 | 9.2 | 7.5 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 11.6 | 21.8 | 10.7 | 5.6 | 11.1 | 5.4 | 15.3 | 6.8 | $\dagger$ | 1.7 |
| High school | 7.6 | 20.4 | 11.6 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 12.5 | 28.0 | 21.1 | 8.0 | 5.7 | 7.9 | 31.0 | 8.0 | 4.1 | 1.3 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 2.2 | 4.2 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 4.2 | 7.5 | 3.7 | 0.9 | 7.2 | 3.1 | 7.8 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 3.6 |
| Southeast | 3.5 | 4.2 | 8.7 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 5.0 | 12.2 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 5.9 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 1.1 |
| Central | 2.9 | 7.0 | 1.3 | $\dagger$ | 3.4 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 9.4 | 2.0 | 5.8 | 2.6 | 7.6 | 2.5 | $\dagger$ | 1.3 |
| West | 3.2 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 8.2 | 13.2 | 8.0 | 6.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 9.9 | 3.7 | 1.8 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 1.3 | - | - | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.9 | - | - | 4.0 | 1.2 | 0.5 | - | - | 1.5 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 0.9 | 3.3 | 5.6 | 7.9 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 9.0 | 2.2 | 4.6 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 2.6 |
| 1,000 or more | 11.4 | 18.3 | 8.7 | 4.5 | - | 20.4 | 26.5 | 18.8 | 9.1 | - | 15.8 | 27.0 | 12.0 | 2.3 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 1.8 | - | 2.6 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 3.2 | - | 1.6 | 2.0 | 4.4 | 1.0 | - | 1.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 |
| 5-19 percent | 3.2 | 5.9 | 3.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 5.6 | 4.4 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 4.3 | 2.1 | 6.1 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.8 |
| 20-49 percent | 3.6 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 7.4 | 12.1 | 7.9 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 8.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 4.0 | 4.0 | 7.2 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 9.3 | 12.2 | 8.7 | 1.3 | 9.3 | 7.3 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 1.0 | 3.5 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 2.9 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 5.1 | 8.0 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 4.1 | 1.2 | $\dagger$ | 0.6 |
| 21-34 percent | 3.4 | 6.4 | 5.4 | $\dagger$ | 3.7 | 6.5 | 11.9 | 9.1 | 2.0 | 6.1 | 2.7 | 8.7 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 2.4 |
| 35-49 percent | 4.4 | 11.3 | 5.4 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 6.1 | 19.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 6.2 | 2.9 | 12.6 | 2.2 | 1.1 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 1.6 | 4.2 | 2.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 6.0 | 13.3 | 8.4 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 3.8 | 11.5 | 3.8 | 0.7 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 3.0 | 3.0 | - | - | - | 6.7 | 5.5 | - | - | - | 5.6 | 5.9 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 8.2-Percentage of public schools that reported one or more less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 27.8 | 30.4 | 28.2 | 31.8 | 21.3 | 30.7 | 34.5 | 28.9 | 36.1 | 24.0 | 37.8 | 40.9 | 37.3 | 43.6 | 30.1 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 12.1 | 13.3 | 14.9 | 11.2 | 8.6 | 18.8 | 21.3 | 17.4 | 23.3 | 13.7 | 30.5 | 31.6 | 31.7 | 38.5 | 20.6 |
| Middle school | 51.2 | 65.8 | 47.8 | 49.9 | 42.5 | 44.0 | 60.7 | 44.1 | 44.3 | 26.6 | 47.3 | 60.4 | 43.8 | 44.8 | 41.6 |
| High school | 55.1 | 74.3 | 63.3 | 67.2 | 35.5 | 55.2 | 69.7 | 61.2 | 61.6 | 42.5 | 51.7 | 64.8 | 54.0 | 55.8 | 42.9 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 22.8 | 20.6 | 21.8 | 28.2 | 17.9 | 26.4 | 34.7 | 20.8 | 31.1 | 20.2 | 37.0 | 37.8 | 31.4 | 45.7 | 33.0 |
| Southeast | 28.7 | 31.8 | 31.0 | 32.2 | 21.2 | 31.7 | 25.6 | 39.8 | 34.6 | 28.0 | 36.4 | 39.2 | 38.1 | 35.8 | 33.6 |
| Central | 26.4 | 26.4 | 29.5 | 34.5 | 19.5 | 25.7 | 27.8 | 22.3 | 36.7 | 19.6 | 30.3 | 35.0 | 29.7 | 30.0 | 28.1 |
| West | 31.6 | 36.9 | 31.9 | 31.6 | 25.3 | 37.6 | 44.2 | 36.7 | 41.0 | 28.0 | 46.6 | 47.5 | 50.0 | 61.7 | 28.9 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 16.6 | - | - | 15.9 | 18.0 | 17.6 | - | - | 23.8 | 19.3 | 23.4 | - | - | 26.1 | 24.6 |
| 300-999 | 26.5 | 24.2 | 23.8 | 33.1 | 24.1 | 30.5 | 28.5 | 26.6 | 37.6 | 28.6 | 40.1 | 36.6 | 38.0 | 47.8 | 37.1 |
| 1,000 or more | 67.0 | 69.7 | 61.7 | 74.3 | - | 68.0 | 75.0 | 63.3 | 64.4 | - | 61.6 | 64.5 | 61.3 | 63.7 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 22.3 | - | 22.3 | 29.3 | 17.4 | 24.2 | - | 20.1 | 32.3 | 20.3 | 29.1 | - | 27.3 | 35.7 | 24.7 |
| 5-19 percent | 27.4 | 19.6 | 30.7 | 30.0 | 25.9 | 28.1 | 21.6 | 27.2 | 35.7 | 26.2 | 40.0 | 41.2 | 45.7 | 41.4 | 26.0 |
| 20-49 percent | 31.5 | 40.9 | 26.3 | 36.8 | 21.5 | 30.5 | 30.6 | 34.5 | 31.2 | 24.2 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 33.3 | 42.1 | 39.8 |
| 50 percent or more | 31.7 | 29.3 | 32.7 | 33.0 | 37.4 | 41.3 | 43.0 | 32.5 | 47.1 | 42.1 | 46.9 | 42.9 | 39.2 | 65.3 | 51.1 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 28.9 | 27.5 | 29.6 | 38.4 | 18.4 | 30.0 | 26.4 | 29.5 | 40.8 | 21.2 | 37.3 | 40.1 | 37.6 | 40.2 | 32.0 |
| 21-34 percent | 27.3 | 32.4 | 33.0 | 26.8 | 21.4 | 24.7 | 39.2 | 21.9 | 29.5 | 15.5 | 33.6 | 45.0 | 42.4 | 38.1 | 17.7 |
| 35-49 percent | 28.3 | 48.9 | 20.8 | 30.6 | 21.2 | 34.8 | 47.2 | 35.3 | 36.5 | 27.7 | 37.9 | 56.6 | 22.3 | 40.6 | 35.8 |
| 50-74 percent | 28.0 | 33.0 | 28.5 | 29.5 | 21.6 | 31.1 | 32.1 | 31.6 | 37.2 | 23.8 | 39.2 | 32.8 | 35.4 | 49.6 | 37.1 |
| 75 percent or more | 24.8 | 23.1 | - | - | - | 35.5 | 33.5 | - | - | - | 41.6 | 39.8 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 8.3.-Number of public schools that reported one or more incidents of serious violent crime to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 2,326 | 912 | 707 | 256 | 451 | 4,695 | 1,845 | 1,230 | 580 | 1,039 | 2,389 | 1,461 | 520 | 171 | 237 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 404 | 141 | 115 | $\dagger$ | 149 | 1,108 | 499 | 254 | $\dagger$ | 355 | 395 | 239 | 53 | $\dagger$ | 103 |
| Middle school | 731 | 281 | 265 | 91 | 93 | 1,626 | 665 | 379 | 247 | 335 | 760 | 467 | 242 | $\dagger$ | 51 |
| High school | 1,192 | 491 | 328 | 164 | 209 | 1,960 | 681 | 597 | 334 | 349 | 1,235 | 755 | 226 | 171 | 83 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 333 | 124 | 112 | 36 | 61 | 627 | 224 | 203 | 36 | 165 | 468 | 233 | 116 | 36 | 82 |
| Southeast | 595 | 155 | 290 | 120 | 31 | 850 | 456 | 146 | 90 | 158 | 394 | 220 | 85 | 36 | 52 |
| Central | 661 | 327 | 61 | $\dagger$ | 273 | 1,313 | 298 | 454 | 98 | 463 | 582 | 356 | 123 | $\dagger$ | 103 |
| West | 738 | 307 | 245 | 100 | 86 | 1,904 | 868 | 427 | 356 | 253 | 946 | 652 | 196 | 98 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 255 | - | - | 68 | 154 | 383 | - | - | 187 | 135 | 101 | - | - | 68 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 1,232 | 334 | 473 | 128 | 297 | 2,804 | 1,051 | 658 | 273 | 821 | 1,123 | 619 | 194 | 73 | 237 |
| 1,000 or more | 840 | 545 | 235 | 60 | - | 1,508 | 794 | 512 | 120 | - | 1,166 | 810 | 326 | 30 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 430 | - | 97 | 66 | 247 | 773 | - | 61 | 158 | 515 | 231 | - | 61 | 36 | 133 |
| 5-19 percent | 557 | 210 | 223 | 68 | 56 | 974 | 156 | 418 | 265 | 136 | 366 | 215 | 57 | 68 | 26 |
| 20-49 percent | 636 | 341 | 116 | 62 | 117 | 1,320 | 589 | 424 | 121 | 185 | 520 | 424 | 59 | 36 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 704 | 342 | 272 | 60 | 31 | 1,628 | 1,060 | 328 | 36 | 203 | 1,273 | 822 | 344 | 30 | 78 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 531 | 123 | 244 | 66 | 98 | 946 | 218 | 359 | 261 | 108 | 222 | 110 | 86 | $\dagger$ | 26 |
| 21-34 percent | 589 | 167 | 217 | $\dagger$ | 205 | 1,120 | 308 | 368 | 100 | 344 | 473 | 226 | 77 | 36 | 133 |
| 35-49 percent | 566 | 250 | 138 | 62 | 117 | 785 | 426 | 26 | 32 | 301 | 373 | 279 | 57 | 36 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 250 | 166 | 85 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 959 | 528 | 271 | 60 | 100 | 607 | 456 | 121 | 30 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 373 | 191 | - | - | - | 844 | 349 | - | - | - | 698 | 373 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.
$\qquad$

Table 8.4.-Number of public schools that reported one or more less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 21,600 | 5,500 | 5,400 | 6,200 | 4,500 | 23,800 | 6,200 | 5,400 | 7,100 | 5,100 | 29,300 | 7,400 | 7,000 | 8,500 | 6,400 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 5,800 | 1,700 | 1,900 | 1,200 | 1,000 | 9,000 | 2,700 | 2,200 | 2,600 | 1,600 | 14,600 | 3,900 | 4,000 | 4,200 | 2,400 |
| Middle school | 7,200 | 2,000 | 1,700 | 2,200 | 1,300 | 6,200 | 1,900 | 1,600 | 1,900 | 800 | 6,600 | 1,800 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 1,300 |
| High school | 8,600 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 2,800 | 2,200 | 8,600 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 8,100 | 1,600 | 1,500 | 2,300 | 2,600 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 3,400 | 600 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 400 | 4,000 | 1,000 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 500 | 5,600 | 1,100 | 1,700 | 2,000 | 800 |
| Southeast | 4,900 | 1,200 | 1,000 | 1,600 | 1,000 | 5,400 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,700 | 1,400 | 6,200 | 1,500 | 1,300 | 1,800 | 1,700 |
| Central | 5,900 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 1,700 | 1,500 | 5,800 | 1,300 | 1,100 | 1,800 | 1,600 | 6,800 | 1,600 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 2,200 |
| West | 7,300 | 2,400 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,500 | 8,700 | 2,900 | 1,900 | 2,200 | 1,700 | 10,700 | 3,100 | 2,600 | 3,300 | 1,700 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 3,400 | - | - | 700 | 2,100 | 3,600 | - | - | 1,100 | 2,200 | 4,700 | - | - | 1,200 | 2,800 |
| 300-999 | 13,300 | 3,200 | 3,300 | 4,500 | 2,200 | 15,200 | 3,800 | 3,700 | 5,100 | 2,600 | 20,000 | 4,900 | 5,200 | 6,500 | 3,400 |
| 1,000 or more | 4,900 | 2,100 | 1,700 | 1,000 | - | 5,000 | 2,200 | 1,700 | 900 | - | 4,500 | 1,900 | 1,700 | 800 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 5,400 | - | 800 | 2,300 | 2,000 | 5,900 | - | 700 | 2,500 | 2,400 | 7,000 | - | 1,000 | 2,800 | 2,900 |
| 5-19 percent | 4,800 | 700 | 1,900 | 1,400 | 800 | 4,900 | 800 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 800 | 7,000 | 1,500 | 2,800 | 1,900 | 800 |
| 20-49 percent | 5,600 | 2,000 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 800 | 5,400 | 1,500 | 1,800 | 1,200 | 900 | 6,700 | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,600 | 1,500 |
| 50 percent or more | 5,500 | 2,500 | 1,200 | 1,000 | 800 | 7,200 | 3,700 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 900 | 8,200 | 3,700 | 1,400 | 1,900 | 1,100 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 5,300 | 700 | 2,100 | 1,800 | 800 | 5,500 | 700 | 2,100 | 1,900 | 900 | 6,900 | 1,100 | 2,600 | 1,800 | 1,300 |
| 21-34 percent | 4,700 | 800 | 1,300 | 1,400 | 1,200 | 4,300 | 1,000 | 900 | 1,500 | 900 | 5,800 | 1,200 | 1,700 | 1,900 | 1,000 |
| 35-49 percent | 3,700 | 1,100 | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 4,500 | 1,000 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 4,900 | 1,300 | 600 | 1,300 | 1,700 |
| 50-74 percent | 4,500 | 1,300 | 900 | 1,300 | 1,000 | 5,000 | 1,300 | 1,000 | 1,700 | 1,100 | 6,200 | 1,300 | 1,100 | 2,200 | 1,600 |
| 75 percent or more | 3,100 | 1,500 | - | - | - | 4,400 | 2,100 | - | - | - | 5,200 | 2,500 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 8.5.-Number of serious violent criminal incidents occurring in public schools reported to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban <br> fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 4,200 | 1,900 | 1,100 | 300 | 800 | 11,000 | 5,400 | 2,100 | 1,700 | 1,800 | 7,200 | 4,500 | 1,500 | 600 | 500 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 700 | 300 | 100 | $\dagger$ | 300 | 1,600 | 900 | 300 | $\dagger$ | 500 | 400 | 200 | 100 | $\dagger$ | 100 |
| Middle school | 1,400 | 600 | 600 | 100 | 200 | 4,100 | 2,700 | 600 | 300 | 500 | 2,300 | 1,900 | 300 | $\dagger$ | 100 |
| High school | 2,100 | 1,100 | 500 | 200 | 400 | 5,300 | 1,800 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 800 | 4,400 | 2,400 | 1,200 | 600 | 300 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 500 | 200 | 200 | $\ddagger$ | 100 | 1,100 | 600 | 300 | $\ddagger$ | 200 | 1,600 | 900 | 200 | 300 | 200 |
| Southeast | 1,200 | 400 | 500 | 200 | 200 | 1,600 | 900 | 500 | 100 | 200 | 1,300 | 300 | 700 | $\ddagger$ | 300 |
| Central | 1,200 | 600 | 100 | $\dagger$ | 500 | 4,300 | 2,400 | 500 | 200 | 1,100 | 2,100 | 1,600 | 400 | $\dagger$ | 100 |
| West | 1,300 | 700 | 400 | 100 | 100 | 3,900 | 1,600 | 700 | 1,300 | 400 | 2,200 | 1,600 | 300 | 300 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 300 | - | - | 100 | 200 | 1,400 | - | - | 1,000 | 300 | 200 | - | - | 200 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 2,000 | 600 | 700 | 100 | 600 | 5,700 | 3,300 | 700 | 300 | 1,400 | 3,000 | 1,900 | 300 | 300 | 500 |
| 1,000 or more | 1,800 | 1,300 | 500 | 100 | - | 3,900 | 2,100 | 1,300 | 400 | - | 3,900 | 2,600 | 1,300 | 100 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 700 | - | 100 | 100 | 500 | 900 | - | 100 | 200 | 600 | 300 | - | 100 | $\ddagger$ | 200 |
| 5-19 percent | 800 | 400 | 300 | 100 | 100 | 2,400 | 400 | 600 | 1,300 | 100 | 600 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 100 |
| 20-49 percent | 1,500 | 800 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 2,200 | 1,100 | 600 | 200 | 300 | 1,500 | 900 | 300 | 300 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 1,200 | 700 | 400 | 100 | $\ddagger$ | 5,400 | 3,900 | 700 | $\ddagger$ | 800 | 4,800 | 3,400 | 1,100 | 100 | 300 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 800 | 300 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 1,400 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 200 | 700 | 300 | 300 | $\dagger$ | 100 |
| 21-34 percent | 1,100 | 400 | 400 | $\dagger$ | 400 | 2,400 | 900 | 1,000 | 100 | 400 | 1,500 | 700 | 600 | $\ddagger$ | 200 |
| 35-49 percent | 1,000 | 500 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 1,500 | 1,000 | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | 400 | 900 | 500 | 100 | 300 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 600 | 400 | 200 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 2,900 | 2,300 | 500 | 100 | 100 | 2,000 | 1,700 | 200 | 100 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 600 | 400 | - | - | - | 2,700 | 900 | - | - | - | 2,000 | 1,200 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
$\ddagger$ Values are less than 50 .
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 8.6.-Number of less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents occurring in public schools reported to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural |
| Total | 187,900 | 62,100 | 54,800 | 46,300 | 24,700 | 115,500 | 39,900 | 28,300 | 29,000 | 18,300 | 98,500 | 32,700 | 22,800 | 25,700 | 17,200 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 21,500 | 2,900 | 8,300 | 7,400 | 3,000 | 19,500 | 5,700 | 6,400 | 4,600 | 2,900 | 34,800 | 9,000 | 10,800 | 10,000 | 5,000 |
| Middle school | 73,300 | 34,100 | 19,100 | 14,700 | 5,400 | 31,500 | 12,300 | 8,100 | 7,700 | 3,400 | 23,800 | 9,400 | 4,000 | 7,000 | 3,400 |
| High school | 93,100 | 25,200 | 27,400 | 24,300 | 16,300 | 64,600 | 22,000 | 13,800 | 16,700 | 12,100 | 39,900 | 14,300 | 8,000 | 8,700 | 8,900 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 29,100 | 8,800 | 12,200 | 5,000 | 3,000 | 18,100 | 4,000 | 6,000 | 5,500 | 2,600 | 17,100 | 4,400 | 4,700 | 6,700 | 1,200 |
| Southeast | 50,700 | 9,800 | 22,700 | 11,400 | 6,800 | 23,300 | 7,400 | 6,400 | 5,300 | 4,200 | 17,300 | 5,600 | 3,900 | 3,700 | 4,200 |
| Central | 45,600 | 18,300 | 8,200 | 10,900 | 8,200 | 23,000 | 7,500 | 4,200 | 6,000 | 5,300 | 18,600 | 4,400 | 3,000 | 4,400 | 6,700 |
| West | 62,500 | 25,200 | 11,700 | 19,000 | 6,700 | 51,200 | 21,100 | 11,700 | 12,200 | 6,200 | 45,500 | 18,300 | 11,200 | 10,900 | 5,000 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 15,600 | - | - | 5,800 | 8,200 | 9,900 | - | - | 3,200 | 6,100 | 12,300 | - | - | 4,200 | 6,900 |
| 300-999 | 87,900 | 27,500 | 18,400 | 27,600 | 14,500 | 51,400 | 13,500 | 9,900 | 17,400 | 10,700 | 54,000 | 15,100 | 11,600 | 17,300 | 10,000 |
| 1,000 or more | 84,400 | 34,200 | 35,300 | 12,900 | - | 54,200 | 25,900 | 18,300 | 8,400 | - | 32,200 | 16,700 | 11,000 | 4,200 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 24,300 | - | 3,100 | 11,200 | 8,300 | 21,400 | - | 3,400 | 8,100 | 8,700 | 18,700 | - | 2,400 | 7,500 | 8,100 |
| 5-19 percent | 35,600 | 5,500 | 15,600 | 10,500 | 3,900 | 29,400 | 5,800 | 10,500 | 9,500 | 3,600 | 19,700 | 3,400 | 8,000 | 6,700 | 1,600 |
| 20-49 percent | 54,000 | 16,800 | 17,500 | 13,400 | 6,200 | 25,900 | 11,000 | 8,800 | 3,000 | 3,100 | 18,500 | 7,300 | 4,000 | 3,700 | 3,400 |
| 50 percent or more | 72,600 | 38,100 | 18,500 | 9,800 | 6,200 | 34,800 | 21,500 | 5,500 | 4,900 | 2,900 | 40,400 | 21,400 | 8,500 | 6,600 | 4,000 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 40,000 | 6,400 | 16,100 | 12,900 | 4,500 | 29,500 | 7,200 | 10,100 | 8,300 | 3,900 | 19,300 | 3,600 | 7,100 | 5,500 | 3,200 |
| 21-34 percent | 34,900 | 8,800 | 13,800 | 7,300 | 5,000 | 26,100 | 7,400 | 6,200 | 8,100 | 4,400 | 17,700 | 4,700 | 4,900 | 5,600 | 2,500 |
| 35-49 percent | 33,300 | 10,700 | 8,700 | 7,200 | 6,800 | 21,600 | 6,500 | 5,100 | 5,100 | 4,900 | 14,700 | 4,400 | 1,600 | 4,000 | 4,800 |
| 50-74 percent | 45,900 | 22,900 | 9,200 | 10,100 | 3,700 | 22,400 | 10,600 | 4,500 | 4,800 | 2,500 | 20,100 | 8,000 | 2,500 | 6,400 | 3,300 |
| 75 percent or more | 28,800 | 13,200 | - | - | - | 15,800 | 8,200 | - | - | - | 25,800 | 12,000 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 8.7.-Number of serious violent criminal incidents reported to police per 1,000 public school students, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural |
| Total | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | 0.0 |
| Middle school | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.1 | $\dagger$ | 0.1 |
| High school | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Southeast | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Central | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | $\dagger$ | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.1 | $\dagger$ | 0.0 |
| West | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 0.1 | - | - | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | - | - | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | - | - | 0.2 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| 1,000 or more | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | - | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | - | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.0 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 0.1 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 5-19 percent | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| 20-49 percent | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | $\dagger$ | 0.0 |
| 21-34 percent | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | $\dagger$ | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| 35-49 percent | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 0.1 | 0.1 | - | - | - | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | - | - | 0.3 | 0.3 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is $42,336,819$ public school students. Values of 0.0 are less than 0.05 .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 8.8.-Number of less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents reported to police per 1,000 public school students, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural |
| Total | 4.4 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 1.0 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.3 |
| Middle school | 8.7 | 13.8 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| High school | 8.0 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 4.2 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
| Southeast | 4.9 | 3.6 | 8.9 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
| Central | 4.6 | 7.2 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 3.0 |
| West | 4.6 | 4.8 | 2.8 | 6.7 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 3.3 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 4.2 | - | - | 6.7 | 4.2 | 2.6 | - | - | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.3 | - | - | 4.9 | 3.6 |
| 300-999 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| 1,000 or more | 7.9 | 7.5 | 8.9 | 7.6 | - | 5.1 | 5.7 | 4.6 | 4.9 | - | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 2.5 | - | 1.6 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | - | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.0 | - | 1.2 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| 5-19 percent | 3.5 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 1.4 |
| 20-49 percent | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.3 |
| 50 percent or more | 6.0 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 8.7 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 5.6 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| 21-34 percent | 3.8 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.3 |
| 35-49 percent | 4.9 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| 50-74 percent | 5.7 | 8.0 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 3.1 |
| 75 percent or more | 4.3 | 3.4 | - | - | - | 2.3 | 2.1 | - | - | - | 3.8 | 3.1 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is $42,336,819$ public school students.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 9.1.-Number of nonfatal crimes against teachers and average annual number of crimes per 1,000 teachers at school, by type of crime and selected teacher characteristics: Aggregated from 1995 to 1999

|  | Total crimes from 1995 to 1999 |  |  |  | Average annual number of crimes per 1,000 teachers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent |
| Total | 1,707,800 | 1,073,200 | 634,700 | 68,700 | 79 | 50 | 29 | 3 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary | 599,200 | 424,000 | 175,200 | 41,100 | 53 | 38 | 16 | 4 |
| Middle/junior high | 516,800 | 284,600 | 232,200 | 15,300 ${ }^{1}$ | 119 | 66 | 54 | $4^{1}$ |
| Senior high | 591,900 | 364,600 | 227,300 | 12,300 ${ }^{1}$ | 99 | 61 | 38 | $2^{1}$ |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 501,300 | 229,300 | 272,100 | 27,400 | 95 | 43 | 51 | 5 |
| Female | 1,206,500 | 843,900 | 362,600 | 41,300 | 74 | 52 | 22 | 3 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 1,451,500 | 913,300 | 538,200 | 56,100 | 82 | 52 | 30 | 3 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 119,700 | 77,600 | 42,200 | 12,600 ${ }^{1}$ | 59 | 38 | 21 | $6{ }^{1}$ |
| Hispanic | 112,500 | 63,200 | 49,200 | $\dagger$ | 92 | 52 | 40 | $\dagger$ |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 7,900 ${ }^{1}$ | 7,900 ${ }^{1}$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $24^{1}$ | $24^{1}$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Urbanicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 969,200 | 582,200 | 387,000 | 37,500 | 97 | 58 | 39 | 4 |
| Suburban | 474,600 | 325,400 | 149,200 | 19,600 ${ }^{1}$ | 70 | 48 | 22 | $3^{1}$ |
| Rural | 205,000 | 127,500 | 77,600 | 7,400 ${ }^{1}$ | 54 | 34 | 20 | $2^{1}$ |

[^3]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1995 to 1999.

