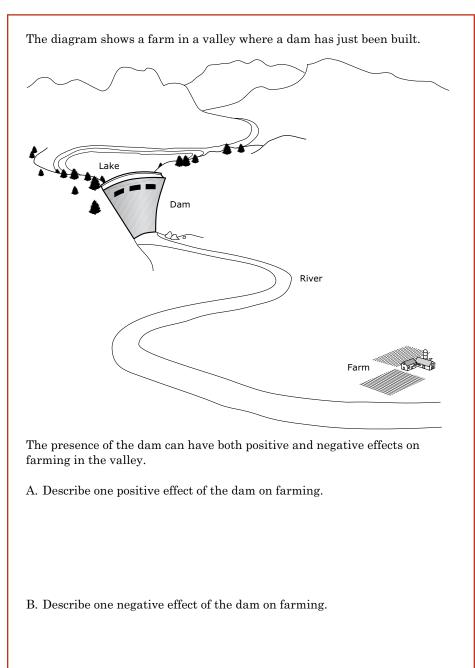
| Content Domain           | Main Topic                                | Cognitive Domain       |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------|
| ENVIRONMENTAL<br>SCIENCE | Use and Conservation of Natural Resources | Reasoning and Analysis |

# Positive/negative effect of dam



Item Number: S022088B

## **Overall Percent Correct**

| Chinese Taipei  | 68   | <b>A</b>                                |
|---|--|---|
| Slovak Republic   | 64   | _                                       |
| Netherlands   | 63   | <u> </u>                                |
| Romania   | 62   | <u> </u>                                |
| Estonia   | 61   | _<br>_                                  |
| United States   | 59   | _<br>_                                  |
| Belgium (Flemish)   | 57   | _<br>_                                  |
| Latvia  | 57   | _<br>_                                  |
| Hong Kong, SAR  | 57   | _                                       |
| Israel  | 56   | <b>A</b>                                |
| New Zealand   | 55   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Slovenia  | 55   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Jordan  | 55   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Russian Federation  | 54   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Indonesia   | 53   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Norway  | 52   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Australia   | 51   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Iran, Islamic Republic of   | 50   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Bulgaria  | 50   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Lithuania   | 49   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Singapore   | 46   | 0                                       |
| England   | 46   | 0                                       |
| Malaysia  | 45   | 0                                       |
| Bahrain   | 44   | 0                                       |
|   |  |   |
| Italy   | 44   | 0                                       |
| International average   | 44<br><b>44</b>  |   |
| International average Korea, Republic of  | <b>44</b><br>41  | 0                                       |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth.  | <b>44</b><br>41<br>40  | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia  | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth.  | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan   | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of  | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden   | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines   | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary   | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia  | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>37   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia  | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35   | 0                                       |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of   | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro   | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32   | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile   | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30                                     | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile Cyprus                                      | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30<br>29                               | O V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile Cyprus Egypt                                | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30<br>29<br>26                         | O V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile Cyprus Egypt Lebanon                        | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30<br>29<br>26<br>24                   | O V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile Cyprus Egypt Lebanon Morocco                | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30<br>29<br>26<br>24<br>21             | O V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile Cyprus Egypt Lebanon Morocco Botswana       | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30<br>29<br>26<br>24<br>21<br>19       | O V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile Cyprus Egypt Lebanon Morocco Botswana Ghana | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30<br>29<br>26<br>24<br>21<br>19<br>13 | O<br>▼                                  |
| International average Korea, Republic of Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Armenia Scotland Japan Macedonia, Republic of Sweden Philippines Hungary Saudi Arabia Tunisia Moldova, Rep. of Serbia and Montenegro Chile Cyprus Egypt Lebanon Morocco Botswana       | 44<br>41<br>40<br>39<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>38<br>37<br>37<br>35<br>35<br>35<br>32<br>30<br>29<br>26<br>24<br>21<br>19       | O V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V |

Country average vs. International average:

Higher △
Not different ○
Lower ▼

## Positive/negative effect of dam (continued)

Item Number: S022088B

#### **SCORING**

## Codes for Negative Effects

Note: For credit, responses must clearly indicate a negative effect of the dam related to farming in the valley.

#### **Correct Response**

· Mentions the dam breaking (resulting in flooding).

Examples: If the dam breaks it could flood the valley and the crops.

If there is a leak, the whole dam could flood and destroy everything.

· Mentions the river drying up or decreasing water supply.

Examples: No or less irrigation because the dam does not let the water flow through.

The fields could dry out from too little water.

It slows the river too much and the farm will not have enough water.

· Mentions a soil-related problem of the dam.

Examples: Nutrients not replenished by flooding.

The rich nutrients from the water are not coming over the fields.

· Mentions upsetting the ecological balance.

Examples: The dam could alter the ecology of the farm.

The dam might interfere with the farm's ecosystem.

· Other correct.

#### **Incorrect Response**

 Mentions a negative effect but it does not clearly address the issue of farming or the effect of the dam.

Examples: It bursts.

It is now going to be a tourist attraction.

Flooding. [Does not mention how the dam causes this.]

A lot of fish will die because their habitat has been changed.

The fish cannot swim upstream.

• Response indicates a misconception of how dams function (controlled release of water).

Examples: The lake could overflow the top of the dam.

· Other incorrect (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible, or off task).

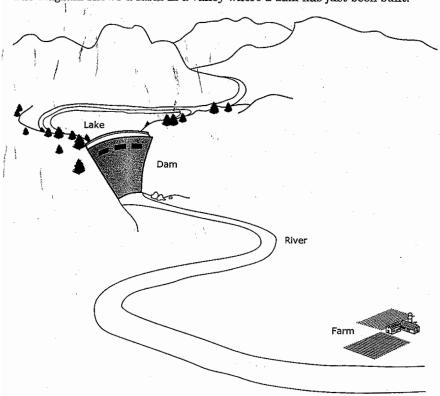
## Positive/negative effect of dam (continued)

Item Number: S022088B

# **Student Responses**

## **Correct Response:**

The diagram shows a farm in a valley where a dam has just been built.



The presence of the dam can have both positive and negative effects on farming in the valley.

B. Describe one negative effect of the dam on farming.

It would slow down the overter pressur and the minimals from up the river wouldn't be eroded to give the farm soil minimals.

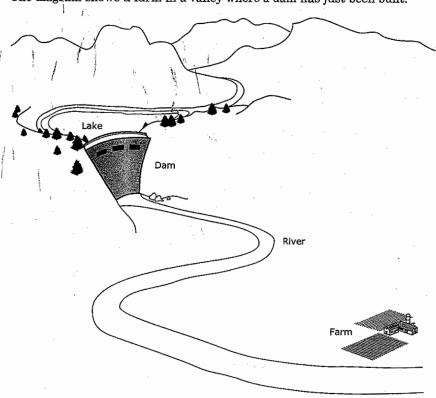
# Positive/negative effect of dam (continued)

Item Number: S022088B

# **Student Responses** (continued)

## **Incorrect Response:**

The diagram shows a farm in a valley where a dam has just been built.



