WHITE KNOB MOUNTAINS

Proposed Action (No Wilderness Alternative)

All 9,950 acres of the White Knob Mountains WSA would be recommended for nonwilderness (Map 5). The lands would be open for multiple use management and development.

Livestock and Range Actions

The WSA would continue to provide 852 AUMs for livestock use. Projections beyond existing planning estimates (beyond the 15 to 20 year planning cycle) indicate that it is reasonable to expect that 852 AUMs would be maintained in the future.

Maintenance would continue on 5 spring developments and watering troughs. New range improvements consisting of 880 acres of sagebrush control, two miles of pipeline with one spring development and one trough, and eleven stock watering ponds are planned. Projections beyond existing planning estimates would not change maintenance activities or call for construction of additional livestock or range facilities.

Energy and Mineral Resource Actions

It is assumed that three existing lode mining claims along the WSA's eastern boundary would be explored, resulting in one mile of new road and 60 acres of surface disturbance. One gravel pit along the WSA's southwestern boundary would continue to be used as a gravel source for country road maintenance. This would result in five acres of surface disturbance.

Further, it is assumed that there would be one exploratory oil and gas well drilled in Schoolhouse Canyon. In support of this well, there would be two miles of new road constructed and 10 acres of surface disturbance.

Recreation Management Actions

The entire 9,950 acres of the WSA would be open to ORV use. Recreational ORV use is projected to remain below 50 visitor days annually for the next 5 to 10 years. Projections beyond the existing planning cycle (15 to 20 years) indicate that it is reasonable to expect recreational ORV use to increase slightly but remain below 100 visitor days annually. Three miles of road associated with mineral development and oil and gas drilling is expected to be constructed at some time in the future.

The entire WSA would be open for other recreation activities including hunting, horseback riding (generally associated with hunting), camping (generally associated with hunting), photography, and sightseeing. No recreation facilities or developed trails exist in the WSA and none are planned. However, the three miles of road associated with oil and gas drilling and mineral development would be used by hunters to gain

access to the northeast portion of the WSA. Recreation use for these activities would remain below 50 visitor days for the next ten years. Projections beyond existing planning estimates (beyond the 15 to 20 year planning cycle) indicate that it is reasonable to expect recreation use for these activities would increase slightly, but remain below 150 visitor days annually for the foreseeable future.

All Wilderness Alternative

All 9,950 acres of the White Knob Mountains WSA would be recommended for wilderness (Map 5).

Livestock and Range Actions

See Proposed Action.

Energy and Mineral Resource Actions

Subject to valid existing rights at the time of designation, all 9,950 acres of the WSA would be withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the mining laws. No oil and gas drilling would be allowed in the WSA.

The three existing lode mining claims that are expected to become active under the Proposed Action (No Wilderness Alternative) are considered valid existing rights. However, the BLM's Wilderness Management Policy states that prior to commencing operations, a formal validity examination must occur to determine whether or not the claims in question indeed held sufficient quantity and quality of material so that a prudent man could expect to get a reasonable return on his investment. For purposes of analysis, it is assumed that such an examination would show insufficient quantity and quality of material to satisfy the prudent man concept. Thus, the claims would be deemed null and void, and no mining development would be allowed.

Recreation Management Actions

The entire 9,950 acres of the WSA would be closed to ORV use, unless such use would be required for maintenance of livestock facilities or operations. The WSA would be open for other recreation activities including hunting, horseback riding (generally associated with hunting), camping (generally associated with hunting), photography, and backpacking. Recreation use for these activities would remain below 50 visitor days for the next ten years. Projections beyond existing planning estimates (beyond the 15 to 20 year planning cycle) indicate that it is reasonable to expect recreation use to increase slightly but remain below 150 visitor days annually. No recreation facilities or trails exist in the WSA and none are planned.

BURNT CREEK

Proposed Action (No Wilderness Alternative)

All 24,980 acres of this WSA would be recommended for nonwilderness (Map 6). The lands would be open for multiple use management and development.

