Dallas–Fort Worth, TX National Compensation Survey March 2005



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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning,

2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, call (202) 691–6199, or send an e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are presented in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the core bulletin, and in an ASCII file containing the published table formats. An ASCII file containing positional columns of data for manipulation as a data base or spreadsheet also is available.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Dallas–Fort Worth, TX, metropolitan area. Data were collected between September 2004 and October 2005; the average reference month is March 2005. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and an appendix with detailed information on occupational classifications.

Most of the earnings estimates in this bulletin are presented as mean hourly earnings. Mean weekly and annual earnings, and the corresponding hours, also are provided for full-time employees in specific occupations. Some occupations, such as teachers and firefighters, typically have shorter or longer work schedules than do the majority of full-time workers. The weekly and annual estimates are useful for comparing the earnings of occupations having different work schedules.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Another product, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, measures employers' average hourly costs for total compensation, that is, wages and benefits. Still another NCS product measures the incidence and provisions of benefit plans. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 480 detailed occupations are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1–1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include major occupational group, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2–1 presents estimates of mean hourly earnings, and the relative standard errors associated with them, for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 2–2 presents the same type of information for full-time workers only. Table 2–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 3–1 provides mean weekly earnings data, with relative standard errors, and weekly hours for full-time employees in specific occupations across all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 3–2 provides annual earnings, relative standard errors, and annual hours for full-time employees in specific occupations.

Table 4–1 provides mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for private industry and government workers. Table 4–2 provides work level data for full-time workers. Table 4–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 5–1 presents mean hourly earnings data for selected worker characteristics by major occupational group. The worker characteristics include full-time or part-time designation, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Table 5–2 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions by occupational group; these estimates are limited to the private sector. Table 5–3 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by major occupational group in the private sector.

Tables 6–1 through 6–5 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for individual workers within each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers.

Table 1-1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,	State and	d local gover	nment
Wadaa adaa adabiiahaa adabaa adaa isti a	Hourly e	arnings		Hourly e	arnings		Hourly e	arnings	
Worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Mean error² (percent) hours³ Mean error² (percent) hours³ Mean error² (percent) hours 221.20 1.8 37.4 \$20.89 2.0 37.2 \$23.06 1.4 38.4 26.54 1.5 38.3 26.60 1.8 38.3 26.25 1.6 38.1 32.40 2.7 38.1 33.35 3.6 38.3 29.66 1.9 37.4 35.03 4.9 40.2 35.45 5.3 40.1 31.48 9.4 40.4 19.71 11.0 35.1 19.75 11.0 35.1 - - - - - - 15.84 1.3 38.7 16.08 1.4 38.7 14.11 3.2 38.7 14.55 5.1 38.0 14.47 5.4 38.0 16.12 2.4 38.7 18.32 4.6 39.6 18.33 5.0 39.6 18.20 3.9 39.9 11.92	weekly hours ³						
Total	\$21.20	1.8	37.4	\$20.89	2.0	37.2	\$23.06	1.4	38.4
Worker characteristics: ⁴									
White-collar occupations ⁵ Professional specialty and technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support Blue-collar occupations ⁵ Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service occupations ⁵ Full time Part time	26.54 32.40 35.03 19.71 15.84 14.55 18.32 11.92 16.89 10.68 11.16 22.03 10.32	2.7 4.9 11.0 1.3 5.1 4.6 6.6 10.6 4.9 3.6	38.1 40.2 35.1 38.7 38.0 39.6 39.3 38.7 34.7 33.4 39.6	33.35 35.45 19.75 16.08 14.47 18.33 11.92 17.14 10.66 9.54 21.81	3.6 5.3 11.0 1.4 5.4 5.0 6.6 11.5 5.1 4.5	38.3 40.1 35.1 38.7 38.0 39.6 39.3 39.0 34.6 32.0 39.6	29.66 31.48 - 14.11 16.12 18.20 - 14.54 11.12 16.81 23.29	1.9 9.4 - 3.2 2.4 3.9 - 2.6 11.6 3.4 1.7	37.4 40.4 - 38.7 38.7 39.9 - 36.3 40.0 39.1 39.7
Union Nonunion	23.25 21.04	1					_ 23.06	- 1.4	- 38.4
TimeIncentive	20.93 27.12	2.2 12.4	37.3 40.4	20.59 26.67	2.6 12.7	37.1 40.4	22.91 –	1.4	38.4
Establishment characteristics:									
Goods producing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	19.77 21.26	3.4 2.4	39.7 36.5	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
50-99 workers ⁷	16.56 18.82 25.09	10.3 4.6 2.0	36.4 37.2 38.0	16.56 18.73 25.83	10.3 4.8 2.6	36.4 37.2 37.8	– 21.25 23.24	- 4.8 1.5	- 38.7 38.4

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. $^{\rm 3}$ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week,

<sup>Mean weekly hours are the nours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on</sup>

based on producting paymonic scale. The production of the control of the control

industries applies to private industry only.

The establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen	
	\$21.20	1.8	\$20.89	2.0	\$23.06	1.4	
All excluding sales	21.31	2.3	20.99	2.6	23.09	1.4	
/hite collar	26.54	1.5	26.60	1.8	26.25	1.6	
White collar excluding sales	27.44	2.1	27.69	2.5	26.30	1.6	
Drefessional anasialty and technical	22.40	0.7	22.25	2.6	20.66	1.0	
Professional specialty and technical	32.40 33.04	2.7 2.8	33.35 33.99	3.6 3.7	29.66 30.59	1.9 1.8	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	36.32	4.7	36.42	4.8	-		
Electrical and electronic engineers	39.66	5.1	39.66	5.1	_	_	
Industrial engineers	29.81	3.4	29.81	3.4	_	_	
Mechanical engineers	36.79	18.8	36.79	18.8	_	_	
Engineers, n.e.c.	34.28	3.8	34.46	3.8	_	_	
Mathematical and computer scientists	36.27	4.8	36.39	4.8	_	_	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	36.70	5.4	36.88	5.4	_	_	
Natural scientists	-	_	-	_	_	-	
Health related	26.71	2.3	26.82	2.5	25.81	7.5	
_ Registered nurses	25.47	2.4	25.38	2.3	26.57	12.2	
Teachers, college and university	44.11	1.1	44.34	.8	44.04	1.5	
Other post-secondary teachers	41.59	5.6	-		39.17	4.7	
Teachers, except college and university	29.12	.8	24.86	2.4	29.51	.8	
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	26.32	10.4	_	_	29.46	4.0	
Elementary school teachers	29.34 29.59	.3 .6	_	_	29.38 29.79	.3	
Teachers, special education	28.95	1.3	_	_	28.95	1.3	
Teachers, n.e.c.	27.67	8.1	_		28.08	4.1	
Vocational and educational counselors	30.40	10.4	_	_	32.74	10.8	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	30.67	3.0	_	_	31.99	1.7	
Librarians	30.67	3.0	_	_	31.99	1.7	
Social scientists and urban planners	35.88	6.2	_	_	35.22	4.5	
Psychologists	35.22	4.5	_	_	35.22	4.5	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	18.21	7.1	18.27	11.8	18.13	3.5	
Social workers	19.10	3.3	_	-	18.17	3.8	
Lawyers and judges	62.57	12.0	_	-	_	_	
Lawyers	62.75	12.0	_	-	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and							
professionals, n.e.c.	27.09	14.2	25.39	12.3	_	_	
Designers Technical	21.39 28.55	6.3 5.2	21.39 30.17	6.3 6.1	_ 17.86	6.6	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	15.88	11.2	-	0.1	-	0.0	
Radiological technicians	23.09	1.0	_	_	_	_	
Licensed practical nurses	18.48	5.2	18.73	5.7	_	_	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	17.28	10.2	18.08	6.6	_	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians	22.56	3.2	22.63	3.3	_	_	
Computer programmers	32.90	3.6	32.90	3.6	-	_	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.03	4.9	35.45	5.3	31.48	9.4	
Executives, administrators, and managers	41.02	6.9	41.70	7.8	36.29	3.6	
Administrators and officials, public administration	34.82	3.7	41.70	7.0	34.82	3.7	
Financial managers	65.77	8.6	66.05	8.7	J4.02 —	3.7	
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations	38.77	11.3	38.77	11.3	_	_	
Administrators, education and related fields	36.58	7.8	24.42	8.6	39.50	7.9	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	36.39	5.6	36.61	5.9	32.42	11.3	
Management related	27.31	4.5	27.79	4.8	21.82	11.9	
Accountants and auditors	25.12	6.5	25.16	6.6	_	_	
Other financial officersPersonnel, training, and labor relations	36.38	10.7	37.05	10.7	_	_	
specialists	24.11	14.1	22.22	10.8	-	-	
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	24.75	7.1	25.01	7.3	_	_	
construction	25.38	10.8	_	-	_	-	
Management related, n.e.c.	30.86	10.0	31.76	10.0	-	-	
Sales	19.71	11.0	19.75	11.0	_	_	
	18.32	8.9	18.32	8.9	_	1	

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
Vhite collar –Continued						
0.10.61						
Sales –Continued Sales, other business services	\$41.81	24.2	\$41.81	24.2	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	Ψ41.01	24.2	φ41.01	24.2	_	_
and wholesale	37.88	4.8	37.88	4.8	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	9.75	8.8	9.75	8.8	_	_
Cashiers	8.40	4.6	8.24	4.9	_	_
Sales support, n.e.c.	11.56	20.6	11.56	20.6	_	-
Administrative compart including placed	45.04	1.2	16.00		C1111	2.0
Administrative support, including clerical Supervisors, general office	15.84 22.97	1.3 8.3	16.08 22.66	1.4 8.7	\$14.11 _	3.2
Secretaries	17.60	2.5	18.14	2.8	15.03	4.6
Receptionists	12.31	8.5	12.33	9.5	-	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	12.57	6.5	_	_	_	_
Order clerks	14.68	8.4	14.68	8.4	_	_
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	15.96	10.4	15.30	8.7	_	_
Library clerks	12.64	3.1	_			
Records clerks, n.e.c.	15.40	4.6	15.36	6.4	15.45	6.8
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks Billing clerks	16.07 14.75	5.9	16.38 –	6.8	14.11	5.0
Dispatchers	19.42	2.8 26.6	_	_	14.59	9.1
Production coordinators	18.54	8.8	18.54	8.8	-	
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.40	7.2	10.40	7.2	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	14.15	14.9	14.11	17.6	_	_
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and						
investigators	21.07	3.2	21.08	3.3	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.70	7.3	16.06	8.2	-	_
General office clerks	13.99 11.30	5.0 2.4	14.42 11.30	6.0 2.4	12.32	2.9
Bank tellers Data entry keyers	13.18	5.4	11.30	2.4	_	_
Teachers' aides	10.48	2.4	_	_	10.52	2.4
Administrative support, n.e.c.	14.44	4.4	14.46	4.4	_	_
Blue collar	14.55	5.1	14.47	5.4	16.12	2.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.32	4.6	18.33	5.0	18.20	3.9
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	26.73	6.4	_	_	_	_
Automobile mechanics	22.55	32.1	22.55	32.6	_	_
Aircraft mechanics, except engine	25.53	13.8	25.53	13.8	-	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	18.52 12.97	10.5 2.8	19.17	13.2	16.23	2.9
Carpenters Electricians	20.57	9.6	_	_	_	
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	21.99	15.6	22.67	17.1	_	_
Concrete and terrazzo finishers	12.79	.9	12.71	.2	_	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.	17.42	3.8	_	_	17.42	3.8
Supervisors, production	21.24	13.2	21.21	13.4	_	_
Precision assemblers, metal	19.92	6.5	19.92	6.5	_	-
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	13.29	9.2	13.29	9.2	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.92	6.6	11.92	6.6	_	_
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	16.05	18.0	16.05	18.0	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	12.46	9.6	12.46	9.6	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	10.67	14.9	10.67	14.9	_	_
Assemblers	11.76	13.6	11.76	13.6	_	_
Transportation and material moving	16.89	10.6	17.14	11.5	14.54	2.6
Truck drivers	17.16	12.7	17.14	13.3	13.84	2.6
Bus drivers	14.19	9.8		-	14.77	3.5
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	13.41	1.2	13.33	1.0	-	-
Handlers aguinment cleaners halners and laborate	10.60	4.0	10.66	F 1	11 10	11.6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	10.68 8.50	4.9 10.2	10.66	5.1	11.12	11.6
	0.00		_	-	_	1
Construction laborers	8.93	2.0	_	-	_	_

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar –Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers						
-Continued	#40.00	0.0	£40.00	0.0		
Machine feeders and offbearers	\$12.36	6.6	\$12.36	6.6	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	12.91	6.5	13.07	6.9	_	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	9.49	8.2	9.49	8.2	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	8.54	9.7	8.54	9.7	-	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	7.23	14.8	6.76	13.9	_	_
Service	11.16	3.6	9.54	4.5	\$16.81	3.4
Protective service	15.94	5.1	11.17	5.0	21.63	1.2
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	24.93	4.5	'!.'/	3.0	24.93	4.5
Supervisors, police and detectives	32.64	2.9	_	_	32.64	2.9
Firefighting	19.80	1.7			19.80	1.7
Police and detectives, public service	24.76	.8	_		24.76	.8
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	24.70	.0	_	_	24.70	.0
officers	21.11	1.1	_	_	21.11	1.1
Correctional institution officers	12.62	14.2	_	_	15.91	.4
Guards and police, except public service	11.38	5.4	11.34	5.4	-	
Food service	8.57	12.4	8.29	14.7	11.00	7.0
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.26	15.6	5.26	15.6	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	3.93	45.1	3.93	45.1	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.64	8.2	6.64	8.2	_	_
Other food service	9.58	10.5	9.36	12.8	11.00	7.0
Supervisors, food preparation and service	18.40	10.7			_	_
Cooks	8.46	6.8	8.37	7.1	9.76	3.3
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.62	4.5	7.29	4.0	8.53	6.3
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.75	9.9	8.37	13.2	10.08	4.3
Health service	9.25	10.3	9.00	11.2	12.33	10.2
Health aides, except nursing	10.77	5.0	10.39	2.9	-	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.82	11.9	8.75	12.2	_	_
Cleaning and building service	9.69	8.5	8.68	9.3	12.63	4.5
Maids and housemen	7.39	6.2	7.39	6.2	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	9.70	11.2	8.99	13.6	11.56	6.6
Personal service	13.97	7.4	14.41	8.9	12.29	3.6
Public transportation attendants	26.52	24.6	26.52	24.6	_	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	10.22	7.4	l –	_	11.40	3.7

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent
	\$22.03	1.9	\$21.81	2.2	\$23.29	1.7
All excluding sales	22.01	2.5	21.77	3.0	23.32	1.7
Vhite collar	27.15	1.5	27.30	1.7	26.35	1.7
White collar excluding sales	27.70	2.2	27.98	2.6	26.41	1.7
Professional specialty and technical	32.65	2.8	33.68	3.7	29.75	1.9
Professional specialty	33.28	2.7	34.31	3.7	30.70	1.8
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	35.72	4.6	35.81	4.7	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	39.66	5.1	39.66	5.1	_	_
Industrial engineers	29.81	3.4	29.81	3.4	_	_
Mechanical engineers	27.48	8.6	27.48	8.6	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	34.28	3.8	34.46	3.8	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	36.57	5.7	36.70	5.8	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	37.12	6.4	37.30	6.4	_	_
Natural scientists	-	-	-	-	_	_
Health related	26.73	2.3	26.84	2.5	25.81	7.5
Registered nurses	25.45	2.6	25.35	2.5	26.57	12.2
Teachers, college and university	45.30	1.0	44.50	.3	45.57	1.3
Other post-secondary teachers	43.61	6.3	-		41.17	5.9
Teachers, except college and university	29.25	.8	25.12	2.4	29.62	.8
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	26.32	10.4	_		29.46	4.0
Elementary school teachers	29.35	.3	_		29.38	.3
Secondary school teachers	29.69	.6	_	_	29.79	.6
Teachers, special education	28.95	1.3	_	_	28.95	1.3
Teachers, n.e.c.	28.01	8.4	_	_	_	_
Vocational and educational counselors	30.40	10.4	_	_	32.74	10.8
Librarians, archivists, and curators	31.49	2.1	_	_	31.99	1.7
Librarians	31.49	2.1	_	_	31.99	1.7
Social scientists and urban planners	35.88	6.2	_	_	35.22	4.5
Psychologists	35.22	4.5	_	_	35.22	4.5
Social, recreation, and religious workers	19.10	3.0	19.87	3.2	18.13	3.5
Social workers	19.10	3.3	-		18.17	3.8
Lawyers and judges	62.57	12.0	_	_	-	- 0.0
Lawyers	62.75	12.0	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	02.70	12.0				
professionals, n.e.c.	28.96	14.4	27.18	12.2	_	_
Technical	28.83	5.4	30.55	6.4	17.86	6.6
Radiological technicians	23.09	1.0	-	0.4	-	- 0.0
Licensed practical nurses	18.67	6.5	18.99	7.5	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	17.44	9.8	10.33	7.5	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians	22.56	3.2	22.63	3.3	_	_
Liectrical and electronic technicians	22.50	3.2	22.03	3.5		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.03	4.9	35.45	5.3	31.48	9.4
Executives, administrators, and managers	41.02	6.9	41.70	7.8	36.29	3.6
Administrators and officials, public administration	34.82	3.7	-		34.82	3.7
Financial managers	65.77	8.6	66.05	8.7	-	
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public		5.5	55.00	"		
relations	38.77	11.3	38.77	11.3	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	36.58	7.8	24.42	8.6	39.50	7.9
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	36.39	5.6	36.61	5.9	32.42	11.3
Management related	27.31	4.5	27.79	4.8	21.82	11.9
Accountants and auditors	25.12	6.5	25.16	6.6	_	
Other financial officers	36.38	10.7	37.05	10.7	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations				_		
specialists	24.11	14.1	22.22	10.8	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	24.75	7.1	25.01	7.3	_	_
Inspectors and compliance officers, except	0	'''	_0.01			
construction	25.38	10.8	_	_	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	30.86	10.0	31.76	10.0	_	_
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		'				
Sales	22.21	11.7	22.27	11.7	_	-
Supervisors, sales	18.32	8.9	18.32	8.9	_	-
Sales, other business services	41.81	24.2	41.81	24.2	_	-
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
		4.8	37.88	4.8		1

