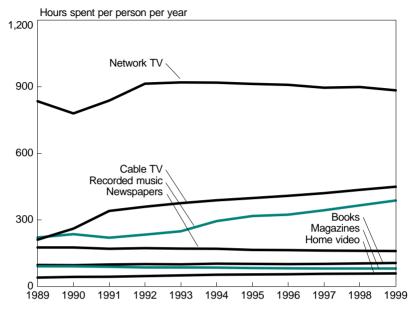
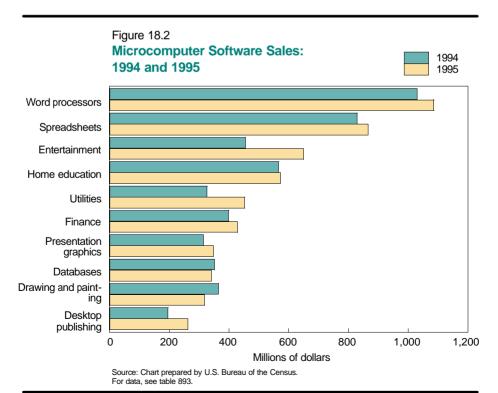
Figure 18.1 **Media Usage by Consumers: 1989 to 1999** 



Note: Data for 1995 to 1999 are projected.

Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Bureau of the Census. For data, see table 878.



# Communications and Information Technology

This section presents statistics on the various communications media: telephone, telegraph, radio, television, newspapers and periodicals, and the usage, finances, and operations of the Postal Service. Expenditure data for advertising in the media are also included.

Communication media—The Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Communication Services (ASCS) covers all employer firms with one or more establishments that are primarily engaged in providing point-topoint communication services, whether by wire or radio, and whether intended to be received aurally or visually. This includes telephone communications, including cellular and other radiotelephone services; telegraph and other message communications, such as electronic mail services. facsimile transmission services, telex services, and so on; radio and television broadcasting stations and networks: cable and other pay television services; and other communication services, such as radar station operations, satellite earth stations, satellite or missile tracking stations, and so on. The report presents statistics that are summarized by kind-of-business classification based on the 1987 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual.

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC), established in 1934, regulates wire and radio communications. Only the largest carriers and holding companies file annual or monthly financial reports. The FCC has jurisdiction over interstate and foreign communication services, but not over intrastate or local services. The gross operating revenues of the telephone carriers reporting annually to the FCC, however, are estimated to cover about 90 percent of the revenues of all U.S. telephone companies. Data are not comparable with Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Communication Services because of coverage (ASCS includes all domestic long-distance telephone companies, all local exchange carriers, and all cellular telephone companies) and different

#### In Brief

Consumer spending per person in 1994:

Basic cable	\$110
Books	<i>\$79</i>
Home video	<i>\$73</i>
Recorded music	<i>\$56</i>
Daily newspapers	\$49
Magazines	<i>\$36</i>
On-line/Internet	
access services	<i>\$7</i>

accounting practices for those telephone companies which report to the FCC.

Reports filed by the broadcasting industry cover substantially all radio and television stations operating in the United States. The private radio services represent the largest and most diverse group of licensees regulated by the FCC. These services provide voice, data communications, point-to-point and point-tomultipoint radio communications for fixed and mobile communicators. Major users of these services are small businesses, the aviation industry, the maritime trades. the land transportation industry, manufacturing industries, State and local public safety and governmental authorities, emergency medical service providers, amateur radio operators, and personal radio operations (CB and the General Mobile Radio Service). The FCC also licenses entities as private and common carriers. Private and common carriers provide fixed and land mobile communications service on a for-profit basis. Principal sources of wire, radio, and television data are the FCC's Annual Report and its annual Statistics of Communications Common Carriers.

Statistics on the printed media are available from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, as well as from various private agencies. The censuses of manufactures (conducted by the Census Bureau every 5 years, for the years ending in "2" and "7") provide statistics on the number and circulation of newspapers and periodicals and on sales of books and pamphlets.

Editor & Publisher Co., New York, NY, presents annual data on the number and circulation of daily and Sunday newspapers in its *International Year Book.* Monthly data on new books and new editions appear in *Publishers Weekly*, issued by R. R. Bowker Company, New York. (See table 900 for annual data.)

Advertising—Data on advertising expenditures are compiled primarily by McCann-Erickson, Inc., (see table 907). Monthly index figures of advertising in certain media are also published periodically by McCann-Erickson in Advertising Age.

The Broadcast Advertisers Reports distinguishes between spot and local advertising primarily on the basis of the type of advertiser to whom the time is sold, rather than how and by whom it is sold. In general, time purchased on behalf of retail or service establishments in the market is considered local, even though the establishments may be part of a national or regional chain. That is, spot advertising promotes a product, while local advertising promotes a given establishment. Network advertising, mutually exclusive of spot and local, is broadcast through the network system.

Postal Service—The Postal Service provides mail processing and delivery services within the United States. The Postal Reorganization Act of 1970 created

the Postal Service, effective July 1971, as an independent establishment of the Federal Executive Branch.

Revenue and cost analysis describes the Postal Service's system of attributing revenues and costs to classes of mail and service. This system draws primarily upon probability sampling techniques to develop estimates of revenues, volumes, and weights, as well as costs by class of mail and special service. The costs attributed to classes of mail and special services are primarily incremental costs which vary in response to changes in volume; they account for roughly 60 percent of the total costs of the Postal Service. The balance represents "institutional costs." Statistics on revenues. volume of mail, and distribution of expenditures are presented in the Postal Service's annual report, Cost and Revenue Analysis, and its Annual Report of the Postmaster General and its Annual Comprehensive Statement on Postal Operations.

Statistical reliability—For a discussion of statistical collection and estimation, sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability applicable to Census Bureau data, see Appendix III.

Historical statistics—Tabular headnotes provide cross-references, where applicable, to *Historical Statistics of the United States, Colonial Times to 1970.* See Appendix IV.

No. 875. Communications Industry—Summary: 1992

[For establishments with payroll]

INDUSTRY	1987 SIC <sup>1</sup> code	Establish- ments	Revenue (\$1,000)	Payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees <sup>2</sup>
Communications	48	39,244	230,667,167	47,057,941	1,294,236
Total, except broadcasting and cable	481, 2, 9	26,227	174,926,125	36,522,874	943,518
Telephone	481	24,730	171,580,095	35,900,576	928,245
Radiotelephone	4812	3,063	12,269,735	2,091,368	61,077
Other telephone	4813	21,667	159,310,360	33,809,208	867,168
Telegraph communications	482	489	988,142	217,800	5,536
Communication services, n.e.c. <sup>3</sup>	489	1,008	2,357,888	404,498	9,737
Broadcasting and cable	483, 4	13,017	55,741,042	10,535,067	350,718
Radio and television broadcasting	483	8,549	28,228,942	6,976,376	221,755
Radio	4832	6,956	6,865,419	2,547,700	112,385
Television	4833	1,593	21,363,523	4,428,676	109,370
Cable and other pay television	484	4,468	27,512,100	3,558,691	128,963

<sup>11987</sup> Standard Industrial Classification code; see text, section 13. 2For the pay period including March 12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> N.e.c. means not elsewhere classified.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, UC92-A-1.

No. 876. Utilization of Selected Media: 1970 to 1994

ITEM	Unit	1970	1980	1985	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
Households with—											
Telephone service 1	Percent .	(NA)	93.0	91.8	92.9	93.0	93.3	93.6	93.9	94.2	93.9
Radio <sup>2</sup>	Millions .	71.4	78.6	87.1	91.1	92.8	94.4	95.5	96.6	97.3	98.0
Percent of total households	Percent .	98.6	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0
Average number of sets		5.6	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
Television 3	Millions .	69	76	85	89	90	92	93	92	93	94
Percent of total households		97.1	97.9	98.1	98.1	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.3	98.3	98.3
Television sets in homes	Millions .	105	128	155	168	176	193	193	192	201	211
Average number of sets per home	Number .	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2
Color sets	Millions .	47	63	78	85	87	90	91	91	92	93
Percent of TV households	Millions . Percent .	9 12.6	15 19.9	36 42.8	44 49.4	48 52.8	52 56.4	55 58.9	55 60.2	57 61.4	59 62.4
VCR's 4	Millions .	(NA)	19.9	42.8 18	49.4	52.8 58	63	67	69	72	62.4 74
Percent of TV households		(NA)	1.1	20.8	58.0	64.6	68.6	71.9	75.0	77.1	79.0
reicent of 1 v nouseholds	reiceili .	(11/1)	1.1	20.0	30.0	04.0	00.0	/ 1.3	75.0	//.1	19.0
Commercial radio stations: 2											
AM	Number .	4,463	4,589	<sup>5</sup> 4,718	4,932	4,975	4,987	4,985	4,961	4,994	4,913
FM	Number .	2,767	3,282		4,155	4,269	4,392	4,570	4,785	4,971	5,109
Television stations: 6 Total	Number .	953	1,011	1,182	1,362	1,403	1,442	1,459	1,481	1,506	1,512
Commercial 3		706	734	883	1,028	1,061	1,092	1,099	1,118	1,137	1,145
VHF	Number .	514	516	520	539	545	547	547	551	552	561
UHF	Number .	192	218	363	489	516	545	552	567	585	584
Cable television:								l			
Systems <sup>6</sup>	Number .	3,506	4,225	6,844	8,500	9,050		10,704		11,217	11,230
Subscribers served '	Millions .	9.8	17.7	39.9	48.6	52.6	54.9	55.8	56.4	57.2	60.5
Daily newspaper circulation 8	Millions .	61	62	63	63	63	62	61	60	60	60

NA Not available. <sup>1</sup> For occupied housing units. 1970 and 1980 as of April 1; all other years as of March. Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1970 and 1980 Census of Housing, vol. 1; and unpublished data. <sup>2</sup> As of December 31, except as noted. Source: Radio Advertising Bureau, New York, NY, through 1992, Radio Facts, annual, (copyright); beginning 1993, Radio Marketing Guide and Fact Book for Advertisers, annual, (copyright). Number of stations on the air compiled from Federal Communications Commission reports. <sup>3</sup> 1970, as of September of prior year; all other years as of January of year shown. Excludes Alaska and Hawaii. Source: Television Bureau of Advertising, Inc., Trends in Television, annual, (copyright). <sup>4</sup> As of February. Excludes Alaska and Hawaii. Source: See footnote 3. <sup>5</sup> As of February 1986. <sup>6</sup> As of January 1. Source: Warren Publishing, Washington DC, Television and Cable Factbook. <sup>7</sup> Source: Nielsen Media Research, Nielsen Station Index, November diary estimates (copyright). <sup>8</sup> As of September 30. Source: Editor & Publisher, Co., New York, NY, Editor & Publisher International Year Book, annual (copyright).

