

### NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

# Employment of young adults, by educational attainment

#### **April 2000**

Many factors affect employment rates among adults. Some factors influence the willingness of employers to offer jobs to individuals with different levels of education at the going wage rate, whereas others influence the willingness of individuals to take jobs at this wage rate. The percentage of young adults who are employed is an indication of both the skill levels required by employers and the advantages employment offers to individuals relative to other pursuits.

- The employment rate of male and female 25- to 34-year-olds was generally higher among those individuals with a higher level of education between 1971 and 1998. For example, in 1998, males and females ages 25–34 with a bachelor's degree or higher were more likely to be employed than their peers who had lower levels of educational attainment.
- Between 1971 and 1998, the employment rate of males ages 25–34 decreased for those who had not finished high school and those with a high school
- diploma or GED, and remained relatively constant for those with some college and those with a bachelor's degree or higher.
- Between 1971 and 1998, the employment rate of females ages 25–34 increased across all education levels. However, the rate of increase for females who did not complete high school was lower than the rate of increase for females who attained higher levels of education.

#### Employment rate of 25- to 34-year-olds, by sex and educational attainment: March 1971–98

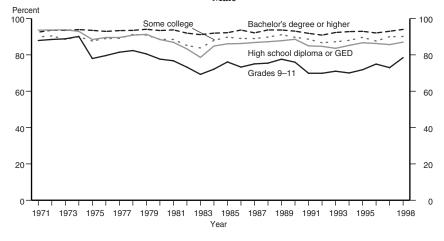
	Male				Female			
	High school			Bachelor's		High school		Bachelor's
	Grades	diploma	Some	degree	Grades	diploma	Some	degree
March	9-11	or GED	college	or higher	9–11	or GED	college	or higher
1971	87.9	93.6	89.9	92.5	35.4	43.1	44.9	56.9
1973	88.8	93.8	88.5	93.5	38.4	46.5	51.0	62.7
1975	78.0	88.4	87.7	93.5	35.4	48.1	53.6	66.3
1977	81.5	89.5	89.1	93.3	41.0	53.0	58.0	69.5
1979	80.5	91.3	90.9	94.1	43.2	58.0	64.2	74.0
1981	76.7	86.9	88.5	93.7	42.7	61.3	67.6	76.4
1983	69.3	78.6	83.8	91.1	37.1	58.8	68.3	79.2
1985	76.1	86.1	89.7	92.2	40.3	63.9	71.0	80.6
1987	75.0	86.8	89.0	92.1	44.0	65.6	72.2	81.4
1989	77.6	87.8	91.1	93.7	43.0	66.9	74.0	82.1
1990	76.0	88.6	89.7	93.0	44.4	67.5	74.5	83.2
1991	69.9	84.9	88.6	91.8	42.3	67.0	73.5	82.6
1992	69.9	84.7	86.7	90.9	41.7	65.4	74.0	82.5
1993	71.0	83.6	87.2	92.3	42.2	66.0	73.0	81.6
1994	70.0	85.2	88.0	92.8	40.1	66.2	74.3	81.6
1995	71.8	86.6	89.6	92.9	45.8	67.2	73.0	83.4
1996	74.9	86.3	87.6	92.1	45.5	66.3	76.4	83.7
1997	73.0	85.6	90.0	93.0	43.1	69.6	75.3	83.1
1998	78.5	87.0	90.1	94.0	47.3	69.5	76.2	83.8

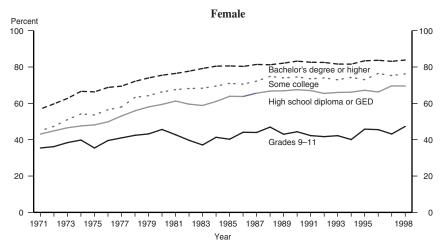
NOTE: The Current Population Survey (CPS) questions used to obtain educational attainment were changed in 1992. The employment rate represents the number of employed individuals as a percentage of the total population.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, March Current Population Surveys.

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