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White collar –Continued						
24						
Sales –Continued Sales workers, other commodities	\$10.23	8.9	\$10.23	8.9		
Cashiers	9.41	7.9	9.16	8.9	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	15.97	1.4	16.23	1.5	\$14.17	3.2
Supervisors, general office	22.97	8.3	22.66	8.7	_	-
Secretaries	17.63	2.5	18.14	2.8	15.15	4.6
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	14.48	2.8	14.48	2.8	_	_
Receptionists	13.13	8.8	_	_	_	_
Order clerks	14.98	8.4	14.98	8.4	_	-
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	15.96	10.4	15.30	8.7	_	-
Records clerks, n.e.c.	15.40	4.6	15.36	6.4	15.45	6.8
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	16.34	6.4	16.73	7.4	14.11	5.0
Billing clerks	14.75	2.8	_	-	_	_
Dispatchers	19.42	26.6	-	_	14.59	9.1
Production coordinators	17.94	8.9	17.94	8.9	_	-
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.40	7.3	10.40	7.3	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	14.94	12.0	15.07	14.4	_	_
investigators	21.07	3.2	21.08	3.3	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.91	7.5	16.33	8.7	_	_
General office clerks	14.52	4.7	15.15	5.7	12.34	3.0
Bank tellers	11.32	2.3	11.32	2.3	_	_
Teachers' aides	10.56	2.8	_	_	10.56	2.8
Administrative support, n.e.c.	14.43	4.4	14.45	4.5	_	_
lue collar	14.87	5.2	14.79	5.5	16.17	2.7
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.47	4.6	18.50	5.1	18.20	3.9
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	26.73	6.4	_	_	_	_
Automobile mechanics	22.55	32.1	22.55	32.6	_	-
Aircraft mechanics, except engine	25.53	13.8	25.53	13.8	_	-
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	18.52	10.5	19.17	13.2	16.23	2.9
Carpenters	12.97	2.8	_	_	_	-
Electricians	20.57	9.6	_		_	-
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	21.99	15.6	22.67	17.1	_	_
Concrete and terrazzo finishers	12.79	.9	12.71	.2	- 17.40	
Construction trades, n.e.c	17.42 21.24	3.8 13.2	21.21	13.4	17.42	3.8
Precision assemblers, metal	19.92	6.5	19.92	6.5	_	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	13.39	9.6	13.39	9.6	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.94	6.7	11.94	6.7	_	_
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	16.05	18.0	16.05	18.0	_	-
Packaging and filling machine operators	12.46	9.6	12.46	9.6	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.	10.67	14.9	10.67	14.9	_	_
Assemblers	11.81	15.0	11.81	15.0	-	_
Transportation and material moving	17.24	10.7	17.50	11.6	14.65	2.6
Truck drivers	17.38	12.8	17.73	13.4	13.84	2.6
Bus drivers	14.41	11.0	-		15.16	1.8
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	13.41	1.2	13.33	1.0	-	_
Handlers equipment cleaners helpers and laborers	10.94	15	10.93	17	11 12	116
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	10.84 9.39	4.5 13.3	10.83	4.7	11.12	11.6
Construction laborers	9.39 8.93	2.0	_	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	10.38	8.7	10.38	8.7	_	-
Machine feeders and offbearers	12.36	6.6	12.36	6.6	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	13.15	8.8	13.36	9.6	_	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	9.49	8.2	9.49	8.2	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	9.12	6.5	9.12	6.5	_	_
	40.00		40.47	[47.04	
Service	12.02	3.4	10.17	5.0	17.24	2.9

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent
Service –Continued						
Protective service	\$16.40	6.2	\$11.38	7.3	\$21.70	1.0
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	24.93	4.5	_	_	24.93	4.5
Supervisors, police and detectives	32.64	2.9	_	_	32.64	2.9
Firefighting	19.80	1.7	_	_	19.80	1.7
Police and detectives, public service	24.76	.8	_	_	24.76	.8
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement						
officers	21.11	1.1	_	_	21.11	1.1
Correctional institution officers	12.62	14.2	_	_	15.91	.4
Guards and police, except public service	11.45	5.1	11.42	5.2	_	_
Food service	9.32	13.0	9.03	15.8	11.68	5.3
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.63	15.7	5.63	15.7	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	4.38	46.2	4.38	46.2	_	_
Other food service	10.27	11.0	10.04	13.7	11.68	5.3
Supervisors, food preparation and service	18.40	10.7	_	_	_	_
Cooks	8.53	6.5	8.43	6.9	9.76	3.3
Food counter, fountain, and related	7.90	9.1	_	_	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.82	5.4	_	_	-	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	9.28	7.9	8.86	12.7	10.50	7.5
Health service	10.20	2.0	9.96	2.0	12.91	7.7
Health aides, except nursing	10.72	5.4	_	_	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.90	2.4	9.88	2.5	_	_
Cleaning and building service	10.04	6.6	9.02	7.8	12.70	4.2
Maids and housemen	7.39	6.2	7.39	6.2	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	10.16	8.9	9.51	11.5	11.62	7.0
Personal service	15.40	15.2	16.77	23.8	12.39	3.0
Public transportation attendants	26.52	24.6	26.52	24.6	_	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	10.43	7.0	_	_	11.40	3.7

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

tips. The mean is computed by foralling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. ⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings,¹ part-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$10.32	12.9	\$10.21	13.7	\$12.66	9.2
All excluding sales	10.75	15.3	10.64	16.3	12.66	9.2
White collar	13.61	16.5	13.40	17.7	18.01	7.8
White collar excluding sales	18.27	17.4	18.30	19.0	18.01	7.8
Professional specialty and technical	24.17	16.5	24.38	18.1	22.39	7.1
Professional specialty	24.92	18.1	25.29	20.2	22.39	7.1
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists Health related	26.40	3.3	26.40	3.3	_	_
Teachers, college and university	27.75	5.9	20.40	3.3	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	13.97	18.1	_	_	13.82	23.0
Librarians, archivists, and curators	13.91	10.1	_	_	13.02	23.0
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_		_	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	-	-	-	-	-	_
Sales	8.32	4.0	8.32	4.0	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	8.31	4.2	8.31	4.2	_	_
Cashiers	7.45	3.0	7.45	3.0	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	12.90	10.0	13.02	10.5	11.23	3.3
Receptionists	9.82	4.3	_	_	_	_
General office clerks	8.93	5.4	8.78	5.4	-	_
Blue collar	9.72	11.1	9.68	11.2	_	-
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	_	_	_	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	_	_	-	_
Transportation and material moving	8.42	8.9	_	_	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.75	15.5	9.75	15.5	-	_
Service	7.58	7.4	7.49	8.0	8.97	6.2
Protective service	9.84	11.9	9.70	12.2	_	_
Guards and police, except public service	10.86	16.3	10.68	16.6	_	_
Food service	6.30	1.7	6.12	2.3	8.24	4.4
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.55	14.6	4.55	14.6	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	3.10	33.4	3.10	33.4	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	5.85	4.3	5.85	4.3		
Other food service	7.14	5.0	6.98	6.3	8.24	4.4
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.25	6.2	-	-	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.51	2.3	7.37	.6	8.31	.5
Health service	-	_	_	_	_	_
Cleaning and building service	-				_	_
Personal service	11.24	27.4	11.29	27.8	_	_

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. ⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵
IIAll excluding sales	\$873 871	1.9 2.5	39.6 39.6	\$864 861	2.3 3.0	39.6 39.5	\$924 926	1.6 1.6	39.7 39.7
White collar	1,078 1,097	1.6 2.2	39.7 39.6	1,085 1,109	1.8 2.7	39.7 39.6	1,039 1,041	1.8 1.8	39.4 39.4
Professional specialty and									
technical Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and	1,280 1,321	2.8 2.8	39.2 39.7	1,321 1,369	3.7 3.8	39.2 39.9	1,166 1,202	1.8 1.8	39.2 39.2
surveyors Electrical and electronic	1,429	4.6	40.0	1,432	4.7	40.0	-	_	_
engineers	1,586	5.1	40.0	1,586	5.1	40.0	-	_	_
Industrial engineers	1,193	3.4	40.0	1,193	3.4	40.0	-	_	-
Mechanical engineers	1,099 1,371	8.6 3.8	40.0 40.0	1,099 1,378	8.6 3.8	40.0 40.0	_	_	_
scientists Computer systems analysts	1,464	5.7	40.0	1,470	5.8	40.1	-	-	_
and scientists Natural scientists	1,487 –	6.4	40.1 –	1,495 –	6.3	40.1 -	_	-	_ _
Health related	1,053	1.9	39.4	1,058	2.0	39.4	1,018	7.6	39.4
Registered nurses	1,002	2.1	39.4	997	1.9	39.3	1,055	11.7	39.7
Teachers, college and university Other post-secondary	1,743	1.1	38.5	1,727	.5	38.8	1,749	1.4	38.4
teachers Teachers, except college and	1,658 1,147	6.1	38.0 39.2	- 986	2.4	39.3	1,568	5.6	38.1 39.2
university Prekindergarten and kindergarten	1,012	9.1	38.4	900	2.4	39.3	1,161 1,121	2.3	38.1
Elementary school teachers	1,156	.3	39.4	_	_	_	1,157	.3	39.4
Secondary school teachers	1,159	.8	39.1	_	_	-	1,165	.9	39.1
Teachers, special education Teachers, n.e.c.	1,141 1,115	.2 8.4	39.4 39.8	_	-	_	1,141 –	.2 -	39.4 –
Vocational and educational counselorsLibrarians, archivists, and	1,162	9.8	38.2	-	_	_	1,251	10.2	38.2
curatorsLibrarians	1,219 1,219	1.4 1.4	38.7 38.7	_	_	_	1,235 1,235	.8 .8	38.6 38.6
Social scientists and urban	.,		00				.,200		00.0
planners Psychologists	1,395 1,355	6.2 3.8	38.9 38.5	-	-	_	1,355 1,355	3.8 3.8	38.5 38.5
Social, recreation, and religious	764	20	20.0	700	2.4	20.0	700	2.0	20.0
workers Social workers	761 762	2.9 3.2	39.8 39.9	792 –	3.1	39.9	722 723	3.2 3.5	39.8 39.8
Lawyers and judges Lawyers	2,638 2,647	12.4 12.3	42.2 42.2		-	_	-	_	-
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c.	1,142	13.7	39.4	1,070	11.2	39.4	- 700	-	20.0
Technical Radiological technicians	1,056 913	5.3 1.6	36.6 39.5	1,106 –	6.0	36.2	708 –	6.6	39.6
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and	747	6.5	40.0	759	7.5	40.0	-	_	_
technicians, n.e.c Electrical and electronic	687	11.4	39.4	-	_	_	-	_	_
technicians	902	3.2	40.0	905	3.3	40.0	-	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	1,407	4.9	40.2	1,423	5.3	40.1	1,272	10.6	40.4
Executives, administrators, and managers	1,653	6.8	40.3	1,678	7.6	40.2	1,476	4.4	40.7
Administrators and officials, public administration	1,546	7.2	44.4	-	_	_	1,546	7.2	44.4

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, ¹ full-time workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	vate industry	,		ate and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings		Weekly e	earnings		Weekly 6	arnings	
Cosspano.	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mear weekl hours
White collar –Continued									
Executive, administrative, and managerial –Continued									
Executives, administrators, and									
managers –Continued Financial managers	\$2,672	6.9	40.6	\$2,683	7.1	40.6	_	_	_
Managers, marketing,	* -,**-			v =,					
advertising, and public relations	1,547	11.4	39.9	1,547	11.4	39.9	_	_	_
Administrators, education and	1,041	11.4	00.0	1,047	''	00.0			
related fields	1,445	7.0	39.5	959	11.1	39.3	\$1,562	6.9	39.
Managers and administrators,	1 452	5.6	39.9	1 462	5.9	40.0	1 267	11.9	39.
n.e.c	1,453 1,092	4.6	40.0	1,463 1,112	4.8	40.0	1,267 870	12.1	39. 39.
Accountants and auditors	1,005	6.5	40.0	1,006	6.6	40.0	-	'2.'	33.
Other financial officers	1,460	9.5	40.1	1,488	9.5	40.2	_	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor	,			,					
relations specialists	964	14.1	40.0	889	10.8	40.0	-	_	-
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	990	7.1	40.0	1,000	7.3	40.0			
Inspectors and compliance officers, except	990	/.1	40.0	1,000	7.5	40.0	_		
construction	1,017	10.6	40.1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management related, n.e.c	1,229	10.1	39.8	1,268	10.0	39.9	-	_	-
Sales	902	11.6	40.6	905	11.7	40.6	_	_	_
Supervisors, sales	716	12.2	39.1	716	12.2	39.1	_	_	_
Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining,	1,658	24.8	39.6	1,658	24.8	39.6	-	_	-
manufacturing, and wholesaleSales workers, other	1,515	4.8	40.0	1,515	4.8	40.0	-	-	_
commodities	398	7.3	38.9	398	7.3	38.9	_	_	_
Cashiers	376	7.9	40.0	366	8.9	40.0	-	_	_
Administrative support, including									
clerical	634	1.4	39.7	645	1.5	39.7	560	3.1	39.
Supervisors, general office	935	8.4	40.7	924	9.0	40.8	-	-	-
Secretaries Transportation ticket and	702	2.5	39.8	723	2.8	39.9	597	4.3	39.
reservation agents	579	2.8	40.0	579	2.8	40.0	_	_	_
Receptionists	517	7.8	39.4	-	_	-	_	_	_
Order clerks	598	8.4	39.9	598	8.4	39.9	_	_	_
Personnel clerks, except									
payroll and timekeeping	639	10.4	40.0	612	8.7	40.0	-		_
Records clerks, n.e.c Bookkeepers, accounting and	613	4.8	39.8	614	6.4	40.0	613	7.5	39.
auditing clerks	653	6.4	40.0	669	7.4	40.0	561	4.5	39.
Billing clerks	582	3.6	39.5	_	_	-	_	-	_
Dispatchers	775	26.6	39.9	-	_	-	580	8.8	39.
Production coordinators	718	8.9	40.0	718	8.9	40.0	-	-	-
Traffic, shipping and receiving	407	77	20.4	407	77	20.4			
clerks Stock and inventory clerks	407 598	7.7 12.0	39.1 40.0	407 603	7.7 14.4	39.1 40.0	_		-
Insurance adjusters,	590	12.0	40.0	003	14.4	40.0	_	_	_
examiners, and									
investigators	810	3.9	38.5	810	4.0	38.4	_	_	_
Investigators and adjusters,									
except insurance	633	7.4	39.8	649	8.6	39.8	-	_	-
General office clerks	579	4.7	39.9	604	5.7	39.9	493	3.0	40.
Bank tellers	453	2.3	40.0	453	2.3	40.0	400	-	-
Teachers' aides	408	3.1	38.7	_	_	-	408	3.1	38.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	<u>, </u>		ate and local povernment	l
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	week
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including									
clerical –Continued Administrative support, n.e.c.	\$567	4.3	39.3	\$568	4.4	39.3	-	_	_
Blue collar	593	5.2	39.9	590	5.5	39.9	\$638	1.8	39.5
Precision production, craft, and	740	4.5	40.4	740	5.0	40.4	700	0.0	20.6
repair Supervisors, mechanics and	740	4.5	40.1	742	5.0	40.1	726	3.8	39.9
repairers	1,060	6.8	39.7	_	_	_	_	_	_
Automobile mechanics Aircraft mechanics, except	933	28.7	41.4	933	29.1	41.4	-	_	-
engine Mechanics and repairers,	1,021	13.8	40.0	1,021	13.8	40.0	_	_	-
n.e.c.	741	10.5	40.0	767	13.2	40.0	649	2.9	40.0
Carpenters	519	2.8	40.0	-	-	-	-	_	-
Electricians	823	9.6	40.0	_	_	-	_	_	-
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	879	15.6	40.0	907	17.1	40.0	_	_	_
Concrete and terrazzo	=00			=00	_				
finishers	506	1.3	39.6	502	.7	39.5	-	-	-
Construction trades, n.e.c Supervisors, production	697 860	3.8 14.3	40.0 40.5	- 859	14.5	40.5	697	3.8	40.
Precision assemblers, metal	797	6.5	40.0	797	6.5	40.0	_		
Electrical and electronic	737	0.5	40.0	757	0.0	10.0			
equipment assemblers	536	9.6	40.0	536	9.6	40.0	-	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers,									
and inspectors	476	6.8	39.9	476	6.8	39.9	_	_	-
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	642	18.0	40.0	642	18.0	40.0	_	_	_
Packaging and filling machine	042	10.0	40.0	042	10.0	40.0	_	_	_
operators	498	9.6	40.0	498	9.6	40.0	_	_	_
Miscellaneous machine									
operators, n.e.c.	427	14.9	40.0	427	14.9	40.0	_	-	-
Assemblers	469	15.0	39.7	469	15.0	39.7	_	_	-
Transportation and material									
moving	688	10.7	39.9	701	11.6	40.0	565	3.7	38.
Truck drivers	697	12.5	40.1	711	13.1	40.1	553	2.6	40.
Bus drivers	532	11.7	36.9	_	_	-	538	9.0	35.
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	536	1.2	40.0	533	1.0	40.0	_	_	_
equipment operators	330	1.2	40.0	333	1.0	40.0	_		_
Handlers, equipment cleaners,									
helpers, and laborers	429	4.7	39.5	428	4.8	39.5	445	11.6	40.
Groundskeepers and	276	10.0	40.0	_	_	_			
gardeners, except farm Construction laborers	376 357	13.3 2.0	40.0 40.0	_	_	_	_		_
Stock handlers and baggers	390	12.1	37.6	390	12.1	37.6	_	_	_
Machine feeders and	000		01.0	000		0.10			
offbearers	494	6.6	40.0	494	6.6	40.0	_	_	-
Freight, stock, and material									
handlers, n.e.c Vehicle washers and	526	8.8	40.0	534	9.6	40.0	-	-	-
equipment cleaners	379	8.2	40.0	379	8.2	40.0	-	_	-
Hand packers and packagers	365	6.5	40.0	365	6.5	40.0	-	_	-
Service	466	3.9	38.8	388	6.1	38.2	699	2.9	40.
Protective service	670	6.4	40.8	440	7.2	38.7	941	.4	43.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	Weekly e	Total Private industry				State and local government			
•		arnings		Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵
Service -Continued									
Protective service –Continued									
Supervisors, firefighters and									
fire prevention	\$1,264	5.7	50.7	_	_	_	\$1,264	5.7	50.7
Supervisors, police and									
detectives	1,306	2.9	40.0	_	_	_	1,306	2.9	40.0
Firefighting	1,040	.8	52.5	_	_	_	1,040	.8	52.5
Police and detectives, public									
service	994	.9	40.2	_	_	_	994	.9	40.2
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law									l
enforcement officers	867	2.9	41.1	_	_	-	867	2.9	41.1
Correctional institution officers	505	14.2	40.0	_	_	-	636	.4	40.0
Guards and police, except				A					
public service	439	5.7	38.3	\$438	5.7	38.3	-	_	
Food service	367	15.2	39.4	362	17.9	40.1	404	5.3	34.6
Waiters, waitresses, and	000	47.0	00.0	000	47.0				
bartenders	220	17.9	39.0	220	17.9	39.0	_	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	170	49.1	38.9	170	49.1	38.9	-	-	
Other food service	406	13.0	39.5	406	15.5	40.5	404	5.3	34.6
Supervisors, food preparation	760	0.5	44.0						
and service	768	9.5	41.8	-	_	40.0	349	_	35.8
CooksFood counter, fountain, and	338	6.3	39.6	337	6.9	40.0	349	4.0	35.8
related	316	9.1	40.0						
Kitchen workers, food	310	9.1	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	-
preparation	301	5.1	38.5						
		_	38.0	251	16.5	20.7	257		33.9
Food preparation, n.e.c	353 389	11.4 3.3	38.1	351 379	16.5 3.6	39.7 38.0	357	2.3 8.5	39.0
Health service Health aides, except nursing	427	5.0	39.8	3/9	3.6	36.0	503	0.5	39.0
Nursing aides, except flursing	421	3.0	39.0	_	_	_	_	_	-
attendants	372	3.9	37.6	371	4.0	37.6			
Cleaning and building service	398	6.2	39.6	358	7.5	39.6	- 501	4.0	39.4
Maids and housemen	296	6.2	40.0	356 296	6.2	40.0	501	4.0	39.4
Janitors and cleaners	401	8.7	39.5	376	11.1	39.5	- 457	7.5	39.3
Personal service	466	6.7	30.3	460	8.6	27.4	488	2.5	39.4
Public transportation		0.7	50.5	400	0.0		700	2.0	00.4
attendants	552	2.3	20.8	552	2.3	20.8	_	_	_
Early childhood teachers'	002		20.0	002					
assistants	412	6.2	39.5	_	_	_	447	2.4	39.2