Source: Compiled from sources mentioned in footnotes.

# No. 877. Multimedia Audiences—Summary: 1996

[In percent, except total. As of spring. For persons 18 years old and over. Represents the percent of persons participating during a specified time period. Based on sample and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

ITEM	Total population (1,000)	Television viewing	Television prime time viewing	Cable viewing	Radio listening	Newspaper reading	Accessed Internet
Total	191,663	90.9	75.4	64.1	83.4	81.6	9.4
18 to 24 years old.	24,848	89.1	69.2	61.8	91.6	75.8	12.2
25 to 34 years old.	42,530	89.4	73.3	63.9	91.0	79.7	12.7
35 to 44 years old.	41,652	89.8	75.1	65.9	89.4	82.5	13.0
45 to 54 years old.	29,737	90.6	75.6	68.1	86.7	85.9	10.2
55 to 64 years old.	21,537	92.3	76.6	67.8	77.8	84.4	3.8
65 years old and over	31,359	95.3	82.4	57.4	59.1	81.6	1.0
Male	91,780	90.9	74.2	65.3	86.0	81.9	11.5
Female	99,882	91.0	76.5	63.0	81.0	81.3	7.4
White Black Other Spanish speaking Not high school graduate High school graduate Attended college College graduate	162,526 21,957 7,179 14,144 36,567 64,414 51,083 39,600	90.6 92.8 91.6 92.2 92.0 92.5 90.3 88.1	74.8 79.5 75.8 75.8 77.1 78.3 73.6 71.3	66.2 54.7 45.9 50.4 48.1 65.6 69.6	83.4 84.3 80.1 85.3 72.9 82.5 88.4 88.0	83.1 77.1 62.0 68.4 65.9 80.8 86.6 90.9	10.0 5.7 6.7 7.3 1.4 3.4 11.9 23.4
Employed: Full time Part time Not employed.	104,602	89.0	73.1	67.6	90.6	83.7	13.6
	18,438	89.3	71.7	64.5	87.3	84.9	9.6
	68,622	94.2	79.9	58.7	71.3	77.5	2.9
Household income: Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	18,491	90.8	76.0	41.8	71.8	65.8	1.9
	28,635	94.6	79.9	54.6	75.7	73.8	2.3
	29,109	92.3	78.6	57.8	79.6	78.7	3.4
	14,010	90.7	75.3	65.3	84.8	79.7	5.5
	12,263	92.2	77.9	65.8	86.9	83.3	8.5
	21,774	90.2	76.0	70.1	85.8	84.4	8.4
	67,380	88.8	71.2	74.5	89.7	89.7	18.4

<sup>1</sup> In the past 30 days.

Source: Mediamark Research Inc., New York, NY, Multimedia Audiences, spring 1996 (copyright).

# No. 880. Telephone and Telegraph Systems: 1980 to 1994

[Covers principal carriers filing annual reports with Federal Communications Commission. Minus sign (-) indicates loss. See Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series R 46-70 and R 75-88, for data on telegraph systems]

ITEM	Unit	1980	1985	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
DOMESTIC TELEPHONE <sup>1</sup>										
Carriers <sup>2</sup> Access lines Miles of wire Gross book cost of plant Depreciation reserves <sup>3</sup> Ratio to book cost Capital stock and premium Operating revenues Operating expenses <sup>4</sup> Net operating income <sup>5</sup> Net income Return on investment (domestic	Million Million Bil. dol Bil. dol Percent . Bil. dol	59 (NA) 1,131 147 27 18 31 56 37 10	39 103 1,313 195 50 26 48 89 61 12	54 122 1,483 250 85 34 45 100 74 17	53 126 1,502 260 94 36 46 102 77 16	53 130 1,528 265 98 37 46 104 78 16	54 137 (NA) 270 102 38 47 106 80 16	56 140 (NA) 279 108 39 48 109 81 17	55 149 (NA) 289 117 41 42 113 85 17 8	54 157 (NA) 299 127 42 42 117 88 17
and overseas) <sup>5</sup>	1,000	9 938 20	9 (NA) (NA)	10 688 25	10 663 24	10 648 26	9 616 25	10 608 26	10 592 27	10 553 26
OVERSEAS TELEPHONE  Number of overseas calls	Mil. dol	200 1,535 24 5	412 1,799 26 6	706 2,573 26 14	1,008 3,513 23 15	1,201 4,362 24 16	2,279 5,835 26 16	2,750 6,974 (NA) (NA)	3,136 7,800 (NA) (NA)	3,713 8,140 (NA) (NA)
TELEGRAPH 9										
Carriers Revenue messages transmitted Message revenues 10 total operating revenues Operating revenue deductions Operating income 11 Return on investment 6	Million Mil. dol Mil. dol	8 75 676 1,232 1,008 147 16	7 42 708 1,367 1,292 102 7	6 (NA) 483 882 942 -56 -6	6 (NA) 521 1,019 995 24 4	3 (NA) 259 408 447 -28 1	3 (NA) 219 383 421 -28 -12	2 (NA) (NA) 317 343 -77 (NA)	2 (NA) (NA) 367 416 -76 (NA)	2 (NA) (NA) 471 579 -107 (NA)

NA Not available. 

Includes Virgin Islands, and prior to 1991, Puerto Rico. Excludes intercompany duplications. Gross operating revenues of carriers reporting estimated at 90 percent of all carriers. Beginning 1988, based on new accounting rules; prior years not directly comparable. 
Beginning 1985, number of carriers changed due to change in dollar requirement of reporting carriers from \$1 \text{ million}\$ to \$100 \text{ million}\$. Includes amortization reserves. 
Ratio of net operating income (after taxes) to average net book cost of communications plant. 
Beginning 1991, includes calls to and from Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Canada, and Mexico. 
Excludes contingency and retired satellites. 
Domestic and overseas except for South American and most Caripbean operations of All America Cables and Radio, Inc.

Source: U.S. Federal Communications Commission, Statistics of Communications Common Carriers, annual; and unpublished data.

#### No. 881. Telephone Communications—Operating Revenue and Expenses: 1990 to 1994

[Based on a sample of employer firms with one or more establishments that are primarily engaged in providing telephone, voice, and data communication services. For SIC 481. Based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification code; see text, section 13]

ITEM		TO	TAL (mil. d	ol.)		PERCE	NT DISTRI	BUTION
I I EIVI	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1990	1993	1994
OPERATING REVENUE								
Total Local service Long-distance service Network access Cellular and other radiotelephone Directory advertising Other	160,482 40,180 67,698 30,044 6,002 8,373 8,185	164,738 41,354 69,006 29,947 6,870 8,680 8,881	171,578 43,341 69,446 30,998 9,181 8,923 9,689	181,700 45,313 72,306 31,884 12,050 9,126 11,021	195,333 46,994 77,711 33,485 15,930 9,467 11,746	100.0 25.0 42.2 18.7 3.7 5.2 5.1	100.0 24.9 39.8 17.5 6.6 5.0 6.1	100.0 24.1 39.8 17.1 8.2 4.8 6.0
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Total	131,493 34,903 8,121	137,593 35,320 8.924	143,033 35,900 9,584	156,573 36,801 9,326	156,730 37,476 9,245	100.0 26.5 6.2	100.0 23.5 6.0	100.0 23.9 5.9
and other supplemental benefits. Access charges Depreciation. Lease and rental Purchased repairs.	23,214 22,927 3,543	24,039 23,600 3,867 2,954	24,539 23,623 4,247 2,915	25,510 24,614 4,102 3,125	26,849 26,535 4,917 3,636	17.7 17.4 2.7 2.3	16.3 15.7 2.6 2.0	17.1 16.9 3.1 2.3
Insurance	193	218	222	217	242	0.1	0.1	0.2
communication services  Purchased utilities  Purchased advertising  Taxes  Other	504 1,106 2,328 5,086 26,591	544 1,150 2,546 5,233 29,198	707 1,178 2,637 5,194 32,287	838 1,197 3,277 5,365 42,201	1,051 1,312 4,306 5,546 35,615	0.4 0.8 1.8 3.9 20.2	0.5 0.8 2.1 3.4 27.0	0.7 0.8 2.7 3.5 22.7

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Annual Survey of Communication Services: 1994 (BC/94).

# No. 882. Telephone Companies—Summary: 1988 to 1993

[As of Dec. 31 or calendar year, as applicable. January 1, 1988, marked the beginning of significant rules changes in the way local exchange carriers account for assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses, and income. Any comparisons with earlier data would not be meaningful. See also *Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970*, series R 1-12 and 31-45]

ITEM	Unit	INDE	PENDENT	COMPAN	IES <sup>1</sup>	ALL TELEPHONE COMPANIES				
I I CIVI	Offit	1988	1990	1992	1993	1988	1990	1992	1993	
All companies	Millions . Bil. dol	1,349 29 59 21 (NA)	1,310 32 65 22 (NA)	1,308 34 71 26 (NA)	1,305 35.4 74.1 26.7 (NA)	1,371 130 238 90 1,700	1,332 138 256 90 9,515	1,327 145 272 95 9,885	1,324 150.2 281.7 98 10,665	
Reporting companies <sup>3</sup> Access lines Telephone plant in service Depreciation reserves <sup>4</sup> Operating revenues Operating expenses <sup>5</sup> Net income Stockholders' equity Net income to stockholders equity Employees	Millions . Bil. dol	585 29 57 20 21 14 3 20 16	594 30 63 24 22 16 3 22 15	622 32 68 27 24 16 4 24 15	573 33.8 70.7 29 24.2 17.3 2 24.2 8.3 140	607 130 233 80 86 61 12 76 16	616 136 251 95 89 65 12 80 14 606	641 143 265 106 92 67 10 83 12	592 148.7 274.8 113.8 95.5 70 7 79.6 8.8 536	

Source: United States Telephone Association, Washington, DC, Statistics of the Local Exchange Carriers, annual (copyright).