Table 10.1.- Percentage and number of teachers who reported that they were threatened with injury or that they were physically attacked by a student during the past 12 months, by urbanicity and selected teacher and school characteristics: 1993-94 school year

| Selected characteristics | Teachers threatened with injury by a student |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Teachers physically attacked by a student |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Central city | Urban fringe/ large town | Small town/ rural | Total | Central city |  | Small town/ rural | Total | Central city |  | Small town/ rural | Total | Central city |  | Small town/ rural |
| Total | 11.7 | 15.1 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 341,000 | 132,100 | 99,600 | 109,300 | 4.1 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 119,200 | 48,100 | 37,000 | 34,100 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 14.7 | 19.5 | 14.0 | 11.8 | 115,900 | 45,100 | 33,800 | 37,000 | 3.9 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 30,800 | 13,500 | 8,800 | 8,500 |
| Female | 10.5 | 13.5 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 225,100 | 87,000 | 65,800 | 72,400 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 88,400 | 34,600 | 28,200 | 25,700 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 11.5 | 15.4 | 10.5 | 9.9 | 294,300 | 103,900 | 88,400 | 102,000 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 102,700 | 37,900 | 32,800 | 32,000 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 11.9 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 8.5 | 23,600 | 14,600 | 5,300 | 3,700 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 7,700 | 4,800 | 1,900 | 1,000 |
| Hispanic | 13.1 | 15.3 | 10.6 | 10.1 | 15,800 | 10,200 | 3,400 | 2,200 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 6,100 | 4,200 | 1,300 | 500 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 13.4 | 16.9 | 13.0 | 9.4 | 7,300 | 3,300 | 2,500 | 1,400 | 5.2 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 3.6 | 2,800 | 1,200 | 1,000 | 500 |
| Teacher level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary | 8.7 | 11.7 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 133,600 | 56,300 | 35,900 | 41,400 | 4.9 | 6.5 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 75,400 | 31,100 | 22,400 | 22,000 |
| Secondary | 15.0 | 19.3 | 14.2 | 12.5 | 207,400 | 75,800 | 63,700 | 67,900 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 43,800 | 17,000 | 14,600 | 12,200 |
| Control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 12.8 | 17.8 | 11.6 | 10.2 | 325,400 | 126,800 | 92,600 | 106,000 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 110,700 | 45,100 | 32,900 | 32,600 |
| Private | 4.2 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 15,600 | 5,300 | 7,000 | 3,300 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 8,500 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 1,500 |

[^4]Table 11.1.-Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported carrying a weapon on school property at least 1 day in the past 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 11.8 | 9.8 | 8.5 | 6.9 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 17.9 | 14.3 | 12.5 | 11.0 |
| Female | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 2.8 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 11.6 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 6.5 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 5.0 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 9.3 |
| White | § | § | § | 6.4 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 11.4 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 7.9 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 12.6 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 7.2 |
| 10th | 11.5 | 10.4 | 7.7 | 6.6 |
| 11th | 11.9 | 10.2 | 9.4 | 7.0 |
| 12th | 10.8 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 6.2 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

| Table 11.2-Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported carrying a weapon anywhere at least 1 day in the past 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 22.1 | 20.0 | 18.3 | 17.3 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 34.3 | 31.1 | 27.7 | 28.6 |
| Female | 9.2 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 6.0 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 21.8 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 13.0 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 17.2 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 25.3 |
| White | § | § | § | 16.4 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 22.2 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 18.7 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 25.5 | 22.6 | 22.6 | 17.6 |
| 10th | 21.4 | 21.1 | 17.4 | 18.7 |
| 11th | 21.5 | 20.3 | 18.2 | 16.1 |
| 12th | 19.9 | 16.1 | 15.4 | 15.9 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather, students are simply asked during the past 30 days, on how many days they carried a weapon.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

Table 121.-Percentage of students ages 12 through 18 who reported fearing being attacked or harmed at school or on the way to and from school during the previous 6 months, by selected student characteristics: 1989, 1995, and 1999

|  | Feared attack or harm at school ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Feared attack or harm on the way to and from school ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | $1989{ }^{2}$ | 1995 | 1999 | $1989{ }^{2}$ | 1995 | 1999 |
| Total | 5.5 | 8.6 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 3.9 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 5.7 | 8.3 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 3.4 |
| Female | 5.4 | 8.9 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 7.9 | 4.5 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 4.4 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 2.1 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 6.8 | 13.4 | 9.0 | 7.9 | 13.1 | 8.2 |
| Hispanic | 11.4 | 15.5 | 8.1 | 10.1 | 13.4 | 7.6 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 8.0 | 9.4 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 8.2 | 3.8 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6th | 8.8 | 11.8 | 9.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 4.7 |
| 7th | 9.4 | 11.0 | 7.5 | 6.4 | 8.9 | 4.7 |
| 8th | 5.4 | 9.2 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 6.9 | 3.8 |
| 9th | 5.0 | 9.1 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 3.6 |
| 10th | 5.0 | 7.5 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 6.3 | 4.4 |
| 11th | 3.4 | 5.8 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 5.5 | 3.0 |
| 12th | 2.5 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 4.2 | 3.2 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 7.5 | 12.3 | 7.3 | 8.2 | 11.7 | 7.5 |
| Suburban | 4.8 | 7.4 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 2.9 |
| Rural | 4.8 | 7.0 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| Control |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 5.9 | 9.1 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 4.0 |
| Private | 1.7 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 2.8 |

[^5]NOTE: Comparisons between the 1989 data and the 1995 and 1999 data should be made with caution due to changes in the questionnaire. See appendix B for details. "At school" means in the school building, on the school grounds, or on a school bus. Population sizes are $21,554,000$ students ages 12 through 19 in $1989,23,601,000$ students ages 12 through 18 in 1995 , and $24,614,000$ students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1989, 1995, and 1999.

| Student characteristics | 1989* | 1995 | 1999 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 5.1 | 8.7 | 4.6 |
| Gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 5.1 | 8.8 | 4.6 |
| Female | 5.1 | 8.5 | 4.6 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 4.5 | 7.1 | 3.8 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 6.8 | 12.1 | 6.7 |
| Hispanic | 6.5 | 12.9 | 6.2 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 6.3 | 11.1 | 5.4 |
| Grade |  |  |  |
| 6th | 6.9 | 11.6 | 5.9 |
| 7th | 7.7 | 11.8 | 6.1 |
| 8th | 4.7 | 8.8 | 5.5 |
| 9th | 6.0 | 9.5 | 5.3 |
| 10th | 4.3 | 7.8 | 4.7 |
| 11th | 3.4 | 6.9 | 2.5 |
| 12th | 3.3 | 4.1 | 2.4 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |
| Urban | 6.9 | 11.7 | 5.8 |
| Suburban | 4.1 | 7.9 | 4.7 |
| Rural | 5.1 | 7.0 | 3.0 |
| Control |  |  |  |
| Public | 5.4 | 9.3 | 5.0 |
| Private | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.6 |

[^6]NOTE: Comparisons between the 1989 data and the 1995 and 1999 data should be made with caution due to changes in the questionnaire. See appendix B for details. Places include the entrance into the school, any hallways or stairs in the school, parts of the school cafeteria, any school restrooms, and other places inside the school building. Population sizes are $21,554,000$ students ages 12 through 19 in 1989, 23,601,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1995, and 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1989, 1995, and 1999.

```
Table 14.1.-Percentage of students ages }12\mathrm{ through }18\mathrm{ who reported being targets of hate-related words or who saw hate-related graffiti at school during the previous 6 months, by selected student characteristics: 1999
```

| Student characteristics | Hate-related words | Hate-related graffiti |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 13.2 | 36.3 |
| Gender |  |  |
| Male | 12.3 | 33.8 |
| Female | 14.3 | 38.9 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 12.6 | 36.4 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 16.5 | 37.6 |
| Hispanic | 12.1 | 35.6 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 15.5 | 32.2 |
| Grade |  |  |
| 6th | 13.0 | 30.3 |
| 7th | 15.7 | 34.9 |
| 8th | 16.0 | 35.6 |
| 9th | 13.2 | 39.2 |
| 10th | 11.8 | 38.9 |
| 11th | 10.5 | 37.0 |
| 12th | 11.7 | 35.6 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |
| Urban | 14.0 | 37.0 |
| Suburban | 13.3 | 37.3 |
| Rural | 12.2 | 32.7 |
| Control |  |  |
| Public | 13.8 | 38.0 |
| Private | 8.1 | 20.7 |

[^7]| Student characteristics | 1989* | 1995 | 1999 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 15.3 | 28.5 | 17.3 |
| Gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 15.8 | 29.1 | 17.5 |
| Female | 14.8 | 27.9 | 17.1 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 11.7 | 23.1 | 13.1 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 19.8 | 35.2 | 24.7 |
| Hispanic | 31.6 | 50.2 | 28.3 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 25.4 | 31.6 | 17.9 |
| Grade |  |  |  |
| 6th | 10.3 | 15.7 | 9.2 |
| 7th | 16.6 | 26.5 | 12.0 |
| 8th | 13.6 | 28.8 | 12.9 |
| 9th | 19.6 | 32.4 | 22.7 |
| 10th | 16.0 | 33.6 | 22.1 |
| 11th | 15.3 | 30.3 | 19.6 |
| 12th | 14.2 | 27.3 | 20.0 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |
| Urban | 24.8 | 40.7 | 25.1 |
| Suburban | 14.0 | 26.4 | 15.8 |
| Rural | 7.8 | 20.1 | 11.1 |
| Control |  |  |  |
| Public | 16.4 | 30.7 | 18.6 |
| Private | 4.4 | 6.9 | 4.4 |

[^8]Table 16.1.-Percentage and number of public schools that reported that 1 or more of 17 discipline issues* was a serious problem in their school, by urbanicity and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Percent |  |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 16.0 | 18.6 | 14.1 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 12,400 | 3,300 | 2,700 | 3,100 | 3,300 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 8.4 | 11.7 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 9.1 | 4,100 | 1,500 | 800 | 700 | 1,100 |
| Middle school | 18.4 | 23.8 | 15.2 | 18.5 | 16.6 | 2,600 | 700 | 500 | 800 | 500 |
| High school | 36.9 | 47.3 | 46.1 | 37.9 | 28.0 | 5,800 | 1,200 | 1,300 | 1,600 | 1,700 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 13.2 | 22.5 | 9.5 | 13.8 | 8.8 | 2,000 | 700 | 500 | 600 | 200 |
| Southeast | 18.4 | 18.7 | 15.3 | 20.1 | 18.5 | 3,100 | 700 | 500 | 1,000 | 900 |
| Central | 13.6 | 12.2 | 16.2 | 15.0 | 11.9 | 3,100 | 600 | 800 | 800 | 900 |
| West | 18.3 | 21.2 | 16.3 | 13.7 | 21.1 | 4,300 | 1,400 | 900 | 700 | 1,200 |
| School size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 9.5 | 10.0 | $\dagger$ | 8.0 | 12.0 | 1,900 | 200 | $\dagger$ | 400 | 1,400 |
| 300-999 | 15.4 | 15.4 | 11.8 | 16.3 | 19.6 | 7,700 | 2,100 | 1,600 | 2,200 | 1,800 |
| 1,000 or more | 37.6 | 37.4 | 38.3 | 37.2 | 34.7 | 2,800 | 1,100 | 1,000 | 500 | 100 |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 10.3 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 13.8 | 9.4 | 2,500 | $\ddagger$ | 300 | 1,100 | 1,100 |
| 5-19 percent | 17.3 | 15.2 | 16.5 | 21.2 | 15.3 | 3,000 | 500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 500 |
| 20-49 percent | 17.0 | 17.5 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 26.2 | 3,000 | 900 | 700 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 50 percent or more | 21.7 | 21.8 | 18.9 | 16.4 | 33.1 | 3,800 | 1,900 | 700 | 500 | 700 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 13.1 | 15.7 | 11.8 | 17.4 | 9.0 | 2,400 | 400 | 800 | 800 | 400 |
| 21-34 percent | 15.6 | 22.9 | 17.0 | 15.4 | 11.4 | 2,700 | 600 | 700 | 800 | 600 |
| 35-49 percent | 19.0 | 28.5 | 1.9 | 23.1 | 21.0 | 2,500 | 600 | $\ddagger$ | 800 | 1,000 |
| 50-74 percent | 16.0 | 14.0 | 25.4 | 9.3 | 17.8 | 2,600 | 600 | 800 | 400 | 800 |
| 75 percent or more | 17.5 | 17.6 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 23.8 | 2,200 | 1,100 | 300 | 300 | 500 |

*Student tardiness, student absenteeism/class cutting, physical conflicts among students, robbery or theft of items worth over $\$ 10$, vandalism of school property, student alcohol use, student drug use, sale of drugs on school grounds, student tobacco use, student possession of weapons, trespassing, verbal abuse of teachers, physical abuse of teachers, teacher absenteeism, teacher alcohol or drug use, racial tensions, and gangs.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
$\ddagger$ Values are less than 50.
NOTE: "At school" was not defined for the questionnaire respondent. Population size is 78,000 public schools. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100 .
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table 17.1.-Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported using alcohol in the last 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | Anywhere |  |  |  | On school property |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 48.0 | 51.6 | 50.8 | 50.0 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 4.9 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 50.1 | 53.2 | 53.3 | 52.3 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.1 |
| Female | 45.9 | 49.9 | 47.8 | 47.7 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 49.4 | § | § | § | 7.8 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 25.7 | § | § | § | 2.0 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 39.9 | § | § | § | 4.3 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 60.8 | § | § | § | 6.7 |
| White | § | § | § | 52.5 | § | § | § | 4.8 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 51.1 | § | § | § | 5.2 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 52.8 | § | § | § | 7.0 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 40.5 | 45.6 | 44.2 | 40.6 | 5.2 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 4.4 |
| 10th | 44.0 | 49.5 | 47.2 | 49.7 | 4.7 | 5.9 | 4.6 | 5.0 |
| 11th | 49.7 | 53.7 | 53.2 | 50.9 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 4.7 |
| 12th | 56.4 | 56.5 | 57.3 | 61.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.0 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents. The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather students are simply asked during the past 30 days, on how many days did they have at least one drink of alcohol.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

Table 18.1.-Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported using marijuana in the last 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | Anywhere |  |  |  | On school property |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 17.7 | 25.3 | 26.2 | 26.7 | 5.6 | 8.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 20.6 | 28.4 | 30.2 | 30.8 | 7.8 | 11.9 | 9.0 | 10.1 |
| Female | 14.6 | 22.0 | 21.4 | 22.6 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 36.2 | § | § | § | 8.9 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 13.5 | § | § | § | 4.3 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 26.4 | § | § | § | 7.2 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 33.8 | § | § | § | 11.0 |
| White | § | § | § | 26.4 | § | § | § | 6.5 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 29.1 | § | § | § | 7.8 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 28.2 | § | § | § | 10.7 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 13.2 | 20.9 | 23.6 | 21.7 | 4.4 | 8.7 | 8.1 | 6.6 |
| 10th | 16.5 | 25.5 | 25.0 | 27.8 | 6.5 | 9.8 | 6.4 | 7.6 |
| 11th | 18.4 | 27.6 | 29.3 | 26.7 | 6.5 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 7.0 |
| 12th | 22.0 | 26.2 | 26.6 | 31.5 | 5.1 | 8.0 | 5.7 | 7.3 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents. The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather, students are simply asked how many times during the past 30 days they used marijuana.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

Table 19.1.-Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported that drugs were made available to them on school property during the last 12 months, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 24.0 | 32.1 | 31.7 | 30.2 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 28.5 | 38.8 | 37.4 | 34.7 |
| Female | 19.1 | 24.8 | 24.7 | 25.7 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 30.6 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 25.7 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 25.3 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 46.9 |
| White | § | § | § | 28.8 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 36.0 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 36.9 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 21.8 | 31.1 | 31.4 | 27.6 |
| 10th | 23.7 | 35.0 | 33.4 | 32.1 |
| 11th | 27.5 | 32.8 | 33.2 | 31.1 |
| 12th | 23.0 | 29.1 | 29.0 | 30.5 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

## Standard Error Tables

## THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Table 52.1.-Standard errors for table 21: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring at school or on the way to or from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999

|  | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 198,370 | 153,120 | 100,850 | 40,700 | 162,900 | 120,580 | 88,770 | 35,470 | 145,100 | 107,810 | 78,580 | 32,520 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 144,430 | 107,630 | 79,880 | 34,510 | 114,440 | 82,460 | 66,440 | 26,230 | 100,210 | 73,110 | 57,220 | 24,820 |
| Female | 111,330 | 91,740 | 51,360 | 19,040 | 95,770 | 74,610 | 49,550 | 21,540 | 87,190 | 67,350 | 45,770 | 18,780 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 135,560 | 100,080 | 76,430 | 33,310 | 112,960 | 81,110 | 65,960 | 26,410 | 101,110 | 72,440 | 59,200 | 24,910 |
| 15-18 | 121,170 | 99,660 | 55,740 | 20,810 | 97,400 | 76,030 | 50,130 | 21,330 | 86,220 | 68,050 | 43,440 | 18,690 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 164,190 | 127,990 | 83,030 | 30,630 | 135,350 | 101,090 | 73,570 | 26,900 | 116,160 | 88,490 | 61,210 | 23,330 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 57,210 | 42,280 | 34,270 | 20,530 | 47,520 | 35,070 | 28,380 | 17,650 | 44,500 | 32,380 | 27,000 | 12,760 |
| Hispanic | 45,580 | 35,360 | 25,710 | 11,920 ${ }^{2}$ | 37,350 | 27,330 | 22,930 | 9,000 | 38,500 | 27,080 | 24,620 | 13,900 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 26,190 | 24,010 | $9,350^{2}$ | $\dagger$ | 17,940 | 14,860 | 9,260 | $3,930^{2}$ | 17,370 | 13,690 | 9,880 | $5,570^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 86,020 | 66,450 | 46,580 | 24,050 | 69,720 | 50,180 | 41,960 | 18,990 | 62,530 | 43,640 | 39,100 | 20,320 |
| Suburban | 133,300 | 104,970 | 67,150 | 26,630 | 109,610 | 84,200 | 57,610 | 22,360 | 98,030 | 74,090 | 53,010 | 21,370 |
| Rural | 75,950 | 58,570 | 41,650 | $13,920^{2}$ | 62,430 | 46,010 | 36,640 | 15,660 | 54,610 | 44,040 | 27,320 | 8,580 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 41,070 | 28,830 | 26,810 | 12,280 ${ }^{2}$ | 31,820 | 19,530 | 23,470 | 9,520 | 23,720 | 15,970 | 16,330 | 10,320 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 48,700 | 35,910 | 29,600 | 14,670 ${ }^{2}$ | 37,650 | 28,210 | 22,340 | 10,960 | 32,500 | 24,940 | 18,620 | 6,310 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 55,070 | 36,220 | 37,820 | 17,480 | 46,480 | 32,730 | 29,550 | 10,900 | 41,700 | 31,930 | 23,540 | 10,820 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 60,640 | 48,610 | 31,440 | 9,530 ${ }^{2}$ | 56,670 | 45,480 | 28,840 | 10,990 | 45,410 | 32,000 | 28,670 | 12,190 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 78,940 | 65,880 | 36,360 | 14,740 ${ }^{2}$ | 56,010 | 42,450 | 31,740 | 14,090 | 52,950 | 40,630 | 29,250 | 11,630 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 62,170 | 54,390 | 25,270 | 7,970 ${ }^{2}$ | 54,430 | 43,170 | 28,480 | 12,010 | 49,760 | 37,960 | 27,910 | 11,970 |
| \$75,000 or more | 52,490 | 41,320 | 28,530 | 13,110 ${ }^{2}$ | 41,750 | 35,070 | 19,540 | 7,920 ${ }^{2}$ | 38,870 | 32,060 | 19,010 | 7,080 ${ }^{2}$ |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table S21.-Standard errors for table 2.1: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring at school or on the way to or from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 137,010 | 102,220 | 73,970 | 26,320 | 135,320 | 102,390 | 71,600 | 27,750 | 135,390 | 93,670 | 71,460 | 27,750 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 96,800 | 71,360 | 54,550 | 20,680 | 95,130 | 68,170 | 56,080 | 21,930 | 89,920 | 64,160 | 55,150 | 22,070 |
| Female | 80,210 | 61,890 | 42,460 | 14,670 | 80,010 | 65,630 | 37,320 | 15,310 | 75,780 | 60,210 | 39,470 | 15,420 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 98,330 | 70,630 | 57,480 | 20,770 | 93,650 | 68,770 | 53,370 | 17,970 | 85,940 | 61,180 | 52,980 | 20,300 |
| 15-18 | 78,500 | 62,680 | 38,910 | 14,570 | 81,630 | 65,020 | 40,680 | 19,680 | 80,080 | 63,220 | 42,090 | 17,580 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 111,780 | 84,240 | 60,170 | 18,890 | 108,940 | 83,240 | 57,530 | 19,010 | 102,130 | 75,950 | 58,740 | 21,130 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 39,410 | 28,680 | 24,110 | 11,970 | 39,340 | 31,920 | 20,030 | 11,590 | 40,350 | 30,880 | 23,430 | 10,460 ${ }^{2}$ |
| Hispanic | 35,400 | 26,300 | 21,190 | 9,840 | 37,610 | 26,330 | 24,290 | 12,440 | 33,330 | 24,680 | 20,560 | 10,980 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 17,830 | 15,500 | 8,020 | $4,770^{2}$ | 19,190 | 15,360 | 10,590 | $5,730^{2}$ | 19,580 | 17,210 | 8,580 ${ }^{2}$ | $4,050^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 59,070 | 44,260 | 33,640 | 16,410 | 62,800 | 46,360 | 36,550 | 17,860 | 60,360 | 45,120 | 35,480 | 17,730 |
| Suburban | 94,130 | 70,700 | 51,590 | 16,240 | 91,550 | 68,980 | 50,180 | 17,780 | 86,960 | 63,680 | 51,590 | 19,080 |
| Rural | 49,870 | 38,530 | 27,350 | 9,390 | 46,730 | 39,300 | 21,450 | $7,770^{2}$ | 44,120 | 35,980 | 22,560 | $5,860^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 20,400 | 11,900 | 15,770 | 8,460 | 20,970 | 16,440 | 11,960 | 6,060 ${ }^{2}$ | 17,530 | 12,010 | 12,140 | 3,680 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 30,290 | 22,200 | 18,680 | 9,650 | 29,740 | 22,030 | 18,140 | 8,500 | 31,700 | 23,140 | 19,780 | 7,230 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 39,110 | 29,710 | 22,470 | $7,800^{2}$ | 40,040 | 28,880 | 24,830 | 12,540 | 39,190 | 29,360 | 23,210 | 10,260 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 43,830 | 32,840 | 25,530 | 10,540 | 40,760 | 30,400 | 24,100 | 9,730 | 40,860 | 31,200 | 23,400 | 8,730 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 50,240 | 38,410 | 28,050 | 9,560 | 48,990 | 37,630 | 27,270 | 11,070 | 45,400 | 31,440 | 29,420 | 12,720 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 47,650 | 37,630 | 25,180 | 9,490 | 48,750 | 39,110 | 24,990 | 9,570 | 47,280 | 37,860 | 24,490 | 11,050 |
| \$75,000 or more | 41,730 | 33,600 | 21,430 | $5,820^{2}$ | 40,500 | 34,290 | 18,480 | 6,620 ${ }^{2}$ | 44,580 | 35,320 | 23,710 | 9,100 ${ }^{2}$ |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table S21.-Standard errors for table 2.1: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring at school or on the way to or from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 149,930 | 103,930 | 85,310 | 33,210 | 125,980 | 95,930 | 66,490 | 26,370 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 102,780 | 68,310 | 63,240 | 23,850 | 86,840 | 65,080 | 47,860 | 19,710 |
| Female | 86,560 | 64,680 | 45,950 | 20,230 | 76,970 | 60,260 | 39,490 | 15,730 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 100,100 | 65,870 | 62,380 | 25,550 | 89,160 | 66,440 | 49,540 | 21,240 |
| 15-18 | 89,430 | 67,140 | 46,960 | 18,240 | 74,430 | 58,820 | 37,560 | 13,790 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 115,070 | 79,760 | 66,740 | 25,070 | 99,010 | 76,300 | 51,640 | 18,070 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 48,030 | 34,220 | 28,740 | 12,790 | 43,570 | 32,050 | 25,760 | 13,830 |
| Hispanic | 37,920 | 27,680 | 22,380 | 11,960 | 30,990 | 24,330 | 16,850 | 8,830 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 19,930 | 15,470 | 11,240 | $3,770^{2}$ | 17,860 | 14,270 | 9,760 | $3,950^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 70,950 | 50,520 | 41,210 | 19,210 | 56,790 | 45,230 | 28,710 | 14,450 |
| Suburban | 93,090 | 65,960 | 53,270 | 18,380 | 85,820 | 63,790 | 47,970 | 19,630 |
| Rural | 52,210 | 35,890 | 32,470 | 14,720 | 45,280 | 35,740 | 23,710 | $5,720^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 23,100 | 15,760 | 15,350 | 8,150 ${ }^{2}$ | 18,030 | 11,500 | 13,040 | $7,110^{2}$ |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 32,410 | 18,830 | 24,110 | 9,940 ${ }^{2}$ | 23,220 | 17,310 | 14,010 | 5,040 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 45,740 | 30,430 | 29,780 | 10,800 | 33,880 | 26,170 | 18,840 | 9,130 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 40,490 | 26,530 | 26,990 | 13,370 | 31,360 | 24,810 | 16,780 | 4,060 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 41,210 | 32,130 | 21,690 | 9,350 ${ }^{2}$ | 43,720 | 32,810 | 25,070 | 8,610 ${ }^{2}$ |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 50,130 | 37,300 | 28,090 | 12,330 | 44,220 | 33,070 | 25,490 | 13,170 |
| \$75,000 or more | 47,320 | 37,070 | 24,360 | 8,700 ${ }^{2}$ | 47,220 | 41,010 | 19,150 | 9,300 ${ }^{2}$ |

