Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI National Compensation Survey September 2005



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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning,

2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, call (202) 691–6199, or send an e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are presented in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the core bulletin, and in an ASCII file containing the published table formats. An ASCII file containing positional columns of data for manipulation as a data base or spreadsheet also is available.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Chicago–Gary–Kenosha, IL–IN–WI, metropolitan area. Data were collected between March 2005 and April 2006; the average reference month is September 2005. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and an appendix with detailed information on occupational classifications.

Most of the earnings estimates in this bulletin are presented as mean hourly earnings. Mean weekly and annual earnings, and the corresponding hours, also are provided for full-time employees in specific occupations. Some occupations, such as teachers and firefighters, typically have shorter or longer work schedules than do the majority of full-time workers. The weekly and annual estimates are useful for comparing the earnings of occupations having different work schedules.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Another product, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, measures employers' average hourly costs for total compensation, that is, wages and benefits. Still another NCS product measures the incidence and provisions of benefit plans. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 480 detailed occupations are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1–1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include major occupational group, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2–1 presents estimates of mean hourly earnings, and the relative standard errors associated with them, for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 2–2 presents the same type of information for full-time workers only. Table 2–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 3–1 provides mean weekly earnings data, with relative standard errors, and weekly hours for full-time employees in specific occupations across all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 3–2 provides annual earnings, relative standard errors, and annual hours for full-time employees in specific occupations.

Table 4–1 provides mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for private industry and government workers. Table 4–2 provides work level data for full-time workers. Table 4–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 5–1 presents mean hourly earnings data for selected worker characteristics by major occupational group. The worker characteristics include full-time or part-time designation, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Table 5–2 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions by occupational group; these estimates are limited to the private sector. Table 5–3 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by major occupational group in the private sector.

Tables 6–1 through 6–5 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for individual workers within each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers.

Table 1-1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,	State and local government			
Worker and establishment shoresteristics	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	Maan	Hourly e	arnings	Maan	
Worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	
Total	\$22.29	3.1	36.0	\$21.25	3.9	36.0	\$27.89	0.9	35.6	
Worker characteristics: ⁴										
White-collar occupations ⁵ Professional specialty and technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support Blue-collar occupations ⁵ Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service occupations ⁵ Full time Part time	27.50 34.92 36.40 24.28 16.48 18.47 26.14 14.38 19.99 13.35 13.46 23.44 12.38	3.7 4.8 3.2 15.1 2.5 3.5 3.5 2.7 2.9 9.3 2.7 3.2 6.0	35.8 34.9 39.7 32.9 36.0 38.1 39.9 39.8 39.0 34.3 33.1 39.3 20.8	26.78 33.96 37.01 24.31 16.39 18.10 25.94 14.37 19.58 12.95 10.21 22.41 12.06	4.7 6.8 3.7 15.1 2.7 3.8 3.9 2.7 3.4 9.8 2.3 4.0 6.7	36.1 35.8 40.0 32.9 36.1 38.1 40.0 39.8 39.4 34.0 32.1 39.6 21.0	30.75 37.36 33.97 - 16.97 23.99 28.44 - 22.64 19.59 23.35 28.66 15.65	2.6 2.3 2.1 - 7.2 2.3 1.9 - 3.4 10.9 2.8 1.1 4.2	34.7 33.0 38.6 - 35.5 37.8 38.3 - 36.4 39.2 36.7 37.8 18.4	
Union Nonunion	23.70 21.71	2.6 4.6	37.4 35.4	20.62 21.42	4.1 5.0	37.6 35.6	29.06 25.50	1.3 2.3	37.0 33.0	
TimeIncentive	21.86 31.83	2.9 16.1	35.9 36.9	20.68 31.83	3.7 16.1	36.0 36.9	27.89 -	.9	35.6 -	
Establishment characteristics:										
Goods producing Service producing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	- -	_ _	- -	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	
50-99 workers ⁷	17.69 21.03 25.42	3.6 6.2 4.0	35.5 35.9 36.2	17.48 20.59 24.29	3.6 6.9 5.8	35.5 36.2 36.2	26.27 26.33 28.30	7.9 4.7 1.4	33.7 33.1 36.3	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. $^{\rm 3}$ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week,

<sup>Mean weekly nours are the hours an employee is scheduled to hour in a hour,
Exclusive of overtime.

Exployees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on</sup>

based on producting paymonic scale. The production of the control of the control

industries applies to private industry only.

The establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent	
1	\$22.29	3.1	\$21.25	3.9	\$27.89	0.9	
All excluding sales	22.12	3.0	20.93	3.8	27.91	.9	
White collar	27.50	3.7	26.78	4.7	30.75	2.6	
White collar excluding sales	28.08	3.2	27.34	4.2	30.79	2.7	
Professional specialty and technical	34.92	4.8	33.96	6.8	37.36	2.3	
Professional specialty	36.19	5.5	35.47	8.2	37.71	2.5	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	36.43	8.6	36.25	8.9	_	_	
Electrical and electronic engineers	38.11	11.5	38.11	11.5	_	_	
Engineers, n.e.c.	34.12	3.7	34.87	3.8	_	_	
Mathematical and computer scientists	33.78	4.2	33.83	4.2	_	_	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	34.65	6.5	34.72	6.5	_	_	
Natural scientists	_						
Health related	31.43	3.4	30.82	3.7	35.16	7.5	
Registered nurses	29.66	2.1	28.91	1.8	34.52	3.1	
Respiratory therapists	22.68	3.9	-	_ 	-	- 0.1	
Teachers, college and university	63.17	21.7	68.07	25.3	50.80	9.1	
Other post-secondary teachers	47.58	16.8	49.43	20.4	42.02	12.2	
Teachers, except college and university	37.67	3.3	26.58	18.4	39.20	2.9	
Elementary school teachers	39.65 40.00	5.6	_	_	40.15	5.9	
Secondary school teachers Teachers, n.e.c.	31.02	6.1 16.9	21.54	40.2	36.33	13.5	
Vocational and educational counselors	27.49	15.8	21.54	40.2	27.24	23.6	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	41.93	3.0	_		24.38	6.3	
Librarians	42.91	3.2	_		22.61	.2	
Social scientists and urban planners	41.17	18.0	_	_	_		
Social, recreation, and religious workers	16.83	9.8	15.67	8.2	22.00	11.8	
Social workers	16.84	9.8	15.67	8.2	22.12	11.8	
Lawyers and judges	66.62	11.8	79.11	6.1	27.03	10.1	
Lawyers	66.68	11.8	79.11	6.1	26.71	10.9	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and							
professionals, n.e.c.	27.54	19.0	27.97	20.1	_	_	
Technical	27.81	4.9	28.03	5.1	23.12	7.7	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	23.98	1.8	24.03	1.9	_	-	
Radiological technicians	28.44	3.0	28.54	3.0	_	_	
Licensed practical nurses	19.27	6.3	19.28	6.4	_	-	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	21.05	14.2	21.33	14.8	_	_	
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	32.40	11.1	-	-	_	_	
Computer programmersLegal assistants	34.66 35.29	10.3 8.3	34.66 -	10.3	_	_	
-	20.40	0.0	07.04	0.7	00.07	0.4	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	36.40 41.37	3.2 4.2	37.01 41.97	3.7 5.2	33.97 39.35	2.1 4.5	
Executives, administrators, and managers Administrators and officials, public administration	37.19	6.4	41.57	5.2	37.19	6.4	
Financial managers	33.71	8.5	33.69	8.5	-		
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	00.7 1	0.0	00.00	0.0			
relations	43.51	11.8	43.51	11.8	_	_	
Administrators, education and related fields	39.24	7.3	20.62	23.5	41.83	8.9	
Managers, medicine and health	38.78	16.9	_	_	_	_	
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	33.98	4.8	33.03	5.6	_	_	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	43.74	5.5	44.17	5.7	_	_	
Management related	31.60	3.8	32.53	4.0	27.24	3.3	
Accountants and auditors	27.98	3.4	27.78	2.9	28.61	11.1	
Other financial officers	37.47	11.4	37.47	11.4	-	_	
Personnel, training, and labor relations	o= :-						
specialists	27.47	4.5	26.62	5.4	_	_	
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	34.44	17.9	35.48	19.0	-		
Management related, n.e.c.	27.95	4.9	28.43	5.1	20.69	8.2	
Sales	24.28	15.1	24.31	15.1	-	-	
Supervisors, sales	25.22	18.2	25.22	18.2	_	-	
Securities and financial services sales	72.17	21.7	72.17	21.7	-	-	
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	05.50	_	05.50	_			
and wholesale	25.58	.7	25.58	.7	_	_	
Sales workers, other commodities	13.92	10.7	13.92	10.7	-	_	

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Administrative support, including clerical Supervisors, general office Secretaries Transportation ticket and reservation agents Receptionists Information clerks, n.e.c. Order clerks Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping Library clerks Records clerks, n.e.c. Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks Payroll and timekeeping clerks Billing clerks Dispatchers Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators and adjusters, except insurance Bill and account collectors General office clerks Bank tellers Data entry keyers Administrative support, n.e.c. Precision production, craft, and repair Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics Industrial machinery repairers Electronic repairers, communications and industrial equipment Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. Carpenters Electricians Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters Supervisors, production Tool and die makers Machinists Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Molding and casting machine operators Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators Packaging and filling machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁴ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Sales –Continued						
Cashiers	\$9.09	7.4	\$8.97	7.4	-	_
			40.00		* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	16.48	2.5	16.39	2.7	\$16.97	7.2
	22.12	4.7	21.36	4.1	16.42	12.2
	20.24	5.4	21.74	2.3	16.43	13.3
	16.22	7.6	16.22	7.6	_	_
	13.43	9.1	13.35	9.8	_	_
	16.51	8.6	16.46	9.0	_	_
	16.59	14.0	16.59	14.0	_	-
	16.85	7.8	16.62	7.8	-	
•	13.72	5.5	_	-	13.46	9.5
	16.98	13.4	14.91	7.7	22.99	22.0
1 ,	16.76	6.4	16.71	6.6	_	_
	19.95	12.2	19.95	12.2	_	_
	16.74	12.6	16.74	12.6		
	19.45	6.3			19.92	11.5
	15.28	6.5	15.28	6.5	_	_
	13.41	8.9	13.20	9.0	_	_
	20.47	6.5	20.47	6.5	_	_
	15.19	2.3	15.19	2.3	_	_
	15.20	22.9	15.01	24.1	_	_
	14.71	4.7	13.62	4.0	16.85	5.2
	10.93	8.8	10.93	8.9	_	_
	14.10	2.6	14.05	2.8	_	_
Administrative support, n.e.c	16.66	5.8	16.72	5.9	16.47	14.9
lue collar	18.47	3.5	18.10	3.8	23.99	2.3
Precision production, craft, and repair	26.14	3.5	25.94	3.9	28.44	1.9
	28.96	7.2	29.25	6.9		_
	23.94	3.2	_	-	_	_
	22.75	8.3	22.36	8.1	_	_
	26.85	5.6	26.85	5.6	_	_
	18.30	7.9	18.23	8.1	_	_
	31.06	6.9	30.19	8.9	_	_
•	30.37	8.2	29.02	13.2	_	_
	23.94	10.6	-	-	_	_
	27.33	8.2	27.33	8.2	_	_
	24.80	19.6	24.80	19.6	_	_
	25.94	10.2	_	-	_	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	18.23	.9	18.23	.9	-	-
Machine enerators assemblers and inspects	14.38	2.7	14.37	2.7		
		1			_	_
	10.28	10.4	10.28	10.4	_	_
	9.79	4.5	9.79	4.5	_	_
	13.73	6.2	13.73	6.2	_	_
	15.85	14.3	15.85	14.3	_	_
	16.58	7.4	16.58	7.4	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.73 11.18	13.5 11.2	12.73 11.18	13.5 11.2	_	_
Transportation and material moving	19.99	2.9	19.58	3.4	22.64	3.4
Truck drivers	21.43	3.4	21.00	3.7		_
Bus drivers	19.38	1.6		5.7	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.44	7.9	14.44	7.9	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	13.35	9.3	12.95	9.8	19.59	10.9
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	12.86	2.4	12.41	2.9	13.99	.8
Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and						
laborers, n.e.c.	22.18	16.9	_	_	_	_
14501010, 11.0.0	22.10	10.9	_	-	_	1

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
Blue collar -Continued							
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued							
Construction laborers	\$27.60	12.0	\$27.76	12.3	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	12.68	14.4	12.49	14.9	_	_	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	13.90	11.9	13.78	12.1	_	_	
Hand packers and packagers	9.77	19.0	9.77	19.0	_	_	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	11.55	10.7	9.85	7.9	\$20.51	15.7	
Ediborors, except conditudation, motor minimum.	11.00	10.7	0.00	7.0	Ψ20.01	10.7	
Service	13.46	2.7	10.21	2.3	23.35	2.8	
Protective service	20.92	3.7	9.63	2.8	27.45	2.6	
Firefighting	25.93	2.7	_	_	25.93	2.7	
Police and detectives, public service	29.30	2.9	_	_	29.30	2.9	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	22.39	3.3	_	_	_	_	
Guards and police, except public service	9.93	3.3	9.64	3.1	13.98	5.4	
Protective service, n.e.c.	13.41	26.4	3.04	3.1	17.35	14.2	
Food service	9.49	5.8	9.44	6.1	10.75	6.0	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.84	13.1	5.85	13.1	10.73	0.0	
Waiters and waitresses	4.87	17.6	4.88	17.7	_	_	
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	7.29	13.8	7.29	13.8	_	_	
Other food service	11.15	4.9	11.17	5.2	10.92	7.1	
Supervisors, food preparation and service	15.56	12.1	16.30	10.8	10.92	'.'	
Cooks	11.35	10.2	11.33	10.6	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.68	4.9	8.68	4.9	_	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	10.40	5.0	10.39	5.2			
Health service	11.88	3.2	11.27	3.5	16.08	3.5	
Health aides, except nursing	13.34	9.5	12.70	12.0	-	3.5	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.40	4.2	10.84	.9	16.12	7.0	
Cleaning and building service	11.87	3.5	10.80	4.1	15.24	1.5	
Maids and housemen	10.37	4.9	10.37	4.9	-	_	
Janitors and cleaners	12.47	4.4	10.91	5.8	15.24	1.5	
Personal service	10.57	4.2	10.47	4.1	11.95	5.9	
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	_		_		8.91	.9	
Welfare service aides	9.58	5.3	9.09	6.3	_		
Early childhood teachers' assistants	9.80	14.4	9.52	17.8	_	_	
Service, n.e.c.	8.73	6.4	8.70	6.5	10.40	6.6	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

 $^{^4\,}$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
White collar excluding sales Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and surveyors Electrical and electronic engineers Engineers, n.e.c. Mathematical and computer scientists Computer systems analysts and scientists Natural scientists Health related Registered nurses Teachers, college and university Other post-secondary teachers Teachers, except college and university Elementary school teachers Secondary school teachers Teachers, n.e.c. Vocational and educational counselors Librarians, archivists, and curators Librarians, archivists, and curators Librarians Social scientists and urban planners Social, recreation, and religious workers Social workers Lawyers Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c. Technical Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Radiological technicians Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c. Engineering technicians, n.e.c. Computer programmers Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers Administrators and officials, public administration Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations Administrators, education and related fields	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
	\$23.44	3.2	\$22.41	4.0	\$28.66	1.1
All excluding sales	23.09	3.0	21.90	3.8	28.66	1.1
/hite collar	28.65	3.6	28.04	4.6	31.24	3.1
White collar excluding sales	28.75	3.2	28.05	4.2	31.24	3.1
Professional specialty and technical	35.66	5.4	34.75	7.7	37.84	3.2
	36.93	6.4	36.28	9.6	38.21	3.4
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	36.43	8.6	36.25	8.9	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	38.11	11.5	38.11	11.5	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	34.12	3.7	34.87	3.8	_	_
•	33.78	4.2	33.83	4.2	_	_
	34.65	6.5	34.72	6.5	_	_
Natural scientists	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	31.73	4.8	31.05	5.4	35.08	7.9
Registered nurses	29.55	3.0	28.60	2.7	34.36	3.5
Teachers, college and university	64.80	21.6	69.39	24.3	51.27	9.9
Other post-secondary teachers	47.86	17.0	49.72	19.9	41.41	12.2
Teachers, except college and university	39.11	3.9	30.82	4.1	39.99	4.1
Elementary school teachers	39.65	5.6	_	_	40.15	5.9
Secondary school teachers	40.00	6.1	_	_	_	_
Teachers, n.e.c.	37.17	13.2	_	_	_	_
Vocational and educational counselors	27.49	15.8	_	_	27.24	23.6
Librarians, archivists, and curators	42.73	4.1	_	_	25.00	7.6
Librarians	43.81	4.4	_	_	23.08	2.7
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	16.82	9.9	15.64	8.1	22.12	11.8
Social workers	16.82	9.9	15.64	8.1	22.12	11.8
Lawyers and judges	66.62	11.8	79.11	6.1	27.03	10.1
Lawyers	66.68	11.8	79.11	6.1	26.71	10.9
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c	26.21	20.1	26.64	21.9	_	_
	28.44	5.3	28.71	5.6	23.00	7.3
	23.87	2.2	23.93	2.3	_	_
	28.92	4.0	29.04	3.9	_	_
	21.53	12.2	21.94	12.6	_	_
	32.40	11.1		. . .	_	_
Computer programmers	34.09	11.1	34.09	11.1	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	36.36	3.2	36.96	3.8	34.01	2.1
	41.34	4.2	41.92	5.2	39.35	4.5
Administrators and officials, public administration	37.20	6.4	_	_	37.20	6.4
Financial managers	33.71	8.5	33.69	8.5	-	_
	43.51	11.8	43.51	11.8	_	_
	39.24	7.3	20.62	23.5	41.83	8.9
Managers, medicine and health	38.78	16.9	_		-	_
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	33.98	4.8	33.03	5.6	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	43.66	5.5	44.09	5.7	_	_
Management related	31.49	3.9	32.39	4.0	27.24	3.4
Accountants and auditors	27.98	3.4	27.78	2.9	28.61	11.1
Other financial officers	37.47	11.4	37.47	11.4	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations						
specialists	27.47	4.5	26.62	5.4	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	34.44	17.9	35.48	19.0	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	26.98	3.2	27.43	3.3	-	-
Sales	27.99	16.9	27.99	16.9	_	_
Supervisors, sales	25.22	18.2	25.22	18.2	_	-
Securities and financial services sales	72.86	22.1	72.86	22.1	_	-
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
and wholesale	25.58	.7	25.58	.7	_	-
Sales workers, other commodities	16.31	17.2	16.31	17.2	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	16.91	2.6	16.84	2.8	17.23	7.7