# No. 883. Percent of Households with Telephone Service: 1984 and 1994

[Annual averages of quarterly data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, section 1, and Appendix III]

CHARACTERISTIC		19	84			19	94	
CHARACTERISTIC	All races	White	Black	Hispanic <sup>1</sup>	All races	White	Black	Hispanic 1
Total	92	93	80	81	94	95	86	86
15 to 24 years old <sup>2</sup>	77 92 95 95 96 95	80 93 96 96 97 96	58 80 87 87 88 88	61 83 87 87 90 84	84 93 96 96 97 97	86 95 96 97 97	74 85 91 90 92 92	72 86 89 92 93 92
Household size: 1 person 2 to 3 persons. 4 to 5 persons. 6 or more persons.	88 93 93 87	90 95 94 90	75 82 82 76	73 82 84 79	92 95 94 89	93 96 96 91	82 88 87 82	82 83 88
Household level: Under \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$40,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 and over	71 83 87 90 92 (NA) 94 95 99 99 99 99 (NA) (NA)	75 86 88 91 93 (NA) 94 96 97 99 99 100 (NA) (NA) 99	63 75 77 81 85 (NA) 89 92 93 95 97 98 97 98 (NA) (NA)	55 70 75 80 87 (NA) 88 91 93 96 99 100 (NA) (NA)	76 83 87 90 92 94 (NA) (NA) 95 97 98 99 (NA) 99 99	80 85 89 91 93 94 (NA) (NA) 96 97 98 98 99 (NA) 99	69 777 81 82 86 87 (NA) 90 94 94 97 (NA) 96 100 99	66 73 83 83 84 (NA (NA 92 92 94 96 (NA 100 98
Labor force status of persons, 15 years old and over: <sup>3</sup> Total civilian noninstitutional population. Employed Unemployed Not in labor force	93 94 82 92	94 95 84 94	83 86 75 81	83 86 74 80	95 96 88 93	96 96 90 95	88 90 81 85	8' 8' 86

NA Not available. 
<sup>1</sup> Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. 
<sup>2</sup> 16 to 24 years old in 1984. 
<sup>3</sup> 16 years old and over in 1984.

Source: Federal Communications Commission, Telephone Subscribership in the U.S., April 1995.

# No. 884. Cellular Telephone Industry: 1988 to 1995

[Calendar year data, except as noted. Based on a survey mailed to all cellular systems. For 1994 data, the universe was 1,581 systems and the response rate was 85 percent]

ITEM	UNIT	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Subscribers. Cell sites 1 Employees Service revenue. Roamer revenue 2	Mil. dol Mil. dol Mil. dol Dollars	517 2,069 3,209 11,400 1,959 89 3,274 98.02 2.26	584 3,509 4,169 15,927 3,340 294 4,480 89.30 2.48	751 5,283 5,616 21,382 4,548 456 6,282 80.90 2.20	1,252 7,557 7,847 26,327 5,708 704 8,672 72.74 2.38	974 11,262	1,529 16,009 12,805 39,775 10,891 1,360 13,946 61.48 2.41	1,581 24,134 17,920 53,902 14,229 1,830 18,939 56.21 2.24	1,627 33,786 22,663 68,165 19,081 2,542 24,080 51.00 2.15

<sup>1</sup> The basic geographic unit of a cellular system. A city or county is divided into smaller "cells," each of NA Not available. which is equipped with a lowpowered radio transmitter/receiver. The cells can vary in size depending upon terrain, capacity demands, etc. By controlling the transmission power, the radio frequencies assigned to one cell can be limited to the boundaries of that cell. When a cellular phone moves from one cell toward another, a computer at the Switching Office monitors the movement and at the proper time, transfers or hands off the phone call to the new cell and another radio frequency. 

Source: Cellular Telecommunications Industry Association, Washington, DC, State of the Cellular Industry, annual, (copyright).

# No. 885. Private Radio Stations Authorized, by Class: 1990 to 1994

[In thousands. As of September 30. Includes Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. See also Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series R 140-148]

CLASS	1990	1992	1993	1994	CLASS	1990	1992	1993	1994
Private radio services 1.	2,880	2,956	3,007	2,995	Railroad	16	18	18	18
Personal	528	611	655	682	Taxicab	6	6	5	5
General mobile	32	28	27	31	Interurban property	6	6	6	7
Amateur and disaster	496	583	628	652	Other	12	12	11	10
Aviation	251	210	199	192	Marine	623	634	664	686
Aircraft	210	193	182	173	Ship	607	619	648	668
Aeronautical and fixed	12	12	13	13	Alaskan	2	2	2	2
Civil air patrol	24	(Z) 5	(Z)	(Z)	Coastal and other	13	13	14	15
Other	5	` <u>5</u>	` ź	` Ś	Public safety	235	245	251	252
Industrial	865	840	828	795	Police	51	53	54	55
Power	46	48	49	50	Fire	44	46	47	48
Business	628	27	591	563	Forestry conservation	11	12	12	17
Petroleum	27	603	26	25	Highway maintenance	15	16	16	12
Forest products	12	12	12	11	Special emergency	41	41	40	38
Special industrial	114	110	108	103	Other	73	78	81	83
Other	39	41	43	43	Operational fixed				
Land transportation	40	41	41	40	services 2	33	36	37	38

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes items not shown separately. Each license, construction permit, or combination construction need one as station: therefore, a station might include a transmitter and many mobile units.
<sup>2</sup> Includes Z Fewer than 500. permit and license is counted one as station; therefore, a station might include a transmitter and many mobile units. microwave operations.

Source: U.S. Federal Communications Commission, Annual Report; and unpublished data.

#### No. 886. Radio and Television Broadcasting Services—Finances: 1990 to 1994

[In millions of dollars. Based on a sample of taxable employer firms with one of more establishments primarily engaged in broadcasting to the public, except cable and other pay television services. Based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Code; see text, section 13]

ITEM	ТОТ	AL (SIC 4	183)	RAD	IO (SIC 4	832)	TELEVISION (SIC 4833)			
	1990	1993	1994	1990	1993	1994	1990	1993	1994	
Operating revenue Station time sales Network compensation National/regional advertising Local advertising Network time sales Other Operating expenses Annual payroll Employer contributions to Social	28,017	28,281	31,064	6,954	7,231	7,980	21,063	21,050	23,084	
	19,019	19,227	21,352	6,397	6,693	7,397	12,622	12,534	13,955	
	549	444	455	105	87	95	444	357	360	
	7,226	6,922	7,794	1,522	1,433	1,646	5,704	5,489	6,148	
	11,244	11,861	13,103	4,770	5,173	5,656	6,474	6,688	7,447	
	7,905	8,053	8,702	305	285	338	7,600	7,768	8,364	
	1,093	1,001	1,010	252	253	245	841	748	765	
	24,145	23,448	25,038	6,317	6,257	<b>6,769</b>	17,828	17,191	18,269	
	6,333	6,641	7,178	2,428	2,535	2,709	3,905	4,106	4,469	
Security and other supplemental benefits Broadcast rights Music license fees Depreciation Lease and rental Purchased repairs Insurance	998	1,118	1,197	326	356	362	672	762	835	
	7,642	7,172	7,396	264	235	236	7,378	6,937	7,160	
	373	339	347	159	161	181	214	178	166	
	1,345	1,187	1,192	477	431	441	868	756	751	
	469	469	487	197	207	228	272	262	259	
	232	233	257	79	79	83	153	154	174	
	143	156	168	64	67	73	79	89	95	
Telephone and other purchased communication services	240	234	251	115	115	122	125	119	129	
	246	253	269	99	98	106	147	155	163	
	947	808	942	368	310	367	579	498	575	
	176	184	200	60	69	72	116	115	128	
	5,001	4,654	5,154	1,681	1,594	1,789	3,320	3,060	3,365	

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Annual Survey of Communication Services: 1994 (BC/94).

# No. 887. Copyright Registration, by Subject Matter: 1990 to 1995

[In thousands. For years ending September 30. Comprises claims to copyrights registered for both U.S. and foreign works. See also Historical Statistics Colonial Times to 1970, series W 82-95]

SUBJECT MATTER	1990	1993	1994	1995	SUBJECT MATTER	1990	1993	1994	1995
	179.7 1.0	185.8 1.0	163.0 1.0	196.0 0.8	Sound recordings	51.8 185.3	37.7 152.3	35.9 33.3 136.1 86.1	30.6 163.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes computer software and machine readable works. <sup>2</sup> Includes dramatic works, accompanying music, choreography, pantomimes motion pictures, and filmstrips. <sup>3</sup> Two-dimensional works of fine and graphic art, including prints and art reproductions; sculptural works; technical drawings and models; photographs; commercial prints and labels; works of applied arts, cartographic works, and multimedia works.

Source: The Library of Congress, Copyright Office, Annual Report.