$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, or on the way to or from school. Standard errors are rounded to the nearest 10.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

| Student characteristics | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent $^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent $^{1}$ |
| Total | 7.2 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 1.3 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 10.0 | 7.9 | 6.1 | 2.8 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 2.0 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 1.9 |
| Female | 8.6 | 7.3 | 4.3 | 1.6 | 7.0 | 5.7 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 1.5 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 10.6 | 8.3 | 6.6 | 3.0 | 8.4 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 2.3 | 7.4 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 2.1 |
| 15-18 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 4.1 | 1.6 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 1.3 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 8.7 | 7.1 | 4.8 | 1.9 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 1.6 | 5.8 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 1.3 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 13.3 | 10.2 | 8.4 | 5.2 | 10.7 | 8.2 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 10.0 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 3.2 |
| Hispanic | 15.6 | 12.5 | 9.4 | $4.5{ }^{2}$ | 11.9 | 9.1 | 7.7 |  |  | 8.0 | 7.4 | 4.3 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 27.5 | 25.5 | $10.6{ }^{2}$ | $\dagger$ | 18.2 | 15.4 | 9.9 | $4.3{ }^{2}$ | 16.5 | 13.4 | 9.9 | $5.7{ }^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 12.1 | 9.7 | 7.1 | 3.8 |  | 6.9 | 5.9 |  | 8.0 | 5.9 | 5.4 |  |
| Suburban | 9.8 | 8.1 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 8.0 | 6.4 | 4.6 | 1.9 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 1.7 |
| Rural | 11.7 | 9.4 | 6.9 | $2.4{ }^{2}$ | 8.9 | 6.8 | 5.6 | 2.5 | 7.6 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 1.3 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 18.3 | 13.4 | 12.6 | $6.0^{2}$ | 13.9 | 9.0 | 10.7 | 4.5 | 11.4 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 5.3 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 14.6 | 11.2 | 9.4 | $4.8{ }^{2}$ | 12.3 | 9.6 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 10.8 | 8.6 | 6.6 | $2.3{ }^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 14.8 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 5.2 | 11.5 | 8.6 | 7.8 | 3.0 | 10.1 | 8.0 | 6.1 | 2.9 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 15.1 | 12.5 | 8.4 | $2.7{ }^{2}$ | 13.2 | 11.1 | 7.4 | 3.0 | 11.2 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 3.4 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 15.9 | 13.8 | 8.2 | $3.4{ }^{2}$ | 11.4 | 9.1 | 7.0 | 3.3 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 2.5 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 16.0 | 14.4 | 7.2 | $2.3{ }^{2}$ | 12.5 | 10.4 | 7.2 | 3.2 | 10.7 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 2.9 |
| \$75,000 or more | 23.9 | 19.9 | 14.5 | $7.0^{2}$ | 17.0 | 14.8 | 8.9 | $3.7{ }^{2}$ | 13.7 | 11.8 | 7.4 | $2.9{ }^{2}$ |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

| Student characteristics | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent $^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 4.6 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 1.0 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 6.3 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 1.5 | 6.2 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 1.6 |
| Female | 5.7 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 1.2 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 7.1 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 1.8 | 7.0 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 6.6 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 1.7 |
| 15-18 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 5.6 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 1.2 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 8.8 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 2.9 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 9.0 | 7.1 | 5.5 | $2.5{ }^{2}$ |
| Hispanic | 9.7 | 7.5 | 6.1 | 2.9 | 9.7 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 3.5 | 8.5 | 6.5 |  |  |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 15.4 | 13.6 | 7.3 | $4.4{ }^{2}$ | 16.4 | 13.5 | 9.5 | $5.3{ }^{2}$ | 15.7 | 13.9 | $7.2^{2}$ | $3.5^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 7.4 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 2.3 |
| Suburban | 6.5 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 6.1 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 6.0 | 4.5 | 3.7 | 1.4 |
| Rural | 7.3 | 5.8 | 4.2 | 1.5 | 7.3 | 6.3 | 3.6 | $1.3{ }^{2}$ | 7.1 | 5.9 | 3.8 | $1.0^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 10.9 | 6.6 | 8.7 | 4.8 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 7.3 | $3.8{ }^{2}$ | 12.2 | 8.6 | 8.7 | $2.7{ }^{2}$ |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 9.9 | 7.5 | 6.4 |  | 9.9 | 7.6 | 6.3 | 3.0 | 10.7 | 8.1 | 7.0 | $2.7{ }^{2}$ |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 10.3 | 8.2 | 6.4 | $2.3{ }^{2}$ | 10.2 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 3.5 | 10.4 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 3.0 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 10.9 | 8.6 | 6.9 | 3.0 | 10.8 | 8.4 | 6.8 | 2.9 | 10.7 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 2.5 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 9.3 | 7.4 | 5.6 | 2.0 | 9.5 | 7.6 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 9.2 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 2.8 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 10.1 | 8.3 | 5.8 | 2.3 | 10.0 | 8.3 | 5.5 | 2.2 | 9.3 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 2.4 |
| \$75,000 or more | 12.6 | 10.6 | 7.1 | $2.0{ }^{2}$ | 11.5 | 10.0 | 5.7 | $2.1{ }^{2}$ | 10.9 | 9.0 | 6.3 | $2.5{ }^{2}$ |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

| Student characteristics | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 4.8 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 1.0 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 6.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 1.4 |
| Female | 5.7 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 1.2 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 6.7 | 5.2 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| 15-18 | 5.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 0.9 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 5.6 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 1.9 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 1.0 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 9.7 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 9.5 | 7.3 | 6.0 | 3.3 |
| Hispanic | 9.0 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 4.4 | 7.3 | 5.9 | 4.1 | $2.2$ |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 15.4 | 12.3 | 9.0 | $5.5{ }^{2}$ | 13.9 | 11.3 | 7.9 | $3.2{ }^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 8.3 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 7.1 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 1.9 |
| Suburban | 6.0 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 |
| Rural | 7.0 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 7.7 | 6.2 | 4.2 | $1.1{ }^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 16.8 | 10.6 | 13.0 | $8.5{ }^{2}$ |  | 10.0 |  | $6.3{ }^{2}$ |
| $\$ 7,500-14,999$ | 13.3 | 9.0 | 10.0 | $5.2{ }^{2}$ | 10.3 | 7.9 | 6.5 | $2.4{ }^{2}$ |
| $\$ 15,000-24,999$ | 11.4 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 5.1 | 9.8 | 7.8 | 5.8 | $2.8{ }^{2}$ |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 10.7 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 8.9 | 7.2 | 5.0 | $1.2{ }^{2}$ |
| \$35,000-49,999 | $9.3$ | $7.2$ | 5.7 | 3.7 | 9.7 | 7.5 | 5.9 | $2.1{ }^{2}$ |
| $\$ 50,000-74,999$ | 8.7 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 3.3 | 9.0 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 2.92 |
| \$75,000 or more | 9.2 | 6.9 | 5.6 | $3.1{ }^{2}$ | 9.2 | 8.1 | 4.0 | $2.0^{2}$ |

$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, or on the way to or from school. Population sizes are 23,740,295 students ages 12 through 18 in 1992; 24,557,779 in 1993; $25,326,989$ in $1994 ; 25,715,220$ in 1995; $26,151,364$ in 1996; $26,548,142$ in $1997 ; 26,806,268$ in 1998; and 27,012,660 in 1999.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

Table S23.-Standard errors for table 23: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999

|  | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 193,820 | 123,910 | 127,290 | 78,020 | 152,470 | 98,100 | 99,400 | 64,490 | 134,190 | 82,740 | 89,860 | 56,760 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 140,430 | 92,750 | 90,880 | 56,450 | 109,140 | 71,190 | 71,480 | 48,610 | 95,760 | 58,520 | 65,980 | 43,260 |
| Female | 109,740 | 68,810 | 75,630 | 47,110 | 87,720 | 56,990 | 58,420 | 36,460 | 76,340 | 49,480 | 50,640 | 31,880 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 106,380 | 73,970 | 66,140 | 41,110 | 80,910 | 55,260 | 51,410 | 33,710 | 68,930 | 45,640 | 45,090 | 26,970 |
| 15-18 | 143,320 | 88,270 | 98,850 | 61,410 | 114,950 | 72,680 | 77,330 | 50,810 | 102,070 | 61,870 | 70,520 | 47,000 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 154,560 | 101,040 | 100,510 | 57,770 | 119,490 | 76,560 | 79,230 | 47,240 | 104,620 | 65,720 | 69,990 | 41,250 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 58,550 | 38,950 | 39,640 | 29,570 | 52,300 | 35,170 | 34,720 | 27,310 | 42,100 | 26,870 | 29,410 | 22,690 |
| Hispanic | 52,580 | 32,420 | 38,210 | 26,400 | 40,170 | 26,850 | 27,260 | 21,800 | 38,210 | 24,250 | 26,980 | 20,450 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 28,790 | 18,600 | 20,730 | $15,200^{2}$ | 18,350 | 14,490 | 10,470 | 7,820 ${ }^{2}$ | 16,820 | 11,280 | 11,790 | 8,050 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 99,540 | 63,680 | 67,780 | 42,600 | 81,300 | 51,860 | 55,320 | 38,540 | 67,510 | 41,610 | 47,200 | 32,490 |
| Suburban | 126,290 | 83,390 | 82,260 | 50,710 | 91,660 | 60,880 | 59,550 | 39,190 | 85,110 | 52,770 | 58,370 | 36,750 |
| Rural | 61,700 | 39,890 | 42,770 | 27,800 | 55,390 | 37,070 | 36,820 | 21,930 | 45,560 | 31,440 | 29,340 | 18,360 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 52,270 | 35,520 | 34,870 | 21,100 | 42,740 | 26,240 | 31,080 | 19,650 | 34,450 | 21,730 | 24,590 | 17,660 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 60,760 | 36,000 | 45,120 | 32,940 | 46,810 | 32,390 | 30,340 | 22,500 | 36,420 | 22,720 | 26,150 | 18,360 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 67,810 | 40,810 | 49,530 | 30,100 | 50,530 | 32,070 | 35,460 | 23,910 | 38,360 | 23,330 | 28,000 | 17,850 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 61,480 | 38,000 | 44,240 | 27,460 | 47,290 | 32,180 | 31,190 | 21,390 | 41,500 | 26,610 | 28,900 | 18,860 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 59,910 | 40,440 | 39,930 | 21,850 | 49,780 | 31,820 | 34,750 | 23,210 | 41,850 | 27,110 | 28,870 | 18,740 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 51,800 | 38,420 | 31,080 | 18,670 | 40,150 | 29,130 | 24,820 | 16,310 | 41,310 | 28,100 | 27,190 | 17,410 |
| \$75,000 or more | 40,540 | 31,050 | 23,550 | $13,900^{2}$ | 29,510 | 21,190 | 18,850 | 11,230 | 30,850 | 21,610 | 20,040 | 12,770 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 523.-Standard errors for table 23: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 126,520 | 83,180 | 81,020 | 46,650 | 132,260 | 89,160 | 82,400 | 52,210 | 147,650 | 94,140 | 94,300 | 54,410 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 90,390 | 58,790 | 59,620 | 35,460 | 97,990 | 66,500 | 61,680 | 39,730 | 103,690 | 67,780 | 66,720 | 39,020 |
| Female | 73,320 | 50,240 | 46,360 | 26,450 | 72,590 | 49,790 | 46,000 | 29,380 | 84,290 | 54,470 | 55,860 | 33,330 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 64,900 | 44,650 | 41,160 | 23,230 | 68,640 | 48,920 | 41,670 | 26,600 | 72,930 | 50,320 | 45,670 | 27,080 |
| 15-18 | 97,480 | 63,580 | 63,840 | 37,930 | 101,250 | 67,210 | 65,150 | 41,890 | 113,410 | 71,320 | 75,180 | 44,090 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 98,390 | 66,240 | 62,300 | 35,380 | 102,430 | 69,440 | 64,380 | 38,090 | 113,860 | 73,230 | 73,840 | 42,290 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 42,540 | 28,390 | 28,610 | 16,690 | 45,070 | 30,440 | 29,930 | 22,680 | 48,310 | 33,100 | 31,540 | 19,970 |
| Hispanic | 34,080 | 20,620 | 25,180 | 16,430 | 35,640 | 24,940 | 23,090 | 17,070 | 41,650 | 27,170 | 28,850 | 18,380 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 18,120 | 13,310 | 11,470 | $7,730^{2}$ | 18,770 | 14,740 | 10,740 | $8,340^{2}$ | 15,370 | 11,100 | 10,120 | $6,270^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 65,540 | 42,830 | 43,860 | 26,810 | 66,050 | 43,640 | 43,820 | 31,060 | 75,050 | 48,910 | 49,820 | 33,060 |
| Suburban | 79,920 | 54,450 | 50,600 | 29,810 | 84,280 | 58,030 | 52,680 | 32,320 | 92,330 | 61,160 | 59,220 | 32,910 |
| Rural | 43,750 | 29,190 | 29,400 | 16,110 | 47,740 | 34,360 | 29,340 | 17,750 | 48,430 | 31,420 | 33,370 | 18,610 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 32,900 | 22,020 | 22,400 | 13,710 | 31,700 | 20,780 | 22,100 | 17,930 | 26,350 | 18,740 | 17,180 | 10,170 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 38,310 | 24,180 | 27,260 | 16,590 | 39,790 | 26,900 | 26,600 | 20,140 | 43,990 | 25,190 | 33,470 | 22,610 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 41,520 | 30,550 | 24,940 | 15,530 | 42,270 | 27,290 | 29,420 | 18,570 | 40,710 | 28,590 | 26,170 | 16,140 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 37,450 | 25,040 | 25,340 | 14,510 | 37,290 | 27,080 | 23,020 | 14,300 | 42,630 | 28,010 | 29,290 | 16,970 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 41,260 | 27,390 | 27,940 | 17,240 | 42,130 | 29,450 | 27,060 | 14,460 | 47,740 | 35,610 | 27,990 | 16,980 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 39,040 | 26,490 | 25,950 | 16,520 | 38,240 | 29,100 | 22,020 | 14,780 | 44,050 | 28,110 | 30,990 | 17,860 |
| \$75,000 or more | 30,540 | 20,300 | 21,010 | 10,030 | 34,190 | 27,260 | 18,260 | 9,110 | 40,430 | 27,820 | 26,620 | 16,740 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

```
Table 523.-Standard errors for table 23: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued
```

|  | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 143,160 | 89,240 | 92,110 | 53,370 | 113,540 | 73,780 | 74,210 | 45,800 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 100,920 | 63,870 | 65,420 | 41,450 | 81,830 | 52,350 | 54,930 | 35,090 |
| Female | 79,870 | 50,530 | 52,580 | 27,620 | 65,650 | 44,420 | 42,080 | 25,310 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 65,420 | 45,880 | 39,010 | 22,650 | 57,810 | 41,370 | 34,880 | 21,230 |
| 15-18 | 112,950 | 67,820 | 76,230 | 45,060 | 88,320 | 55,010 | 60,540 | 38,120 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 109,800 | 69,270 | 71,000 | 39,070 | 85,840 | 56,960 | 55,480 | 32,530 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 43,440 | 28,950 | 28,330 | 19,970 | 38,810 | 25,270 | 26,580 | 18,320 |
| Hispanic | 37,640 | 21,680 | 27,950 | 18,790 | 35,690 | 22,580 | 25,160 | 18,550 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 19,840 | 15,540 | 11,000 | $6,980^{2}$ | 14,280 | 10,480 | 9,050 ${ }^{2}$ | $5,920^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 71,190 | 43,110 | 49,070 | 31,340 | 55,720 | 35,610 | 38,090 | 28,020 |
| Suburban | 93,720 | 59,630 | 60,740 | 35,000 | 78,220 | 51,270 | 51,410 | 29,730 |
| Rural | 39,100 | 28,060 | 23,560 | $12,310^{2}$ | 34,360 | 24,360 | 21,650 | $11,450^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 23,220 | 13,280 | 17,740 | 11,420 | 26,270 | 16,630 | 18,790 | 12,730 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 40,430 | 25,540 | 27,870 | 14,030 | 27,580 | 20,010 | 17,110 | 13,200 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 42,470 | 27,260 | 28,770 | 19,650 | 31,030 | 20,080 | 21,610 | 13,010 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 41,160 | 25,870 | 28,470 | 20,100 | 33,570 | 22,880 | 22,140 | 10,920 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 44,300 | 32,010 | 26,200 | 17,440 | 34,870 | 24,240 | 22,470 | 14,200 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 39,790 | 24,150 | 28,370 | 15,810 | 35,770 | 23,040 | 24,830 | 17,870 |
| \$75,000 or more | 38,060 | 26,860 | 23,470 | 13,550 | 37,800 | 25,830 | 24,700 | 15,250 |

${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. Standard errors are rounded to the nearest 10.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

Table S24.-Standard errors for table 24: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school per 1,000 students, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999

|  | 1992 |  |  |  | 1993 |  |  |  | 1994 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 7.1 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.1 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 9.8 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 4.4 | 7.4 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 3.2 |
| Female | 8.5 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.5 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 8.8 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 6.5 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.3 |
| 15-18 | 9.5 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 7.3 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 6.2 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 3.2 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 8.3 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 2.7 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 2.3 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 13.5 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 7.3 | 11.5 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 6.6 | 9.5 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 5.5 |
| Hispanic | 17.6 | 11.6 | 13.4 | 9.6 | 12.6 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 10.7 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 6.2 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 29.7 | 20.4 | 22.5 | $16.9{ }^{2}$ | 18.5 | 15.0 | 11.1 | $8.4{ }^{2}$ | 16.1 | 11.2 | 11.7 | 8.2 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 13.5 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 5.5 | 8.5 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 4.5 |
| Suburban | 9.4 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 4.2 | 6.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 2.9 |
| Rural | 9.8 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 4.7 | 8.0 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 3.4 | 6.4 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 2.8 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 22.1 | 16.2 | 15.9 | 10.1 | 17.5 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 9.1 | 15.4 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 8.7 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 17.5 | 11.2 | 13.7 | 10.3 | 14.6 | 10.8 | 10.2 | 7.8 | 11.9 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 6.5 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 17.5 | 11.4 | 13.6 | 8.7 | 12.3 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 6.4 | 9.4 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 4.7 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 15.2 | 10.1 | 11.5 | 7.4 | 11.4 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 5.6 | 10.4 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 5.2 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 12.7 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 5.0 | 10.4 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 5.3 | 8.4 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 4.0 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 13.8 | 10.6 | 8.8 | 5.4 | 9.8 | 7.3 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 9.2 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 4.2 |
| \$75,000 or more | 19.6 | 15.6 | 12.2 | $7.4{ }^{2}$ | 12.8 | 9.6 | 8.6 | 5.3 | 11.4 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 5.1 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

Table S24.-Standard errors for table 24: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school per 1,000 students, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999-Continued

|  | 1995 |  |  |  | 1996 |  |  |  | 1997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 4.3 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.0 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 6.0 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 6.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 2.7 |
| Female | 5.3 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 5.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 2.5 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 5.1 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 2.3 |
| 15-18 | 6.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 6.1 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 6.4 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 2.8 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 5.1 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 2.3 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 9.4 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 4.0 | 10.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 5.5 | 9.1 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 4.7 |
| Hispanic | 9.4 | 6.0 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 9.9 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 4.9 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 15.6 | 11.8 | 10.3 | $7.1{ }^{2}$ | 16.1 | 13.0 | 9.7 | $7.6{ }^{2}$ | 1.1 | 9.2 | 8.5 | $5.3{ }^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 8.1 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 8.0 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 8.5 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 4.2 |
| Suburban | 5.7 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 6.0 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 2.4 |
| Rural | 6.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 2.6 | 7.4 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 7.6 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 3.1 |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 16.2 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 7.6 | 17.3 | 12.2 | 12.9 | 10.7 | 17.4 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 7.3 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 12.0 | 8.1 | 9.0 | 5.7 | 12.7 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 7.0 | 14.0 | 8.8 | 11.3 | 8.0 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 10.8 | 8.4 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 10.6 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 5.1 | 10.7 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 4.6 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 9.6 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 10.0 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 4.2 | 11.1 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 4.8 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 7.9 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 3.1 | 9.6 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 3.7 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 8.6 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 8.1 | 6.4 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 8.8 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 3.8 |
| \$75,000 or more | 9.8 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 9.9 | 8.2 | 5.6 | 2.9 | 10.1 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 4.5 |

NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

> Table S24.-Standard errors for table 2.4: Number of nonfatal crimes against students ages 12 through 18 occurring away from school per 1,000 students, by type of crime and selected student characteristics: 1992 to 1999 -Continued

|  | 1998 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent ${ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 4.8 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.7 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 6.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 2.5 |
| Female | 5.7 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 1.9 |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12-14 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 1.8 |
| 15-18 | 5.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 5.4 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 2.5 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 5.6 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 1.9 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.8 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 9.7 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 4.3 |
| Hispanic | 9.0 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 4.4 | 8.3 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 4.5 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 15.4 | 12.3 | 9.0 | $5.5{ }^{2}$ | 11.3 | 8.5 | $7.3^{2}$ | $4.9{ }^{2}$ |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 8.3 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 3.7 |
| Suburban | 6.0 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.1 |
| Rural | 7.0 | 5.1 | 4.4 | $2.2{ }^{2}$ | 6.0 | 4.3 | 3.9 | $2.1{ }^{2}$ |
| Household income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$7,500 | 16.8 | 10.6 | 13.0 | 8.5 | 20.7 | 14.1 | 15.7 | 11.0 |
| \$7,500-14,999 | 13.3 | 9.0 | 10.0 | 5.2 | 12.0 | 9.0 | 7.8 | 6.1 |
| \$15,000-24,999 | 11.4 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 5.1 | 9.1 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 4.0 |
| \$25,000-34,999 | 10.7 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 9.5 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 3.3 |
| \$35,000-49,999 | 9.3 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 8.0 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 3.4 |
| \$50,000-74,999 | 8.7 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 3.3 | 7.4 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 3.9 |
| \$75,000 or more | 9.2 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 3.1 | 7.6 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 3.2 |

${ }^{1}$ Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.
${ }^{2}$ Estimate based on fewer than 10 cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. Population sizes are $23,740,295$ students ages 12 through 18 in 1992; $24,557,779$ in $1993 ; 25,326,989$ in $1994 ; 25,715,220$ in $1995 ; 26,151,364$ in 1996; 26,548,142 in 1997; $26,806,268$ in 1998; and 27,012,660 in 1999.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992 to 1999.

| Student characteristics | 1995 |  |  |  | 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Theft | Violent ${ }^{2}$ | Serious violent ${ }^{3}$ | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Theft | Violent ${ }^{2}$ | Serious violent ${ }^{3}$ |
| Total | 0.35 | 0.29 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.35 | 0.32 | 0.18 | 0.09 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 0.46 | 0.38 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.46 | 0.41 | 0.26 | 0.12 |
| Female | 0.47 | 0.41 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.46 | 0.43 | 0.22 | 0.12 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 0.37 | 0.32 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.44 | 0.43 | 0.22 | 0.09 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 1.04 | 0.85 | 0.61 | 0.31 | 0.85 | 0.77 | 0.55 | 0.33 |
| Hispanic | 0.90 | 0.78 | 0.43 | 0.30 | 0.77 | 0.61 | 0.38 | 0.22 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 1.54 | 1.40 | 0.87 | 0.34 | 1.28 | 0.98 | 0.81 | $\dagger$ |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 th | 0.97 | 0.66 | 0.73 | 0.42 | 1.24 | 0.97 | 0.76 | 0.40 |
| 7th | 0.81 | 0.71 | 0.54 | 0.24 | 0.81 | 0.73 | 0.43 | 0.27 |
| 8th | 0.78 | 0.72 | 0.44 | 0.23 | 0.84 | 0.81 | 0.44 | 0.22 |
| 9th | 0.88 | 0.77 | 0.50 | 0.21 | 0.79 | 0.71 | 0.47 | 0.18 |
| 10th | 0.76 | 0.72 | 0.36 | 0.17 | 0.82 | 0.73 | 0.39 | 0.23 |
| 11th | 0.74 | 0.66 | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.88 | 0.67 | 0.58 | 0.14 |
| 12th | 0.74 | 0.67 | 0.41 | 0.21 | 0.81 | 0.71 | 0.31 | 0.15 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 0.64 | 0.51 | 0.40 | 0.24 | 0.69 | 0.59 | 0.38 | 0.19 |
| Suburban | 0.49 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.43 | 0.36 | 0.26 | 0.11 |
| Rural | 0.79 | 0.66 | 0.31 | 0.10 | 0.96 | 0.95 | 0.50 | 0.18 |
| Control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 0.38 | 0.32 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.20 | 0.10 |
| Private | 0.90 | 0.74 | 0.45 | 0.11 | 0.80 | 0.78 | 0.16 | $\dagger$ |

[^9]NOTE: "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, or on the way to or from school.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1995 and 1999.

## Table S4.1.-Standard errors for table 4.1: Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported being threatened or injured with a weapon on school property during the last 12 months, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 0.44 | 0.52 | 0.45 | 0.42 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 0.64 | 0.57 | 0.71 | 0.81 |
| Female | 0.40 | 0.68 | 0.32 | 0.63 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 5.45 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 1.04 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 0.85 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 4.58 |
| White | § | § | § | 0.37 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 1.19 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 1.07 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 0.92 | 0.96 | 1.02 | 0.95 |
| 10th | 0.59 | 1.03 | 1.14 | 0.91 |
| 11th | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.70 | 0.49 |
| 12th | 0.62 | 0.57 | 0.80 | 0.79 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

## Table S5.1.-Standard errors for table 5.1: Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported having been in a physical fight in the last 12 months, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | Anywhere |  |  |  | On school property |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 0.99 | 1.14 | 1.01 | 1.24 | 0.59 | 0.79 | 0.64 | 0.64 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1.05 | 1.09 | 1.07 | 1.34 | 0.71 | 0.90 | 1.04 | 0.74 |
| Female | 1.19 | 1.49 | 1.26 | 1.74 | 0.73 | 1.03 | 0.78 | 0.94 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 6.70 | § | § | § | 5.23 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 2.73 | § | § | § | 0.93 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 3.13 | § | § | § | 1.50 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 3.55 | § | § | § | 4.50 |
| White | § | § | § | 1.50 | § | § | § | 0.88 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 2.81 | § | § | § | 2.36 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 1.73 | § | § | § | 1.00 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 1.54 | 2.22 | 1.98 | 2.06 | 1.55 | 1.79 | 1.29 | 1.04 |
| 10th | 1.45 | 1.49 | 1.91 | 2.13 | 1.07 | 1.57 | 1.67 | 1.23 |
| 11th | 1.52 | 1.48 | 1.72 | 1.63 | 1.27 | 1.00 | 0.87 | 1.03 |
| 12th | 1.56 | 1.71 | 1.36 | 1.95 | 0.66 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.99 |

[^10]| Student characteristics | Total | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 0.27 | 0.38 | 0.38 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 0.32 | 0.45 | 0.50 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 0.74 | 1.08 | 0.84 |
| Hispanic | 0.69 | 0.96 | 0.82 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 0.77 | 1.21 | 0.98 |
| Grade |  |  |  |
| 6th | 1.27 | 1.73 | 1.51 |
| 7th | 0.76 | 1.21 | 1.05 |
| 8th | 0.60 | 0.83 | 0.96 |
| 9th | 0.61 | 0.88 | 0.94 |
| 10th | 0.45 | 0.47 | 0.78 |
| 11th | 0.45 | 0.65 | 0.68 |
| 12th | 0.38 | 0.43 | 0.61 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |
| Urban | 0.52 | 0.79 | 0.70 |
| Suburban | 0.35 | 0.48 | 0.51 |
| Rural | 0.69 | 1.00 | 1.11 |
| Control |  |  |  |
| Public | 0.28 | 0.40 | 0.42 |
| Private | 0.57 | 0.92 | 0.69 |

NOTE: "At school" means in the school building, on the school grounds, or on a school bus. Population size is 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1999.