The presence of the dam can have both positive and negative effects on farming in the valley.

B. Describe one negative effect of the dam on farming.

It disturbs the notice of the farmine and could drought.

| Content Domain           | Main Topic                                | Cognitive Domain       |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------|
| ENVIRONMENTAL<br>SCIENCE | Use and Conservation of Natural Resources | Reasoning and Analysis |

## Drinking water from sea water

Sea water contains dissolved salts and is not suitable for drinking. Describe a procedure that can be used to obtain a cup of drinking water from a bucket of sea water.

Item Number: S032063

#### **SCORING**

Note: For full credit, responses must give a procedure that clearly indicates the method used to separate water from salt and collect the pure water. The most common procedure is the distillation method, but other correct procedures such as the freezing method or reverse osmosis method are possible. Partial credit should be given for responses that address at least the separation portion of the procedure. Responses that are based on boiling or filtering without indicating how separation of water and salt occurs are scored as incorrect.

#### **Correct Response**

- Describes a correct procedure that includes the following basic steps (may use diagrams):
- i) Boiling/evaporation to separate water from salt
- ii) Collecting the distilled water (condensation)

Examples: Heat the salt water, catch the steam on a tray, drip it into a cup and the salt will be left in the bucket and drinking water in the cup.

Boil the sea water taking the steam up to a tube and letting steam turn back into water.

· Other fully correct.

#### **Partially Correct Response**

Describes boiling/evaporation step to separate water from salt; condensation step is omitted. Examples: Maybe if you boiled the salt water the salt would separate from the water.

Take the salt water and boil it and the steam will create great drinking water.

States 'distillation' or similar but no description of the process is given.
 Examples: The best way is to use a distillation apparatus.

Distill it.

· Other partially correct.

#### **Incorrect Response**

- Mentions boiling but with no or incorrect indication of separation included.
   [May also mention filtering or other processes.]
- Examples: You can boil it.
- Mentions filtering to separate salt. [Response not based on boiling.]
   Examples: Make it go through a filter.
- Other incorrect (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible or off task).

#### **Overall Percent Correct**

| Singapore  | 35  |   |
|--|---|---|
| Korea, Republic of   | 22  |   |
| Estonia  | 21  |   |
| Hong Kong, SAR   | 20  |   |
| Egypt  | 20  |   |
| Japan  | 19  |   |
| New Zealand  | 16  |   |
| Netherlands  | 15  |   |
| Australia  | 15  |   |
| England  | 14  |   |
| Jordan   | 13  |   |
| Iran, Islamic Republic of  | 12  |   |
| Lithuania  | 12  | 0   |
| Latvia   | 11  | 0   |
| Russian Federation   | 11  | 0   |
| Slovak Republic  | 11  | 0   |
| Israel   | 11  | 0   |
| Scotland   | 10  | 0   |
| Hungary  | 10  | 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.  | 10  | 0   |
| Bahrain  | 10  | 0   |
| Sweden   | 10  | 0   |
| International average  | 10  |   |
| Armenia  | 9   | 0   |
| CI .   | _   | _   |
| Slovenia   | 8   | 0   |
| Norway   | 8   | 0   |
| Norway<br>Chinese Taipei   | 8   | O<br>▼  |
| Norway<br>Chinese Taipei<br>Italy  | 8<br>7<br>7   | O<br>▼  |
| Norway<br>Chinese Taipei<br>Italy<br>Macedonia, Republic of  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul>   |
| Norway<br>Chinese Taipei<br>Italy<br>Macedonia, Republic of<br>Saudi Arabia  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7   | O<br>▼  |
| Norway<br>Chinese Taipei<br>Italy<br>Macedonia, Republic of<br>Saudi Arabia<br>United States   | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li></ul>                     |
| Norway<br>Chinese Taipei<br>Italy<br>Macedonia, Republic of<br>Saudi Arabia<br>United States<br>Bulgaria   | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6   | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul>           |
| Norway<br>Chinese Taipei<br>Italy<br>Macedonia, Republic of<br>Saudi Arabia<br>United States<br>Bulgaria<br>Morocco  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5   | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia   | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5   | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish)   | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>5   | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon   | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3                               | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul>           |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3                               | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3                          | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile Serbia and Montenegro  | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3<br>3                     | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul> |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile Serbia and Montenegro Tunisia                                      | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>2                | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile Serbia and Montenegro Tunisia Ghana                                | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>2<br>2           | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile Serbia and Montenegro Tunisia Ghana Indonesia                      | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>2<br>2<br>2      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile Serbia and Montenegro Tunisia Ghana Indonesia Philippines          | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>2<br>2<br>2      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile Serbia and Montenegro Tunisia Ghana Indonesia Philippines Botswana | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>1 | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul>           |
| Norway Chinese Taipei Italy Macedonia, Republic of Saudi Arabia United States Bulgaria Morocco Cyprus Romania Malaysia Belgium (Flemish) Lebanon South Africa Chile Serbia and Montenegro Tunisia Ghana Indonesia Philippines          | 8<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>2<br>2<br>2      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |

# Country average vs. International average:

Higher △ Not different O Lower ▼

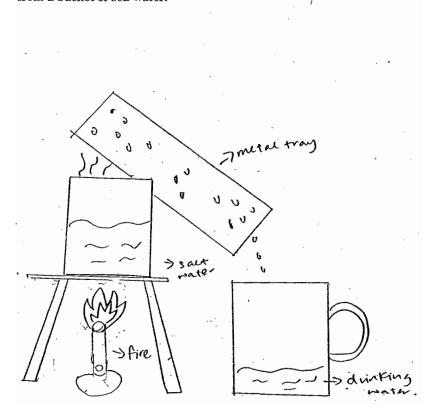
## Drinking water from sea water (continued)

Item Number: S032063

# **Student Responses**

#### **Correct Response:**

Sea water contains dissolved salts and is not suitable for drinking. Describe a procedure that can be used to obtain a cup of drinking water from a bucket of sea water.



#### **Partially Correct Response:**

Sea water contains dissolved salts and is not suitable for drinking. Describe a procedure that can be used to obtain a cup of drinking water from a bucket of sea water.

put gladwap over the bucket and wait for the safe to evaporate, onto the lunchwap

## Drinking water from sea water (continued)

Item Number: S032063

# **Student Responses** (continued)

## **Incorrect Response:**

Sea water contains dissolved salts and is not suitable for drinking. Describe a procedure that can be used to obtain a cup of drinking water from a bucket of sea water.

We take the see water and we try to remove the salts until the water about have any salts then we use fresh water and put it together with the see water.

| Content Domain | Main Topic                | Cognitive Domain  |
|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| LIFE SCIENCE   | Cells and Their Functions | Factual Knowledge |

## Main function of red blood cells

What is the main function of red blood cells?