¹ Earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. 5 Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua hours ⁵
All excluding sales	\$44,176 44,008	1.9 2.5	2,006 1,999	\$44,829 44,663	2.3 3.0	2,056 2,052	\$40,960 40,996	1.6 1.6	1,758 1,758
White collar	53,943 54,677	1.6 2.2	1,987 1,974	56,269 57,481	1.8 2.7	2,061 2,054	44,223 44,286	1.8 1.8	1,678 1,677
Professional specialty and									
technical Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and	61,375 62,470	2.8 2.8	1,880 1,877	68,236 70,589	3.7 3.8	2,026 2,057	46,549 47,211	1.8 1.8	1,565 1,538
surveyors	74,288	4.6	2,080	74,481	4.7	2,080	-	-	-
Electrical and electronic engineers	82,493	5.1	2,080	82,493	5.1	2,080	_	_	_
Industrial engineers	62,011	3.4	2,080	62,011	3.4	2,080	-	-	-
Mechanical engineers Engineers, n.e.c.	57,162 71,305	8.6 3.8	2,080 2,080	57,162 71,678	8.6 3.8	2,080 2,080	_	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists Computer systems analysts	76,141	5.7	2,082	76,433	5.8	2,083	_	-	-
and scientists Natural scientists	77,324	6.4	2,083	77,740 –	6.3	2,084	_	-	_
Health related	54,345	1.9	2,033	54,994	2.0	2,049	49,538	7.6	1,919
Registered nurses	51,975	2.1	2,042	51,861	1.9	2,046	53,154	11.7	2,001
Teachers, college and university	70,981	1.1	1,567	73,222	.5	1,645	70,263	1.4	1,542
Other post-secondary teachers	63,225	6.1	1,450	_	_	-	59,860	5.6	1,454
Teachers, except college and university Prekindergarten and	43,963	.7	1,503	46,323	2.4	1,844	43,792	.7	1,478
kindergarten	39,962	9.1	1,518	_	_	_	41,848	2.3	1,421
Elementary school teachers	43,166	.3	1,471	_	_	-	43,220	.3	1,471
Secondary school teachers	43,407	.8	1,462	_	_	-	43,576	.9	1,463
Teachers, special education Teachers, n.e.c	42,581 48,985	.2 8.4	1,471 1,749	_	_	_	42,581 –	.2	1,471 –
counselorsLibrarians, archivists, and	52,574	9.8	1,730	_	_	-	54,814	10.2	1,674
curatorsLibrarians	49,670 49,670	1.4 1.4	1,578 1,578	<u>-</u>	-	-	50,837 50,837	.8 .8	1,589 1,589
Social scientists and urban	,		.,				,		,,,,,,
planners Psychologists	58,733 53,338	6.2 3.8	1,637 1,514	_	-	-	53,338 53,338	3.8 3.8	1,514 1,514
Social, recreation, and religious	00.450		0.050	40.750	0.4	0.054	07.405	0.0	
workersSocial workers	39,158 39,431	2.9 3.2	2,050 2,064	40,752 –	3.1	2,051	37,135 37,198	3.2 3.5	2,049
Lawyers and judges	137,155	12.4	2,192	_	_	-	-	-	
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers,	137,663	12.3	2,194	-	_	-	-	_	_
athletes, and professionals, n.e.c	56,408	13.7	1,948	53,560	11.2	1,971			
Technical	54,722	5.3	1,898	57,532	6.0	1,883	35,714	6.6	2,000
Radiological technicians	47,452	1.6	2,055		_	-	-	_	
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and	38,430	6.5	2,058	39,492	7.5	2,080	-	-	_
technicians, n.e.c Electrical and electronic	35,730	11.4	2,048	_	-	-	_	-	-
technicians	46,929	3.2	2,080	47,075	3.3	2,080	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	72,764	4.9	2,077	73,987	5.3	2,087	62,843	10.6	1,996
Executives, administrators, and managers	85,224	6.8	2,077	87,256	7.6	2,092	71,777	4.4	1,978
Administrators and officials, public administration	79,949	7.2	2,296	_	_	-	79,949	7.2	2,296

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~3-2.~\textbf{Mean annual earnings}, ^1 \textbf{full-time workers}. ^2 \textbf{Selected occupations}, \textbf{private industry and State and local government}, \textbf{National Compensation Survey}, \textbf{Dallas-Fort Worth}, \textbf{TX}, \textbf{March 2005} — \textbf{Continued}$

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
White collar –Continued									
Executive, administrative, and									
managerial –Continued Executives, administrators, and									
managers –Continued	# 400.000		0.440	# 400 5 00	- 4	0.440			
Financial managers	\$138,933	6.9	2,112	\$139,533	7.1	2,113	_	_	_
advertising, and public				22.424					
relations	80,421	11.4	2,074	80,421	11.4	2,074	_	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	66,993	7.0	1,831	49,874	11.1	2,043	\$70,591	6.9	1,78
Managers and administrators,	75,440	5.6	2.072	76 002	5.9	2,078	64 277	11.9	1,98
n.e.c	56.719	4.6	2,073 2,077	76,082 57,818	5.9 4.8	2,078	64,277 44.406	12.1	2,03
Accountants and auditors	52,256	6.5	2,077	52,336	6.6	2,080	44,400	12.1	2,03
Other financial officers	75,944	9.5	2,088	77,356	9.5	2,088	_	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	49,701	14.1	2,061	46,222	10.8	2,080	_	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	51,489	7.1	2,080	52,018	7.3	2,080	_		
Inspectors and compliance officers, except	01,400	7.1	2,000	32,010	7.5	2,000			
construction	52,872	10.6	2,083	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management related, n.e.c	63,477	10.1	2,057	65,913	10.0	2,075	-	_	-
Sales	46,891	11.6	2,112	47,039	11.7	2,112	_	_	_
Supervisors, sales	37,246	12.2	2,033	37,246	12.2	2,033	_	_	-
Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and	86,198	24.8	2,062	86,198	24.8	2,062	-	_	-
wholesale Sales workers, other	78,797	4.8	2,080	78,797	4.8	2,080	-	-	-
commodities	20,706	7.3	2,025	20,706	7.3	2,025	_	_	_
Cashiers	19,574	7.9	2,080	19,049	8.9	2,080	_	_	-
Administrative support, including									
clerical	32,513	1.4	2,036	33,475	1.5	2,063	26,445	3.1	1,86
Supervisors, general office	48,616	8.4	2,117	48,071	9.0	2,121	-		-
Secretaries	36,038	2.5	2,044	37,603	2.8	2,073	28,996	4.3	1,91
Transportation ticket and	30,122	2.8	2.000	30,122	2.8	2,080			
reservation agents Receptionists	26,676	7.8	2,080 2,031	50,122	2.0	2,000	_	_	
Order clerks	31,075	8.4	2,075	31,075	8.4	2,075	_	_	_
Personnel clerks, except	22.000	40.4	0.074	04.040	0.7	0.000			
payroll and timekeeping	33,068	10.4	2,071	31,818	8.7	2,080	_ 27.11F	7.5	4 70
Records clerks, n.e.c Bookkeepers, accounting and	29,372	4.8	1,907	31,941	6.4	2,080	27,115	7.5	1,75
auditing clerks	33,865	6.4	2,072	34,799	7.4	2,080	28,598	4.5	2,02
Billing clerks Dispatchers	30,268 40,312	3.6 26.6	2,052 2,076	_	_	_	30,169	8.8	2,06
Production coordinators	37,314	8.9	2,070	37,314	8.9	2,080	50,109	0.0	2,00
Traffic, shipping and receiving	37,314	0.9	2,000	37,314	0.9	2,000	_	_	_
clerks	21,140	7.7	2,032	21,140	7.7	2,032	-	-	-
Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters,	31,079	12.0	2,080	31,339	14.4	2,080	_	_	-
examiners, and									
investigators	42,129	3.9	2,000	42,104	4.0	1,997	_	-	-
Investigators and adjusters,	•			•					
except insurance	32,925	7.4	2,069	33,751	8.6	2,067	_	_	
General office clerks	29,958	4.7	2,063	31,401	5.7	2,073	25,049	3.0	2,03
Bank tellers	23,538	2.3	2,080	23,538	2.3	2,080	_		
Teachers' aides	15,245	3.1	1,444	-	_	_	15,245	3.1	1,44

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	<u>, </u>		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued									
Administrative support, n.e.c.	\$29,390	4.3	2,036	\$29,515	4.4	2,042	-	-	-
Blue collar	30,768	5.2	2,070	30,652	5.5	2,073	\$32,692	1.8	2,02
Precision production, craft, and repair	38,476	4.5	2,083	38,552	5.0	2,084	37,727	3.8	2,07
Supervisors, mechanics and	,		,	30,332	3.0	2,004	31,121	3.0	2,07
repairers Automobile mechanics	55,144 48,505	6.8 28.7	2,063 2,151	- 48,524	_ 29.1	- 2,152	_	_	_
Aircraft mechanics, except	,	20.7		,			_		-
engine Mechanics and repairers,	53,108	13.8	2,080	53,108	13.8	2,080	_	_	-
n.e.c	38,431	10.5	2,075	39,738	13.2	2,073	33,756	2.9	2,08
Carpenters Electricians	26,918 42,776	2.8 9.6	2,076 2,080	_	_	_	_	_	
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	45,731	15.6	2,080	47,163	17.1	2,080	_	_	
Concrete and terrazzo finishers	26,297	1.3	2,057	26,126	.7	2,056	_	_	_
Construction trades, n.e.c	36,227	3.8	2,080	-	-	-	36,227	3.8	2,08
Supervisors, production	44,711	14.3	2,105	44,671	14.5	2,106	-	_	
Precision assemblers, metal	41,424	6.5	2,080	41,424	6.5	2,080	-	_	-
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	27,860	9.6	2,080	27,860	9.6	2,080	-	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers,									
and inspectorsFabricating machine	24,687	6.8	2,068	24,687	6.8	2,068	-	-	-
operators, n.e.cPackaging and filling machine	33,195	18.0	2,069	33,195	18.0	2,069	-	-	-
operators Miscellaneous machine	25,914	9.6	2,080	25,914	9.6	2,080	-	-	-
operators, n.e.c	22,191 24,216	14.9 15.0	2,080 2,050	22,191	14.9 15.0	2,080	-	_	-
Assemblers	24,210	15.0	2,030	24,216	15.0	2,050	_	_	_
Transportation and material	05 500	40.7	0.005	00.440	44.0	0.000	00.040	0.7	
moving Truck drivers	35,599 36,252	10.7 12.5	2,065 2,085	36,442 36,994	11.6 13.1	2,082 2,086	28,043 28,778	3.7 2.6	1,91 2,08
Bus drivers	25,135	11.7	1,744	-	-	-	24,369	9.0	1,60
Industrial truck and tractor									
equipment operators	27,893	1.2	2,080	27,731	1.0	2,080	_	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners,									
helpers, and laborers Groundskeepers and	22,291	4.7	2,057	22,265	4.8	2,056	23,134	11.6	2,08
gardeners, except farm	19,536	13.3	2,080	_	_	_	_	_	_
Construction laborers	18,576	2.0	2,080	_	_	-	_	_	-
Stock handlers and baggers Machine feeders and	20,269	12.1	1,953	20,269	12.1	1,953	-	_	_
offbearers	25,702	6.6	2,080	25,702	6.6	2,080	-	-	-
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	27,347	8.8	2,080	27,793	9.6	2,080	_	_	_
Vehicle washers and	40 =0:		0.000	40 =0:					
equipment cleaners Hand packers and packagers	19,731 18,974	8.2 6.5	2,080 2,080	19,731 18,974	8.2 6.5	2,080 2,080	_	_	_
Service	23,676	3.9	1,970	20,190	6.1	1,986	33,190	2.9	1,92
Protective service	34,750	6.4	2,118	22,870	7.2	2,009	48,770	.4	2,24

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	rate industry	′		te and local overnment	l
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings		Annual ea	arnings	M	Annual e	arnings	
· 	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean annual hours ⁵
Service -Continued									
Protective service -Continued									
Supervisors, firefighters and									
fire prevention	\$65,729	5.7	2,636	_	_	_	\$65,729	5.7	2,636
Supervisors, police and									
detectives	67,898	2.9	2,080	_	_	_	67,898	2.9	2,080
Firefighting	54,065	.8	2,730	_	_	_	54,065	.8	2,730
Police and detectives, public									
service	51,703	.9	2,088	_	_	_	51,703	.9	2,088
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law									
enforcement officers	45,072	2.9	2,136	_	_	_	45,072	2.9	2,136
Correctional institution officers	26,255	14.2	2,080	_	_	_	33,094	.4	2,080
Guards and police, except									
public service	22,798	5.7	1,991	\$22,739	5.7	1,990			l
Food service	18,260	15.2	1,959	18,825	17.9	2,086	15,414	5.3	1,320
Waiters, waitresses, and									
bartenders	11,416	17.9	2,027	11,416	17.9	2,027	_	_	-
Waiters and waitresses	8,858	49.1	2,024	8,858	49.1	2,024			
Other food service	19,947	13.0	1,942	21,127	15.5	2,104	15,414	5.3	1,320
Supervisors, food preparation	07.007	0.5	0.040						
and service	37,607	9.5	2,043	-	_		-	_	-
Cooks	16,920	6.3	1,983	17,514	6.9	2,078	12,538	4.0	1,284
Food counter, fountain, and	40 405		0.000						
related	16,425	9.1	2,080	_	_	_	_	_	_
Kitchen workers, food	14.010	F 4	4 000						
preparation	14,819	5.1	1,896	-	-	-	-	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c	16,356	11.4	1,762	18,272	16.5	2,062	13,011	2.3	1,239
Health service	20,135	3.3	1,974	19,704	3.6	1,978	24,895	8.5	1,929
Health aides, except nursing	21,802	5.0	2,033	_	-	_	_	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and	10.050	2.0	1 051	10 212	4.0	4 055			
attendants	19,352	3.9	1,954	19,313	4.0	1,955	25.650	4.0	2 020
Cleaning and building service	20,589	6.2 6.2	2,050	18,591	7.5 6.2	2,062	25,658	4.0	2,020
Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners	15,368 20,738	8.7	2,080 2,041	15,368 19,546	11.1	2,080 2.055	23.362	7.5	2.010
Personal service	20,738	6.7	1,473	23,895	8.6	1,425	19,744	2.5	1,594
Public transportation	22,095	0.7	1,413	23,095	0.0	1,423	13,144	2.5	1,554
attendants	28,682	2.3	1,082	28,682	2.3	1,082	_	_	l _
Early childhood teachers'	20,002	2.5	1,002	20,002	2.5	1,002	_	_	-
assistants	17,086	6.2	1,639	_	_	_	16,625	2.4	1.458
assistants	17,000	0.2	1,000		[10,020		1,400

¹ Earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

number of workers, weighted by hours.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is

the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

⁵ Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, avaluate of cuertime.

exclusive of overtime.