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings, full-time workers: Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Administrative support, including clerical —Continued Secretaries Receptionists Information clerks, n.e.c. Order clerks Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping Library clerks Records clerks, n.e.c. Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks Payroll and timekeeping clerks Billing clerks Dispatchers Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators Investigators and adjusters, except insurance Bill and account collectors General office clerks Bank tellers Data entry keyers Administrative support, n.e.c.	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen	
White collar -Continued							
,	\$20.32	5.8	\$21.83	2.7	\$16.61	14.3	
	φ20.32 15.00	8.6	پور 14.87	9.5	φ10.01 —	14.3	
•	16.79	8.4	16.74	8.7	_		
· ·	16.59	14.0	16.59	14.0	_	_	
	16.85	7.8	16.62	7.8	_	_	
	-	_	-	_	14.37	6.6	
	17.20	14.0	15.07	8.7	_	_	
	16.87	6.5	16.81	6.6	_	_	
	21.48	12.3	21.48	12.3	_	_	
	16.74	12.6	16.74	12.6	_	_	
Dispatchers	19.79	4.7	_		_	_	
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	15.32	6.5	15.32	6.5	_	_	
	14.41	5.8	14.18	5.8	_	_	
investigators	20.47	6.5	20.47	6.5	_	-	
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.37	2.9	15.37	2.9	_	-	
Bill and account collectors	17.41	11.3	_	_	_	-	
General office clerks	15.07	4.8	13.95	4.3	16.90	5.0	
Bank tellers	11.23	6.6	11.24	6.7	_	-	
Data entry keyers	14.13	2.6	14.09	2.8	_	_	
Administrative support, n.e.c.	16.37	5.0	16.32	4.2	16.51	15.0	
lue collar	19.02	4.3	18.62	4.6	25.20	1.4	
Precision production, craft, and repair	26.28	3.4	26.02	3.8	29.35	4.2	
	28.96	7.2	29.25	6.9	_	_	
	23.94	3.2	_	_	_	_	
Industrial machinery repairers	22.75	8.3	22.36	8.1	-	-	
	26.85	5.6	26.85	5.6	_	_	
	18.57	8.2	18.51	8.5	_	_	
	31.06	6.9	30.19	8.9	_	_	
·	30.37	8.2	29.02	13.2	_	_	
	23.94	10.6	-	-	_	_	
	27.33	8.2	27.33	8.2	_	_	
	24.80	19.6	24.80	19.6	_	_	
	25.94	10.2	_	_	_	_	
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	18.23	.9	18.23	.9	-	_	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.38	2.7	14.38	2.7	_	_	
Molding and casting machine operators	10.28	10.4	10.28	10.4	_	_	
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	9.79	4.5	9.79	4.5	_	-	
Packaging and filling machine operators	13.73	6.2	13.73	6.2	_	-	
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	15.94	15.1	15.94	15.1	_	-	
Welders and cutters	16.58	7.4	16.58	7.4	-	-	
Assemblers	12.73	13.5	12.73	13.5	-	_	
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.18	11.2	11.18	11.2	-	_	
Transportation and material moving	20.31	2.8	19.88	3.3	23.45	1.6	
Truck drivers	22.08	3.0	21.69	3.3	_	_	
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.45	7.9	14.45	7.9	-	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	14.16	12.4	13.66	13.0	21.26	6.2	
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	13.32	3.8	12.41	2.9	_	-	
Construction laborers	26.98	12.7	_	_	_	-	
Stock handlers and baggers	13.87	14.3	13.64	14.9	_	-	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	15.39	10.9	15.27	11.3	_	_	
Hand packers and packagers	9.76	19.3	9.76	19.3	_	-	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	15.05	16.4	12.63	16.9	22.47	7.3	
Service	14.90	2.2	11.07	2.4	24.32	2.6	
Protective service	21.69	3.0	9.59	4.8	27.86	2.3	

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Firefighting	\$26.45	1.1	-	-	\$26.45	1.1	
	29.34	2.8	-	-	29.34	2.8	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	22.39	3.3	_	-	-	-	
	9.78	5.0	\$9.51	5.3	-	-	
	10.83	6.7	10.81	7.0	11.24	12.0	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders Waiters and waitresses Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants Other food service	6.93	16.6	6.93	16.6	-	-	
	6.18	24.0	6.18	24.0	-	-	
	7.60	12.7	7.60	12.7	-	-	
	12.16	6.9	12.21	7.2	11.24	12.0	
Supervisors, food preparation and service	15.56	12.1	16.30	10.8	-	-	
	11.67	8.8	11.67	9.2	-	-	
	8.85	10.6	8.85	10.6	-	-	
Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing	10.75	6.0	10.76	6.1	-	-	
	12.16	3.4	11.46	4.1	16.18	3.5	
	14.67	9.7	14.17	13.8	-	-	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen	11.51	4.4	10.90	.9	16.28	6.4	
	12.27	3.6	11.14	4.0	15.84	2.2	
	10.37	4.9	10.37	4.9	–	-	
Janitors and cleaners Personal service Service, n.e.c.	13.21	4.2	11.59	5.9	15.84	2.2	
	12.34	8.3	12.27	8.8	-	-	
	9.44	3.3	9.44	3.3	-	-	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 4Ω-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule

 $^{^{3}\,}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used A classification system including about 400 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
White collar White collar excluding sales Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Health related Registered nurses Teachers, college and university Teachers, except college and university Teachers, n.e.c. Librarians, archivists, and curators Librarians Social scientists and urban planners Social, recreation, and religious workers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c. Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers Management related Sales Sales workers, other commodities Cashiers Administrative support, including clerical Secretaries Library clerks General office clerks Administrative support, n.e.c. Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Stock handlers and baggers Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c. Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$12.38	6.0	\$12.06	6.7	\$15.65	4.2
All excluding sales	12.94	7.0	12.63	7.9	15.69	4.2
White collar	16.38	5.0	16.02	5.7	20.18	2.5
White collar excluding sales	19.77	4.3	19.67	4.8	20.51	2.5
Professional specialty and technical	26.95	1.9	26.99	1.6	26.66	10.2
Professional specialty	28.01	2.8	28.27	2.9	26.67	10.5
Health related	30.23	3.5	30.00	3.5	_	_
Registered nurses	29.99	1.5	29.73	1.4	_	_
Teachers, college and university	40.02	4.6	_	_	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	18.03	9.4	_	_	20.90	7.5
Teachers, n.e.c	18.40	16.5	_	_	25.94	3.1
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.73	.2	_	_	20.73	.2
Librarians	20.73	.2	_	_	20.73	.2
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	21.83	5.8	21.75	5.9	_	_
Evocutive administrative and managerial	_					
	_		_	_		_
	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management related						
Sales	9.14	7.2	9.06	7.3	_	_
	8.63	1.7	8.63	1.7	_	_
Cashiers	8.37	10.4	8.15	10.3	-	_
Administrative support including clerical	12.78	3.2	12.70	3.8	13.52	3.5
	18.89	12.2	20.52	12.3	-	- 0.0
	13.14	14.0			13.14	14.0
	12.51	7.2	12.26	7.3	-	
Administrative support, n.e.c.	18.52	25.4	-	_	_	_
Rivo collar	10.69	14.0	10.34	15.6	13.78	18.9
	10.09	14.0	10.34	13.0	13.76	10.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	_	_	_	_	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	-	-	_	_
Transportation and material moving	13.16	21.6	9.19	23.2	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.19	16.5	10.25	17.0	8.80	4.3
	8.40	9.2	8.40	9.2	-	-
==	10.01	15.3			_	
9 1 1	7.12	4.9	10.01	15.3	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	7.12	4.9	_	_	_	_
Service	7.87	4.3	7.61	4.4	10.66	2.3
Protective service	10.39	7.7	9.86	10.3	12.03	7.8
Guards and police, except public service	11.16	8.6	10.77	10.2	_	_
Protective service, n.e.c.	8.82	6.7	_	_	10.49	4.5
Food service	6.39	8.3	6.25	8.2	_	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.41	3.0	4.41	2.9	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	3.91	.2	_		_	_
Other food service	8.01	2.9	7.85	2.6	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.85	12.0	8.30	13.8	_	_
Health service	10.32	4.6	10.32	4.7	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.40	9.7	10.41	10.0		

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings, part-time workers: Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	Тс	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service	- \$7.88 - 8.11 7.51 7.91	- 2.9 - 6.8 7.4 8.7	- \$7.67 - 8.11 - 7.83		- \$10.29 8.91 - - 10.40	- 8.6 .9 - - 6.6	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

		Total		Priv	ate industry	/	State and local government			
Occupation 3	Weekly 6	earnings		Weekly e	arnings		Weekly 6			
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	
II	\$921	3.2	39.3	\$888	4.0	39.6	\$1,085	1.7	37.8	
All excluding sales	907	3.0	39.3	867	3.7	39.6	1,085	1.7	37.8	
White collar	1,119 1,121	3.7 3.2	39.1 39.0	1,113 1,115	4.6 4.1	39.7 39.7	1,141 1,141	3.8 3.8	36.5 36.5	
Professional specialty and										
technical	1,370	5.4	38.4	1,389	7.6	40.0	1,330	4.5	35.2	
Professional specialty	1,419	6.4	38.4	1,466	9.4	40.4	1,340	4.7	35.1	
Engineers, architects, and	4.500	7.0	44.0	4 400	7.5	44.0				
surveyors Electrical and electronic	1,500	7.2	41.2	1,498	7.5	41.3	_	_	_	
engineers	1,561	11.2	41.0	1,561	11.2	41.0	_	_	_	
Engineers, n.e.c	1,355	4.0	39.7	1,395	3.8	40.0	_	_	_	
Mathematical and computer										
scientists	1,386	4.2	41.0	1,388	4.2	41.0	-	_	_	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	1,431	6.4	41.3	1,433	6.5	41.3	_	_	_	
Natural scientists	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
Health related	1,259	5.0	39.7	1,229	5.7	39.6	1,404	7.7	40.0	
Registered nurses	1,160	3.0	39.3	1,129	3.1	39.5	1,314	2.6	38.2	
Teachers, college and university Other post-secondary	2,440	25.3	37.7	2,773	26.9	40.0	1,650	6.2	32.2	
teachers	1,709	19.3	35.7	1,867	21.6	37.6	1,264	12.3	30.5	
Teachers, except college and	,			,			, -			
university	1,334	5.8	34.1	1,181	3.3	38.3	1,348	6.3	33.7	
Elementary school teachers	1,318	9.5	33.2	_	_	_	1,327	10.0	33.0	
Secondary school teachers Teachers, n.e.c	1,401 1,321	1.5 5.0	35.0 35.5	_	_	_	_	_		
Vocational and educational	1,021	0.0	00.0							
counselors	1,022	14.3	37.2	_	_	_	1,001	21.6	36.7	
Librarians, archivists, and	4 = 00									
curators Librarians	1,582 1,613	4.2 4.5	37.0 36.8	_	_	_	964 875	9.4 3.4	38.6 37.9	
Social scientists and urban	1,013	4.5	30.0	_	_	_	675	3.4	37.9	
planners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Social, recreation, and religious										
workers	665	8.9	39.5	622	7.4	39.8	847	10.8	38.3	
Social workers	665	8.9	39.5	622	7.4	39.8	847	10.8	38.3 39.3	
Lawyers and judges Lawyers	2,819 2,822	13.0 13.0	42.3 42.3	3,429 3,429	6.7 6.7	43.3 43.3	1,063 1,050	9.1 9.9	39.3	
Writers, authors, entertainers,	2,022	10.0	12.0	0, 120	0.7	10.0	1,000	0.0	00.0	
athletes, and professionals,										
n.e.c	1,065	17.1	40.6	1,084	18.7	40.7	_	_	_	
Technical Clinical laboratory	1,093	3.9	38.4	1,102	4.0	38.4	908	6.6	39.5	
technologists and										
technicians	955	2.2	40.0	957	2.3	40.0	_	_	_	
Radiological technicians	1,157	4.0	40.0	1,161	3.9	40.0	_	_	_	
Health technologists and	050	40.4	000	070	40.0	00.0				
technicians, n.e.c Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	859 1,313	12.4 12.9	39.9 40.5	876	12.9	39.9	_	_	_	
Computer programmers	1,482	9.0	43.5	1,482	9.0	43.5	_	_	_	
11 11 1 13 1	, -			, -						
Executive, administrative, and	4		00.0	4 400		46.	4	,_		
managerial	1,447	3.3	39.8	1,482	3.7	40.1	1,314	1.9	38.6	
Executives, administrators, and managers	1,662	4.1	40.2	1,708	4.9	40.7	1,515	4.3	38.5	
Administrators and officials,	.,002			.,,,,,			.,010		30.0	
public administration	1,385	7.4	37.2	_	-	_	1,385	7.4	37.2	
Financial managers Managers, marketing,	1,399	6.5	41.5	1,399	6.5	41.5	_	_	-	
advertising, and public										
relations	1,771	12.6	40.7	1,771	12.6	40.7	_		l _	

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local povernment	
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekl
White collar -Continued									
Executive, administrative, and									
managerial -Continued									
Executives, administrators, and									
managers –Continued Administrators, education and									
related fields	\$1,537	6.2	39.2	\$838	25.2	40.6	\$1,631	7.2	39.0
Managers, medicine and	φ1,337	0.2	39.2	φοσο	25.2	40.0	φ1,031	1.2	39.0
health	1,551	16.9	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Managers, service	.,00.	10.0							
organizations, n.e.c.	1,375	5.7	40.5	1,340	6.9	40.6	_	_	_
Managers and administrators,									
n.e.c	1,778	4.8	40.7	1,793	4.9	40.7	-	_	-
Management related	1,240	4.1	39.4	1,281	4.3	39.5	1,056	2.8	38.8
Accountants and auditors	1,101	3.6	39.4	1,106	2.9	39.8	1,085	11.3	37.9
Other financial officers	1,483	11.9	39.6	1,483	11.9	39.6	_	-	_
Personnel, training, and labor									
relations specialists	1,076	4.4	39.2	1,059	5.2	39.8	_	_	-
Purchasing agents and	4.070	47.0	40.0	4 440	40.0	40.0			
buyers, n.e.c.	1,378	17.9	40.0	1,419	19.0	40.0	_	_	-
Management related, n.e.c	1,044	2.9	38.7	1,058	3.0	38.6	_	-	_
Sales	1,107	17.3	39.5	1,107	17.3	39.5			
Supervisors, sales	1,003	18.2	39.8	1,003	18.2	39.8	_	_	
Securities and financial	1,003	10.2	33.0	1,000	10.2	33.0		_	
services sales	2,915	22.1	40.0	2,915	22.1	40.0	_	_	_
Sales representatives, mining,	,-			,					
manufacturing, and									
wholesale	1,023	.7	40.0	1,023	.7	40.0	_	_	-
Sales workers, other									
commodities	631	18.9	38.7	631	18.9	38.7	_	_	-
Administrative comment in sheding									
Administrative support, including	659	2.6	39.0	662	2.7	39.3	645	8.5	37.4
clerical Supervisors, general office	856	5.6	38.7	822	4.8	38.5	- 043	0.5	37.4
Secretaries	781	5.7	38.4	840	2.4	38.5	638	14.0	38.4
Receptionists	582	8.6	38.8	579	9.4	38.9	-	14.0	30.
Information clerks, n.e.c.	666	8.5	39.7	665	8.9	39.7	_	_	_
Order clerks	664	14.0	40.0	664	14.0	40.0	_	_	_
Personnel clerks, except									
payroll and timekeeping	672	7.7	39.9	665	7.8	40.0	-	_	-
Library clerks	_	-	-	_	_	-	532	8.3	37.0
Records clerks, n.e.c	647	12.8	37.6	580	7.6	38.5	_	_	-
Bookkeepers, accounting and									
auditing clerks	661	5.5	39.2	659	5.7	39.2	_	_	-
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	852	12.6	39.7	852	12.6	39.7	_	_	-
Billing clerks	653	10.8	39.0	653	10.8	39.0	_	_	_
Dispatchers Traffic, shipping and receiving	814	3.6	41.1	_	_	-	_	-	_
clerks	613	6.5	40.0	613	6.5	40.0	_	l _	_
Stock and inventory clerks	572	5.4	39.7	564	5.5	39.7	_		_
Insurance adjusters,	312	J	55.7	JU -1	3.3	00.7	-		
examiners, and									
investigators	794	5.4	38.8	794	5.4	38.8	_	_	_
Investigators and adjusters,									
except insurance	607	2.4	39.5	607	2.4	39.5	-	_	-
Bill and account collectors	694	11.3	39.9	_	_	-	-	_	-
General office clerks	584	4.8	38.7	543	5.2	38.9	649	4.4	38.4
Bank tellers	449	6.6	40.0	450	6.7	40.0	-	_	-
Data entry keyers	563	2.6	39.9	563	2.8	40.0	-	-	-
Administrative support, n.e.c.	629	6.2	38.4	637	4.5	39.0	608	19.7	36.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

		Total		Pri	vate industry	<i>'</i>		ate and local povernment	
Occupation ³	Weekly (earnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mea
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	week
Blue collar	\$759	4.4	39.9	\$743	4.7	39.9	\$1,004	1.5	39.8
	Ψίσσ		00.0	Ψ1-10	7.7	00.0	Ψ1,004	1.5	00.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,052	3.6	40.0	1,042	4.0	40.0	1,173	4.3	39.
Bus, truck, and stationary	4.450	7.0	400	4 470		40.0			
engine mechanics	1,158	7.2	40.0	1,170	6.9	40.0	_	_	-
Heavy equipment mechanics	954 910	2.8 8.3	39.8 40.0	- 894	8.1	40.0	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers Electronic repairers, communications and	910	6.3	40.0	694	0.1	40.0	_	_	_
industrial equipment Mechanics and repairers,	1,063	6.4	39.6	1,063	6.4	39.6	-	_	-
n.e.c	743	8.2	40.0	740	8.5	40.0	_	_	-
Carpenters	1,236	7.0	39.8	1,200	9.1	39.7	_	_	-
Electricians Plumbers, pipefitters and	1,215	8.2	40.0	1,161	13.2	40.0	-	-	-
steamfitters	958	10.6	40.0	_	_	-	_	_	-
Supervisors, production	1,152	11.8	42.1	1,152	11.8	42.1	_	_	-
Tool and die makers Machinists Electrical and electronic	1,014 1,038	19.5 10.2	40.9 40.0	1,014 –	19.5 –	40.9 –	-	_	-
equipment assemblers	729	.9	40.0	729	.9	40.0	-	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers,									
and inspectors	572	2.5	39.8	572	2.5	39.8	-	_	-
Molding and casting machine operatorsLaundering and dry cleaning	411	10.4	40.0	411	10.4	40.0	-	-	_
machine operators Packaging and filling machine	384	5.8	39.2	384	5.8	39.2	-	-	-
operators Miscellaneous machine	548	6.3	39.9	548	6.3	39.9	-	_	-
operators, n.e.c.	634	15.7	39.7	634	15.7	39.7	_	_	-
Welders and cutters	663	7.4	40.0	663	7.4	40.0	_	_	-
Assemblers	509	13.5	40.0	509	13.5	40.0	_	_	-
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	445	10.7	39.8	445	10.7	39.8	-	_	-
Transportation and material	047	0.0	40.0	004	2.0	40.0	000	1.0	
moving Truck drivers	817 890	2.6 2.4	40.2 40.3	801 875	3.0 2.6	40.3 40.4	928	1.9	39
Industrial truck and tractor	030	2.4	40.5	0/3	2.0	40.4		-	
equipment operators	575	7.8	39.8	575	7.8	39.8	-	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and	562	12.4	39.7	542	13.0	39.7	850	6.2	40
gardeners, except farm	533	3.8	40.0	496	2.9	40.0	_	_	_
Construction laborers	1,079	12.7	40.0	-		-	_	_	-
Stock handlers and baggers Freight, stock, and material	550	14.6	39.7	541	15.2	39.7	-	_	-
handlers, n.e.c.	597	12.8	38.8	592	13.2	38.7	_	_	۱ ـ
Hand packers and packagers Laborers, except construction,	390	19.3	40.0	390	19.3	40.0	-	-	-
n.e.c	602	16.4	40.0	505	16.9	40.0	899	7.3	40
Service	580	2.3	38.9	425	2.7	38.4	980	2.1	40
Protective service	880	2.3	40.6	425 373	2.7	38.9	1,155	1.5	40.
Firefighting Police and detectives, public	1,258	1.5	47.6	-	-	-	1,258	1.5	47.
service	1,171	2.6	39.9	-	-	_	1,171	2.6	39

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	′		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly e	arnings		Weekly e	Weekly earnings		Weekly earnings		
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	\$891	3.4	39.8	_	-	_	_	-	_
Guards and police, except public service Food service Waiters, waitresses, and	378 421	3.4 7.6	38.6 38.9	\$369 422	3.0 7.9	38.8 39.0	_ \$398	- 12.6	- 35.4
bartenders Waiters and waitresses Waiters'/Waitresses'	261 230	19.7 25.4	37.7 37.2	261 230	19.7 25.4	37.7 37.2	<u>-</u> -	_ _	- -
assistants Other food service Supervisors, food preparation	299 478	14.9 7.4	39.3 39.3	299 483	14.9 7.8	39.3 39.6	_ 398	12.6	- 35.4
and service	611 453	13.3	39.3 38.8	652 456	10.8	40.0 39.1	-	_	_
preparation Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing	354 425 474 561	10.6 6.8 3.4 10.6	40.0 39.5 39.0 38.2	354 425 452 563	10.6 7.0 4.2 14.4	40.0 39.5 39.4 39.7	- - 594 -	- 4.9 -	36.7
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service	452 485	4.0 3.4	39.2 39.5	429 443	.8 4.1	39.4 39.8	619 615	5.2 1.2	38.0 38.8
Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners Personal service Service, n.e.c.	411 521 430 372	5.1 3.9 2.5 4.6	39.7 39.4 34.9 39.4	411 462 426 372	5.1 6.0 2.2 4.6	39.7 39.8 34.7 39.4	- 615 - -	1.2	38.8 - -

¹ Earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

⁵ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week relative of exercises.

week, exclusive of overtime.