- (A) To fight disease in the body
- (B) To carry oxygen to all parts of the body
- (C) To remove carbon monoxide from all parts of the body
- (D) To produce materials which cause the blood to clot

Item Number: S012038

**Correct Response:** 

В

# Overall Percent Correct

| Singapore   | 90   | <b>A</b>  |
|---|--|---|
| England   | 84   |   |
| Japan   | 84   |   |
| Italy   | 82   |   |
| Chinese Taipei  | 81   |   |
| Malaysia  | 77   |   |
| United States   | 75   |   |
| Sweden  | 75   | <b>A</b>  |
| Australia   | 74   | <b>A</b>  |
| Netherlands   | 73   | <b>A</b>  |
| Scotland  | 70   | <b>A</b>  |
| New Zealand   | 69   | <u> </u>  |
| Slovak Republic   | 69   | <u> </u>  |
| Hungary   | 66   | _<br>_  |
| Lebanon   | 66   | <u> </u>  |
| Indonesia   | 64   | <u> </u>  |
| Jordan  | 64   | 0   |
| Korea, Republic of  | 62   | 0   |
| Israel  | 61   | 0   |
| Belgium (Flemish)   | 60   | 0   |
| Slovenia  | 60   | 0   |
|   |  | U   |
| International average   | 60   | _   |
| Hong Kong, SAR  | 59   | 0   |
| Norway  | 58   | 0   |
|   |  |   |
| Armenia   | 57   | 0   |
| Morocco   | 56   | 0   |
| Morocco<br>Saudi Arabia   | 56<br>56   | 0   |
| Morocco   | 56<br>56<br>54   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco<br>Saudi Arabia   | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco<br>Saudi Arabia<br>Tunisia  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco<br>Saudi Arabia<br>Tunisia<br>Lithuania   | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco<br>Saudi Arabia<br>Tunisia<br>Lithuania<br>Bahrain  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco<br>Saudi Arabia<br>Tunisia<br>Lithuania<br>Bahrain<br>Philippines<br>Estonia  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria   | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of   | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52   | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>52   | 0   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth.  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50                                     | O<br>O<br>▼   |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Iran, Islamic Republic of  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50<br>49                                     | O |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Iran, Islamic Republic of Romania  | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50<br>49<br>48                               | O |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Iran, Islamic Republic of Romania Botswana                                     | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50<br>49<br>48<br>46                         | O |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Iran, Islamic Republic of Romania Botswana Egypt                               | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50<br>49<br>48<br>46<br>45                   | O |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Iran, Islamic Republic of Romania Botswana Egypt Moldova, Rep. of              | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50<br>49<br>48<br>46<br>45<br>39             | O |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Iran, Islamic Republic of Romania Botswana Egypt Moldova, Rep. of Latvia       | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50<br>49<br>48<br>46<br>45<br>39<br>39       | O |
| Morocco Saudi Arabia Tunisia Lithuania Bahrain Philippines Estonia Serbia and Montenegro Bulgaria Russian Federation Macedonia, Republic of Cyprus Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Iran, Islamic Republic of Romania Botswana Egypt Moldova, Rep. of Latvia Ghana | 56<br>56<br>54<br>54<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>53<br>52<br>52<br>52<br>50<br>50<br>49<br>48<br>46<br>45<br>39<br>39<br>36 | O |

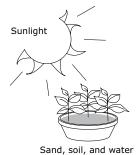
Country average vs. International average:

Higher △
Not different ○
Lower ▼

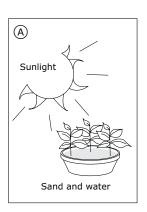
| Content Domain | Main Topic                              | Cognitive Domain       |
|----------------|---|------------------------|
| LIFE SCIENCE   | Development and Life Cycle of Organisms | Reasoning and Analysis |

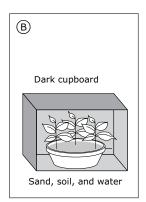
# Plant growth experiment

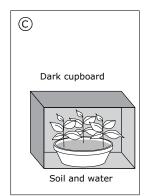
A girl has an idea that green plants need sand in the soil for healthy growth. In order to test her idea she uses two pots of plants. She sets up one pot of plants as shown below.

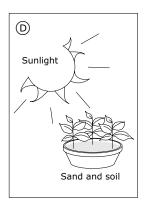


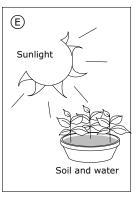
Which ONE of the following should she use for the second pot of plants?











Item Number: S022235

**Correct Response:** 

Ε

## **Overall Percent Correct**

| c 1  | ٠.   |   |
|--|--|---|
| Sweden   | 81   | <u> </u>                                |
| Hungary  | 76   | <u> </u>                                |
| Hong Kong, SAR   | 76   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Singapore  | 76   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Japan  | 74   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Armenia  | 73   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Estonia  | 72   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Chinese Taipei   | 72   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Norway   | 72   | <b>A</b>                                |
| United States  | 70   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Moldova, Rep. of   | 68   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Romania  | 67   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Australia  | 67   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Scotland   | 66   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Jordan   | 65   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Bulgaria   | 65   | <b>A</b>                                |
| England  | 65   |   |
| Russian Federation   | 65   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Italy  | 64   | $\blacktriangle$                        |
| Chile  | 64   | $\blacktriangle$                        |
| Israel   | 63   | <b>A</b>                                |
| Saudi Arabia   | 62   | 0                                       |
| New Zealand  | 62   | 0                                       |
| Serbia and Montenegro  | 62   | 0                                       |
|  |  |   |
| _  | 60   | 0                                       |
| Korea, Republic of   | 60<br>60   | 0                                       |
| Korea, Republic of<br>Netherlands  | 60   | 0                                       |
| Korea, Republic of<br>Netherlands<br>Bahrain   | 60<br>60   |   |
| Korea, Republic of<br>Netherlands<br>Bahrain<br>International average  | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b>  | 0                                       |
| Korea, Republic of<br>Netherlands<br>Bahrain<br>International average<br>Palestinian Nat'l Auth.   | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58  | 0                                       |
| Korea, Republic of<br>Netherlands<br>Bahrain<br>International average<br>Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Slovenia   | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57  | 0 0                                     |
| Korea, Republic of<br>Netherlands<br>Bahrain<br>International average<br>Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Slovenia<br>Slovak Republic  | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57<br>57  | 0 0                                     |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania  | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57<br>57  | 0 0 0 0 0 0                             |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus   | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57<br>57<br>57  | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0                           |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt   | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55  | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0                         |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia  | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55  |   |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco  | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55                                    | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0                         |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines  | 60<br>60<br><b>59</b><br>58<br>57<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55<br>47<br>44                        | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines Botswana   | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>44                         | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Phillippines Botswana Lebanon  | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>44<br>44<br>42                   | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines Botswana Lebanon Tunisia   | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>44<br>42<br>41                   | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines Botswana Lebanon Tunisia Indonesia                                       | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>44<br>42<br>41<br>39             | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines Botswana Lebanon Tunisia Indonesia Latvia                                | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>44<br>42<br>41<br>39<br>39             | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines Botswana Lebanon Tunisia Indonesia Latvia Belgium (Flemish)              | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>42<br>41<br>39<br>39<br>36       | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines Botswana Lebanon Tunisia Indonesia Latvia Belgium (Flemish) South Africa | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>42<br>41<br>39<br>39<br>36<br>34 | 0 |
| Korea, Republic of Netherlands Bahrain International average Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Slovenia Slovak Republic Lithuania Cyprus Egypt Malaysia Morocco Philippines Botswana Lebanon Tunisia Indonesia Latvia Belgium (Flemish)              | 60<br>60<br>59<br>58<br>57<br>57<br>56<br>55<br>55<br>47<br>44<br>42<br>41<br>39<br>39<br>36       | 0 |