 $\label{thm:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 4-1. Selected occupations 1 and levels, 2 all workers: 3 Mean hourly earnings, 4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 4 and 4 are the property of the property$

	Т	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
II	\$21.20	1.8	\$20.89	2.0	\$23.06	1.4	
All excluding sales		2.3	20.99	2.6	23.09	1.4	
White collar	26.54	1.5	26.60	1.8	26.25	1.6	
1		5.4	8.47	6.3	9.73	5.7	
2	9.85	5.8	9.72	6.6	11.15	3.8	
3	-	2.8	11.21	3.1	11.81	1.8	
4		4.6	15.54	5.2	14.27	4.3	
5		3.7	17.78	4.1	15.32	4.0	
6		6.0	19.81	6.9	18.09	5.0	
7		1.9	22.33	1.7	23.86	5.2	
8 9		2.8 1.9	27.93 30.90	4.7 2.2	28.91 29.59	.5 1.3	
10		2.5	33.40	2.8	31.22	3.2	
11		2.5	42.03	2.8	36.76	3.6	
12		7.5	50.19	8.9	48.63	2.5	
13		4.5	64.09	4.6	-	_	
14		7.4	_	_	_	_	
Not able to be leveled	29.36	8.0	28.89	8.5	40.66	18.9	
White collar excluding sales	27.44	2.1	27.69	2.5	26.30	1.6	
1		4.9	_	-	_	-	
2		5.8	10.98	7.1	11.15	3.8	
3		2.7	11.88	3.3	11.81	1.9	
4		2.2	14.20	2.5	14.26	4.4	
5		2.4	17.36	2.7	15.32	4.0	
6		2.2	18.36	2.4	18.09	5.0	
7		1.9	22.24	1.7 3.2	23.86	5.2	
8 9		1.9 1.9	25.91 30.96	2.2	28.91 29.59	.5 1.3	
10		2.4	33.53	2.8	31.22	3.2	
11		2.6	42.12	2.9	36.76	3.6	
12		7.8	49.39	9.4	48.63	2.5	
13	63.52	4.5	64.09	4.6	_	_	
14 Not able to be leveled		7.4 5.0	- 32.02	- 5.4	- 40.66	- 18.9	
Not able to be leveled	32.44	3.0	32.02	3.4	40.00	10.9	
Professional specialty and technical		2.7	33.35	3.6	29.66	1.9	
Professional specialty		2.8	33.99	3.7	30.59	1.8	
6		5.7	16.80	6.6	-		
7 8		3.2 2.1	23.50 26.48	3.8 3.9	24.80 29.39	4.8 .5	
9		2.6	30.98	3.5	30.12	1.2	
10		2.3	34.03	2.6	32.25	3.0	
11		3.6	39.72	3.9	35.44	3.0	
12		14.0	49.04	17.0	49.89	3.2	
13	54.77	4.0	54.83	5.2	_	_	
Not able to be leveled	41.56	8.9	41.28	9.1	47.29	41.3	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	36.32	4.7	36.42	4.8	_	_	
7		6.6	26.41	6.6	_	_	
9		4.9	31.87	5.1	_	-	
10		2.2	32.82	2.2	_	_	
11		7.3	39.08	7.6	_	_	
Not able to be leveled Electrical and electronic engineers		4.7 5.1	42.63 39.66	4.7 5.1	_	1 -	
Not able to be leveled		4.8	41.62	4.8		_	
Industrial engineers		3.4	29.81	3.4	_	_	
Mechanical engineers		18.8	36.79	18.8	_	_	
Engineers, n.e.c.		3.8	34.46	3.8	_	_	
9		5.9	31.39	5.9	_	_	
10		2.6	33.40	2.6	_	-	
Mathematical and computer scientists		4.8	36.39	4.8	_	-	
7		8.7	24.77	9.3	_	-	
9		3.1	33.35	3.1	_	-	
10		4.6	35.87	4.6	_	_	
11		3.9	37.99	3.9	_	_	
12	49.30	19.9	49.30	19.9	_	-	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
hite collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued						
Professional specialty –Continued						
Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued	\$37.69	1 24	\$37.69	2.1		
Not able to be leveled Computer systems analysts and scientists	36.70	2.1 5.4	36.88	2.1 5.4		_
7	24.94	8.5	-		_	_
9	34.89	2.4	34.89	2.4	_	_
10	35.87	4.6	35.87	4.6	_	_
11	39.77	.6	39.77	.6	_	_
12	60.89	21.8	60.89	21.8	_	_
Not able to be leveled	37.69	2.1	37.69	2.1	_	_
Natural scientists	_	-	_	_		_
Health related	26.71	2.3	26.82	2.5	\$25.81	7.5
7	21.89	3.9	22.46	4.4	19.39	5.1
8	25.43	5.3	25.24	5.6	- 27.42	
9	25.82	4.0	25.65 25.38	4.4	27.42	6.2
Registered nurses 7	25.47 23.05	2.4 4.9	23.27	2.3 5.1	26.57	12.2
8	24.63	3.3	24.64	3.5	_	
9	25.72	2.3	_		_	_
Teachers, college and university	44.11	1.1	44.34	.8	44.04	1.5
9	28.23	10.0				
11	36.26	4.4	_	_	34.67	5.3
12	52.25	2.0	_	_	_	-
Other post-secondary teachers	41.59	5.6	_		39.17	4.7
11	36.34	7.2	_	-	_	-
12	46.45	5.8	_		_	-
Teachers, except college and university	29.12	.8	24.86	2.4	29.51	.8
7 8	27.05	4.0	- 24.02	4.3	27.31 29.60	4.0
9	29.46 30.81	.3 .7	21.83	4.5	30.46	.1
10	31.76	2.7	_	_	32.79	.1
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	26.32	10.4	_	_	29.46	4.0
8	28.98	7.1	_	_	28.98	7.1
Elementary school teachers	29.34	.3	_	_	29.38	.3
7	27.90	1.8	_	_	28.01	1.6
8	29.51	.1	_	_	29.52	.0
9	30.37	1.9	_	_	30.37	1.9
Secondary school teachers	29.59	.6	_	_	29.79	.6
7	27.65	.3	_	_	28.73	.6
8 Teachers, special education	29.75 28.95	.5 1.3	_		29.86 28.95	1.3
7	26.52	4.6	_	_	26.52	4.6
8	29.67	.8	_	_	29.67	.8
Teachers, n.e.c.	27.67	8.1	_	_	28.08	4.1
Vocational and educational counselors	30.40	10.4	_	_	32.74	10.8
10	32.25	5.8	_	_	_	_
Librarians, archivists, and curators	30.67	3.0	_		31.99	1.7
Librarians	30.67	3.0	_	-	31.99	1.7
Social scientists and urban planners	35.88	6.2	_	_	35.22	4.5
Psychologists	35.22	4.5	10.07	11.0	35.22	4.5
Social, recreation, and religious workers	18.21 17.36	7.1 7.5	18.27	11.8	18.13 18.57	3.5 5.5
Social workers	19.10	3.3	_		18.17	3.8
7	17.38	7.9	_	_	-	- 5.0
Lawyers and judges	62.57	12.0	_	_	_	_
Lawyers	62.75	12.0	_	-	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	27.09	14.2	25.39	12.3	_	-
Not able to be leveled	35.14	28.7	30.89	30.1	_	_
Designers	21.39	6.3	21.39	6.3	-	
Technical 4	28.55	5.2	30.17	6.1	17.86	6.6
	14.71	8.2	14.70	9.4	_	1 -

 $\label{thm:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 4-1. Selected occupations 1 and levels, 2 all workers: 3 Mean hourly earnings, 4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued 4 Con$

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer
/hite collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
5	\$19.71	5.9	\$20.26	6.2	\$16.78	8.0
6	19.75	6.5	_	-	17.90	7.3
7	22.16	9.2	22.18	9.9	_	_
8	27.64	5.1	27.64	5.1	_	_
9	33.88	7.8	33.98	7.9	-	_
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	15.88	11.2	_	_	_	_
Radiological technicians	23.09	1.0	_ 10.72	_ 5.7	_	_
Licensed practical nurses5	18.48 19.54	5.2 10.8	18.73 19.54	5.7 10.8	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	17.28	10.6	18.08	6.6	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians	22.56	3.2	22.63	3.3	_	
7	20.97	2.5	21.06	2.4	_	_
8	27.36	4.0	27.36	4.0	_	_
Computer programmers	32.90	3.6	32.90	3.6	-	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.03	4.9	35.45	5.3	31.48	9.4
6	18.21	8.8	17.77	10.1	_	
7	21.47	2.3	21.69	2.2	16.60	6.4
8	23.18	6.3	23.74	6.3 4.4	19.08	5.2
9	30.39 32.79	4.0 4.6	30.60 32.78	5.4	27.95	5.1
11	36.60	4.6	36.32	5.2	38.59	6.0
12	49.38	3.2	49.82	3.6	46.84	4.8
Not able to be leveled	35.79	6.9	35.58	7.7	37.85	7.5
Executives, administrators, and managers	41.02	6.9	41.70	7.8	36.29	3.6
7	23.94	19.2	24.20	19.2	-	_
8	23.69	9.2	24.17	9.7	_	_
9	30.80	6.6	30.87	7.2	29.95	1.5
10	30.68	5.9	_	-	_	_
11	35.08	4.9	34.31	6.1	38.59	6.0
12	49.69	3.4	50.73	3.9	43.59	5.3
Not able to be leveled	40.37	5.6	40.73	6.3	37.85	7.5
Administrators and officials, public administration Financial managers	34.82 65.77	3.7 8.6	66.05	8.7	34.82 -	3.7
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public						
relations	38.77	11.3	38.77	11.3	-	
Administrators, education and related fields 11	36.58 40.96	7.8	24.42	8.6	39.50	7.9
Not able to be leveled	36.04	10.1	_	_	40.96	10.1
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	36.39	5.6	36.61	5.9	32.42	11.3
9	28.23	3.5	28.09	3.5	-	
11	33.77	6.7	33.62	7.4	_	_
12	47.47	8.1	47.47	8.1	_	_
Not able to be leveled	40.36	7.7	40.77	7.7	-	_
Management related	27.31	4.5	27.79	4.8	21.82	11.9
6	17.36	7.3	-	-	_	_
7	21.13	3.8	21.34	3.9	16.85	7.7
8	22.10	3.7	22.76	4.4	-	_
9	29.91	3.6	30.29	4.1	-	_
10	34.08	4.9	34.08	4.9	-	_
11 Not able to be leveled	39.95	10.1 8.3	39.95	10.1	_	_
Accountants and auditors	24.09 25.12	6.5	24.09 25.16	8.3 6.6	_	_
11	33.11	2.6	33.11	2.6	_	_
Other financial officers	36.38	10.7	37.05	10.7	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations						
specialists	24.11	14.1	22.22	10.8	-	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	24.75	7.1	25.01	7.3	-	_
construction	25.38	10.8	_	-	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	30.86	10.0	31.76	10.0	_	l –

 $\label{thm:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 4-1. Selected occupations 1 and levels, 2 all workers: 3 Mean hourly earnings, 4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued 4 Con$

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Sales	\$19.71	11.0	\$19.75	11.0	_	_
1	8.05	6.3	-	-	_	_
2	8.40	9.0	8.40	9.0	_	_
3	10.00	2.2	9.98	2.2	_	_
4	19.98	11.8	20.04	11.8	_	_
5	21.44	22.1	21.44	22.1	_	_
6	27.83	23.3	27.83	23.3	_	_
7 8	24.62 46.14	8.1 19.6	24.62 46.14	8.1 19.6	_	_
Not able to be leveled	15.47	21.2	15.47	21.2	_	_
Supervisors, sales	18.32	8.9	18.32	8.9	_	_
Sales, other business services	41.81	24.2	41.81	24.2	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
and wholesale	37.88	4.8	37.88	4.8	-	-
Sales workers, other commodities	9.75	8.8	9.75	8.8	_	_
Cashiers	8.40	4.6	8.24	4.9	_	_
2	7.41	8.0	7.41	8.0	_	_
3	8.86	8.0	8.75	8.3	_	_
Sales support, n.e.c.	11.56	20.6	11.56	20.6	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	15.84	1.3	16.08	1.4	\$14.11	3.2
1	9.34	4.9	_	_	_	_
2	11.01	5.8	10.98	7.1	11.15	3.8
3	11.81	2.7	11.80	3.4	11.83	1.8
4	14.21	2.2	14.21	2.5	14.23	5.0
5	16.44	2.1	16.61	2.2	14.98	2.6
6	18.39	3.2	18.50	3.5	17.15	6.9
7 Not able to be leveled	21.65 17.41	3.2 5.1	21.72 17.41	3.3 5.1	20.52 –	14.1
Supervisors, general office	22.97	8.3	22.66	8.7	_	_
Secretaries	17.60	2.5	18.14	2.8	15.03	4.6
3	12.13	1.6	_	_	11.96	4.9
4	15.85	4.9	16.03	5.6	15.08	7.0
5	17.12	2.2	17.49	2.5	14.64	1.9
6	19.91	7.2			16.30	9.0
7	22.36	4.4	22.80	4.5	_	_
Receptionists	12.31 12.95	8.5 9.3	12.33	9.5	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	12.57	6.5	_	_	_	_
Order clerks	14.68	8.4	14.68	8.4	_	_
4	12.86	12.9	12.86	12.9	_	_
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	15.96	10.4	15.30	8.7	-	_
Library clerks	12.64	3.1	_	-	_	-
Records clerks, n.e.c.	15.40	4.6	15.36	6.4	15.45	6.8
5	16.60	4.7	- 16 39	6.0	- 1/1/1	- 5.0
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks 4	16.07 13.24	5.9 4.9	16.38 12.94	6.8 4.8	14.11	5.0
5	17.10	5.6	17.29	6.7	_	
Billing clerks	14.75	2.8	_	-	_	_
Dispatchers	19.42	26.6	_	_	14.59	9.1
Production coordinators	18.54	8.8	18.54	8.8	-	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.40	7.2	10.40	7.2	-	_
Stock and inventory clerks	14.15	14.9	14.11	17.6	_	_
investigators	21.07	3.2	21.08	3.3	-	-
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.70	7.3	16.06	8.2	_	
General office clerks	13.99	5.0	14.42	6.0	12.32	2.9
2 3	9.66	8.5 2.6	_	_	- 11.11	
4	11.19 13.01	4.5	_ 12.94	5.7	13.26	4.9 2.8
7	18.92	8.3	18.92	8.3	-	
Not able to be leveled	15.20	14.1	15.20	14.1	_	_
	-	2.4	11.30			1

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
White collar –Continued							
Administrative support, including clerical -Continued							
Data entry keyers	\$13.18	5.4	_	_			
Teachers' aides	10.48	2.4	_	_	\$10.52	2.4	
2 3	10.30 10.99	2.7 4.1	_	_	10.38 10.99	2.8 4.1	
Administrative support, n.e.c.	14.44	4.1	\$14.46	4.4	10.99	4.1	
4	13.13	3.9	13.13	3.9	_	_	
5	15.01	4.9	15.01	4.9	_	_	
Blue collar	14.55	5.1	14.47	5.4	16.12	2.4	
1	8.70	7.2	8.70	7.2	_	_	
2	9.80	3.3	9.77	3.4		_	
3	12.91	4.9	12.79	5.3	14.24	1.6	
4	16.87	8.7	17.09	8.9	12.66	12.2	
5	16.56	3.1	16.66	3.3	15.40	3.9	
6 7	17.83 22.34	4.5 3.5	17.91 22.62	5.3 3.7	17.40 19.62	3.8 4.3	
8	32.19	4.9	32.68	4.6	19.62	4.3	
9	24.89	5.7	24.84	6.6		_	
Not able to be leveled	16.61	8.6	16.61	8.6	_	_	
		0.0		0.0			
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.32	4.6	18.33	5.0	18.20	3.9	
2	11.04	9.6	11.04	9.6	_	-	
3	12.75	9.5	12.17	10.0	_	-	
4	13.10	2.5	13.09	2.6			
5	15.62	6.2	15.65	6.8	15.33	4.9	
6	17.22	5.0	17.14	6.2	17.55	3.1	
7 8	22.92 32.67	3.4 4.5	23.29 33.21	3.5 4.3	19.60 –	4.6	
9	26.39	7.6	33.21	4.5			
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	26.73	6.4	_	_	_	_	
Automobile mechanics	22.55	32.1	22.55	32.6	_	_	
Aircraft mechanics, except engine	25.53	13.8	25.53	13.8	_	_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	18.52	10.5	19.17	13.2	16.23	2.9	
5	15.82	9.9	_	_	_	-	
7	23.05	7.8	-	_	_	_	
Carpenters	12.97	2.8	_	_	_	-	
Electricians	20.57	9.6	_		_	_	
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	21.99	15.6	22.67	17.1	_	_	
Concrete and terrazzo finishers Construction trades, n.e.c.	12.79	.9	12.71	.2	17.42		
Supervisors, production	17.42 21.24	3.8 13.2	21.21	13.4	17.42	3.8	
Precision assemblers, metal	19.92	6.5	19.92	6.5	_	_	
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	13.29	9.2	13.29	9.2	_	_	
		"-					
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.92	6.6	11.92	6.6	_	_	
1	7.64	14.7	7.64	14.7	_	_	
2	9.22	1.2	9.22	1.2	_	_	
3	13.19	6.4	13.19	6.4	_	_	
4	15.05	1.7	15.05	1.7	_	_	
5Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c	16.78	7.5	16.78 16.05	7.5	_	_	
Packaging and filling machine operators	16.05 12.46	18.0 9.6	16.05 12.46	18.0 9.6	_		
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.	10.67	14.9	10.67	14.9		_	
Assemblers	11.76	13.6	11.76	13.6	_	_	
2	9.42	6.0	9.42	6.0	_	_	
Transportation and material moving	16.89	10.6	17.14	11.5	14.54	2.6	
2	11.52	11.3	11.37	12.6			
3	13.09	3.6	12.75	4.5	14.32	2.9	
4	21.98	11.9	22.60	11.8	14.81	.6	
5	18.10	8.4	18.28	9.1	_	_	
Not able to be leveled	13.53	3.3	13.53	3.3	_		

Table 4-1. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent	
Blue collar –Continued							
Transportation and material moving –Continued Truck drivers	¢17.16	10.7	\$17.47	122	\$13.84	2.6	
3	\$17.16 13.06	12.7 2.5	\$17.47 —	13.3	13.36	4.8	
4	21.86	5.2	22.34	4.1	-	_	
Bus drivers	14.19	9.8	-	-	14.77	3.5	
3	13.63	7.8	_		15.06	2.9	
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	13.41	1.2	13.33	1.0	-	-	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.68	4.9	10.66	5.1	11.12	11.6	
1	9.02	7.9	9.02	7.9	-	-	
2	9.79	4.7	9.77	4.8	_	_	
3	12.60	9.7	12.61	10.1	-	_	
4	13.75	10.8	14.57	8.7	-	-	
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	8.50	10.2	-	-	-	-	
Construction laborers	8.93	2.0	- 0.44	12.5	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers Machine feeders and offbearers	9.44 12.36	12.5 6.6	9.44 12.36	12.5 6.6	_	-	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	12.36	6.5	12.36	6.9	_	-	
4	13.91	14.7	-	0.9	_	_	
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	9.49	8.2	9.49	8.2	_	_	
Hand packers and packagers	8.54	9.7	8.54	9.7	_	_	
1	7.74	13.7	7.74	13.7	-	-	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	7.23	14.8	6.76	13.9	-	_	
1	6.43	8.2	6.43	8.2	-	-	
ervice	11.16	3.6	9.54	4.5	16.81	3.4	
1	7.58	2.7	7.43	2.5	9.17	3.5	
2	7.92	6.0	7.74	6.8	9.60	2.4	
3 4	9.20 12.17	2.8 4.5	8.60 11.73	2.8 5.5	11.70 14.18	8.4 3.3	
5	20.37	5.4	22.94	12.2	17.29	5.0	
6	16.42	12.5	_		19.76	2.1	
7	21.69	4.3	_	_	22.05	3.6	
8	25.93	8.0	-	-	23.33	5.7	
9	30.17	5.9	-	-	30.17	5.9	
Not able to be leveled	16.63	13.5	-	_	-	-	
Protective service	15.94	5.1	11.17	5.0	21.63	1.2	
1	10.64 8.39	2.9 4.5	- 8.39	4.5	_	_	
3	10.49	5.5	-		_	_	
4	11.15	3.6	_	_	_	_	
5	15.23	3.6	_	-	16.12	1.2	
6	20.56	1.3	_	-	20.30	.6	
7	22.21	3.3	-	-	22.21	3.3	
8	25.14	7.1	-	-	23.44	5.6	
9 Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	30.17 24.93	5.9 4.5	_	-	30.17	5.9	
Supervisors, police and detectives	32.64	2.9	_	_	24.93 32.64	4.5 2.9	
9	32.17	4.8	_	_	32.17	4.8	
Firefighting	19.80	1.7	_	_	19.80	1.7	
7	19.50	6.4	-	-	19.50	6.4	
Police and detectives, public service	24.76	.8	-	-	24.76	.8	
7	24.12	.4	-	-	24.12	.4	
8	26.96	.0	-	-	26.96	.0	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	21.11	1.1	_	_	21.11	1.1	
Correctional institution officers	12.62	14.2	_		21.11 15.91	.4	
5	15.90	.9	_	_	15.90	.9	
Guards and police, except public service	11.38	5.4	11.34	5.4	-	-	
Food service	8.57	12.4	8.29	14.7	11.00	7.0	
1	6.89	2.6	6.56	1.7	9.39	7.5	
2	6.42	12.9	5.95	15.0	9.37	1.4	
3	8.09	2.7	7.96	3.1	9.68	3.8	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 all workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
Service –Continued							
Food service –Continued	044.04	400	040.04	44.5			
4	\$11.01	10.3	\$10.91	11.5	_	_	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.26	15.6	5.26	15.6 3.0	_	_	
1 2	5.31 3.72	3.0 49.4	5.31 3.72	49.4	_	_	
3	6.38	13.4	6.38	13.4			
Waiters and waitresses	3.93	45.1	3.93	45.1			
2	2.32	18.5	2.32	18.5			
3	6.41	18.5	6.41	18.5		_	
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.64	8.2	6.64	8.2	_	_	
1	5.56	6.9	5.56	6.9	_	_	
Other food service	9.58	10.5	9.36	12.8	\$11.00	7.0	
1	7.42	4.9	7.06	3.0	9.39	7.5	
2	7.64	5.7	7.21	6.9	9.37	1.4	
3	8.45	2.1	8.33	2.4	9.68	3.8	
4	12.12	2.1	_		_	_	
Supervisors, food preparation and service	18.40	10.7	_	_	_	_	
Cooks	8.46	6.8	8.37	7.1	9.76	3.3	
2	8.97	2.5	8.92	2.5		_	
3	8.16	1.4	8.02	2.0	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.62	4.5	7.29	4.0	8.53	6.3	
1	7.04	4.7	6.89	4.6	_	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.75	9.9	8.37	13.2	10.08	4.3	
1	8.28	5.8	7.75	2.6	10.70	6.7	
2	7.75	7.3	_	_	_	_	
3	9.56	3.9	_	_	_	_	
Health service	9.25	10.3	9.00	11.2	12.33	10.2	
2	9.73	2.0	9.70	1.9	_	_	
3	9.34	7.3	9.37	8.4	_	_	
4	11.45	4.8	_	_	-	_	
Health aides, except nursing	10.77	5.0	10.39	2.9	_	_	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.82	11.9	8.75	12.2	_	_	
2	9.32	.4	9.32	.4	_	_	
3	9.30	9.3	9.29	10.3	_	_	
Cleaning and building service	9.69	8.5	8.68	9.3	12.63	4.5	
1	7.89	6.2	7.70	7.6	8.92	.7	
2	8.49	12.8	8.38	14.4	9.40	8.0	
3	12.47	8.3	-		13.30	10.5	
Maids and housemen	7.39	6.2	7.39	6.2	_	_	
1	7.40	8.7	7.40	8.7	11.50	-	
Janitors and cleaners	9.70	11.2	8.99	13.6	11.56	6.6	
1	8.10 8.68	8.0 15.0	7.87 9.57	10.3 17.4	8.92 9.40	.7 8.0	
2 3	12.47	8.3	8.57	17.4	13.30	10.5	
Personal service	13.97	7.4	- 14.41	8.9	12.29	3.6	
1	5.77	6.8	5.69	7.6	12.29	3.0	
2	8.34	8.6	5.09	7.6	l	_	
3	9.22	9.8	_	_		_	
4	17.91	27.5	_		l -	I -	
	26.52	24.6	26.52	24.6		_	
Public transportation attendants							