Table S7.1.-Standard errors for table 7.1: Percentage of public schools that reported one or more criminal incidents to police, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents and no serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural |
| Total | 2.09 | 3.74 | 3.16 | 3.84 | 4.21 | 0.77 | 2.11 | 1.81 | 1.43 | 1.46 | 2.14 | 4.05 | 3.23 | 3.74 | 4.13 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 3.21 | 5.34 | 4.92 | 6.12 | 6.24 | 1.07 | 2.41 | 1.70 | 2.05 | 2.18 | 3.19 | 5.52 | 4.65 | 5.99 | 6.08 |
| Middle school | 2.29 | 2.80 | 4.47 | 4.77 | 7.17 | 1.87 | 4.12 | 5.04 | 2.62 | 4.95 | 2.76 | 3.85 | 5.40 | 4.79 | 6.99 |
| High school | 2.38 | 3.02 | 5.07 | 4.16 | 4.86 | 2.07 | 3.37 | 5.74 | 3.30 | 2.64 | 2.98 | 3.87 | 6.04 | 5.20 | 5.20 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 4.38 | 10.37 | 7.20 | 8.32 | 11.77 | 1.11 | 2.47 | 2.40 | 1.49 | 4.45 | 4.66 | 10.03 | 7.07 | 8.37 | 11.61 |
| Southeast | 3.79 | 7.58 | 8.98 | 8.22 | 7.24 | 1.63 | 4.96 | 4.81 | 2.00 | 2.27 | 3.92 | 7.44 | 8.89 | 7.78 | 7.10 |
| Central | 4.52 | 6.95 | 8.14 | 7.68 | 7.39 | 2.21 | 4.93 | 4.47 | 4.55 | 3.57 | 4.05 | 6.21 | 7.44 | 6.90 | 6.75 |
| West | 3.50 | 5.72 | 6.88 | 6.88 | 7.76 | 1.39 | 3.71 | 3.53 | 2.69 | 2.64 | 3.72 | 6.86 | 6.47 | 7.18 | 7.79 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 4.87 | - | - | 10.09 | 5.99 | 1.42 | - | - | 5.60 | 1.23 | 4.44 | - | - | 9.22 | 5.93 |
| 300-999 | 2.19 | 4.05 | 3.53 | 3.68 | 5.21 | 1.16 | 2.60 | 2.23 | 0.83 | 3.18 | 2.47 | 4.41 | 3.78 | 3.60 | 5.33 |
| 1,000 or more | 2.26 | 2.86 | 3.66 | 8.23 | - | 2.39 | 4.26 | 4.30 | 5.65 | - | 3.19 | 5.12 | 5.01 | 8.95 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 3.67 | - | 8.08 | 6.18 | 5.40 | 1.34 | - | 3.00 | 1.26 | 2.20 | 3.47 | - | 8.22 | 6.14 | 5.06 |
| 5-19 percent | 3.84 | 7.56 | 6.21 | 7.09 | 10.41 | 2.09 | 5.33 | 3.30 | 5.14 | 2.88 | 3.62 | 8.27 | 5.92 | 6.77 | 9.63 |
| 20-49 percent | 3.65 | 6.78 | 7.51 | 7.96 | 9.16 | 1.58 | 4.42 | 3.00 | 2.17 | 4.12 | 3.58 | 6.32 | 7.49 | 8.59 | 8.95 |
| 50 percent or more | 3.19 | 4.75 | 7.04 | 8.46 | 10.22 | 1.76 | 2.51 | 4.68 | 2.62 | 5.36 | 3.89 | 4.92 | 7.81 | 8.79 | 10.59 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 3.33 | 8.84 | 6.14 | 7.03 | 9.20 | 1.53 | 3.30 | 2.72 | 2.44 | 2.73 | 3.23 | 8.41 | 5.90 | 6.56 | 8.88 |
| 21-34 percent | 4.25 | 10.27 | 8.63 | 7.72 | 6.99 | 1.97 | 5.60 | 3.89 | 4.46 | 4.47 | 4.27 | 9.82 | 8.97 | 7.23 | 6.48 |
| 35-49 percent | 5.01 | 8.62 | 12.35 | 9.64 | 7.80 | 2.32 | 8.94 | 5.28 | 1.80 | 3.33 | 4.97 | 10.73 | 11.85 | 9.45 | 7.87 |
| 50-74 percent | 4.06 | 7.83 | 9.39 | 9.00 | 8.83 | 1.38 | 4.96 | 4.95 | 1.51 | 1.60 | 4.47 | 7.33 | 9.72 | 9.29 | 9.03 |
| 75 percent or more | 4.67 | 6.73 | - | - | - | 1.73 | 1.74 | - | - | - | 4.75 | 6.54 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theft/larceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S7.2—Standard errors for table 7.2: Number of public schools that reported one or more criminal incidents to police, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents and no serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban <br> fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 1,680 | 720 | 620 | 790 | 910 | 590 | 360 | 340 | 280 | 310 | 1,710 | 780 | 650 | 760 | 880 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 1,530 | 700 | 610 | 700 | 740 | 520 | 300 | 210 | 40 | 260 | 1,510 | 730 | 590 | 680 | 700 |
| Middle school | 340 | 100 | 190 | 220 | 250 | 260 | 130 | 180 | 110 | 150 | 410 | 120 | 190 | 230 | 230 |
| High school | 420 | 90 | 150 | 240 | 330 | 310 | 80 | 160 | 140 | 160 | 510 | 100 | 170 | 270 | 350 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 850 | 310 | 480 | 450 | 330 | 150 | 70 | 120 | 60 | 90 | 870 | 310 | 480 | 450 | 330 |
| Southeast | 770 | 410 | 390 | 480 | 420 | 260 | 170 | 160 | 100 | 110 | 800 | 380 | 370 | 450 | 410 |
| Central | 1,200 | 420 | 500 | 500 | 630 | 500 | 210 | 220 | 230 | 290 | 1,070 | 390 | 440 | 410 | 570 |
| West | 1,010 | 530 | 510 | 460 | 490 | 310 | 240 | 180 | 150 | 150 | 1,040 | 550 | 480 | 450 | 490 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 1,080 | - | - | 550 | 730 | 290 | - | - | 260 | 140 | 980 | - | - | 490 | 720 |
| 300-999 | 1,170 | 570 | 550 | 630 | 490 | 570 | 350 | 320 | 120 | 290 | 1,290 | 600 | 550 | 600 | 500 |
| 1,000 or more | 270 | 200 | 140 | 140 | - | 160 | 90 | 120 | 70 | - | 300 | 220 | 150 | 150 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 940 | - | 360 | 530 | 670 | 310 | - | 110 | 100 | 260 | 920 | - | 360 | 530 | 620 |
| 5-19 percent | 830 | 380 | 500 | 400 | 370 | 370 | 190 | 210 | 240 | 90 | 770 | 350 | 440 | 340 | 350 |
| 20-49 percent | 820 | 390 | 470 | 360 | 420 | 280 | 210 | 160 | 90 | 160 | 790 | 350 | 470 | 360 | 390 |
| 50 percent or more | 880 | 470 | 340 | 390 | 340 | 270 | 190 | 190 | 70 | 110 | 930 | 500 | 330 | 390 | 350 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 730 | 240 | 520 | 390 | 400 | 260 | 80 | 180 | 100 | 110 | 740 | 240 | 500 | 390 | 400 |
| 21-34 percent | 910 | 280 | 510 | 460 | 400 | 360 | 130 | 140 | 230 | 250 | 840 | 270 | 500 | 380 | 370 |
| 35-49 percent | 730 | 340 | 320 | 350 | 470 | 300 | 250 | 130 | 60 | 160 | 710 | 260 | 310 | 350 | 460 |
| 50-74 percent | 990 | 430 | 400 | 570 | 510 | 240 | 180 | 150 | 70 | 70 | 970 | 380 | 390 | 570 | 500 |
| 75 percent or more | 780 | 480 | - | - | - | 220 | 90 | - | - | - | 740 | 490 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theft/larceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools. Standard errors are rounded to the nearest 10.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS $63,1997$.

Table S7.3.-Standard errors for table 7.3: Number of criminal incidents occurring in public schools reported to police, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban <br> fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban <br> fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 27,560 | 17,190 | 16,040 | 9,220 | 8,850 | 3,290 | 2,630 | 980 | 1,340 | 730 | 26,020 | 14,930 | 15,680 | 8,940 | 8,530 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 10,890 | 2,860 | 8,990 | 5,840 | 3,460 | 780 | 590 | 210 | 230 | 400 | 10,960 | 2,680 | 8,990 | 5,830 | 3,440 |
| Middle school | 15,620 | 14,810 | 8,350 | 4,420 | 2,980 | 2,440 | 2,450 | 420 | 140 | 340 | 13,790 | 12,510 | 8,210 | 4,390 | 2,890 |
| High school | 14,920 | 5,560 | 9,420 | 6,710 | 6,610 | 1,820 | 750 | 850 | 1,270 | 560 | 14,270 | 5,300 | 8,800 | 6,320 | 6,400 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 12,490 | 3,830 | 9,630 | 3,870 | 2,940 | 630 | 550 | 220 | 290 | 170 | 12,270 | 3,610 | 9,610 | 3,860 | 2,900 |
| Southeast | 12,040 | 3,850 | 11,720 | 4,100 | 3,990 | 1,060 | 530 | 840 | 110 | 330 | 11,430 | 3,560 | 11,090 | 4,030 | 3,840 |
| Central | 15,180 | 12,600 | 4,310 | 4,480 | 5,480 | 2,520 | 2,420 | 420 | 280 | 670 | 13,350 | 10,340 | 4,190 | 4,420 | 5,110 |
| West | 12,200 | 7,490 | 7,050 | 8,870 | 4,320 | 1,420 | 730 | 390 | 1,290 | 230 | 12,060 | 7,220 | 6,960 | 8,420 | 4,270 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 7,850 | - | - | 5,310 | 4,840 | 1,320 | - | - | 1,300 | 320 | 7,150 | - | - | 4,350 | 4,700 |
| 300-999 | 16,700 | 13,520 | 6,580 | 6,900 | 6,290 | 2,760 | 2,460 | 400 | 310 | 660 | 15,020 | 11,310 | 6,410 | 6,860 | 6,050 |
| 1,000 or more | 17,840 | 6,700 | 14,760 | 5,660 | - | 1,230 | 780 | 910 | 230 | - | 17,280 | 6,360 | 14,350 | 5,640 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 8,580 | - | 3,330 | 4,300 | 6,340 | 440 | - | 110 | 100 | 400 | 8,480 | - | 3,330 | 4,280 | 6,240 |
| 5-19 percent | 10,230 | 3,200 | 6,570 | 6,210 | 2,700 | 1,400 | 370 | 300 | 1,250 | 100 | 9,660 | 3,090 | 6,400 | 5,590 | 2,680 |
| 20-49 percent | 14,080 | 6,120 | 10,170 | 5,970 | 3,340 | 920 | 600 | 540 | 330 | 300 | 13,590 | 5,870 | 10,010 | 5,880 | 3,140 |
| 50 percent or more | 21,850 | 16,420 | 10,920 | 4,830 | 4,270 | 2,850 | 2,530 | 850 | 90 | 560 | 19,960 | 14,130 | 10,360 | 4,820 | 3,920 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 9,860 | 3,360 | 6,040 | 4,930 | 3,900 | 580 | 350 | 360 | 240 | 180 | 9,780 | 3,200 | 5,970 | 4,890 | 3,890 |
| 21-34 percent | 11,630 | 3,300 | 9,240 | 4,650 | 3,420 | 1,060 | 590 | 830 | 240 | 370 | 10,960 | 3,030 | 8,510 | 4,560 | 3,400 |
| 35-49 percent | 11,430 | 5,130 | 8,640 | 3,270 | 4,280 | 750 | 670 | 150 | 300 | 270 | 11,180 | 4,900 | 8,640 | 3,180 | 4,180 |
| 50-74 percent | 16,070 | 14,040 | 6,320 | 4,710 | 3,190 | 2,460 | 2,470 | 350 | 80 | 70 | 14,280 | 11,760 | 6,110 | 4,710 | 3,190 |
| 75 percent or more | 10,620 | 5,010 | - | - | - | 1,340 | 500 | - | - | - | 10,110 | 4,740 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theft/larceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Standard errors are rounded to the nearest 10 .
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S7.4.-Standard errors for table 7.4: Number of criminal incidents reported to police per 1,000 public school students, by seriousness of the incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Any incidents |  |  |  |  | Serious violent incidents |  |  |  |  | Less serious violent or nonviolent incidents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban <br> fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 0.67 | 1.42 | 1.27 | 0.96 | 1.25 | 0.08 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.63 | 1.24 | 1.24 | 0.93 | 1.20 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 0.49 | 0.43 | 1.31 | 1.22 | 0.90 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.49 | 0.40 | 1.32 | 1.21 | 0.90 |
| Middle school | 1.84 | 5.94 | 3.25 | 2.00 | 2.76 | 0.29 | 0.99 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.31 | 1.62 | 5.01 | 3.19 | 1.98 | 2.70 |
| High school | 1.33 | 1.75 | 2.94 | 2.34 | 2.99 | 0.16 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 0.43 | 0.27 | 1.27 | 1.69 | 2.75 | 2.18 | 2.88 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 1.41 | 1.69 | 2.95 | 1.69 | 2.71 | 0.08 | 0.26 | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 1.38 | 1.59 | 2.95 | 1.69 | 2.67 |
| Southeast | 1.22 | 1.39 | 4.75 | 1.29 | 1.59 | 0.10 | 0.19 | 0.33 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 1.16 | 1.31 | 4.50 | 1.27 | 1.55 |
| Central | 1.46 | 5.32 | 1.40 | 1.69 | 2.42 | 0.25 | 1.01 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.29 | 1.27 | 4.37 | 1.37 | 1.68 | 2.26 |
| West | 0.94 | 1.28 | 1.63 | 3.29 | 3.14 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.46 | 0.16 | 0.93 | 1.26 | 1.60 | 3.12 | 3.09 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 1.89 | - | - | 6.19 | 2.36 | 0.35 | - | - | 1.52 | 0.16 | 1.73 | - | - | 5.05 | 2.29 |
| 300-999 | 0.61 | 1.77 | 0.83 | 0.96 | 1.35 | 0.10 | 0.32 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.55 | 1.48 | 0.81 | 0.96 | 1.30 |
| 1,000 or more | 1.68 | 1.61 | 3.56 | - | 3.82 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 0.23 | 0.13 | - | 1.62 | 1.54 | 3.46 | 3.21 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 0.88 | - | 1.49 | 1.19 | 1.71 | 0.05 | - | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.86 | - | 1.49 | 1.19 | 1.69 |
| 5-19 percent | 0.90 | 1.55 | 1.37 | 2.50 | 1.94 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.49 | 0.08 | 0.87 | 1.52 | 1.35 | 2.25 | 1.94 |
| 20-49 percent | 1.29 | 1.61 | 3.12 | 2.63 | 2.11 | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 1.25 | 1.54 | 3.07 | 2.61 | 2.00 |
| 50 percent or more | 1.83 | 2.64 | 3.85 | 2.40 | 5.68 | 0.25 | 0.39 | 0.29 | 0.06 | 0.77 | 1.65 | 2.29 | 3.66 | 2.40 | 5.22 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 0.80 | 1.68 | 1.07 | 1.68 | 2.64 | 0.05 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.13 | 0.80 | 1.61 | 1.06 | 1.66 | 2.63 |
| 21-34 percent | 1.34 | 1.69 | 3.50 | 1.85 | 1.76 | 0.11 | 0.29 | 0.32 | 0.09 | 0.18 | 1.27 | 1.57 | 3.22 | 1.83 | 1.76 |
| 35-49 percent | 1.76 | 2.72 | 5.75 | 2.24 | 2.38 | 0.11 | 0.38 | 0.10 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 1.72 | 2.64 | 5.76 | 2.18 | 2.33 |
| 50-74 percent | 1.95 | 4.78 | 3.20 | 1.64 | 2.67 | 0.31 | 0.86 | 0.18 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 1.71 | 4.00 | 3.10 | 1.65 | 2.67 |
| 75 percent or more | 1.48 | 1.38 | - | - | - | 0.21 | 0.12 | - | - | - | 1.38 | 1.31 | - | - | - |