# Country average vs. International average:

Macedonia, Republic of

Higher △ Not different ○ Lower ▼

| Content Domain | Main Topic                                   | Cognitive Domain         |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|
| LIFE SCIENCE   | Diversity, Adaptation, and Natural Selection | Conceptual Understanding |

## Fossils in sedimentary rock

The fossils that are found in the oldest layers of sedimentary rock were formed from which types of organisms?

- (A) only organisms that lived in the sea
- (B) only organisms that lived on land
- © only organisms that lived in the air
- (D) organisms that lived on the land, in the sea and in the air

Item Number: S032083

**Correct Response:** 

Δ

## **Overall Percent Correct**

| Japan                     | 79 |                                       |
|---------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| Korea, Republic of        | 63 | <u> </u>                              |
| Slovenia                  | 55 | <u> </u>                              |
| Sweden                    | 53 | <u> </u>                              |
| Hungary                   | 49 | <u> </u>                              |
| Hong Kong, SAR            | 47 | <u> </u>                              |
| Slovak Republic           | 45 |                                       |
| Bulgaria                  | 41 |                                       |
| Italy                     | 37 |                                       |
| ,                         | 35 |                                       |
| Iran, Islamic Republic of | 33 |                                       |
| Norway                    |    |                                       |
| Malaysia                  | 33 | <b>A</b>                              |
| Netherlands               | 32 | 0                                     |
| Chinese Taipei            | 32 | <b>A</b>                              |
| Israel                    | 31 | 0                                     |
| England                   | 30 | 0                                     |
| United States             | 29 | O                                     |
| Serbia and Montenegro     | 28 | 0                                     |
| International average     | 28 |                                       |
| Lithuania                 | 27 | 0                                     |
| Scotland                  | 27 | 0                                     |
| Estonia                   | 27 | 0                                     |
| Morocco                   | 26 | 0                                     |
| Australia                 | 25 | 0                                     |
| Belgium (Flemish)         | 25 | $\blacksquare$                        |
| Russian Federation        | 24 |                                       |
| Singapore                 | 24 | * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * |
| Romania                   | 23 | $\blacksquare$                        |
| New Zealand               | 20 | •                                     |
| Cyprus                    | 19 | <b>V</b>                              |
| Moldova, Rep. of          | 19 | <b>V</b>                              |
| Armenia                   | 19 | _                                     |
| Botswana                  | 17 | •                                     |
| Lebanon                   | 17 | Ť                                     |
| Latvia                    | 17 | Ť                                     |
| Egypt                     | 17 | Ť                                     |
| Macedonia, Republic of    | 16 | Ť                                     |
| Philippines               | 15 | ¥                                     |
| Bahrain                   | 14 | _                                     |
|                           |    |                                       |
| Tunisia                   | 12 | _                                     |
| Saudi Arabia              | 12 | _                                     |
| South Africa              | 11 | _                                     |
| Chile                     | 11 | <b>▼</b>                              |
| Indonesia                 | 10 | •                                     |
| Ghana                     | 8  |                                       |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.   | 0  | •                                     |
| Jordan                    |    |                                       |
| Jordan                    | 0  | •                                     |

Country average vs. International average:

Higher △ Not different O Lower ▼

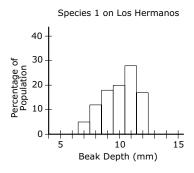
| Content Domain  | Main Topic   | Cognitive Domain         |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------|
| A. LIFE SCIENCE | Diversity, Adaptation and Natural Selection            | Reasoning and Analysis   |
| B. LIFE SCIENCE | Structure, Function and Life<br>Processes in Organisms | Conceptual Understanding |

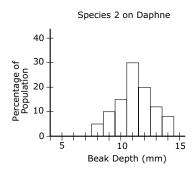
## Galapagos Islands: compare beak depths of Species 1 and 2

The Galapagos Islands contain a number of different species of finches (birds) that are thought to have developed from one species. Some species of finches eat certain types of seeds depending on their beak depth. The diagram below shows the head of one species of finch and its beak depth.



Some of the islands have only one species living on them, while other islands have more than one species. Species 1 lives on Los Hermanos Island. Species 2 lives on Daphne Island. The two graphs below show the percentage of the population with different beak depths for each of the two species.





- A. How do the beak depths of Species 1 and Species 2 compare?
- B. A wide variety of seeds exist on the islands, and both Species 1 and Species 2 eat seeds. Based on the beak depths of the two finch species, what would you conclude about the size of seeds that each species eats?

Item Number: S032706A

#### **Overall Percent Correct**

| Japan                            | 66 | <b>A</b> |
|----------------------------------|----|----------|
| Korea, Republic of               | 65 |          |
| Slovenia                         | 56 |          |
| Belgium (Flemish)                | 55 |          |
| Hong Kong, SAR                   | 54 |          |
| Malaysia                         | 46 |          |
| Chinese Taipei                   | 46 |          |
| Singapore                        | 46 |          |
| United States                    | 45 |          |
| Latvia                           | 45 |          |
| Russian Federation               | 44 |          |
| New Zealand                      | 43 |          |
| Estonia                          | 42 |          |
| Hungary                          | 42 |          |
| Armenia                          | 41 |          |
| Australia                        | 41 |          |
| Sweden                           | 39 |          |
| Scotland                         | 39 |          |
| England                          | 39 |          |
| Lithuania                        | 36 |          |
| Italy                            | 35 | O        |
| Netherlands                      | 34 | O        |
| Norway                           | 31 | 0        |
| The Armer at Land 1 and a second | 20 |          |

| International average     | 30 |                |
|---------------------------|----|----------------|
| Romania                   | 29 | 0              |
| Chile                     | 26 | O              |
| Moldova, Rep. of          | 26 | O              |
| Slovak Republic           | 23 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Indonesia                 | 22 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Bulgaria                  | 21 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Egypt                     | 21 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Israel                    | 19 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Jordan                    | 19 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Iran, Islamic Republic of | 18 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Macedonia, Republic of    | 17 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Cyprus                    | 17 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Morocco                   | 16 | *              |
| Bahrain                   | 14 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Serbia and Montenegro     | 13 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.   | 12 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Tunisia                   | 10 | $\blacksquare$ |
| South Africa              | 6  | <b>▼</b>       |
| Saudi Arabia              | 6  |                |
| Philippines               | 4  | <b>▼</b>       |
| Botswana                  | 4  | $\blacksquare$ |
| Ghana                     | 3  | $\blacksquare$ |
| Lebanon                   | 3  | •              |