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information. information.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to

of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
All		1.9 2.5	\$21.81 21.77	2.2 3.0	\$23.29 23.32	1.7 1.7
White collar		1.5	27.30	1.7	26.35	1.7
1 2		3.9 5.2	_ 10.54	6.1	- 11.18	4.2
3		2.6	11.69	3.0	11.87	1.6
4		5.3	15.63	6.0	14.34	4.2
5	_	3.6	17.98	3.9	15.39	4.0
6		6.3	19.84	7.4	18.11	5.2
7		1.9	22.30	1.7	23.92	5.2
8	. 28.36	2.8	27.98	4.8	28.92	.6
9	. 30.77	1.9	30.98	2.1	29.60	1.3
10	. 33.03	2.5	33.40	2.8	31.22	3.2
11	. 41.35	2.4	41.84	2.6	37.04	4.1
12		7.5	50.19	8.9	48.63	2.5
13		4.5	64.09	4.6	_	_
14		7.4	_			
Not able to be leveled		7.4	29.42	7.9	41.25	19.3
White collar excluding sales		2.2	27.98	2.6	26.41	1.7
2		6.0	11.03	7.3	11.18	4.2
3		2.7	11.99	3.3	11.87	1.6
4		2.3	14.18	2.7	14.32	4.3
5	-	2.4	17.45	2.6	15.39	4.0
6		2.2	18.32	2.4 1.7	18.11	5.2 5.2
7 8		1.9 1.9	22.21 25.92	3.2	23.92 28.92	
9		1.9	31.04	2.2	29.60	.6 1.3
10		2.4	33.53	2.8	31.22	3.2
11		2.5	41.92	2.8	37.04	4.1
12		7.8	49.39	9.4	48.63	2.5
13		4.5	64.09	4.6	-	_
14		7.4	-	_	_	_
Not able to be leveled	. 32.87	4.9	32.44	5.2	41.25	19.3
Professional specialty and technical	. 32.65	2.8	33.68	3.7	29.75	1.9
Professional specialty	. 33.28	2.7	34.31	3.7	30.70	1.8
6		7.3	16.42	8.6	_	-
7		3.3	23.40	3.9	24.88	4.8
8		2.1	26.51	4.0	29.41	.5
9		2.6	31.01	3.1	30.14	1.2
10		2.3 2.8	34.03	2.6	32.25	3.0 3.8
11 12		14.0	39.27 49.04	3.1 17.0	35.81 49.89	3.0
13		4.0	54.83	5.2	49.09	3.2
Not able to be leveled		8.2	42.96	8.4	49.78	40.6
Engineers, architects, and surveyors		4.6	35.81	4.7	-	-
7		6.6	26.41	6.6	_	_
9		4.9	31.87	5.1	_	_
10		2.2	32.82	2.2	_	_
11	. 36.72	2.7	36.65	2.7	_	_
Not able to be leveled	42.63	4.7	42.63	4.7	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers		5.1	39.66	5.1	_	-
Not able to be leveled		4.8	41.62	4.8	_	-
Industrial engineers		3.4	29.81	3.4	_	_
Mechanical engineers		8.6	27.48	8.6	_	-
Engineers, n.e.c.		3.8	34.46	3.8	_	_
9 10		5.9	31.39	5.9 2.6	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists		2.6 5.7	33.40 36.70	2.6 5.8	_	1 -
7		8.7	24.77	9.3	_	_
9		3.1	33.35	3.1	_	_
10		4.6	35.87	4.6	_	_
11		3.9	37.99	3.9	_	_
12		19.9	49.30	19.9	_	_
Not able to be leveled		2.1	37.69	2.1	_	I _

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
/hite collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical -Continued						
Professional specialty –Continued Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued						
Computer systems analysts and scientists — Continued	\$37.12	6.4	\$37.30	6.4	_	_
7	24.94	8.5	-	-	_	_
9	34.89	2.4	34.89	2.4	_	_
10	35.87	4.6	35.87	4.6	_	_
11	39.77	.6	39.77	.6	_	_
12	60.89	21.8	60.89	21.8	_	_
Not able to be leveled	37.69	2.1	37.69	2.1	_	-
Natural scientists	_	_	_	_	_	-
Health related	26.73	2.3	26.84	2.5	\$25.81	7.5
7	21.60	3.9	22.13	4.4	19.39	5.1
8	25.40	5.7	25.20	6.0	_	-
9	25.84	4.0	25.66	4.4	27.42	6.2
Registered nurses	25.45	2.6	25.35	2.5	26.57	12.2
7	22.76	4.6	22.95	4.8	_	_
8	24.54	3.6	24.55	3.8	_	_
9	25.77	2.4	_			
Teachers, college and university	45.30	1.0	44.50	.3	45.57	1.3
11	37.11	5.2	_	_	35.41	7.0
12	52.25	2.0	_	_	-	_
Other post-secondary teachers	43.61	6.3	_	_	41.17	5.9
11	37.79	10.4	_	_	_	_
12	46.45	5.8	_ 25.40	2.4	-	
Teachers, except college and university	29.25 27.17	3.9	25.12	2.4	29.62 27.44	.8 3.9
8	29.49	.3	21.88	4.5	29.62	.0
9	30.81	.7	21.00	4.5	30.46	.6
10	31.76	2.7	_	_	32.79	.1
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	26.32	10.4	_	_	29.46	4.0
8	28.98	7.1	_	_	28.98	7.1
Elementary school teachers	29.35	.3	_	_	29.38	.3
7	27.90	1.8	_	_	28.01	1.6
8	29.50	.1	_	_	29.52	.0
9	30.37	1.9	-	_	30.37	1.9
Secondary school teachers	29.69	.6	_	_	29.79	.6
7	27.65	.3	-	_	28.73	.6
8	29.75	.5	-	_	29.86	.4
Teachers, special education	28.95	1.3	-	-	28.95	1.3
7	26.52	4.6	-	_	26.52	4.6
8	29.67	.8	-	_	29.67	.8
Teachers, n.e.c.	28.01	8.4	-	-	-	
Vocational and educational counselors	30.40	10.4	-	_	32.74	10.8
10	32.25	5.8	-	_	21.00	4 7
Librarians, archivists, and curatorsLibrarians	31.49 31.49	2.1 2.1	_	_	31.99 31.99	1.7
Social scientists and urban planners	31.49 35.88	6.2	_	_	31.99 35.22	4.5
Psychologists	35.22	4.5	_	_	35.22	4.5
Social, recreation, and religious workers	19.10	3.0	19.87	3.2	18.13	3.5
7	17.36	7.5	-	_	18.57	5.5
Social workers	19.10	3.3	_	_	18.17	3.8
7	17.38	7.9	_	_	-	- 0.0
Lawyers and judges	62.57	12.0	_	_	_	_
Lawyers	62.75	12.0	_	-	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	28.96	14.4	27.18	12.2	_	-
Not able to be leveled	43.71	20.6	39.78	14.8	_	_
Technical	28.83	5.4	30.55	6.4	17.86	6.6
4	14.57	10.0	14.54	11.8		-
5	19.71	5.9	20.26	6.2	16.78	8.0
_						. 70
6 7	19.75 22.13	6.5 9.5	22.15	10.2	17.90 –	7.3

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued						
Technical –Continued 8	\$27.64	5.1	\$27.64	5.1		
9	35.68	8.4	35.84	8.5	_	
Radiological technicians	23.09	1.0	-	-	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	18.67	6.5	18.99	7.5	_	_
5	19.54	10.8	19.54	10.8	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	17.44	9.8	_	-	_	-
Electrical and electronic technicians	22.56	3.2	22.63	3.3	_	_
7	20.97	2.5	21.06	2.4	_	_
8	27.36	4.0	27.36	4.0	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.03	4.9	35.45	5.3	\$31.48	9.4
6 7	18.21 21.47	8.8 2.3	17.77 21.69	10.1 2.2	- 16.60	6.4
8	23.18	6.3	23.74	6.3	19.08	5.2
9	30.39	4.0	30.60	4.4	27.95	5.1
10	32.79	4.6	32.78	5.4	27.95	3.1
11	36.60	4.6	36.32	5.2	38.59	6.0
12	49.38	3.2	49.82	3.6	46.84	4.8
Not able to be leveled	35.79	6.9	35.58	7.7	37.85	7.5
Executives, administrators, and managers	41.02	6.9	41.70	7.8	36.29	3.6
7	23.94	19.2	24.20	19.2	_	_
8	23.69	9.2	24.17	9.7	_	_
9	30.80	6.6	30.87	7.2	29.95	1.5
10	30.68	5.9	_	-	_	_
11	35.08	4.9	34.31	6.1	38.59	6.0
12	49.69	3.4	50.73	3.9	43.59	5.3
Not able to be leveled	40.37	5.6	40.73	6.3	37.85	7.5
Administrators and officials, public administration Financial managers	34.82 65.77	3.7 8.6	66.05	- 8.7	34.82 -	3.7
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations	38.77	11.3	38.77	11.3	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	36.58	7.8	24.42	8.6	39.50	7.9
11	40.96	10.1		-	40.96	10.1
Not able to be leveled	36.04	3.4	_	_	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	36.39	5.6	36.61	5.9	32.42	11.3
9	28.23	3.5	28.09	3.5	_	_
11	33.77	6.7	33.62	7.4	_	_
12	47.47	8.1	47.47	8.1	_	_
Not able to be leveled	40.36	7.7	40.77	7.7	-	
Management related	27.31	4.5	27.79	4.8	21.82	11.9
6 7	17.36	7.3	- 21 24		16.95	77
8	21.13 22.10	3.8	21.34 22.76	3.9 4.4	16.85	7.7
9	29.91	3.6	30.29	4.4	_	-
10	34.08	4.9	34.08	4.9	_	_
11	39.95	10.1	39.95	10.1	_	_
Not able to be leveled	24.09	8.3	24.09	8.3	-	_
Accountants and auditors	25.12	6.5	25.16	6.6	-	-
11	33.11	2.6	33.11	2.6	_	_
Other financial officers	36.38	10.7	37.05	10.7	-	-
Personnel, training, and labor relations	04.44	,,,	00.00	400		
specialists	24.11	14.1	22.22	10.8	_	-
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	24.75	7.1	25.01	7.3	_	_
construction	25.38	10.8	_	_	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	30.86	10.0	31.76	10.0	_	-
Sales	22.21	11.7	22.27	11.7	_	_
2	9.63	8.6	9.63	8.6	_	_
3	10.87	5.0	10.85	5.1	_	_
		12.3	20.30	12.4		1

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Sales –Continued	000.00	000	* 00 00	000		
5	\$23.29	22.0	\$23.29	22.0	_	_
6 7	27.83 24.62	23.3	27.83 24.62	23.3 8.1	-	_
8	46.14	8.1 19.6	46.14	19.6	_	
Not able to be leveled	15.91	21.3	15.91	21.3	_	_
Supervisors, sales	18.32	8.9	18.32	8.9	_	_
Sales, other business services	41.81	24.2	41.81	24.2	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale	37.88	4.8	37.88	4.8		
Sales workers, other commodities	10.23	8.9	10.23	8.9	_	
Cashiers	9.41	7.9	9.16	8.9	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	15.97	1.4	16.23	1.5	\$14.17	3.2
2	11.05	6.0	11.03	7.3	11.18	4.2
3	11.90	2.7	11.91	3.4	11.87	1.6
4	14.20	2.4	14.18	2.7	14.30	4.9
5	16.44	2.1	16.61	2.2	14.98	2.6
6	18.29	3.0 3.2	18.40 21.72	3.3 3.3	17.15	7.1 14.1
Not able to be leveled	21.65 17.53	5.5	17.53	5.5 5.5	20.52	14.1
Supervisors, general office	22.97	8.3	22.66	8.7	_	_
Secretaries	17.63	2.5	18.14	2.8	15.15	4.6
3	12.13	1.6	-		11.96	4.9
4	15.93	4.9	16.03	5.6	15.49	7.6
5	17.12	2.2	17.49	2.5	14.64	1.9
6	19.91	7.2	_		16.30	9.0
7	22.36	4.4	22.80	4.5	_	_
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	14.48	2.8	14.48	2.8	_	_
Receptionists	13.13	8.8	-	-	-	_
Order clerks	14.98	8.4	14.98	8.4	_	_
4	13.19	13.2	13.19	13.2	_	_
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	15.96	10.4	15.30	8.7	_ 45.45	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	15.40	4.6 4.7	15.36	6.4	15.45	6.8
5 Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	16.60 16.34	6.4	16.73	7.4	_ 14.11	5.0
4	13.10	5.8	-	-	-	
5	17.10	5.6	17.29	6.7	_	_
Billing clerks	14.75	2.8	_	_	_	_
Dispatchers	19.42	26.6	_	-	14.59	9.1
Production coordinators	17.94	8.9	17.94	8.9	-	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.40	7.3	10.40	7.3	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	14.94	12.0	15.07	14.4	-	_
investigators	21.07	3.2	21.08	3.3	-	-
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	15.91	7.5	16.33	8.7		_
General office clerks	14.52	4.7	15.15	5.7	12.34	3.0
3	11.15	2.7	- 40.40	-	11.09	5.0
4	13.43	3.4	13.48	4.5	13.26	2.8
7Bank tellers	18.92 11.32	8.3 2.3	18.92 11.32	8.3 2.3	_	_
Teachers' aides	10.56	2.8	-	2.3	10.56	2.8
2	10.45	3.5	_	_	10.45	3.5
3	10.99	4.1	_	_	10.99	4.1
Administrative support, n.e.c	14.43 15.01	4.4 4.9	14.45 15.01	4.5 4.9	_	_
Blue collar	14.87	5.2	14.79	5.5	16.17 –	2.7
2	8.92 9.76	7.2 3.6	8.92 9.73	7.2 3.7	_	-
3	12.91	5.0	12.79	5.3	14.36	2.4
4	16.95	8.7	17.19	8.8	12.66	12.2
				1 2.0		3.9

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer
thus called Continued						
Blue collar –Continued 6	\$17.80	4.5	\$17.88	5.3	\$17.40	3.8
7	22.34	3.5	22.62	3.7	19.62	4.3
8	32.19	4.9	32.68	4.6	-	_
9	24.89	5.7	24.84	6.6	_	_
Not able to be leveled	15.64	10.1	15.64	10.1	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.47	4.6	18.50	5.1	18.20	3.9
2	11.88	6.5	11.88	6.5	_	_
3	12.75	9.5	12.17	10.0	_	_
4	13.10	2.5	13.09	2.6	_	_
5	15.75	6.2	15.80	6.9	15.33	4.9
6	17.22	5.0	17.14	6.2	17.55	3.1
7	22.92	3.4	23.29	3.5	19.60	4.6
8	32.67	4.5	33.21	4.3	_	_
9	26.39 26.73	7.6 6.4	-	_	_	_
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers Automobile mechanics	20.73	32.1	22.55	32.6	_	_
Aircraft mechanics, except engine	25.53	13.8	25.53	13.8	_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	18.52	10.5	19.17	13.2	16.23	2.9
5	15.82	9.9	-	-	- 10.20	
7	23.05	7.8	_	_	_	_
Carpenters	12.97	2.8	_	_	_	_
Electricians	20.57	9.6	_	_	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	21.99	15.6	22.67	17.1	_	_
Concrete and terrazzo finishers	12.79	.9	12.71	.2	_	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.	17.42	3.8	_	_	17.42	3.8
Supervisors, production	21.24	13.2	21.21	13.4	_	_
Precision assemblers, metal	19.92	6.5	19.92	6.5	_	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	13.39	9.6	13.39	9.6	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.94	6.7	11.94	6.7	-	-
1	7.67	14.9	7.67	14.9	_	_
3	8.91 13.19	2.2 6.4	8.91 13.19	2.2 6.4	_	_
4	15.19	1.7	15.19	1.7	_	
5	16.78	7.5	16.78	7.5	_	_
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	16.05	18.0	16.05	18.0	_	_
Packaging and filling machine operators	12.46	9.6	12.46	9.6	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	10.67	14.9	10.67	14.9	_	_
Assemblers	11.81	15.0	11.81	15.0	_	_
2	8.78	2.0	8.78	2.0	-	_
Transportation and material moving	17.24	10.7	17.50	11.6	14.65	2.6
2	11.95	12.2	11.81	13.5	-	-
3	13.10	3.7	12.75	4.5	14.51	3.5
4	22.25	11.7	22.91	11.6	14.81	.6
5	18.12	8.5	18.31	9.2	-	_
Not able to be leveled	13.53	3.3	13.53	3.3		_
Truck drivers	17.38	12.8	17.73	13.4	13.84	2.6
3	13.06	2.5	-		13.36	4.8
4	21.86	5.2	22.34	4.1	15 16	
Bus driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.41 13.41	11.0 1.2	- 13.33	1.0	15.16 –	1.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.84 9.38	4.5 8.3	10.83 9.38	4.7 8.3	11.12	11.6
2	9.36	4.8	9.36	4.9	_	-
3	12.58	9.8	12.59	10.2	_	_
4	13.88	11.8	14.77	9.9	_	_
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	9.39	13.3	-	-	_	_
Construction laborers	8.93	2.0	_	_	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	10.38	8.7	10.38	8.7	_	_
1	10.17	14.7	10.17	14.7	_	-
Machine feeders and offbearers	12.36	6.6	12.36	6.6	_	I –