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵
All excluding sales	\$46,887 46,104	3.2 3.0	2,000 1,996	\$45,996 44,938	4.0 3.7	2,052 2,052	\$50,799 50,799	1.7 1.7	1,772 1,772
White collar White collar excluding sales	56,148 55,943	3.7 3.2	1,960 1,946	57,624 57,639	4.6 4.1	2,055 2,055	51,194 51,194	3.8 3.8	1,639 1,639
Professional specialty and									
Professional specialty	64,976 66,267	5.4 6.4	1,822 1,794	71,072 74,682	7.6 9.4	2,045 2,058	54,618 54,746	4.5 4.7	1,443 1,433
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	78,017	7.2	2,142	77,897	7.5	2,149	-	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	81,164	11.2	2,130	81,164	11.2	2,130	_	_	_
Engineers, n.e.cMathematical and computer	70,456	4.0	2,065	72,528	3.8	2,080	-	_	_
scientists Computer systems analysts	72,083	4.2	2,134	72,194	4.2	2,134	-	_	_
and scientists Natural scientists	74,389 –	6.4	2,147 –	74,534 –	6.5 -	2,147	_ _		_
Health related	63,982	5.0	2,017	63,933	5.7	2,059	64,197	7.7	1,830
Registered nurses Teachers, college and university	59,330 101,321	3.0 25.3	2,008 1,564	58,685 118,032	3.1 26.9	2,052 1,701	62,201 64,755	2.6 6.2	1,810 1,263
Other post-secondary teachers	76,148	19.3	1,591	84,605	21.6	1,701	53,795	12.3	1,299
Teachers, except college and	52,731	E 0	1,348	51,389	3.3	1,667	E2 0 42	6.3	1,321
university Elementary school teachers	51,334	5.8 9.5	1,346	-	- -	- 1,007	52,843 51,597	10.0	1,321
Secondary school teachers	53,233	1.5	1,331	-	-	-	-	-	-
Teachers, n.e.cVocational and educational	62,520	5.0	1,682	-	_	_	-	21.6	1 725
counselorsLibrarians, archivists, and	49,639	14.3	1,806	-		_	46,988	21.6 9.4	1,725
curators Librarians	79,295 80,620	4.2 4.5	1,856 1,840	-	_	-	50,134 45,485	3.4	2,005 1,971
Social scientists and urban planners	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers	34,569	8.9	2,055	32,361	7.4	2,069	44,052	10.8	1,991
Social workers	34,569	8.9	2,055	32,361	7.4	2,069	44,052	10.8	1,991
Lawyers and judges Lawyers	146,579 146,726	13.0 13.0	2,200 2,201	178,325 178,325	6.7 6.7	2,254 2,254	55,269 54,605	9.1 9.9	2,045 2,044
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,	140,720	10.0	2,201	170,020	0.7	2,204	04,000	3.3	2,044
n.e.cTechnical	52,797 56,853	17.1 3.9	2,015 1,999	53,655 57,317	18.7 4.0	2,014 1,996	- 47,208	- 6.6	2 052
Clinical laboratory technologists and	00,000	0.5	1,000	07,017	4.0	1,550	47,200	0.0	2,002
techniciansRadiological technicians	49,659 60,147	2.2 4.0	2,080 2,080	49,775 60,395	2.3 3.9	2,080 2,080	-	_ _	_ _
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	44,687	12.4	2,076	45,545	12.9	2,076	_	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c. Computer programmers	68,275 77,069	12.9 9.0	2,107 2,261	77,069	9.0	2,261	_ _	_ _	_
	,		, -	,		, -			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	75,004	3.3	2,063	77,065	3.7	2,085	67,266	1.9	1,978
Executives, administrators, and managers	86,004	4.1	2,081	88,813	4.9	2,119	77,177	4.3	1,961
Administrators and officials,				, -					
public administration Financial managers Managers, marketing,	72,020 72,759	7.4 6.5	1,936 2,159	- 72,742	6.5	2,159	72,020 –	7.4	1,936 –
advertising, and public	02.000	12.6	2 446	02.000	10.6	2116			
relations	92,080	12.6	2,116	92,080	12.6	2,116	_	_	_

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
White collar –Continued									
Executive, administrative, and									
managerial -Continued									
Executives, administrators, and managers –Continued									
Administrators, education and									
related fields	\$76,838	6.2	1,958	\$43,212	25.2	2,095	\$81,177	7.2	1,94
Managers, medicine and	ψ. 0,000	0.2	.,000	ψ·σ,Ξ·Ξ	20.2	2,000	ψο.,		.,.
health	80,665	16.9	2,080	-	_	-	_	_	-
Managers, service									
organizations, n.e.c.	71,523	5.7	2,105	69,688	6.9	2,110	_	_	-
Managers and administrators,	00.400	4.0	0.447	00.000	4.0	0444			
n.e.c	92,430 64,401	4.8 4.1	2,117 2,045	93,223 66,584	4.9 4.3	2,114 2,055	- 54,471	2.8	2,00
Management related Accountants and auditors	57,260	3.6	2,045	57,529	2.9	2,055	56,445	11.3	1,97
Other financial officers	77,115	11.9	2,058	77,115	11.9	2,058	-		1,57
Personnel, training, and labor	77,110	11.0	2,000	77,110	11.0	2,000			
relations specialists	54,902	4.4	1,999	55,088	5.2	2,069	_	_	-
Purchasing agents and									
buyers, n.e.c.	71,641	17.9	2,080	73,806	19.0	2,080	_	_	-
Management related, n.e.c	54,281	2.9	2,012	54,985	3.0	2,004	_	_	-
0.1	57.540	47.0	0.050	57.540	47.0	0.050			
Sales	57,546	17.3	2,056	57,546	17.3	2,056	_	_	-
Supervisors, sales Securities and financial	52,147	18.2	2,068	52,147	18.2	2,068	_	_	_
services sales	151,556	22.1	2,080	151,556	22.1	2,080	_	_	_
Sales representatives, mining,	101,000		2,000	101,000		2,000			
manufacturing, and									
wholesale	53,207	.7	2,080	53,207	.7	2,080	_	_	-
Sales workers, other									
commodities	32,834	18.9	2,013	32,834	18.9	2,013	_	_	-
Administrative support including									
Administrative support, including clerical	33,906	2.6	2,005	34,441	2.7	2,045	31,459	8.5	1,82
Supervisors, general office	44,525	5.6	2,003	42,722	4.8	2,000	-	- 0.5	1,02
Secretaries	40,063	5.7	1,971	43,661	2.4	2,000	31,628	14.0	1,90
Receptionists	30,251	8.6	2,017	30,087	9.4	2,023	-	-	_
Information clerks, n.e.c	34,610	8.5	2,062	34,594	8.9	2,067	_	_	-
Order clerks	34,515	14.0	2,080	34,515	14.0	2,080	-	_	-
Personnel clerks, except	04.050		0.075	0.4.500	7.0	0.000			
payroll and timekeeping	34,953	7.7	2,075	34,568	7.8	2,080	-	-	4.00
Library clerks Records clerks, n.e.c	33,629	12.8	1,955	30,141	7.6	2,001	27,666	8.3	1,92
Bookkeepers, accounting and	33,029	12.0	1,955	30,141	7.0	2,001	_	_	_
auditing clerks	34,360	5.5	2,037	34,272	5.7	2,039	_	_	_
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	44,324	12.6	2,064	44,324	12.6	2,064	_	_	_
Billing clerks	33,947	10.8	2,028	33,947	10.8	2,028	_	_	-
Dispatchers	42,317	3.6	2,138	_	_	-	_	_	-
Traffic, shipping and receiving									
clerks	31,872	6.5	2,080	31,872	6.5	2,080	_	-	-
Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters,	29,741	5.4	2,063	29,315	5.5	2,067	_	_	_
examiners, and investigators	41,285	5.4	2,017	41,285	5.4	2,017	_	_	_
Investigators and adjusters,	+1,∠03	J.4	2,017	+1,∠0J	J. -1	2,017	_	_	-
except insurance	31,580	2.4	2,055	31,580	2.4	2,055	_	_	_
Bill and account collectors	36,088	11.3	2,072	-			_	_	_
General office clerks	29,923	4.8	1,985	28,248	5.2	2,025	32,513	4.4	1,92
Bank tellers	23,361	6.6	2,080	23,379	6.7	2,080	- '	_	-
Data entry keyers	29,285	2.6	2,073	29,300	2.8	2,080			
Administrative support, n.e.c.	32,701	6.2	1,998	33,109	4.5	2,028	31,595	19.7	1,91

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua hours
Blue collar	\$39,396	4.4	2,072	\$38,594	4.7	2,073	\$51,851	1.5	2,057
Precision production, craft, and	F 4 670	2.6	2.090	E4.4E0	4.0	2.004	60.071	4.2	2.077
repairBus, truck, and stationary	54,678	3.6	2,080	54,150	4.0	2,081	60,971	4.3	2,077
engine mechanics	60,238	7.2	2,080	60,843	6.9	2,080	_	_	_
Heavy equipment mechanics	49,599	2.8	2,071	-	_	_,-	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers Electronic repairers, communications and	47,314	8.3	2,080	46,508	8.1	2,080	-	-	_
industrial equipment Mechanics and repairers,	55,291	6.4	2,059	55,291	6.4	2,059	-	-	-
n.e.c	38,622	8.2	2,080	38,495	8.5	2,080	_	_	_
Carpenters	64,273	7.0	2,069	62,391	9.1	2,066	_	_	_
Electricians	63,179	8.2	2,080	60,359	13.2	2,080	-	-	-
Plumbers, pipefitters and	40.700	40.0	0.000						
steamfitters Supervisors, production	49,793 59,892	10.6 11.8	2,080 2,191	- 59,892	- 11.8	_ 2,191	_	_	_
Tool and die makers	52,733	19.5	2,131	52,733	19.5	2,131	_	_	
Machinists Electrical and electronic	53,959	10.2	2,080	-	-	-	-	-	-
equipment assemblers	37,927	.9	2,080	37,927	.9	2,080	_	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers,									
and inspectors Molding and casting machine	29,747	2.5	2,068	29,735	2.5	2,068	_	-	_
operatorsLaundering and dry cleaning	21,388	10.4	2,080	21,388	10.4	2,080	-	-	-
machine operators Packaging and filling machine	19,965	5.8	2,040	19,965	5.8	2,040	-	_	_
operators Miscellaneous machine	28,495	6.3	2,075	28,495	6.3	2,075	-	_	_
operators, n.e.c	32,948	15.7	2,067	32,948	15.7	2,067	_	_	-
Welders and cutters	34,486	7.4	2,080	34,486	7.4	2,080	_	_	-
Assemblers	26,481	13.5	2,080	26,481	13.5	2,080	_	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	23,144	10.7	2,070	23,144	10.7	2,070	-	-	_
Transportation and material									
moving	42,379	2.6	2,087	41,671	3.0	2,096	47,380	1.9	2,02
Truck driversIndustrial truck and tractor	46,300	2.4	2,097	45,522	2.6	2,099	_	_	_
equipment operators	29,885	7.8	2,068	29,885	7.8	2,068	-	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and	29,058	12.4	2,052	28,013	13.0	2,051	44,213	6.2	2,080
gardeners, except farm	24,784	3.8	1,860	22,485	2.9	1,812	_	_	_
Construction laborers	56,116	12.7	2,080		_		_	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	28,615	14.6	2,062	28,136	15.2	2,062	-	_	-
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	31.026	12.8	2,016	30.763	13.2	2,014	_	_	_
Hand packers and packagers Laborers, except construction,	20,306	19.3	2,080	20,306	19.3	2,080	-	_	_
n.e.c	30,902	16.4	2,054	25,830	16.9	2,046	46,741	7.3	2,080
Service	29,773	2.3	1,998	22,004	2.7	1,987	49.234	2.1	2,02
Protective service	45,130	2.9	2,080	19,373	2.5	2,020	58,848	1.5	2,112
Firefighting	65,442	1.5	2,475	-	_	-	65,442	1.5	2,475
Police and detectives, public	•								
	60,913	2.6	2,076				60,913	2.6	2,076

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	′		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵
Service -Continued									
Protective service –Continued									
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law									
enforcement officers	\$46,332	3.4	2,069	_	_	_	_	_	-
Guards and police, except	40.070		4.070	£40.40E	0.0	0.045			
public service	19,278	3.4	1,970	\$19,165	3.0	2,015	_ 	12.6	4 47
Waiters, waitresses, and	21,384	7.6	1,975	21,679	7.9	2,005	\$16,592	12.6	1,470
bartenders	13,505	19.7	1,947	13,505	19.7	1,947			
Waiters and waitresses	11,809	25.4	1,947	11,809	25.4	1,947			
Waiters'/Waitresses'	11,003	25.4	1,310	11,009	25.4	1,310		_	_
assistants	15,533	14.9	2,044	15,533	14.9	2,044	_	_	_
Other food service	24,117	7.4	1,984	24,756	7.8	2,027	16,592	12.6	1.476
Supervisors, food preparation	,		.,	,		_,			',
and service	29,153	13.3	1,874	32,262	10.8	1,979	_	_	_
Cooks	23,169	8.0	1,985	23,560	8.3	2,020	-	_	-
Kitchen workers, food									
preparation	18,404	10.6	2,080	18,404	10.6	2,080	_	_	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	22,081	6.8	2,054	22,105	7.0	2,054	_	_	-
Health service	24,447	3.4	2,011	23,515	4.2	2,051	29,209	4.9	1,806
Health aides, except nursing	27,971	10.6	1,906	29,260	14.4	2,065	_	_	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and					_				
attendants	23,480	4.0	2,040	22,319	.8	2,048	32,168	5.2	1,976
Cleaning and building service	25,217	3.4	2,055	23,032	4.1	2,067	31,965	1.2	2,018
Maids and housemen	21,391	5.1	2,063	21,391	5.1	2,063	- 24.005	-	204
Janitors and cleaners Personal service	27,091 22,148	3.9 2.5	2,050 1,795	24,000 22,156	6.0 2.2	2,070 1,806	31,965	1.2	2,01
Service, n.e.c.	19,356	2.5 4.6	2,049	19,356	4.6	2,049	_	_	-
Service, H.E.G	19,330	4.0	2,049	19,336	4.0	2,049	_	_	-

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

¹ Earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

⁵ Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, avaluation of contines.

exclusive of overtime.