[^11]NOTE: Serious violent crimes include murder, rape or other type of sexual battery, suicide, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or robbery. Less serious violent or nonviolent crimes include physical attack or fight without a weapon, theff/larceny, and vandalism. Any incidents refer to any of the crimes listed. Not included are any crimes not listed here and any crimes not reported to police. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is $42,336,819$ public school students.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.1.—Standard errors for table 8.1: Percentage of public schools that reported one or more incidents of serious violent crime to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 0.48 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 0.55 | 0.89 | 0.47 | 1.66 | 1.22 | 0.87 | 1.20 | 0.40 | 1.31 | 0.69 | 0.45 | 0.58 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 0.48 | 1.13 | 0.91 | $\dagger$ | 1.26 | 0.80 | 1.99 | 1.42 | $\dagger$ | 1.71 | 0.41 | 1.34 | 0.42 | $\dagger$ | 0.87 |
| Middle school | 1.23 | 2.15 | 2.94 | 1.53 | 2.37 | 1.20 | 3.20 | 3.40 | 2.32 | 4.04 | 0.93 | 3.17 | 2.57 | $\dagger$ | 1.21 |
| High school | 1.27 | 2.97 | 3.73 | 2.07 | 1.67 | 1.51 | 2.71 | 4.31 | 2.77 | 1.66 | 0.99 | 3.60 | 2.66 | 2.11 | 0.97 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 0.61 | 1.50 | 1.26 | 0.86 | 1.99 | 0.97 | 2.27 | 1.79 | 0.86 | 3.63 | 0.58 | 2.01 | 1.08 | 0.86 | 2.11 |
| Southeast | 0.95 | 1.43 | 4.23 | 1.41 | 0.62 | 1.28 | 4.68 | 2.02 | 1.36 | 1.63 | 0.63 | 1.69 | 1.50 | 0.74 | 1.06 |
| Central | 1.04 | 3.67 | 1.27 | $\dagger$ | 2.08 | 1.36 | 2.00 | 3.64 | 1.13 | 2.71 | 0.83 | 3.04 | 1.94 | $\dagger$ | 1.30 |
| West | 0.80 | 1.12 | 1.89 | 1.39 | 1.48 | 1.18 | 3.17 | 3.15 | 2.70 | 2.21 | 0.79 | 2.33 | 1.61 | 1.37 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 0.64 | - | - | 1.47 | 0.94 | 0.86 | - | - | 3.03 | 0.82 | 0.37 | - | - | 1.47 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 0.64 | 1.24 | 1.21 | 0.56 | 1.74 | 0.75 | 2.00 | 1.55 | 0.64 | 2.45 | 0.53 | 1.48 | 0.62 | 0.37 | 1.34 |
| 1,000 or more | 1.72 | 2.75 | 2.70 | 3.23 | - | 1.99 | 3.24 | 3.93 | 4.38 | - | 1.77 | 3.36 | 3.31 | 2.29 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 0.79 | - | 1.94 | 0.60 | 1.40 | 0.90 | - | 1.67 | 1.04 | 1.67 | 0.52 | - | 1.67 | 0.47 | 0.91 |
| 5-19 percent | 1.18 | 4.04 | 1.69 | 1.48 | 1.21 | 1.24 | 1.59 | 2.82 | 2.24 | 2.60 | 0.81 | 3.51 | 0.66 | 1.48 | 0.82 |
| 20-49 percent | 0.72 | 1.69 | 1.09 | 1.20 | 2.44 | 1.55 | 4.11 | 2.81 | 1.90 | 3.10 | 0.78 | 2.74 | 0.80 | 0.97 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 1.00 | 0.85 | 3.42 | 2.09 | 1.43 | 1.28 | 2.26 | 2.87 | 1.28 | 4.67 | 1.13 | 1.47 | 2.67 | 1.06 | 2.76 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 0.80 | 1.47 | 1.61 | 1.01 | 1.82 | 1.16 | 2.59 | 1.80 | 2.28 | 1.88 | 0.51 | 1.53 | 1.25 | $\dagger$ | 0.63 |
| 21-34 percent | 1.03 | 2.27 | 2.34 | $\dagger$ | 2.77 | 1.30 | 5.05 | 2.90 | 1.10 | 3.27 | 0.72 | 2.59 | 1.11 | 0.72 | 1.92 |
| 35-49 percent | 1.66 | 7.42 | 4.65 | 1.37 | 1.89 | 1.68 | 7.43 | 1.01 | 0.98 | 2.93 | 1.05 | 5.31 | 1.65 | 1.11 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 0.40 | 1.35 | 1.54 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1.26 | 3.81 | 4.75 | 1.36 | 1.60 | 0.97 | 3.57 | 2.05 | 0.69 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 0.92 | 1.01 | - | - | - | 1.39 | 1.26 | - | - | - | 1.22 | 1.39 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.2-Standard errors for table 8.2: Percentage of public schools that reported one or more less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 1.14 | 2.41 | 2.60 | 2.32 | 2.62 | 1.54 | 2.66 | 2.41 | 3.45 | 3.33 | 1.65 | 3.17 | 2.89 | 3.53 | 3.72 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 1.69 | 3.12 | 3.50 | 3.46 | 3.42 | 2.04 | 3.51 | 3.37 | 5.24 | 4.20 | 2.27 | 4.25 | 4.27 | 5.52 | 5.02 |
| Middle school | 2.34 | 3.41 | 4.80 | 4.69 | 6.57 | 2.46 | 4.08 | 5.32 | 5.32 | 5.62 | 2.61 | 3.80 | 5.00 | 4.83 | 7.07 |
| High school | 2.94 | 4.00 | 6.10 | 5.34 | 4.49 | 3.11 | 4.44 | 6.23 | 5.55 | 5.07 | 2.69 | 3.60 | 6.12 | 5.87 | 5.40 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 2.26 | 4.59 | 4.62 | 5.39 | 7.05 | 3.31 | 8.48 | 4.72 | 7.14 | 6.81 | 3.56 | 9.35 | 5.76 | 9.15 | 11.56 |
| Southeast | 2.67 | 6.52 | 7.44 | 5.90 | 4.29 | 3.63 | 5.16 | 8.52 | 7.23 | 6.74 | 3.15 | 5.74 | 8.25 | 6.47 | 6.90 |
| Central | 2.55 | 6.01 | 6.51 | 6.07 | 4.39 | 2.66 | 5.30 | 5.12 | 6.23 | 5.25 | 3.58 | 6.63 | 5.80 | 5.27 | 6.34 |
| West | 2.99 | 4.87 | 6.20 | 5.92 | 5.66 | 3.02 | 5.08 | 6.76 | 6.58 | 7.23 | 3.49 | 4.92 | 6.89 | 7.00 | 6.84 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 2.85 | - | - | 4.59 | 4.10 | 3.11 | - | - | 7.56 | 4.59 | 3.92 | - | - | 8.19 | 5.24 |
| 300-999 | 1.44 | 3.05 | 3.01 | 3.04 | 3.03 | 1.83 | 3.23 | 3.08 | 3.91 | 4.05 | 1.69 | 3.75 | 3.63 | 3.49 | 4.82 |
| 1,000 or more | 2.97 | 4.75 | 6.01 | 8.88 | - | 3.24 | 3.78 | 5.59 | 9.17 | - | 3.28 | 5.08 | 5.49 | 8.84 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 2.40 | - | 7.00 | 4.06 | 3.72 | 2.83 | - | 5.50 | 5.62 | 4.19 | 3.29 | - | 6.70 | 5.59 | 4.47 |
| 5-19 percent | 3.03 | 4.90 | 5.73 | 5.65 | 7.79 | 3.09 | 4.84 | 4.99 | 6.70 | 7.73 | 2.97 | 7.00 | 5.55 | 6.93 | 10.26 |
| 20-49 percent | 2.88 | 6.66 | 5.66 | 6.71 | 5.45 | 3.28 | 5.42 | 6.80 | 6.97 | 6.93 | 3.46 | 5.79 | 6.06 | 8.28 | 8.08 |
| 50 percent or more | 3.13 | 3.46 | 7.54 | 8.41 | 10.07 | 3.47 | 4.37 | 7.83 | 9.33 | 11.43 | 3.34 | 4.36 | 7.25 | 9.31 | 10.57 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 2.47 | 5.79 | 4.07 | 5.28 | 6.02 | 2.74 | 5.42 | 4.32 | 6.22 | 5.99 | 3.58 | 8.40 | 5.84 | 7.22 | 8.96 |
| 21-34 percent | 2.90 | 7.63 | 7.50 | 5.25 | 5.86 | 2.95 | 8.44 | 4.78 | 6.07 | 3.86 | 3.98 | 9.58 | 8.13 | 7.07 | 4.88 |
| 35-49 percent | 3.45 | 9.38 | 7.77 | 7.84 | 5.02 | 4.77 | 9.71 | 10.22 | 7.49 | 6.81 | 4.38 | 9.50 | 7.86 | 8.35 | 7.28 |
| 50-74 percent | 3.43 | 7.03 | 6.74 | 6.43 | 6.57 | 3.56 | 6.44 | 7.40 | 8.62 | 7.31 | 3.57 | 5.73 | 10.60 | 9.11 | 8.26 |
| 75 percent or more | 2.99 | 4.51 | - | - | - | 3.90 | 5.53 | - | - | - | 3.88 | 5.83 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.3.-Standard errors for table 8.3: Number of public schools that reported one or more incidents of serious violent crime to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 371.5 | 175.0 | 186.3 | 106.3 | 187.1 | 365.1 | 285.3 | 229.4 | 170.7 | 252.0 | 306.5 | 234.4 | 127.8 | 87.9 | 122.6 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 229.4 | 21.5 | 17.3 | $\dagger$ | 24.8 | 383.0 | 245.1 | 178.4 | $\dagger$ | 204.4 | 197.7 | 167.5 | 8.0 | $\dagger$ | 16.6 |
| Middle school | 169.1 | 66.0 | 104.5 | 67.0 | 71.9 | 170.4 | 98.4 | 123.6 | 100.4 | 121.7 | 128.7 | 96.5 | 90.7 | $\dagger$ | 35.9 |
| High school | 197.5 | 71.2 | 106.9 | 85.7 | 102.4 | 235.3 | 66.5 | 119.6 | 116.4 | 102.9 | 151.7 | 84.1 | 73.5 | 87.9 | 59.8 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 88.2 | 40.4 | 66.9 | 5.2 | 42.9 | 136.2 | 59.5 | 94.5 | 5.2 | 73.8 | 80.7 | 54.2 | 56.7 | 5.2 | 46.5 |
| Southeast | 155.3 | 47.5 | 137.3 | 71.6 | 4.3 | 210.1 | 173.6 | 63.9 | 67.0 | 78.2 | 105.1 | 62.0 | 49.2 | 5.2 | 7.6 |
| Central | 231.3 | 166.5 | 11.0 | $\dagger$ | 165.7 | 304.2 | 78.1 | 181.5 | 55.7 | 215.4 | 185.6 | 130.2 | 93.3 | $\dagger$ | 16.6 |
| West | 176.7 | 61.6 | 102.4 | 74.6 | 12.8 | 281.8 | 210.3 | 158.2 | 147.4 | 129.0 | 174.4 | 157.5 | 80.7 | 73.9 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 129.2 | - | - | 10.2 | 108.6 | 174.1 | - | - | 139.7 | 94.8 | 74.9 | - | - | 10.2 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 317.8 | 165.5 | 170.0 | 75.6 | 158.8 | 377.7 | 268.9 | 219.3 | 90.0 | 223.6 | 261.8 | 196.8 | 86.6 | 50.9 | 122.6 |
| 1,000 or more | 119.7 | 70.6 | 72.9 | 42.0 | - | 137.9 | 85.6 | 105.7 | 57.7 | - | 122.3 | 93.6 | 89.2 | 4.8 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 188.2 | - | 70.5 | 46.6 | 164.6 | 211.5 | - | 11.0 | 80.6 | 198.4 | 125.8 | - | 11.0 | 5.2 | 107.0 |
| 5-19 percent | 215.8 | 143.3 | 107.1 | 10.2 | 39.6 | 207.3 | 47.0 | 176.9 | 99.3 | 79.1 | 142.7 | 122.7 | 40.9 | 10.2 | 3.7 |
| 20-49 percent | 125.8 | 73.1 | 56.6 | 44.0 | 90.9 | 265.6 | 198.1 | 147.3 | 73.0 | 117.2 | 144.5 | 135.5 | 42.3 | 5.2 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 169.5 | 66.6 | 133.7 | 8.9 | 4.3 | 208.0 | 179.0 | 99.7 | 5.2 | 93.9 | 180.8 | 112.2 | 96.0 | 4.8 | 57.5 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 147.7 | 37.4 | 109.3 | 46.6 | 73.8 | 198.7 | 64.8 | 122.9 | 97.6 | 75.8 | 95.8 | 42.1 | 14.3 | $\dagger$ | 3.7 |
| 21-34 percent | 176.4 | 50.7 | 89.6 | $\dagger$ | 153.2 | 232.4 | 124.5 | 108.1 | 56.6 | 184.0 | 123.7 | 61.2 | 43.3 | 5.2 | 107.0 |
| 35-49 percent | 214.7 | 163.8 | 116.6 | 44.0 | 90.9 | 219.6 | 184.9 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 135.3 | 135.9 | 125.3 | 40.9 | 5.2 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 64.7 | 48.9 | 48.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 213.3 | 139.5 | 151.3 | 8.9 | 70.6 | 151.2 | 142.2 | 59.8 | 4.8 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 104.3 | 54.3 | - | - | - | 174.3 | 67.3 | - | - | - | 150.5 | 77.6 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.4.-Standard errors for table 8.4: Number of public schools that reported one or more less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban <br> fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 930 | 420 | 520 | 450 | 560 | 1,200 | 460 | 470 | 680 | 700 | 1,330 | 560 | 560 | 700 | 800 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 820 | 390 | 450 | 370 | 400 | 980 | 430 | 430 | 590 | 490 | 1,100 | 530 | 530 | 620 | 600 |
| Middle school | 340 | 100 | 170 | 210 | 210 | 350 | 130 | 190 | 220 | 170 | 400 | 120 | 200 | 210 | 220 |
| High school | 460 | 120 | 180 | 250 | 280 | 520 | 100 | 180 | 260 | 320 | 450 | 90 | 170 | 260 | 340 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 380 | 90 | 270 | 210 | 160 | 490 | 240 | 260 | 320 | 170 | 650 | 280 | 340 | 450 | 280 |
| Southeast | 440 | 260 | 240 | 300 | 210 | 660 | 210 | 300 | 400 | 360 | 540 | 300 | 310 | 300 | 360 |
| Central | 710 | 270 | 350 | 360 | 350 | 620 | 260 | 260 | 350 | 400 | 900 | 370 | 310 | 300 | 540 |
| West | 680 | 330 | 340 | 330 | 310 | 680 | 400 | 360 | 360 | 430 | 830 | 450 | 440 | 450 | 400 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 620 | - | - | 230 | 490 | 650 | - | - | 360 | 540 | 850 | - | - | 400 | 640 |
| 300-999 | 740 | 410 | 430 | 440 | 280 | 950 | 430 | 430 | 600 | 380 | 870 | 530 | 540 | 520 | 450 |
| 1,000 or more | 230 | 130 | 180 | 140 | - | 290 | 190 | 180 | 140 | - | 280 | 160 | 170 | 140 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 600 | - | 270 | 350 | 440 | 630 | - | 210 | 430 | 490 | 860 | - | 300 | 450 | 530 |
| 5-19 percent | 590 | 170 | 360 | 240 | 260 | 580 | 160 | 320 | 290 | 260 | 710 | 340 | 410 | 340 | 360 |
| 20-49 percent | 570 | 330 | 310 | 270 | 210 | 660 | 270 | 400 | 290 | 280 | 680 | 330 | 340 | 320 | 340 |
| 50 percent or more | 580 | 280 | 260 | 270 | 190 | 710 | 410 | 260 | 320 | 280 | 860 | 410 | 300 | 370 | 260 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 460 | 130 | 300 | 260 | 250 | 580 | 100 | 330 | 320 | 250 | 710 | 230 | 450 | 330 | 400 |
| 21-34 percent | 530 | 150 | 320 | 230 | 340 | 510 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 210 | 700 | 280 | 410 | 390 | 250 |
| 35-49 percent | 460 | 270 | 180 | 250 | 250 | 620 | 290 | 260 | 250 | 380 | 620 | 330 | 190 | 260 | 400 |
| 50-74 percent | 610 | 270 | 270 | 290 | 300 | 700 | 220 | 280 | 440 | 360 | 760 | 260 | 370 | 500 | 420 |
| 75 percent or more | 380 | 280 | - | - | - | 590 | 350 | - | - | - | 660 | 410 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Standard errors are rounded to the nearest 10.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.5.-Standard errors for table 8.5: Number of serious violent criminal incidents occurring in public schools reported to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 680 | 440 | 290 | 120 | 360 | 1,880 | 1,520 | 370 | 960 | 590 | 1,540 | 1,190 | 620 | 360 | 290 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 420 | 280 | 110 | $\dagger$ | 300 | 560 | 450 | 180 | $\dagger$ | 270 | 200 | 170 | 50 | $\dagger$ | 100 |
| Middle school | 360 | 170 | 240 | 70 | 140 | 1,440 | 1,450 | 220 | 110 | 290 | 1,020 | 1,030 | 120 | $\dagger$ | 70 |
| High school | 340 | 240 | 150 | 100 | 190 | 1,080 | 300 | 310 | 910 | 410 | 890 | 470 | 600 | 360 | 270 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 140 | 80 | 90 | $\ddagger$ | 70 | 260 | 190 | 160 | $\ddagger$ | 90 | 400 | 300 | 90 | 290 | 90 |
| Southeast | 330 | 210 | 220 | 90 | 150 | 420 | 340 | 240 | 70 | 80 | 660 | 120 | 550 | $\ddagger$ | 260 |
| Central | 480 | 360 | 60 | $\dagger$ | 330 | 1,580 | 1,460 | 210 | 190 | 560 | 1,010 | 970 | 320 | $\dagger$ | 100 |
| West | 340 | 170 | 180 | 70 | 90 | 1,000 | 370 | 260 | 950 | 220 | 470 | 440 | 120 | 210 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 170 | - | - | 70 | 160 | 980 | - | - | 950 | 280 | 210 | - | - | 200 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 570 | 360 | 250 | 80 | 340 | 1,570 | 1,490 | 230 | 100 | 480 | 1,250 | 980 | 120 | 290 | 290 |
| 1,000 or more | 310 | 250 | 150 | 70 | - | 520 | 380 | 330 | 220 | - | 770 | 470 | 600 | 60 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 340 | - | 70 | 50 | 330 | 230 | - | 60 | 80 | 220 | 140 | - | 60 | $\ddagger$ | 120 |
| 5-19 percent | 330 | 280 | 140 | 70 | 40 | 970 | 200 | 250 | 900 | 80 | 250 | 130 | 70 | 200 | 50 |
| 20-49 percent | 320 | 210 | 190 | 70 | 170 | 480 | 390 | 230 | 140 | 210 | 500 | 240 | 260 | 290 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 260 | 170 | 190 | 60 | $\ddagger$ | 1,510 | 1,480 | 270 | \# | 480 | 1,430 | 1,110 | 550 | 60 | 260 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 240 | 140 | 140 | 50 | 140 | 320 | 110 | 130 | 240 | 120 | 340 | 140 | 320 | $\dagger$ | 50 |
| 21-34 percent | 360 | 110 | 160 | $\dagger$ | 300 | 480 | 340 | 310 | 80 | 190 | 610 | 300 | 540 | $\ddagger$ | 120 |
| 35-49 percent | 410 | 360 | 120 | 70 | 170 | 460 | 420 | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | 220 | 360 | 200 | 70 | 290 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 220 | 150 | 170 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 1,460 | 1,460 | 210 | 60 | 70 | 1,020 | 1,020 | 100 | 60 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 150 | 110 | - | - | - | 980 | 170 | - | - | - | 520 | 370 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
$\ddagger$ Values are less than 50 .
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Standard errors are rounded to the nearest 10.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.6.-Standard errors for table 8.6: Number of less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents occurring in public schools reported to police, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 17,030 | 9,220 | 11,540 | 5,770 | 4,300 | 8,400 | 4,190 | 4,130 | 3,550 | 3,590 | 5,580 | 3,380 | 3,510 | 2,780 | 2,650 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 7,000 | 830 | 5,250 | 4,710 | 1,640 | 3,390 | 1,260 | 2,810 | 1,110 | 1,060 | 4,210 | 1,790 | 3,000 | 2,160 | 1,310 |
| Middle school | 10,430 | 8,860 | 6,450 | 2,360 | 1,500 | 3,370 | 2,510 | 1,700 | 1,560 | 1,160 | 2,280 | 1,650 | 650 | 1,470 | 1,080 |
| High school | 9,360 | 2,430 | 7,340 | 3,420 | 3,610 | 5,660 | 2,790 | 2,470 | 3,120 | 2,660 | 2,870 | 1,730 | 1,400 | 1,470 | 1,680 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 6,820 | 2,090 | 6,060 | 1,120 | 1,450 | 4,830 | 970 | 3,010 | 1,570 | 1,510 | 2,380 | 1,050 | 1,170 | 2,060 | 480 |
| Southeast | 8,800 | 1,850 | 9,210 | 2,880 | 2,400 | 3,150 | 1,630 | 1,690 | 1,300 | 1,290 | 1,840 | 1,090 | 1,210 | 870 | 1,010 |
| Central | 10,030 | 8,160 | 2,880 | 2,390 | 2,930 | 2,800 | 1,940 | 1,100 | 1,330 | 1,920 | 2,690 | 910 | 730 | 1,120 | 1,790 |
| West | 7,300 | 3,430 | 3,070 | 5,610 | 1,960 | 4,970 | 2,880 | 2,710 | 3,160 | 1,700 | 4,400 | 2,870 | 3,120 | 2,100 | 1,470 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 3,700 | - | - | 2,440 | 2,230 | 2,270 | - | - | 1,090 | 1,720 | 2,450 | - | - | 1,590 | 1,790 |
| 300-999 | 10,730 | 8,210 | 4,900 | 4,920 | 3,560 | 4,450 | 2,340 | 1,460 | 2,380 | 2,620 | 4,140 | 2,240 | 1,880 | 2,330 | 1,660 |
| 1,000 or more | 11,520 | 2,950 | 10,340 | 3,220 | - | 5,290 | 2,990 | 3,830 | 2,530 | - | 3,610 | 2,060 | 3,070 | 1,130 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 3,250 | - | 1,210 | 2,050 | 2,530 | 3,620 | - | 1,660 | 1,550 | 2,780 | 2,770 | - | 820 | 1,650 | 1,800 |
| 5-19 percent | 5,120 | 1,590 | 3,780 | 2,330 | 1,560 | 4,520 | 1,550 | 2,540 | 2,520 | 1,220 | 2,870 | 640 | 1,570 | 1,780 | 770 |
| 20-49 percent | 9,330 | 3,260 | 6,970 | 5,130 | 1,950 | 4,050 | 2,290 | 2,940 | 730 | 1,060 | 2,220 | 1,380 | 920 | 970 | 770 |
| 50 percent or more | 13,700 | 8,840 | 8,310 | 3,040 | 2,820 | 4,590 | 3,540 | 1,390 | 1,380 | 1,030 | 5,170 | 3,010 | 2,980 | 1,830 | 1,340 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 5,550 | 1,570 | 3,590 | 2,890 | 1,740 | 3,940 | 1,680 | 2,060 | 1,980 | 1,700 | 2,330 | 650 | 1,370 | 1,110 | 990 |
| 21-34 percent | 7,730 | 1,560 | 7,020 | 1,530 | 1,790 | 4,360 | 1,330 | 2,070 | 2,550 | 1,690 | 2,330 | 940 | 1,160 | 1,690 | 930 |
| 35-49 percent | 6,980 | 2,890 | 5,600 | 2,150 | 2,300 | 3,780 | 1,920 | 2,680 | 1,130 | 1,410 | 1,970 | 1,130 | 630 | 870 | 1,250 |
| 50-74 percent | 9,870 | 8,360 | 4,680 | 2,690 | 1,510 | 3,400 | 2,830 | 1,470 | 1,350 | 1,070 | 2,560 | 2,010 | 790 | 1,620 | 1,310 |
| 75 percent or more | 5,940 | 2,390 | - | - | - | 2,700 | 1,510 | - | - | - | 4,310 | 2,110 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is 78,000 public schools. Standard errors are rounded to the nearest 10 .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.7.-Standard errors for table 8.7: Number of serious violent criminal incidents reported to police per 1,000 public school students, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Rape or other type of sexual battery |  |  |  |  | Physical attack or fight with a weapon |  |  |  |  | Robbery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | $\dagger$ | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.02 | $\dagger$ | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | $\dagger$ | 0.02 |
| Middle school | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.59 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 0.41 | 0.05 | $\dagger$ | 0.07 |
| High school | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.31 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.09 |
| Southeast | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.22 | 0.02 | 0.12 |
| Central | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.02 | $\dagger$ | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.60 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.40 | 0.12 | $\dagger$ | 0.02 |
| West | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.34 | 0.15 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.08 | $\dagger$ |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 0.05 | - | - | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.26 | - | - | 1.11 | 0.14 | 0.06 | - | - | 0.24 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.19 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.06 |
| 1,000 or more | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.04 | - | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.12 | - | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.02 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 0.04 | - | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.03 | - | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.02 | - | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 5-19 percent | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.35 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 20-49 percent | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.14 | $\dagger$ |
| 50 percent or more | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.66 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.02 | 0.38 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.06 | $\dagger$ | 0.02 |
| 21-34 percent | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.06 | $\dagger$ | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.03 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.21 | 0.02 | 0.06 |
| 35-49 percent | 0.06 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.24 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.17 | $\dagger$ |
| 50-74 percent | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.09 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 0.19 | 0.51 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 0.35 | 0.05 | 0.02 | $\dagger$ |
| 75 percent or more | 0.03 | 0.03 | - | - | - | 0.15 | 0.05 | - | - | - | 0.07 | 0.06 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some schools with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is $42,336,819$ public school students. Values of 0.0 are less than 0.05 .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S8.8.-Standard errors for table 8.8: Number of less serious violent or nonviolent criminal incidents reported to police per 1,000 public school students, by type of incident, urbanicity, and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Physical attack or fight without a weapon |  |  |  |  | Theft or larceny |  |  |  |  | Vandalism |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural | Total | City | Urban fringe | Town | Rural |
| Total | 0.41 | 0.76 | 0.93 | 0.59 | 0.61 | 0.20 | 0.34 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.51 | 0.13 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 0.36 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.79 | 0.97 | 0.43 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.42 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.19 | 0.27 | 0.43 | 0.45 | 0.34 |
| Middle school | 1.23 | 3.56 | 2.51 | 1.08 | 1.38 | 0.39 | 1.00 | 0.66 | 0.70 | 1.10 | 0.27 | 0.65 | 0.25 | 0.63 | 1.01 |
| High school | 0.84 | 0.80 | 2.29 | 1.18 | 1.66 | 0.50 | 0.90 | 0.77 | 1.04 | 1.23 | 0.23 | 0.50 | 0.42 | 0.53 | 0.74 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 0.78 | 0.93 | 1.90 | 0.50 | 1.31 | 0.56 | 0.42 | 0.93 | 0.68 | 1.52 | 0.27 | 0.49 | 0.36 | 0.95 | 0.42 |
| Southeast | 0.90 | 0.71 | 3.77 | 0.91 | 1.03 | 0.30 | 0.64 | 0.66 | 0.44 | 0.52 | 0.17 | 0.33 | 0.45 | 0.32 | 0.42 |
| Central | 0.99 | 3.41 | 0.98 | 0.92 | 1.30 | 0.27 | 0.82 | 0.36 | 0.53 | 0.86 | 0.25 | 0.36 | 0.23 | 0.45 | 0.75 |
| West | 0.55 | 0.62 | 0.73 | 2.03 | 1.40 | 0.39 | 0.56 | 0.68 | 1.19 | 1.20 | 0.31 | 0.48 | 0.71 | 0.72 | 1.03 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 0.92 | - | - | 2.81 | 1.11 | 0.59 | - | - | 1.26 | 0.87 | 0.60 | - | - | 1.88 | 0.87 |
| 300-999 | 0.39 | 1.07 | 0.63 | 0.68 | 0.76 | 0.16 | 0.30 | 0.19 | 0.32 | 0.56 | 0.15 | 0.29 | 0.23 | 0.31 | 0.36 |
| 1,000 or more | 1.12 | 0.77 | 2.58 | 1.82 | - | 0.46 | 0.66 | 0.91 | 1.49 | - | 0.32 | 0.44 | 0.72 | 0.65 | - |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 0.32 | - | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.69 | 0.38 | - | 0.79 | 0.42 | 0.76 | 0.29 | - | 0.35 | 0.49 | 0.48 |
| 5-19 percent | 0.49 | 0.76 | 0.83 | 0.98 | 1.35 | 0.44 | 0.78 | 0.57 | 0.98 | 0.90 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 0.32 | 0.70 | 0.58 |
| 20-49 percent | 0.89 | 0.93 | 2.16 | 2.34 | 1.32 | 0.37 | 0.65 | 0.87 | 0.34 | 0.67 | 0.20 | 0.34 | 0.28 | 0.41 | 0.45 |
| 50 percent or more | 1.16 | 1.40 | 2.95 | 1.69 | 3.81 | 0.38 | 0.57 | 0.48 | 0.77 | 1.54 | 0.40 | 0.47 | 1.02 | 1.02 | 1.93 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 0.48 | 0.81 | 0.67 | 1.03 | 1.13 | 0.32 | 0.81 | 0.36 | 0.67 | 1.19 | 0.19 | 0.36 | 0.25 | 0.40 | 0.66 |
| 21-34 percent | 0.89 | 0.84 | 2.73 | 0.63 | 0.93 | 0.47 | 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.97 | 0.89 | 0.27 | 0.46 | 0.38 | 0.69 | 0.45 |
| 35-49 percent | 1.06 | 1.80 | 3.74 | 1.38 | 1.26 | 0.58 | 1.01 | 1.78 | 0.73 | 0.85 | 0.30 | 0.48 | 0.43 | 0.54 | 0.67 |
| 50-74 percent | 1.20 | 2.90 | 2.48 | 1.06 | 1.30 | 0.41 | 0.99 | 0.69 | 0.52 | 0.97 | 0.29 | 0.64 | 0.39 | 0.63 | 1.16 |
| 75 percent or more | 0.89 | 0.67 | - | - | - | 0.37 | 0.39 | - | - | - | 0.57 | 0.55 | - | - | - |

-Fewer than 30 sample cases.
NOTE: Examples of weapons are guns, knives, sharp-edged or pointed objects, baseball bats, frying pans, sticks, rocks, and bottles. Schools were asked to report crimes that took place in school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, and at places holding school-sponsored events. Population size is $42,336,819$ public school students.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S9.1.-Standard errors for table 9.1: Number of nonfatal crimes against teachers and average annual number of crimes per 1,000 teachers at school, by type of crime and selected teacher characteristics: Aggregated from 1995 to 1999

|  | Total crimes from 1995 to 1999 |  |  |  | Average annual number of crimes per 1,000 teachers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teacher characteristics | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent | Total | Theft | Violent | Serious violent |
| Total | 100,170 | 76,350 | 56,540 | 16,880 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 0.8 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary | 54,730 | 45,090 | 27,790 | 12,890 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 1.2 |
| Middle/junior high | 50,360 | 36,180 | 32,380 | 7,750 ${ }^{1}$ | 10.6 | 7.9 | 7.1 | $1.8{ }^{1}$ |
| Senior high | 54,350 | 41,470 | 32,000 | 6,920 ${ }^{1}$ | 8.4 | 6.6 | 5.2 | $1.2{ }^{1}$ |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 49,510 | 32,150 | 35,300 | 10,440 | 8.6 | 5.8 | 6.4 | 2.0 |
| Female | 81,710 | 66,490 | 41,340 | 12,930 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 0.8 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 91,030 | 69,570 | 51,520 | 15,170 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 0.9 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 22,650 | 17,990 | 13,070 | 7,010 ${ }^{1}$ | 10.7 | 8.6 | 6.3 | $3.4{ }^{1}$ |
| Hispanic | 21,910 | 16,160 | 14,170 | $\dagger$ | 16.8 | 12.8 | 11.3 | $\dagger$ |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 5,520 ${ }^{1}$ | $5,520{ }^{1}$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $16.5{ }^{1}$ | $16.5{ }^{1}$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Urbanicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 71,990 | 53,850 | 42,860 | 12,300 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 1.2 |
| Suburban | 48,020 | 38,950 | 25,490 | $8,790^{1}$ | 6.7 | 5.5 | 3.7 | $1.3{ }^{1}$ |
| Rural | 30,260 | 23,420 | 17,990 | 5,340 ${ }^{1}$ | 7.6 | 6.0 | 4.7 | $1.4{ }^{1}$ |

[^12]Table S10.1.-Standard errors for table 10.1: Percentage and number of teachers who reported that they were threatened with injury or that they were physically attacked by a student during the past 12 months, by urbanicity and selected teacher and school characteristics: 1993-94 school year

|  | Teachers threatened with injury by a student |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Teachers physically attacked by a student |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  |
| Selected characteristics | Total | Central city | Urban fringe/ large town | Small <br> town/ <br> rural | Total | Central city | Urban fringe/ large town | Small <br> town/ <br> rural | Total | Central city | Urban <br> fringe/ large town | Small <br> town/ <br> rural | Total | Central city | Urban fringe/ large town | Small <br> town/ <br> rural |
| Total | 0.23 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.29 | 7,040 | 4,360 | 3,840 | 3,550 | 0.13 | 0.23 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 3,890 | 2,230 | 2,300 | 1,920 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 0.40 | 0.87 | 0.61 | 0.51 | 3,870 | 2,470 | 1,720 | 1,760 | 0.21 | 0.58 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 1,760 | 1,350 | 740 | 900 |
| Female | 0.20 | 0.59 | 0.47 | 0.30 | 5,530 | 3,830 | 3,300 | 2,640 | 0.18 | 0.34 | 0.31 | 0.22 | 3,840 | 2,220 | 2,170 | 1,640 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 0.24 | 0.54 | 0.43 | 0.30 | 6,280 | 3,870 | 3,720 | 3,400 | 0.16 | 0.31 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 3,970 | 2,160 | 2,100 | 1,940 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 0.61 | 0.90 | 1.30 | 1.16 | 1,400 | 1,190 | 630 | 500 | 0.40 | 0.69 | 1.18 | 0.71 | 860 | 830 | 530 | 310 |
| Hispanic | 1.32 | 2.10 | 1.40 | 1.94 | 1,840 | 1,650 | 490 | 450 | 0.99 | 1.57 | 1.14 | 0.66 | 1,260 | 1,170 | 380 | 130 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 1.08 | 2.02 | 2.08 | 1.26 | 680 | 510 | 420 | 200 | 0.76 | 1.60 | 1.52 | 0.79 | 450 | 340 | 300 | 120 |
| Teacher level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary | 0.30 | 0.67 | 0.52 | 0.38 | 4,480 | 3,400 | 2,700 | 2,290 | 0.20 | 0.43 | 0.32 | 0.27 | 3,250 | 2,170 | 1,700 | 1,560 |
| Secondary | 0.28 | 0.49 | 0.51 | 0.42 | 5,380 | 2,780 | 2,790 | 2,450 | 0.14 | 0.25 | 0.26 | 0.20 | 1,980 | 1,030 | 1,190 | 1,120 |
| Control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 0.26 | 0.56 | 0.42 | 0.32 | 6,960 | 4,420 | 3,450 | 3,500 | 0.14 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.19 | 3,690 | 2,350 | 2,130 | 1,890 |
| Private | 0.29 | 0.38 | 0.67 | 0.61 | 1,100 | 610 | 990 | 480 | 0.23 | 0.31 | 0.46 | 0.56 | 850 | 500 | 660 | 420 |

[^13]Table S11.1.-Standard errors for table 11.1: Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported carrying a weapon on school property at least 1 day in the past 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 0.73 | 0.45 | 0.64 | 0.60 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 0.96 | 0.76 | 1.50 | 1.08 |
| Female | 0.65 | 0.53 | 0.37 | 0.38 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 5.16 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 1.44 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 0.49 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 2.70 |
| White | § | § | § | 0.87 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 2.73 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 0.74 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 0.73 | 0.76 | 0.90 | 1.07 |
| 10th | 0.97 | 0.78 | 0.99 | 0.81 |
| 11th | 1.41 | 0.94 | 1.33 | 0.55 |
| 12th | 0.83 | 0.68 | 0.91 | 0.80 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

Table S11.2-Standard errors for table 11.2: Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported carrying a weapon anywhere at least 1 day in the past 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 1.18 | 0.66 | 0.91 | 1.00 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1.68 | 1.03 | 1.57 | 1.76 |
| Female | 0.85 | 0.72 | 0.54 | 0.56 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 5.60 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 2.02 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 2.68 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 4.81 |
| White | § | § | § | 1.40 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 3.20 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 1.34 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 1.42 | 1.24 | 1.34 | 1.68 |
| 10th | 1.11 | 0.94 | 1.33 | 1.31 |
| 11th | 1.66 | 1.40 | 1.69 | 1.21 |
| 12th | 1.46 | 0.93 | 1.65 | 1.46 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather, students are simply asked during the past 30 days, on how many days they carried a weapon.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

Table S121.-Standard errors for table 121: Percentage of students ages 12 through 18 who reported fearing being attacked or harmed at school or on the way to and from school during the previous 6 months, by selected student characteristics: 1989, 1995, and 1999

|  | Feared attack or harm at school ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Feared attack or harm on the way to and from school ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student characteristics | $1989{ }^{2}$ | 1995 | 1999 | $1989{ }^{2}$ | 1995 | 1999 |
| Total | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.25 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 0.39 | 0.47 | 0.39 | 0.32 | 0.34 | 0.31 |
| Female | 0.39 | 0.46 | 0.44 | 0.38 | 0.48 | 0.40 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 0.29 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.19 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 0.76 | 1.07 | 0.97 | 0.82 | 1.12 | 1.03 |
| Hispanic | 1.24 | 1.08 | 0.94 | 1.18 | 1.11 | 0.92 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 1.70 | 1.44 | 0.99 | 1.49 | 1.34 | 1.04 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6th | 1.17 | 1.06 | 1.25 | 1.08 | 0.82 | 0.77 |
| 7th | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.71 | 0.77 | 0.78 | 0.53 |
| 8th | 0.70 | 0.74 | 0.65 | 0.60 | 0.61 | 0.57 |
| 9th | 0.66 | 0.73 | 0.60 | 0.63 | 0.76 | 0.60 |
| 10th | 0.69 | 0.71 | 0.57 | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.63 |
| 11th | 0.56 | 0.65 | 0.52 | 0.59 | 0.64 | 0.52 |
| 12th | 0.49 | 0.87 | 0.54 | 0.51 | 0.66 | 0.72 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban | 0.61 | 0.72 | 0.58 | 0.63 | 0.69 | 0.66 |
| Suburban | 0.38 | 0.43 | 0.37 | 0.32 | 0.38 | 0.27 |
| Rural | 0.50 | 0.69 | 0.55 | 0.34 | 0.44 | 0.44 |
| Control |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 0.30 | 0.38 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.32 | 0.25 |
| Private | 0.53 | 0.67 | 0.55 | 0.83 | 0.78 | 0.74 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes students who reported that they sometimes or most of the time feared being victimized in this way.
${ }^{2}$ Students ages 12 through 19.
NOTE: Comparisons between the 1989 data and the 1995 and 1999 data should be made with caution due to changes in the questionnaire. See appendix B for details. "At school" means in the school building, on the school grounds, or on a school bus. Population sizes are 21,554,000 students ages 12 through 19 in 1989, 23,601,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1995, and $24,614,000$ students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1989, 1995, and 1999.

| Student characteristics | 1989* | 1995 | 1999 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 0.26 | 0.29 | 0.29 |
| Gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 0.37 | 0.43 | 0.35 |
| Female | 0.38 | 0.46 | 0.39 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 0.29 | 0.32 | 0.27 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 0.76 | 1.01 | 0.90 |
| Hispanic | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.73 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 1.53 | 1.61 | 0.99 |
| Grade |  |  |  |
| 6th | 1.05 | 0.99 | 0.92 |
| 7th | 0.83 | 0.89 | 0.72 |
| 8th | 0.65 | 0.77 | 0.70 |
| 9th | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.63 |
| 10th | 0.64 | 0.75 | 0.61 |
| 11th | 0.56 | 0.64 | 0.46 |
| 12th | 0.56 | 0.74 | 0.51 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |
| Urban | 0.59 | 0.73 | 0.48 |
| Suburban | 0.35 | 0.40 | 0.38 |
| Rural | 0.52 | 0.65 | 0.56 |
| Control |  |  |  |
| Public | 0.29 | 0.33 | 0.31 |
| Private | 0.50 | 0.47 | 0.45 |

[^14]NOTE: Comparisons between the 1989 data and the 1995 and 1999 data should be made with caution due to changes in the questionnaire. See appendix B for details. Places include the entrance into the school, any hallways or stairs in the school, parts of the school cafeteria, any school restrooms, and other places inside the school building. Population sizes are $21,554,000$ students ages 12 through 19 in 1989, 23,601,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1995, and 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1989, 1995, and 1999.