Country average vs. International average:

Higher
Not different
Lower

#### Galapagos Islands: compare beak depths of Species 1 and 2 (continued)

Item Number: S032706A

#### **SCORING**

Note: Credit will be given for responses that are consistent with the information in the graphs. This includes responses that are based on similarities, differences, or both. Responses that indicate that the two species are 'similar' must refer to specific information from the graphs, such as the range, average, most frequent beak size (mode), etc., in order to receive credit. Responses that state only that the two species are the 'same' or 'similar' with no supporting information are incorrect.

#### **Correct Response**

Gives a description based on similarities that is supported with information in the graphs.
 Examples: Both are similar in average beak size.

They are similar because they both have most finches in the 11mm beak range.

• Gives description based on differences that is supported with information in the graphs.

Examples: Species 1 is a little bit shorter than Species 2.

Species 2 has more that are big.

Species 2 has a wider range of depth than of Species 1.

· Give a description that includes both similarities and differences.

Examples: Both species have the greatest amount of birds with 11mm beak depths, but Species 1 does not have birds with beak depths bigger than 13mm.

· Other correct.

#### **Incorrect Response**

 States only that the two species are the 'same' or 'similar' without supporting information from the graphs.

Examples: They are nearly the same.

• States that one species is larger or smaller than the other, but does not identify which. Examples: One of them is a bit different on beak depth.

· Other incorrect (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible, or off task).

Galapagos Islands: compare beak depths of Species 1 and 2 (continued)

Item Number: S032706A

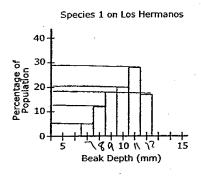
# **Student Responses**

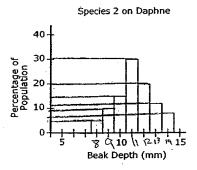
## **Correct Response:**

The Galapagos Islands contain a number of different species of finches (birds) that are thought to have developed from one species. Some species of finches eat certain types of seeds depending on their beak depth. The diagram below shows the head of one species of finch and its beak depth.



Some of the islands have only one species living on them, while other islands have more than one species. Species 1 lives on Los Hermanos Island. Species 2 lives on Daphne Island. The two graphs below show the percentage of the population with different beak depths for each of the two species.





A. How do the beak depths of Species 1 and Species 2 compare?

Species 2 biros name daper beaks,

and very few biros with beaks

under 10mm. Species 1 biros generally

wall smalls beaks.

Galapagos Islands: compare beak depths of Species 1 and 2 (continued)

Item Number: S032706A

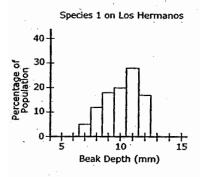
# **Student Responses** (continued)

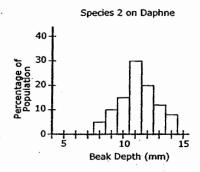
## **Incorrect Response:**

The Galapagos Islands contain a number of different species of finches (birds) that are thought to have developed from one species. Some species of finches eat certain types of seeds depending on their beak depth. The diagram below shows the head of one species of finch and its beak depth.

beak depth

Some of the islands have only one species living on them, while other islands have more than one species. Species 1 lives on Los Hermanos Island. Species 2 lives on Daphne Island. The two graphs below show the percentage of the population with different beak depths for each of the two species.





A. How do the beak depths of Species 1 and Species 2 compare?

The book depth is pretty close

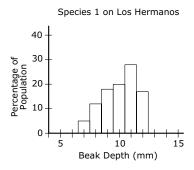
| Content Domain  | Main Topic   | Cognitive Domain         |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------|
| A. LIFE SCIENCE | Diversity, Adaptation and Natural Selection            | Reasoning and Analysis   |
| B. LIFE SCIENCE | Structure, Function and Life<br>Processes in Organisms | Conceptual Understanding |

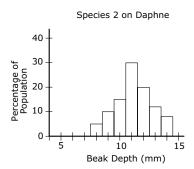
## Galapagos Islands: size of seeds each species eats

The Galapagos Islands contain a number of different species of finches (birds) that are thought to have developed from one species. Some species of finches eat certain types of seeds depending on their beak depth. The diagram below shows the head of one species of finch and its beak depth.



Some of the islands have only one species living on them, while other islands have more than one species. Species 1 lives on Los Hermanos Island. Species 2 lives on Daphne Island. The two graphs below show the percentage of the population with different beak depths for each of the two species.





- A. How do the beak depths of Species 1 and Species 2 compare?
- B. A wide variety of seeds exist on the islands, and both Species 1 and Species 2 eat seeds. Based on the beak depths of the two finch species, what would you conclude about the size of seeds that each species eats?

Item Number: S032706B

#### **Overall Percent Correct**

| Korea, Republic of | 59 | <b>A</b> |
|--------------------|----|----------|
| Japan              | 51 |          |
| Estonia            | 51 |          |
| Belgium (Flemish)  | 48 |          |
| Chinese Taipei     | 47 |          |
| Latvia             | 45 |          |
| Hong Kong, SAR     | 45 |          |
| Singapore          | 45 |          |
| England            | 42 |          |
| Slovenia           | 42 |          |
| Armenia            | 42 |          |
| United States      | 40 |          |
| Lithuania          | 39 |          |
| Malaysia           | 39 |          |
| Hungary            | 37 |          |
| Netherlands        | 36 |          |
| Scotland           | 34 |          |
| Australia          | 33 | O        |
| Russian Federation | 32 | O        |
| New Zealand        | 32 | 0        |
| Slovak Republic    | 31 | O        |
| Sweden             | 29 | 0        |
| Norway             | 29 | O        |
| Italy              | 27 | 0        |

| International average     | 27 |                |
|---------------------------|----|----------------|
| Moldova, Rep. of          | 26 | 0              |
| Romania                   | 25 | O              |
| Jordan                    | 21 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Chile                     | 20 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Bahrain                   | 18 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Israel                    | 17 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Cyprus                    | 15 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Egypt                     | 15 | •              |
| Bulgaria                  | 15 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.   | 14 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Macedonia, Republic of    | 14 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Iran, Islamic Republic of | 12 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Indonesia                 | 12 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Tunisia                   | 10 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Serbia and Montenegro     | 10 | $\blacksquare$ |
| Morocco                   | 8  | <b>▼</b>       |
| Lebanon                   | 7  | $\blacksquare$ |
| Botswana                  | 6  | $\blacksquare$ |
| Saudi Arabia              | 4  | $\blacksquare$ |
| South Africa              | 4  | $\blacksquare$ |
| Philippines               | 2  | $\blacksquare$ |
| Ghana                     | 1  | •              |

Country average vs. International average:

Higher △ Not different ○ Lower ▼

## Galapagos Islands: size of seeds each species eats (continued)

Item Number: S032706B

#### **SCORING**

Note: The response to Part B must be consistent with the comparison of beak sizes given in Part A in order to receive credit. Correct responses can refer explicitly to comparisons of the two "species" or more generally to a comparison of "birds" of different sizes within or across species. It is possible that a correct conclusion may be drawn based on an incorrect response to Part A.