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

	T	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
All		3.1	\$21.25	3.9	\$27.89	0.9
All excluding sales	22.12	3.0	20.93	3.8	27.91	.9
White collar	27.50	3.7	26.78	4.7	30.75	2.6
1	9.04	1.7	9.03	1.8	9.92	8.2
2	10.55	4.2	10.35	4.5	12.56	3.8
3		2.3	12.36	2.7	14.43	1.2
4		2.4	15.78	2.6	17.73	6.3
5		4.9	17.94	5.5	18.94	10.3
6		3.9	19.71	2.9	24.33	15.1
7		3.7	25.00	2.9	30.52	12.9
8		3.5	28.24	2.4	33.46	8.3
9		2.1	29.19	2.1	40.16	5.9
10 11		3.3 8.3	35.95 51.29	3.9 9.2	32.86 41.06	5.0 7.8
12			56.07	6.9	49.90	7.8
13		6.4 5.5	52.03	4.9	49.90	7.0
Not able to be leveled		7.7	40.69	8.1	37.02	10.1
White collar excluding sales		3.2	27.34	4.2	30.79	2.7
1		9.2	-	-	8.61	4.0
2		3.2	11.52	3.5	12.56	3.8
3		2.5	12.54	3.0	14.39	1.1
4		1.8	16.00	1.9	17.73	6.3
5		2.8	17.62	2.7	18.94	10.3
6		4.2	20.50	2.7	24.33	15.1
7		3.8	25.08	2.6	30.52	12.9
8	29.48	4.0	27.59	2.8	33.46	8.3
9	33.19	2.0	29.10	2.1	40.16	5.9
10	35.37	3.8	35.99	4.4	32.86	5.0
11	46.53	6.4	47.78	7.4	41.06	7.8
12	55.60	6.4	56.07	6.9	49.90	7.0
13		5.5	52.03	4.9		
Not able to be leveled	39.11	6.8	39.24	7.2	37.16	10.1
Professional specialty and technical		4.8	33.96	6.8	37.36	2.3
Professional specialty		5.5	35.47	8.2	37.71	2.5
5		9.5	14.96	11.1	16.18	5.1
6 7		12.2	20.79	8.9 6.0	30.52 32.41	16.3
8		7.9 6.1	24.64 28.49	4.1	35.66	14.5 9.0
9		3.4	29.76	2.5	41.91	6.6
10		7.3	35.30	7.4	24.24	6.9
11		10.4	48.46	11.3	34.49	7.7
12		11.5	64.47	11.9		
13		8.9	46.65	6.8	_	_
Not able to be leveled		19.7	64.63	19.9	_	_
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	36.43	8.6	36.25	8.9	_	_
9		7.4	39.34	7.7	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers		11.5	38.11	11.5	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.		3.7	34.87	3.8	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	33.78	4.2	33.83	4.2	_	_
7	27.77	5.1	27.78	5.1	_	_
9	29.81	2.5	29.81	2.5	_	_
11		5.7	41.13	5.7	-	-
Not able to be leveled		14.9	36.98	14.9	_	-
Computer systems analysts and scientists		6.5	34.72	6.5	_	_
7		5.7	28.18	5.7	_	_
9		3.4	29.94	3.4	_	_
11		2.5	42.52	2.5	_	-
Not able to be leveled		14.9	36.98	14.9	_	_
Natural scientists			-	_	-	
Health related		3.4	30.82	3.7	35.16	7.5
7		3.8	25.70	3.9	_	_
8		3.4	29.83	3.5	20.04	- 5 2
9	29.49	3.8	28.34	2.3	38.94	5.2

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

Occupation and level					State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
hite collar -Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued Health related –Continued						
10	\$35.16	12.1	_	_	_	_
Registered nurses	29.66	2.1	\$28.91	1.8	\$34.52	3.1
7	27.85	3.7	27.79	3.8	-	_
8	30.27	5.1	27.94	.8	_	_
9	28.73	2.6	28.30	2.2	_	_
Respiratory therapists	22.68	3.9	_	_	_	_
Teachers, college and university	63.17	21.7	68.07	25.3	50.80	9.1
9	55.14	7.8	_	_	58.59	5.4
10	28.41	11.6	_	-	-	_
11	40.36	7.9	38.77	13.9	41.85	9.5
12	62.71	22.1			-	_
Not able to be leveled	155.64	6.3	155.64	6.3		
Other post-secondary teachers	47.58	16.8	49.43	20.4	42.02	12.2
11	35.02	5.9	_	-	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	37.67	3.3	26.58	18.4	39.20	2.9
5	18.42	8.8	_	_	16.18	3.6
7	33.07	14.7	_	_	-	_
8	41.08	4.0	22.45	_	44.50	- 6.5
9	40.52	5.8	32.45	4.8	41.52	6.5
Elementary school teachers	39.65 42.22	5.6 10.5	_	_	40.15 –	5.9
9 Secondary school teachers	40.00	6.1	_	_	_	_
Teachers, n.e.c.	31.02	16.9	21.54	40.2	36.33	13.5
9	37.52	12.6	21.04		37.39	14.2
Vocational and educational counselors	27.49	15.8	_	_	27.24	23.6
Librarians, archivists, and curators	41.93	3.0	_	_	24.38	6.3
8	26.86	10.5	_	_	20.60	6.6
9	35.16	16.1	_	_	26.34	7.3
Librarians	42.91	3.2	_	_	22.61	.2
8	26.86	10.5	_	_	20.60	6.6
9	35.16	16.1	_	_	26.34	7.3
Social scientists and urban planners	41.17	18.0	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	16.83	9.8	15.67	8.2	22.00	11.8
8	21.97	12.0				
Social workers	16.84	9.8	15.67	8.2	22.12	11.8
8	21.97	12.0	_	_	_	
Lawyers and judges	66.62	11.8	79.11	6.1	27.03	10.1
11	62.14	16.4	70.11	-	_ 26.71	10.0
Lawyers	66.68 62.14	11.8 16.4	79.11	6.1	26.71	10.9
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	02.14	10.4	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	27.54	19.0	27.97	20.1	_	_
9	25.84	16.8	_	20.1	_	_
Technical	27.81	4.9	28.03	5.1	23.12	7.7
4	14.69	5.3	_	_	_	_
5	19.50	8.1	18.93	8.0	_	_
6	23.02	7.8	23.03	8.1	_	_
7	26.21	10.7	26.16	11.0	_	-
8	29.80	4.7	29.88	4.8	-	-
9	33.39	8.2	33.39	8.2	-	-
11	70.06	20.3	70.06	20.3	-	-
Not able to be leveled	25.76	7.4	25.76	7.4	-	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	23.98	1.8	24.03	1.9	-	-
5	20.52	16.7	20.56	17.0	-	_
Radiological technicians	28.44	3.0	28.54	3.0	-	-
Licensed practical nurses	19.27	6.3	19.28	6.4	-	-
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	21.05	14.2	21.33	14.8	-	-
4 Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	13.51 32.40	9.2 11.1	-	_	_	_

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
Computer programmers	\$34.66	10.3	\$34.66	10.3	_	_
Legal assistants	35.29	8.3	-	_	-	_
Evecutive administrative and managerial	36.40	3.2	37.01	3.7	¢22.07	2.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial	19.57	5.6	37.01 -	3.7	\$33.97 —	2.1
6	21.34	4.9	_	_	22.92	3.9
7	24.41	6.3	24.59	6.9	_	_
8	26.45	4.4	25.42	4.2	28.67	8.3
9	29.01	3.3	28.03	3.6	32.83	3.3
10	36.62	2.9	36.65	3.7	36.51	3.1
11	43.02	3.8	41.57	5.6	48.01	6.7
12	50.54	4.0	50.56	4.5	50.32	8.3
13	57.78	6.8	57.78	6.8	_	_
Not able to be leveled	44.07	5.1	44.94	5.7	37.93	10.1
Executives, administrators, and managers	41.37	4.2	41.97	5.2	39.35	4.5
8	26.40	8.1	24.98	10.4	_	_
9	29.04	5.9	27.17	7.1	33.55	4.0
10	36.10	3.9	35.77	4.8	_	_
11	43.67	3.8	41.22	5.6	48.01	6.7
12	50.77	7.0	50.85	8.4	50.32	8.3
13	57.70	7.0	57.70	7.0	_	_
Not able to be leveled	52.67	3.0	57.00	3.1	37.93	10.1
Administrators and officials, public administration	37.19	6.4		_	37.19	6.4
Financial managers	33.71	8.5	33.69	8.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	40.17	15.4	40.17	15.4	_	_
relations Administrators, education and related fields	43.51 39.24	11.8 7.3	43.51 20.62	11.8 23.5	- 41.83	8.9
11	46.33	4.1	20.02	23.5	46.52	4.4
Managers, medicine and health	38.78	16.9	_		40.32	4.4
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	33.98	4.8	33.03	5.6	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	43.74	5.5	44.17	5.7	_	_
8	26.61	7.5	24.95	7.8	_	_
9	29.21	4.5	29.21	4.5	_	_
11	39.83	1.2	39.83	1.2	_	_
12	49.43	10.3	49.77	10.4	_	_
Not able to be leveled	68.83	7.6	68.83	7.6	_	_
Management related	31.60	3.8	32.53	4.0	27.24	3.3
5	19.57	5.6	_	_	_	-
6	20.95	5.7	-	_	22.92	3.9
7	22.77	2.6	22.88	2.9	_	-
8	26.48	4.3	25.72	2.9	27.74	9.2
9	28.99	3.1	28.66	3.5	_	_
10	37.36	4.8	38.28	6.9	_	_
11	41.94	7.5	41.94	7.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	33.80	6.7	33.80	6.7	-	
Accountants and auditors	27.98	3.4	27.78	2.9	28.61	11.1
9 Not able to be leveled	29.00	4.5	28.53	5.4	_	_
Other financial officers	23.80 37.47	5.9 11.4	23.80 37.47	5.9 11.4	_	_
9	28.71	3.5	37.47 28.71	3.5	_	I -
11	42.82	7.6	42.82	7.6	_	
Personnel, training, and labor relations	12.02		12.02			
specialists	27.47	4.5	26.62	5.4	_	_
9	27.59	15.7	27.59	15.7	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	34.44	17.9	35.48	19.0	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	27.95	4.9	28.43	5.1	20.69	8.2
7	21.47	1.9	21.82	2.1	_	_
8	25.40	3.2	25.94	2.1	_	-
9	28.69	4.8	28.69	4.8		1

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
White collar -Continued						
Sales	\$24.28	15.1	\$24.31	15.1	_	_
1	8.56	2.7	8.54	2.8	_	_
2	8.72	8.4	8.72	8.4	_	-
3	11.41	6.4	11.27	7.5	_	_
4	14.62	11.3	14.62	11.3	_	_
5	20.51	40.7	20.51	40.7	_	_
6	18.13	7.1	18.13	7.1	_	_
8 9	33.04 31.97	10.2 7.0	33.04 31.97	10.2 7.0	_	_
Not able to be leveled	46.41	32.7	46.46	32.8	_	
Supervisors, sales	25.22	18.2	25.22	18.2	_	_
6	16.63	4.2	16.63	4.2	_	_
Securities and financial services sales	72.17	21.7	72.17	21.7	_	_
Not able to be leveled	73.58	41.9	73.58	41.9	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
and wholesale	25.58	.7	25.58	.7	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	13.92	10.7	13.92	10.7	_	_
1	8.69	3.7	8.69	3.7	_	_
Cashiers	9.09	7.4	8.97	7.4	_	_
2	8.84	11.6	8.84	11.6	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	16.48	2.5	16.39	2.7	\$16.97	7.2
1	10.36	9.2	_	_	8.61	4.0
2	11.67	3.2	11.52	3.5	12.56	3.8
3	12.94	2.3	12.61	2.8	14.39	1.1
4	16.52	1.8	16.16	1.8	17.75	6.6
5	17.89	3.6	17.75	3.1	18.73	17.1
6	19.92	3.5	20.06	3.8	18.79	8.9
7	25.46	2.9	25.62	3.0	24.34	13.1
Not able to be leveled	17.78 22.12	8.8 4.7	17.78 21.36	8.8 4.1	_	_
Supervisors, general office Secretaries	20.24	5.4	21.74	2.3	16.43	13.3
3	15.45	8.9	_	_	13.19	7.2
4	18.14	12.7	20.16	17.4	15.88	6.2
5	18.72	3.4	18.82	3.6	_	_
6	21.27	4.8	22.12	5.6	_	_
7	27.66	5.0	_	_	_	-
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	16.22	7.6	16.22	7.6	_	_
Receptionists	13.43	9.1	13.35	9.8	_	-
2	12.08	13.8	-	_	_	-
3	12.12	6.1	12.16	6.2	_	_
Information clarks in a a	15.99	9.0	16.46		_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	16.51 16.50	8.6	16.46	9.0	_	_
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	16.59 16.85	14.0 7.8	16.59 16.62	14.0 7.8	_	_
Library clerks	13.72	5.5	- 10.02	7.0	13.46	9.5
2	10.52	11.7	_		10.52	11.7
3	10.77	8.8	_	_	10.77	8.8
5	16.56	7.9	_	_	16.56	7.9
Records clerks, n.e.c.	16.98	13.4	14.91	7.7	22.99	22.0
4 Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	21.43 16.76	15.7 6.4	- 16.71	6.6	_	_
4	16.95	6.8	16.95	7.1	-	_
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	19.95	12.2	19.95	12.2	_	_
Billing clerks	16.74	12.6	16.74	12.6	_	_
Dispatchers	19.45	6.3	-	_	19.92	11.5
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	15.28	6.5	15.28	6.5	_	-
3	12.77	1.8	12.77	1.8	_	-
Stock and inventory clerks	13.41	8.9	13.20	9.0	_	-
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	20.47	65	20.47	65		
investigators and adjusters, except insurance	20.47	6.5	20.47	6.5	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.19	2.3	15.19	2.3	_	_

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical —Continued Investigators and adjusters, except insurance —Continued						
4	\$15.21	3.1	\$15.21	3.1	_	_
Bill and account collectors	15.20	22.9	15.01	24.1	_	_
General office clerks	14.71	4.7	13.62	4.0	\$16.85	5.2
2	12.13	5.9	12.01	6.7	_	_
3	12.87	4.8	12.16	5.2	14.19	2.9
4	16.34	4.2	14.63	4.1	17.73	1.7
Not able to be leveled	19.39	9.3	19.39	9.3	_	_
Bank tellers	10.93	8.8	10.93	8.9	_	_
2	9.92	3.7	9.92	3.7	_	_
Data entry keyers	14.10	2.6	14.05	2.8	_	_
Administrative support, n.e.c	16.66	5.8	16.72	5.9	16.47	14.9
4	14.63	8.4	14.68	8.9	_	-
5	16.67	16.4	_	-	_	_
6	18.89	7.2	_	-	_	_
N H	40.47	0.5	10.10		00.00	
Slue collar	18.47	3.5	18.10	3.8	23.99	2.3
1	9.87	7.2	9.46	6.8	20.28	11.1
3	12.92 15.83	3.3 6.9	12.27 15.54	3.6 7.3	19.22	5.4
4	18.91	4.0	18.79	4.2	20.50	10.9
5	20.47	3.9	20.33	4.2	21.84	5.2
6	24.84	4.8	24.82	5.1	25.10	6.0
7	29.16	2.7	28.88	3.1	31.75	2.7
8	30.39	3.4	29.79	2.9	-	
9	37.09	4.2	37.09	4.2	_	_
Not able to be leveled	23.48	9.6	23.48	9.6	-	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	26.14	3.5	25.94	3.9	28.44	1.9
4	15.44	5.6	15.54	6.2	_	_
5	20.82	4.1	20.71	4.6	_	_
6	26.66 29.44	7.0 2.5	26.60 29.15	7.5 2.8	32.05	2.0
8	32.07	2.5	31.31	1.2	32.05	2.0
9	37.09	4.2	37.09	4.2	_	
Not able to be leveled	28.52	5.1	28.52	5.1	_	_
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	28.96	7.2	29.25	6.9	_	_
7	33.43	13.5	33.43	13.5	_	_
Heavy equipment mechanics	23.94	3.2	-	-	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	22.75	8.3	22.36	8.1	_	_
7	23.74	1.0	23.74	1.0	_	_
Electronic repairers, communications and						
industrial equipment	26.85	5.6	26.85	5.6	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	18.30	7.9	18.23	8.1	_	_
7	23.16	8.0	23.21	8.3	_	-
Carpenters	31.06	6.9	30.19	8.9	_	_
7	30.79	7.9		-	_	_
Electricians	30.37	8.2	29.02	13.2	-	_
7	28.12	10.3	23.16	9.7	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	23.94	10.6	- 27.22	- 0.2	_	_
Supervisors, production	27.33	8.2 19.6	27.33 24.80	8.2 19.6	_	_
7	24.80 25.54	17.2	24.80 25.54	17.2	_	_
Machinists	25.54 25.94	17.2	25.54	17.2	_	l
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	18.23	.9	18.23	.9	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.38	2.7	14.37	2.7	_	_
1	10.34	2.8	10.34	2.8	_	_
2	12.69	5.8	12.69	5.8	_	_
		4.8	13.23	4.8		1

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Blue collar –Continued						
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors						
-Continued 4	\$16.76	1.1	\$16.76	1.1		
5	18.29	4.5	18.28	4.5	_	
Molding and casting machine operators	10.28	10.4	10.28	10.4	_	_
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	9.79	4.5	9.79	4.5	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	13.73	6.2	13.73	6.2	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	15.85	14.3	15.85	14.3	_	_
Welders and cutters	16.58	7.4	16.58	7.4	_	_
Assemblers	12.73	13.5	12.73	13.5	_	_
1	10.21	6.5	10.21	6.5	_	_
3	18.52	6.4	18.52	6.4	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.18	11.2	11.18	11.2	_	_
Transportation and material moving	19.99	2.9	19.58	3.4	\$22.64	3.4
2	13.85	8.6	11.83	5.1	_	_
3	17.11	9.1	15.80	8.1	_	-
4	22.44	3.3	22.48	3.3	_	_
5	20.64	3.3	-	_	_	_
6	26.52	8.9	26.66	9.8	_	_
Truck drivers	21.43	3.4	21.00	3.7	_	_
4	23.47	2.7	23.41	2.8	_	_
Bus driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	19.38 14.44	1.6 7.9	- 14.44	7.9	_	_
2	11.83	5.6	11.83	5.6	_	_
3	15.48	8.5	15.48	8.5	_	_
<u> </u>		0.0	.00	0.0		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	13.35	9.3	12.95	9.8	19.59	10.9
1	9.68	10.7	9.05	10.4	20.28	11.1
2	13.12	7.6	12.58	6.2	-	-
3	16.74	6.8	16.74	6.8	-	_
4	16.95	15.7	16.55	16.9	_	_
5	26.98	12.0			_	_
Not able to be leveled	23.12	24.7	23.12	24.7		
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	12.86	2.4	12.41	2.9	13.99	.8
1	13.56	5.1	-	-	_	_
2	12.57	10.3	_	_	_	_
Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and						
laborers, n.e.c.	22.18	16.9	-	_	_	_
Construction laborers	27.60	12.0	27.76	12.3	-	_
Stock handlers and baggers	12.68	14.4	12.49	14.9	-	_
1	9.28	6.7	9.28	6.7	-	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	13.90	11.9	13.78	12.1	-	_
1	11.55 17.40	15.4	11.17	16.5	_	_
3 Hand packers and packagers	17.49 9.77	11.3 19.0	17.49 9.77	11.3 19.0	_	_
1	8.68	19.0	8.68	19.0	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	11.55	10.7	9.85	7.9	20.51	15.7
1	10.59	18.1	8.23	12.8	22.72	6.7
ervice	13.46	2.7	10.21	2.3	23.35	2.8
1	8.22	4.7	7.89	4.3	13.11	8.3
2	9.78	4.1	9.31	3.3	13.32	11.3
3	10.45	2.5	9.83	2.9	15.49	9.3
4	13.29	4.5	13.24	5.2	13.60	7.5
5	21.07	7.2	20.78	18.0	21.28	3.3
6	20.84	4.3	-	-	22.77	2.4
7	25.63	2.5	_	_	27.61	1.4
8	30.44	1.7	_	-	30.33	1.7
9 Protective service	30.61 20.92	6.3	- 0.63		30.61	6.3
	70.97	3.7	9.63	2.8	27.45	2.6

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
ervice -Continued						
Protective service –Continued						
2	\$9.50	3.4			_	_
3	10.39	5.0	\$9.55	5.7	_	_
4	10.24	5.4	9.56	3.9		
5	21.67	3.6	_	-	\$22.90	0.2
6	22.77	2.4	_	-	22.77	2.4
7	27.70	1.2	_	-	27.70	1.2
8	30.33	1.7	_	-	30.33	1.7
9	30.61	6.3	_	-	30.61	6.3
Firefighting	25.93	2.7	_	_	25.93	2.7
Police and detectives, public service	29.30	2.9	_	_	29.30	2.9
7	27.18	7.2	_	_	27.18	7.2
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	22.22	,,				
Officers	22.39	3.3	- 0.64	_	- 12.00	
Guards and police, except public service	9.93	3.3	9.64	3.1	13.98	5.4
3	9.84	5.6	9.58	5.9		
Protective service, n.e.c.	13.41	26.4			17.35	14.2
Food service	9.49	5.8	9.44	6.1	10.75	6.0
1	6.73	2.2	6.72	2.3	_	_
2	8.60	7.5	8.52	7.8	_	_
3	8.91	12.3	8.80	12.8	_	_
4	13.12	9.7	13.78	9.9	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.84	13.1	5.85	13.1	_	_
1	5.25	13.8	5.25	13.8	_	_
2	7.36	28.6	7.41	28.6	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	4.87	17.6	4.88	17.7	_	_
2	6.21	30.2	6.25	30.4	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	7.29	13.8	7.29	13.8	_	_
1	6.43	19.5	6.43	19.5	-	
Other food service	11.15	4.9	11.17	5.2	10.92	7.1
1	8.42	3.7	8.42	3.8	_	_
2	9.36	3.2	9.25	3.2	_	_
3	9.74	10.4	9.64	10.9	_	_
Cuparisons food proporation and comics	13.17	9.4	13.85	9.5	_	_
Supervisors, food preparation and service	15.56	12.1	16.30	10.8	_	_
Cooks	11.35	10.2	11.33	10.6 19.3	_	_
	9.77	17.9	9.59	14.1	_	_
4	14.46	13.9 4.9	14.55 8.68	4.9	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.68				_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	10.40	5.0	10.39	5.2	_	_
1	8.87	7.0	8.85	7.1	16.00	- 25
Health service	11.88 10.46	3.2 1.7	11.27	3.5 1.4	16.08	3.5
3	11.21	2.2	10.30 11.02	1.4	_	_
4	13.34	9.5		12.2	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	13.34	9.5	12.61 12.70	12.2	Ξ	
3	11.71	6.4	12.70	12.0		
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.40	4.2	10.84	.9	- 16.12	7.0
2	10.58	2.3	10.39	1.9	-	
3	11.06	1.9	11.03	1.9	_	_
4	11.71	9.3	10.91	5.1	_	_
Cleaning and building service	11.87	3.5	10.80	4.1	15.24	1.5
1	10.74	5.8	10.15	6.2	14.36	3.2
2	12.22	7.5	10.71	4.0	15.17	4.7
3	13.34	10.0	_	_	16.27	9.5
Maids and housemen	10.37	4.9	10.37	4.9	-	-
1	10.35	6.7	10.35	6.7	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	12.47	4.4	10.91	5.8	15.24	1.5
1	11.05	7.9	9.94	7.9	14.36	3.2
2	13.01	7.6	10.95	4.3	15.17	4.7
_	13.40	10.2	_	ı _ l	16.27	9.5
3	13.40	10.2		'	10.27	0.0

Table 4-1. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 all workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 -Continued

Occupation and level	To	otal Priva		Private industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued Personal service –Continued 1	8.72 9.45 14.63 - 9.58	2.8 8.9 6.3 17.1 - 5.3 14.4 6.4 7.3 6.3	\$7.30 8.69 9.25 14.73 - 9.09 9.52 8.70 7.87	3.2 10.0 7.4 18.6 - 6.3 17.8 6.5 7.3	- - - - \$8.91 - - 10.40	 0.9 6.6

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay

nonproduction bonuses, and ups. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

information.