Livestock and Range Actions

The WSA would continue to provide 3,034 AUMs for livestock use. Projections beyond existing planning estimates indicate that livestock use would remain at that level for the foreseeable future. Eight miles of fence and 5 developed springs would continue to be maintained in support of the livestock management program. New improvements consisting of three miles of pipeline, four troughs, seven reservoirs, and 10 miles of fence are planned. Projections beyond existing planning estimates indicate no change in maintenance activities and no additional range facilities.

Energy and Mineral Resource Actions

It is assumed that one exploratory oil and gas well would be drilled in the Short Creek drainage. This would result in one mile of new road being built and 10 acres of surface disturbance for the drilling equipment. While the entire WSA is open to mineral entry, no mining claims currently exist in the area and projections beyond existing planning estimates indicate that no new claims would be filed in the foreseeable future.

Recreation Management Activities

The Ellis-Pahsimeroi MFP limits ORV use in the WSA to existing roads and trails. This designation would continue under the proposed action. Recreational ORV use is projected to remain below 100 visitor days annually for the next 5 to 10 years. Projections beyond that point indicate that it is reasonable to expect ORV use to increase slightly but remain below 200 visitor days annually for at least the next 20 years. One mile of new road associated with oil and gas drilling in the Short Creek drainage is expected to be constructed at some time in the future.

The entire WSA would be open for other recreation activities including hunting, horseback riding, camping, photography, fishing, hiking, and backpacking. No recreation facilities or trails exist in the WSA and none are planned. However, the mile of new road associated with oil and gas drilling would be used by hunters to gain access in the central portion of the WSA. Recreation use for these activities would remain below 100 visitor days for the next ten years. It is reasonable to expect modest increases in recreation use over time, but projections beyond existing planning estimates (15 to 20 years) indicate use would remain below 200 visitor days annually.

Partial Wilderness Alternative

The Partial Wilderness Alternative recommends 8,300 acres of the Burnt Creek WSA for wilderness and 16,680 acres for nonwilderness (see Map 6).

Livestock and Range Actions

See Proposed Action.

Energy and Mineral Resource Actions

Subject to valid existing rights at the time of designation, the area recommended for wilderness would be withdrawn from all forms of mineral entry and leasing. One exploratory oil and gas well would be expected to be drilled in the Short Creek drainage, within the area recommended non-suitable. This would result in one mile of new road and 10 acres of surface disturbance.

The area recommended nonsuitable would remain open for mineral entry and leasing. However, no mining claims presently exist in that area and projections indicate that none are likely to occur in the foreseeable future.

Recreation Management Actions

The 8,300 acres recommended for wilderness would be closed to ORV use, once designated by Congress. On the nonsuitable 16,680 acres, ORV use would be limited to existing roads and trails as specified in the Ellis/Pahsimeroi MFP. Recreational ORV use in the 16,680 acres of nonwilderness is projected to remain at below 40 visitor days annually for the next 5 to 10 years.

All Wilderness Alternative

The All Wilderness Alternative recommends the entire 24,980 acres of the Burnt Creek WSA for wilderness (Map 6).

Livestock and Range Actions

See Proposed Action.

Energy and Mineral Resource Actions

All 24,980 acres of the WSA would be withdrawn from mineral entry and leasing, subject to valid existing rights at the time of wilderness designation.

Recreation Management Actions

The entire 24,980 acre WSA would be closed to ORV use, once the area was designated by Congress, unless such use would be required for maintenance of livestock facilities or livestock operations.

The entire WSA would be open for other recreation activities including hunting, horseback riding (generally associated with hunting activities), camping (generally associated with hunting activities), photography and sightseeing. Recreational use for these activities would remain below 100 visitor days for the next ten years. Projections beyond existing planning estimates (beyond the 15 to 20 year planning cycle) indicate that it is reasonable to expect that recreational use for these activities would increase slightly, but remain below 250 visitor days annually for the foreseeable future. No recreation facilities or developed trails exist in the WSA and none are planned.