#### **Correct Response**

- States that the two species eat the same (similar) types of seeds.
   [Response to A indicates that the two species have the same or similar size beaks.]
- States that Species 2 eats larger seeds than Species 1. [Response to A indicates that Species 2 is larger.]
- States only that birds (finches) with larger beaks eat larger seeds (or similar).
   [No explicit comparison of the two species.]
- Other correct.

#### **Incorrect Response**

- States that the two species eat the same (similar) types of seeds, but this conclusion is inconsistent with the response given in Part A.
- States that one species eats larger seeds than the other, but this conclusion is inconsistent with the response given in Part A.
- · Other incorrect (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible, or off task).

Galapagos Islands: size of seeds each species eats (continued)

Item Number: S032706B

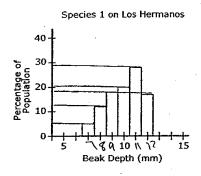
# **Student Responses**

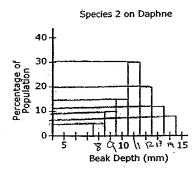
## **Correct Response:**

The Galapagos Islands contain a number of different species of finches (birds) that are thought to have developed from one species. Some species of finches eat certain types of seeds depending on their beak depth. The diagram below shows the head of one species of finch and its beak depth.



Some of the islands have only one species living on them, while other islands have more than one species. Species 1 lives on Los Hermanos Island. Species 2 lives on Daphne Island. The two graphs below show the percentage of the population with different beak depths for each of the two species.





B. A wide variety of seeds exist on the islands, and both Species 1 and Species 2 eat seeds. Based on the beak depths of the two finch species, what would you conclude about the size of seeds that each species eats?

species I would eat the smaller seeds, because they are smaller blods. Species 2 would likely par larger seeds.

Galapagos Islands: size of seeds each species eats (continued)

Item Number: S032706B

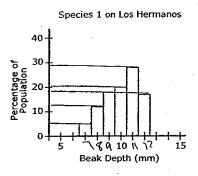
# **Student Responses** (continued)

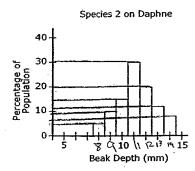
## **Incorrect Response:**

The Galapagos Islands contain a number of different species of finches (birds) that are thought to have developed from one species. Some species of finches eat certain types of seeds depending on their beak depth. The diagram below shows the head of one species of finch and its beak depth.

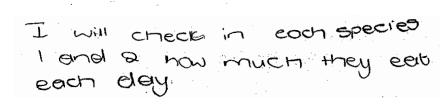


Some of the islands have only one species living on them, while other islands have more than one species. Species 1 lives on Los Hermanos Island. Species 2 lives on Daphne Island. The two graphs below show the percentage of the population with different beak depths for each of the two species.





B. A wide variety of seeds exist on the islands, and both Species 1 and Species 2 eat seeds. Based on the beak depths of the two finch species, what would you conclude about the size of seeds that each species eats?



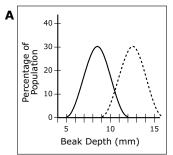
| Content Domain | Main Topic                                  | Cognitive Domain       |
|----------------|---|------------------------|
| LIFE SCIENCE   | Diversity, Adaptation and Natural Selection | Reasoning and Analysis |

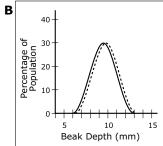
# Galapagos Islands: graphs of beak depths for Species 3 and 4

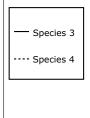
Two other species (Species 3 and Species 4) live on Santa Maria Island, which also has a range of seed types.

Which of the following graphs shows a range of beak depths for Species 3 and Species 4 that would best insure the survival of both species on Santa Maria Island?

(Circle the letter by the correct graph.)







Explain why this range of beak depths would be best.

Item Number: S032707

#### **SCORING**

#### **Correct Response**

Note: For credit, responses must identify A with an explanation based on reduced competition for food as a result of beak size differences. Credit is NOT given for responses that identify A with a minimal explanation that indicates a correct interpretation of the graph but refers only to differences in beak size.

#### **Correct Response**

A with an explanation that relates the difference in beak size to reduced competition (or similar).
 Examples: With the different sized beaks they would not have to share food.

One species will eat the small seeds and one will eat the large seeds.

There would be no competition between the two species if they are different seeds. They each have their own food source.

· Other correct.

#### **Incorrect Response**

A with a minimal explanation that refers only to the difference in beak size. [Does not explicitly
mention competition for seeds or similar.]

Examples: Because they are different sizes.

Because Species 3 has a smaller beak size.

• A with no explanation or an incorrect explanation.

Examples: Because their beaks look sharper.

Because both species have a large beak to the percentage of population. It's like the other graphs.

• **B** with no explanation or an incorrect explanation.

Examples: Bigger beak depths so they could eat more seeds.

Both are nearly equal and are a more normal size.

It's better if they are the same size because they eat the same seeds.

· Other incorrect (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible or off task).