2 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

Occupation and level	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
All	\$23.44	3.2	\$22.41	4.0	\$28.66	1.1
All excluding sales	23.09	3.0	21.90	3.8	28.66	1.1
White collar	28.65	3.6	28.04	4.6	31.24	3.1
1	9.84	3.0	9.84	3.0	_	_
2	11.44	4.7	11.26	5.4	12.65	5.1
3	13.03	1.9	12.73	2.1	14.52	.8
4	16.38	2.4	16.02	2.6	17.78	6.5
5	18.19	5.4	18.02	6.0	19.20	11.4
6	20.27	3.9	19.65	2.8	24.31	15.2
7	26.02	3.6	24.98	3.0	31.40	10.4
8	30.00	3.7	28.35	2.4	33.67	8.4
9	33.44	2.1	29.18	2.3	40.29	6.2 5.3
10 11	35.38	3.4 8.4	35.95	3.9 9.3	32.60	7.8
12	49.87 55.60	6.4	51.48 56.07	6.9	41.06 49.90	7.0
13	53.76	5.6	51.54	5.1	49.90	'.0
Not able to be leveled	40.48	7.9	40.66	8.3	37.17	10.0
White collar excluding sales	28.75	3.2	28.05	4.2	31.24	3.1
2	12.21	3.9	12.12	4.8	12.65	5.1
3	13.13	2.0	12.81	2.3	14.52	.8
4	16.61	1.8	16.24	1.7	17.78	6.5
5	17.91	3.2	17.66	3.1	19.20	11.4
6	21.16	4.3	20.43	2.6	24.31	15.2
7	26.24	3.6	25.06	2.7	31.40	10.4
8	29.69	4.2	27.63	2.8	33.67	8.4
9	33.46	2.1	29.08	2.3	40.29	6.2
10	35.34	3.8	35.99	4.4	32.60	5.3
11	46.64	6.6	47.95	7.7	41.06	7.8
12	55.60	6.4	56.07	6.9	49.90	7.0
Not able to be leveled	53.76 39.02	5.6 6.9	51.54 39.15	5.1 7.3	- 37.17	10.0
But a decide a decide a decide de de	05.00		04.75		07.04	0.0
Professional specialty and technical	35.66 36.93	5.4 6.4	34.75	7.7 9.6	37.84	3.2 3.4
Professional specialty6	24.14	12.6	36.28 20.51	8.2	38.21 30.54	16.3
7	27.41	7.4	24.68	6.1	33.75	10.4
8	31.66	6.7	28.42	5.0	35.94	8.9
9	36.14	3.4	29.86	2.8	42.13	6.9
10	33.77	7.4	35.30	7.5	22.58	1.7
11	46.22	10.5	48.91	11.5	34.49	7.7
12	63.96	11.5	64.47	11.9	_	_
13	50.19	9.5	45.33	7.5	_	-
Not able to be leveled	64.65	19.7	65.54	19.9	-	-
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	36.43	8.6	36.25	8.9	_	-
9	38.35	7.4	39.34	7.7	_	-
Electrical and electronic engineers	38.11	11.5	38.11	11.5	_	-
Engineers, n.e.c.	34.12	3.7	34.87	3.8	_	-
Mathematical and computer scientists	33.78	4.2	33.83	4.2	_	_
7	27.77	5.1	27.78	5.1	_	_
9	29.81	2.5	29.81	2.5	_	_
11Not able to be leveled	41.13	5.7	41.13	5.7	_	_
Not able to be leveled Computer systems analysts and scientists	36.98 34.65	14.9 6.5	36.98 34.72	14.9 6.5	_	I -
7	28.17	5.7	28.18	5.7		_
9	29.94	3.4	29.94	3.4	_	_
11	42.52	2.5	42.52	2.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	36.98	14.9	36.98	14.9	_	_
Natural scientists	-	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	31.73	4.8	31.05	5.4	35.08	7.9
7	25.76	3.9	25.70	4.0	_	_
8	31.53	4.0	30.08	4.6	-	-
9	29.11	5.2	27.51	3.0	_	_
10	35.16	12.1	_	_	_	_
Registered nurses	29.55	3.0	28.60	2.7	34.36	3.5

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

— Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued Health related –Continued						
Registered nurses –Continued						
7	\$27.82	3.7	_ 	_	_	_
8 9	30.49 27.79	6.6 3.3	\$26.94 27.32	0.8 3.0	_	_
Teachers, college and university	64.80	21.6	69.39	24.3	- \$51.27	9.9
9	56.47	9.3	-	24.5	61.42	4.7
11	40.60	8.1	_	_	41.85	9.5
12	62.71	22.1	_	-	_	-
Not able to be leveled	155.64	6.3	155.64	6.3		
Other post-secondary teachers	47.86	17.0	49.72	19.9	41.41	12.2
11	35.17 39.11	6.1 3.9	30.82	- 4.1	- 39.99	- 4.1
Teachers, except college and university	40.74	6.0	30.82	4.1	39.99 41.79	6.7
Elementary school teachers	39.65	5.6	JZ.4J -	4.0	40.15	5.9
9	42.22	10.5	_	_	-	-
Secondary school teachers	40.00	6.1	-	_	-	_
Teachers, n.e.c.	37.17	13.2	-	-	-	_
Vocational and educational counselors	27.49	15.8	_	-	27.24	23.6
Librarians, archivists, and curators	42.73	4.1	-	_	25.00	7.6
9 Librarians	35.50 43.81	16.0 4.4	_		23.08	2.7
9	35.50	16.0	_	_	25.00	
Social scientists and urban planners	-	-	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	16.82	9.9	15.64	8.1	22.12	11.8
8	22.07	12.3	-	_	-	_
Social workers	16.82	9.9	15.64	8.1	22.12	11.8
8Lawyers and judges	22.07 66.62	12.3 11.8	- 79.11	6.1	_ 27.03	10.1
11	62.14	16.4	-	- 0.1	27.03 -	- 10.1
Lawyers	66.68	11.8	79.11	6.1	26.71	10.9
11	62.14	16.4	-	_	-	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	26.21	20.1	26.64	21.9	-	- 70
Technical4	28.44 14.97	5.3 4.7	28.71	5.6	23.00	7.3
5	19.48	8.8	18.88	8.8	_	_
6	22.84	8.3	22.91	8.7	_	_
7	26.19	13.7	26.13	14.1	-	-
8	31.09	1.7	31.21	1.7	-	-
11	70.63	21.3	70.63	21.3	-	-
Not able to be leveledClinical laboratory technologists and technicians	25.76	7.4	25.76	7.4	-	_
5	23.87 20.52	2.2 16.7	23.93 20.56	2.3 17.0	_	_
Radiological technicians	28.92	4.0	29.04	3.9	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	21.53	12.2	21.94	12.6	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	32.40	11.1	-	-	-	-
Computer programmers	34.09	11.1	34.09	11.1	-	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	36.36	3.2	36.96	3.8	34.01	2.1
5	19.57	5.6	_	-	-	_
6	21.34	4.9	24.50	- 60	22.92	3.9
7 8	24.41 26.45	6.3 4.4	24.59 25.42	6.9 4.2	_ 28.71	- 8.5
9	29.05	3.3	28.07	3.6	32.83	3.3
10	36.62	2.9	36.65	3.7	36.51	3.1
11	43.02	3.8	41.57	5.6	48.01	6.7
12	50.54	4.0	50.56	4.5	50.32	8.3
13	57.78	6.8	57.78	6.8	_	
Not able to be leveled	44.04	5.4	44.94	6.1	37.95	10.0

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percen
/hite collar –Continued						
Experience administrative and managerial Continued						
Executive, administrative, and managerial –Continued Executives, administrators, and managers	\$41.34	4.2	\$41.92	5.2	\$39.35	4.5
8	26.40	8.1	24.98	10.4	ψυσ.υυ —	4.5
9	29.04	5.9	27.17	7.1	33.55	4.0
10	36.10	3.9	35.77	4.8	-	_
11	43.67	3.8	41.22	5.6	48.01	6.7
12	50.77	7.0	50.85	8.4	50.32	8.3
13	57.70	7.0	57.70	7.0	_	_
Not able to be leveled	52.62	2.9	57.01	3.2	37.95	10.0
Administrators and officials, public administration	37.20	6.4	_	-	37.20	6.4
Financial managers	33.71	8.5	33.69	8.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	40.17	15.4	40.17	15.4	_	-
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public						
relations	43.51	11.8	43.51	11.8	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	39.24	7.3	20.62	23.5	41.83	8.9
11	46.33	4.1	-	-	46.52	4.4
Managers, medicine and health	38.78	16.9	_	-	_	_
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	33.98	4.8	33.03	5.6	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	43.66	5.5	44.09	5.7	_	_
8	26.61	7.5	24.95	7.8	_	_
9	29.21	4.5	29.21	4.5	-	_
11	39.83	1.2	39.83	1.2	_	_
12	49.43	10.3	49.77	10.4	-	_
Not able to be leveled	69.19	7.6	69.19	7.6	- 27.24	- 2.4
Management related5	31.49 19.57	3.9 5.6	32.39	4.0	27.24	3.4
6	20.95	5.7	_		22.92	3.9
7	22.77	2.6	22.88	2.9	22.92	3.9
8	26.47	4.4	25.72	2.9	27.75	9.5
9	29.07	3.2	28.74	3.6	_	_
10	37.36	4.8	38.28	6.9	_	_
11	41.94	7.5	41.94	7.5	_	_
Not able to be leveled	32.96	6.5	32.96	6.5	_	_
Accountants and auditors	27.98	3.4	27.78	2.9	28.61	11.1
9	29.00	4.5	28.53	5.4	-	_
Not able to be leveled	23.80	5.9	23.80	5.9	_	_
Other financial officers	37.47	11.4	37.47	11.4	_	_
9	28.71	3.5	28.71	3.5	_	_
11	42.82	7.6	42.82	7.6	-	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations						
specialists	27.47	4.5	26.62	5.4	-	-
9	27.59	15.7	27.59	15.7	-	-
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	34.44	17.9	35.48	19.0	_	-
Management related, n.e.c.	26.98	3.2	27.43	3.3	_	_
7 8	21.47 25.33	1.9 3.3	21.82 25.94	2.1 2.1	_	_
9	29.23	5.9	29.23	5.9	_	_
Sales	27.99	16.9	27.99	16.9	_	_
4	14.82	12.9	14.82	12.9	-	_
6	18.13	7.1	18.13	7.1	_	-
8	33.04	10.2	33.04	10.2	-	_
Not able to be leveled	46.46	32.8	46.46	32.8	-	_
Supervisors, sales	25.22	18.2	25.22	18.2	-	_
6	16.63	4.2	16.63	4.2	-	-
Securities and financial services sales Not able to be leveled	72.86	22.1	72.86	22.1	_	-
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	73.58	41.9	73.58	41.9	_	_
and wholesale Sales workers, other commodities	25.58 16.31	.7 17.2	25.58 16.31	.7 17.2	_	_
·						
Administrative support, including clerical	16.91	2.6	16.84	2.8	17.23	7.7

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

— Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued						
2	\$12.21	3.9	\$12.12	4.8	\$12.65	5.1
3	13.13	2.0	12.81	2.3	14.52	.8
4	16.67	1.9	16.32	1.8	17.79	6.8
5	17.96	3.9	17.81	3.4	18.89	18.8
6	19.92	3.5	20.06	3.8	18.78	8.9
7	25.41	2.9	25.56	3.0	24.34	13.1
Not able to be leveled	17.79	8.9	17.79	8.9	_	_
Supervisors, general office	22.12	4.7	21.36	4.1	_	_
Secretaries	20.32	5.8	21.83	2.7	16.61	14.3
3	13.98	3.9	-		_	
4	18.30	13.0	20.60	17.8	15.88	6.2
5	18.46	3.3	18.43	3.7	-	_
6	21.27	4.8	22.12	5.6	_	_
7	27.66	5.0	44.07	_ 0.5	_	-
Receptionists	15.00	8.6	14.87	9.5	_	_
4	15.99 16.79	9.0	- 16.74	-	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.		8.4 14.0	16.74	8.7 14.0	_	_
Order clerks Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	16.59 16.85	7.8	16.62	7.8	_	_
Library clerks	-	7.0	-	7.0	- 14.37	6.6
Records clerks, n.e.c.	17.20	14.0	15.07	8.7	-	0.0
4	22.02	15.4	-	-	_	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	16.87	6.5	16.81	6.6	_	_
4	16.98	6.9	16.95	7.1	_	_
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	21.48	12.3	21.48	12.3	_	_
Billing clerks	16.74	12.6	16.74	12.6	_	_
Dispatchers	19.79	4.7	_	_	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	15.32	6.5	15.32	6.5	_	_
3	12.77	1.8	12.77	1.8	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	14.41	5.8	14.18	5.8	-	_
investigators	20.47	6.5	20.47	6.5	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.37	2.9	15.37	2.9	_	_
Bill and account collectors	17.41	11.3	40.05	_	-	
General office clerks	15.07	4.8	13.95	4.3	16.90	5.0
-	12.98	5.1	12.23	6.2	14.18	2.9
4Bank tellers	16.41 11.23	3.9 6.6	14.73 11.24	3.9 6.7	17.73 –	1.7
2	10.09	2.7	10.09	2.7	_	_
Data entry keyers	14.13	2.7	14.09	2.7	_	_
Administrative support, n.e.c.	16.37	5.0	16.32	4.2	16.51	15.0
4	15.43	7.5	-	-	-	-
6	18.89	7.2	-	-	-	_
lue collar	19.02	4.3	18.62	4.6	25.20	1.4
1	10.38	10.8	9.90	10.1	22.53	6.6
2	12.98	3.3	12.28	3.7	-	_
3	15.92	7.0	15.61	7.4	_	_
4	19.01	4.0	18.80	4.2	24.28	7.1
5	20.26	2.8	20.09	3.0	21.84	5.2
6	25.21	4.7	25.21	5.0	25.10	6.0
7	29.16	2.7	28.88	3.1	31.75	2.7
8	30.39	3.4	29.79	2.9	-	-
9 Not able to be leveled	37.09 25.96	4.2 8.4	37.09 25.96	4.2 8.4	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	26.28	3.4	26.02	3.8	29.35	4.2
4	15.73	6.4	15.54	6.2	-	-
5	21.17	4.1	21.11	4.6	_	_
6	26.66	7.0	26.60	7.5	_	-
7	29.44	2.5	29.15	2.8	32.05	2.0

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

— Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Blue collar -Continued						
Precision production, craft, and repair -Continued						
8	\$32.07	2.6	\$31.31	1.2	_	_
9	37.09	4.2	37.09	4.2	_	_
Not able to be leveled	28.52	5.1	28.52	5.1	_	_
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	28.96	7.2	29.25	6.9	_	_
7	33.43	13.5	33.43	13.5	_	-
Heavy equipment mechanics	23.94	3.2			_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	22.75	8.3	22.36	8.1	_	_
7	23.74	1.0	23.74	1.0	_	_
Electronic repairers, communications and	26.05	F6	26.05			
industrial equipment	26.85 18.57	5.6 8.2	26.85 18.51	5.6 8.5	_	-
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	23.16	8.2	23.21	8.5	_	1
Carpenters	31.06	6.9	30.19	8.9	_	I -
7	30.79	7.9	30.19	0.9	_	I -
Electricians	30.37	8.2	29.02	13.2	_	_
7	28.12	10.3	23.16	9.7	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	23.94	10.6	_	-	_	_
Supervisors, production	27.33	8.2	27.33	8.2	_	_
Tool and die makers	24.80	19.6	24.80	19.6	_	_
7	25.54	17.2	25.54	17.2	_	_
Machinists	25.94	10.2	_	-	_	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	18.23	.9	18.23	.9	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.38	2.7	14.38	2.7	_	_
1	10.34	2.8	10.34	2.8	_	_
2	12.69	5.8	12.69	5.8	_	_
3	13.24	4.9	13.24	4.9	_	_
4	16.76	1.1	16.76	1.1	_	_
5	18.29	4.5	18.28	4.5	-	_
Molding and casting machine operators	10.28	10.4	10.28	10.4	_	-
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	9.79	4.5	9.79	4.5	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	13.73	6.2	13.73	6.2	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	15.94	15.1	15.94	15.1	_	_
Welders and cutters	16.58	7.4	16.58	7.4	_	_
Assemblers	12.73	13.5	12.73	13.5	-	_
1	10.21	6.5	10.21	6.5	_	_
3 Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	18.52 11.18	6.4	18.52 11.18	6.4	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.10	11.2	11.10	11.2	_	_
Transportation and material moving	20.31	2.8	19.88	3.3	\$23.45	1.6
2	13.97	9.6	11.84	5.6	-	-
3	17.11	9.1	15.80	8.1	-	_
4	22.74	3.2	22.50	3.3	_	-
5	20.64	3.3	-	_	-	-
6 Truck drivers	26.52	8.9	26.66	9.8	-	_
4	22.08 23.49	3.0	21.69	3.3	-	-
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	23.49 14.45	2.8 7.9	23.44 14.45	2.8 7.9	_	_
3	15.48	8.5	15.48	8.5	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	14.16	12.4	13.66	13.0	21.26	6.2
1	10.38	17.6	9.57	16.8	22.53	6.6
2	13.35	7.7	12.61	6.7	_	- 0.0
3	17.02	6.7	17.02	6.7	_	_
4	16.96	15.7	16.55	16.9	_	_
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	13.32	3.8	12.41	2.9	-	_
Construction laborers	26.98	12.7	-		-	-
Stock handlers and baggers	13.87	14.3	13.64	14.9	-	-
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	15.39	10.9	15.27	11.3	-	-
9 1	14.28	5.8	13.77	4.2	_	_
1	14.20	0.0				

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	Total		Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Blue collar –Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers						
Continued Hand packers and packagers	\$9.76	19.3	\$9.76	19.3	_	_
1	8.68	19.5	8.68	19.5	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	15.05 14.07	16.4 27.1	12.63 9.89	16.9 25.7	\$22.47 -	7.3
Service	14.90	2.2	11.07	2.4	24.32	2.6
1	9.15	7.2	8.71	7.1	14.37	2.4
2	10.84	3.9	10.27	1.9	15.41	12.5
3	10.77	2.4	10.07	2.7	15.69	9.6
4	13.73	4.7	13.72	5.4	13.83	8.7
5	21.66	8.2	21.52	21.9	21.75	3.1
6	21.18	5.0	_	_	23.51	1 .1
7 8	25.71 30.44	2.4	_		27.74 30.33	1.1
9	30.44	6.3	_	_	30.33	6.3
Protective service	21.69	3.0	9.59	4.8	27.86	2.3
3	10.46	5.1	9.58	5.9	-	_
6	23.51	.1	_	_	23.51	.1
7	27.84	1.0	_	_	27.84	1.0
8	30.33	1.7	_	-	30.33	1.7
9	30.61	6.3	_	_	30.61	6.3
Firefighting	26.45	1.1	_	_	26.45	1.1
Police and detectives, public service 7	29.34 27.18	2.8 7.2	_	_	29.34 27.18	2.8 7.2
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	22.39	3.3	_	_	_	_
Guards and police, except public service	9.78	5.0	9.51	5.3	_	_
3	9.84	5.6	9.58	5.9	_	_
Food service	10.83	6.7	10.81	7.0	11.24	12.0
1	7.42	5.2	7.40	5.2	_	_
2 3	10.34 9.28	4.4 12.3	10.34 9.16	4.5 13.0	_	_
4	13.13	9.6	13.80	9.8	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.93	16.6	6.93	16.6	_	_
1	5.90	22.5	5.90	22.5	_	_
2	9.78	18.8	9.78	18.8	_	-
Waiters and waitresses	6.18	24.0	6.18	24.0	-	-
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	7.60	12.7	7.60	12.7		-
Other food service	12.16	6.9	12.21	7.2	11.24	12.0
1	8.68	7.2	8.66	7.2	_	-
3	10.83	6.6	- 10.34		_	_
4	10.43 13.17	9.1	10.34 13.85	9.7 9.5	_	
Supervisors, food preparation and service	15.17	12.1	16.30	10.8	_	_
Cooks	11.67	8.8	11.67	9.2	_	_
3	10.35	15.0	10.18	16.7	_	-
4	14.46	13.9	14.55	14.1	_	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.85	10.6	8.85	10.6	-	-
Food preparation, n.e.c.	10.75	6.0	10.76	6.1	-	_
1	8.86	8.3	8.83	8.3	-	
Health service	12.16	3.4	11.46	4.1	16.18	3.5
2 3	10.60 11.52	2.2 4.6	10.41 11.29	1.9 4.0	_	_
4	13.33	9.9	12.55	12.9	_	
Health aides, except nursing	14.67	9.7	14.17	13.8	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.51	4.4	10.90	.9	16.28	6.4
2	10.72	2.3	10.50	1.8	_	-
3	11.21	4.1	11.18	4.1	_	-
Cleaning and building service	12.27	3.6	11.14	4.0	15.84	2.2

Table 4-2. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 full-time workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued						
Cleaning and building service –Continued						
1	\$11.10	5.5	\$10.45	5.8	_	_
2	12.35	9.1	10.70	4.1	\$16.60	8.0
3	14.44	9.9	_	_	16.27	9.5
Maids and housemen	10.37	4.9	10.37	4.9	_	_
1	10.35	6.7	10.35	6.7	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	13.21	4.2	11.59	5.9	15.84	2.2
1	11.84	6.7	10.58	7.1	_	_
2	13.33	10.0	10.94	4.5	16.60	8.0
3	14.44	9.9	_	_	16.27	9.5
Personal service	12.34	8.3	12.27	8.8	_	_
1	7.87	1.8	7.87	1.8	_	_
3	9.93	7.4	9.69	9.2	_	_
4	16.18	23.5	16.20	24.7	_	_
Service, n.e.c.	9.44	3.3	9.44	3.3	_	_

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

information.

2 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more

information. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval"

around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percen
All excluding sales	\$12.38 12.94	6.0 7.0	\$12.06 12.63	6.7 7.9	\$15.65 15.69	4.2 4.2
Vhite collar	16.38	5.0	16.02	5.7	20.18	2.5
1	8.37	5.0	8.32	5.1	9.92	8.2
2	9.49	7.2	9.38	7.7	12.22	13.1
3	11.19	11.0	10.79	12.5	13.91	5.6
4	13.66	4.6	13.65	4.7	14.15	2.0
5	16.86	5.9	16.95	7.5	16.45	5.4
6	25.42	9.3			_	_
7	23.24	8.1	25.71	5.1	-	-
8	27.01	5.9	27.18	6.4	25.47	7.3
9 Not able to be leveled	30.02 41.48	2.8 12.2	29.24 41.81	2.4 12.0	35.73	5.4
White collar excluding sales	19.77	4.3	19.67	4.8	20.51	2.5
1	-		-	- 4.0	8.61	4.0
2	10.71	4.0	10.57	4.4	12.22	13.1
3	11.56	12.5	11.24	14.5	13.46	5.0
4	13.76	5.8	13.75	6.0	14.15	2.0
5	17.04	6.0	17.17	7.8	16.45	5.4
6	25.42	9.3	_	_	_	_
7	23.24	8.1	25.71	5.1		-
8	27.01	5.9	27.18	6.4	25.47	7.3
9 Not able to be leveled	30.08 41.77	3.0 12.0	29.26 41.81	2.6 12.0	35.73	5.4
Drefessional anasials, and technical	26.05	1.0	26.00	1.6	26.66	40.0
Professional specialty and technical	26.95 28.01	1.9 2.8	26.99 28.27	1.6 2.9	26.66 26.67	10.2 10.5
5	15.86	3.2	20.27		15.86	6.6
7	20.05	9.4	_	_	- 10.00	
8	28.46	2.1	28.80	1.8	24.54	9.1
9	30.19	3.4	29.30	2.6	35.73	5.4
Health related	30.23	3.5	30.00	3.5	_	_
8	29.06	2.6	29.10	2.6	_	_
9	30.25	3.4	29.85	2.7	_	_
Registered nurses	29.99	1.5	29.73	1.4	_	_
8	29.59	.3	29.65	.0	_	_
9 Teachers, college and university	30.24 40.02	3.4 4.6	29.84	2.7		_
Teachers, except college and university	18.03	9.4	_	_	20.90	7.5
5	16.77	5.6	_	_	15.86	6.6
Teachers, n.e.c.	18.40	16.5	_	_	25.94	3.1
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.73	.2	_	_	20.73	.2
Librarians	20.73	.2	_	_	20.73	.2
Social scientists and urban planners	-	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	-	_	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c	_ 21.83	- 5.8	_ 21.75	- 5.9	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	_	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management related	-	_	_	-	_	_
Sales	9.14	7.2	9.06	7.3	_	_
1	7.96	3.7	7.91	3.7	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	8.34 8.63	10.6 1.7	8.34 8.63	10.6	_	_
Cashiers	8.63 8.37	10.4	8.63 8.15	1.7 10.3	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	12.78	3.2	12.70	3.8	13.52	3.5
1	-	-	-		8.61	4.0
2	10.71	4.0	10.57	4.4	12.22	13.1
3 4	11.87 14.29	11.7	11.57 14.29	13.9	13.46	5.0
¬	14.23	5.5	14.23	5.7	_	

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Winte Conar -Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued	¢47.40	0.0			647.04	0.0
5	\$17.12	9.0	_ 	- 1	\$17.01	6.6
Secretaries	18.89	12.2	\$20.52	12.3	-	-
Library clerks	13.14	14.0	_	- 1	13.14	14.0
2	9.80	8.6	_	-	9.80	8.6
3	10.77	8.8	-		10.77	8.8
General office clerks	12.51	7.2	12.26	7.3	_	_
Administrative support, n.e.c	18.52	25.4	_	-	-	_
Blue collar	10.69	14.0	10.34	15.6	13.78	18.9
1	7.61	6.4	7.57	6.5	9.01	6.4
2	11.13	6.8	11.83	3.6	_	_
3	13.00	11.3	13.00	11.3	-	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	_	_	-	-	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	_	_	-	_	-	_
Transportation and material moving	13.16	21.6	9.19	23.2	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.19	16.5	10.25	17.0	8.80	4.3
1	7.66	6.7	7.61	6.9	9.01	6.4
Stock handlers and baggers	8.40	9.2	8.40	9.2	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	10.01	15.3	10.01	15.3	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	7.12	4.9	-	_	_	_
Service	7.87	4.3	7.61	4.4	10.66	2.3
1	6.51	5.6	6.45	6.0	8.20	3.6
2	7.81	7.9	7.45	8.8	10.10	4.1
3	8.63	2.8	8.64	2.9	-	
4	9.69	9.3	9.42	10.5	_	_
5	15.36	2.6	5.42	10.5	14.98	5.4
Protective service	10.39	7.7	9.86	10.3	12.03	7.8
4	9.83	9.6	-	10.5	-	
Guards and police, except public service	11.16	8.6	10.77	10.2	_	_
	8.82	6.7	10.77	10.2	10.49	4.5
Protective service, n.e.c		8.3	6.25	8.2	10.49	4.5
	6.39				_	_
1	5.74 7.03	6.3 14.8	5.72 6.75	6.3 15.8	_	_
2 Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	7.03 4.41	-		2.9	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders		3.0	4.41	2.9	_	_
Other food service	3.91	.2 2.9	- 7.85	2.6	_	_
	8.01	4.6		2.6 4.7	_	_
1	7.84		7.88		_	_
2	8.35	4.7	8.05	4.6		_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.85	12.0	8.30	13.8	_	_
Health service	10.32	4.6	10.32	4.7	_	_
2	9.91	5.2		-	_	_
3	10.06	4.5	10.06	4.5	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.40	9.7	10.41	10.0	_	-
Cleaning and building service	_	_	_	-	_	-

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service -Continued						
Personal service	\$7.88	2.9	\$7.67	2.9	\$10.29	8.6
1	6.98	3.3	6.88	3.6	_	_
2	7.56	9.3	_	_	_	_
3	8.00	2.8	7.97	2.8	_	_
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	_	_	_	_	8.91	.9
Welfare service aides	8.11	6.8	8.11	6.8	_	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	7.51	7.4	_	-	-	_
Service, n.e.c.	7.91	8.7	7.83	8.8	10.40	6.6

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

4 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-1. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

		Private indu	ustry and Sta	ate and local o	government				
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵			
	Mean								
All occupations	\$23.44 23.09	\$12.38 12.94	\$23.70 23.79	\$21.71 21.37	\$21.86 22.03	\$31.83 25.65			
White collar	28.65 28.75	16.38 19.77	30.48 31.12	27.03 27.52	26.94 27.97	37.02 34.46			
Professional specialty and technical	35.66 36.93 28.44	26.95 28.01 21.83	40.07 38.63 78.92	33.29 35.28 24.78	34.87 36.12 27.84	- - -			
Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	36.36 27.99 16.91	9.14 12.78	32.38 - 16.53	36.56 24.63 16.47	35.89 19.13 16.56	50.16 37.94 11.54			
Blue collar	19.02 26.28 14.38	10.69 - -	22.31 28.91 16.32	14.61 22.32 13.23	18.36 26.21 14.27	20.88 25.37			
Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	20.31 14.16	13.16 10.19	21.77 18.64	16.47 9.14	20.01 13.45	_			
Service	14.90	7.87	19.29	10.30	13.46	-			
	Relative error ⁶ (percent)								
All occupations	3.2 3.0	6.0 7.0	2.6 2.5	4.6 4.5	2.9 3.0	16.1 15.1			
White collar	3.6 3.2	5.0 4.3	3.5 3.1	4.3 3.7	3.2 3.1	18.8 20.2			
Professional specialty and technical	5.4 6.4 5.3	1.9 2.8 5.8	3.9 3.3 27.0	6.5 7.7 2.7	4.8 5.6 4.9	- - -			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	3.2 16.9 2.6	7.2 3.2	5.2 - 5.1	3.3 15.7 2.8	2.8 11.5 2.4	16.5 26.2 8.8			
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine progretary assemblers and inspectors	4.3 3.4 2.7	14.0	3.0 3.2 6.0	6.9 6.6 4.3	3.9 4.6 2.6	23.2 28.7			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2.7 2.8 12.4	21.6 16.5	3.0 9.0	7.9 7.1	3.0 9.5	- -			
Service	2.2	4.3	6.3	3.1	2.7	_			

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more intermatics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

information. 3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

Onlon workers are those whose wages are determined unlocal collective bargaining.

5 Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses. 6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-2. Major industry division: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

				Fu	II-time an	d part-tir	ne workers			
		Good	ls-produc	ing indus	stries ³		Service-	producing in	dustries ⁴	
Occupational group	All private industries	Total	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Total	Transport- ation and public util- ities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Serv- ices
						Mean				•
All occupations	\$21.25	_	_	_	_	_	\$24.56	_	_	_
All excluding sales	20.93	_	-	-	_	_	24.41	_	_	_
White collar	26.78	_	_	_	_	_	28.15	_	_	_
White-collar excluding sales	27.34	_	-	_	_	_	28.01	_	_	_
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty		_ _	_	-	_	-	47.87 33.69	_	_	_
Technical		_	_	_	_	_	81.07	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial		_	-	-	-	_	35.39	-	-	-
Sales Administrative support, including clerical		_	_	_	_	_	– 17.87	_	_	-
Administrative support, including ciencal	10.39	_	_	_	_	_	17.07	_	_	_
Blue collar		_	_	-	-	_	22.13	_	_	-
Precision production, craft, and repair		_	-	_	-	_	28.75	_	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.37	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
Transportation and material moving	19.58	_	_	-	-	_	20.27	_	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and										
laborers	12.95	_	_	_	_	_	17.27	_	_	_
Service	10.21	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
					Relative	e error ⁵ (percent)	l		
All occupations	3.9	_		_		_	3.9	_	_	_
All excluding sales		_	_	_	_	_	4.1	_	_	_
White collar	4.7	_	_	_	_	_	4.6	_	_	_
White-collar excluding sales	4.2	_	-	-	_	-	5.0	_	_	_
Professional specialty and technical		_	_	_	_	_	4.8	_	_	_
Professional specialty		_	-	_	-	_	8.2	_	_	-
Technical		_	_	_	_	_	12.5	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	3.7	_	-	-	-	_	6.3	_	_	-
Sales		_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Administrative support, including clerical	2.7	_	_	-	_	_	4.0	_	_	-
Blue collar	3.8	_	_	_	_	_	4.8	_	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	3.9	_	_	_	-	_	2.0	_	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Transportation and material moving	3.4	_	-	_	-	-	5.5	_	-	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.8	_	_	_	_	-	1.7	_	_	_
Service	2.3	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
³ Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

⁴ Service-producing industries include transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

		Full-time	and part-time	e workers			
Occupational group	All private		100	workers or r	nore		
Occupational group	industry workers	50 - 99 workers ³	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more		
			Mean				
All occupations	\$21.25 20.93	\$17.48 17.45	\$22.39 21.93	\$20.59 19.86	\$24.29 24.02		
White collar		19.62 20.68	28.29 28.41	25.91 25.61	30.41 30.62		
Professional specialty and technical	35.47 28.03	25.11 26.61 18.74 30.81 17.70 15.14	34.95 36.47 29.00 37.80 27.61 16.67	30.00 31.41 23.88 37.40 27.08 16.27	37.23 38.87 31.08 38.19 28.55 17.11		
Blue collar	25.94 14.37	19.43 28.30 12.78 19.07 15.11	17.53 24.75 14.97 19.87 12.21	16.81 24.34 13.72 17.05 12.72	18.70 25.43 18.28 23.65 11.66		
		IRelat	ive error ⁴ (p	ercent)			
All occupations All excluding sales		3.6 6.0	4.6 4.5	6.9 5.6	5.8 5.8		
White collar	4.7 4.2	8.5 4.9	4.3 4.3	9.3 7.1	5.4 5.2		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	8.2 5.1	9.3 10.9 3.4 6.5 21.8 5.9	5.9 7.4 5.8 3.8 12.3 3.1	9.0 11.5 8.1 6.7 26.2 5.0	6.3 7.5 7.8 4.1 19.1 4.0		
Blue collar	3.9 2.7 3.4 9.8	6.5 6.2 9.1 8.2 23.5	5.6 3.0 4.7 4.2 11.2	4.7 5.7 8.2 5.6 8.0	12.4 6.3 7.2 2.5 22.7		
Service	2.3	5.5	3.1	5.4	5.1		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain

establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~6-1.~\mbox{Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs,} \mbox{1 all workers:} \mbox{2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005}$