# No. 888. Public Television Programming: 1980 to 1992

[For October through September seasons. General programming is directed at the general community. Instructional programming is directed at students in the classroom or otherwise in the general context of formal education]

ITEM	1980	1982	1984	1986	1988	1990	1992
Stations broadcasting	281 160 5,128	291 164 5,421	303 169 5,542	305 178 5,650	322 186 6,135	341 193 6,392	349 198 6,303
BROADCAST HOURS, PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
Program content General.  News and public affairs 2 Information and skills Cultural General children's and youth's Sesame Street Other Instructional 3 Children and youth Adult Producer Local Any public TV source. Consortium Children's TV Workshop Independent producer Foreign producer, international coproduction Commercial producer. Other Distributor. Local distribution only Public broadcasting service.	100 87 12 23 9 16 6 15 14 1 100 7 46 3 3 17 8 8 13 3 4 100 7 7	100 87 12 25 23 8 15 5 5 14 13 1 100 7 4 4 3 16 11 11 10 6 6	100 888 144 266 200 8 8 155 6 6 133 122 1 1 1000 6 6 444 3 3 15 16 16 13 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	100 866 160 300 211 77 111 12 155 (NA) 1000 5 388 3429 (*1) 15 6 6 4 1000 5 6	100 85 16 32 18 6 12 1 1 16 (NA) 100 5 27 10 16 19 14 4 4 4 100 6 6	100 86 18 32 19 6 11 11 14 (NA) 100 5 32 10 15 14 4 3 100 6 6	100 90 17 299 18 15 511 11 12 9 3 35 100 5 5 5 35 11 14 25 11 15 5 4 4 100 5
Regional public television network	8 16	11 16	13 16	14 17	18 14	24 11	23 9

NA Not available.

1 Beginning 1990, only broadcasters in the 50 U.S. States were surveyed. In prior years, the stations in the outlying areas were also included.

2 Beginning 1988, this category includes "Business or Consumer."

3 Some general audience programs with instructional applications were double counted if aired during school hours when school was in session.

The Electric Company" was one such program.

4 Independent producer included with Children's TV Workshop for 1986.

Source: Corporation for Public Broadcasting, Washington, DC, PTV Programming Survey, biennial.

# No. 889. Public Broadcasting Systems—Income, by Source: 1980 to 1994

[In millions of dollars, except number of stations and percents. Stations as of Dec. 31; fiscal year data for income. Includes nonbroadcast income]

NUMBER OF STATIONS AND INCOME SOURCE	1980	1985	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994		PERCEN STRIBUT	
INCOME SOURCE								1980	1990	1994
CPB-qualified public radio stations 1	217	288	318	373	391	400	(NA)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Public television stations	290	317	341	349	349	352	(NA)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Total income	705	1,096	1,581	1,721	1,790	1,790	1,795	100	100	100
Federal government	193	179	267	333	374	370	330	27	17	18
State and local government 2	272	358	474	503	485	475	510	39	30	28
Subscribers and auction/marathon	102	248	364	384	404	412	420	15	23	23
Business and industry	72	171	262	290	300	285	301	10	17	17
Foundation	24	43	71	70	80	100	97	3	5	5
Other	43	97	143	139	148	149	137	6	9	8

NA Not available. X Not applicable. 

1 Includes CPB-supported developmental grantees/stations, and excludes repeater stations.

2 Includes income received from State and other public colleges and universities.

Source: Corporation for Public Broadcasting (CPB), Washington, DC, Public Broadcasting Income, Fiscal Year, 1994; and unpublished data.

# No. 890. Cable Television—Systems and Subscribers: 1970 to 1995

[Subscribers in thousands, except percent. Estimated]

YEAR	Sys-	Sub-	YEAR	Sys-			NUM OF			CENT
(As of Jan. 1)	tems	scribers	(As of Jan. 1)	tems	scribers	SIZE-GROUP	Sys- tems	Sub- scribers	Sys- tems	Sub- scribers
1970	2,490 3,506 3,681 3,832 3,875 4,150 4,225 4,375 4,825 5,600 6,200	4,500 9,800 10,800 11,900 13,000 14,100 16,000 18,300 21,000 25,000 30,000	1988	9,575	41,100 44,000 47,500 50,000 51,000 53,000 55,000	50,000 and over 20,000 to 49,999. 10,000 to 19,999 5,000 to 9,999 3,500 to 4,999 1,000 to 3,499 500 to 999 250 to 499 Less than 250	10,495 256 437 512 658 421 1,968 1,458 1,513 3,272	59,289 26,631 13,461 7,208 4,522 1,736 3,743 1,043 542 403	100 2 4 5 6 4 19 14 14 31	100 45 23 12 8 3 6 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of October 1. <sup>2</sup> Excludes 631 systems not available by subscriber size-group. Source: Warren Publishing, Inc., Washington, DC, *Television & Cable Factbook*, annual, (copyright).

# No. 891. Cable and Pay TV—Summary: 1970 to 1994

[Cable TV for calendar year. Pay TV as of Dec. 31 of year shown]

		CABL	E TV				PAY	′ TV		
YEAR	Avg. basic sub-	Avg. monthly	Reve (mil.		Uni (1,0		Month (do		Percent of homes passed	Percent of homes with cable
	scribers (1,000)	basic rate (dol.)	Total	Basic	Total <sup>3</sup>	Pay cable	Total pay <sup>3</sup>	Pay cable	by cable with pay TV	TV with pay TV
1970	5,100	5.50	345	337	(X)	(X)	(X) 9.09	(X)	(X) 28 47	(X) 51
1980	17,500	7.69	2,549	1,615	10,389	9,144		8.80	28	51
1985	35,500	9.73	8,938	4,145	31,063	30,596	10.46	10.42	47	84
1988	44,200	13.86	13,595	7,351	39,127	38,819	10.25	10.18	50 50	85
1989	47,500	15.21	15,678	8,670	41,234	41,095	10.26	10.21	50	83
1990	50,520	16.78	17,855	10,169	41,656	41,505	10.43	10.38	48	80
1991	52,600	18.10	19,463	11,414	43,314	39,900	10.35	10.27		75
1992	54,300	19.08	21,045	12,433	44,714	40,700	10.18	10.06		74
1993	56,200	<sup>4</sup> 19.39	22,782	13,528	46,397	41,500	_9.27	9.11	46	73
1994	58,500	21.62	22,786	15,164	51,000	45,000	<sup>5</sup> 8.62	8.37	49	75

X Not applicable. 

1 Includes installation revenue, subscriber revenue, and nonsubscriber revenue. 
2 Individual program services sold to subscribers. 
3 Includes multipoint distribution service (MDS) and satellite TV (STV). 
4 Weighted average representing 8 months of unregulated basic rate and 4 months of FCC rolled-back rate. 
5 Direct broadcast satellite average rate not included.

Source: Paul Kagan Associates Inc., Carmel, CA, The Cable TV Financial Databook, annual, (copyright); The Kagan Census of Cable and Pay TV, 1991, and The Cable TV Investor, June 1995.

# No. 892. Cable and Pay TV—Revenue and Expenses: 1990 to 1994

[Based on a sample of taxable employer firms with one or more establishments that are primarily engaged in the dissemination of visual and textual television programs on a subscription or fee basis. For SIC 4841. Based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification code; see text, section 13]

ITEM		TO	ΓAL (mil. c	iol.)		PERCE	NT DISTR	IBUTION
II EW	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1990	1993	1994
Revenue  Advertising Program revenue Basic service Pay-per-view and other premium service Installation fees Other cable and pay TV revenue.	22,165 1,882 3,816 10,933 4,351 302 881	23,895 2,100 4,112 11,985 4,465 324 909	26,653 2,491 4,423 13,532 4,708 390 1,109	29,333 2,873 4,868 14,851 5,190 436 1,115	30,563 3,353 5,626 14,477 5,346 469 1,292	100.0 8.5 17.2 49.3 19.6 1.4 4.0	100.0 9.8 16.6 50.6 17.7 1.5 3.8	100.0 11.0 18.4 47.3 17.5 1.6 4.2
Operating expenses Annual payroll Employer contributions to Social Security and other supplemental benefits Program and production costs Depreciation	19,354 2,816 588 5,926 3,611	20,154 2,973 667 6,317 3,634	21,232 3,533 801 6,763 3,704	22,852 3,861 886 7,447 3,917	23,915 4,011 957 7,926 4.087	100.0 14.5 3.0 30.6 18.7	100.0 16.9 3.9 32.6 17.1	100.0 16.8 4.0 33.1 17.1
Lease and rental payments Purchased repairs Insurance Telephone, other purchased communications Purchased utilities Purchased advertising Taxes Other operating expenses	513 343 110 133 188 467 310 4,349	516 341 115 139 201 472 332 4,447	589 373 145 158 220 537 408 4,001	633 406 166 180 241 588 437 4,090	652 399 167 200 255 683 454 4,124	2.7 1.8 0.6 0.7 1.0 2.4 1.6 22.5	2.8 1.8 0.7 0.8 1.1 2.6 1.9 17.9	2.7 1.7 0.7 0.8 1.1 2.9 1.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes costs from basic cable, pay-per-view, premium services, in-house programs, and other program and production

costs.
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Annual Survey of Communication Services: 1994, (BC/94).

#### No. 893. Microcomputer Software Sales: 1994 and 1995

[In millions of dollars. Estimated North American retail sales. Figures may not add to totals because individual applications and totals are derived independently]

			1994					1995		
APPLICATION	Total	PC/ MS-DOS	Win- dows	Macin- tosh	Other	Total	PC/ MS-DOS	Win- dows	Macin- tosh	Other
Total	6,717.8	1,132.5	4,441.2	1,225.1	103.8	7,525.3	717.4	5,654.3	1,054.7	98.9
Entertainment Home education Finance Word processors Spreadsheets Databases Integrated Utilities Presentation graphic Drawing and painting Desktop publishing Other graphics	326.6 314.2 364.3 195.5 313.2	171.7 116.2 95.3 62.2 29.6 6.8 104.1 9.5 (B) (B) 38.0	190.6 324.4 233.6 826.9 689.3 279.5 75.1 154.7 119.6 123.2 211.3	82.0 116.3 46.5 94.0 69.0 41.1 48.4 50.5 45.0 209.9 72.2 67.6	(B) 8.4 (B) 13.1 8.7 1.3 (B) 15.3 1.0 10.6 (B)	649.1 571.6 427.7 1,085.7 865.2 340.4 132.1 452.4 347.1 317.0 262.0 364.1	288.0 36.3 82.3 25.5 12.3 9.2 2.1 76.2 1.5 (B) (B)	274.2 423.6 294.8 987.3 803.4 305.3 84.7 297.9 315.0 150.5 179.4 278.3	86.9 108.9 50.7 63.5 46.8 25.1 45.3 51.6 29.9 159.0 82.6 68.2	(B) 2.9 (B) 9.3 2.8 (B) (B) 26.7 (B) 7.5 (B) (B)
Project management Personal info. manager Languages and tools Other productivity	172.1 163.9 176.9 816.9	18.6 4.4 17.1 160.7	139.5 135.9 143.4 458.1	14.0 23.4 13.7 174.3	(B) (B) 2.9 36.0	188.7 232.6 249.3 1,040.3	7.6 1.0 8.6 149.5	164.2 204.0 231.6 660.1	16.8 27.3 8.0 184.1	(B) (B) (B) (B) 1.2 46.5

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure.