#### **Overall Percent Correct**

| I | Singapore             | 37 | <b>A</b>       |
|---|-----------------------|----|----------------|
| l | Chinese Taipei        | 36 |                |
| l | Korea, Republic of    | 26 |                |
| l | Hong Kong, SAR        | 26 |                |
| l | Scotland              | 26 |                |
| l | Estonia               | 25 |                |
| l | Australia             | 25 |                |
| l | Sweden                | 23 |                |
| l | United States         | 23 |                |
| l | New Zealand           | 22 |                |
| l | Belgium (Flemish)     | 21 |                |
| l | Lithuania             | 21 |                |
| l | England               | 21 |                |
| l | Norway                | 15 |                |
| l | Slovenia              | 14 | 0              |
| l | Japan                 | 13 | 0              |
| l | Slovak Republic       | 12 | 0              |
| l | Latvia                | 12 | 0              |
| l | Italy                 | 11 | 0              |
|   | International average | 11 |                |
| ſ | Russian Federation    | 9  | 0              |
| ١ | Netherlands           | 9  | 0              |
| ١ | Hungary               | 8  | 0              |
| ١ | Israel                | 8  | $\blacksquare$ |
| ١ | Romania               | 8  | 0              |
|   |                       |    |                |

| Netherlands               | 9 | 0   |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Hungary                   | 8 | 0   |
| Israel                    | 8 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Romania                   | 8 | 0   |
| Malaysia                  | 4 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Chile                     | 4 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Serbia and Montenegro     | 4 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.   | 3 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Jordan                    | 3 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Bulgaria                  | 3 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Bahrain                   | 2 | $\blacksquare$  |
| South Africa              | 2 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Egypt                     | 2 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Armenia                   | 2 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Moldova, Rep. of          | 2 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Macedonia, Republic of    | 2 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Indonesia                 | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Philippines               | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Botswana                  | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Iran, Islamic Republic of | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Morocco                   | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Lebanon                   | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Cyprus                    | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Saudi Arabia              | 1 | O V |
| Tunisia                   | 1 | $\blacksquare$  |
| Ghana                     | 1 | •   |
|                           |   |   |

# Country average vs. International average:

| Higher        |   |
|---------------|---|
| Not different | C |
| Lower         | _ |

Galapagos Islands: graphs of beak depths for Species 3 and 4 (continued)

Item Number: S032707

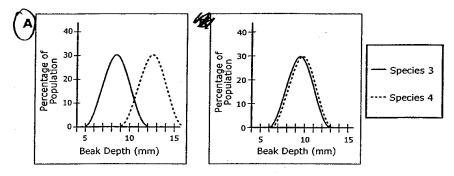
# **Student Responses**

## **Correct Response:**

Two other species (Species 3 and Species 4) live on Santa Maria Island, which also has a range of seed types.

Which of the following graphs shows a range of beak depths for Species 3 and Species 4 that would best insure the survival of both species on Santa Maria Island?

(Circle the letter by the correct graph.)



Explain why this range of beak depths would be best.

It is best if the 2 types of birds eat different sized food so they don't have to fight each other for food and can live in peacetul coexistance and not hill each other affecting for Food

Galapagos Islands: graphs of beak depths for Species 3 and 4 (continued)

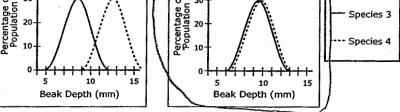
Item Number: S032707

# **Student Responses** (continued)

#### **Incorrect Response:**

Two other species (Species 3 and Species 4) live on Santa Maria Island, which also has a range of seed types.

Which of the following graphs shows a range of beak depths for Species 3 and Species 4 that would best insure the survival of both species on Santa Maria Island?



Explain why this range of beak depths would be best.

They would be good for picking seeds.

| Content Domain | Main Topic | Cognitive Domain         |
|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| LIFE SCIENCE   | Ecosystems | Conceptual Understanding |

# Galapagos Islands: plants/animals inhabited island first

| Which organisms that live on land most likely inhabited the Galapagos Islands first? |
|--|
| (Check one box.)   |
| ☐ Land plants ☐ Land animals   |
| Explain your answer.   |
|  |
|  |

Item Number: S032704

#### **SCORING**

Note: Credit is given for responses that check PLANTS and give an explanation that refers explicitly to **photosynthesis** or plants making their own food as well those that refer only to the survival or mode of transportation of plants/animals. Responses that check ANIMALS may also receive credit with a reasonable explanation based on transportation and the availability of alternative food sources, e.g., fish.

#### **Correct Response**

• **PLANTS** with an explanation based plants being able to make their own food (**photosynthesis**). *Examples: Plants can photosynthesize.* 

Because plant make their own food using light, water and chlorophyll.

• **PLANTS** with an explanation based only on survival OR mode of transportation of plants/animals. [Photosynthesis or making food not explicitly mentioned.]

Examples: They could survive there first because plants only need water and air.

Without plants there would not be animals.

First the plants arrived. Then the animals can come and survive by eating the plants. Seeds could just be carried by the wind. Animals would have to swim a long distance. Seeds from South America blew to the islands.

• **ANIMALS** with a reasonable explanation based on transportation **AND** availability of alternative food sources (may be implicit based on the specific type of animal named).

Examples: Birds could fly over to the island to nest and survive by eating fish from the sea.

Seals can swim there and live on the rocky shore. [Assumes seals eat fish.]

· Other correct.

#### **Incorrect Response**

PLANTS with no explanation or an incorrect explanation. [May include a correct statement that
does not apply to the situation.]

Examples: They just grew from the ground.

Because plants grow faster and live longer.

They are living organisms.

Plants were on Earth before animals.

• ANIMALS with no explanation or an incorrect explanation.

Examples: Birds could just eat the seeds in the ground.

They are everywhere.

There will be a surplus of food.

Animals can move but plants cannot.

Animals migrate.

· Other incorrect (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible or off task).

#### **Overall Percent Correct**

| Estonia  | 62  |   |
|--|---|---|
| Armenia  | 55  |   |
| Singapore  | 49  |   |
| New Zealand  | 49  |   |
| Japan  | 48  |   |
| Latvia   | 48  |   |
| Lithuania  | 48  |   |
| United States  | 48  |   |
| Sweden   | 46  |   |
| Norway   | 44  |   |
| Hungary  | 44  |   |
| Australia  | 44  |   |
| Russian Federation   | 43  |   |
| Belgium (Flemish)  | 42  |   |
| Netherlands  | 42  |   |
| England  | 42  |   |
| Slovak Republic  | 41  |   |
| Korea, Republic of   | 40  |   |
| Hong Kong, SAR   | 40  |   |
| Scotland   | 38  |   |
| Chinese Taipei   | 38  |   |
| Malaysia   | 35  | 0   |
| Slovenia   | 33  | 0   |
| International average  | 31  |   |
|  |   |   |
| Jordan   | 30  | 0   |
|  | 29  | Ο   |
| Jordan<br>Moldova, Rep. of<br>Israel   | 29<br>25  | O<br>▼  |
| Jordan<br>Moldova, Rep. of<br>Israel<br>Chile  | 29<br>25<br>23  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li></ul>   |
| Jordan<br>Moldova, Rep. of<br>Israel<br>Chile<br>Cyprus  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul>   |
| Jordan<br>Moldova, Rep. of<br>Israel<br>Chile<br>Cyprus<br>Romania   | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul>   |
| Jordan<br>Moldova, Rep. of<br>Israel<br>Chile<br>Cyprus<br>Romania<br>Palestinian Nat'l Auth.  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21  | <ul><li>○</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li><li>▼</li></ul>   |
| Jordan<br>Moldova, Rep. of<br>Israel<br>Chile<br>Cyprus<br>Romania<br>Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Italy   | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21  | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li><!--</td--></li></ul> |
| Jordan<br>Moldova, Rep. of<br>Israel<br>Chile<br>Cyprus<br>Romania<br>Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Italy<br>Serbia and Montenegro  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20  | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>  |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of   | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20  | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19  | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18  | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16  | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16                                    | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15                                    | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>  |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14                        | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt Tunisia  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14<br>12                  | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt Tunisia Morocco  | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14<br>12<br>10            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt Tunisia Morocco South Africa                                   | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14<br>12<br>10<br>10<br>9 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt Tunisia Morocco South Africa Botswana                          | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14<br>12<br>10<br>10<br>9<br>7  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt Tunisia Morocco South Africa Botswana Philippines              | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14<br>12<br>10<br>9<br>7<br>6   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt Tunisia Morocco South Africa Botswana Philippines Saudi Arabia | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>22<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14<br>12<br>10<br>9<br>7<br>6   | <ul><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><li></li><!--</td--></ul>   |
| Jordan Moldova, Rep. of Israel Chile Cyprus Romania Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Italy Serbia and Montenegro Macedonia, Republic of Bulgaria Bahrain Lebanon Iran, Islamic Republic of Indonesia Egypt Tunisia Morocco South Africa Botswana Philippines              | 29<br>25<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>21<br>20<br>19<br>18<br>16<br>16<br>15<br>14<br>12<br>10<br>9<br>7<br>6   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |

# Country average vs. International average:

 Galapagos Islands: plants/animals inhabited island first (continued)

Item Number: S032704

# **Student Responses**

## **Correct Response:**

Which organisms that live on land most likely inhabited the Galapagos Islands first?

(Check one box.)

Land plants

Land animals

Explain your answer.

Without land plants the Ewoth would had beable to have land Amimals

## **Incorrect Response:**

| Which organisms that live on land most likely inhab Galapagos Islands first? | ited the |
|--|----------|
| (Check one box.)   |          |
| Land plants  |          |
| Land animals   |          |
| Explain your answer.   |          |
| It does because it gots to the liveling.                                     | ù Sa     |
| to the way.  |          |

| Content Domain | Main Topic | Cognitive Domain         |
|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| LIFE SCIENCE   | Ecosystems | Conceptual Understanding |

# Galapagos Islands: effect of cats

When settlers came to live on the Galapagos Islands, they brought with them a number of new animals such as cats and goats. Write down one effect the introduction of cats and goats could have on the animals and plants already living on the islands.

A. One effect of **cats**:

B. One effect of **goats**:

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#### **SCORING**

#### **Correct Response**

· Refers to cats preying upon other organisms, or similar (resulting in a reduction in population). Examples: They will eat the birds and other animals.

The cats help them by eating the rats and mice.

Their prey could become extinct.

· Other correct.

Examples: They might pass on diseases to other animals.

#### **Incorrect Response**

• Refers **only** to an effect on the cat with no explicit effect on other organisms. Examples: They cannot survive on the island.

Cats might reproduce and get out of control.

· Other incorrect (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible, or off task). Examples: The cats might eat all the plants.

#### **Overall Percent Correct**

| Australia   | 68   |   |
|---|--|---|
| New Zealand   | 66   |   |
| Estonia   | 59   |   |
| Chinese Taipei  | 58   |   |
| Armenia   | 56   |   |
| Singapore   | 54   |   |
| Slovak Republic   | 52   |   |
| Lithuania   | 49   |   |
| Netherlands   | 47   |   |
| Russian Federation  | 46   |   |
| Hungary   | 46   |   |
| Belgium (Flemish)   | 46   |   |
| Latvia  | 45   |   |
| United States   | 45   |   |
| Hong Kong, SAR  | 45   |   |
| England   | 45   | <u> </u>  |
| Romania   | 43   | <u> </u>  |
| Norway  | 42   | 0   |
| Sweden  | 41   | 0   |
| Scotland  | 41   | 0   |
| Korea, Republic of  | 40   | 0   |
| Japan   | 40   | 0   |
| Jordan  | 39   | 0   |
| International average   | 36   |   |
|   |  |   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.   | 36   | 0   |
|   | 36<br>35   | 0<br>0  |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.   |  |   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia   | 35   | 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia<br>Slovenia   | 35<br>33   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia<br>Slovenia<br>Serbia and Montenegro  | 35<br>33<br>33   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia<br>Slovenia<br>Serbia and Montenegro<br>Chile<br>Israel   | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia<br>Slovenia<br>Serbia and Montenegro<br>Chile   | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia<br>Slovenia<br>Serbia and Montenegro<br>Chile<br>Israel<br>Cyprus   | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia<br>Slovenia<br>Serbia and Montenegro<br>Chile<br>Israel<br>Cyprus<br>Egypt  | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth.<br>Malaysia<br>Slovenia<br>Serbia and Montenegro<br>Chile<br>Israel<br>Cyprus<br>Egypt<br>Tunisia   | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria  | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of   | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain   | 35<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy   | 35<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23   | 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of   | 35<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana  | 35<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21   | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana Indonesia  | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>20                             | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana Indonesia Lebanon  | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>20<br>16                       | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana Indonesia Lebanon South Africa   | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>20<br>16                       | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana Indonesia Lebanon South Africa Morocco Saudi Arabia                                    | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>20<br>16<br>14                 | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana Indonesia Lebanon South Africa Morocco Saudi Arabia Macedonia, Republic of             | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>20<br>16<br>14<br>12<br>9      | 0 0   |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana Indonesia Lebanon South Africa Morocco Saudi Arabia                                    | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>20<br>16<br>14<br>12<br>9<br>8 | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
| Palestinian Nat'l Auth. Malaysia Slovenia Serbia and Montenegro Chile Israel Cyprus Egypt Tunisia Bulgaria Moldova, Rep. of Italy Bahrain Iran, Islamic Republic of Botswana Indonesia Lebanon South Africa Morocco Saudi Arabia Macedonia, Republic of Philippines | 35<br>33<br>33<br>30<br>29<br>28<br>27<br>27<br>26<br>26<br>24<br>23<br>22<br>21<br>20<br>16<br>14<br>12<br>9<br>8 | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |

#### Country average vs. International average:

Higher Not different 0 Lower  $\blacksquare$  Galapagos Islands: effect of cats (continued)

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# **Student Responses**

#### **Correct Response:**

When settlers came to live on the Galapagos Islands, they brought with them a number of new animals such as cats and goats. Write down one effect the introduction of cats and goats could have on the animals and plants already living on the islands.

A. One effect of cats:

Cats could a scare away

Some of the smaller animals

**Incorrect Response:** 

When settlers came to live on the Galapagos Islands, they brought with them a number of new animals such as cats and goats. Write down one effect the introduction of cats and goats could have on the animals and plants already living on the islands.

already settled there.

A. One effect of cats: