

Table A-1. Universe of SESTAT: U.S. scientists and engineers, by labor force status and level of highest degree: 1999

Labor force status and S&E indicator	Level of highest degree									
	All degree levels, total		Bachelor's		Master's		Doctorate		Professional	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
S&Es, total	13,050,800	100.0%	7,682,100	58.9%	3,535,900	27.1%	839,000	6.4%	993,800	7.6%
Employed, total	10,981,600	100.0	6,350,100	57.8	2,982,000	27.2	736,700	6.7	912,900	8.3
Employed in S&E occupation	3,540,800	100.0	1,994,400	56.3	1,032,100	29.1	484,100	13.7	30,200	0.9
S&E trained	3,258,900	100.0	1,786,300	54.8	972,700	29.8	474,900	14.6	25,000	0.8
Non-S&E trained	282,000	100.0	208,200	73.8	59,400	21.1	9,200	3.3	5,200	1.8
Employed in Non-S&E occupation	7,440,800	100.0	4,355,700	58.5	1,949,900	26.2	252,600	3.4	882,700	11.9
Unemployed	194,400	100.0	125,800	64.7	53,900	27.7	9,100	4.7	5,600	2.9
Not in labor force	1,874,800	100.0	1,206,200	64.3	500,000	26.7	93,300	5.0	75,300	4.0

NOTES: The term "Scientists and Engineers" (S&Es) includes all persons who have ever received a bachelor's degree or higher in a science or engineering (S&E) field, plus persons holding a non-S&E bachelor's or higher degree who were employed in a S&E occupation during either the 1993, 1995, 1997, or 1999 SESTAT surveys. Figures are rounded to nearest hundred. Details may not add to total because of rounding.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation/Science Resources Statistics Division, 1999 SESTAT (Scientists and Engineers Statistical Data System)