Source: Software Publishers Association, Washington, DC, SPA Software Sales Report, News Release, April 19, 1996.

# No. 894. Recording Media—Manufacturers' Shipments and Value: 1975 to 1994

[Domestic shipments based on reports of manufacturers representing more than 85 percent of the market.

Domestic value data based on list prices of records and other media]

		UNIT S	HIPMENTS	<sup>1</sup> (mil.)		ı	MANUFACT	URES' VAL	UE (mil. dol	.)
YEAR	Vinyl singles	Albums- LP's/EP's	CD's	Cassettes	Cassette singles	Vinyl singles	Albums- LP's/EP's	CD's	Cassettes	Cassette singles
1975	164.0 164.3 131.5 120.7 93.9 82.0 65.6 36.6 27.6 22.0	257.0 322.8 204.6 167.0 125.2 107.0 72.4 34.6 11.7 4.8 2.3	(X) (X) 5.8 22.6 53.0 102.1 149.7 207.2 286.5 333.3 407.5	16.2 110.2 332.0 339.1 344.5 410.0 450.1 446.2 442.2 360.1 336.4	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) 25.1 22.5 76.2 87.4 69.0 84.6	211.5 269.3 298.7 281.0 228.1 203.3 180.4 116.4 94.4 63.9 66.4	1,485.0 2,290.3 1,548.8 1,280.5 983.0 793.1 532.2 220.3 86.5 29.4 13.5	(X) (X) 103.3 389.5 930.1 1,593.6 2,089.9 2,587.7 3,451.6 4,337.7 5,326.5	98.8 776.4 2,383.9 2,411.5 2,959.5 2,959.7 3,385.1 3,345.8 3,472.4 3,019.6 3,116.3	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) 214.3 57.3 194.6 257.9 230.4 298.8
1993 1994	15.1 11.7	1.2 1.9	495.4 662.1	339.5 345.4	85.6 81.1	51.2 47.2	10.6 17.8	6,511.4 8,464.5	2,915.8 2,976.4	298.5 274.9

X Not applicable. 

Net units, after returns. 

Represents 6 months of sales.

#### No. 895. Publishing Industry—Summary: 1987 to 1994

[In millions of dollars, except as noted. Number in parentheses represents Standard Industrial Classification code; see text, section 13]

ITEM	NEWSPA	APERS (S	IC 2711)	PERIOD	ICALS (S	IC 2721)	ВОС	KS (SIC 2	2731)
HEW	1987	1992	1994	1987	1992	1994	1987	1992	1994
Establishments	9,091	8,679	(NA)	4,020	4,699	(NA)	2,298	2,644	(NA)
With 20 or more employees	2,617	2,629	(NA)	876	991	(NA)	424	500	(NA)
Employees 1 (1,000)	435	417	410	110	116	116	70	80	87
Payroll	9,025	10,506	10,585	2,983	4,075	4,274	1,860	2,676	2,936
Value of receipts		34,124	35,837	17,329	22,034	21,723	12,620	16,731	19,419
Cost of materials	7,533	6,874	7,018	5,873	6,201	5,903	3,663	5,338	5,827
Value added <sup>2</sup>	24,311	27,247	28,818	11,452	15,833	15,821	9,111	11,494	13,681
New capital expends	1,523	1,667	1,330	246	234	307	240	327	283
Fixed assets, gross assets	14,028	20,042	(NA)	2,528	2,769	(NA)	1,680	2,402	(NA)
Inventories, Dec. 31		767	`759	902	1,067	1,095	2,091	2,944	3,027

NA Not available. 

Represents the average number of production workers plus the number of other employees in mid-March. 

By manufacture, derived by subtracting the cost of materials, supplies, containers, fuel, purchased electricity, and contract work from the value of shipments. This result is then adjusted by the addition of value added by merchandising operations, plus the net change in finished goods and work-in-process inventories between the beginning and the end of the year.

Source: Recording Industry Association of America, Washington, DC, Inside the Recording Industry: A Statistical Overview-1994 Update.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Manufactures, Industry Reports, series MC92-I-27A (P) and Annual Survey of Manufactures.

# No. 896. Newspapers and Periodicals—Number, by Type: 1980 to 1995

[Data refer to year of compilation of the Directory cited as the source, i.e., generally to year preceding year shown. See also Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series R 232-243]

TYPE	1980	1985	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Newspapers <sup>1</sup> Semiweekly	9,620	9,134	9,031	10,088	10,457	11,471	11,689	11,339	12,597	12,513	12,246
	537	517	510	555	567	579	574	562	639	661	705
	7,159	6,811	6,750	7,438	7,622	8,420	8,546	8,293	9,177	9,067	9,011
	1,744	1,701	1,646	1,745	1,773	1,788	1,781	1,755	1,850	1,831	1,710
Periodicals <sup>1</sup> Weekly	10,236	11,090	11,593	11,229	11,556	11,092	11,239	11,143	11,863	12,136	11,179
	1,716	1,367	1,400	880	828	553	511	466	485	487	513
	645	801	858	619	622	435	412	371	199	209	216
	3,985	4,088	4,031	4,192	4,445	4,239	4,340	4,326	4,545	4,494	4,067
	1,114	1,361	1,402	1,558	1,880	2,087	2,116	2,143	2,359	2,475	2,568
	1,444	1,759	1,984	2,245	2,513	2,758	2,861	3,024	3,199	3,370	3,621

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes other items not shown separately. <sup>2</sup> Includes fortnightly (every 2 weeks).

Source: Gale Research Inc., 1995 Gale Directory of Publications and Broadcast Media, 127th edition; and earlier editions (copyright).

#### No. 897. Daily and Sunday Newspapers—Number and Circulation: 1970 to 1995

[Number of newspapers as of February 1 the following year. Circulation figures as of September 30 of year shown. For English language newspapers only. See also Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series R 224-231]

TYPE	1970	1975	1980	1985	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
NUMBER													
Daily: Total <sup>1</sup>	334 1,429		387	482	511 1,166	1,642 529 1,141 840	1,626 530 1,125 847	1,611 559 1,084 863	1,586 571 1,042 875	1,570 596 996 891	1,556 623 954 884	1,548 635 935 886	1,533 656 891 888
CIRCULATION (mil.)													
Daily: Total <sup>1</sup>	62.1 25.9 36.2 49.2	60.7 25.5 35.2 51.1	62.2 29.4 32.8 54.7	62.8 36.4 26.4 58.8	62.8 39.1 23.7 60.1	62.7 40.5 22.2 61.5	62.6 40.7 21.9 62.0	62.3 41.3 21.0 62.6	60.7 41.5 19.2 62.1	60.1 42.4 17.8 62.2	59.8 43.1 16.7 62.6	59.3 43.4 15.9 62.3	58.2 44.3 13.9 61.2
PER CAPITA CIRCULATION 2													
Daily: Total <sup>1</sup>	0.30 0.13 0.18 0.24	0.12	0.27 0.13 0.14 0.24	0.26 0.15 0.11 0.25	0.26 0.16 0.10 0.25	0.26 0.17 0.09 0.25	0.25 0.16 0.09 0.25	0.25 0.17 0.08 0.25	0.24 0.16 0.08 0.25	0.24 0.17 0.07 0.24	0.23 0.17 0.06 0.24	0.23 0.17 0.06 0.24	0.22 0.17 0.05 0.23

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All-day newspapers are counted in both morning and evening columns but only once in total. Circulation is divided equally between morning and evening.
<sup>2</sup> Based on U.S. Bureau of the Census estimated resident population as of July 1.

Source: Editor & Publisher Co., New York, NY, Editor & Publisher International Year Book, annual (copyright).

#### No. 898. Daily Newspapers—Number and Circulation, by Size of City: 1980 to 1995

[Number of newspapers as of February 1 the following year. Circulation as of September 30 of year shown. For English language newspapers only. See table 45 for number of cities by population size. All-day newspapers are counted in both morning and evening columns; circulation is divided equally between morning and evening]

TYPE OF DAILY AND			NUMBER			NI	ET PAID (	CIRCULAT	TION (1,0	00)
POPULATION-SIZE CLASS	1980	1985	1990	1994	1995	1980	1985	1990	1994	1995
Morning dailies, total In cities of—	387	482	559	635	654	29,413	36,361	41,311	43,382	44,310
1,000,001 or more 500,001 to 1,000,000	27	22 24	18 22	27 23	25 22	8,795 5,705	9,367 6,897	6,508 4,804	10,144 5,174	10,173 5,587
100,001 to 500,000 50,001 to 100,000		121 87 83	138 100 102	153 134 106	153 138 115	8,996 2,973 1,701	12,197 3,653 2,145	20,051 4,373 3,209	17,210 5,520 2,935	17,214 5,602 3,150
Less than 25,000	102	145	179	192	201	1,243	2,143	2,365	2,399	2,584
Evening dailies, total In cities of—	1,388	1,220	1,084	935	893	32,788	26,407	21,017	15,924	13,883
1,000,001 or more 500,001 to 1,000,000	11 23	8 14	7 12	8 10	3 7	2,984 4,101	2,169 1.626	1,423 1,350	791 1.479	390 1.017
100,001 to 500,000 50,001 to 100,000	123 156	102 127	71 94	48 81	45 72	8,178 4,896	6,987 3,942	4,687 2,941	2,929 2,273	2,529 2,029
25,001 to 50,000 Less than 25,000	246 829	229 740	204 696	166 622	158 608	5,106 7,523	4,606 7,075	4,278 6,338	2,979 5,473	2,819 5,099

Source: Editor & Publisher Co., New York, NY, Editor & Publisher International Year Book, annual (copyright).

