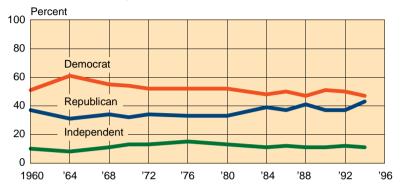
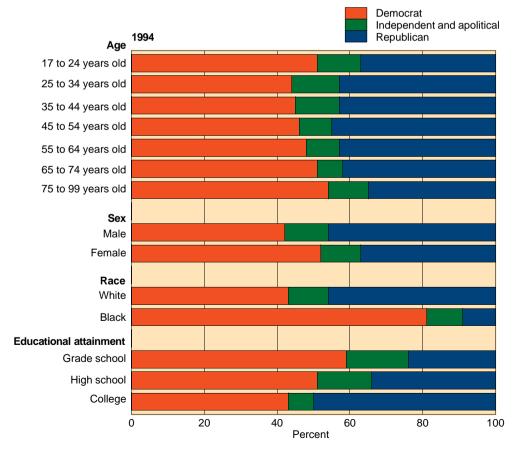
Figure 8.1

Political Party Identification of the Adult Population: 1960 to 1994

(Democrat and Republican parties include individuals identifying themselves as strong, weak, or independent.)





Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Bureau of the Census. For data, see table 458.

6

21

17

55

This section relates primarily to Presidential, congressional, and gubernatorial elections. Also presented are summary tables on congressional legislation; State legislatures; Black, Hispanic, and female officeholders; population of voting age; voter participation; and campaign finances.

Official statistics on Federal elections. collected by the Clerk of the House, are published biennially in Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election and Statistics of the Congressional Election. Federal and State elections data appear also in America Votes, a biennial volume of the Elections Research Center, Chevy Chase, MD. Federal elections data also appear in the U.S. Congress, Congressional Directory, and in official State documents. Data on reported registration and voting for social and economic groups are obtained by the U.S. Bureau of the Census as part of the Current Population Survey (CPS) and are published in Current Population Reports, P20 (see text, section 1).

Almost all Federal, State, and local governmental units in the United States conduct elections for political offices and other purposes. The conduct of elections is regulated by State laws or, in some cities and counties, by local charter. An exception is that the U.S. Constitution prescribes the basis of representation in Congress and the manner of electing the President, and grants to Congress the right to regulate the times, places, and manner of electing Federal officers. Amendments to the Constitution have prescribed national criteria for voting eligibility. The 15th Amendment, adopted in 1870, gave all citizens the right to vote regardless of race, color, or previous condition of servitude. The 19th Amendment, adopted in 1919, further extended the right to vote to all citizens regardless of sex. The payment of poll taxes as a prerequisite to voting in Federal elections was banned by the 24th Amendment in 1964. In 1971, as a result of the 26th Amendment, eligibility to vote in national elections was extended to all citizens, 18 years old and over.

In Brief

Hispanic

Female

Percent of voting-age population voting for Representatives:

1990		33.1%
1994		36.0%
Members of Congress:		
	1981	1995
Black	17	41
Asian, Pacific Islander	6	6

Presidential election.—The Constitution specifies how the President and Vice President are selected. Each State elects, by popular vote, a group of electors equal in number to its total of members of Congress. The 23d Amendment, adopted in 1961, grants the District of Columbia three presidential electors, a number equal to that of the least populous State. Subsequent to the election, the electors meet in their respective States to vote for President and Vice President. Usually, each elector votes for the candidate receiving the most popular votes in his or her State. A majority vote of all electors is necessary to elect the President and Vice President. If no candidate receives a majority, the House of Representatives, with each State having one vote, is empowered to elect the President and Vice President, again, with a majority of votes required.

The 22d Amendment to the Constitution, adopted in 1951, limits presidential tenure to two elective terms of 4 years each, or to one elective term for any person who, upon succession to the Presidency, has held the office or acted as President for more than 2 years.

Congressional election.—The Constitution provides that Representatives be apportioned among the States according to their population; that a census of population be taken every 10 years as a basis for apportionment; and that each State have at least one Representative. At the time of each apportionment, Congress decides what the total number of

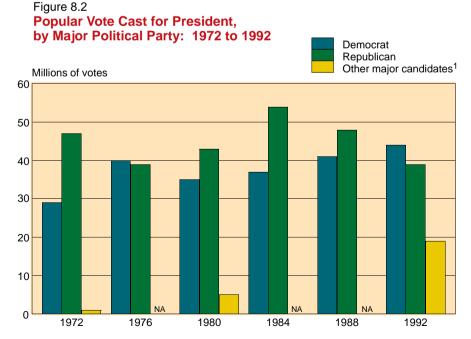
Representatives will be. Since 1912, the total has been 435, except during 1960 to 1962 when it increased to 437, adding one Representative each for Alaska and Hawaii. The total reverted to 435 after reapportionment following the 1960 census. Members are elected for 2-year terms, all terms covering the same period. The District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, and the Virgin Islands each elect one nonvoting Delegate and Puerto Rico elects a nonvoting Resident Commissioner.

The Senate is composed of 100 members, two from each State, who are elected to serve for a term of 6 years. One-third of the Senate is elected every 2 years. Senators were originally chosen by the State legislatures. The 17th Amendment to the Constitution, adopted in 1913, prescribed that Senators be elected by popular vote.

Voter eligibility and participation.—The Census Bureau publishes estimates of the population of voting age and the percent casting votes in each State for Presidential and congressional election years. These voting-age estimates include a number of persons who meet the age requirement but are not eligible to vote, (e.g. aliens and some institutionalized persons). In addition, since 1964, voter participation and voter characteristics data have been collected during November of election years as part of the CPS. These survey data include noncitizens in the voting age population estimates, but exclude members of the Armed Forces and the institutional population.

Statistical reliability.—For a discussion of statistical collection and estimation, sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability applicable to Census Bureau data, see Appendix III.

Historical statistics.—Tabular headnotes provide cross-references, where applicable, to *Historical Statistics of the United States, Colonial Times to 1970.* See Appendix IV.



¹ 1972—American, John Schmitz; 1980—Independent, John Anderson; 1992—Independent, Ross Perot. Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Bureau of the Census. For data, see table 433 and 434.