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Ilue collar –Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers						
-Continued Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	\$13.15	8.8	\$13.36	9.6		
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	9.49	8.2	9.49	8.2	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	9.12	6.5	9.12	6.5	_	_
ervice	12.02	3.4	10.17	5.0	\$17.24	2.9
1	8.07	2.4	7.91	2.2	9.41	5.3
2	8.42	6.7	8.25	7.6	9.74	3.9
3 4	9.55 12.38	3.8 4.9	8.90 11.95	3.3 6.0	11.96 14.18	9.0 3.4
5	20.39	5.4	22.94	12.2	17.29	5.1
6	16.21	12.6		12.2	17.29	2.1
7	21.69	4.3	_		22.05	3.6
8	25.93	8.0	_	_	23.33	5.7
9	30.17	5.9	_	_	30.17	5.9
Not able to be leveled	11.95	14.1	_	_	_	_
Protective service	16.40	6.2	11.38	7.3	21.70	1.0
4	11.32	7.0	_	_	_	_
5	15.21	3.6	-	_	16.10	1.2
<u>6</u>	20.33	.5	_	-	20.30	.6
7	22.21	3.3	_	_	22.21	3.3
8	25.14	7.1	_	_	23.44	5.6
9	30.17 24.93	5.9 4.5	_	_	30.17 24.93	5.9 4.5
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention Supervisors, police and detectives	32.64	2.9	_		32.64	2.9
9	32.17	4.8	_	_	32.17	4.8
Firefighting	19.80	1.7	_	_	19.80	1.7
7	19.50	6.4	_	_	19.50	6.4
Police and detectives, public service	24.76	.8	_	_	24.76	.8
7	24.12	.4	_	_	24.12	.4
8 Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	26.96	.0	-	_	26.96	.0
officers Correctional institution officers	21.11 12.62	1.1 14.2	_	_	21.11 15.91	1.1
5	15.90	.9	_		15.91	.4
Guards and police, except public service	11.45	5.1	11.42	5.2	13.90	
Food service	9.32	13.0	9.03	15.8	11.68	5.3
1	6.87	3.7	6.47	.8	10.04	13.4
2	7.19	16.9	6.67	20.1	9.50	3.3
3	8.42	2.0	8.28	2.3	_	_
4	11.25	11.1	=		-	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.63	15.7	5.63	15.7	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	4.38	46.2	4.38	46.2	44.00	
Other food service	10.27 7.44	11.0 6.4	10.04	13.7 4.6	11.68 10.04	5.3 13.4
2	8.36	2.7	6.99 7.96	3.6	9.50	3.3
3	8.57	1.0	8.43	1.1	9.50	3.3 -
4	12.12	2.1	-	-	_	_
Supervisors, food preparation and service	18.40	10.7	_	_	_	_
Cooks	8.53	6.5	8.43	6.9	9.76	3.3
2	8.98	2.6	-	-	_	_
Food counter, fountain, and related	7.90	9.1	-	-	-	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.82	5.4	-	-	_	_
1	7.03	6.1	_	-	-	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	9.28	7.9	8.86	12.7	10.50	7.5
1	8.59	8.1	7.78	3.5	10.04	
Health service	10.20 9.66	2.0 2.2	9.96 9.63	2.0 2.2	12.91	7.7
3	9.46	7.7	9.50	8.2	_	_
4	11.47	5.3	-	- 0.2	_	-
		1				1
Health aides, except nursing	10.72	5.4	_	_	_	_

Table 4-2. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 full-time workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued Health service –Continued Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants –Continued						
2	\$9.32	0.4	\$9.32	0.4	_	_
Cleaning and building service		6.6	9.02	7.8	\$12.70	4.2
1	8.29	4.0	8.15	5.7	8.92	.8
2	8.62	12.8	8.51	14.4	9.51	8.3
3		8.3			13.30	10.5
Maids and housemen	7.39	6.2	7.39	6.2	_	_
1	7.40	8.7	7.40	8.7	_	
Janitors and cleaners		8.9	9.51	11.5	11.62	7.0
1	8.81	2.7	8.77	4.1	8.92	.8
2	8.85	14.9	8.75	17.4	9.51	8.3
3		8.3	16.77		13.30	10.5
Personal service		15.2	16.77	23.8	12.39	3.0
3		10.3 24.6	- 26.52	24.6	_	_
Public transportation attendants			20.52	24.6	11.40	27
Early childhood teachers' assistants	10.43	7.0	_	_	11.40	3.7

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all weekers and dividing by the support of workers we distributed by beginning the pay. of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Leach occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

See appendix A for more information.

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
All	\$10.32	12.9	\$10.21	13.7	\$12.66	9.2
All excluding sales	10.75	15.3	10.64	16.3	12.66	9.2
White collar	13.61	16.5	13.40	17.7	18.01	7.8
1	7.93	4.2			-	-
2	7.27	2.1	7.24	2.1	-	_
3	9.32	5.8	9.26	6.0	10.90	6.8
4 5	14.52 9.52	10.1 4.3	14.64	10.1		
7	24.60	2.5	_	_	_	_
8	25.49	2.9	_	_	_	_
9	23.78	4.4	_	_	_	_
Not able to be leveled	10.95	13.8	11.01	14.7	_	_
White collar excluding sales	18.27	17.4	18.30	19.0	18.01	7.8
2	9.92	2.8	9.89	2.1	_	_
3	10.77	8.4	10.75	9.5	10.90	6.8
4	14.29	10.4	14.43	10.3	_	_
7	24.60	2.5	_	_	_	_
8	25.49	2.9	_	_	-	_
9 Not able to be leveled	23.78 12.44	4.4 19.6	_	_	_	_
Professional specialty and technical	24.17	16.5	24.38	18.1 20.2	22.39	7.1 7.1
Professional specialty	24.92 25.49	18.1 2.9	25.29	20.2	22.39	7.1
Not able to be leveled	13.25	24.1	_	_	_	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	-		_	_	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	26.40	3.3	26.40	3.3	_	_
Teachers, college and university	27.75	5.9	_	_	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	13.97	18.1	_	_	13.82	23.0
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	-	-	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	-	_	-	_	-	_
professionals, n.e.c. Technical	-	_	-	_	-	_
Sales	8.32	4.0	8.32	4.0	_	_
2	6.96	1.3	6.96	1.3	_	_
3	8.69	3.1	8.69	3.1	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	8.31	4.2	8.31	4.2	-	_
Cashiers2	7.45 6.76	3.0 2.8	7.45 6.76	3.0 2.8	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	12.90	10.0	13.02	10.5	11.23	3.3
2	9.92 10.79	2.8 8.4	9.89 10.75	2.1 9.5	_	_
4	14.34	11.4	14.50	11.3	_	_
Receptionists	9.82	4.3	-	- 11.5	_	_
General office clerks	8.93	5.4	8.78	5.4	-	_
Blue collar	9.72	11.1	9.68	11.2	_	_
1	7.80	11.7	7.80	11.2	_	_
2	10.20	9.8	10.20	9.8	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	_	-	_	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	-	-	_	-	_
Transportation and material moving	8.42	8.9	-	_	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.75	15.5	9.75	15.5	_	_
1	8.00	13.8	8.00	13.8	_	_
Service	7.58	7.4	7.49	8.0	8.97	6.2
1	6.64	3.8	6.54	3.8	8.37	6.6

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service -Continued						
2	\$6.13	8.9	\$6.01	9.6	_	_
3	7.39	4.5	7.23	4.9	_	_
4	9.42	8.3	-	_	_	_
Protective service	9.84	11.9	9.70	12.2	_	_
Guards and police, except public service	10.86	16.3	10.68	16.6	_	_
Food service	6.30	1.7	6.12	2.3	\$8.24	4.4
1	6.93	3.2	6.75	4.9	8.18	7.3
2	5.14	15.4	4.92	17.0	_	_
3	6.92	5.8	6.88	6.2	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.55	14.6	4.55	14.6	_	_
2	2.86	25.9	2.86	25.9	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	3.10	33.4	3.10	33.4	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	5.85	4.3	5.85	4.3	_	_
Other food service	7.14	5.0	6.98	6.3	8.24	4.4
1	7.37	3.1	7.20	2.7	8.18	7.3
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.25	6.2	_	_	_	_
1	7.06	7.2	-	_	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.51	2.3	7.37	.6	8.31	.5
1	7.80	3.3	7.71	2.4		
Health service	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cleaning and building service	_	_	_	_	_	_
Personal service	11.24	27.4	11.29	27.8	_	_
1	6.20	1.4			_	_

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more

determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-1. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

		Private indu	stry and Sta	ate and local g	jovernment	
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵
			N	lean		
All occupations	\$22.03 22.01	\$10.32 10.75	\$23.25 23.17	\$21.04 21.16	\$20.93 21.29	\$27.12 21.95
White collar	27.15 27.70	13.61 18.27	35.89 39.47	26.29 27.16	26.25 27.37	32.31 34.03
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	32.65 33.28 28.83 35.03 22.21 15.97	24.17 24.92 - - 8.32 12.90	87.35 - 91.31 - - 19.04	31.53 32.99 21.88 35.03 19.42 15.68	32.21 32.83 28.55 35.12 13.91 15.83	- - - - 31.88
Precision production, craft, and repair	14.87 18.47 11.94 17.24 10.84	9.72 - - 8.42 9.75	19.52 22.30 17.53 24.11 11.71	13.35 17.09 11.38 14.26 10.43	14.40 17.89 11.87 16.97 10.57	18.89 - - - -
Service	12.02	7.58	21.16	10.77	10.99	15.20
All occupations All excluding sales White collar	1.9 2.5 1.5	12.9 15.3	4.7 4.8 14.5	1.7 2.3 1.7	2.2 2.4 2.2	12.4 18.1 10.2
White-collar excluding sales	2.2	17.4	20.7	2.2	2.2	14.9
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	2.8 2.7 5.4 4.9 11.7	16.5 18.1 - 4.0 10.0	23.3 - 26.6 - - 7.0	2.9 2.8 6.1 4.9 11.0	2.8 2.8 5.2 5.1 8.5 1.3	- - - 11.8
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.2 4.6 6.7 10.7 4.5	11.1 - - 8.9 15.5	6.3 5.6 10.3 8.2 11.4	3.7 5.1 6.4 4.1 5.9	5.2 4.0 7.3 10.5 5.1	33.5 - - - -
Service	3.4	7.4	20.5	3.8	3.3	23.1

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more intermatics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

information. 3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

Onlon workers are those whose wages are determined unlocal collective bargaining.

5 Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

bonuses. 6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-2. Major industry division: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

				Fu	II-time an	ıd part-tir	ne workers			
		Good	s-produc	ing indus	stries ³		Service-	producing in	dustries ⁴	
Occupational group	All private industries	Total	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Total	Transport- ation and public util- ities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Serv- ices
						Mean		_		
All occupations	\$20.89 20.99	\$19.77 19.69	- -	\$16.66 16.77	\$20.47 20.34	\$21.26 21.47	\$24.54 24.23	\$18.49 18.94	_ _	\$22.30 22.01
White collar		28.75 28.85	- -	22.50 23.09	30.11 30.09	26.16 27.42	29.27 28.92	23.97 29.24	_ _	27.89 27.72
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	33.99	33.10 35.96 23.76	_ _ _	- -	33.60 36.59 23.91	33.42 33.53 32.78	54.94 35.30 78.77	35.87 38.25	_ _ _	31.48 33.05 20.90
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.45 19.75	35.31 25.89 16.55	- - -	31.00 - 15.55	36.93 30.55 16.90	35.49 19.49 16.00	36.34 35.98 17.08	40.60 17.03 14.71	_ _ _	32.64 31.88 16.10
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair	14.47 18.33	13.89 17.01	_ _	13.12 15.07	14.07 17.67	15.10 21.36	19.00 24.10	14.89 18.65	_ _	9.37
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and		12.18 14.00	_ _	13.51	12.13 14.38	11.06 17.71	17.64	16.49 18.69		8.27
laborers	10.66	10.06	-	9.45	10.39	10.97	15.52	10.51	_	7.71
Service	9.54	_	_	_	_	9.44	21.70	8.50	_	9.13
				1	Relative	e error ⁵ (percent)	1	1	
All occupations		3.4 3.4	- -	0.3 .8	4.1 4.1	2.4 3.3	3.3 3.6	4.0 7.8	_ _	2.9 3.4
White collar	1.8 2.5	2.2 2.5	- -	10.8 13.1	2.8 2.7	2.2 3.1	7.1 8.0	2.7 6.1	_ _	3.0 4.6
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical		4.5 4.4 5.1	- - -	- - -	4.7 4.2 5.4	4.0 4.5 8.3	13.2 3.3 22.3	3.8 3.1	- - -	5.2 5.5 10.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	5.3 11.0 1.4	3.1 17.2 1.2	- - -	2.0 - .2	4.2 12.2 1.8	6.6 11.8 1.6	2.5 16.7 4.0	11.4 14.0 2.9	- - -	17.6 28.5 3.0
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving	5.4 5.0 6.6 11.5	3.6 4.4 5.7 8.4	- - -	9.3 3.3 - 3.2	3.9 6.4 5.8 14.7	10.2 11.0 19.2 13.2	6.8 11.8 - 7.9	16.3 26.0 22.2 25.1	- - -	14.4 12.4 12.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.1	4.8	_	6.6	5.0	7.2	6.0	6.5	_	24.0
Service	4.5	_	-	_	_	4.6	37.0	10.3	-	5.6

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
³ Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

⁴ Service-producing industries include transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

All excluding sales White collar White-collar excluding sales Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical		Full-time and part-time workers						
Occupational group	All private		100	workers or r	nore			
Mite collar White collar white-collar excluding sales Professional specialty and technical professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service All occupations All excluding sales White collar White-collar excluding sales	industry	50 - 99 workers ³	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more			
			Mean					
All occupations		\$16.56 16.77	\$22.21 22.24	\$18.73 18.48	\$25.83 25.91			
		23.08 25.50	27.37 28.11	23.49 24.05	30.80 31.28			
Professional specialty	33.99 30.17 35.45 19.75	32.55 33.55 26.12 31.90 14.67 14.14	33.54 34.10 30.91 35.87 21.86 16.48	31.06 32.78 20.34 30.77 20.90 15.96	34.69 34.75 34.42 39.88 24.10 17.17			
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service	. 18.33 . 11.92 . 17.14 . 10.66	13.23 20.50 10.72 12.63 9.98	14.91 17.69 12.40 17.79 11.06	13.73 15.81 11.68 17.35 9.74	16.21 18.83 13.45 18.82 12.45			
		I Relat	ive error ⁴ (p	ercent)	1			
All occupations All excluding sales		10.3 10.6	1.8 2.6	4.8 5.4	2.6 2.7			
White collar		9.7 8.6	2.8 3.4	3.9 5.0	3.3 3.3			
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	3.7 6.1 5.3 11.0	11.7 11.7 17.5 18.8 11.1 5.7	2.5 2.5 7.0 5.4 12.1 1.5	7.4 7.3 9.6 8.2 14.6 2.3	2.2 1.6 8.8 4.5 15.2 2.7			
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service	5.0 6.6 11.5 5.1	7.7 11.2 3.3 12.4 7.6	5.5 4.3 9.3 12.5 6.3	8.3 5.2 4.7 18.7 11.2	5.9 7.3 18.1 9.5 8.3			

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain

establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$7.84	\$11.00	\$17.33	\$26.91	\$38.03
All excluding sales	8.00	11.19	17.60	26.95	38.03
Vhite collar	11.06	15.39	23.08	33.42	43.89
White collar excluding sales	12.55	16.48	24.38	33.89	44.03
Professional specialty and technical	18.54	24.11	29.71	37.50	45.18
Professional specialty	20.72	25.43	30.87	38.37	45.67
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	24.33	28.91	35.11	41.11	51.57
Electrical and electronic engineers Industrial engineers	29.71 25.89	32.69 25.89	37.51 27.58	42.99 35.11	53.6° 35.84
Mechanical engineers	24.04	24.04	36.54	40.00	59.6
Engineers, n.e.c.	23.62	28.63	32.74	39.23	45.44
Mathematical and computer scientists	24.38	29.58	35.83	40.00	46.19
Computer systems analysts and scientists	22.88	28.64	35.83	40.33	48.97
Natural scientists	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	20.07	22.00	25.00	28.74	35.05
Registered nurses	21.00	22.50	25.00	27.87	31.48
Teachers, college and university Other post-secondary teachers	26.09 23.50	29.86 31.83	38.46 36.85	49.78 49.44	70.91 65.14
Teachers, except college and university	24.32	26.19	28.05	32.64	36.89
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	13.42	24.75	26.97	31.57	35.32
Elementary school teachers	25.43	26.34	27.77	31.44	36.20
Secondary school teachers	24.80	26.31	28.22	33.28	36.07
Teachers, special education	25.00	26.22	27.81	30.79	35.20
Teachers, n.e.c.	13.70	24.75	28.19	34.04	37.46
Vocational and educational counselors	14.21	23.24	32.64	37.11	43.18
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.03	25.97	30.80	35.42	39.53
Librarians	20.03	25.97	30.80	35.42	39.53
Social scientists and urban planners Psychologists	26.34 29.50	29.63 30.69	35.77 34.61	41.65 41.14	44.76
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.67	14.07	17.31	21.15	24.98
Social workers	13.67	14.35	18.13	22.38	25.00
Lawyers and judges	48.08	49.66	55.29	73.08	98.08
Lawyers	45.44	49.66	55.77	73.08	98.08
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c.	10.00	16.00	21.15	27.50	51.04
Designers	15.00	18.00	21.14	26.18	30.00
Technical Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	13.46 11.00	16.83 11.18	21.63 15.81	28.18 19.27	37.02 22.34
Radiological technicians	19.43	21.63	22.80	24.71	26.99
Licensed practical nurses	14.15	16.50	18.25	19.63	23.12
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	12.77	13.48	14.98	18.00	27.46
Electrical and electronic technicians	16.50	18.66	23.04	25.64	30.02
Computer programmers	23.32	28.18	37.02	38.00	38.00
Executive, administrative, and managerial	17.68	22.40	31.01	42.48	61.60
Executives, administrators, and managers	20.67	27.40	36.06	48.08	66.11
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.11	30.31	31.82	37.23	46.96
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	35.65	43.89	66.11	66.11	104.03
relations	22.82	27.87	34.62	46.74	65.94
Administrators, education and related fields	19.62	29.90	39.38	44.46	49.95
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	20.19	25.96	34.74	43.03	60.22
Management related	16.35	19.04	23.87	33.28	42.43
Accountants and auditors	16.35	19.23	22.40	30.87	36.06
Other financial officers	18.59	26.78	37.02	44.02	49.99
Personnel, training, and labor relations	10 40	10.01	10.01	27.67	22.04
specialistsPurchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	13.43 17.68	19.01 20.67	19.01 23.87	27.67 25.39	33.90 35.83
Inspectors and compliance officers, except	17.00	20.07	23.01	25.59	35.6
construction	16.11	19.59	22.05	32.69	33.28
Management related, n.e.c.	17.63	21.63	30.36	37.86	44.14
Sales	7.10	8.50	13.50	24.18	40.87
Supervisors, sales	13.86	14.90	16.36	20.19	23.32
Sales, other business services	16.95	19.62	34.19	63.14	63.14
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	00 ==	00.5-			
and wholesale	20.56	28.85	34.91	46.32	58.66
Sales workers, other commodities	7.00	7.90	8.84	10.24	13.7