## Table S14.1.-Standard errors for table 14.1: Percentage of students ages 12 through 18 who reported being targets of hate-related words or who saw hate-related graffiti at school during the previous 6 months, by selected student characteristics: 1999

| Student characteristics | Hate-related words | Hate-related graffiti |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 0.53 | 0.94 |
|  |  |  |
| Gender | 0.66 | 1.06 |
| Male | 0.70 | 1.14 |
| Female |  |  |
| Race/ethnicity | 0.67 | 1.20 |
| White, non-Hispanic | 1.17 | 1.71 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 1.07 | 1.46 |
| Hispanic | 1.95 | 2.53 |
| Other, non-Hispanic |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Grade | 1.34 | 1.82 |
| 6th | 1.14 | 1.43 |
| 7th | 0.99 | 1.51 |
| 8th | 0.91 | 1.55 |
| 9th | 1.09 | 1.77 |
| 10th | 1.03 | 1.74 |
| 11th | 1.25 | 2.04 |
| 12th |  |  |
|  |  | 1.18 |
| Urbanicity | 0.78 | 1.12 |
| Urban | 0.53 | 2.60 |
| Suburban | 1.75 |  |
| Rural |  | 0.97 |
| Control | 1.04 | 1.85 |
| Public |  |  |
| Private |  |  |

[^15]| Student characteristics | 1989* | 1995 | 1999 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 0.43 | 0.65 | 0.64 |
| Gender |  |  |  |
| Male | 0.61 | 0.81 | 0.72 |
| Female | 0.61 | 0.79 | 0.78 |
| Race/ethnicity |  |  |  |
| White, non-Hispanic | 0.46 | 0.69 | 0.67 |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 1.21 | 1.73 | 1.80 |
| Hispanic | 1.82 | 1.79 | 1.68 |
| Other, non-Hispanic | 2.74 | 2.71 | 1.98 |
| Grade |  |  |  |
| 6th | 1.26 | 1.06 | 1.23 |
| 7th | 1.17 | 1.15 | 0.95 |
| 8th | 1.06 | 1.23 | 1.09 |
| 9th | 1.20 | 1.30 | 1.35 |
| 10th | 1.16 | 1.53 | 1.42 |
| 11th | 1.12 | 1.44 | 1.25 |
| 12th | 1.09 | 1.50 | 1.52 |
| Urbanicity |  |  |  |
| Urban | 1.00 | 1.34 | 1.02 |
| Suburban | 0.61 | 0.77 | 0.68 |
| Rural | 0.63 | 1.73 | 2.06 |
| Control |  |  |  |
| Public | 0.47 | 0.71 | 0.70 |
| Private | 0.84 | 0.81 | 0.83 |

[^16]Table S16.1.-Standard errors for table 16.1: Percentage and number of public schools that reported that 1 or more of 17 discipline issues* was a serious problem in their school, by urbanicity and selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Percent |  |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural | Total | City | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Urban } \\ & \text { fringe } \end{aligned}$ | Town | Rural |
| Total | 1.25 | 2.34 | 1.96 | 1.93 | 2.74 | 970 | 410 | 360 | 380 | 590 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 1.62 | 3.35 | 2.46 | 2.45 | 3.54 | 780 | 410 | 300 | 270 | 420 |
| Middle school | 1.77 | 3.61 | 3.46 | 4.13 | 4.62 | 250 | 110 | 120 | 180 | 140 |
| High school | 2.49 | 4.14 | 5.84 | 4.87 | 4.61 | 390 | 120 | 160 | 210 | 280 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 2.37 | 7.33 | 2.70 | 4.76 | 3.75 | 350 | 220 | 140 | 200 | 80 |
| Southeast | 2.32 | 5.24 | 5.06 | 5.21 | 4.82 | 410 | 220 | 170 | 270 | 250 |
| Central | 1.97 | 4.12 | 4.93 | 4.56 | 3.98 | 470 | 180 | 260 | 240 | 320 |
| West | 2.61 | 3.93 | 4.50 | 4.20 | 5.90 | 590 | 260 | 240 | 220 | 360 |
| School size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 2.12 | 5.17 | $\dagger$ | 3.66 | 3.31 | 440 | 70 | $\dagger$ | 170 | 400 |
| 300-999 | 1.47 | 3.07 | 2.38 | 2.60 | 3.64 | 750 | 410 | 340 | 360 | 330 |
| 1,000 or more | 2.93 | 4.62 | 4.72 | 8.59 | 15.85 | 240 | 130 | 130 | 100 | 60 |
| Minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 1.53 | 4.65 | 3.04 | 2.89 | 2.28 | 360 | 40 | 110 | 230 | 270 |
| 5-19 percent | 2.12 | 5.04 | 3.95 | 5.31 | 6.83 | 410 | 180 | 250 | 240 | 230 |
| 20-49 percent | 3.03 | 4.57 | 4.12 | 3.89 | 8.55 | 490 | 210 | 220 | 140 | 340 |
| 50 percent or more | 2.70 | 3.54 | 4.65 | 5.87 | 9.41 | 500 | 320 | 190 | 180 | 190 |
| Free/reduced-price lunch eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 1.44 | 5.01 | 2.69 | 3.42 | 3.71 | 290 | 130 | 170 | 170 | 140 |
| 21-34 percent | 2.52 | 7.32 | 5.34 | 4.78 | 3.84 | 420 | 180 | 190 | 250 | 200 |
| 35-49 percent | 3.09 | 9.72 | 1.43 | 6.69 | 6.07 | 430 | 240 | 40 | 230 | 310 |
| 50-74 percent | 2.52 | 4.05 | 8.08 | 3.63 | 6.77 | 430 | 160 | 270 | 170 | 310 |
| 75 percent or more | 2.94 | 4.09 | 6.08 | 5.94 | 7.36 | 370 | 260 | 140 | 120 | 160 |

*Student tardiness, student absenteeism/class cutting, physical conflicts among students, robbery or theft of items worth over $\$ 10$, vandalism of school property, student alcohol use, student drug use, sale of drugs on school grounds, student tobacco use, student possession of weapons, trespassing, verbal abuse of teachers, physical abuse of teachers, teacher absenteeism, teacher alcohol or drug use, racial tensions, and gangs.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
NOTE: "At school" was not defined for the questionnaire respondent. Population size is 78,000 public schools. Standard error numbers are rounded to the nearest 10 .
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table S17.1.-Standard errors for table 17.1: Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported using alcohol in the last 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | Anywhere |  |  |  | On school property |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 1.06 | 1.19 | 1.43 | 1.27 | 0.39 | 0.45 | 0.34 | 0.38 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1.23 | 1.33 | 1.22 | 1.47 | 0.39 | 0.50 | 0.66 | 0.56 |
| Female | 1.32 | 1.79 | 1.99 | 1.43 | 0.54 | 0.70 | 0.37 | 0.35 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 6.43 | § | § | § | 4.87 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 2.23 | § | § | § | 0.40 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 4.08 | § | § | § | 0.51 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 4.91 | § | § | § | 1.64 |
| White | § | § | § | 1.57 | § | § | § | 0.56 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 3.88 | § | § | § | 1.04 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 2.28 | § | § | § | 0.82 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 1.79 | 1.87 | 3.12 | 2.23 | 0.38 | 0.90 | 0.83 | 0.57 |
| 10th | 2.00 | 2.38 | 2.19 | 1.91 | 0.43 | 0.88 | 0.71 | 0.68 |
| 11th | 1.73 | 1.51 | 1.49 | 1.94 | 0.80 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.53 |
| 12th | 1.35 | 1.64 | 2.50 | 2.24 | 0.64 | 0.58 | 0.66 | 0.89 |

[^17]Table S18.1.-Standard errors for table 18.1: Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported using marijuana in the last 30 days, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | Anywhere |  |  |  | On school property |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| Total | 1.22 | 1.03 | 1.11 | 1.28 | 0.65 | 0.59 | 0.52 | 0.74 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1.23 | 1.08 | 1.46 | 1.93 | 0.83 | 0.85 | 0.68 | 1.31 |
| Female | 1.02 | 1.44 | 1.04 | 0.94 | 0.48 | 0.72 | 0.56 | 0.42 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 6.54 | § | § | § | 5.07 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 2.14 | § | § | § | 0.74 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 3.50 | § | § | § | 1.10 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 3.80 | § | § | § | 2.90 |
| White | § | § | § | 1.59 | § | § | § | 0.85 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 4.00 | § | § | § | 1.81 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 2.27 | § | § | § | 1.21 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 1.10 | 1.83 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 0.40 | 1.38 | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| 10th | 1.79 | 1.89 | 1.29 | 2.11 | 0.94 | 0.87 | 0.73 | 1.10 |
| 11th | 1.77 | 1.35 | 1.81 | 2.45 | 1.07 | 0.62 | 1.17 | 0.78 |
| 12th | 1.40 | 2.35 | 2.09 | 2.83 | 0.78 | 1.15 | 0.61 | 1.15 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents. The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather, students are simply asked how many times during the past 30 days they used marijuana.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

Table S19.1.-Standard errors for table 19.1: Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported that drugs were made available to them on school property during the last 12 months, by selected student characteristics: 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999

| Student characteristics | 1993 | $1995{ }^{1}$ | $1997{ }^{1}$ | $1999{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 1.18 | 1.55 | 1.43 | 1.21 |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1.50 | 1.73 | 1.19 | 1.69 |
| Female | 1.31 | 1.43 | 1.22 | 1.23 |
| Race/ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | § | § | § | 5.91 |
| Asian | § | § | § | 2.56 |
| Black or African-American | § | § | § | 2.02 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | § | § | § | 4.38 |
| White | § | § | § | 1.47 |
| Multiple, non-Hispanic | § | § | § | 2.83 |
| Hispanic or Latino | § | § | § | 1.89 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| 9th | 1.24 | 1.69 | 2.33 | 2.54 |
| 10th | 1.86 | 1.54 | 1.71 | 1.98 |
| 11th | 0.16 | 1.88 | 1.42 | 2.14 |
| 12th | 1.82 | 2.63 | 1.80 | 1.16 |

§The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents.
SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

## APPENDIX A. School Practices and Policies Related to Safety and Discipline

Concern over school crime and violence has prompted many public schools to take various measures to reduce and prevent violence and ensure safety in schools. Such measures include adopting zero tolerance policies; requiring students to wear uniforms; employing various security measures such as requiring visitor sign-in and using metal detectors; having police or other law enforcement representatives stationed at the school; and offering students various types of violence prevention programs. Presented in this appendix are data on the implementation of such safety measures in public schools. This report does not evaluate the effectiveness of any of these efforts or strategies, and the inclusion of a strategy does not suggest that it is endorsed by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) or the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) as an effective means of reducing or preventing violence. Likewise, the omission of a possible strategy does not suggest it is rejected by NCES or BJS as a policy to reduce or prevent violence. This information, along with supporting tables, was drawn from a recent NCES report titled Violence and Discipline Problems in U.S. Public Schools: 1996-97 (NCES 98-030). The report was based on data from the 1996-97 Fast Response Survey System (FRSS) Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence. Readers should consult that report for more detailed findings on variation by school characteristics.

## Zero Tolerance Policies

- Most public schools reported having zero tolerance policies toward serious student offenses (table A1). A "zero tolerance policy" was defined as a school or district policy that mandates predetermined consequences or punishments for specific offenses. At least 9 out of 10 schools reported zero tolerance policies for firearms ( 94 percent) and weapons other than firearms (91 percent). Eighty-seven percent of schools had policies of zero tolerance for alcohol and 88 percent had zero tolerance policies for drugs. Most schools also had zero tolerance policies for violence and tobacco (79 percent each).


## School Uniforms

- Requiring students to wear school uniforms was not common. Three percent of all public schools required students to wear uniforms during the 1996-97 school year (table A2).

[^18]Security Measures

Presence of Police or Other Law
Enforcement Representatives in Schools

Violence Prevention or Reduction Programs

- Schools took a number of measures to secure their schools. For example, 96 percent of public schools reported that visitors were required to sign in before entering the school building (table A3); 80 percent of public schools reported having a closed campus policy that prohibited most students from leaving the campus for lunch; 53 percent of public schools controlled access to their school building; and 24 percent of public schools controlled access to their school grounds. In addition, 19 percent of public schools reported conducting drug sweeps, with middle schools and high schools being more likely to use drug sweeps than elementary schools ( 36 and 45 percent, respectively, versus 5 percent). While 4 percent of public schools reported that they performed random metal detector checks on students, daily use of metal detectors as a security measure was not common: only 1 percent of public schools reported taking this measure.
- In addition to the security measures described above, 6 percent of public schools reported having police or other law enforcement representatives stationed 30 hours or more at the school in a typical week during the 199697 school year; 1 percent of schools had them stationed from 10 to 29 hours; and 3 percent had them stationed from 1 to 9 hours. Twelve percent of schools did not have police or other law enforcement representatives stationed during a typical week but made them available as needed, and 78 percent of schools did not have any such persons stationed at their schools (table A4).
- A majority of public schools (78 percent) reported having some type of formal school violence prevention or reduction program (table A5). The percentage of schools with both 1 -day and ongoing programs ( 43 percent) was higher than schools with only ongoing programs (24 percent) and schools with only 1 -day programs ( 11 percent).
- In the 1996-97 school year, there were over 5,000 student expulsions for possession or use of a firearm (table A6). An additional 3,300 students were transferred to alternative schools for possession or use of a firearm, while 8,144 were placed in out-of-school suspensions lasting 5 or more days. About 5 percent of all public schools (or 4,170 ) took one or more of these actions.

Table A1.-Percentage of public schools that reported that they have a zero tolerance policy for various specified student offenses, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Types of offenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Violence | Firearms | Weapons other than firearms | Alcohol | Drugs | Tobacco |
| All public schools | 79 | 94 | 91 | 87 | 88 | 79 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 79 | 93 | 91 | 87 | 88 | 82 |
| Middle school | 75 | 95 | 90 | 86 | 90 | 77 |
| High school | 80 | 96 | 92 | 86 | 89 | 72 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 76 | 93 | 89 | 84 | 84 | 76 |
| 300-999 | 79 | 94 | 91 | 88 | 89 | 82 |
| 1,000 or more | 86 | 98 | 93 | 85 | 92 | 72 |
| Locale |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City | 87 | 97 | 95 | 89 | 91 | 83 |
| Urban fringe | 82 | 95 | 90 | 88 | 90 | 80 |
| Town | 71 | 90 | 86 | 82 | 83 | 77 |
| Rural | 76 | 94 | 92 | 88 | 89 | 78 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 78 | 89 | 90 | 83 | 84 | 79 |
| Southeast | 83 | 95 | 89 | 90 | 92 | 80 |
| Central | 72 | 93 | 88 | 82 | 83 | 75 |
| West | 83 | 97 | 95 | 91 | 93 | 83 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 71 | 92 | 88 | 82 | 83 | 75 |
| 5-19 percent | 79 | 94 | 92 | 89 | 90 | 80 |
| 20-49 percent | 83 | 95 | 90 | 87 | 89 | 79 |
| 50 percent or more | 85 | 97 | 94 | 90 | 92 | 83 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 76 | 92 | 88 | 86 | 87 | 77 |
| 20-34 percent | 77 | 94 | 90 | 87 | 88 | 82 |
| 35-49 percent | 79 | 97 | 95 | 89 | 92 | 81 |
| 70-74 percent | 80 | 95 | 90 | 85 | 88 | 79 |
| 75 percent or more | 84 | 95 | 93 | 87 | 89 | 81 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School
Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A2.-Percentage of public schools that reported that students were required to wear school uniforms, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

School characteristics
Uniforms required
All public schools 3
Instructional level
Elementary school 4

Middle school 4
High school (*)

| School enrollment |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Less than 300 | $\dagger$ |
| 300-999 | 4 |
| 1,000 or more | 8 |
| Locale |  |
| City | 9 |
| Urban fringe | 6 |
| Town | (*) |
| Rural | (*) |
| Region |  |
| Northeast | 1 |
| Southeast | 4 |
| Central | 2 |
| West | 6 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |
| Less than 5 percent | (*) |
| 5-19 percent | $\dagger$ |
| 20-49 percent | 2 |
| 50 percent or more | 13 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch |  |
| Less than 20 percent | (*) |
| 20-34 percent | 1 |
| 35-49 percent | 2 |
| 70-74 percent | 5 |
| 75 percent or more | 11 |

*Less than 0.5 percent.
$\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A3.-Percentage of public schools that reported that they use various types of security measures at their schools, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Visitors must sign in | Closed campus for most students during lunch | Controlled access to school buildings | Controlled access to school grounds | One or more drug sweeps | Random metal detectors check on students | Students <br> must pass through metal detectors each day |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All public schools | 96 | 80 | 53 | 24 | 19 | 4 | 1 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 96 | 76 | 57 | 25 | 5 | 1 | (*) |
| Middle school | 96 | 93 | 51 | 22 | 36 | 7 | 1 |
| High school | 97 | 78 | 40 | 25 | 45 | 9 | 2 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 91 | 67 | 40 | 16 | 22 | (*) | 1 |
| 300-999 | 98 | 84 | 57 | 24 | 15 | 4 | 1 |
| 1,000 or more | 99 | 82 | 55 | 49 | 34 | 15 | 3 |
| Locale |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City | 100 | 81 | 62 | 35 | 12 | 8 | 2 |
| Urban fringe | 98 | 85 | 68 | 31 | 13 | 3 | (*) |
| Town | 96 | 77 | 49 | 20 | 23 | 2 | 1 |
| Rural | 92 | 75 | 33 | 13 | 27 | 2 | (*) |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 98 | 83 | 70 | 30 | 6 | 1 | (*) |
| Southeast | 99 | 86 | 52 | 28 | 24 | 9 | 1 |
| Central | 95 | 76 | 48 | 12 | 17 | 1 | 1 |
| West | 94 | 76 | 46 | 31 | 25 | 4 | 1 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 94 | 77 | 42 | 14 | 17 | (*) | $\dagger$ |
| 5-19 percent | 97 | 81 | 55 | 22 | 23 | 1 | (*) |
| 20-49 percent | 98 | 77 | 55 | 27 | 18 | 6 | (*) |
| 50 percent or more | 97 | 84 | 63 | 38 | 18 | 9 | 4 |

Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch

| Less than 20 percent | 94 | 74 | 50 | 18 | 17 | 1 | $\dagger$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $20-34$ percent | 99 | 77 | 51 | 19 | 20 | 3 | $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
| $35-49$ percent | 96 | 80 | 49 | 25 | 22 | 5 | $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
| $70-74$ percent | 95 | 85 | 57 | 27 | 22 | 4 | 1 |
| 75 percent or more | 97 | 83 | 58 | 37 | 13 | 8 | 5 |

[^19]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A4.-Percentage of public schools that reported various levels of police or other law enforcement representatives' presence during a typical week, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Police or other law enforcement representatives |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stationed at school |  |  | Not stationed during a typical week, but available as needed | None stationed at school during 1996-97 |
|  | 30 hours or more | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10-29 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1-9 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| All public schools | 6 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 78 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 89 |
| Middle school | 10 | 3 | 5 | 17 | 65 |
| High school | 19 | 2 | 6 | 18 | 54 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 1 | (*) | 1 | 9 | 89 |
| 300-999 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 80 |
| 1,000 or more | 39 | 5 | 7 | 15 | 34 |
| Locale |  |  |  |  |  |
| City | 13 | 4 | 3 | 11 | 69 |
| Urban fringe | 7 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 80 |
| Town | 5 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 78 |
| Rural | 1 | (*) | 2 | 14 | 83 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 6 | (*) | 2 | 11 | 81 |
| Southeast | 9 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 77 |
| Central | 4 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 81 |
| West | 7 | 1 | 4 | 14 | 74 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 1 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 85 |
| 5-19 percent | 6 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 80 |
| 20-49 percent | 7 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 77 |
| 50 percent or more | 13 | 3 | 3 | 14 | 67 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 5 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 79 |
| 20-34 percent | 7 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 80 |
| 35-49 percent | 5 | (*) | 3 | 12 | 80 |
| 70-74 percent | 6 | 2 | 1 | 13 | 78 |
| 75 percent or more | 8 | 2 | 4 | 14 | 72 |

[^20]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A5.-Percentage of public schools that reported formal school violence prevention or reduction programs or efforts, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

|  | Percent of schools with: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School characteristics | Any | Only 1-day | Only ongoing | Both 1-day and |


| All public schools | 78 | 11 | 24 | 43 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 78 | 9 | 28 | 42 |
| Middle school | 82 | 7 | 19 | 56 |
| High school | 74 | 20 | 15 | 38 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 68 | 14 | 20 | 34 |
| 300-999 | 81 | 10 | 26 | 45 |
| 1,000 or more | 84 | 8 | 17 | 59 |
| Locale |  |  |  |  |
| City | 87 | 5 | 25 | 57 |
| Urban fringe | 82 | 5 | 30 | 47 |
| Town | 72 | 11 | 22 | 38 |
| Rural | 73 | 21 | 18 | 35 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 75 | 8 | 27 | 40 |
| Southeast | 84 | 13 | 28 | 44 |
| Central | 76 | 9 | 21 | 46 |
| West | 77 | 14 | 20 | 43 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 67 | 11 | 20 | 36 |
| 5-19 percent | 78 | 10 | 24 | 44 |
| 20-49 percent | 86 | 12 | 30 | 44 |
| 50 percent or more | 84 | 10 | 22 | 52 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 73 | 8 | 22 | 43 |
| 20-34 percent | 75 | 6 | 24 | 44 |
| 35-49 percent | 81 | 15 | 27 | 40 |
| 70-74 percent | 80 | 16 | 20 | 44 |
| 75 percent or more | 85 | 12 | 26 | 47 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A6.-Number and percentage of schools in which specified disciplinary actions were taken against students, total number of actions taken, and percentage of specific disciplinary actions taken against students, by type of infraction: 1996-97

|  | Total number of schools taking one or more of these specified actions | Percent of schools taking one or more of these specified actions | Total number of these specified actions taken | Number of actions taken |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Infraction |  |  |  | Expulsions | Transfers to alternative schools or programs | Out-of-school suspensions lasting 5 or more days |
| Possession or use of a firearm | 4,170 | 5 | 16,587 | 5,143 | 3,301 | 8,144 |
| Possession or use of a weapon other than a firearm | 16,740 | 22 | 58,554 | 13,698 | 12,943 | 31,970 |
| Possession, distribution, or use of alcohol or drugs, including tobacco | 20,960 | 27 | 170,464 | 30,522 | 34,255 | 105,723 |
| Physical attacks or fights | 30,160 | 39 | 330,696 | 50,961 | 62,108 | 217,627 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A7.-Standard errors for table A1: Percentage of public schools that reported that they have a zero tolerance policy for various specified student offenses, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Types of offenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Violence | Firearms | Weapons other than firearms | Alcohol | Drugs | Tobacco |
| All public schools | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Middle school | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.3 |
| High school | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| 300-999 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| 1,000 or more | 2.4 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.8 |
| Locale |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| Urban fringe | 2.7 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 |
| Town | 3.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.1 |
| Rural | 3.5 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.9 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 3.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.6 |
| Southeast | 2.6 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
| Central | 3.4 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| West | 2.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
| 5-19 percent | 3.9 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.9 |
| 20-49 percent | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| 50 percent or more | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 3.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.0 |
| 20-34 percent | 3.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| 35-49 percent | 4.2 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
| 70-74 percent | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
| 75 percent or more | 3.6 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.4 |