COMPARATIVE IMPACT SURMARY

opportunities on nearby public land. FORFSTEY $\underline{1}/$

future.

30f acres (325 MBF) of Douplas-fir commercially

thinned: logging on i maining 57(acres of commercial forest land unlikely in foreseeable

325 MBF harvest foregone logging on remaining 570 acres of commercial f e

land also foregone, to sales are unlikely in in

325 MBF harvest fores e

logging on remaining O acres of commercial i at land also (cregone, but sales are unlikely in the foresecable future.

foreseeable future.

<u>WSA</u>	WILDERNESS VALUES	MINERAL RESOURCES	ORV USE	MULE DEER WINTER PANGE 1/
Appendicitie Hill				
Protoned Action (No Milderness)	Naturalness and Solitude lost or impaired on 1,515 acres it short-term; long-term loss or impairment on 1,315 acres. No legal protection of wilderness values on 21,900 acres.	21,900 acres open to mineral entry and leasing.	Minor increase in vehicle accessibility; no significant impacts. ORVs limited to existing roads and ways on 21,900 acres.	
Partial Wilderneas	Wilderness values retained on 13,670 acres. No legal protection on 6,230 acres, but no development or impairing use is anticipated on this portion. Impacts to solitude and naturalness would not occur on 1,315 acres.	13,670 scres closed to mineral entry or leasing. 8,230 scres open to mineral entry and leasing.	annually would be dis-	500 acres of winter range improvement foregone. Long-term reduction of mule deer population by as much as 30% (360 deer).
All Wilderness	Wilderness values retained on 21,900 acres. Impacts to solitude and naturalness would not occur on 1,315 acres.	21,900 acres closed to mineral entry or leasting.	50 visitor days annually displaced from 21,900 scres closed to ORVs; insignificant impact due to similar or superior opportunities on nearby public land.	500 acres of winter range improvement foregone; long-term reduction of mule deer population by as much as 30% (360 deer).
White Enob Mountains				
Proposed Action (No Wilderness)	haturalness and soli- tude lost or impaired on 980 scree. No legal protection of wilder- ness values of 9,950 acres.	9,950 acres open to mineral entry and leasing.	Minor increase in vehicle accessibility: 9,950 acres open to ORVs. No significant impacts.	
All Wilderness	Wilderness values retained on 9,950 acres; impacts to solitude and naturalness would not occur on 980 acres.	9,950 acres closed to mineral entry and leasing.	50 visitor days ar- nually displaced from 9,950 acres closed to ORVs; insignificant impact due to similar or superior opportuni- ties on nearby public land.	
hurri Creel				
Transed Action (No Wilderness)	Naturalness and soli- tude lost or impaired on 975 acres; no legal protection of wilder- ness values on 24,980 acres.	24,980 acres oper to mineral entry and leasing.	Very minor increase in vehicle access;- bility; no significant impacts. OPVs limited to existing roads and ways on 24,980 acres.	
Partial Wilderneae	Wilderness values retained on 8,300 acres; no legal protection on 16,680 acres. Naturalness and solitude lost or impaired on 975 acres.	16,680 acres open to mineral entry and lessing. 8,300 acres closed to mineral entry and leasing.	35 visitor days arnually displaced from 8.300 acres closed to ORV use; insignificant impact due to similar or superior opportunities on nearby public land. ORV use limited to existing roads and ways on 16,680 acres.	
All Wilderness	Wilderness values retained on 24,980 acres. Impacts to solitude and naturalness would not occur on 974 acres.	24,980 acres closed to mineral entry and leasing.	100 visitor days annually displaced from 24,980 acres closed to ORV use; insignificant impact due to similar or superior opportunities on	

^{1/} This issue relevant to Appendicitis Hill WSA only.