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{l} Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued 2 C$

	Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Vhite collar -	Continued					
Sales -Con		¢e ae	¢7.00	¢7.00	\$10.00	¢11 04
	hierses support, n.e.c	\$6.25 6.74	\$7.00 8.53	\$7.82 9.18	\$10.00 12.32	\$11.05 25.18
Administra	tive support, including clerical	10.30	12.38	15.00	18.58	22.45
	ervisors, general office	17.00	17.00	21.24	28.39	30.80
	retaries	12.38	14.73	17.16	20.19	23.12
	eptionists	9.25	10.45	11.68	13.42	14.86
	rmation clerks, n.e.c.	9.62	10.58	12.28	14.34	15.2
	er clerks	9.00	11.00	13.47	17.53	22.4
Pers	sonnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	12.25	14.38	14.42	16.08	22.9
Libra	ary clerks	9.90	10.29	12.63	14.80	14.80
Rec	ords clerks, n.e.c	12.04	13.29	15.17	17.71	19.4
Boo	kkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	11.00	12.45	15.14	18.75	21.3
	ng clerks	13.68	14.00	14.07	15.11	17.00
	patchers	12.10	12.50	14.42	22.18	36.5
	duction coordinators	11.47	15.20	20.05	20.05	25.15
	fic, shipping and receiving clerks	7.50	8.75	9.85	11.63	13.0
	ck and inventory clerks	8.00	10.86	14.28	17.50	20.0
	rance adjusters, examiners, and nvestigators	15.30	16.48	19.65	25.00	28.0
	stigators and adjusters, except insurance	11.03	13.16	13.75	25.00 19.76	22.4
	eral office clerks	9.00	11.00	13.00	16.30	21.1
	k tellers	8.17	9.00	9.84	12.26	16.6
	a entry keyers	12.17	12.17	13.47	13.67	14.6
	chers' aides	8.40	9.28	10.36	11.47	12.59
	ninistrative support, n.e.c.	11.63	12.58	13.55	16.15	17.73
Nive seller		7.50	0.50	10.50	10.75	05.4
siue collar		7.50	9.50	12.58	18.75	25.4
Precision p	production, craft, and repair	9.35	12.37	17.30	23.40	26.9
Sup	ervisors, mechanics and repairers	20.84	23.15	30.00	30.00	30.12
Auto	mobile mechanics	8.20	11.00	21.92	34.88	38.1
	raft mechanics, except engine	19.23	22.84	25.78	25.90	32.6
	hanics and repairers, n.e.c	12.37	14.56	17.79	21.25	26.1
	penters	11.00	12.00	12.75	13.50	15.0
	etricians	15.50	18.00	22.15	22.15	22.2
	nbers, pipefitters and steamfitters crete and terrazzo finishers	9.50 10.50	17.00 12.00	19.50 12.00	23.40 15.00	33.2 15.0
	struction trades, n.e.c.	14.30	15.27	16.17	19.71	21.6
	ervisors, production	10.12	15.96	20.19	25.21	32.8
	cision assemblers, metal	14.04	16.50	19.79	23.65	25.6
	trical and electronic equipment assemblers	9.41	11.00	12.76	15.21	17.8
	perators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.75	8.00	10.92	14.56	18.6
	ricating machine operators, n.e.c.	9.00	10.98	14.71	20.66	23.6
8.41	kaging and filling machine operators	10.00	10.85	12.85	14.25	14.50
	cellaneous machine operators, n.e.cemblers	7.00 7.42	7.25 8.00	8.75 10.59	15.18 12.61	15.18 24.58
ASS	emblers	7.42	8.00	10.59	12.01	24.5
Transporta	tion and material moving	10.00	11.77	15.95	20.69	26.6
	k drivers	10.75	12.30	18.75	20.25	25.3
Bus	drivers	10.00	10.51	14.33	17.91	17.9°
	strial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.00	11.03	13.00	15.95	16.9
Indu		6.40	8.00	10.00	12.24	16.50
	equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		6.75	7.25	8.25	14.10
Handlers, e	equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers					
Handlers, e	undskeepers and gardeners, except farm	6.75		9.00	9.50	1().00
Handlers, e Gro			8.00 6.19	9.00 10.17	9.50 11.50	
Handlers, e Gro Con Stoo	undskeepers and gardeners, except farm struction laborers	6.75 7.00	8.00			12.8
Handlers, e Grow Con Stoo Mad	undskeepers and gardeners, except farmstruction laborersk handlers and baggershine feeders and offbearers	6.75 7.00 5.15 8.50	8.00 6.19	10.17	11.50	12.89 19.09
Handlers, e Grod Con Stoo Mad Freig	undskeepers and gardeners, except farm struction laborers k handlers and baggers	6.75 7.00 5.15	8.00 6.19 9.50	10.17 10.89	11.50 15.96	12.89 19.09 19.59
Handlers, e Gron Con Stoc Mac Frei Veh	undskeepers and gardeners, except farmstruction laborersh handlers and baggershine feeders and offbearersght, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	6.75 7.00 5.15 8.50 8.50	8.00 6.19 9.50 10.00	10.17 10.89 12.21	11.50 15.96 15.34	12.85 19.05 19.55 12.25
Handlers, e Grot Con Stoc Mac Frei Veh Han	undskeepers and gardeners, except farmstruction laborers	6.75 7.00 5.15 8.50 8.50 7.50	8.00 6.19 9.50 10.00 8.00	10.17 10.89 12.21 9.05	11.50 15.96 15.34 10.00	12.85 19.05 19.55 12.25 11.75
Handlers, e Grot Con Stoc Mac Frei Veh Han Labe	undskeepers and gardeners, except farmstruction laborersk handlers and baggershine feeders and offbearersght, stock, and material handlers, n.e.cicle washers and equipment cleanersd packers and packagers	6.75 7.00 5.15 8.50 8.50 7.50 6.00 5.54	8.00 6.19 9.50 10.00 8.00 6.50 5.82	10.17 10.89 12.21 9.05 8.25 5.82	11.50 15.96 15.34 10.00 10.50 8.20	10.00 12.85 19.09 19.59 12.29 11.78 10.02
Handlers, e Groi Con Stor Mac Frei Veh Han Labo	undskeepers and gardeners, except farmstruction laborers	6.75 7.00 5.15 8.50 8.50 7.50 6.00	8.00 6.19 9.50 10.00 8.00 6.50	10.17 10.89 12.21 9.05 8.25	11.50 15.96 15.34 10.00 10.50	12.89 19.09 19.59 12.29

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service -Continued					
Protective service –Continued					
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	\$20.42	\$20.63	\$25.08	\$27.38	\$30.77
Supervisors, police and detectives	28.32	29.73	33.84	35.53	35.64
Firefighting	15.38	17.08	19.37	21.93	25.60
Police and detectives, public service	19.93	22.08	25.23	27.34	29.21
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement					
officers	17.25	19.70	21.89	23.49	23.64
Correctional institution officers	8.83	8.83	11.35	15.81	17.83
Guards and police, except public service	8.15	9.44	10.50	12.00	15.50
Food service	4.50	6.10	7.50	9.55	13.60
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	5.15	7.00	7.40
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.13	4.25	9.00
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	4.00	5.35	6.50	7.21	8.00
Other food service	6.00	7.00	8.13	10.25	15.00
Supervisors, food preparation and service	12.02	13.46	15.90	21.91	29.92
Cooks	6.50	7.13	8.13	9.00	11.00
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.12	6.50	6.86	8.93	10.31
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.00	7.00	8.00	10.01	12.83
Health service	6.01	7.50	9.25	10.50	12.03
Health aides, except nursing	8.82	9.45	10.00	11.91	13.74
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	6.01	9.45 6.71	9.00	10.50	11.55
	6.00	7.00	9.00 8.73	11.69	14.75
Cleaning and building service	6.50	6.50	7.35	8.40	9.00
Janitors and cleaners	6.00	7.00	9.00	11.69	13.83
		6.25	9.00		32.68
Personal service	5.15			17.67	
Public transportation attendants	5.15	5.15	27.68	45.28	48.10
Early childhood teachers' assistants	7.80	8.50	10.20	11.62	12.61

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are reflectities designate position in the earnings distinution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, all workers: Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

		ı	Private industr	y	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$7.50	\$10.50	\$16.83	\$26.65	\$38.46
All excluding sales	7.70	10.74	17.00	26.65	38.46
Vhite collar	10.80	15.11	22.50	33.70	44.92
White collar excluding sales	12.50	16.41	23.56	34.74	45.0
Professional specialty and technical	18.64	23.32	31.15	38.95	47.16
Professional specialty	20.23	25.00	32.45	39.49	48.49
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	24.88	28.98	35.11	41.30	52.09
Electrical and electronic engineers	29.71	32.69	37.51	42.99	53.6
Industrial engineers	25.89	25.89	27.58	35.11	35.8
Mechanical engineers	24.04	24.04	36.54	40.00	59.6
Engineers, n.e.c.	25.00	28.81	32.85	39.23	45.6
Mathematical and computer scientists	24.62	29.81	35.90	40.00	46.2
Computer systems analysts and scientists	23.49	29.28	35.98	40.39	48.9
Health related	20.19	22.27	25.00	28.44	35.0
Registered nurses	21.00	22.50	25.00	27.68	31.4
Teachers, college and university	29.02	29.02	40.41	46.58	71.1
Teachers, except college and university	13.22	14.76	25.14	34.11	35.4
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	-	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	9.00	13.67	17.31	22.38	32.7
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	-	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c.	10.00	16.00	21.15	27.00	35.2
Designers	15.00	18.00	21.14	26.18	30.0
Technical	13.49	17.44	22.84	30.85	38.0
Licensed practical nurses	14.15	16.69	18.50	19.67	24.0
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	13.48	14.04	15.04	26.85	27.4
Electrical and electronic technicians Computer programmers	16.50 23.32	18.66 28.18	23.08 37.02	25.93 38.00	30.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	17.92	22.50	31.06	42.68	62.8
Executives, administrators, and managers	20.34	27.00	35.97	50.54	66.1
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	35.65	43.89	66.11	66.11	104.0
relations	22.82	27.87	34.62	46.74	65.9
Administrators, education and related fields	17.33	17.33	19.62	23.08	50.1
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	20.19	26.04	35.20	43.16	60.2
Management related	17.07	19.71	24.52	33.65	43.1
Accountants and auditors	16.35	19.23	22.40	30.87	36.3
Other financial officers	19.71	28.33	37.02	47.01	55.5
Personnel, training, and labor relations	40.40	40.04	40.04	00.40	
specialists	13.43	19.01	19.01	26.12	31.9
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	17.68	22.28	23.87	25.58	35.8
Management related, n.e.c.	17.90	21.85	33.77	38.79	48.6
Sales	7.10	8.50	13.50	24.18	40.8
Supervisors, sales	13.86	14.90	16.36	20.19	23.3
Sales, other business services	16.95	19.62	34.19	63.14	63.1
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,					
and wholesale	20.56	28.85	34.91	46.32	58.6
Sales workers, other commodities	7.00	7.90	8.84	10.24	13.7
Cashiers	6.20	6.91	7.75	9.55	11.0
Sales support, n.e.c	6.74	8.53	9.18	12.32	25.18
Administrative support, including clerical	10.30	12.55	15.30	19.06	22.6
Supervisors, general office	17.00	17.00	20.45	25.76	30.8
Secretaries	12.79	15.50	17.54	20.19	24.5
Receptionists	9.25	10.45	11.68	13.42	14.8
Order clerks	9.00	11.00	13.47	17.53	22.4
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	12.25	14.38	14.42	14.69	19.1
Records clerks, n.e.c.	12.56	13.45	14.06	17.88	19.4
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	11.00	12.45	16.69	19.23	21.6
1 ,	11.47	15.20	20.05	20.05	25.1
Production coordinators	11.71				
Production coordinators Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	7.50	8.75	9.85	11.63	13.00

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~6-2.~\mbox{Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs,} \mbox{1 all workers:} \mbox{2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005} \mbox{$--$} Continued$

		F	Private industr	у	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar -Continued					
Administrative support, including clerical -Continued					
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	¢4 = 20	\$16.41	¢40.65	# 0E 0E	¢00.04
investigators	\$15.30 11.03	13.75	\$19.65 13.75	\$25.35 21.20	\$28.04 22.45
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance General office clerks	9.00	11.00	13.75	18.03	21.26
Bank tellers	9.00 8.17	9.00		12.26	16.62
Administrative support, n.e.c.	11.63	12.61	9.84 13.55	16.15	18.04
Administrative support, n.e.c.	11.03	12.01		10.13	
Blue collar	7.25	9.25	12.50	18.75	25.77
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.05	12.00	17.02	24.32	26.91
Automobile mechanics	8.20	11.00	21.92	34.88	38.10
Aircraft mechanics, except engine	19.23	22.84	25.78	25.90	32.67
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	12.75	15.00	18.03	26.05	26.16
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	9.50	17.00	20.00	25.40	33.24
Concrete and terrazzo finishers	10.50	12.00	12.00	14.00	15.00
Supervisors, production	10.12	15.96	20.19	26.09	32.89
Precision assemblers, metal	14.04	16.50	19.79	23.65	25.60
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	9.41	11.00	12.76	15.21	17.88
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.75	8.00	10.92	14.56	18.61
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c	9.00	10.98	14.71	20.66	23.62
Packaging and filling machine operators	10.00	10.85	12.85	14.25	14.56
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	7.00 7.42	7.25 8.00	8.75 10.59	15.18 12.61	15.18 24.58
Transportation and material moving	9.85	11.77	16.95	23.18	26.65
Truck drivers	10.75	12.50	18.75	20.25	25.37
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.00	11.00	12.50	16.95	16.95
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.40	8.00	10.00	12.24	16.50
Stock handlers and baggers	5.15	6.19	10.17	11.50	12.85
Machine feeders and offbearers	8.50	9.50	10.89	15.96	19.09
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	9.05	10.00	12.30	15.58	20.06
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	7.50	8.00	9.05	10.00	12.29
Hand packers and packagers	6.00	6.50	8.25	10.50	11.78
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	5.54	5.82	5.82	7.20	8.50
Service	5.50	6.50	8.25	10.50	13.83
Protective service	8.00	8.83	10.25	11.45	15.00
Guards and police, except public service	8.15	9.33	10.50	12.00	15.25
Food service	4.00	6.00	7.25	9.00	13.60
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	5.15	7.00	7.40
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.13	4.25	9.00
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	4.00	5.35	6.50	7.21	8.00
Other food service	6.00	6.75	8.00	10.00	15.00
Cooks	6.47	7.00	8.13	9.00	10.71
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.12	6.50	6.85	7.50	10.11
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.00	6.59	7.50	9.00	12.03
Health service	6.01	7.00	9.00	10.50	11.55
Health aides, except nursing	8.89	9.49	10.00	11.17	12.36
	6.01	6.71	9.00	10.50	11.44

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

Cleaning and building service	Private industry					
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service	6.50 5.50 5.15	\$6.50 6.50 6.50 6.00 5.15	\$7.75 7.35 8.25 7.50 27.68	\$9.21 8.40 9.83 20.00 45.28	\$12.00 9.00 13.83 41.42 48.10	

Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourty wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

0		:	State and loca government	ıl			
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90		
AllAll excluding sales	\$11.09 11.13	\$14.30 14.31	\$21.24 21.36	\$28.85 28.88	\$35.99 36.01		
White collar White collar excluding sales	12.65 12.72	16.48 16.55	26.55 26.60	31.63 31.66	39.62 39.70		
Professional specialty and technical	18.36	25.59	27.82	33.07	39.22		
Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and surveyors Mathematical and computer scientists	21.46 - -	26.17 – –	28.25 - -	33.62 - -	40.02 - -		
Natural scientists Health related	- 17.21	- 19.45	_ 25.00	- 29.83	- 38.22		
Registered nurses Teachers, college and university	19.23 25.00	20.40 30.13	25.82 36.54	30.42 51.73	37.73 70.91		
Other post-secondary teachers Teachers, except college and university	20.98 25.18	30.19 26.42	35.67 28.11	46.80 32.48	60.58 36.96		
Prekindergarten and kindergarten Elementary school teachers	25.25 25.50	26.30 26.38	27.83 27.79	31.75 31.49	35.32 36.30		
Secondary school teachers	25.02	26.50	28.27	32.92	36.41		
Teachers, special education	25.00	26.22	27.81	30.79	35.20		
Teachers, n.e.cVocational and educational counselors	21.18 14.30	26.69 29.04	26.91 34.27	30.98 37.78	36.87 44.45		
Librarians, archivists, and curators	23.96	29.80	31.86	36.70	39.89		
LibrariansSocial scientists and urban planners	23.96 29.50	29.80 30.69	31.86 34.61	36.70 41.14	39.89 41.65		
Psychologists	29.50	30.69	34.61	41.14	41.65		
Social, recreation, and religious workers	14.07	15.51	18.13	20.32	22.92		
Social workersLawyers and judges	14.07	15.51	18.13	20.32	22.92		
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	_	_	_	_	_		
professionals, n.e.c.	_	-	-	-	-		
Technical	12.77	14.50	16.62	21.11	24.88		
Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers	15.54 20.77	19.97 29.90	30.70 37.02	40.75 44.37	46.19 47.88		
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.11	30.31	31.82	37.23	46.96		
Administrators, education and related fields Managers and administrators, n.e.c	29.90 20.68	32.95 21.13	40.73 30.40	44.54 37.02	48.81 43.93		
Management related	13.37	14.95	17.60	23.60	31.20		
Sales	-	_	_	_	_		
Administrative support, including clerical	10.26	11.69	13.52	15.69	18.58		
Secretaries	11.23 12.04	12.61 13.16	14.17 15.68	17.36 17.00	20.77 18.84		
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	11.92	12.42	13.82	15.59	16.42		
Dispatchers	11.70	12.10	13.93	16.58	18.37		
General office clerks Teachers' aides	9.62 8.40	10.93 9.28	11.96 10.36	13.59 11.47	15.46 12.60		
Blue collar	10.82	12.89	15.76	18.89	22.02		
Dracinian was direction, areft, and renair	10.00	14.04	40.00	20.00	22.45		
Precision production, craft, and repair Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	12.89 11.34	14.94 13.44	18.20 16.02	20.90 18.39	23.15 22.61		
Construction trades, n.e.c.	14.30	15.27	16.17	19.71	21.63		
Transportation and material moving	11.27	12.50	14.60	16.41	17.91		
Truck drivers Bus drivers	10.20 11.85	12.17 12.67	12.88 14.33	16.09 17.91	18.89 17.91		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.74	8.21	10.83	12.60	15.29		
Service	8.53	11.19	15.58	21.24	27.06		
Protective service	14.62	17.25	20.88	25.98	29.33		
Supervisors, firefighters and fire prevention	20.42	20.63	25.08	27.38	30.77		
Supervisors, police and detectives Firefighting	28.32 15.38	29.73 17.08	33.84 19.37	35.53 21.93	35.64 25.60		