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$8.49	\$11.45	\$18.54	\$28.73	\$38.25
All excluding sales		11.60	18.69	28.85	37.97
White collar	11.00	15.39	23.08	33.17	46.63
White collar excluding sales	12.21	16.13	24.06	34.00	47.41
Professional specialty and technical	17.22	24.06	30.77	39.93	53.44
Professional specialty		25.72	31.56	41.81	54.95
Engineers, architects, and surveyors		28.20	36.06	44.38	48.08
Electrical and electronic engineers Engineers, n.e.c.		25.96 27.26	40.82 35.18	46.19 39.85	51.60 42.55
Mathematical and computer scientists		26.44	31.25	38.51	46.43
Computer systems analysts and scie	entists 22.84	26.68	31.50	41.25	47.48
Health related	22.45	25.53	29.25	34.50	40.16
Registered nurses		26.00	29.22	32.69	37.08
Respiratory therapists		20.39	23.64	24.42	25.80
Teachers, college and university		33.64	44.94	63.63	134.62
Other post-secondary teachers		29.16	38.77	59.44	85.62
Teachers, except college and university	·	29.74 31.25	36.12 38.03	45.55 46.81	53.70 54.31
Elementary school teachers Secondary school teachers		32.41	37.73	47.09	54.84
Teachers, n.e.c.		22.33	33.56	37.73	50.37
Vocational and educational counseld		16.65	22.64	38.15	43.08
Librarians, archivists, and curators		27.25	47.61	54.95	54.95
Librarians	22.56	27.00	54.95	54.95	54.95
Social scientists and urban planners		30.71	35.43	49.80	60.35
Social, recreation, and religious worker		12.71	15.91	18.35	24.53
Social workers		12.71	15.91	18.35	24.53
Lawyers and judges		52.08	69.05	84.64	103.85
Lawyers		52.08	69.05	84.64	103.85
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, professionals, n.e.c.		19.00	22.01	32.31	42.50
Technical		17.31	23.65	31.02	40.18
Clinical laboratory technologists and		16.57	20.90	28.93	42.22
Radiological technicians		25.25	29.00	31.15	35.51
Licensed practical nurses	17.00	17.00	19.00	22.05	23.05
Health technologists and technicians	, n.e.c 12.50	14.05	19.37	26.47	33.85
Engineering technicians, n.e.c		28.05	28.97	31.00	51.87
Computer programmers		30.39	32.58	40.34	43.17
Legal assistants	20.28	28.95	35.17	41.18	46.18
Executive, administrative, and manageria		24.66	32.50	42.64	54.69
Executives, administrators, and manag		29.52	36.65	48.08	65.64
Administrators and officials, public ad Financial managers		32.06 23.87	35.23 32.74	40.65 40.14	44.54
Managers, marketing, advertising, ar		23.07	32.74	40.14	54.55
relations	•	35.70	42.78	50.49	59.53
Administrators, education and related	d fields 16.47	27.97	43.12	47.53	55.11
Managers, medicine and health		34.08	36.65	41.02	47.04
Managers, service organizations, n.e		30.92	32.63	34.69	38.36
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.		29.57	36.54	53.15	71.80
Management related		23.24	28.51	35.23	47.95
Accountants and auditors Other financial officers		23.08 25.93	27.79	31.33	35.70 62.50
Personnel, training, and labor relation	ns	17.85	31.30 28.00	39.00 32.19	37.40
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.o		22.06	26.92	47.95	54.60
Management related, n.e.c.		21.98	24.46	30.04	39.59
Sales	7.60	9.80	16.30	25.96	41.03
Supervisors, sales		15.65	19.70	30.82	43.27
Securities and financial services sale Sales representatives, mining, manu	es 17.59	28.13	36.06	72.11	142.29
and wholesale	19.68	20.93	22.74	25.96	27.62
Sales workers, other commodities	7.60	8.01	9.75	20.16	24.38
Cashiers	6.75	7.25	8.51	10.10	12.26
	l l				
Administrative support, including clerica Supervisors, general office		12.38 19.18	15.43 21.99	19.61 23.03	23.91 26.33

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar	r –Continued					
	rative support, including clerical –Continued ecretaries	\$13.27	\$15.48	\$19.38	\$24.10	\$30.16
	ansportation ticket and reservation agents	9.47	12.38	16.27	20.43	20.56
	eceptionists	9.00	11.00	12.65	16.38	18.63
	formation clerks, n.e.c.	10.87	12.93	15.91	19.27	22.76
	der clerks	9.30	11.48	15.15	19.23	25.83
	ersonnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	12.50	15.43	16.50	16.50	23.6
	prary clerks	9.10	12.05	13.01	16.62	17.78
	ecords clerks. n.e.c.	9.23	12.34	16.21	21.43	27.08
	ookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	12.03	13.12	16.11	19.47	22.1
	ayroll and timekeeping clerks	11.98	12.95	19.62	22.55	34.4
	lling clerks	9.28	13.00	14.82	20.79	25.5
	spatchers	15.04	17.75	20.00	21.44	21.8
	affic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.15	11.40	14.50	19.23	22.3
	ock and inventory clerks	8.50	10.85	14.04	14.50	17.59
	surance adjusters, examiners, and	2.00				
	investigators	14.41	15.95	17.85	26.26	29.3
Inv	vestigators and adjusters, except insurance	11.83	13.57	15.11	16.29	19.1
	l and account collectors	8.00	8.37	16.82	19.19	20.0
Ge	eneral office clerks	10.00	11.44	14.15	16.96	19.1
	ank tellers	8.79	9.27	10.50	12.50	13.8
	ata entry keyers	11.25	12.50	12.85	14.75	15.6
Ac	Iministrative support, n.e.c.	11.78	12.75	15.70	19.42	22.7
lue collar		8.18	10.73	17.58	24.25	30.6
	production, craft, and repair	13.96	19.83	27.00	31.97	36.0
	is, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.55	21.28	28.57	42.33	42.3
	eavy equipment mechanics	22.61	23.40	23.40	24.36	28.20
	dustrial machinery repairers	15.14	18.07	24.23	24.25	31.0
EI	ectronic repairers, communications and	00.04	04.04	05.45	00.00	
	industrial equipment	23.81	24.01	25.45	30.03	30.9
	echanics and repairers, n.e.c.	8.69	12.55	16.40	24.33	27.9
	arpenters	18.80	27.00	34.32	35.12	37.8 34.9
	ectricians	19.83 19.83	26.31 19.83	32.65 20.79	34.95 27.63	27.6
	umbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	18.27	18.83	31.31	36.18	36.4
	ool and die makers	14.11	18.87	27.00	29.78	32.5
	achinists	20.08	20.65	24.38	35.50	35.7
	ectrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.80	12.79	18.93	22.38	28.7
Machine	operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.70	10.09	12.98	17.60	21.9
	olding and casting machine operators	7.60	8.30	9.25	11.01	14.5
	undering and dry cleaning machine operators	8.25	8.75	9.19	10.85	11.5
	ackaging and filling machine operators	9.34	11.00	14.10	16.23	16.2
	scellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.	8.20	10.15	14.92	18.63	26.6
	elders and cutters	10.25	11.60	18.80	19.68	23.9
	semblers	7.90	9.98	10.75	14.90	20.3
	oduction inspectors, checkers and examiners	8.50	9.75	10.50	11.98	12.8
	tation and material moving	10.55	16.51	19.23	24.03	28.0
	uck drivers	16.85	17.94	21.59	24.03	26.19
	us drivers	14.96	17.22	18.79	23.01	23.0
Inc	dustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.50	10.55	13.25	17.18	18.99
Gr	, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers roundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	6.50 10.17	7.00 11.39	10.97 11.85	17.83 14.50	22.50 17.78
Su	pervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and			[
	laborers, n.e.c.	13.30	14.14	18.63	32.50	34.0
Co	onstruction laborers	20.94	21.71	30.15	30.50	30.5
St	ock handlers and baggers	7.45	9.25	10.92	14.10	19.7
	eight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	7.25	10.30	13.00	19.10	21.0
	and packers and packagers	6.50	6.50	8.35	11.60	16.0
	borers, except construction, n.e.c.	6.50	6.50	7.75	16.10	20.7
		2.00	5.55			
		6.58	8.25	10.70	15.12	27.6

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Protective service	23.33 13.10 7.00 7.50 3.90	\$10.00 23.97 27.08 19.47 8.50 7.98 6.55	\$22.94 26.82 30.48 23.42 9.59 11.42 8.50	\$30.48 30.04 31.71 24.68 10.88 19.66 12.17	\$32.65 32.22 33.79 32.25 13.78 20.78 15.01
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.78 4.50 7.00 10.89	3.90 3.90 6.20 7.86 12.00 8.50	3.90 3.90 7.25 10.45 14.77 10.61	7.25 3.90 8.00 13.15 19.38 13.16	10.20 6.43 10.61 19.05 20.00 15.87
Cooks Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	7.00 7.00 8.50 9.50	7.00 8.00 9.55 10.00 9.50	8.10 10.45 11.05 12.30 11.00	9.95 12.34 13.42 16.25 12.79	11.68 14.35 16.32 18.21 14.82
Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners Personal service Welfare service aides Early childhood teachers' assistants	8.09 7.69 8.25 6.50 6.50	9.53 9.15 9.53 7.00 6.50 7.50	11.40 11.40 11.44 9.27 10.00	14.34 11.40 15.05 10.39 10.25 11.33	16.52 11.40 16.93 13.89 11.30 13.03
Service, n.e.c.	6.50	7.50	8.58	9.83	10.60

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Houry wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

	Private industry							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
1	\$8.00	\$10.82	\$17.31	\$26.67	\$36.06			
All excluding sales	8.25	10.97	17.40	26.82	35.70			
White collar	10.50	14.60	22.00	31.33	45.39			
White collar excluding sales	11.79	15.67	23.05	32.25	46.50			
Professional specialty and technical	16.15	22.84	28.98	37.50	51.87			
Professional specialty	18.37	24.13	29.85	39.30	55.29			
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	23.16	28.20	36.06	44.07	47.79			
Electrical and electronic engineers	21.92 25.72	25.96 26.35	40.82 36.15	46.19 39.85	51.60 42.5			
Engineers, n.e.c	23.12	26.44	31.25	38.56	46.45			
Computer systems analysts and scientists Natural scientists	22.84	26.68	31.50	41.25	47.64			
Health related	22.60	25.41	28.85	32.64	39.09			
Registered nurses	23.25	25.54	28.80	31.56	35.06			
Teachers, college and university	26.70	32.65	41.73	68.94	213.8			
Other post-secondary teachers	26.77	29.69	39.40	62.22	91.3			
Teachers, except college and university	11.58	19.88	25.35	35.54	41.89			
Teachers, n.e.c.	10.71	11.58	20.00	26.27	38.5			
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_			
Social scientists and urban planners	-	_	_	_	_			
Social, recreation, and religious workers	12.29	12.71	15.38	16.15	23.20			
Social workers	12.29	12.71	15.38	16.15	23.20			
Lawyers and judges	55.29	64.29	73.79	93.75	103.8			
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	55.29	64.29	73.79	93.75	103.8			
professionals, n.e.c.	17.00	20.31	22.01	32.99	43.80			
Technical	14.39	17.31	23.80	31.02	40.3			
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.18	16.57	20.90	28.93	42.2			
Radiological technicians Licensed practical nurses	22.95 17.00	25.25 17.00	29.25 19.00	31.15 22.05	35.5 23.0			
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	12.50	14.00	20.11	31.02	33.8			
Computer programmers	27.30	30.39	32.58	40.34	43.17			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	20.14	24.43	32.39	42.78	57.7°			
Executives, administrators, and managers	22.12	28.35	36.06	49.63	70.94			
Financial managers	16.39	23.87	32.74	40.14	54.5			
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public								
relations	24.88	35.70	42.78	50.49	59.53			
Administrators, education and related fields	12.79	16.03	16.03	26.80	45.6			
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	30.92	30.92	32.63	32.89	35.73			
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	23.08	29.57 23.37	38.97	54.11 37.40	71.80			
Management related Accountants and auditors	19.33 20.92	23.37	28.61 27.79	31.33	51.69 35.29			
Other financial officers	22.26	25.93	31.30	39.00	62.50			
Personnel, training, and labor relations	22.20	20.00	01.00	00.00	02.5			
specialists	16.83	17.85	27.78	32.19	37.40			
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	17.55	22.60	26.92	47.95	54.60			
Management related, n.e.c.	19.22	22.09	25.75	31.10	40.00			
Sales	7.60	9.80	16.30	25.96	41.0			
Supervisors, sales	15.65	15.65	19.70	30.82	43.2			
Securities and financial services sales	17.59	28.13	36.06	72.11	142.29			
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,								
and wholesale	19.68	20.93	22.74	25.96	27.6			
Sales workers, other commodities	7.60	8.01	9.75	20.16	24.3			
Cashiers	6.75	7.25	8.50	10.10	12.1			
Administrative support, including clerical	9.91	12.14	15.35	19.71	23.6			
Supervisors, general office	18.41	18.41	21.27	23.03	23.03			
Secretaries	14.34	16.41	20.84	26.63	30.3			
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	9.47	12.38	16.27	20.43	20.50			
Receptionists	9.00	11.00	12.65	15.09	18.6			
Information clerks, n.e.c.	10.87	12.93	15.91	19.82	22.70			
Order clerks	9.30	11.48	15.15	19.23	25.83			
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	12.50 9.12	15.43 11.54	16.50 16.00	16.50 16.78	22.1 21.4			
Records clerks, n.e.c.								

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

			Private industr	у	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar –Continued					
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued	044.07	# 40.40	045.04	040.47	000.4
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks Payroll and timekeeping clerks	\$11.97 11.98	\$13.12 12.95	\$15.81 19.62	\$19.47 22.55	\$22.1° 34.42
Billing clerks	9.28	13.00	14.82	20.79	25.5
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.15	11.40	14.50	19.23	22.3
Stock and inventory clerks	8.35	10.59	13.61	14.25	16.7
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and					
investigators	14.41	15.95	17.85	26.26	29.3
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	11.83	13.57	15.11	16.29	19.19
Bill and account collectors	8.00 9.55	8.33 10.89	16.82 12.95	19.19 15.86	20.00
Bank tellers	9.55 8.79	9.25	10.50	12.60	13.8
Data entry keyers	11.25	12.50	12.85	14.75	15.6
Administrative support, n.e.c.	11.79	12.75	15.66	18.89	23.8
Phys caller	7.00	10.50	17.05	24.02	20.5
Blue collar	7.96	10.50	17.05	24.03	30.5
Precision production, craft, and repair	13.58	19.75	26.31	31.38	36.4
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.55	21.28	28.57	42.33	42.3
Industrial machinery repairers	15.14	18.07	24.02	24.25	31.0
Electronic repairers, communications and	00.04	04.04	05.45	20.00	20.0
industrial equipment	23.81 8.69	24.01 12.55	25.45 16.00	30.03 24.59	30.9 27.9
Carpenters	18.80	27.00	35.12	35.32	37.8
Electricians	18.93	21.35	32.22	34.95	34.9
Supervisors, production	18.27	18.83	31.31	36.18	36.4
Tool and die makers	14.11	18.87	27.00	29.78	32.5
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.80	12.79	18.93	22.38	28.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.70	10.09	12.98	17.60	21.9
Molding and casting machine operators	7.60	8.30	9.25	11.01	14.5
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	8.25	8.75	9.19	10.85	11.5
Packaging and filling machine operators	9.34	11.00	14.10	16.23	16.2
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	8.20	10.15	14.92	18.63	26.6
Welders and cutters	10.25	11.60	18.80	19.68	23.9
Assemblers Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	7.90 8.50	9.98 9.75	10.75 10.50	14.90 11.98	20.3 12.8
Transportation and material moving	10.50	15.16	18.11	24.03	28.0
Truck drivers	16.00	17.94	20.33	24.03	26.1
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.50	10.55	13.25	17.18	18.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.50	6.90	10.55	16.10	21.6
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	10.17	11.60	11.85	12.40	17.0
Construction laborersStock handlers and baggers	20.94 7.35	21.71	30.15	30.50	30.5
= =		9.25	10.65	14.10	19.7
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c Hand packers and packagers	7.25 6.50	10.30 6.50	12.85 8.35	18.94 11.60	21.0 16.0
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	6.50	6.50	7.00	14.65	16.1
Service	6.50	7.50	9.70	11.40	14.4
Protective service Guards and police, except public service	7.00 7.00	8.25 8.50	9.50	10.50	11.8
Food service	7.00 3.90	8.50 6.50	9.50 8.10	10.50 12.21	11.8 15.2
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.90	3.90	3.95	7.25	10.2
Waiters and waitresses	3.78	3.90	3.90	3.90	6.4
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	4.50	6.20	7.25	8.00	10.6
Other food service	7.00	7.78	10.45	13.16	19.0
Supervisors, food preparation and service	12.00	12.82	17.34	19.38	20.0
Cooks	8.00	8.50	10.47	13.16	15.8
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.00	7.00	8.10	9.95	11.6
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.00	7.86	10.45	12.34	14.3
Health service	8.30	9.50	10.80	12.50	14.8
Health aides, except nursing	9.00	9.90	11.23	15.99	18.0

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

	Private industry							
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
Service –Continued Health service –Continued Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners Personal service Welfare service aides Early childhood teachers' assistants Service, n.e.c.	\$8.30 7.69 7.69 7.50 6.50 6.50 6.68 6.50	\$9.50 8.83 9.15 8.50 7.00 6.50 7.50	\$10.80 11.05 11.40 9.80 9.00 10.00 9.65 8.58	\$12.24 11.40 11.40 11.93 10.25 10.25 11.00 9.71	\$13.64 15.00 11.40 15.39 13.03 11.30 13.03			

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

Occurred 2	State and local government					
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
	\$14.02	\$17.81	\$26.90	\$34.11	\$44.17	
All excluding sales	14.04	17.84	26.97	34.11	44.17	
White collar	14.54 14.56	18.43 18.47	29.88 29.88	38.40 38.40	50.37 50.37	
Professional specialty and technical	21.56 22.67	29.18 29.47	35.43 35.43	44.98 45.26	53.70 54.20	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors Mathematical and computer scientists	_	_ _	-	- -		
Natural scientists	_	, -		, - ,		
Health related	17.01	28.51	35.43	38.65	47.48	
Registered nurses	27.00	31.11	35.43	37.97	41.00	
Teachers, college and university	25.78	38.05	51.00	57.48	77.62	
Other post-secondary teachers	22.95	27.88	37.38	51.00	70.37	
Teachers, except college and university Elementary school teachers	26.28 27.93	31.53 31.79	37.08 38.27	47.04 47.48	54.81 54.81	
Teachers, n.e.c.	25.72	29.77	34.04	42.32	52.59	
Vocational and educational counselors	16.65	16.65	22.33	42.32	43.08	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	17.94	20.68	24.18	28.96	28.96	
Librarians	17.34	19.43	22.56	24.99	28.72	
Social scientists and urban planners	-	19.43	22.30	24.99	20.72	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	16.12	17.30	19.63	29.16	29.47	
Social workers	16.12	17.65	19.74	29.16	29.47	
Lawyers and judges	20.78	20.78	28.47	30.25	31.24	
Lawyers	20.78	20.78	28.47	30.25	31.24	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	20.70	20.70	20.47	30.23	01.27	
professionals, n.e.c Technical	_ 15.79	- 17.81	_ 20.28	- 28.22	- 32.45	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	20.91	26.37	32.79	40.18	47.68	
Executives, administrators, and managers	27.97	32.50	38.40	44.17	52.31	
Administrators and officials, public administration	28.54	32.06	35.23	40.65	44.54	
Administrators, education and related fields	24.45	36.63	44.17	48.88	55.11	
Management related	18.03	22.70	27.38	31.47	36.17	
Accountants and auditors	20.42	23.66	29.51	33.68	37.15	
Management related, n.e.c	15.69	16.81	20.91	22.78	27.63	
Sales	-	_	-	-	-	
Administrative support, including clerical	11.42	13.75	16.04	19.27	24.46	
Secretaries	10.54 7.46	13.57 10.17	16.08 13.33	18.29 15.90	19.84 20.44	
Library clerks Records clerks, n.e.c	11.87	15.65	25.79	29.88	29.88	
Dispatchers	15.01	15.89	19.61	22.70	27.02	
General office clerks	12.00	14.43	15.06	18.31	24.46	
Administrative support, n.e.c.	10.82	13.50	15.95	20.67	22.52	
Blue collar	15.31	19.15	23.78	28.70	32.65	
Precision production, craft, and repair	20.34	23.78	30.60	32.65	34.32	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	_	_	_	_	-	
	16.11	18.79	23.01	25.90	28.70	
Transportation and material moving		1		04.00	04.74	
	9.25	16 41	1956		74 /1	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.25 8.25	16.41 9.85	19.56 15.00	24.62 17.78		
	9.25 8.25 8.98	16.41 9.85 15.31	19.56 15.00 24.62	17.78 24.62	18.75	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	8.25 8.98	9.85 15.31	15.00 24.62	17.78 24.62	18.75 24.62	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	8.25 8.98 11.42	9.85 15.31 15.81	15.00 24.62 24.35	17.78 24.62 30.48	18.75 24.62 33.02	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	8.25 8.98 11.42 17.76	9.85 15.31 15.81 23.97	15.00 24.62 24.35 27.90	17.78 24.62 30.48 31.57	18.75 24.62 33.02 34.96	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	8.25 8.98 11.42	9.85 15.31 15.81	15.00 24.62 24.35	17.78 24.62 30.48	24.71 18.75 24.62 33.02 34.96 32.22 33.79	