# No. 899. Daily and Sunday Newspapers—Number and Circulation, by State: 1995

[Number of newspapers as of February 1 the following year. Circulation as of September 30 of the year shown. For English language newspapers only. New York, Massachusetts, and Virginia Sunday newspapers include national circulation]

		DAILY		SUN	DAY			DAILY		SUN	DAY
STATE	Num-	Circul	ation <sup>1</sup>	Num-	Net paid	STATE	Num-	Circula	ation <sup>1</sup>	Num-	Net paid
	ber	Net paid (1,000)	Per cap- ita <sup>2</sup>	ber	circula- tion <sup>1</sup> (1,000)		ber	Net paid (1,000)	Per cap- ita <sup>2</sup>	ber	tion 1 (1,000)
U.S	1,533	58,193	0.22	888	61,229	MO	44	1,008	0.19	23	1,330
AL	26	743	0.17	18	754	MT	11	196	0.23	7	202
<u>ΑΚ</u>	7	113	0.18	.4	129	NE	17	470	0.29	6	443
AZ	22	781	0.18	16	917	NV	9	286	0.20	4	317
AR	31	478	0.19	16	530	NH	12	237	0.19	6	200
CA	98 30	6,094	0.18	62 11	6,416	NJ	20 18	1,481	0.18	16 13	1,776 300
CO	18	1,057 794	0.28 0.23	11	1,254 831	NM NY	69	300 6,576	0.17 0.35	44	5,440
DE	3	150	0.23	2	184	NC	50	1,395	0.35	38	1,518
DC	2	895	1.47	2	1,193	ND	10	181	0.19	7	185
FL	40	3,123	0.21	35	3,972	OH	84	2,621	0.24	37	2,878
GA	35	1,069	0.21	19	1,294	OK	46	696	0.24	39	858
HI	6	239	0.19	5	261	OR	19	683	0.22	10	716
ID	12	225	0.20	8	241	PA	87	2,978	0.24	40	3,331
ĬĹ	68	2,487	0.21	31	2,665	RI	6	262	0.25	3	295
IN	71	1,452	0.25	21	1,344	SC	15	639	0.17	14	758
IA	38	677	0.25	12	711	SD	11	167	0.24	4	139
KS	47	491	0.19	15	449	TN	27	906	0.17	16	1,107
KY	23	643	0.17	12	679	TX	89	2,986	0.16	85	4,040
LA	26	750	0.17	21	849	UT	6	317	0.17	6	361
ME	7	258	0.20	4	223	VT	8	129	0.21	3	106
MD	14	647	0.12	7	682	VA	28	2,603	0.39	15	1,010
MA	36	1,825	0.29	14	1,450	WA	24	1,204	0.23	16	1,286
MI	50	2,066	0.21	27	2,366	WV	22	396	0.22	11	402
MN	25	922	0.20	14	1,185	WI	35	1,006	0.20	18	1,190
MS	22	403	0.15	16	396	WY	9	89	0.19	4	66

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Circulation figures based on the principal community served by a newspaper which is not necessarily the same location as the publisher's office.
<sup>2</sup> Per capita based on estimated resident population as of July 1.

Source: Editor & Publisher Co., New York, NY, Editor & Publisher International Year Book, annual (copyright).

# No. 902. Periodicals—Average Retail Prices: 1991 to 1995

[In dollars]

SUBJECT	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Agriculture	221.06	233.13	270.85	284.78	316.45
Anthropology	109.01	118.80	127.57	139.65	156.45
Art and architecture	85.89	91.91	98.61	99.54	104.93
Astronomy	542.66	600.12	740.86	686.52	771.32
Biology	462.61	487.11	561.74	579.79	646.96
Botany	346.43	364.98	438.66	444.69	503.20
Business and economics	159.76	174.88	198.60	213.44	247.35
Chemistry	678.57	806.66	916.54	923.42	1,020.00
Education	97.53	104.42	121.99	127.35	138.91
Engineering and technology	384.37	440.82	492.86	534.42	585.37
Food science	297.32	320.19	375.80	387.76	424.35
General science	234.29	264.80	318.35	341.36	382.69
General works	57.66	61.32	65.80	65.71	69.98
Geography	194.15	221.62	242.65	265.00	290.46
Geology	321.57	356.17	407.51	420.31	467.71
Health sciences	281.40	307.53	345.57	361.87	401.28
History	62.41	68.72	73.04	78.04	85.49
Language and literature	59.00	62.52	67.39	68.89	77.00
Law	71.15	79.68	88.49	90.38	97.33
Library and information science	117.35	132.33	142.50	150.53	167.69
Math and computer science	433.92	473.07	527.78	582.64	637.36
Military and naval science	78.5	90.75	103.63	117.13	136.75
Music	45.66	49.77	54.22	54.24	58.87
Philosophy and religion	72.16	75.47	86.18	87.33	97.54
Physics	744.92	846.84	987.04	1,009.56	1,126.50
Political science	96.85	104.12	118.91	124.93	141.20
Psychology	125.00	140.30	154.36	169.84	189.99
Recreation	59.54	70.05	74.47	80.07	82.62
Sociology	120.58	133.34	146.81	156.13	173.09
Technology	355.94	385.94	436.48	479.57	536.64
Zoology	342.36	367.65	419.29	441.85	498.36

Source: Library Journal, New York, NY, *Library Journal*, April 15, 1995, and earlier issues. (Copyright by Reed Publishing USA.)

#### No. 903. U.S. Postal Service—Summary: 1980 to 1995

[Employees in thousands; revenue and expenditures in millions of dollars, except as indicated. For fiscal years; see text, section 9. Includes Puerto Rico and all outlying areas. See text, section 18. See also Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series R 163-171]

ITEM	1980	1985	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Number of post offices Pieces of mail handled (bil.). First-class, number (bil.) Percent Second class (bil.).	30,326	29,557	29,083	28,959	28,912	28,837	28,728	28,657	28,392
	106.3	140.1	161.6	166.3	165.9	166.4	171.2	178.0	180.7
	60.3	72.4	85.9	89.3	90.3	90.8	92.2	95.3	96.4
	56.7	51.7	53.2	53.7	54.4	54.5	53.8	53.3	53.3
	8.4	10.4	10.5	10.7	10.4	10.3	10.3	10.2	10.2
Employees, total	667	744	817	819	808	819	818	852	875
Regular Postmasters. Office supervisors and tech. personnel Office clerks and mail handlers <sup>2</sup> City carriers and vehicle drivers Rural carriers Other Substitute (part-time). Transitional	536 29 36 229 160 33 49 130 (X)	586 28 46 249 179 35 48 159 (X)	764 27 55 345 243 41 54 53 (X)	757 27 53 333 240 42 62 62 (X)	746 27 54 324 235 43 64 62 (X)	725 26 54 318 232 43 52 84	692 25 42 308 221 44 52 84 42	729 27 46 320 238 45 53 86 38	753 27 46 331 249 46 55 90 32
Compensation and employee benefits (mil. dol.) Avg. salary per employee (dol.) 3 Pieces of mail per employee, avg	16,541	24,349	32,368	34,214	36,076	37,122	38,447	39,609	41,931
	24,799	29,621	35,045	37,570	39,597	41,509	42,711	44,342	45,001
	159	188	198	203	205	203	209	209	207
Total revenue <sup>4</sup> Operating postal revenue.  Stamps, postal cards, etc.  Second-class postage paid in money	<b>19,106</b> 17,143 4,287	<b>28,956</b> 27,736 6,520	<b>38,920</b> 37,979 8,381	<b>40,074</b> 39,201 8,638	<b>44,202</b> 43,323 9,148	<b>47,105</b> 46,151 10,071	<b>47,986</b> 47,418 10,357	<b>49,576</b> 49,252 10,851	<b>54,509</b> 54,176 11,846
(pound rates) S Other postage paid under permit and meter Box rents Miscellaneous Money-order revenues	881	1,339	1,519	1,509	1,668	1,751	1,740	1,757	1,971
	10,828	17,747	24,534	25,311	28,019	29,777	30,621	32,079	35,023
	160	230	362	394	413	457	481	489	532
	892	1,774	2,959	3,124	3,877	3,941	4,053	4,246	4,635
	95	126	148	154	148	154	166	154	169
Government appropriations	1,610	970	436	453	562	545	164	131	117
	8.4	3.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.2	0.3	0.3	0.2
	353	250	504	420	317	409	404	193	216
Mail and service: First-class mail <sup>1</sup> . Priority mail <sup>6</sup> Second-class publishers' mail <sup>7</sup>	10,146	16,740	23,234	24,023	26,649	28,296	28,828	29,377	31,955
	612	960	1,416	1,555	1,765	2,070	2,300	2,653	3,075
	864	1,093	1,519	1,509	1,668	1,751	1,740	1,757	1,972
Third-class mail <sup>8</sup>	2,412	4,887	7,924	8,082	8,956	9,490	9,817	10,514	11,791
	2,168	4,697	7,668	7,844	8,699	9,209	9,553	10,242	11,550
	244	190	256	238	257	281	264	272	241
Fourth-class mail <sup>9</sup> Zone rate mail (parcels, catalogs, etc.) Special fourth-class rate Library rate and fees	805	763	908	920	1,001	1,186	1,183	1,353	1,525
	500	524	612	655	721	873	882	1,019	1,115
	272	199	235	215	234	266	257	292	360
	33	40	61	50	46	48	44	42	50
Government mail <sup>10</sup> . International mail <sup>11</sup> . Special services Express mail Mailgrams Other <sup>12</sup>	745	934	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	596	882	1,081	1,163	1,206	1,276	1,407	1,412	1,459
	518	918	1,314	1,310	1,403	1,434	1,509	1,513	1,687
	184	544	572	631	668	639	627	671	711
	15	15	10	8	7	8	7	2	2
	2,205	1,220	938	873	879	955	568	323	332
Expenditures <sup>13</sup>	19,412	29,207	38,370	40,490	43,291	45,653	46,322	48,455	50,730

NA Not available. X Not applicable. 