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	State and local government							
Оссирация	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Police and detectives, public service	\$19.93	\$22.08	\$25.23	\$27.34	\$29.21			
officers	17.25	19.70	21.89	23.49	23.64			
Correctional institution officers Food service	13.09 7.45	14.30 8.31	15.81 9.33	17.49 12.13	18.32 17.02			
Other food service		8.31	9.33	12.13	17.02			
Cooks	7.50	8.50	9.60	10.37	12.27			
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.10	7.37	8.59	9.28	10.60			
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.88	8.31	9.38	11.55	12.94			
Health service		9.72	12.94	14.44	15.00			
Cleaning and building service		8.92	12.25	15.06	18.76			
_ Janitors and cleaners	7.76	8.69	11.36	13.70	15.96			
Personal service		10.80	11.91	13.32	14.96			
Early childhood teachers' assistants	8.62	10.63	11.28	12.32	13.62			

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$8.55	\$11.78	\$18.27	\$27.52	\$38.70
All excluding sales	8.75	11.97	18.38	27.50	38.46
White collar	12.00	16.02	23.87	33.70	44.36
White collar excluding sales	12.88	16.83	24.75	34.25	44.23
Professional specialty and technical	19.05	24.56	29.89	37.51	45.18
Professional specialty	21.11	25.71	31.06	38.46	45.67
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	24.04	28.70	34.46	41.00	49.24
Electrical and electronic engineersIndustrial engineers	29.71 25.89	32.69 25.89	37.51 27.58	42.99 35.11	53.61 35.84
Mechanical engineers	24.04	24.04	24.04	30.46	38.35
Engineers, n.e.c.	23.62	28.63	32.74	39.23	45.44
Mathematical and computer scientists	24.76	30.00	36.00	40.07	46.28
Computer systems analysts and scientists	24.23	29.78	36.00	40.58	48.97
Natural scientists	-	- 24.05	_ 25.00	-	25.05
Health related Registered nurses	20.01 20.94	21.85 22.50	25.00 25.00	28.80 27.87	35.05 31.48
Teachers, college and university	26.67	30.68	39.44	51.60	72.12
Other post-secondary teachers	25.00	32.11	40.94	51.56	67.02
Teachers, except college and university	24.63	26.26	28.09	32.68	36.92
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	13.42	24.75	26.97	31.57	35.32
Elementary school teachers	25.43	26.34	27.77	31.44	36.20
Secondary school teachers	24.81	26.33	28.22	33.28	36.08
Teachers, special education Teachers, n.e.c.	25.00 13.70	26.22 26.07	27.81 28.53	30.79 34.11	35.20 37.46
Vocational and educational counselors	14.21	23.24	32.64	37.11	43.18
Librarians, archivists, and curators	22.10	28.74	31.18	36.02	39.53
Librarians	22.10	28.74	31.18	36.02	39.53
Social scientists and urban planners	26.34	29.63	35.77	41.65	44.76
Psychologists	29.50	30.69	34.61	41.14	41.65
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.85	14.36	17.31	22.38	27.36
Social workersLawyers and judges	13.67 48.08	14.35 49.66	18.13 55.29	22.38 73.08	25.00 98.08
Lawyers	45.44	49.66	55.77	73.08	98.08
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c.	14.33	17.29	22.19	30.00	52.92
Technical	13.46	16.90	21.73	28.37	37.02
Radiological technicians	19.43	21.63 16.69	22.80 18.50	24.71 19.63	26.99 23.66
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	14.83 12.77	13.50	14.98	26.85	27.46
Electrical and electronic technicians	16.50	18.66	23.04	25.64	30.02
Executive, administrative, and managerial	17.68	22.40	31.01	42.48	61.60
Executives, administrators, and managers	20.67	27.40	36.06	48.08	66.11
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.11	30.31	31.82	37.23	46.96
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	35.65	43.89	66.11	66.11	104.03
relations	22.82	27.87	34.62	46.74	65.94
Administrators, education and related fields	19.62	29.90	39.38	44.46	49.95
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	20.19	25.96	34.74	43.03	60.22
Management related	16.35	19.04	23.87	33.28	42.43
Accountants and auditors Other financial officers	16.35	19.23 26.78	22.40	30.87 44.02	36.06
Personnel, training, and labor relations	18.59	20.78	37.02	44.02	49.99
specialists	13.43	19.01	19.01	27.67	33.90
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	17.68	20.67	23.87	25.39	35.83
construction	16.11	19.59	22.05	32.69	33.28
Management related, n.e.c.	17.63	21.63	30.36	37.86	44.14
Sales	7.73	9.73	16.36	28.60	47.13
Supervisors, sales	13.86	14.90	16.36	20.19	23.32
Sales, other business services	16.95	19.62	34.19	63.14	63.14
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale	20.56	28.85	34.91	46.32	58.66
Sales workers, other commodities	7.25	8.15	9.03	10.89	15.53
Cashiers	7.00	7.54	9.00	10.84	12.75
		1	1	1	1

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

	Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
White collar –Conti	nued					
	upport, including clerical -Continued	¢47.00	£47.00	CO4 O4	# 00.00	#00.00
	rs, general offices	\$17.00 12.38	\$17.00 14.75	\$21.24 17.23	\$28.39 20.19	\$30.80 23.32
	ation ticket and reservation agents	8.64	11.45	12.64	20.19	20.30
	ists	10.45	11.68	13.42	13.42	14.86
	ks	9.00	11.00	13.54	18.13	22.45
Personnel	clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	12.25	14.38	14.42	16.08	22.97
	lerks, n.e.c.	12.04	13.29	15.17	17.71	19.45
	ers, accounting and auditing clerks	11.00	12.40	16.35	19.23	21.63
	ks	13.68	14.00	14.07	15.11	17.00
	rs	12.10 11.35	12.50 14.90	14.42 20.05	22.18 20.05	36.55 25.15
	pping and receiving clerks	7.50	8.75	9.85	11.63	13.06
	inventory clerks	10.77	10.97	15.00	17.50	20.06
	adjusters, examiners, and					
	gators	15.30	16.48	19.65	25.00	28.04
	ors and adjusters, except insurance	11.01	13.75	13.75	20.07	22.45
	ffice clerks	10.00	11.66	13.54	17.04	21.26
	rs	8.17	8.41	9.84	12.26	16.62
	aidesative support, n.e.c.	8.50 11.63	9.28 12.58	10.36 13.55	11.47 16.15	12.60 17.73
Auministra	alive support, n.e.c.	11.03	12.56	13.55	16.15	17.73
Blue collar		7.85	9.74	12.95	19.09	25.77
Precision produ	ction, craft, and repair	9.50	12.50	17.50	23.54	26.91
	rs, mechanics and repairers	20.84	23.15	30.00	30.00	30.12
Automobil	e mechanics	8.20	11.00	21.92	34.88	38.10
	echanics, except engine	19.23	22.84	25.78	25.90	32.67
	s and repairers, n.e.c	12.37	14.56	17.79	21.25	26.16
	S	11.00	12.00	12.75	13.50	15.00
	S	15.50	18.00	22.15	22.15	22.28
	pipefitters and steamfitters	9.50 10.50	17.00 12.00	19.50 12.00	23.40 15.00	33.24 15.00
	on trades, n.e.c.	14.30	15.27	16.17	19.71	21.63
	rs, production	10.12	15.96	20.19	25.21	32.89
	assemblers, metal	14.04	16.50	19.79	23.65	25.60
Electrical	and electronic equipment assemblers	9.06	11.03	12.95	15.59	17.88
	rs, assemblers, and inspectors	6.75 9.00	8.00 10.98	10.91 14.71	14.56 20.66	18.88 23.62
	and filling machine operators	10.00	10.85	12.85	14.25	14.56
	eous machine operators, n.e.c.	7.00	7.25	8.75	15.18	15.18
Assemble	rs	7.44	8.00	10.48	12.82	24.58
Transportation	nd material maying	10.20	12.10	16.05	21.11	26.65
	nd material movingers	10.20 10.75	12.10 12.50	16.95 18.75	20.25	26.65 25.37
	S	10.00	10.50	14.33	17.91	18.26
	ruck and tractor equipment operators	10.00	11.03	13.00	15.95	16.95
Handlers, equip	ment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.00	8.50	10.17	12.25	16.50
Groundsk	eepers and gardeners, except farm	7.00	7.25	8.00	10.89	14.61
	on laborers	7.00	8.00	9.00	9.50	10.00
	dlers and baggers	5.82	8.20	10.55	11.95	14.94
	eeders and offbearers	8.50	9.50	10.89	15.96	19.09
	ock, and material handlers, n.e.c	8.54	10.00	12.30	16.60	20.09
	ashers and equipment cleaners	7.50 6.50	8.00 7.30	9.05 9.21	10.00	12.29
·					10.56	11.78
	un doo	6.25	7.73	9.82	13.83	21.49
	ervicers, firefighters and fire prevention	8.83 20.42	10.29 20.63	14.62 25.08	21.40 27.38	27.34 30.77
	rs, firefighters and fire preventionrs, police and detectives	28.32	20.63	33.84	27.38 35.53	35.64
	g	15.38	17.08	19.37	21.93	25.60
	I detectives, public service	19.93	22.08	25.23	27.34	29.21
	ailiffs, and other law enforcement	. 5.00				
officer	S	17.25	19.70	21.89	23.49	23.64
Correction	al institution officers	8.83	8.83	11.35	15.81	17.83

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Guards and police, except public service	\$8.25 5.15 2.13 2.13 6.25 12.02 6.28 5.15 6.25	\$9.50 6.50 3.10 2.13 7.13 13.46 7.00 7.00 6.50	\$10.76 8.13 5.50 2.13 8.75 15.90 8.13 8.00 7.50	\$12.25 10.80 7.21 5.46 11.54 21.91 9.27 8.84 9.00	\$15.75 15.00 11.00 11.00 15.39 29.92 11.04 9.80 10.31
Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service	6.00 7.80 8.82 7.80 6.50 6.50 6.50 5.15 5.15	6.95 9.00 9.43 8.86 7.25 6.50 7.50 6.50 5.15 9.01	8.79 10.00 10.00 9.84 9.00 7.35 9.21 10.20 27.68 10.63	10.97 11.00 11.70 10.78 11.69 8.40 11.69 14.96 45.28 11.75	15.00 12.94 13.76 11.77 15.40 9.00 14.24 44.43 48.10 12.72

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly snown. The form and such percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. 3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All avaluding color	\$5.50 5.50	\$6.25 6.01	\$7.81 8.00	\$10.93 11.75	\$19.10 20.30
All excluding sales	5.50	0.01	0.00	11.75	20.30
White collar	6.70	7.50	9.33	16.17	25.00
White collar excluding sales	7.81	9.87	14.15	21.58	34.02
3					
Professional specialty and technical	9.00	14.29	21.58	29.25	40.00
Professional specialty	8.50	12.00	21.73	34.02	59.61
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	_	_	_	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	23.00	23.69	25.00	28.11	32.54
Teachers, college and university	14.29	19.73	30.75	34.90	34.90
Teachers, except college and university	8.33	8.63	9.80	19.21	25.00
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	-	-	-	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	_	_	_	_	_
Sales	6.25	7.00	7.50	9.00	10.30
Sales workers, other commodities	6.95	7.25	8.15	8.76	9.25
Cashiers	5.70	6.50	7.00	8.25	9.55
Administrative cupport, including clarical	7.81	9.25	11.50	16.86	20.30
Administrative support, including clerical Receptionists	9.25	9.25	9.25	10.00	11.63
General office clerks	9.25 7.25	7.81	9.25	10.00	10.00
General office clerks	7.25	7.01	9.00	10.00	10.00
Blue collar	5.40	6.00	8.50	11.75	14.45
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	_	-	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving	5.75	5.75	8.00	11.25	12.20
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.15	6.00	6.75	11.20	17.80
Service	5.15	6.00	6.71	8.00	10.00
Protective service	7.25	8.25	9.00	9.80	11.00
Guards and police, except public service	8.00	8.75	9.55	10.25	14.50
Food service	2.13	5.35	6.52	7.50	8.50
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	5.15	6.00	7.15
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.13	4.25	5.15
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	5.15	5.15	6.00	7.00	7.25
Other food service	5.50	6.05	7.00	8.00	8.56
Kitchen workers, food preparation	5.40	6.40	6.85	8.00	9.50
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.05	7.00	7.25	8.23	8.56
Health service	-	-	-	-	-
Cleaning and building service	_	_	_	_	_
Personal service	6.00	6.00	7.00	19.00	22.57

¹ Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more man ure rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

more information.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all of the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the National Compensation Survey (NCS) includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in goods-producing industries (mining, construction and manufacturing); service-producing industries (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries); and State and local governments. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

The Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, and Tarrant Counties.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. The sampling frame was reviewed prior to the survey and, when necessary, missing establishments were added, out-of-business and out-of-scope establishments were removed, and ad-

dresses, employment levels, industry classification, and other information were updated. Approximately one-fifth of the sample is reselected each year.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Regional Offices and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to follow up and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- 1. Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the Census of Population system
- Characterization of jobs as full-time versus parttime, union versus nonunion, and time versus incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers whose jobs could be characterized by the criteria identified in the last three steps. Special procedures were developed for jobs for which a level could not be determined.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size. Prior to 2002, the number of jobs selected ranged from 8 to 20. Beginning in 2002, the number of jobs selected followed this schedule:

Number	Number			
of employees	of selected jobs			
50–249	6			
250 or more	8			

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. The NCS occupational classification system is based on the 1990 Census of Population. A selected job may fall into any one of about 480 occupational classifications, from accountant to wood lathe operator. For cases in which a job's duties overlapped two or more census classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major occupational group (MOG). Occupations can fall into any of the following MOGs:

- Professional specialty and technical
- Executive, administrative, and managerial
- Sales
- Administrative support, including clerical
- Precision production, craft, and repair
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
- Service occupations

Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the MOG to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was iden-

tified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "point factor leveling" process. Point factor leveling matches certain aspects of a job to specific levels of work with assigned point values. Points for each factor are then totaled to determine the overall work level for the job.

The NCS program is in the process of converting from a nine-factor to a four-factor occupational leveling system. The conversion is being phased in via annual NCS sample replenishment groups and will require several years for full implementation. The four occupational leveling factors are:

- Knowledge
- Job controls and complexity
- Contacts (nature and purpose)
- Physical environment

Each factor consists of several levels, and each level has an associated description and assigned points. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related occupations. A knowledge guide for each of the 24 families contains short definitions of the point levels of knowledge expected for the occupations and presents relevant examples. The other three factors use identical descriptions for all occupational categories and contain a definition of each point level within each factor.

The description within each factor best matching the job is chosen. The point levels within each factor are designed to describe the thresholds of distinct levels of work. When a job does not meet the full description of a point level, the next lowest point level is used. Points for the four factors are totaled to determine the overall work level. NCS publishes data for up to 15 work levels.

Most supervisory occupations are evaluated based on their duties and responsibilities. A modified approach is used for professional and administrative supervisors when they direct professional work and are paid primarily to supervise. Such supervisory occupations are leveled based on the work level of the highest position reporting to them.

For a complete description of point factor leveling, refer to the publication "National Compensation Survey: Guide for Evaluating Your Firm's Jobs and Pay," available at the BLS National Compensation Survey Internet site at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf.

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, tips, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers who are exempt from overtime provisions often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be full time.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Level. A ranking of an occupation based on the requirements of the position. (See the description in the technical note on occupational leveling through point factor analysis for more details on the leveling process.)

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage. (See below.)

Part-time worker. Any employee whom the employer considers to be part time.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied to an hourly rate or salary, and not to a specific level of production.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the BLS National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sample establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

Survey response

	Establish-
	ments
Total in sampling frame	8,285
Total in sample	582
Responding	383
Out of business or not in survey scope	84
Unable or refused to provide data	115

In this survey, the nonresponse rates for all industries, private industry, and State and local government were within regular survey standards.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6–1 through 6–5 are computed using earnings reported for individual workers in sampled establishment jobs and their scheduled hours of work. Establishments in the survey may report only individual-worker earnings for each sampled job. For the calculation of percentile estimates, the individual-worker hourly earnings are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution within each published occupation. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$12.79, with a relative standard error of 3.6 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is from \$12.03 to \$13.55 (\$12.79 minus and plus \$0.76, where \$0.76 is the product of 1.645 times 3.6 percent times \$12.79). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

 $\label{eq:Appendix} \mbox{Appendix table 1. Number of workers1 represented by the survey, by occupational group,2 National Compensation Survey, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, March 2005$

	Full-time and part-time workers				
Occupational group	Total	Private industry	State and local government		
All occupations	1,164,000 1,080,500	981,200 898,200	182,800 182,300		
White collar	685,000 601,600	556,900 473,800	128,200 127,700		
Professional specialty and technical	278,800 240,400 38,400 127,400 83,400	191,200 157,600 33,600 113,400 83,000	87,600 82,800 4,700 14,000		
Administrative support, including clerical	195,400	169,200	26,200		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	285,900 87,500 64,900 52,200 81,400	270,800 79,600 64,900 46,700 79,500	15,200 7,900 - 5,500 1,800		
Service	193,000	153,600	39,400		

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels. Both full-time and part-time workers were included in the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^2\,}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.