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 Continued

Occupation ³	State and local government					
Occupation	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued						
Protective service, n.e.c.	\$7.75	\$12.08	\$19.66	\$19.83	\$21.80	
Food service Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	7.78	9.33	10.17	11.45	13.32	
Other food service	7.78	9.33	10.17	11.45	13.32	
Health service	12.64	13.51	17.35	18.85	19.16	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	13.02	13.42	17.53	18.85	19.16	
Cleaning and building service	10.87	14.29	15.05	16.93	19.82	
Janitors and cleaners	10.87	14.29	15.05	16.93	19.82	
Personal service	8.00	9.03	11.33	15.00	16.66	
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	6.50	7.80	9.25	10.05	10.15	
Service, n.e.c	6.50	7.25	10.00	12.00	15.00	

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are referentiates designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$9.50	\$12.71	\$19.78	\$29.53	\$39.72
All excluding sales	9.53	12.69	19.75	29.54	39.24
White collar	12.28	16.15	23.94	34.14	47.60
White collar excluding sales	12.79	16.72	24.66	34.62	47.89
Professional specialty and technical	17.76	24.37	31.15	41.21	54.81
Professional specialty	20.51	25.98	32.49	42.75	55.29
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	23.16	28.20	36.06	44.38	48.08
Electrical and electronic engineers	21.92	25.96	40.82	46.19	51.60
Engineers, n.e.c.	25.72	27.26	35.18	39.85	42.55
Mathematical and computer scientists	23.10 22.84	26.44 26.68	31.25 31.50	38.51 41.25	46.43 47.48
Computer systems analysts and scientists Natural scientists	- -	20.00	- 31.50	41.25	- 47.40
Health related	21.82	25.35	28.96	35.00	42.00
Registered nurses	22.95	25.63	28.80	32.86	37.08
Teachers, college and university	26.77	33.86	43.65	69.42	213.87
Other post-secondary teachers	25.34	28.76	38.54	60.10	87.70
Teachers, except college and university	25.98	31.29	37.08	46.26	53.70
Elementary school teachers	26.97	31.25	38.03	46.81	54.31
Secondary school teachers	27.16	32.41	37.73	47.09	54.84
Teachers, n.e.c.	25.53	33.32	34.04	38.57	52.59
Vocational and educational counselors	16.65	16.65	22.64	38.15	43.08
Librarians, archivists, and curators	24.68	28.96	47.61	54.95	54.95
Librarians	22.96	27.25	54.95	54.95	54.95
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	12.34	12.71	15.91	18.24	24.53
Social workers	12.34	12.71	15.91	18.24	24.53
Lawyers and judges	25.53	52.08	69.05	84.64	103.85
Writers authors entertainers athletes and	25.53	52.08	69.05	84.64	103.85
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.	17.00	19.33	22.01	32.31	38.49
Technical	15.36	17.48	24.08	31.02	40.31
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.18	16.57	20.90	29.45	42.22
Radiological technicians	23.00	25.75	29.25	31.15	35.51
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	12.50	14.27	19.10	31.02	33.85
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	25.48	28.05	28.97	31.00	51.87
Computer programmers	26.20	30.39	31.85	40.34	43.17
Executive, administrative, and managerial	20.26	24.66	32.45	42.64	54.60
Executives, administrators, and managers	22.62	29.49	36.63	47.68	65.64
Administrators and officials, public administration	28.54	32.11	35.23	40.65	44.54
Financial managers	16.39	23.87	32.74	40.14	54.55
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations	04.00	35.70	42.78	50.40	50.53
	24.88		_	50.49	59.53
Administrators, education and related fields	16.47 19.63	27.97 34.08	43.12 36.65	47.53 41.02	55.11 47.04
Managers, medicine and health Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	30.92	30.92	32.63	34.69	38.36
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	23.08	29.57	36.54	52.09	71.80
Management related	19.22	23.22	28.51	35.23	47.95
Accountants and auditors	20.92	23.08	27.79	31.33	35.70
Other financial officers	22.26	25.93	31.30	39.00	62.50
Personnel, training, and labor relations	22.20	20.00	01.00	00.00	02.00
specialists	16.83	17.85	28.00	32.19	37.40
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	17.68	22.06	26.92	47.95	54.60
Management related, n.e.c.	18.68	21.82	24.46	28.51	35.77
Sales	9.17	13.39	20.43	28.85	44.80
Supervisors, sales	15.65	15.65	19.70	30.82	43.27
Securities and financial services sales	18.19	28.13	36.06	72.11	142.29
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	40				
and wholesale	19.68 8.00	20.93 8.90	22.74 11.72	25.96 22.51	27.62 26.20
			11.72	22.01	20.20
Administrative support, including clerical	10.65	12.91	15.95	20.00	24.18
Supervisors, general office	18.41	19.18	21.99	23.03	26.33
Secretaries	13.57	15.63	19.39	24.26	30.32
Receptionists	10.69	12.65	14.34	18.63	21.15
Information clerks, n.e.c.	12.31	12.93	15.91	19.82	22.76
Order clerks	9.30	11.48	15.15	19.23	25.83

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar –Continued					
Administrative support, including clerical -Continued	A 40.50	A		0.0.50	***
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	\$12.50	\$15.43	\$16.50	\$16.50	\$23.61
Records clerks, n.e.c.	9.22	12.45	16.21	21.43	27.08
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	11.97 11.98	13.12 15.67	16.18 20.62	20.83 23.61	22.31 34.42
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	9.28			20.79	25.55
Billing clerks Dispatchers	9.26 17.40	13.00 17.95	14.82 20.00	20.79	22.70
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.15	11.40	14.50	19.44	22.70
Stock and inventory clerks	11.30	13.25	14.04	15.31	17.59
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	11.00	10.20	11.01	10.01	17.00
investigators	14.41	15.95	17.85	26.26	29.35
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	11.83	13.54	14.71	17.44	19.19
Bill and account collectors	10.50	16.60	18.49	19.57	21.85
General office clerks	10.60	11.50	14.74	17.72	19.46
Bank tellers	8.89	9.94	10.66	12.85	14.18
Data entry keyers	11.25	12.50	12.85	14.75	15.66
Administrative support, n.e.c	11.78	13.82	15.84	18.96	22.08
Blue collar	8.70	11.30	17.94	24.62	31.23
Precision production, craft, and repair	14.04	20.08	27.06	31.97	36.18
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.55	21.28	28.57	42.33	42.33
Heavy equipment mechanics	22.61	23.40	23.40	24.36	28.26
Industrial machinery repairers	15.14	18.07	24.23	24.25	31.06
Electronic repairers, communications and	00.04	04.04	05.45	00.00	00.00
industrial equipment	23.81	24.01	25.45	30.03	30.96
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	8.69	12.55	19.13	24.78	28.10 37.83
Carpenters	18.80	27.00	34.32	35.12	
Electricians	19.83	26.31	32.65	34.95	34.9
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	19.83 18.27	19.83	20.79	27.63	27.63
Supervisors, production	14.11	18.83 18.87	31.31 27.00	36.18 29.78	36.47 32.52
Machinists	20.08	20.65	24.38	35.50	35.70
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.80	12.79	18.93	22.38	28.73
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.70	10.09	12.98	17.60	21.99
Molding and casting machine operators	7.60	8.30	9.25	11.01	14.50
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	8.25	8.75	9.19	10.85	11.50
Packaging and filling machine operators	9.34	11.00	14.10	16.23	16.23
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	8.14	10.10	14.98	18.77	26.62
Welders and cutters	10.25	11.60	18.80	19.68	23.98
Assemblers	7.90	10.00	10.75	14.90	20.30
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	8.50	9.75	10.50	11.98	12.88
Transportation and material moving	10.55	17.18	20.05	24.03	28.18
Truck drivers	17.79	17.94	22.01	24.13	26.19
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.50	10.55	13.25	17.18	18.99
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.50	8.35	11.85	19.56	24.24
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	10.17	11.60	11.85	14.63	17.78
Construction laborers	20.94	21.71	30.15	30.50	30.50
Stock handlers and baggers	9.25	10.20	11.95	19.67	19.78
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	10.30	10.30	15.01	20.24	21.02
Hand packers and packagers	6.50	6.50	8.35	11.60	16.00
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	6.50	7.00	15.55	20.61	24.62
Service	7.50	9.50	11.40	17.76	30.04
Protective service	8.86	10.40	24.27	30.48	32.99
Firefighting	17.35	24.27	26.82	30.04	32.22
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	23.33	27.08	30.48	31.71	33.79
officers	13.10	19.47	23.42	24.68	32.25
Guards and police, except public service	7.00	8.50	9.59	10.60	12.70
Food service	6.20	7.85	10.61	13.16	18.86
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.39	3.90	6.50	8.00	11.33
Waiters and waitresses	3.09	3.90	4.20	6.35	14.50
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	3.39	6.50	8.00	9.75	10.66

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Food service –Continued Other food service Supervisors, food preparation and service Cooks Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners Personal service Service, n.e.c.	\$7.65	\$9.00	\$12.00	\$14.35	\$19.38
	10.89	12.00	14.77	19.38	20.00
	8.00	8.50	11.58	13.16	15.87
	6.50	7.00	7.70	10.75	12.26
	7.24	8.48	10.80	13.28	14.35
	8.50	9.55	11.53	13.75	17.50
	9.23	11.68	15.68	17.50	18.73
	8.50	9.50	11.00	12.90	14.83
	8.27	9.71	11.40	14.73	16.68
	7.69	9.15	11.40	11.40	11.40
	8.88	9.98	12.69	15.51	17.25
	7.00	8.65	10.00	11.33	24.13
	7.50	8.65	9.56	10.05	10.66

Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs,¹ part-time workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
II	\$6.50	\$7.00	\$8.85	\$13.32	\$27.12
All excluding sales	6.50	7.00	9.46	14.50	28.88
White collar	7.30	8.25	11.89	23.93	31.00
White collar excluding sales	8.30	11.00	15.00	28.38	32.39
Professional specialty and technical	12.50	20.26	27.75	31.56	37.21
Professional specialty	15.00	23.87	28.81	32.10	35.98
Health related	24.06	26.75	29.86	32.39	35.45
Registered nurses	24.06	27.25	30.00	32.39	35.11
Teachers, college and university	11.64	29.69	51.00	51.00	51.00
Teachers, except college and university	10.74	12.66	16.67	22.00	28.88
Teachers, n.e.c.	10.58	11.37	18.00	25.31	28.88
Librarians, archivists, and curators	17.95	18.12	19.43	23.35	25.55
Librarians	17.95	18.12	19.43	23.35	25.55
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.					
Technical	8.00	12.00	20.97	26.47	39.45
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	_	_	_	_	_
Management related	-	-	-	-	_
Sales	6.75	7.25	7.90	9.80	12.27
Sales workers, other commodities	7.30	7.60	8.10	8.81	10.60
Cashiers	6.50	7.00	7.50	9.80	11.25
Administrative support including clorical	8.00	9.00	11.50	14.00	20.44
Administrative support, including clerical Secretaries	10.35	14.00	17.06	24.09	29.45
Library clerks	7.31	9.23	12.49	15.39	29.43
General office clerks	9.00	10.00	12.00	14.25	16.75
Administrative support, n.e.c.	11.79	12.13	12.86	29.02	30.00
Blue collar	6.50	6.50	7.79	12.77	18.54
Precision production, craft, and repair	_	_	_	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	_	_	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving	6.50	7.50	11.75	18.54	19.04
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.50	6.50	7.45	10.86	16.78
Stock handlers and baggers	6.85	7.25	7.45	9.02	9.45
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	6.50	7.00	8.50	12.35	15.10
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	6.50	6.50	6.50	7.25	8.35
Service	3.90	6.50	7.30	9.25	11.30
Protective service	7.00	8.00	9.00	11.54	15.93
Guards and police, except public service	6.50	8.50	9.00	15.00	17.00
		7.50		9.47	11.42
Protective service, n.e.c	7.20 3.90	3.90	8.00 7.00	7.35	9.80
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	7.25
Waiters and waitresses	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.90
Other food service	6.50	7.00	7.30	8.29	10.17
			l		l
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.50	7.00	7.73	10.17	11.50
Health service Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.00 7.00	9.50 9.00	10.00 9.88	11.00 12.07	12.79 14.57
riving alues, orderiles and alteridants	7.00	9.00	9.00	12.07	14.57

 $\label{lem:continuous} Table~6-5.~ \textbf{Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs,} ^1~ \textbf{part-time workers:} ^2~ \textbf{Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September~2005~ Continued and the continued of the continu$

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service	\$6.50 6.50 6.50	- \$6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50	- \$7.00 6.50 6.74 7.60	- \$8.00 11.30 7.49 8.00	- \$11.30 11.30 9.00 9.85

Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in

another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. $^3\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all of the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the National Compensation Survey (NCS) includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in goods-producing industries (mining, construction and manufacturing); service-producing industries (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries); and State and local governments. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

The Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cook, De Kalb, Du Page, Grundy, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties, IL; Lake and Porter Counties, IN; and Kenosha County, WI.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. The sampling frame was reviewed prior to the survey and, when necessary, missing establishments were added, out-of-business and out-of-scope establishments were removed, and addresses, employment levels, industry classification, and

other information were updated. Approximately one-fifth of the sample is reselected each year.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Regional Offices and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to follow up and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- 1. Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the Census of Population system
- 3. Characterization of jobs as full-time versus parttime, union versus nonunion, and time versus incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers whose jobs could be characterized by the criteria

identified in the last three steps. Special procedures were developed for jobs for which a level could not be determined.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size. Prior to 2002, the number of jobs selected ranged from 8 to 20. Beginning in 2002, the number of jobs selected followed this schedule:

Number	Number
of employees	of selected jobs
50-249	6
250 or more	8

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. The NCS occupational classification system is based on the 1990 Census of Population. A selected job may fall into any one of about 480 occupational classifications, from accountant to wood lathe operator. For cases in which a job's duties overlapped two or more census classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major occupational group (MOG). Occupations can fall into any of the following MOGs:

- Professional specialty and technical
- Executive, administrative, and managerial
- Sales
- Administrative support, including clerical
- Precision production, craft, and repair
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
- Service occupations

Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the MOG to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job,

depending on whether any part of pay was directly based on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "point factor leveling" process. Point factor leveling matches certain aspects of a job to specific levels of work with assigned point values. Points for each factor are then totaled to determine the overall work level for the job.

The NCS program is in the process of converting from a nine-factor to a four-factor occupational leveling system. The conversion is being phased in via annual NCS sample replenishment groups and will require several years for full implementation. The four occupational leveling factors are:

- Knowledge
- Job controls and complexity
- Contacts (nature and purpose)
- Physical environment

Each factor consists of several levels, and each level has an associated description and assigned points. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related occupations. A knowledge guide for each of the 24 families contains short definitions of the point levels of knowledge expected for the occupations and presents relevant examples. The other three factors use identical descriptions for all occupational categories and contain a definition of each point level within each factor.

The description within each factor best matching the job is chosen. The point levels within each factor are designed to describe the thresholds of distinct levels of work. When a job does not meet the full description of a point level, the next lowest point level is used. Points for the four factors are totaled to determine the overall work level. NCS publishes data for up to 15 work levels.

Most supervisory occupations are evaluated based on their duties and responsibilities. A modified approach is used for professional and administrative supervisors when they direct professional work and are paid primarily to supervise. Such supervisory occupations are leveled based on the work level of the highest position reporting to them.

For a complete description of point factor leveling, refer to the publication "National Compensation Survey: Guide for Evaluating Your Firm's Jobs and Pay," available at the BLS National Compensation Survey Internet site at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf.

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small met-

ropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, tips, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers who are exempt from overtime provisions often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be full time.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Level. A ranking of an occupation based on the requirements of the position. (See the description in the technical note on occupational leveling through point factor analysis for more details on the leveling process.)

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage. (See below.)

Part-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be part time.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied to an hourly rate or salary, and not to a specific level of production.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the BLS National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sample establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

Survey response

	Establish- ments
Total in sampling frame	13,935
Total in sample	795
Responding	465
Out of business or not in survey scope	100
Unable or refused to provide data	230

In this survey, the nonresponse rates for all industries and private industry exceeded regular survey standards.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6–1 through 6–5 are computed using earnings reported for individual workers in sampled establishment jobs and their scheduled hours of work. Establishments in the survey may report only individual-worker earnings for each sampled job. For the calculation of percentile estimates, the individual-worker hourly earnings are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution within each published occupation. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the

rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$12.79, with a relative standard error of 3.6 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is from \$12.03 to \$13.55 (\$12.79 minus and plus \$0.76, where \$0.76 is the product of 1.645 times 3.6 percent times \$12.79). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

 $\label{local-point} \mbox{Appendix table 1. Number of workers1 represented by the survey, by occupational group,2 National Compensation Survey, Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI, September 2005$

	Full-time and part-time workers					
Occupational group	Total	Private industry	State and local government			
All occupations	2,097,300	1,735,700	361,500			
All excluding sales	1,920,800	1,560,400	360,400			
White collar	1,098,600	868,600	230,100			
White-collar excluding sales	922,200	693,200	228,900			
Professional specialty and technical	383,600	253,000	130,500			
Professional specialty	329,400	201,200	128,200			
Technical	54,100	51,800	2,300			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	188,100	148,800	39,300			
Sales	176,500	175,300	_			
Administrative support, including clerical	350,500	291,400	59,100			
Blue collar	597,400	556,800	40,600			
Precision production, craft, and repair	163,100	149,500	13,600			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	155,600	155,400	_			
Transportation and material moving		86,600	15,700			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	176,500	165,400	11,100			
Service	401,300	310,400	90,900			

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels. Both full-time and part-time workers were included in the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^2}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.