[^21]School characteristics
Uniforms required

| All public schools | 0.6 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Instructional level |  |
| Elementary school | 0.9 |
| Middle school | 0.8 |
| High school | - |
| School enrollment |  |
| Less than 300 | $\dagger$ |
| $300-999$ | 0.9 |
| 1,000 or more | 2.2 |
| Locale |  |
| City | 1.9 |
| Urban fringe | 1.8 |
| Town | - |
| Rural | - |
| Region |  |
| Northeast | 0.9 |
| Southeast | 1.4 |
| Central | 1.0 |
| West | 1.4 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |
| Less than 5 percent | - |
| 5-19 percent | $\dagger$ |
| 20-49 percent | 1.0 |
| 50 percent or more | 2.3 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or |  |
| reduced-price school lunch |  |
| Less than 20 percent | - |
| $20-34$ percent | 0.7 |
| 35-49 percent | 1.2 |
| $70-74$ percent | 1.6 |
| 5 percent or more | 2.6 |

-Estimate of standard error is not derived because it is based on a statistic estimated at less than 0.5 percent or at 100 percent. $\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

-Estimate of standard error is not derived because it is based on a statistic estimated at less than 0.5 percent or at 100 percent. $\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A10.-Standard errors for table A4: Percentage of public schools that reported various levels of police or other law enforcement representatives' presence during a typical week, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Police or other law enforcement representatives |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stationed at school |  |  | Not stationed during a typical week, but available as needed | None stationed at school during 1996-97 |
|  | 30 hours or more | $\begin{aligned} & 10-29 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1-9 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| All public schools | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Middle school | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| High school | 1.6 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 2.9 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 0.4 | - | 0.5 | 2.4 | 2.8 |
| 300-999 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| 1,000 or more | 2.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 3.2 |
| Locale |  |  |  |  |  |
| City | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 |
| Urban fringe | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Town | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Rural | 0.5 | - | 0.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 1.6 | - | 0.9 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
| Southeast | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| Central | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| West | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 2.6 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| 5-19 percent | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 2.3 |
| 20-49 percent | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| 50 percent or more | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 3.1 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 0.8 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| 20-34 percent | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| 35-49 percent | 1.2 | - | 1.1 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| 70-74 percent | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| 75 percent or more | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 4.4 |

-Estimate of standard error is not derived because it is based on a statistic estimated at less than 0.5 percent or at 100 percent.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

Table A11.-Standard errors for table A5: Percentage of public schools that reported formal school violence prevention or reduction programs or efforts, by selected school characteristics: 1996-97

| School characteristics | Percent of schools with: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Any } \\ \text { programs } \end{gathered}$ | Only 1-day programs | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Only ongoing } \\ \text { programs } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Both 1-day and ongoing programs |
| All public schools | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Instructional level |  |  |  |  |
| Elementary school | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Middle school | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| High school | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| School enrollment |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 300 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| 300-999 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| 1,000 or more | 2.8 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 3.7 |
| Locale |  |  |  |  |
| City | 2.6 | 1.4 | 3.3 | 3.6 |
| Urban fringe | 3.0 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Town | 3.5 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Rural | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| Region |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 4.4 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Southeast | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.7 |
| Central | 3.3 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 3.6 |
| West | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| Percent minority enrollment |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 percent | 3.7 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 3.6 |
| 5-19 percent | 3.5 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| 20-49 percent | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| 50 percent or more | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price school lunch |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 20 percent | 3.0 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| 20-34 percent | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 35-49 percent | 4.2 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| 70-74 percent | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| 75 percent or more | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.6 |

[^22]Table A12.-Standard errors for table A6: Number and percentage of schools in which specified disciplinary actions were taken against students, total number of actions taken, and percentage of specific disciplinary actions taken against students, by type of infraction: 1996-97

|  | Total number of schools taking one or more of these specified actions | Percent of schools taking one or more of these specified actions | Total number of these specified actions taken | Number of actions taken |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Infraction |  |  |  | Expulsions | Transfers to alternative schools or programs | Out-of-school suspensions lasting 5 or more days |
| Possession or use of a firearm | 480.6 | 0.6 | 3,778.2 | 1,094 | 1,139 | 2,495 |
| Possession or use of a weapon other than a firearm | 969.1 | 1.3 | 3,781.8 | 1,091 | 1,304 | 2,714 |
| Possession, distribution, or use of alcohol or drugs, including tobacco | 782.7 | 1.0 | 8,734.6 | 2,767 | 4,129 | 6,234 |
| Physical attacks or fights | 1,081.4 | 1.4 | 15,964.2 | 5,537 | 8,125 | 12,087 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

## Appendix B. Technical Notes

General Information

The information presented in this report was obtained from many data sources, including databases from the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). While some of the data were collected from universe surveys, most were gathered by sample surveys. Some questions from different surveys may appear the same, but they were actually asked of different populations of students (e.g., high school seniors or students in grades 9 through 12); in different years; about experiences that occurred within different periods of time (e.g., in the past 4 weeks or during the past 12 months); and at different locations (e.g., in school or at home). Readers of this report should take particular care when comparing data from the different data sources. Because of the variation in collection procedures, timing, phrasing of questions, and so forth, the results from the different sources may not be strictly comparable. After introducing the data sources used for this report, the next section discusses the accuracy of estimates and describes the statistical procedures used.

Table B1 presents some key information for each of the data sets used in the report, including the survey year(s), target population, response rate, and sample size. The remainder of the section briefly describes each data set and provides directions for obtaining more information. The exact wording of the interview questions used to construct the indicators are presented in table B2.

Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS)

This report draws upon data on teacher victimization from the 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS:93-94), which provides national- and state-level data on public and private schools, principals, school districts, and teachers. The 1993-94 survey was the third in a series of cross-sectional, school-focused surveys, following ones conducted in 1990-91 and 1987-88. It consisted of four sets of linked questionnaires, including surveys of schools, the principals of each selected school, a subsample of teachers within each school, and public school districts. Data were collected by multistage sampling. Stratified by state, control, type, association membership, and grade level (for private schools), schools were sampled first. Approximately 9,900 public schools and 3,300 private schools were selected to participate in the 1993-94 SASS. Within each school, teachers were further stratified into one of five teacher types in the following hierarchy: 1) Asian or Pacific Islander; 2) American Indian, Aleut, or Eskimo; 3) bilingual/ESL; 4) new teachers (those with 1 to 3 years of experience); and
5) experienced teachers (those with more than 3 years of experience). Within each teacher stratum, teachers were selected systematically with equal probability. Approximately 56,700 public school teachers and 11,500 private school teachers were sampled.

This report focuses on teachers' responses. The overall weighted response rates were 84 percent for public school teachers and 73 percent for private school teachers. In the Public School Teacher Questionnaire, 91 percent of the items had a response rate of 90 percent or more, and in the Private School Teacher Questionnaire, 89 percent of the items had this level of response. Values were imputed for questionnaire items that should have been answered but were not. For additional information about SASS, refer to R. Abramson, C. Cole, S. Fondelier, B. Jackson, R. Parmer, and S. Kaufman, 1996, 1993-94 Schools and Staffing Survey: Sample Design and Estimation (NCES 96-089), or contact:

Kerry Gruber<br>National Center for Education Statistics<br>1990 K Street NW<br>Washington, DC 20006<br>Telephone: (202) 502-7349<br>E-mail: Kerry.Gruber@ed.gov

National School-Based
Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS)

The National School-Based Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) is one component of the Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), an epidemiological surveillance system developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to monitor the prevalence of youth behaviors that most influence health. The YRBS focuses on priority health-risk behaviors established during youth that result in the most significant mortality, morbidity, disability, and social problems during both youth and adulthood. This report uses 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999 YRBS data.

The YRBS used a three-stage cluster sampling design to produce a nationally representative sample of students in grades 9 through 12 in the United States. The target population consisted of all public and private school students in grades 9 through 12 in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The first-stage sampling frame included selecting primary sampling units (PSUs) from strata formed on the basis of urbanization and the relative percentage of black and Hispanic students in the PSU. These PSUs are either large counties or groups of smaller, adjacent counties. At the second stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to school enrollment size. Schools with substantial numbers of black and Hispanic students were sampled at relatively higher rates than all other schools. The final stage of sampling consisted of randomly selecting
within each chosen school at each grade 9 through 12 one or two intact classes of a required subject, such as English or social studies. All students in selected classes were eligible to participate. Approximately 16,300, 10,900, 16,300, and 15,300 students were selected to participate in the 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999 surveys, respectively.

The overall response rate was 70 percent for the 1993 survey, 60 percent for the 1995 survey, 69 percent for the 1997 survey, and 66 percent for the 1999 survey. NCES standards call for response rates of 70 percent or better and bias analyses are called for by NCES when that percentage is not achieved. For the YRBS data, a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date. The weights were developed to adjust for nonresponse and the oversampling of black and Hispanic students in the sample. The final weights were normalized so that only weighted proportions of students (not weighted counts of students) in each grade matched national population projections.

In 1999, in accordance with changes to the Office of Management and Budget's standards for the classification of federal data on race and ethnicity, the YRBS item on race/ethnicity was modified. The version of the race and ethnicity question used in 1993, 1995, and 1997 was:

How do you describe yourself?
1 White - not Hispanic
2 Black - not Hispanic
3 Hispanic or Latino
4 Asian or Pacific Islander
5 American Indian or Alaskan Native
6 Other

The version used in 1999 was:
How do you describe yourself? (Select one or more responses.)
A. American Indian or Alaska Native
B. Asian
C. Black or African American
D. Hispanic or Latino
E. Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
F. White

This new version of the question used in 1999 results in the possibility of respondents marking more than one category. While more accurately reflecting respondents' racial and ethnic identity, the new item cannot be directly com-
pared to responses to the old item. Thus, comparisons of responses by race/ethnicity between the 1999 YRBS and prior years' YRBS are not advisable. For additional information about the YRBS, contact:

Laura Kann<br>Division of Adolescent and School Health<br>National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion<br>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Mailstop K-33<br>4770 Buford Highway NE<br>Atlanta, GA 30341<br>Telephone: (404) 488-5330<br>E-mail: lkk1@cdc.gov

Fast Response Survey System:
Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence

The Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey was conducted through the NCES Fast Response Survey System (FRSS) during the spring and summer of 1997. The FRSS is a survey system designed to collect small amounts of issueoriented data with minimal burden on respondents and within a relatively short time frame. The FRSS Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey focused on incidents of specific crimes/offenses and a variety of specific discipline issues in public schools. The survey was conducted with a nationally representative sample of regular public elementary, middle, and high schools in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Special education, alternative and vocational schools, schools in the territories, and schools that taught only prekindergarten, kindergarten, or adult education were not included in the sample.

The sample of public schools was selected from the 1993-94 NCES Common Core of Data (CCD) Public School Universe File. The sample was stratified by instructional level, locale, and school size. Within the primary strata, schools were also sorted by geographic region and by percent minority enrollment. The sample sizes were then allocated to the primary strata in rough proportion to the aggregate square root of the size of enrollment of schools in the stratum. A total of 1,415 schools were selected. Among them, 11 schools were found no longer to be in existence, and 1,234 schools completed the survey. In April 1997, questionnaires were mailed to school principals, who were asked to complete the survey or to have it completed by the person most knowledgeable about discipline issues at the school. The raw response rate was 88 percent $(1,234$ schools divided by the 1,404 eligible schools in the sample). The weighted overall response rate was 89 percent, and item nonresponse rates ranged from 0 percent to 0.9 percent. The weights were developed to adjust for the variable probabilities of selection and differential nonresponse and can be used to produce national estimates for regular public schools in the 1996-97 school year. For more
information about the FRSS: Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence, contact:

Shelley Burns<br>National Center for Education Statistics<br>1990 K Street NW<br>Washington, DC 20006<br>Telephone: (202) 502-7319<br>E-mail: Shelley.Burns@ed.gov

## National Crime <br> Victimization Survey (NCVS)

The National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS), administered for the U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics by the Census Bureau, is the nation's primary source of information on crime victimization and the victims of crime. Initiated in 1972 and redesigned in 1992, the NCVS collects detailed information on the frequency and nature of the crimes of rape, sexual assault, robbery, aggravated and simple assault, theft, household burglary, and motor vehicle theft experienced by Americans and their households each year. The survey measures crimes reported as well as those not reported to police.

The NCVS sample consists of about 50,000 households selected using a stratified, multistage cluster design. In the first stage, the primary sampling units (PSUs), consisting of counties or groups of counties, were selected. In the second stage, smaller areas, called Enumeration Districts (EDs), were selected from each sampled PSU. Finally, from selected EDs, clusters of four households, called segments, were selected for interview. At each stage, the selection was done proportionate to population size in order to create a self-weighting sample. The final sample was augmented to account for housing units constructed after the decennial Census. Within each sampled household, Census Bureau personnel interviewed all household members ages 12 and older to determine whether they had been victimized by the measured crimes during the 6 months preceding the interview. About 90,000 persons ages 12 and older are interviewed each 6 months. Households remain in the sample for 3 years and are interviewed 7 times at 6 -month intervals. The initial interview at each sample unit is used only to bound future interviews to establish a time frame to avoid duplication of crimes uncovered in these subsequent interviews. After their seventh interview, households are replaced by new sample households. The NCVS has consistently obtained a response rate of about 95 percent at the household level. During the study period, the completion rates for persons within households were about 91 percent. Thus, final response rates were about 86 percent. Weights were developed to permit estimates for the total U.S. population 12 years and older. For more information about the NCVS, contact:

Michael Rand<br>Victimization Statistics<br>U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics<br>810 7th Street NW<br>Washington, DC 20531<br>Telephone: (202) 616-3494<br>E-mail: randm@oip.usdoj.gov<br>Internet: www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bis/

## School Crime <br> Supplement (SCS)

Created as a supplement to the NCVS and co-designed by the National Center for Education Statistics and Bureau of Justice Statistics, the School Crime Supplement (SCS) survey was conducted in 1989, 1995, and 1999 to collect additional information about school-related victimizations on a national level. The survey was designed to assist policymakers as well as academic researchers and practitioners at the federal, state, and local levels so that they can make informed decisions concerning crime in schools. The SCS asks students a number of key questions about their experiences with and perceptions of crime and violence that occurred inside their school, on school grounds, or on the way to or from school. Additional questions not included in the NCVS were also added to the SCS, such as those concerning preventive measures used by the school, students' participation in afterschool activities, students' perceptions of school rules, the presence of weapons and street gangs in school, the presence of hate-related words and graffiti in school, student reports of bullying at school, and the availability of drugs and alcohol in school, as well as attitudinal questions relating to fear of victimization and avoidance behavior in school.

In 1989, 1995, and 1999, the SCS was conducted for a 6-month period from January through June in all households selected for the NCVS (see discussion above for information about the sampling design). It should be noted that the initial NCVS interview is included in the SCS data analysis. Within these households, the eligible respondents for the SCS were those household members who had attended school at any time during the 6 months preceding the interview, and were enrolled in grades 6 through 12 in a school that would help them advance toward eventually receiving a high school diploma. Eligible respondents were asked the supplemental questions in the SCS only after completing their entire NCVS interview. For the 1989 and the 1995 SCS, 19-year-old household members also were considered eligible for the SCS interview. This upper age range was lowered to 18 for eligibility in the 1999 SCS because it was determined that most 19 -year-olds did not meet the other eligibility requirement of being currently enrolled in a secondary school. In this report, 19-year-olds were excluded from the analysis of the 1995 data in order to meet the eligibility
requirements and to allow for comparisons to the 1999 SCS. However, the 19-year-olds were not dropped from the analysis of the 1989 data.

Comparisons between the 1989 data and the 1995 and 1999 data should be made with caution due to the redesign of the NCVS in 1992. A new victimization screening procedure, put in place in 1992, was meant to elicit a more complete tally of victimization incidents than did the one used in prior NCVS collections. Therefore, NCVS item-based cross-year changes in reported victimization rates, or lack thereof, may only be the result of changes in how the questions were asked and not of actual changes in the incidence of victimization. Because NCVS questionnaires were completed before students were given the SCS, it is likely that these changes to the NCVS victimization screening procedures differentially affected responses to the 1989 and 1995 SCS victimization items. Other items in this report, such as fear at school, avoidance of places at school, and reports of gangs at school, followed the victimization items on the SCS survey.

Unlike prior Indicators reports, the prevalence of victimization for 1995 and 1999 was calculated by using NCVS incident variables appended to the 1995 and 1999 SCS data files. The NCVS type of crime variable was used to classify victimizations of students in the SCS as serious violent, violent, or theft. The NCVS variables asking where the incident happened and what the victim was doing when it happened were used to ascertain whether the incident happened at school. For prevalence of victimization, the NCVS definition of "at school" includes in the school building, on school property, or on the way to or from school.

Total victimization is a combination of violent victimization and theft. If the student reported an incident of either, he or she is counted as having experienced "total" victimization. If the student reported having experienced both, he or she is counted once under "total" victimization. Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault.

A total of 10,449 students participated in the 1989 SCS, 9,728 in the 1995 SCS, and 8,398 in 1999. In the 1999 SCS, the household completion rate was 94 percent. In the 1989 and 1995 SCS, the household completion rates were 97 percent and 95 percent, respectively; and the student completion rates were 86 percent and 78 percent, respectively. For the 1999 SCS, the student completion rate was 78 percent. Thus, the overall SCS response rate (calculated by multiplying the household completion rate by the student completion rate) was 84 percent in 1989, 74 percent in 1995, and 73 percent in 1999. Response rates for most survey items were high-mostly over 95 percent of all eligible respondents. The weights were developed to compensate for differential probabilities of selection and nonresponse. The weighted data permit inferences about the eligible
student population who were enrolled in schools in 1989, 1995, and 1999. For more information about SCS, contact:

Kathryn A. Chandler
National Center for Education Statistics
1990 K Street NW
Washington, DC 20006
Telephone: (202) 502-7326
E-mail: Kathryn.Chandler@ed.gov

School Associated Violent Death Study (SAVD)

The School Associated Violent Death Study (SAVD) is an epidemiological study developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Education and the U.S. Department of Justice. SAVD seeks to describe the epidemiology of school-associated violent deaths, identify common features of these deaths, estimate the rate of school-associated violent death in the United States, and identify potential risk factors for these deaths. The study includes descriptive data on all school-associated violent deaths in the United States, including all homicides, suicides, and firearm-related deaths where the fatal injury occurred on the campus of a functioning elementary or secondary school, while the victim was on the way to or from regular sessions at such a school, or while attending or on the way to or from an official schoolsponsored event. Victims of such events include nonstudents as well as students and staff members. SAVD includes descriptive information about the school, event, victim(s), and offender(s). The first SAVD study collected data for July 1, 1992-June 30, 1994 and the follow-up study includes July 1, 1994-June 30, 1999. The follow-up study is nearing completion, and data presented in this report include preliminary findings for the 1998-1999 school year.

SAVD uses a four-step process to identify and collect data on school-associated violent deaths. Cases were initially identified through a search of the Lexis/Nexis and Dialog newspaper and media databases. Then police officials are contacted to confirm the details of the case to determine if the event meets the case definition. Once a case is confirmed, a police official and a school official are interviewed in regards to details about the school, event, victim(s), and offender(s). If police officials are unwilling or unable to complete the interview, a copy of the full police report is obtained. The information obtained about schools includes school demographics, attendance/absentee rates, suspension/expulsions and mobility, school history of weapon carrying, security measures, violence prevention activities, school response to the event, and school policies about weapon carrying. Event information includes the location of injury, the context of injury (while classes held, during break, etc.), motives for injury, method of injury, and
school and community events happening around the time period. Information obtained on victim(s) and offender(s) includes demographics, circumstances of the event (date/time, alcohol or drug use, number of persons involved), types and origins of weapons, criminal history, psychological risk factors, schoolrelated problems, extracurricular activities, and family history including structure and stressors.

One hundred and five school-associated violent deaths were identified from July 1, 1992-June 30, 1994 (See Kachur et al. June 12, 1996. JAMA. 275:22: 17291733). While the current study is still ongoing, over 250 school-associated violent deaths have been identified for July 1, 1994-June 30, 1999. The first study achieved a response rate of 85 percent for police officials and 81 percent for school officials. To date, the current study has achieved 96 percent for police officials and 79 percent for school officials. For additional information about SAVD, contact:

Mark Anderson<br>Division of Violence Prevention<br>National Center for Injury Prevention and Control<br>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Mailstop K60<br>4770 Buford Highway NE<br>Atlanta, GA 30341<br>Telephone: (770) 488-4762<br>E-mail: mea6@cdc.gov

Accuracy of Estimates

The accuracy of any statistic is determined by the joint effects of "nonsampling" and "sampling" errors. Both types of error affect the estimates presented in this report. Several sources can contribute to nonsampling errors. For example, members of the population of interest are inadvertently excluded from the sampling frame; sampled members refuse to answer some of the survey questions (item nonresponse) or all of the survey questions (questionnaire nonresponse); mistakes are made during data editing, coding, or entry; the responses that respondents provide differ from the "true" responses; or measurement instruments such as tests or questionnaires fail to measure the characteristics they are intended to measure. Although nonsampling errors due to questionnaire and item nonresponse can be reduced somewhat by the adjustment of sample weights and imputation procedures, correcting nonsampling errors or gauging the effects of these errors is usually difficult.

Sampling errors occur because observations are made on samples rather than on entire populations. Surveys of population universes are not subject to sampling errors. Estimates based on a sample will differ somewhat from those that would have been obtained by a complete census of the relevant population
using the same survey instruments, instructions, and procedures. The standard error of a statistic is a measure of the variation due to sampling; it indicates the precision of the statistic obtained in a particular sample. In addition, the standard errors for two sample statistics can be used to estimate the precision of the difference between the two statistics and to help determine whether the difference based on the sample is large enough so that it represents the population difference.

Most of the data used in this report were obtained from complex sampling designs rather than a simple random design. In these sampling designs, data were collected through stratification, clustering, unequal selection probabilities, or multistage sampling. These features of the sampling usually result in estimated statistics that are more variable (that is, have larger standard errors) than they would have been if they had been based on data from a simple random sample of the same size. Therefore, calculation of standard errors requires procedures that are markedly different from the ones used when the data are from a simple random sample. The Taylor series approximation technique or the balanced repeated replication (BRR) method was used to estimate most of the statistics and their standard errors in this report. Table B3 lists the various methods used to compute standard errors for different data sets.

Standard error calculation for data from the National Crime Victimization Survey and the School Crime Supplement relied on a combination of procedures. For statistics based on the 1995 and 1999 SCS data, the Taylor series approximation method using PSU and strata variables available from the data set was employed. For statistics based on all years of NCVS data and the 1989 SCS data, standard errors were derived from a formula developed by the Census Bureau, which consists of three generalized variance function (gvf) constant parameters that represent the curve fitted to the individual standard errors calculated using the Jackknife Repeated Replication technique. The formulas used to compute the adjusted standard errors associated with percentages or population counts can be found in table B3.

## Statistical Procedures

The comparisons in the text have been tested for statistical significance to ensure that the differences are larger than might be expected due to sampling variations. Unless otherwise noted, all statements cited in the report are statistically significant at the .05 level. Several test procedures were used, depending upon the type of data being analyzed and the nature of the statement being tested. The primary test procedure used in this report was the Student's $t$ statistic, which tests the difference between two sample estimates, for example, between males and females. The formula used to compute the $t$ statistic is as follows:

$$
\begin{equation*}
t=\frac{E_{1}-E_{2}}{\sqrt{s e_{1}^{2}+s e_{2}^{2}}} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $E_{1}$ and $E_{2}$ are the estimates to be compared and $s e_{1}$ and $s e_{2}$ are their corresponding standard errors. Note that this formula is valid only for independent estimates. When the estimates are not independent (for example, when comparing a total percentage with that for a subgroup included in the total), a covariance term (i.e., $2^{*} \mathrm{Se}_{1}{ }^{*} \mathrm{se} \mathrm{e}_{2}$ ) must be added to the denominator of the formula:

$$
\begin{equation*}
t=\frac{E_{1}-E_{2}}{\sqrt{s e_{1}^{2}+s e_{2}^{2}+2 * s e_{1} * s e_{2}}} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

Once the $t$ value was computed, it was compared with the published tables of values at certain critical levels, called alpha levels. For this report, an alpha value of 0.05 was used, which has a $t$ value of 1.96 . If the $t$ value was larger than 1.96 , then the difference between the two estimates was statistically significant at the 95 percent level.

When multiple comparisons among more than two groups were made, for example, among racial/ethnic groups, a Bonferroni adjustment to the significance level was used to ensure that the significance level for the tests as a group was at the .05 level. Generally, when multiple statistical comparisons are made, it becomes increasingly likely that an indication of a population difference is erroneous. Even when there is no difference in the population, at an alpha of .05 , there is still a 5 percent chance of concluding that an observed $t$ value representing one comparison in the sample is large enough to be statistically significant. As the number of comparisons increase, the risk of making such an erroneous inference also increases. The Bonferroni procedure corrects the significance (or alpha) level for the total number of comparisons made within a particular classification variable. For each classification variable, there are ( $\mathrm{K}^{*}(\mathrm{~K}-$ 1)/2) possible comparisons (or nonredundant pairwise combinations), where K is the number of categories. The Bonferroni procedure divides the alpha level for a single $t$ test by the number of possible pairwise comparisons in order to produce a new alpha level that is corrected for the fact that multiple contrasts are being made. As a result, the $t$ value for a certain alpha level (e.g., . 05 ) increases, which makes it more difficult to claim that the difference observed is statistically significant.

Finally, a linear trend test was used when a statement describing a linear trend, rather than the differences between two discrete categories, was made. This test allows one to examine whether, for example, the percentage of students using drugs increased (or decreased) over time or whether the percentage of students who reported being physically attacked in school increased (or decreased) with their age. Based on a regression with, for example, student's age as the inde-
pendent variable and whether a student was physically attacked as the dependent variable, the test involves computing the regression coefficient $(b)$ and its corresponding standard error (se). The ratio of these two (b/se) is the test statistic $t$. If $t$ is greater than 1.96 , the critical value for one comparison at the .05 al pha level, the hypothesis that there is a linear relationship between student's age and being physically attacked is not rejected.