1 Items mailed at 1st-class rates and weighing 12 ounces or less. 

2 Includes mobile unit employees. 

3 Beginning 1985, for career bargaining unit employees. Includes fringe benefits. 

4 Not revenues after refunds of postage. Includes operating reimbursements, embossed envelope purchases, indemnity claims, and miscellaneous revenue and expenditure offsets. Shown in year which gave rise to the earnings. 

5 Includes controlled circulation publications. 

6 Items otherwise qualified as 1st-class or airmail that exceeds 12 ounces and 8 ounces, respectively. 

7 Includes mail paid at other than bulk rates. Publishers' mail includes printed publications periodically issued and mailed at a known post office to paid subscribers, such as regular rate newspapers and magazines, and classroom and nonprofit rate publications. See source for further detail. 

8 Items less than 16 ounces in weight not mailed at either 1st- or 2d-class rates. 

9 Items not mailed at 1st-, 2d-, or 3d-class rates except government and international mail. May include parcel post, catalogs weighing 16 ounces or more, books, films, and records. 
10 Penalty and franked. Beginning in 1988 penalty and franked mail are included in their appropriate classes of mail. 
11 Mail from United States to foreign countries paid at international mail rates. 
12 Consists of unassignable revenues. 
13 Shown in year in which obligation was incurred.

Source: U.S. Postal Service, Annual Report of the Postmaster General and Comprehensive Statement on Postal Operations, annual; and unpublished data.

#### No. 904. U.S. Postal Service-Volume of Mail, by Class: 1980 to 1995

[In millions, except per capita. For fiscal years; see text section 9. Includes Puerto Rico and all outlying. For definition of classes of mail, see footnotes, table 903. See also *Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970*, series R 172-186]

CLASS OF MAIL		PIE	CES OF N	ΛAIL		WEIGHT OF MAIL (lbs.)				
CLASS OF WAIL	1980	1990	1993	1994	1995	1980	1990	1993	1994	1995
Total. Domestic. 1st class and express 1. Priority mail. 2d class. 3d class. 4th class. Penalty. US Postal Service and free for blind. International.	106,311	166,301	171,220	178,039	180,734	12,958	18,826	19,598	21,027	21,926
	105,348	165,503	170,313	177,177	179,933	12,742	18,577	19,353	20,787	21,677
	60,332	89,343	92,229	95,394	96,357	2,213	3,452	3,733	3,846	3,928
	248	518	664	770	869	591	1,007	1,175	1,333	1,484
	10,221	10,680	10,306	10,228	10,194	3,478	4,233	4,041	4,088	4,211
	30,381	63,725	65,773	69,416	71,112	3,240	7,648	8,007	8,798	9,234
	633	663	744	872	936	2,661	2,109	2,284	2,621	2,709
	2,992	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	503	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	540	574	596	499	464	56	127	114	100	112
	963	798	907	862	801	216	249	245	240	249
Per capita: <sup>2</sup> Total, all domestic mail <sup>3</sup> 1st class and express. 2d class 3d class 4th class	463	662	656	675	683	56	74	74	79	82
	265	354	355	363	366	10	14	14	15	15
	45	43	40	39	39	15	17	16	16	16
	133	255	253	264	270	14	31	31	33	35
	3	3	3	3	4	12	8	9	10	10

NA Not available. 

<sup>1</sup> Includes mailgrams. 

<sup>2</sup> 1980 and 1990 based on April 1 population, including Armed Forces abroad; other years based on estimated total population as of July 1, including Armed Forces abroad. 

<sup>3</sup> Includes types of mail not shown separately.

#### No. 905. U.S. Postal Service Rates for Letters and Post Cards: 1958 to 1995

[Domestic airmail letters, as a separate class of service, discontinued in 1973 at 13 cents per ounce. See also Historical Statistics Colonial Times to 1970, series R 188-191]

	Letters		Postal Ex-				Letters		Postal	Ex-	
DATE OF RATE CHANGE	Each oz.	First oz.	Each added oz.	and post cards	press mail 1	DATE OF RATE CHANGE	Each oz.	First oz.	Each added oz.	and post cards	press mail
1958 (Aug. 1) 1963 (Jan. 7) 1968 (Jan. 7) 1971 (May 16) 1974 (Mar. 2) 1975 (Sept. 14) . 1975 (Dec. 31) 2	\$0.04 \$0.05 \$0.06 \$0.08 \$0.10 (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) \$0.10 \$0.13	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) \$0.09 \$0.11	\$0.03 \$0.04 \$0.05 \$0.06 \$0.08 \$0.07 \$0.09	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	1978 (May 29) 1981 (Mar. 22) 1981 (Nov. 1) 1985 (Feb.17) 1988 (Apr. 3) 1991 (Feb. 3)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	\$0.15 \$0.18 \$0.20 \$0.22 \$0.25 \$0.29 \$0.32	\$0.13 \$0.17 \$0.17 \$0.17 \$0.20 \$0.23 \$0.23	\$0.10 \$0.12 \$0.13 \$0.14 \$0.15 \$0.19 \$0.20	<sup>3</sup> \$12.00

X Not applicable. 

Post Office to addressee rates. Rates shown are for weights up to 2 pounds, all zones. Beginning Feb. 17, 1985, for weights between 2 and 5 lbs, \$12.85 is charged. Prior to Nov. 1, 1981, rate varied by weight and distances. Beginning 1995, price varies by weight, not distance. 
As of October 11, 1975, surface mail service upgraded to level of airmail. 
Over 8 ounces and up to 2 pounds. For 1995, up to 8 oz. is \$10.75.

#### No. 906. International Air Mail Rates From the United States: 1961 to 1995

[Excludes Canada and Mexico. Zones discontinued as of February 1991]

	ZON	E 1 <sup>1</sup>	ZON	E 1 <sup>2</sup>	ZON	E 1 <sup>3</sup>	Postal		
DATE OF RATE CHANGE	Each 1/2 oz. up to 2 ozs.	Each added 1/2 oz.	Each 1/2 oz. up to 2 ozs.	Each added 1/2 oz.	Each 1/2 oz. up to 2 ozs.	Each added 1/2 oz.	and post cards	Aero- grammes	
1961 (July 1) 1967 (May 1) 1971 (July 1) 1974 (March 2) 1976 (January 3) 1981 (January 1) 1985 (February 17) 1991 (February 3) 8 9 1995 (July 9) 10	\$0.15 \$0.17 \$0.21 \$0.25 \$0.35 \$0.39 \$0.45	\$0.13 \$0.15 \$0.17 \$0.17 \$0.21 <sup>4</sup> \$0.30 <sup>6</sup> \$0.33 \$0.42 (X)	\$0.15 \$0.20 \$0.21 \$0.26 \$0.31 \$0.40 \$0.44 \$0.45 (X)	\$0.15 \$0.20 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$0.26 <sup>5</sup> \$0.35 <sup>7</sup> \$0.39 \$0.42 (X)	\$0.25 \$0.25 \$0.21 \$0.26 \$0.31 \$0.40 \$0.44 \$0.45 (X)	\$0.25 \$0.25 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$0.26 5\$0.35 7\$0.39 \$0.42 (X)	\$0.13 \$0.13 \$0.18 \$0.21 \$0.28	\$0.11 \$0.13 \$0.13 \$0.18 \$0.22 \$0.30 \$0.36 \$0.39 \$0.45 \$0.50	

x Not applicable. Sequence of Caribbean, Central and South America. The airmail letter rate to South America, 1961 to 1967, was the same as that to Europe. Beginning January 3, 1976, the airmail letter rate to all South American countries except Colombia and Venezuela is the same as Europe, Columbia and Venezuela are included in the first zone. Europe and Mediterranean Africa.

Rest of world. Up to 32 oz.; 30 cents per additional ounce over 32. Up to 32 oz.; 35 cents per additional ounce over 32. Up to 32 oz.; 35 cents per additional ounce over 32. Up to 32 oz.; 35 cents per additional ounce over 32. Up to 32 oz.; 35 cents per additional ounce over 32. Up to 32 oz.; 39 cents per additional ounce over 32. If I is the sequence of the sequence

Source: U.S. Postal Service, Annual Report of the Postmaster General; and unpublished data.

Sources of tables 905 and 906: U.S. Postal Service, "United States Domestic Postage Rate: Recent History;" and unpublished data.

# No. 907. Advertising—Indexes of National Advertising Expenditures, by Medium: 1980 to 1994

[1982-84=100. Based on the average monthly expenditure for those major media which give national coverage. See also *Historical Statistics*, *Colonial Times to 1970*, series T 472-484]

MEDIUM	1980	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
General index Network television 1 Spot television	71 72 67 73 71	115 119 112 115 112	121 119 123 120 122	126 124 134 124 123	132 130 140 131 127	141 142 146 142 130	149 150 150 156 135	157 160 159 159 140		160 172 154 163 131	165 178 159 171 131	182 194 184 184 142

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes the 3 networks, Fox, cable, and syndication.

Source: McCann-Erickson, Inc., New York, NY. Compiled for Crain Communications, Inc. in Advertising Age (copyright).