No. 433. Vote Cast for President, by Major Political Party: 1936 to 1992

[Prior to 1960, excludes Alaska and Hawaii; prior to 1964, excludes DC. Vote cast for major party candidates include the votes of minor parties cast for those candidates. See also Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series Y 79-83 and Y 135]

				,			-,		
	CANDIDATES F	OR PRESIDENT			VOTE CAS	ST FOR P	RESIDENT	-	
			Total	[Democratic	:		Republicar	1
YEAR	Democratic	Republican	popular	Popula	ar vote	Elec-	Popula	ar vote	Elec-
			vote (1,000)	Number (1,000)	Per- cent	toral vote	Number (1,000)	Per- cent	toral vote
1944 1948 1952 1956	Kennedy	Eisenhower Nixon	45,655 49,900 47,977 48,794 61,551 62,027 68,838 70,645	27,757 27,313 25,613 24,179 27,315 26,023 34,227 43,130	60.8 54.7 53.4 49.6 44.4 42.0 49.7 61.1	523 449 432 303 89 73 303 486	16,684 22,348 22,018 21,991 33,936 35,590 34,108 27,178	36.5 44.8 45.9 45.1 55.1 57.4 49.5 38.5	82 99 189 442 457 219 52
1968	Humphrey	Nixon. Nixon. Ford	73,212 77,719 81,556 86,515 92,653 91,595 104,425	31,275 29,170 40,831 35,484 37,577 41,809 44,909	42.7 37.5 50.1 41.0 40.6 45.6 43.0	191 17 297 49 13 111 370	31,785 47,170 39,148 43,904 54,455 48,886 39,104	43.4 60.7 48.0 50.7 58.8 53.4 37.4	301 520 240 489 525 426 168

¹ Include votes for minor party candidates, independents, unpledged electors, and scattered write-in votes.

No. 441. Composition of Congress, by Political Party: 1971 to 1995

[D=Democratic, R=Republican. Data for beginning of first session of each Congress (as of January 3). Excludes vacancies at beginning of session. See also *Historical Statistics*, *Colonial Times to 1970*, series Y 204-210]

				HOUSE			SENATE	
YEAR	Party and President	Congress	Majority party	Minority party	Other	Majority party	Minority party	Other
1971 1	R (Nixon)	92d	D-254	R-180	-	D-54	R-44	2
1973 1 2	R (Nixon)	93d	D-239	R-192	1	D-56	R-42	2
1975 ³	R (Ford)	94th	D-291	R-144	-	D-60	R-37	2
1977 4	D (Carter)	95th	D-292	R-143	-	D-61	R-38	1
1979 4	D (Carter)	96th	D-276	R-157	-	D-58	R-41	1
1981 4	R (Reagan)	97th	D-243	R-192	-	R-53	D-46	1
1983	R (Reagan)	98th	D-269	R-165	-	R-54	D-46	-
1985	R (Reagan)	99th	D-252	R-182	-	R-53	D-47	-
1987	R (Reagan)	100th	D-258	R-177	-	D-55	R-45	-
1989	R (Bush)	101st	D-259	R-174	-	D-55	R-45	-
	R (Bush)	102d	D-267	R-167	1	D-56	R-44	-
1993 5	D (Clintón)		D-258	R-176	1	D-57	R-43	-
1995 ⁵	D (Clinton)	104th	R-230	D-204	1	R-52	D-48	-

Represents zero.
 Senate had one Independent and one Conservative-Republican.
 House had one Independent-Socialist.
 House had one Independent one Conservative-Republican, and one undecided (New Hampshire).
 Senate had one Independent.

Source: U.S. Congress, Joint Committee on Printing, Congressional Directory, annual; beginning 1977, biennial.

No. 442. Composition of Congress, by Political Party Affiliation—States: 1989 to 1995

[Figures are for the beginning of the first session (as of January 3). Dem.=Democratic; Rep.=Republican]

			REF	PRESE	NTATI							SENA	TORS			
REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE	COII	1st g., ¹ 89	10 Con 19	2d g., ² 91	10: Con 19	3rd g., ² 93	10- Con 19	4th g., ² 95	Co	1st ng., 89	10 Cor 19	2d ng., 91	Cor	3rd ng., 93	Co	4th ng.,
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
U.S	259	174	267	167	258	176	204	230	55	45	56	44	57	43	48	52
Northeast	55	40	56	38	50	37	47	40	10	8	10	8	11	7	9	9
ME	14 1	10 1	16 1	7 1	14 1	8 1	14 1	8 1	7 1	5 1	7 1	5 1	7 1	5 1	6	6 2
VT	-	2	1 -	1 -	1 -	1 -	-	2	- 1	2 1	- 1	2 1	1	2	- 1	2 1
MA RI	10	1 2	10 1	1 1	8 1	2	8 2	2	2 1	- 1	2	1	2	- 1	2	1
CT	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-
M.A	41 21	30 13	40 21	31 13	36 18	29 13	33 17	32 14	3	3 1	3 1	3 1	1	2 1	3 1	3 1
NJ PA	8 12	6 11	8 11	6 12	7 11	6 10	5 11	8 10	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
Midwest	64	48	68	45	61	44	46	59	13	11	14	10	15	9	13	11
E.N.C OH	47 11	32 10	49 11	31 10	43 10	31 9	32 6	42 13	7 2	3	7 2	3	8 2	2	6 1	4 1
IN	6 14	3 8	8 15	2 7	7 12	3 8	4 10	6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
MI	11 5	7 4	11 4	7 5	10	6 5	9	7 6	2	- 1	2	- 1	2 2	-	1 2	1
W.N.C	17	16	19	14	18	13	14	17	6	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
MN	5 2	3 4	6 2	2 4	6 1	2 4	6	2 5	- 1	2	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
MO ND	5 1	4	6	3	6 1	3	6 1	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SD	1	2	1	2	1	2	1 -	3	1 2	1 -	1 2	1	1 2	1 -	1 2	1
KS	2	3	2	3	2	2		4	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2
South	95 47	46 22	95 45	47	92	57 33	71 31	78	22 11	10 5	22 11	10 5	20 9	12 7	16 9	16 7
DE	1	22	1	24 - 3	42 - 4	33 1 4	- - 4	44 1 4	1	1	1	1	1 2	1	1	1
MD	6 5 4	5	5 6 4	4	7	4	6	5	2 1 2	1	2 1 2	1	1 2	1	2 1 2	1
WV	8	3 2	7	4 2	8	4	3 4 2	8	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	2	1	2
SC GA FL	9	1 9	9 9	1 10	7 10	4 13	4 8	7 15	2 1	1	2	1	1	1 1	1	1
E.S.C	18	9	20	8	19	8	14	13	5	3	5	3	5	3	3	5
KY	4 6	3	4 6	3 3	4 6	2	2 4	4 5	1 2	1 -	1 2	1 -	1 2	1 -	1 -	1 2
AL	4 4	2	5 5	2	4 5	3	4 4	3 1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
W.S.C	30	15	30	15	31	16	26	21	6	2	6	2	6	2	4	4
AR LA	3	1 4	3 4	1 4	2	2	2	2	2		2 2	-	2 2	-	2 2	-
OK TX	4 19	2 8	19	2 8	4 21	2 9	1 19	5 11	1 1	1	1	1 1	1 1	1	-	2
West	45	40	48	37	55	38	40	53	10	16	10	16	11	15	10	16
Mountain MT	9 1	15 1	11 1	13 1	11 1	13	6 1	18	6 1	10 1	6 1	10 1	6 1	10 1	5 1	11 1
ID WY	1	1 1	2	1	1	1	-	2	-	2 2	-	2	-	2 2	-	2 2
CO NM	3 1	3 2	3 1	3 2	2	4	2 1	4 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
AZ UT	1 1	4 2	1 2	4 1	3 2	3 1	1 1	5 2	1	1 2	1 -	1 2	1 -	1 2	-	2
NV	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	2	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-
Pacific	36 5 3	25 3 2	37 5	24 3	44 8	25	34 2 3	35 7	4 1	6 1	4 1	6 1	5	5	5 1	5 1
OR	3 27	18	26	1 19	4 30	1 22	3 27	2 25	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
AK HI	1	1 1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

⁻ Represents zero. $\,^{1}$ Alabama and Indiana had one vacancy each. $\,^{2}$ Vermont had one Independent-Socialist Representative.

Source: U.S. Congress, Joint Committee on Printing, Congressional Directory, biennial; and unpublished data.

No. 445. U.S. Congress—Measures Introduced and Enacted and Time in Session: 1977 to 1994

[Excludes simple and concurrent resolutions. See also Historical Statistics. Colonial Times to 1970, series Y 189-198]

ITEM	95th	96th	97th	98th	99th	100th	101st	102d	103d
	Cong.,	Cong.,	Cong.,	Cong.,	Cong.,	Cong.,	Cong.,	Cong.,	Cong.,
	1977-78	1979-80	1981-82	1983-84	1985-86	1987-88	1989-90	1991-92	1993-94
Measures introduced	19,387	12,583	11,490	11,156	9,885	9,588	6,664	6,775	8,544
	18,045	11,722	10,582	10,134	8,697	8,515	5,977	6,212	7,883
	1,342	861	908	1,022	1,188	1,073	687	563	661
Measures enacted	803	736	529	677	483	761	666	609	473
	633	613	473	623	466	713	650	589	465
	170	123	56	54	17	48	16	20	8
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES									
Number of days	323	326	303	266	281	298	281	280	265
	1,898	1,876	1,420	1,705	1,794	1,659	1,688	1,796	1,887
	5.9	5.8	4.7	6.4	6.4	5.6	6.0	6.4	7.1
SENATE									
Number of days	337	333	312	281	313	307	274	287	291
	2,510	2,324	2,158	1,951	2,531	2,341	2,254	2,292	2,514
	7.4	7.0	6.9	6.9	8.1	7.6	8.2	8.0	8.6

Source: U.S. Congress, Congressional Record and Daily Calendar, selected issues.

No. 446. Congressional Bills Vetoed: 1961 to 1994

[See also Historical Statistics, Colonial Times to 1970, series Y 199-203]

PERIOD	President	Total vetoes	Regular vetoes	Pocket vetoes	Vetoes sus- tained	Bills passed over veto
1961-63 1963-69 1969-74 1974-77 1977-81 1981-89 1989-93 1993-94	Johnson Nixon Ford Carter Reagan	21 30 43 66 31 78 44	12 16 26 48 13 39 29	9 14 17 18 18 39 15	21 30 36 54 29 69 43	7 12 2 9 1

⁻ Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Congress, Senate Library, Presidential Vetoes ... 1789-1968; U.S. Congress, Calendars of the U.S. House of Representatives and History of Legislation, annual.

No. 451. Political Party Control of State Legislatures, by Party: 1971 to 1995

[As of beginning of year. Until 1972 there were two nonpartisan legislatures in Minnesota and Nebraska. Since then only Nebraska has had a nonpartisan legislature]

	LEGISLA	ATURES U	NDER—		LEGISLA	TURES U	NDER—		LEGISLA	TURES U	NDER—
YEAR	Demo- cratic control	Split control or tie	Repub- lican control	YEAR	Demo- cratic control	Split control or tie	Repub- lican control	YEAR	Demo- cratic control	Split control or tie	Repub- lican control
1971 1973 1975 1977	23 27 37 36 30	9 6 7 8 7	16 16 5 5 12	1981 1983 ¹ . 1985 1987 1989 ² .	28 34 27 28 28	6 4 11 12 13	15 11 11 9 8	1990 1992 1993 1994	29 29 25 24 18	11 14 16 17 12	9 6 8 8 19

¹ Two 1984 midterm recall elections resulted in a change in control of the Michigan State Senate. At the time of the 1984 election, therefore, Democrats controlled 33 legislatures. ² A party change during the year by a Democratic representative broke the tie in the Indiana House of Representatives, giving the Republicans control of both chambers.

Source: National Conference of State Legislatures, Denver, CO, State Legislatures, periodic.

No. 452. Local Elected Officials, by Sex, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Type of Government: 1992

		GEN	IERAL PURP	OSE	SPECIAL	PURPOSE
SEX, RACE, AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	Total	County	Municipal	Town, township	School district	Special district
Total . Male . Female . Sex not reported .	491,669	56,390	135,580	127,009	88,610	84,080
	324,487	43,582	94,828	76,258	54,582	55,237
	100,597	12,528	26,831	27,713	24,772	8,753
	66,585	280	13,921	23,038	9,256	20,090
White	406,199	52,726	114,898	102,733	74,064	61,778
	11,560	1,716	4,566	371	4,233	674
	1,811	147	783	90	564	227
	514	80	97	16	184	137
Hispanic	5,871	906	1,701	217	2,471	576
	414,213	53,763	118,643	102,993	76,574	62,240
Race, Hispanic origin not reported	71,585	1,721	15,236	23,799	9,565	21,264

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of Governments, Popularly Elected Officials in 1992, Preliminary Report (GC92-2(P).

No. 454. Local Elected Officials, by Level of Government and State: 1992

[Preliminary]

			Prelimi	naryj				
		State		LOCA	AL GOVERN	MENT OFFIC	CIALS	
STATE	Total	govern- ment		G	eneral purpo	se	Special	purpose
		officials	Total	County	Municipal	Township	School district	Special district
U.S	510,497	18,828	491,669	56,390	135,580	127,009	88,610	84,080
Northeast	120,408 54,903	3,810 1,539	116,598 53,364	5,367 379	18,805 2,771	63,426 40,831	17,726 4,040	11,274 5,343
ME	6,569	210	6,359	110	292	4,463	872	622
NH	7,347 8,534	430 186	6,917 8,348	72 73	288 563	5,032 5,914	1,084 1,367	441 431
MA	22,168	225	21,943	124	794	18,935	539	1,551
RI	1,138 9.147	155	983 8,814	-	127 707	516 5,971	26 152	314 1.984
CT	65,505	333 2,271	63,234	4.988	16.034	22,595	13.686	5.931
NY	25,937	950	24,987	1,317	4,156	9,721	4,753	5,040
NJ	9,087 30,481	121 1,200	8,966 29,281	204 3,467	2,184 9,694	1,285 11,589	4,407 4,526	886 5
Midwest	218,161	5,302	212,859	21,576	60,024	63,583	39,416	28,260
E.N.C	109,888 19,377	2,462 231	107,426 19,146	9,315 1,429	32,817 8,829	34,606 5,266	22,412 3.087	8,276 535
IN	11,629	506	11,123	1,776	3,174	4,078	1,503	592
L	42,338	623	41,715	2,398	11,456	10,809	10,997	6,055
MI	18,704 17,840	652 450	18,052 17,390	1,399 2,313	4,747 4,611	7,348 7,105	3,990 2,835	568 526
W.N.C	108,273	2,840	105,433	12,261	27,207	28,977	17,004	19,984
MN	18,933 16,486	623 319	18,310 16,167	1,024 6,133	4,645 6,357	9,010	2,913 2,418	718 1,259
MO	17,291	994	16,297	1,752	5,773	1,547	3,311	3,914
ND	15,486 9.701	205 155	15,281 9.546	631 669	2,122 1,596	7,824 5,175	1,420 1,023	3,284 1.083
NE	13,899	201	13,698	1,064	2,809	1,355	3,670	4,800
KS	16,477	343	16,134	988	3,905	4,066	2,249	4,926
South	104,663 31,407	6,744 2,971	97,919 28,436	23,084 6,627	41,847 15,206		17,114 2,338	15,874 4,265
DE	1,171	80	1,091	36	406	-	98	551
MD	2,122 348	356	1,766 348	323	868 348		-	575
VA	3,104	143	2,961	989	1,737	-		235
WV	2,772 5,831	205 593	2,567 5,238	461 1,665	1,712 3,028		275	119 545
SC	3,948	195	3,753	765	1,638	-	585	765
GA	6,528 5,583	465 934	6,063 4,649	1,551 837	3,231 2,238	-	984 396	297 1.178
E.S.C	23,168	1,618	21,550	7,907	9,619		1,999	2,025
KY	7,058	565	6,493	1,728	2,774	-	877	1,114
TN	6,950 4,391	321 436	6,629 3,955	3,835 768	2,184 2,700		77 422	533 65
MS	4,769	296	4,473	1,576	1,961	-	623	313
W.S.C.	50,088 8,407	2,155 349	47,933 8,058	8,550 1,796	17,022 4.027	[12,777 1.810	9,584 425
LA	5,051	629	4,422	1,622	2,122	-	660	18
OK	9,002 27,628	362 815	8,640 26.813	641 4.491	3,502 7,371		2,807 7.500	1,690 7.451
West	67,265	2,972	64,293	6,363	14,904	-	14,354	28,672
Mountain	30,662 5,116	1,573 201	29,089 4,915	3,257 657	7,117 825	-	5,595 1,838	13,120 1,595
MT	4,775	171	4,915	482	1,055	-	576	2,491
WY	2,747	121	2,626	264	531	-	379	1,452
CO	8,608 2,201	280 220	8,328 1,981	528 310	1,973 699		1,004 482	4,823 490
AZ	3,286	239	3,047	433	589	-	1,004	1,021
UT	2,711 1,218	200 141	2,511 1,077	299 284	1,328 117	-	204 108	680 568
Pacific	36,603	1,399	35,204	3,106	7,787	-	8,759	15,552
WA	7,724 7.842	537 290	7,187 7,552	445 307	1,905 1,592	-	1,477 1,886	3,360 3,767
CA	18,918	226	18,692	2,013	2,910	[5,396	8,373
AK	1,936	255	1,681	312	1,369	-	-	-
HI	183	91	92	29	11	-	-	52

⁻ Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Governments, Popularly Elected Officials in 1992, Preliminary Report, GC92-2(P).

No. 456. Hispanic Public Officials, by Office, 1985 to 1994, and by State, 1994

[As of September. For States not shown, no Hispanic public officials had been identified]

Total	State execu- tives and legisla- tors	County and munici- pal officials	Judicial and law enforce- ment	Educa- tion and school boards	REGION, DIVISION, AND STATE	Total	State execu- tives and legisla- tors	County and munici- pal officials	Judicial and law enforce- ment	Educa- tion and school boards
3,147 4,004 4,202 4,994 5,170 5,459 156 6 128 83 37 917 903 44 881 881	129 144 151 150 182 199 288 13 - 1 1 15 12 2 2 1 1 15 1 15 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	1,316 1,819 1,867 1,908 2,023 2,197 42 9 9 33 133 137 39 15 26 5	517 583 596 628 633 651 13 11 11 1 1 8 8 7 2 2	1,185 1,458 1,588 2,308 2,308 2,332 2,412 73 67 47 17 3 851 1 1 2845 2	South S.A DE. MD DC. FL W.S.C AR LA OK TX Vest Mountain HT ID WY CO NMM AZ UT NV Pacific	2,298 68 11 2 1 64 2,230 12 11 2,215 2,088 1,270 2 2 3 201 716 341 1 4 818	61 166 45 45 41 95 744 1 1 1 9 50 11 1 1 1	1,059 355 1 1 1 33 1,024 1 1 1,022 1,053 697 1 2 140 410 144	410 133 - 1 1 122 397 - 8 8 - 3899 220 167 - 1 10 105 50	768 4 - 1 1 - 3 764 1 - 763 322 1 1 1 - 422 151 136 - 2 388
14 3 1 3 7	2 -	1 2 1	1 -	- - 1 1	OR CA AK	796 1	16 1 1	3 349 -	1 50 -	6 1 381 -
	3,147 4,004 4,202 4,994 5,170 5,459 156 28 11 1 266 128 83 37 7 903 4 8 81 881 881 82 144 3 13	Total executives and legislators 1 3.147 129 4.004 144 4.202 151 5.459 199 156 28 28 13 1 1 1 26 12 128 15 83 12 128 15 83 12 13 7 2 8 1 917 15 903 8 4 1 881 7 8 2 14 7 3 2 14 7 3 2 1 3	County and tives and legislation for the leg	Total executives and municipal pal pal pal pal pal pal pal pal pal	County C	Total executives and municipal pal pal pal pal pal pal pal pal pal	Total executarious and table tives and legislations tives and legislations total total	Total tives and tand plegislators Total tives and legislators Total tives and legislators 3,147	Total executard fives and law enforce officials fives and law enfo	Total tives and tand and law enforce forment Total tives and law enforce forment Total legisla-tors Total

Represents zero.
 Includes U.S. Representatives.
 Includes local school council members in the Chicago area.
 Source: National Association of Latino Elected and Appointed Officials, Washington, DC, National Roster of Hispanic Elected Officials, annual.

No. 459. Voting-Age Population, Percent Reporting Registered, and Voted: 1980 to 1994

[As of November. Covers civilian noninstitutional population 18 years old and over. Includes aliens. Figures are based on Current Population Survey (see text, section 1, and Appendix III) and differ from those in table 461 based on population estimates and official vote counts]

											•													
		V	OTING-	AGE PC	PULAT	ION (m	il.)		F	PERCEN	IT REP	ORTIN	G THEY	' REGIS	STERE)		PER	CENT	REPOR	TING TI	HEY VO	DTED	
CHARACTERISTIC	1980	1982	1984	1986	1988	1990	1992	1994	Presid	dential e	lection	years	Con	gressio yea	nal elec ars	tion	Presid	dential e	election	years	Congre	essional	electio	n years
									1980	1984	1988	1992	1982	1986	1990	1994	1980	1984	1988	1992	1982	1986	1990	1994
Total 1 18 to 20 years old	157.1 12.3 15.9 35.7 25.6 43.6 24.1	165.5 12.1 16.7 38.8 28.1 44.2 25.6	170.0 11.2 16.7 40.3 30.7 44.3 26.7	173.9 10.7 15.7 41.9 33.0 44.8 27.7	178.1 10.7 14.8 42.7 35.2 45.9 28.8	182.1 10.8 14.0 42.7 37.9 46.9 29.9	9.7 14.6 41.6 39.7 49.1 30.8	190.3 10.3 14.9 41.1 41.9 50.9 31.1	66.9 44.7 52.7 62.0 70.6 75.8 74.6	68.3 47.0 54.3 63.3 70.9 76.6 76.9	66.6 44.9 50.6 57.8 69.3 75.5 78.4	68.2 48.3 55.3 60.6 69.2 75.3 78.0	64.1 35.0 47.8 57.1 67.5 75.6 75.2	64.3 35.4 46.6 55.8 67.9 74.8 76.9	62.2 35.4 43.3 52.0 65.5 71.4 76.5	62.0 37.2 45.5 51.5 63.3 71.0 75.6	59.2 35.7 43.1 54.6 64.4 69.3 65.1	59.9 36.7 43.5 54.5 63.5 69.8 67.7	57.4 33.2 38.3 48.0 61.3 67.9 68.8	61.3 38.5 45.7 53.2 63.6 70.0 70.1	48.5 19.8 28.4 40.4 52.2 62.2 59.9	46.0 18.6 24.2 35.1 49.3 58.7 60.9	45.0 18.4 22.0 33.8 48.4 55.8 60.3	44.6 16.5 22.3 32.2 46.0 56.0 60.7
Male	74.1 83.0	78.0 87.4	80.3 89.6	82.4 91.5	84.5 93.6	86.6 95.5	88.6 97.1	91.0 99.3	66.6 67.1	67.3 69.3	65.2 67.8	66.9 69.3	63.7 64.4	63.4 65.0	61.2 63.1	60.8 63.2	59.1 59.4	59.0 60.8	56.4 58.3	60.2 62.3	48.7 48.4	45.8 46.1	44.6 45.4	44.4 44.9
White	137.7 16.4	143.6 17.6	146.8 18.4	149.9 19.0	152.9 19.7	155.6 20.4	157.8 21.0	160.3 21.8	68.4 60.0	69.6 66.3	67.9 64.5	70.1 63.9	65.6 59.1	65.3 64.0	63.8 58.8	64.2 58.3	60.9 50.5	61.4 55.8	59.1 51.5	63.6 54.0	49.9 43.0	47.0 43.2	46.7 39.2	46.9 37.0
Hispanic ²	8.2	8.8	9.5	11.8	12.9	13.8	14.7	17.5	36.3	40.1	35.5	35.0	35.3	35.9	32.3	30.0	29.9	32.6	28.8	28.9	25.3	24.2	21.0	19.1
Region: ³ Northeast. Midwest. South West.	35.5 41.5 50.6 29.5	36.4 41.9 55.4 31.9	36.9 42.1 57.6 33.4	37.3 42.8 59.2 34.6	37.9 43.3 60.7 36.2	38.1 43.9 62.4 37.7	38.3 44.4 63.7 39.3	38.4 44.5 66.4 41.0	64.8 73.8 64.8 63.3	66.6 74.6 66.9 64.7	64.8 72.5 65.6 63.0	67.0 74.6 67.2 63.6	62.5 71.1 61.7 60.6	62.0 70.7 63.0 60.8	61.0 68.2 61.3 57.7	60.9 68.7 60.7 58.1	58.5 65.8 55.6 57.2	59.7 65.7 56.8 58.5	57.4 62.9 54.5 55.6	61.2 67.2 59.0 58.5	49.8 54.7 41.8 50.7	44.4 49.5 43.0 48.4	45.2 48.6 42.4 45.0	45.2 48.8 40.5 46.4
School years completed: 8 years or less	22.7	22.4	20.6	19.6	19.1	17.7	15.4	14.7	53.0	53.4	47.5	43.9	52.3	50.5	44.0	40.1	42.6	42.9	36.7	35.1	35.7	32.7	27.7	23.2
1 to 3 years	22.5 61.2	22.3 65.2	22.1 67.8	21.4 68.6	21.1 70.0	21.0 71.5	⁴ 21.0 ⁵ 65.3	⁴ 20.7 ⁵ 64.9	54.6 66.4	54.9 67.3	52.8 64.6	⁴ 50.4 ⁵ 64.9	53.3 62.9	52.4 62.9	47.9 60.0	⁴ 44.7 ⁵ 58.9	45.6 58.9	44.4 58.7	41.3 54.7	⁴ 41.2 ⁵ 57.5	37.7 47.1	33.8 44.1	30.9 42.2	⁴ 27.0 ⁵ 40.5
1 to 3 years 4 years or more	26.7 24.0	28.8 26.9	30.9 28.6	33.0 31.3	34.3 33.6	36.3 35.6	⁶ 46.7 ⁷ 37.4	⁶ 50.4 ⁷ 39.4	74.4 84.3	75.7 83.8	73.5 83.1	⁶ 75.4 ⁷ 84.8	70.0 79.4	70.0 77.8	68.7 77.3	⁶ 68.4 ⁷ 76.3	67.2 79.9	67.5 79.1	64.5 77.6	⁶ 68.7 ⁷ 81.0	53.3 66.5	49.9 62.5	50.0 62.5	⁶ 49.1 ⁷ 63.1
Employed	95.0 6.9 55.2	97.2 10.8 57.5	104.2 7.4 58.4	108.5 6.6 58.8	113.8 5.8 58.5	115.5 6.7 59.9	116.3 8.3 61.1	122.6 6.5 61.2	68.7 50.3 65.8	69.4 54.3 68.1	67.1 50.4 67.2	69.9 53.7 66.8	65.5 49.8 64.3	64.4 50.6 65.4	62.6 44.6 63.4	62.9 46.4 61.9	61.8 41.2 57.0	61.6 44.0 58.9	58.4 38.6 57.3	63.8 46.2 58.7	50.0 34.1 48.7	45.7 31.2 48.2	45.1 27.9 46.7	45.2 28.3 45.3

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² Hispanic persons may be of any race. ³ For composition of regions, see table 27. ⁴ Represents those who completed 9th to 12th grade, but have no high school diploma. ⁵ High school graduate. ⁶ Some college or associate degree. ⁷ Bachelor's or advanced degree.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, P20-453 and P20-466; and unpublished data.

No. 460. Persons Reported Registered and Voted, by State: 1994

[See headnote, table 459]

STATE	Voting-age population	PERCENT C AGE POP		STATE	Voting-age population	PERCENT C AGE POP	
	(1,000)	Registered	Voted		(1,000)	Registered	Voted
U.S	190,267	62.0	44.6	DC	440	66.9	55.6
Northeast	38.386	60.9	45.2	VA	4,760 1,396	60.0 60.8	45.7 33.9
N.E	9,865	67.8	51.0	NC	5,211	60.8	35.7
ME	909	81.6	58.2	SC	2,681	60.8	45.2
NH	832	64.3	41.2	GA	5.105	54.9	35.4
VT	432	70.7	48.8	FL	10,582	55.5	42.3
MA	4,532	65.6	51.6	E.S.C	11.662	66.7	41.9
RI	729	64.2	50.6	KY	2,807	62.5	34.5
CT	2,431	68.4	51.3	TN	3,856	63.7	43.0
M.A	28,521	58.5	43.1	AL	3,136	70.6	45.8
NY	13,599	56.8	44.6	MS	1,863	72.6	44.3
NJ	5,918	61.6	40.3	W.S.C	20,273	61.0	38.5
PA	9,004	58.9	42.7	AR	1,801	60.0	41.6
Midwest	44,505	68.7	48.7	LA	3,013	70.6	34.2
E.N.C	31,463	66.4	46.1	OK	2,325	65.8	46.8
OH	8,152	64.6	46.6	TX	13,134	58.2	37.6
IN	4,191	55.6	38.7	West	41,009	58.1	46.4
IL	8,561	63.0	42.8	Mountain	10,911	60.0	45.9
MI	6,921	73.7	52.2	MT	619	73.2	60.7
WI	3,638	77.2	49.6	ID	798	63.0	50.7
W.N.C	13,042	74.3	55.2	WY	333	69.0	63.5
MN	3,296	80.9	58.4	CO	2,703	64.3	46.4
IA	2,059	71.7	52.5	NM	1,175	58.8	46.8
MO	3,797	72.3	54.5	AZ	2,971	56.0	41.6
ND	441	93.3	61.1	UT	1,231	59.4	44.1
SD	495	75.4	63.9	NV	1,081	49.5	40.1
NE	1,156	72.6	54.3	Pacific	30,098	57.4	46.6
KS	1,798	65.3	50.5	WA	3,924	66.8	46.3
South	66,364	60.7	40.5	OR	2,309	72.7	60.9
S.A	34,429	58.4	41.2	CA	22,639	54.2	45.0
DE	528	58.7	41.2	AK	393	71.7	59.1
MD	3,726	62.6	46.2	HI	833	51.5	46.0

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, unpublished data.

No. 463. Political Party Financial Activity, by Major Political Party: 1981 to 1992

[In millions of dollars. Covers financial activity during 2-year calendar period indicated. Some political party financial activities, such as building funds and State and local election spending, are not reported to the source. Also excludes contributions earmarked to Federal candidates through the party organizations, since some of those funds never passed through the committees' accounts]

		DEMO	CRATIC		REPUBLICAN						
YEAR AND TYPE OF COMMITTEE	Receipts, net 1	Disburse- ments, net ¹	Contribu- tions to candi- dates	Monies spent on behalf of party's nomi- nees ²	Receipts, net 1	Disburse- ments, net ¹	Contribu- tions to candi- dates	Monies spent on behalf of party's nomi- nees ²			
1981-82	39.3 98.5 64.8	40.1 97.4 65.9	1.7 2.6 1.7	3.3 9.0 9.0	215.0 297.9 255.2	214.0 300.8 258.9	5.6 4.9 3.4	14.3 20.1 14.3			
1987-88, total. National committee. Senatorial committee. Congressional committee. Conventions, other national State and local	135.2 52.3 16.3 12.5 19.2 35.0	129.1 47.0 16.3 12.5 19.2 34.1	1.8 0.1 0.4 0.7 - 0.6	17.9 8.1 6.2 2.4 - 1.2	267.1 91.0 65.9 34.7 9.6 65.9	261.0 89.9 63.3 33.7 9.6 64.5	3.4 0.3 0.8 1.6 - 0.7	22.7 8.3 10.2 4.1 - 0.1			
1989-90, total. National committee. Senatorial committee. Congressional committee. Conventions, other national State and local	85.8 14.5 17.5 9.1 8.8 35.8	90.9 18.5 17.6 9.1 9.2 36.4	1.5 0.1 0.4 0.4 -	8.7 0.1 4.5 2.9	206.3 68.7 65.1 33.2 - 39.3	213.5 70.4 67.6 34.4 - 41.1	2.9 0.3 0.7 0.9 -	10.7 0.1 7.7 2.8 - 0.2			
1991-92, total. National committee. Senatorial committee Congressional committee. Conventions, other national State and local	189.2 65.8 25.4 12.8 21.3 63.9	184.0 65.0 25.5 12.6 20.7 60.2	1.9 0.6 0.8 - 0.5	28.0 11.3 11.2 4.1 - 1.4	278.9 85.4 73.8 35.3 11.6 72.8	267.4 81.9 71.3 34.3 11.3 68.6	3.0 0.8 0.7 0.7 - 0.8	33.8 11.3 16.5 5.2 - 0.9			

⁻ Represents zero. ¹ Excludes monies transferred between affiliated committees. ² Monies spent in the general election.

No. 464. Independent Expenditures for Presidential and Congressional Campaigns: 1985 to 1994

[In thousands of dollars. Covers campaign finance activity during 2-year calendar period indicated. An "independent expenditure" is money spent to support or defeat a clearly identified candidate. According to Federal election law, such an expenditure must be made without cooperation or consultation with the candidate or his/her campaign. Independent expenditures are not limited, as are contributions]

TYPE OF OFFICE AND YEAR	Al	L PARTIE	S	DEMO	CRATS	REPUB	LICANS	OTHERS		
TIPE OF OFFICE AND TEAK	Total	For	Against	For	Against	For	Against	For	Against	
TOTAL										
1985-86 1987-88 1989-90 1991-92 1993-94	10,205 21,341 5,774 11,052 4,980	8,832 16,654 4,177 8,710 3,256	1,373 4,687 1,597 2,342 1,724	3,450 2,865 1,530 3,044 672	888 4,248 735 1,483 1,119	5,376 13,784 2,645 5,548 2,571	485 439 862 847 590	6 6 2 118 13	- - 12 15	
PRESIDENTIAL										
1985-86 1987-88 1989-90 1991-92 1993-94	841 14,127 497 4,431 112	795 10,628 322 3,695 27	45 3,499 174 736 85	76 568 5 583 12	28 3,352 169 561 84	719 10,054 318 3,052 15	17 146 5 163 (Z)	6 60	- - 12 1	
SENATE										
1985-86 1987-88 1989-90 1991-92 1993-94	5,312 4,401 3,506 2,604 2,627	4,331 3,641 2,362 1,912 1,612	980 761 1,144 692 1,015	988 831 756 1,025 261	632 617 428 462 476	3,343 2,810 1,604 886 1,351	348 143 716 230 539	(Z) 2 1 (Z)	- - - -	
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES										
1985-86 1987-88 1989-90 1991-92 1993-94	4,053 2,813 1,772 4,017 2,241	3,706 2,385 1,493 3,103 1,617	347 427 279 914 624	2,386 1,466 770 1,436 399	227 279 138 460 559	1,314 920 723 1,610 1,205	120 149 141 454 51	6 (Z) 57 13	- - - 14	

⁻ Represents zero. Z Less than \$500.

Source: U.S. Federal Election Commission, FEC Reports on Financial Activity, Final Report, Party and Non-Party Political Committees, biennial.

Source: U.S. Federal Election Commission, FEC Index of Independent Expenditures, 1987-88, May 1989; press release of May 19, 1989; and unpublished data.

No. 465. Political Action Committees—Number, by Committee Type: 1980 to 1994

[As of December 31]

COMMITTEE TYPE	1980	1985	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
Total	2,551 1,206	3,992 1,710	4,178 1,796	4,172 1,795	4,094 1,738	4,195 1,735	4,210 1,789	3,954 1,660
Labor	297	388 695	349 777	346 774	338 742	347 770	337 761	333 792
Nonconnected Cooperative Corporation without stock	374 42 56	1,003 54 142	1,060 59 137	1,062 59 136	1,083 57 136	1,145 56 142	1,121 56 146	980 53 136

Source: U.S. Federal Election Commission, press release of January 9, 1995.

No. 466. Political Action Committees—Financial Activity Summary, by Committee Type: 1987 to 1992

[In millions of dollars. Covers financial activity during 2-year calendar period indicated. Data have not been adjusted for transfers between affiliated committees]

COMMITTEE TYPE	F	RECEIPTS	3	DISBI	URSEMEN	NTS ¹	CONTRIBUTIONS TO CANDIDATES			
COMMITTEE TIPE	1987-	1989-	1991-	1987-	1989-	1991-	1987-	1989-	1991-	
	88	90	92	88	90	92	88	90	92	
Total . Corporate	384.6	372.1	392.8	364.2	357.6	402.3	159.2	159.1	188.9	
	96.9	106.5	112.5	89.8	101.1	112.4	56.2	58.1	68.4	
	78.5	88.9	89.9	74.1	84.6	94.6	35.5	34.7	41.4	
	89.5	92.5	95.7	83.7	88.1	97.5	41.2	44.8	53.9	
	106.3	71.6	73.8	104.9	71.4	76.2	20.3	15.1	18.3	
	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.8	4.9	2.7	2.9	3.0	
	8.5	7.6	8.7	7.2	7.7	9.2	3.3	3.4	4.0	

¹ Comprises contributions to candidates, independent expenditures, and other disbursements.

Source: U.S. Federal Election Commission, FEC Reports on Financial Activity, Final Report, Party and Non-Party Political Committees, biennial.

No. 467. Presidential Campaign Finances—Federal Funds for General Election: 1980 to 1992

[In millions of dollars. Based on FEC certifications, audit reports, and Dept. of Treasury reports]

1980		1984	1	1988	3	1992		
Candidate	Amount	Candidate	Amount	Candidate	Amount	Candidate	Amount	
Total		Mondale Reagan		Total	46.1	Total	110.4 55.2 55.2	

Represents zero.
 1 John Anderson, as the candidate of a new party, was permitted to raise funds privately. Total receipts for the Anderson campaign, including Federal funds, were \$17.6 million, and total expenditures were \$15.6 million.

Source: U.S. Federal Election Commission, periodic press releases.

No. 468. Presidential Campaign Finances—Primary Campaign Receipts and Disbursements: 1983 to 1992

[In millions of dollars. Covers campaign finance activity during 2-year calendar period indicated. Covers candidates who received Federal matching funds or who had significant financial activity]

	TOTAL			DE	MOCRAT	TC .	REPUBLICAN		
ITEM	1983- 84	1987- 88 ²	1991- 92 ³	1983- 84	1987- 88	1991- 92	1983- 84	1987- 88	1991- 92
Receipts, total ⁴	105.0 62.8 34.9 103.6	141.1 65.7	126.9 82.5 43.2 121.8	77.5 46.2 24.6 77.4	91.9 59.4 30.1 90.2	70.8 44.7 25.2 66.0	27.1 16.4 10.1 25.9	76.8	50.5 34.5 15.7 50.1

¹ Includes Citizens Party candidate, not shown separately.
² Includes a minor party candidate who sought several party nominations and a Democratic candidate who did not receive Federal matching funds, but who had significant financial activity.
³ Includes other parties, not shown separately.
⁴ Includes other types of receipts, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Federal Election Commission, FEC Reports on Financial Activity, Final Report, Presidential Pre-Nomination Campaigns, quadrennial.

No. 469. Congressional Campaign Finances—Receipts and Disbursements: 1987 to 1992

[Covers all campaign finance activity during 2-year calendar period indicated for primary, general, run-off, and special elections. For 1987-88 relates to 1,582 House of Representatives candidates and 210 Senate candidates; for 1989-90 to 1,580 House of Representatives candidates and 179 Senate candidates; for 1991-92 to 2,580 House of Representatives candidates and 365 Senate candidates. Data have been adjusted to eliminate transfers between all committees within a campaign. For further information on legal limits of contributions, see Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended]

				•									
	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES							SENATE					
ITEM	Amount (mil. dol.)			Perce	Percent distribution			Amount (mil. dol.)			Percent distribution		
	1987- 88	1989- 90	1991- 92	1987- 88	1989- 90	1991- 92	1987- 88	1989- 90	1991- 92	1987- 88	1989- 90	1991- 92	
Total receipts 1	278.3	285.4	395.9	100	100	100	199.3	186.3	263.4	100	100	100	
Individual contributions Other committees Candidate loans	102.2 23.2	129.9 108.5 20.9 4.8	192.4 127.4 43.0 11.4	47 37 8 2	46 38 7 2	49 32 11 3	128.1 45.7 8.2 6.8	119.6 41.2 10.0 2.4	162.8 51.2 28.7 6.5	64 23 4 3	64 22 5 1	62 19 11 2	
Democrats		163.4 120.9 1.1	217.7 174.3 3.9	58 42 (Z)	57 42 (Z)	55 44 1	107.7 91.3 0.3	89.5 96.8 (Z)	143.8 118.4 1.2	54 46 (Z)	48 52 (Z)	55 45 (Z)	
Incumbents		181.9 47.7 55.9	203.5 91.3 101.1	63 19 18	64 17 20	51 23 26	98.3 56.3 44.7	118.7 54.8 12.8	99.7 95.6 68.2	49 28 22	64 29 7	38 36 26	
Total disbursements	257.6	265.8	408.2	100	100	100	201.4	180.4	272.1	100	100	100	
Democrats		151.0 113.7 1.1	228.3 176.0 3.9	57 43 (Z)	57 43 (Z)	56 43 1	107.9 93.1 0.3	87.6 92.9 (Z)	147.6 123.2 1.2	54 46 (Z)	49 52 (Z)	54 45 (Z)	
Incumbents		163.4 47.0 55.4	218.5 90.0 99.6	61 20 19	62 18 21	53 22 24	101.2 56.1 44.1	113.5 54.9 12.1	107.2 95.3 69.6	50 28 22	63 30 7	39 35 26	

Z Less than \$50,000 or 0.5 percent.

1 Includes other types of receipts, not shown separately.

2 Elections in which an incumbent did not seek re-election.

No. 470. Contributions to Congressional Campaigns by Political Action Committees (PAC), by Type of Committee: 1981 to 1992

[In millions of dollars. Covers amounts given to candidates in primary, general, run-off, and special elections during the 2-year calendar period indicated. For number of political action committees, see table 465]

TYPE OF COMMITTEE	Total	Democrats	Republicans	Incumbents	Challengers	Open seats 1
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES						
1981-82	61.1	34.2	26.8	40.8	10.9	9.4
1983-84	75.7	46.3	29.3	57.2	11.3	7.2
1985-86	87.4	54.7	32.6	65.9	9.1	12.4
1987-88	102.2	67.4	34.7	82.2	10.0	10.0
1989-90	108.5	72.2	36.2	87.5	7.3	13.6
1991-92, total ² Corporate Trade association ³ Labor Nonconnected ⁴	127.4	85.4	41.7	94.4	12.2	20.8
	42.9	23.4	19.5	35.1	2.8	5.0
	38.8	23.2	15.5	29.2	2.9	6.6
	30.7	29.0	1.5	20.0	4.5	6.2
	10.4	6.7	3.7	6.3	1.7	2.4
SENATE						
1981-82	22.6	11.2	11.4	14.3	5.2	3.0
1983-84	29.7	14.0	15.6	17.9	6.3	5.4
1985-86	45.3	20.2	25.1	23.7	10.2	11.4
1987-88	45.7	24.2	21.5	28.7	8.0	9.0
1989-90	41.2	20.2	21.0	29.5	8.2	3.5
1991-92, total ² Corporate Trade association ³ Labor Nonconnected ⁴	51.2	29.0	22.2	31.9	9.4	10.0
	21.2	8.7	12.5	14.6	2.9	3.8
	12.5	6.6	5.9	8.2	1.8	2.4
	8.6	8.3	0.4	3.8	2.9	1.9
	7.0	4.2	2.8	4.0	1.5	1.5

Elections in which an incumbent did not seek re-election.

 Includes other types of political action committees not shown separately.

 Includes membership organizations and health organizations.

 Represents "ideological" groups as well as other issue groups not necessarily ideological in nature.

Source: U.S. Federal Election Commission, FEC Reports on Financial Activity, Final Report, U.S. Senate and House Campaigns, biennial.

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