Table B1.-Descriptions of data sources and samples used in the report

| Data source | Target population | Year of survey | Response rate (\%) | Sample size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Schools and Staffing Survey (Teacher Survey) (NCES) | A nationally representative sample of public and private school teachers from grades K through 12. | 1993-1994 | $\begin{gathered} 84 \text { (public) } \\ 73 \text { (private) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47,105 \\ 8,372 \end{array}$ |
| Youth Risk Behavior Survey (CDC) | A nationally representative sample of students enrolled in grades 9 through 12 in public and private schools at the time of the survey. | $\begin{aligned} & 1993 \\ & 1995 \\ & 1997 \\ & 1999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70^{2} \\ & 60^{2,3} \\ & 69^{2,3} \\ & 66^{2,3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,296 \\ & 10,904 \\ & 16,262 \\ & 15,349 \end{aligned}$ |
| FRSS Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey (NCES) | A nationally representative sample of regular public elementary, middle, and secondary schools. | 1996-1997 | $89^{1}$ | 1,234 |
| National Crime <br> Victimization Survey (BJS) | A nationally representative sample of individuals 12 years of age and older living in households and group quarters. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1992-1999 } \\ & \text { (Annual) } \end{aligned}$ | About $86{ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { About } \\ & 90,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| School Crime Supplement (BJS/NCES) | A nationally representative sample of students ages 12 through 19 (for 1989) and 12 through 18 (for 1995 and 1999) enrolled in public and private schools during the 6 months prior to the interview. | $\begin{aligned} & 1989 \\ & 1995 \\ & 1999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83^{2} \\ & 74^{2} \\ & 73^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,449 \\ 9,728 \\ 8,398 \end{array}$ |
| School Associated Violent Death Study (SAVD) | Population of school-associated violent deaths in the U.S. between July 1, 1997-June 30, 1998. Data collected from two sources: a school official and a police official. | 1997-1998 | 79 (schools) 96 (police) | N/A |

${ }^{1}$ Weighted response rate.
${ }^{2}$ Unweighted response rate.
${ }^{3}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.

## Survey <br> Nonfatal Student Victimization

Questions
Response Categories

National Crime Victimization Survey ${ }^{1}$
(Screen Questionnaire)

- I'm going to read some examples that will give you an idea of the kinds of crimes this study covers. As I go through them, tell me if any of these happened to you in the last 6 months.

That is since $\qquad$ , 19_. Was something belonging to you stolen, such as
Things that you carry, like luggage, a wallet, purse, briefcase, book
Clothing, jewelry, or calculator
Bicycle or sports equipment
Or did anyone attempt to steal anything belonging to you?

- (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) Since $\qquad$ 19 _ were you attacked or threatened or did you have something stolen from you
At work or school
Or did anyone attempt to attack or attempt to steal anything belonging to you from any of these places?
- (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) has anyone attacked or threatened you in any of these ways (exclude telephone threats):
With any weapon, for instance, a gun or knife
With anything like a baseball bat, frying pan, scissors, or stick
By something thrown, such as a rock or bottle
Include any grabbing, punching, or choking
Any rape, attempted rape or other type of sexual attack
Any face to face threats
Or any attack or threat or use of force by anyone at all?
Please mention it even if you are not certain it was a crime.
- People often don't think of incidents committed by someone they know. (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) did you have something stolen from you or were you attacked or threatened by (exclude telephone threats):
Someone at work or school?
- Incidents involving forced or unwanted sexual acts are often difficult to talk about. (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) Have you been forced or coerced to engage in unwanted sexual activity by:
Someone you didn't know before
A casual acquaintance
Or someone you know well?

Yes/No; if yes, What happened? If yes, how many times?

Yes/No; if yes, what happened? If yes, how many times?

Yes/No; if yes, what happened? If yes, how many times?

Yes/No; if yes, what happened? If yes, how many times?

Yes/No; if yes, what happened? If yes, how many times?

## Table B2-Wording of survey questions used to construct indicators-Continued



| Survey | Questions | Response Categories |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Crime Supplement ${ }^{1}$ | - During the last 6 months, have you been bullied at school? That is, has anyone picked on you a lot or tried to make you do things you didn't want to do like give them money? You may include incidents you reported before. | Yes/No |
| Violence and Crime at School FRSS Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey | - During the 1996-97 school year, how many incidents involving each type of the following crimes or offenses have occurred at your school? Only include incidents in which police or other law enforcement representatives were contacted. <br> Murder <br> Rape or other type of sexual battery <br> Suicide <br> Physical attack or fight with a weapon <br> Physical attack or fight without a weapon <br> Robbery <br> Theft/larceny <br> Vandalism | Actual number of incidents in which police or other law enforcement representatives were contacted |
| Nonfatal Teacher Victimization <br> National Crime Victimization Survey ${ }^{1}$ (Screen Questionnaire) | - I'm going to read some examples that will give you an idea of the kinds of crimes this study covers. As I go through them, tell me if any of these happened to you in the last 6 months. That is since $\qquad$ , 19_ _. <br> Was something belonging to you stolen, such as <br> Things that you carry, like luggage, a wallet, purse, briefcase, book <br> Clothing, jewelry, or calculator <br> Bicycle or sports equipment <br> Or did anyone attempt to steal anything belonging to you? <br> - (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) Since $\qquad$ , 19 $\qquad$ were you attacked or threatened or did you have something stolen from you <br> At work or school Or did anyone attempt to attack or attempt to steal anything belonging to you from any of these places? | Yes/No; if yes, What happened? If yes, how many times? <br> Yes/No; if yes, What happened? If yes, how many times? |


| Survey | Questions | Response Categories |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Crime Victimization Survey ${ }^{1}$ (continued) |  |  |
|  | - (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) has anyone attacked or threatened you in any of these ways (exclude telephone threats): <br> With any weapon, for instance, a gun or knife With anything like a baseball bat, frying pan, scissors, or stick By something thrown, such as a rock or bottle Include any grabbing, punching, or choking Any rape, attempted rape or other type of sexual attack Any face to face threats Or any attack or threat or use of force by anyone at all? Please mention it even if you are not certain it was a crime. | Yes/No; if yes, What happened? If yes, how many times? |
|  | - People often don't think of incidents committed by someone they know. (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) did you have something stolen from you or were you attacked or threatened by (exclude telephone threats): <br> Someone at work or school? | Yes/No; if yes, What happened? If yes, how many times? |
|  | - Incidents involving forced or unwanted sexual acts are often difficult to talk about. (Other than any incidents already mentioned,) Have you been forced or coerced to engage in unwanted sexual activity by: <br> Someone you didn't know before <br> A casual acquaintance <br> Or someone you know well? | Yes/No; if yes, What happened? If yes, how many times? |
| National Crime Vi (Incident Report) | - Where did this incident happen? | Inside a school building/ On school property |
|  | - What were you doing when this incident (happened/started)? ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | Working or on duty |
|  | - Did this incident happen at your worksite? | Yes/No |
|  | - Which of the following best describes your job at the time of the incident? | If Teaching Profession, were you employed in a(n) Elementary/Junior high or Middle school/High school |

Table B2-Wording of survey questions used to construct indicators-Continued

| Survey | Questions | Response Categories |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Schools and Staffing Survey | - Has a student (from this school) threatened to injure you in the past 12 months? | Yes/No |
|  | - Has a student (from this school) physically attacked you in the past 12 months? | Yes/No |
| School Environment |  |  |
| Youth Risk Behavior Survey | - During the past 30 days, on how many days did you carry a weapon such as a gun, knife, or club? | 0 days/1 day/2-3 days/4-5 days/6 or more |
|  | - During the past 30 days, on how many days did you carry a weapon such as a gun, knife, or club on school property? | 0 days/1 day/2-3 days/4-5 days/6 or more |
|  | - During the past 30 days, on how many days did you have at least one drink of alcohol? | 0 days/ 1-2 days/ <br> 3-5 days/6-9 days/ <br> 10 to 19 days/20-29 days/all <br> 30 days |
|  | - During the past 30 days, on how many days did you have at least one drink of alcohol on school property? | 0 days/1-2 days/ <br> 3-5 days/6-9 days/ <br> 10 to 19 days/20-29 days/all <br> 30 days |
|  | - During the past 30 days, how many times did you use marijuana? | 0 times/1-2 times/3-9 times/10-19 times/20-39 times/40 or more times |
|  | - During the past 30 days, how many times did you use marijuana on school property? | 0 times/1-2 times/3-9 times/10-19 times/20-39 times/40 or more times |
|  | - During the past 12 months, has anyone offered, sold or given you an illegal drug on school property? | Yes/No |

## Table B2-Wording of survey questions used to construct indicators-Continued

| Survey | Questions | Response Categories |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Crime Supplement ${ }^{1}$ | - Are there any street gangs at your school? | Yes/No/Don't Know |
|  | - (Besides anything that happened in the incidents you just told me about), during the last 6 months has anyone called you a derogatory or bad name at school having to do with race, religion, Hispanic origin, disability, gender, or sexual orientation? We call these haterelated words. | Yes/No |
|  | - During the last 6 months, have you seen any hate-related words or symbols written in school classrooms, school bathrooms, school hallways, or on the outside of your school building? | Yes/No |
|  | - During the last 6 months, that is, since $\qquad$ 1st, did you stay away from any of the following places because you thought someone might attack or harm you there? <br> The entrance into the school <br> Any hallways or stairs in school <br> Parts of the school cafeteria <br> Any school rest rooms <br> Other places inside the school building | Yes/No |
|  | - How often are you afraid that someone will attack or harm you at school? | Never/Almost never/ Sometimes/Most of time |
|  | - How often are you afraid that someone will attack or harm you on the way to and from school? | Never/Almost never/ Sometimes/Most of time |

## Table B2-Wording of survey questions used to construct indicators-Continued

| Survey | Questions | Response Categories |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRSS Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey | - Circle the number indicating to what extent, if any, each of the following has been a problem in your school during the 1996-97 school year: <br> Student tardiness <br> Student absenteeism/class cutting <br> Physical conflicts among students <br> Robbery or theft of items over $\$ 10$ <br> Vandalism of school property <br> Student alcohol use <br> Student drug use <br> Sale of drugs on school grounds <br> Student tobacco use <br> Student possession of weapons <br> Trespassing <br> Verbal abuse of teachers <br> Physical abuse of teachers <br> Teacher absenteeism <br> Teacher alcohol or drug use <br> Racial tensions <br> Gangs | 1) Serious/2) Moderate/ <br> 3) Minor/4) Not a problem |

${ }^{1}$ Readers should note that this table reflects the most recent version of the NCVS (1998) and SCS (1999) instruments. Survey items shown here may have changed from past NCVS and SCS collections.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates of teacher victimizations include crimes occurring to teachers at school (location), or at the worksite (location), or while working (activity). For thefts, activity was not considered, since thefts of teachers' property kept at school can occur when teachers are not present.

Table B3.-Methods used to calculate standard errors of statistics for different surveys

| Survey | Year | Method of calculation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Crime Victimization Survey | 1992 to 1999 | Standard errors of crime level data and aggregated crime rates per 1,000 persons were calculated using three generalized variance function (gvf) constant parameters (denoted as a, b, and c) and formulas published in the Methodology Section of Criminal Victimization in the United States-Statistical Tables (NCJ184938) on the Bureau of Justice Statistics web site: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cvusst.htm. |
|  |  | The formula used to calculate standard errors (q) of crime level data ( x ) is: $\sqrt{a x^{2}+b x+c x^{3 / 2}}$ <br> where x is the estimated number of crimes of interest, and $a, b$, and $c$ are gvf constant parameters. |
|  |  | The formula used to calculate standard errors of aggregated crime rates per 1,000 persons ( $r$ ) is: $\sqrt{\operatorname{br}(1000-r) / y+c r(\sqrt{1000 r}-r) / \sqrt{(y)}}$ <br> where $r$ is the aggregate crime rate (i.e., $1000^{*}$ total crimes / total population), y is the aggregated base population, and $b$ and $c$ are gvf constant parameters. |
|  |  | The three gvf constant parameters associated with the specific years are: |
|  |  | Year a b c |
|  |  | 1992 -0.00013407 4,872 3.858 |
|  |  | 1993 -0.00007899 2,870 2.273 |
|  |  | $1994-0.00006269$ 2,278 1.804 |
|  |  | 1995 -0.00006269 2,278 1.804 |
|  |  | 1996 -0.00006863 2,494 1.975 |
|  |  | 1997 0.00016972 $2,945 \quad 2.010$ |
|  |  | 1998 0.00001297 2,656 3.390 |
|  |  | 1999 -0.00026646 $2,5792.826$ |
|  |  | Aggregated data -0.00002061 3,705 1.688 <br> from 1995 to 99    |
|  |  | Readers should note that the annual parameters published in this year's report differ slightly from those provided in previous reports. |
| School Crime Supplement | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1989, 1995, } \\ & \text { and } 1999 \end{aligned}$ |  <br> c). The gvf parameters were used to calculate the standard errors for the 1989 data in this report. |

Table B3.-Methods used to calculate standard errors of statistics for different surveys-Continued


## Appendix C. Glossary of Terms

## General Terms

Cluster sampling

Crime

Incident

Multi-stage sampling

Cluster sampling is a technique in which the sampling of respondents or subjects occurs within clusters or groups. For example, selecting students by sampling schools and the students that attend that school.

Any violation of a statute or regulation or any act that the government has determined is injurious to the public, including felonies and misdemeanors. Such violation may or may not involve violence, and it may affect individuals or property.

A specific criminal act or offense involving one or more victims and one or more offenders.

A survey sampling technique in which there is more than one wave of sampling. That is, one sample of units is drawn, and then another sample is drawn within that sample. For example, at the first stage, a number of Census blocks may be sampled out of all the Census blocks in the United States. At the second stage, households are sampled within the previously sampled Census blocks.

The percentage of the population directly affected by crime in a given period. This rate is based upon specific information elicited directly from the respondent regarding crimes committed against his or her person, against his or her property, or against an individual bearing a unique relationship to him or her. It is not based upon perceptions and beliefs about, or reactions to, criminal acts.

School

School crime

School year

Stratification

An education institution consisting of one or more of grades K through 12.

Any criminal activity that is committed on school property.
The 12-month period of time denoting the beginning and ending dates for school accounting purposes, usually from July 1 through June 30 .

Stratification is a survey sampling technique in which the target population is divided into mutually exclusive groups or strata based on some variable or variables (e.g., metropolitan area) and sampling of units occurs separately within each stratum.

A survey sampling technique in which sampled units do not have the same probability of selection into the sample. For example, the investigator may oversample minority students in order to increase the sample sizes of minority students. Minority students would then be more likely than other students to be sampled.

## Specific Terms Used in Various Surveys

## National Crime Victimization Survey

At school (students)

At school (teachers)

Aggravated assault

Rape

Robbery

Rural

Serious violent crime
Sexual assault

Inside the school building, on school property (school parking area, play area, school bus, etc.), or on the way to or from school.

Inside the school building, on school property (school parking area, play area, school bus, etc.), at work site, or while working. For thefts, "while working" was not considered, since thefts of teachers' property kept at school can occur when teachers are not present.

Attack or attempted attack with a weapon, regardless of whether or not an injury occurs, and attack without a weapon when serious injury results.

Forced sexual intercourse including both psychological coercion as well as physical force. Forced sexual intercourse means vaginal, anal, or oral penetration by the offender(s). This category also includes incidents where the penetration is from a foreign object such as a bottle.

Completed or attempted theft, directly from a person, of property or cash by force or threat of force, with or without a weapon, and with or without injury.

A place not located inside the Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). This category includes a variety of localities, ranging from sparsely populated rural areas to cities with populations of less than 50,000 .

Rape, sexual assault, robbery, or aggravated assault.
A wide range of victimizations, separate from rape or attempted rape. These crimes include attacks or attempted attacks generally involving unwanted sexual contact between the victim and offender. Sexual assault may or may not involve force and includes such things as grabbing or fondling. Sexual assault also includes verbal threats.

| Simple assault | Attack without a weapon resulting either in no injury, minor injury, or in undeter- <br> mined injury requiring less than 2 days of hospitalization. Also includes at- <br> tempted assault without a weapon. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Suburban | A county or counties containing a central city, plus any contiguous counties that <br> are linked socially and economically to the central city. On the data tables, sub- <br> urban areas are categorized as those portions of metropolitan areas situated <br> "outside central cities." |
| Theft | Completed or attempted theft of property or cash without personal contact. |
| Aictimization | A crime as it affects one individual person or household. For personal crimes, <br> the number of victimizations is equal to the number of victims involved. The <br> number of victimizations may be greater than the number of incidents because <br> more than one person may be victimized during an incident. |
| Victimization rate | A measure of the occurrence of victimizations among a specific population <br> group. |
| Violent crime | Rape, sexual assault, robbery, or assault. |
| Urban | The largest city (or grouping of cities) in an MSA. |

## School Crime Supplement

Any victimization

At school

Property victimization
Violent victimization

Combination of violent and property victimization. If a student reported an incident of either, he or she is counted as having experienced any victimization. If the student reported having experienced both, he or she is counted once under "any victimization."

In the school building, on the school grounds, or on a school bus.

Theft of property from a student's desk, locker, or other locations at school.
Physical attacks or taking property from the student directly by force, weapons, or threats.

## Youth Risk Behavior Survey

On school property
On school property is included in the question wording but was not defined for respondents.

| Weapon | Examples of weapons appearing in the questionnaire include guns, knives, and <br> clubs. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Illegal drugs | Examples of illegal drugs were marijuana, cocaine, inhalants, steroids, or pre- <br> scription drugs without a doctor's permission, heroin, and methamphetamines. |

## FRSS Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey

\(\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { At school } & \begin{array}{l}\text { In school buildings, on school buses, on school grounds, or at places that hold } \\
\text { school-sponsored events or activities, but are not officially on school grounds. }\end{array} \\
\text { Central region } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Illinois, Indiana, lowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North } \\
\text { Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. }\end{array}
$$ <br>

A central city of a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA).\end{array}\right\} $$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { A school that has a low grade of } 3 \text { or less and a high grade of } 1 \text { through } 8 .\end{array}
$$\right]\)| The percent of students enrolled in the school who are eligible for the federally |
| :--- |
| Elementary school |
| funded free or reduced-price lunch program. |


| Physical attack or fight | An actual and intentional touching or striking of another person against his or her <br> will, or the intentional causing of bodily harm to an individual. This category <br> should be used only when the attack is serious enough to warrant calling the po- <br> lice or other law enforcement representative. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rural | A place with a population less than 2,500 and defined as rural by the U.S. Bu- <br> reau of the Census. |
| School enrollment | Total number of students enrolled as defined by the 1993-94 CCD. |
| Serious violent crime | Murder, suicide, rape or sexual battery, physical attack or fight with a weapon, or <br> robbery. |
| Sexual battery | An incident that includes rape, fondling, indecent liberties, child molestation, or <br> sodomy. |
| Southeast region | Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North <br> Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia. |
| Theft or larceny | The unlawful taking of another person's property without personal confrontation, <br> threat, violence, or bodily harm. |
| Town | A place not within an MSA, but with a population greater than or equal to 2,500 <br> and defined as urban by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. |
| Arban fringe | Alace within an MSA of a central city, but not primarily its central city. |
| The damage or destruction of school property. |  |

## Schools and Staffing Survey

Central city
A large central city (a central city of a Metropolitan Statistical Area [MSA] with population greater than or equal to 400,000 , or a population density greater than or equal to 6,000 per square mile) or a mid-size central city (a central city of an MSA, but not designated as a large central city).

Elementary school
teachers
An elementary school teacher is one who, when asked for the grades taught, checked: 1) only "ungraded" and was designated as an elementary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school; 2) 6th grade or lower, or "ungraded," and no grade higher than 6th; 3) 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, and


#### Abstract

Rural or small town

Secondary school teachers

Urban fringe or large town

Rural area (a place with a population of less than 2,500 and defined as rural by the U.S. Bureau of the Census) or a small town (a place not within an MSA, with a population of less than 25,000 , but greater than or equal to 2,500 , and defined as nonurban by the U.S. Bureau of the Census).

A secondary school teacher is one who, when asked for the grades taught, checked: 1) "ungraded" and was designated as a secondary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school; 2) 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, and reported a primary assignment other than prekindergarten, kindergarten, or general elementary; 3) 9th grade or higher, or 9th grade or higher and "ungraded"; 4) 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment other than prekindergarten, kindergarten, general elementary, or special education; 5) 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment of special education and was designated as a secondary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school; or 6) 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, or 7th and 8th grades only, and was not categorized above as either elementary or secondary.

Urban fringe of a large or mid-size city (a place within an MSA of a mid-size central city and defined as urban by the U.S. Bureau of the Census) or a large town (a place not within an MSA, but with a population greater or equal to 25,000 and defined as urban by the U.S. Bureau of the Census).


reported a primary assignment of prekindergarten, kindergarten, or general elementary; 4) 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment of prekindergarten, kindergarten, or general elementary; 5) 6th grade or lower and 7th grade or higher, and reported a primary assignment of special education and was designated as an elementary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school; or 6) 7th and 8th grades only, and reported a primary assignment of special education and was designated as an elementary teacher on the list of teachers provided by the school. A teacher at school that has grade 6 or lower, or one that is "ungraded" with no grade higher than the 8th.
S. Patrick Kachur et al., "School-Associated Violent Deaths in the United States, 1992 to 1994"

Homicide

School-associated violent death

An act involving a killing of one person by another resulting from interpersonal violence.

A homicide or suicide in which the fatal injury occurred on the campus of a functioning elementary or secondary school in the United States, while the victim was on the way to or from regular sessions at such a school, or while the victim
was attending or traveling to or from an official school-sponsored event. Victims included nonstudents as well as students and staff members.

Suicide
An act of taking one's own life voluntarily and intentionally.


[^0]:    NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

[^1]:    NOTE: See footnotes at end of table.

[^2]:    $\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
    ${ }^{1}$ Total victimization is a combination of violent victimization and theft. If the student reported an incident in either, he or she is counted as having experienced "total" victimization. If the student reported having experienced both, he or she is counted once under "total" victimization.
    ${ }^{2}$ Violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, and simple assault.
    ${ }^{3}$ Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.

[^3]:    $\dagger$ No cases were reported in this cell, although the crime defined by the cell could have happened to some teachers with these characteristics if a different sample had been drawn.
    ${ }^{1}$ The estimate was based on fewer than 10 cases.
    ${ }^{2}$ Teachers teaching in more than one school in different locales are not included.
    NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, at work site, or while working. For thefts, "while working" was not considered since thefts of teachers' property kept at school can occur when teachers are not present. The data were aggregated from 1995 to 1999 due to the small number of teachers in each year's sample. On average, there were about 4.3 million teachers per year over the 5 -year period for a total population size of $21,533,739$ teachers. The average annual number of full-time-equivalent teachers is approximately 2.9 million, based on estimates from the U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey 1993 to 1994 . The population reported here includes part-time teachers as well as other instructional and support staff. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Total crime numbers are rounded to the nearest 100 .

[^4]:    NOTE: Population size is $2,940,000$ teachers. Because of rounding or missing data, detail may not add to totals. Numbers are rounded to the nearest 100 .
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher and School Questionnaires).

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes students who reported that they sometimes or most of the time feared being victimized in this way.
    ${ }^{2}$ Students ages 12 through 19.

[^6]:    *Students ages 12 through 19.

[^7]:    NOTE: "At school" means in the school building, on the school grounds, or on a school bus. Population size is 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1999.

[^8]:    *Students ages 12 through 19.
    NOTE: Comparisons between the 1989 data and the 1995 and 1999 data should be made with caution due to changes in the questionnaire. See appendix B for details. This indicator is based on an item from earlier in the SCS questionnaire, before "at school" was defined for the respondent. Population sizes are 21,554,000 students ages 12 through 19 in 1989, 23,601,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1995, and 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.

    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1989, 1995, and 1999.

[^9]:    $\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.
    ${ }^{1}$ Total victimization is a combination of violent victimization and theft. If the student reported an incident in either, he or she is counted as having experienced "total" victimization. If the student reported having experienced both, he or she is counted once under "total" victimization.
    ${ }^{2}$ Violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, and simple assault.
    ${ }^{3}$ Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Serious violent crimes are also included in violent crimes.

[^10]:    §The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
    ${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
    ${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
    NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents. The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather, students are simply asked how many times in the last 12 months they had been in a physical fight.

    SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

[^11]:    -Fewer than 30 sample cases.

[^12]:    $\dagger$ No cases were reported in this cell, although the crime defined by the cell could have happened to some teachers with these characteristics if a different sample had been drawn.
    ${ }^{1}$ The estimate was based on fewer than 10 cases.
    ${ }^{2}$ Teachers teaching in more than one school in different locales are not included.
    NOTE: Serious violent crimes include rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Violent crimes include serious violent crimes and simple assault. Total crimes include violent crimes and theft. "At school" includes inside the school building, on school property, at work site, or while working. For thefts, "while working" was not considered since thefts of teachers' property kept at school can occur when teachers are not present. The data were aggregated from 1995 to 1999 due to the small number of teachers in each year's sample. On average, there were about 4.3 million teachers per year over the 5 -year period for a total population size of $21,533,739$ teachers. The average annual number of full-time-equivalent teachers is approximately 2.9 million, based on estimates from the U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey 1993 to 1994 . The population reported here includes part-time teachers as well as other instructional and support staff. Total crime numbers are rounded to the nearest 10 .

    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey, 1995 to 1999.

[^13]:    NOTE: Population size is $2,940,000$ teachers. Standard error numbers are rounded to the nearest 10 .
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993-94 (Teacher and School Questionnaires).

[^14]:    *Students ages 12 through 19.

[^15]:    NOTE: "At school" means in the school building, on the school grounds, or on a school bus. Population size is 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1999.

[^16]:    *Students ages 12 through 19.
    NOTE: Comparisons between the 1989 data and the 1995 and 1999 data should be made with caution due to changes in the questionnaire. See appendix B for details. This indicator is based on an item from earlier in the SCS questionnaire, before "at school" was defined for the respondent. Population sizes are 21,554,000 students ages 12 through 19 in 1989, 23,601,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1995, and 24,614,000 students ages 12 through 18 in 1999.

    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement to the National Crime Victimization Survey, January-June 1989, 1995, and 1999.

[^17]:    §The response categories for race/ethnicity changed in 1999 making comparisons of some categories with earlier years problematic.
    ${ }^{1}$ The response rate for this survey was less than 70 percent and a full nonresponse bias analysis has not been done to date.
    ${ }^{2}$ Hispanics and Latinos are not included in these race/ethnicity categories unless specified.
    NOTE: "On school property" was not defined for survey respondents. The term "anywhere" is not used in the YRBS questionnaire. Rather students are simply asked during the past 30 days, on how many days did they have at least one drink of alcohol.

    SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS), "Youth Risk Behavior Survey" (YRBS), 1993, 1995, 1997, and 1999.

[^18]:    *This appendix repeats information from the 2000 Indicators of School Crime and Safety report.

[^19]:    *Less than 0.5 percent.
    $\dagger$ No cases are reported in this cell, although the event defined by this cell could have been reported by some students with these characteristics had a different sample been drawn.

[^20]:    *Less than 0.5 percent.

[^21]:    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

[^22]:    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, "Principal/School Disciplinarian Survey on School Violence," FRSS 63, 1997.