# No. 908. Advertising—Estimated Expenditures, by Medium: 1980 to 1995

[In millions of dollars. See text, section 18, for definitions of types of advertising. See also Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series R 106-109, R 123-126, and T 444-471]

MEDIUM	1980	1985	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995 <sup>1</sup>
Total	53,550	94,750	118,050	123,930	128,640	126,400	131,290	138,080	150,030	161,860
National	29,815	53,355	65,610	68,990	72,780	72,635	76,020	80,010	87,325	94,620
Local	23,735	41,395	52,440	54,940	55,860	53,765	55,270	58,070	62,705	67,240
Newspapers	14,794	25,170	31,197	32,368	32,281	30,409	30,737	32,025	34,356	36,760
National	1,963	3,352	3,586	3,720	3,867	3,685	3,602	3,620	3,906	4,180
Local	12,831	21,818	27,611	28,648	28,414	26,724	27,135	28,405	30,450	32,580
Magazines	3,149	5,155	6,072	6,716	6,803	6,524	7,000	7,357	7,916	8,550
Weeklies	1,418	2,297	2,646	2,813	2,864	2,670	2,739	2,850	3,140	3,420
Women's	782	1,294	1,504	1,710	1,713	1,671	1,853	2,009	2,106	2,270
Monthlies	949	1,564	1,922	2,193	2,226	2,183	2,408	2,498	2,670	2,860
Farm publications	130	186	196	212	215	215	231	243	262	285
Television	11,469	21,022	25,686	26,891	28,405	27,402	29,409	30,584	34,167	36,680
TV networks 2	5,130	8,060	9,172	9,110	9,863	9,533	10,249	10,209	10,942	11,490
Cable networks	45	594	942	1,197	1,393	1,521	1,685	1,970	2,321	2,645
Syndication (nat'l) 2 .	50	520	901	1,288	1,109	1,253	1,370	1,576	1,734	1,940
Spot (national)	3,269	6,004	7,147	7,354	7,788	7,110	7,551	7,800	8,993	9,575
Spot (local)	2,967	5,714	7,270	7,612	7,856	7,565	8,079	8,435	9,464	10,175
Cable (non-network).	8	130	254	330	396	420	475	594	713	855
Radio	3,702	6,490	7,798	8,323	8,726	8,476	8,654	9,457	10,529	11,500
Network	183	365	425	476	482	490	424	458	463	510
Spot	779	1,335	1,418	1,547	1,635	1,575	1,505	1,657	1,902	2,090
Local	2,740	4,790	5,955	6,300	6,609	6,411	6,725	7,342	8,164	8,900
Yellow Pages	2,900	5,800	7,781	8,330	8,926	9,182	9,320	9,517	9,825	10,340
National	330	695	944	1,011	1,132	1,162	1,188	1,230	1,314	1,405
Local	2,570	5,105	6,837	7,319	7,794	8,020	8,132	8,287	8,511	8,935
Direct mail	7,596	15,500	21,115	21,945	23,370	24,460	25,391	27,266	29,638	32,600
Business papers	1,674	2,375	2,610	2,763	2,875	2,882	3,090	3,260	3,358	3,560
Outdoor	578	945	1,064	1,111	1,084	1,077	1,031	1,090	1,167	1,260
Miscellaneous	7,558	12,107	14,531	15,271	15,955	15,773	16,427	17,281	18,812	20,325

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Projected from 4 months of data. 
<sup>2</sup> Beginning 1990, Fox included in TV networks, rather than syndication; therefore, data not comparable with previous years.

Source: McCann-Erickson, Inc., New York, NY. Compiled for Crain Communications, Inc. in Advertising Age (copyright).

# No. 909. Magazine Advertising—Expenditures, by Product: 1980 to 1994

[In millions of dollars. Space cost based on one-time rate; special rates used where applicable. Year-to-year data not strictly comparable, as a few minor publications are added or deleted]

PRODUCT	1980	1985	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
Total	2,846	4,961	5,943	6,611	6,753	6,608	7,186	7,667	8,505
Apparel, footwear, accessories	112	251	363	396	428	419	496	513	540
Automotive, accessories, equipment	230	549	801	881	900	941	1,035	1,064	1,210
Beer, wine, and liquor	239	240	213	255	277	279	247	204	198
Computers, office equipment	79	250	252	284	283	291	354	364	414
Business and consumer services	190	463	466	522	516	453	513	625	657
Drugs and remedies	79	135	145	135	163	167	299	368	434
Food and food products	199	342	377	435	444	437	459	470	511
Household equipment and supplies	65	100	102	104	118	115	161	141	145
Household furnishings	73	87	116	126	116	123	117	146	166
Jewelry, cameras, optical goods	79	101	142	156	157	157	158	168	179
Mail orders/direct response	(NA)	328	467	513	531	574	617	725	832
Publishing and media	146	188	192	191	212	197	202	214	258
Retail	(NA)	121	176	211	255	201	190	219	215
Smoking materials	290	383	352	393	305	265	224	210	285
Toiletries and toilet goods	206	385	554	651	679	640	734	811	853
Travel, hotels, and resorts	123	245	311	374	380	346	350	378	445
Other	736	793	914	984	989	1,005	1,030	1,047	1,163

NA Not available.

Source: Publishers Information Bureau, Inc., New York, NY, as compiled by Competitive Media Reporting.

# No. 910. Television—Expenditures for Network Advertising: 1992 to 1994

[In millions of dollars. See text, section 18, for a definition of network advertising]

PRODUCT	1992	1993 <sup>1</sup>	1994 <sup>1</sup>	PRODUCT	1992	1993 <sup>1</sup>	1994 <sup>1</sup>
Total	9,973	10,893	11,893	Home electronics equipment	121	105	150
Apparel, footwear, accessories	305	332	320	Horticulture	26	32	40
Automotive	1,541	1,589	1,696	Household equipment, supplies,			
Beer and wine	313	330	341	and furnishings	307	286	315
Building material, equipment,				Insurance	142	147	141
fixtures	77	64	65	Jewelry, cameras, optical goods	118	116	121
Computers, office equipment,				Laundry soaps, cleansers,			
and stationery	124	150	187	polishes	285	348	280
Confectionery, soft drinks	531	941	679	Movies	236	373	446
Consumer services	501	783	916	Pet products	67	73	75
Department, discount stores	318	308	383	Proprietary medicines	882	957	988
Financial planning services	95	99	97	Publishing and media	56	51	50
Food and food products	1,375	1,306	1,429	Restaurants and drive-ins	601	743	839
Freight, industrial development	91	77	61	Toiletries and toilet goods	937	1,064	1,095
Gas, lubricants, etc	67	57	77	Toys and sporting goods	157	271	305
Home centers and hardware				Travel, hotels, and resorts	122	97	181
stores	51	58	68	Other	527	136	548

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes the Fox network.

Source: Television Bureau of Advertising, Inc., New York, NY. Data compiled by Competitive Media Reporting, New York, NY.

#### No. 911. Television—Estimated Time Charges for Spot Advertising: 1992 to 1994

[In millions of dollars. Data represent activity in the top 75 markets monitored by Competitive Media Reporting, currently covering approximately 382 stations. Beginning 1990, data exclude National Syndicated Activity and therefore are not directly comparable to prior years. See text, section 18, for definitions of types of advertising]

PRODUCT	1992	1993	1994	PRODUCT	1992	1993	1994
Total	5,469	5,619	6,580	Horticulture	40	34	42
Agriculture and farming	12	11	13	supplies, and furnishings	111	139	166
Apparel, footwear, accessories	85	88	84	Insurance	115	135	199
Automotive	1,635	1,820	2,312	Jewelry, cameras, optical			
Beer and wine	201	196	179	goods	25	32	31
Building material, equipment,				Laundry soaps, cleaners,			
fixtures	56	58	60	polishes	110	94	84
Computers, office equipment				Pet products	28	20	29
and stationery	14	16	26	Political, unions, religious	76	46	55
Confectionery, soft drinks	316	308	315		238	177	172
Consumer services	442	498	666	Publishing and media	108	100	95
Food and food products	856	867	963	Toiletries and toilet goods	248	249	276
Freight, industrial development	48	39	34	Toys and sporting goods	245	293	277
Gasoline, lubricants, etc	134	136	140	Travel, hotels, and resorts	185	140	189
Home electronics equipment	108	83	129	Other	32	40	44

Source: Television Bureau of Advertising, Inc., New York, NY. Data compiled by Competitive Media Reporting, New York, NY, in the top 75 markets.

# No. 912. Television—Expenditures for Retail/Local Advertising: 1992 to 1994

[In millions of dollars. See headnote, table 911]

PRODUCT	1992	1993	1994	PRODUCT	1992	1993	1994
Total	5,271	5,566	6,313	Hotels, resorts, U.S	69	84	86
Amusements, entertainment	144	151	160	Insurance agencies	20	26	31
Appliance stores	203	231	269	Jewelry stores	21	26	27
Auto repair, service stations	83	84	93	Legal services	113	126	129
Auto supply, accessory stores	40	41	62	Leisure time stores and services	147	173	201
Auto, truck dealers		338	405	Loan, mortgage companies	38	55	75
Banks, S&L associations	183	187	157	Medical, dental services	141	146	158
Builders, home improvement	24	32	35	Movies	242	296	314
Carpet, floor covering stores	52	58	61	Newspapers	30	29	29
Clothing stores	133	143	163	Office equipment/supply stores	16	18	35
Department stores	213	185	198	Optical services, supplies	56	54	57
Discount department stores		119	149	Political	170	69	352
Drug stores	118	101	97	Radio, cable TV	186	192	208
Education services	102	99	105	Realtors, real estate developers	21	25	29
Financial planning services	28	28	25	Rental services (nonauto)	30	28	27
Food stores, supermarkets	316	300	289	Restaurants, drive-ins	892	991	1,075
Furniture stores		302	359	Shoe stores	31	33	32
Gas, electric, water companies	41	40	42	Shopping centers		28	29
Health clubs, reducing salons	128	140	99	Sport, hobby, toy stores	44	58	64
Home centers and hardware	131	138	172	Other	371	392	415

Source: Television Bureau of Advertising, Inc., New York, NY. Data compiled by Competitive Media Reporting, New York, NY, in the top 75 markets.