#### **SRA**

# A Compliance Approach to Research Integrity

Lee Stokes
Investigative Attorney
Office of Inspector General, National Science
Foundation

Istokes@nsf.gov

703-292-5180

Southern Section April 19, 2005

# What is a compliance program?

- "'Compliance and ethics program' means a program designed to prevent and detect criminal conduct"." http://www.ussc.gov/2004guid/8b2\_1.htm
- A compliance program teaches and encourages members of an institution to conform to ethical and legal standards.
- An organized and ongoing effort to ensure that the all levels of an organization complies with applicable rules, regulations and laws.

#### Partnership

#### The Agency (National Science Foundation)

- OIG
- Program Officers
- Grants Officers

#### **Institution Officials**

- Administrative
- Financial
- Education

#### Researcher

- Students
- Colleagues
- Postdocs
- Administration



#### NSF's Commitment

- Clearly articulate rules/expectations
- Make timely notification
- Ensure responsiveness
- Limit bureaucracy
- Coordinate with other agencies
- Balance compliance, institution responsibility and flexibility
- Provide opportunities for funding (CAREER, REU, Fellowships, SGER, etc)

## Expectations

- Accurate Certifications to the Federal Government
- Reasonable, allowable, allocable, consistent, verifiable costs
- Conduct the funded work
- Adhere to laws, regulations, and policies
- Make documentable process
- Hire trained responsible individuals
- Rules apply to:
  - Employees ...... as well as .....
  - Sub-contractors, Suppliers, or Affiliated Researchers
  - International collaborators, SBIRs

## NSF's Office of Inspector General

- Provides leadership; coordinates & recommends policies necessary to:
  - Prevent and detect fraud, waste, abuse
  - Promote economy, efficiency, effectiveness
- Independent of NSF Management
- Responsible for ensuring the integrity in NSF's programs and operations
- Jurisdiction: NSF activities, programs & operations
- Staffed by attorneys, auditors, scientists, criminal investigators & administrators

#### Institutional Commitment

#### Overall

- Financial and administrative system to manage projects and staff
- An environment in which employees can operate with integrity

#### Proposal

Certification to comply with terms and conditions

#### Award

 Responsibility for administrative, financial, and research management and oversight (e.g. Article 1, GC-1)

#### Researcher Commitment

#### Proposal

- Develop a proposal responding to the review criteria
  - Intellectual Merit of Proposal
  - Broader Impacts of Activity / Education and Training
- Know & adhere to the rules, regulations, and ethics

#### Award

- Conduct the funded activity
- Know and adhere to rules, regulations and ethics
- Ensure compliance and education of staff, students

<u>Uphold ethics and standards of community</u>



#### Considerations

- A submission to NSF must be of the highest level of scholarship; citations, co-authors, data accuracy
- Proposal should be sound with innovative research
- Ensure the accuracy of NSF submissions / certifications
- Completeness of research oversight approvals (human subject, animal, materials)



#### Considerations

- Oversight of financial and administrative responsibilities
- Accuracy of Current and Pending Support / Biographical Sketch / Annual and Final Reports
- Ensuring peer review confidentiality
- Compliance with misconduct policies and materials

# NSF's Requirements



The awardee has full responsibility for the conduct of the project or activity supported under this award and for adherence to the award conditions. Although the awardee is encouraged to seek the advice and opinion of NSF on special problems that may arise, such advice does not diminish the awardee's responsibility for making sound scientific and administrative judgements and should not imply that the responsibility for operating decisions has shifted to NSF.

# NSF's Requirements



By accepting this award, the awardee agrees to comply with the applicable Federal requirements for grants and cooperative agreements and to the prudent management of all expenditure and actions affecting the award.

Reference: NSF's Grant General Conditions, Article 1.

#### Key Risk Areas

Strategic / Operational / Reputational

**Operational Considerations:** 

Administration

Finance

Research



#### Administrative

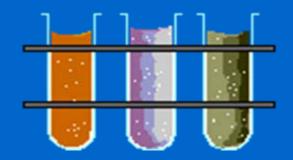
- Conflict of Interest
- Research Misconduct
- Lobbying
- Patent Disclosure (Bayh-Dole Act)
- Training Requirements
- Original Work
- Current & Pending Support Information
- Time & effort (% to each project)
- 2/9<sup>th</sup> rule limiting summer salary
- Records Retention
- Equipment use and sale
- Debarment, Drugfree workplace, EEO

#### Financial Management

- Internal Systems Management
  - In NSF Grant Conditions
  - In OMB Circulars
- Contracts and Subcontracts
- Cost Sharing
- Program Income (research and conference grants)
- Rebudgeting
- FCTRs/Annual and Final Reports
- Equipment
- Time and Effort Reports

## Research Management Spotlight

- Human Subjects Review (IRB)
- Animal Welfare (IACUC)
- Data Sharing, Sample Sharing
- Biosafety (Recombinant DNA and other issues)
- Variety of Environmental Permits
- Collection Permits
- Radiation Safety



#### Research Management (cont'd)

- Change or absence of PI
- Current &Pending Support Information
- Duplicate Proposal submission to NSF & other agencies
- Progress and final reports
- Bioterrorism preparedness & Response Act of 2002 (agents, toxins, human animal or plant
- Enhanced Border Security Act (registration)

# Background on the Sentencing Guidelines

 The Organizational Sentencing Guidelines (OSG) were created, and later amended, by the United States Sentencing Commission, an independent Federal Agency.

 The OSG are designed to create punishment guidelines for organizations convicted of Federal crimes.

# Definition of Organization

 Organization" means "a person other than an individual." 18 U.S.C. § 18.

The term includes corporations, partnerships, associations, joint-stock companies, unions, trusts, pension funds, unincorporated organizations, governments and political subdivisions thereof, and non-profit organizations. (see §8A1.1. (1))

# Why do you care about these OSGs?

Criminal liability can attach to an organization whenever an employee of the organization commits an act within the apparent scope of his or her employment, even if the employee acted directly contrary to company policy and instructions.

An entire organization, despite its best efforts to prevent wrongdoing in its ranks, can still be held criminally liable for any of its employees' illegal actions (see http://www.ussc.gov/TRAINING/corpover04.pdf)

# Silver Lining

Implementation of an effective compliance and ethical plan can reduce the potential fine by up to 95%

#### **But:**

What are the elements of an effective compliance plan?

#### Institutional Compliance

#### 7 Elements

- 1) Standards and procedures to prevent and detect criminal conduct
- Organizations governing authority should know of plan or program and exercise oversight of the program
- 3) Reasonable effort/ due diligence when hiring personnel with substantial authority
- 4) Provide training at all levels and periodic updates on compliance and ethics

## Institutional Compliance

- 5) Employ auditing and monitoring systems designed to detect criminal behavior and periodically evaluate both the effectiveness of the systems and of the compliance/ethics programs as a whole
- 6) Enforce compliance standards through incentive and disciplinary actions and provide non-retaliatory internal reporting systems.
- 7) Reasonable steps to respond to and prevent further similar offenses upon detection of a violation.

# Oversight and Monitoring

Balance compliance, awardee responsibility with latitude, reduction of bureaucracy

#### **Oversight**

- Audits and reviews (A-133, agency, OIG)
- Inspections or site visits (agency or OIG)
- Civil and criminal investigations (OIG)
- Administrative investigations (OIG)
- Proactive reviews from investigations (OIG)

## Education Prevention and Integrity

- Focus on Integrity: People and Attitude
- Integration of Process, Documentation, and Education
- Integrity of system ensuring comprehensive oversight
- Specific oversight programs, responsibilities
  - committees function and are properly convened
  - document work
  - Training programs for managers, researchers, support staff, and oversight staff
- Partnership and communication between Awardee research, administrative, compliance staff and Agency

## Specific Risk Areas

- Parking Charges
- Double Charging
- Questionable PI Effort Allocations
- Unspent Grant Funds
- Staffing too thin
- Lack of training
- Lack of independent or oversight
- Absence of UP-TO-DATE policies and procedures? (COI)

Tailor YOUR program to reduce YOUR risk

# Consequences of Significant Errors

- Special Oversight/Review Status
- Administrative Sanctions
- Suspension or Termination of Awards
- Civil/Criminal Violations
- Suspension/Debarment/Exclusion
- Corrective Action Plans
- Compliance Plans
- Fines, Penalties
- Exceptional Status



May apply to either awardee or PI

#### Penalties

- \$15 M; overcharging IDC
- \$30 M, exceptional status and oversight program; misuse of federal grants
- \$12 M; overbilling
- \$650,000; research fraud and abuse
- \$.5M; Sexual harassment
- \$1.2M inflated research grant costs
- \$150,000 and 5-year compliance program, misuse of federal funds

#### Let's Talk About

- Managing the Process
- Cost Sharing
- Program Income
- Effort Reporting
- Subrecipient Monitoring
- Participant Support
- Signature Responsibilities

# Managing Integrity in the Award and Proposal System





	Division of Sponsored Research Proposal Review and Certification Form						For DSR use only: Date Received: Due Date: Postmark  Receipt ID#:	FOR FEDERAL AND FEDERAL FLOW-THROUGH AWARDS ONLY: Yes ( <a>No</a> Budget request includes salary for derical and administrative staff, postage, local telephone service, office supplies, general purpose software, subscriptions, and/or memberships. If yes, you must include special justification in budget narrative in order to comply with federal cost accounting standards (OMB Circular A-21).  Cost-Sharing							
waste Townson	No.	A Commence of the Commence of		CT-TYP		Shi day	P. W. Sec.	Cost-Sharing? Tyes D	ZNα			Required:	% or Voluntary	r: %	
☐ Competitive Renewal ☐ Continuation ☑ New Proposal ☐ Pharmaceutical Contract ☐ Supplemental Request								First-Year Commitments:	Depar	tment		ge/Area	DSR		Total
Account Number, if continuation:   Date Proposal Submitted to Sponsor:   Previous Proposal Number, if any:						Salary & Fringe Ben.	S	S		g 207 11 U 11	\$	S	1000		
			100000			130		000	S	Š			S	S	
*			INVEST	IGATOR	S	404	-0	Expense	S	S			\$	S	
Pl Name		PLSSN PIPh					PI E-mail Address	Indirect Costs	S	8			\$	S	
		110011	200	CALVES		That is		Total	\$	5			\$	\$	
B / 18 11	0 100			-	-		Pl's Mail Point:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	W. C. 1988	elas la din	Appro	vals	Gr. 370s	Carl Carl	
Department Receiving	g Credit for	Award:					PIS Mail Politi:	Biohazards	Radi	pactive Materia			n Subjects	Laboratory	Animals
Other Contact (not PI):		Contact's Phone:			Contacts Fax:		Gontact E-mail Address:	☐ Recombinant DNA	☐ Yes	No		Yes	⊠ No	Yes	⊠ No
				C. Lucia	and the second		to the state of th	☐ Infectious Agents		NO.	COMPL	IANOExempt	Expedited	Status:	
Co-Pl Name		Co-Pl Phon		Co-P	I Fax	- 1005	Co-PI E-mail Address	Toxins		SE	RVICEA	REPOWAL		Approval Date:	
								Status: Approval Date:	Status:	RE RE	QUIRED.	Status:	A.	IACUC No.:	d on EESA
	WATERS.	ALCOHOLD WINDOW	-1/10	Common Company				Number:	Approva Number:	Liaie:	-	Approval Date IRB No.:	).	Will data suppor	
(For additional Co-Pis, attach an additional sheet. List employees only.)							Number:   Number:   IRB No.:   submission?   Yes   Conflict of Interest Certification								
		AT DESCRIPTION	MACHERY	NSOR "	ale person	0.4600 A	AUSTRAL FEB.	100		Commet or		St Cel tillo		Markey R	
IACUC application.  SINITIAL BUDGET;  From: To:	1 Fax Federal Fur ation	State From:	unded L les ( UG ne project é	E-Mail: Local C Related	Governm Ogen d here mo ⊇vesso Tuition	ent stille still	same as what appears on your IRB or ERSIDY_COMMITMENT_RELEGY e Assistant slipends/solaries are	Do any participating faculty, so or any other payments (e.g., iproducts or services that are in Oisclosure form to your chain, 309) at http://www.research.  If yes. (1) Does/will any equivalent of the UNIVERSITY ENDORSEME principal academic review of that the signers are familiar with areas (space/personnel/finame). To produce the USF Drug Free Workplosuresearch, conflict of interest, conditions of the outside grant available to me by or the stated in my employment continued.	consulting, sali- the subject of the	iny, etc.) in the spot he proposed reservations of the spot of the	ensor or earch? [sure form ment valuary, etc.]; been ef the Depvith and elegate, deral agricultural will adhered an enposed	other entities h ] Yes  No ns can be obta  to or exceed 19 exceed \$10.0 examined by 1 partment (Cent responsible for the annotide on foluntarily sency on behalf ere to your activity and, in	aving a financial in If yes, provide a ined from DSR or u. W. ownership intere to the chicals whose terlinstitute) and C all commitments is inquent on any fe excluded from our of this award; 4) I dies, including, but transfer, 6) I aggis consideration of the co	terest in intellectual completed Financia completed Financia inder Conflict of Into st, or (2) dofwill agg or signatures appea- silege. These signal the project as they deral debt; 2) I am rent transactions to am aware and agrant Intellectual am aware and agrant and be bound by I be information, and to be bound by I be information, and I	property, all interest erest [ 0- pregate annual relate to the anot present by any federal et to an and animulate terms an attackings madilities madil
08/01/00		08/01/00					s No. If yes, tuition and fees	stated in my employment cont	race	_		-			-
Direct Costs: Direct Costs:					quested. If yes, and fultion/fees										
Indicat Casts			norrequ	iesten, pa	ease explain:	Principal Investigator	Date	Chairperson		Dat	e Gean		Date		
Indirect Costs:		Indirect Costs:													
Total Costs:	sts: Total Costs:			Additional Comp		al Compo	ensation/Overload? 🗌 Yes 🗵 No	Co-Principal Investigator	Date	Chairperson		Dat			Date
direct Costs: Indirec		Indirect Costs:	lirect Costs:		Will this project g		enerale subcontracts?	0.00000		~ .			1		
Full Federal Indirect Costs? Tyes No. If no, state reason: Program requirement (14% maximum)			r.	Туре:		arch Training Other	Co-Principal Investigator	Date	Chairperson		Dat			Date	
Additional Space and/	or Facility Re	equirements for t	his Projec	17 Yes	⊠ No	il yes, plea	ase describe:	Co-Principal Investigator	Date	Chairperson		Dat	e Dean		Date
		10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Service Control			n tenthico	0.000297000		E	n . n	4			-1.1	
								Co-Pi's, attach ar			. employees c	mployees only.) Cancer Center:			
Layman's Descriptio	on: T		*					Clinics or Affiliate	ea;	Phan	naceuti	cal Study:	-	Gancer Cer	nier.
		10124-00						Authorized Official	Date	Vice President	, Medica	al Affairs Dat	e Director,	Research Admin.	Date
								Rev. 09/28/99							

#### Issues and Information

- Internal Proposal Review and Sign off
- Award Performance and Financial Monitoring
- Key Documents and Information
  - Circulars, Regulations, Policies
  - GC-1, FDP, Special Conditions
  - Grant Proposal Guide
  - Grant Policy Manual
  - Specific Announcement or Solicitation Guidance
  - Program Officer, Grants Administrator
  - NSF Web site www.nsf.gov

# Cost Sharing and Program Income



# Allowable Cost Sharing



- Verifiable.
- A specific contribution for only one federally-assisted project.
- Necessary and reasonable for project objectives.
- Allowable under the applicable cost principles.
- May not be paid by the federal government under another award, except where authorized.
- Provided for in the budget (NSF's line "M").

Reference: OMB A-110, Subpart C (23)

#### Program Income



- Program income means gross income earned by the awardee that is directly generated by a supported activity or earned as a result of the award
- Must be received or accrued during the period of the award and added to the funds committed to the project by NSF and used to further project objectives
- Conference grants have no time limit on income and income is used to offset NSF contribution

# Case: Program Income

#### Allegation:

PI of an NSF conference grant failed to properly account for program income, improperly spent NSF funds and violated COI rules.

#### **Process**

- University had audited the award prior to telling OIG.
- After reviewing the University's internal audit report, we conducted an independent investigative financial review of the grant.

# Facts after University's audit

PI awarded a sub-contract to a company owned by the PI and his wife to: coordinate the conference, receive registration fees (program income) and pay certain expenses not covered by the grant.

The University had no knowledge of the Sub-K until afterward – the account was overdrawn which triggered and internal audit.

PI did not report the program income to NSF or the University.

# Facts after University's Audit

Through a settlement, the PI agreed to pay \$22,453.65 to the University.

The COI violation also may have violated state COI and other laws and was turned over to state law enforcement officials.

# Facts after OIG audit and investigation

- Based on our review, \$124,955 was received in program income of which we questioned \$87,302.
- Payments to the company were questioned as were alcoholic beverages, gifts and other entertainment expenses.
- The University agreed with most of our findings and retuned \$63,652 to NSF.

## Afterword

The University both surveyed PI's and independently reviewed NSF grants to determine if there was any potential for generating program income or participant support.

The university put together a task force to develop a series of training modules. Completion of the modules is required by all new PI's and current faculty.

### Afterword

- Because of this case, we conducted a proactive review of 71 awards which had generated close to \$1 million in conference fees.
- We continue to work with the institutions to resolve the issues. To date we have recouped \$68,826.13 that was inappropriately used.

#### What we found in other cases

- Unreported income
- Spouses hired
- Liquor
- Unnecessary/Unrelated items
- Federal employees travel funded
- Grantee's employees
- Excessive travel

# Effort Reporting



## Basics:

Total compensation is reasonable and is not included as indirect costs

Academic Year Salaries are based on regular compensation

Outside Academic Year Salary may not exceed the base salary divided by the number of months in the period for which the base salary is paid.

Summer Salary may not exceed two-ninths of the academic year salary aggregated over all NSF awards

# Basics: (Cont'd)

- Extra Compensation Above Base Salary only for education projects where specifically approved by NSF.
- Sabbatical Leave Salary must be approved by NSF and be
  - proportional to the service rendered;
  - in accordance with established institutional sabbatical policies
  - may not exceed the individual's base salary

# Effort Reporting Red Flags

- Current and Pending Support
- Summer Salary
- No one can work more than 100% of their time
- Must be after the fact certification
- Two signatures (individual and reviewer)
- No whiteout

# Case: Effort Reporting

#### Allegations

- PI of an NSF grant had improperly charged approximately \$18,000 in labor and other indirect cost to the NSF grant.
- On at least two occasions, the PI billed NSF for work done for his private company.
- The lab was financially mismanaged with an operating deficit of \$1.5 million

# OIG investigation

We asked that the University conduct an audit of the labor cost associated with the NSF grant at issue.

The audit report identified \$95,606 in labor and associated indirect charges were inappropriately charged to the NSF grant account due to poor financial management of the lab.

No intent or purposeful wrongdoing occurred.

#### Results

The University returned \$95,606.

 Because the statute of limitation had run with regard to any criminal charges and there was no evidence of intentional wrongdoing, we closed the case.

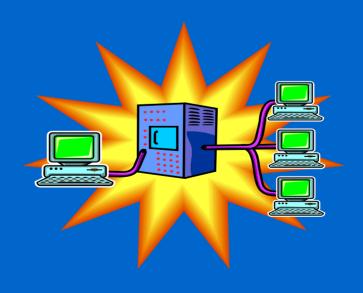
# Silver Lining

- Prior to our involvement with this issue, the University had hired a CPA to oversee the lab's funds, because they were concerned about the internal controls.
- When we came to the University with the allegation, the internal audit reviewed the numbers and agreed that something was wrong.

### Another issue

- This is really an unmanaged COI in disguise.
   The University made the lab staff and PI track there time hourly, but did not audit the department.
- The way the internal auditors discovered that something was wrong was by looking at the timecards. The timecards did not match the movement of funds.

# Subrecipient Monitoring



## Basics

- No significant part of the research or substantive effort under an NSF grant may be contracted or transferred without prior NSF authorization.
- The grantee shall submit
  - a clear description of the work to be performed;
  - the basis for selection of the subawardee; and
  - a separate budget for each subaward.
- If NSF approves, award will be amended
- Grantees shall ensure conditions flow down to all subawardees

# NSF Expectations

- An effective system for monitoring subrecipients consider:
  - program complexity, dollar amount, percentage passed through
  - subrecipient (contract) vs. vender (purchase order)
  - Nature of deliverable (a thing, research, a service)
  - fixed price vs. cost reimbursement.
  - Type of subawardee
- Technical, Financial, and Compliance reviews
- Comply with applicable A-133 subparts
- Comply with applicable A-110 parts

# Participant Support



### Know the rules

- Use caution when supporting employees
- Use caution when supporting Federal employees
- Direct costs of stipends, subsistence or travel allowances and registration fees
- Direct costs of dissemination and sharing of research results and publication / distribution of grant materials

# Participant Support Costs

- Should not be included in indirect cost calculations
- Should not use for supplies
- Need to be well documented, so keep the paper
- Monitor subcontracts

## **Cautions:**

 Funds may not be used for other purposes without the specific prior written approval of the cognizant NSF

 Awardee must account for participant support costs separately

# Signature Responsibilities



# Proposal Signatures

- Compliance with award terms and conditions
- Accuracy and completeness of statements
- COI Policy
- Drug-Free Workplace
- Debarment and Suspension
- Lobbying (proposal >\$100,000)



Certification (18 USC 1001)

### Conflict of Interests

Institutional and Personal

**Financial and Commitment** 





# Process managed by Institution

#### **Ensure:**



- Knowledgeable disclosures
- Disclosures objectively reviewed by trained staff
- A signature, a date, an approval number, a responsibility warning
- Incorporation with other review procedures
- Disclosure of unmanaged situations to NSF
- Audit for compliance, proactive reviews

Covers SBIRs, commitments other than financial

# Acting ethically may require that you choose among shades of gray



A well-structure compliance program can reduce your risk and guide your decisions

# Case: False Statement and Fraud

#### Allegations

- Subject's wife owned a private company which had an NSF Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Phase I grant.
- Subject, a science professor, used his lab and graduate students to carry out work under the grant.

# Facts after OIG Investigation

- No work had been performed under the SBIR Phase I grant.
- Most of the \$99,300 went to pay salary to the subject and his wife or for fictitious expenses.
- The final report submitted by the subject was copied verbatim from one of his student's thesis. Based on the report, NSF awarded the company an SBIR Phase II award. \$99,974 of which had been disbursed.

#### Result

- We recommended that NSF suspend the Phase II and referred the mater to the United States Department of Justice.
- The Subject repaid \$198,975 and made an unrestricted donation to NSF and was voluntarily excluded from receiving Federal funds for a period of 3 years.
- The Subject plead guilty to 1 count of violating 18 U.S.C. §1001 – false statement and was later sentenced to 5 years probation, \$15,000 fine.

#### INTEGRITY STARTS WITH YOU!

If you are aware of, or suspect





- > fraud
- > waste
- > abuse

Issues of economy or efficiency or if you just have questions, Please contact the

**NSF Office of Inspector General** 

## Contact Information

Internet: www.nsf.gov/oig/oig.html

E-mail: oig@nsf.gov

Telephone: 703-292-7100 (Lee x5180)

Anonymous: 1-800-428-2189

Write: 4201 Wilson Blvd.

Arlington, VA 22230

#### References

http://oig.hhs.gov/fraud/complianceguidance.html

http://www.ussc.gov/2003guid/CHAP8.pdf

http://www.ussc.gov/corp/Murphy1.pdf

http://www.usdoj.gov/dag/cftf/corporate\_guidelines.html

Grant, G. Odell, G., and Forrester, R; Creating Effective Research Compliance Programs in Academic Institutions; Academic Medicine, Vol 74, No. 9, September 1999, p. 951.

Jordan, K.S.; and Murphy, J.E.; <u>Compliance Programs:</u> What the Government Really Wants. Page 121.

http://www.ussc.gov