

Law Enforcement, Courts, and Prisons

This section presents data on crimes committed, victims of crimes, arrests, and data related to criminal violations and the criminal justice system. The major sources of these data are the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS), the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts. BJS issues many reports—see our Guide to Sources for a complete listing. The Federal Bureau of Investigation's major annual reports are *Crime in the United States*, annual, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, annual, and *Hate Crimes*, annual, which present data on reported crimes as gathered from state and local law enforcement agencies.

Legal jurisdiction and law enforcement—Law enforcement is, for the most part, a function of state and local officers and agencies. The U.S. Constitution reserves general police powers to the states. By act of Congress, federal offenses include only offenses against the U.S. government and against or by its employees while engaged in their official duties and offenses which involve the crossing of state lines or an interference with interstate commerce. Excluding the military, there are 52 separate criminal law jurisdictions in the United States: one in each of the 50 states, one in the District of Columbia, and the federal jurisdiction. Each of these has its own criminal law and procedure and its own law enforcement agency. While the systems of law enforcement are quite similar among the states, there are often substantial differences in the penalties for like offenses.

Law enforcement can be divided into three parts: Investigation of crimes and arrests of persons suspected of committing them; prosecution of those charged with crime; and the punishment or treatment of persons convicted of crime.

Crime—The U.S. Department of Justice administers two statistical programs to measure the magnitude, nature, and

impact of crime in the nation: the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program and the National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS). Each of these programs produces valuable information about aspects of the nation's crime problem. Because the UCR and NCVS programs are conducted for different purposes, use different methods, and focus on somewhat different aspects of crime, the information they produce together provides a more comprehensive panorama of the nation's crime problem than either could produce alone.

Uniform Crime Reports (UCR)—The FBI's UCR Program, which began in 1929, collects information on the following crimes reported to law enforcement authorities—Part 1 offenses (detail data reported): murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. For Part 2 offenses, law enforcement agencies report only arrest data for 21 additional crime categories. For UCR definitions of criminal offenses (including those listed), please go to: <www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.html>.

The UCR Program compiles data from monthly law enforcement reports or individual crime incident records transmitted directly to the FBI or to centralized state agencies that then report to the FBI. The Program thoroughly examines each report it receives for reasonableness, accuracy, and deviations that may indicate errors. Large variations in crime levels may indicate modified records procedures, incomplete reporting, or changes in a jurisdiction's boundaries. To identify any unusual fluctuations in an agency's crime counts, the Program compares monthly reports to previous submissions of the agency and with those for similar agencies.

The UCR Program presents crime counts for the nation as a whole, as well as for regions, states, counties, cities, towns, tribal law enforcement, and colleges and

universities. This permits studies among neighboring jurisdictions and among those with similar populations and other common characteristics.

The UCR Program annually publishes its findings in a preliminary release in the spring of the following calendar year, followed by a detailed annual report, *Crime in the United States*, issued in the fall. In addition to crime counts and trends, this report includes data on crimes cleared, persons arrested (age, sex, and race), law enforcement personnel (including the number of sworn officers killed or assaulted), and the characteristics of homicides (including age, sex, and race of victims and offenders; victim-offender relationships; weapons used; and circumstances surrounding the homicides). Other periodic reports are also available from the UCR Program.

National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS)—The 2006 national crime victimization estimates are not comparable to previous years because of changes in methodology. The methodological changes included: a new sample, a change in the method of handling first-time interviews with households, and a change in the method of interviewing. For more information on methodology, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv06.htm>>.

A second perspective on crime is provided by this survey of the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). The NCVS is an annual data collection (interviews of persons age 12 or older), conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the BJS. As an ongoing survey of households, the NCVS measures crimes of violence and theft both reported and not reported to police. It produces national rates and levels of personal and property victimization. No attempt is made to validate the information against police records or any other source.

The NCVS measures rape/sexual assault, robbery, assault, pocket-picking, purse snatching, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. The NCVS includes crimes reported to the police, as well as those not reported.

Murder and kidnapping are not covered. The so-called victimless crimes, such as drunkenness, drug abuse, and prostitution, also are excluded, as are crimes for which it is difficult to identify knowledgeable respondents or to locate data records.

Crimes of which the victim may not be aware also cannot be measured effectively. Buying stolen property may fall into this category, as may some instances of embezzlement. Attempted crimes of many types probably are under recorded for this reason. Events in which the victim has shown a willingness to participate in illegal activity also are excluded.

In any encounter involving a personal crime, more than one criminal act can be committed against an individual. For example, a rape may be associated with a robbery, or a household offense, such as a burglary, can escalate into something more serious in the event of a personal confrontation. In classifying the survey-measured crimes, each criminal incident has been counted only once—by the most serious act that took place during the incident and ranked in accordance with the seriousness classification system used by the FBI. The order of seriousness for crimes against persons is as follows: rape, robbery, assault, and larceny. Personal crimes take precedence over household offenses.

A *victimization*, basic measure of the occurrence of crime, is a specific criminal act as it affects a single victim. The number of victimizations is determined by the number of victims of such acts. Victimization counts serve as key elements in computing rates of victimization. For crimes against persons, the rates are based on the total number of individuals age 12 and over or on a portion of that population sharing a particular characteristic or set of traits. As general indicators of the danger of having been victimized during the reference period, the rates are not sufficiently refined to represent true measures of risk for specific individuals or households.

An *incident* is a specific criminal act involving one or more victims; therefore the number of incidents of personal crimes is lower than that of victimizations.

Courts—Statistics on criminal offenses and the outcome of prosecutions are incomplete for the country as a whole, although data are available for many states individually.

Since 1982, through its National Judicial Reporting Program, the BJS has surveyed a nationally representative sample of 300 counties every 2 years and collected detailed information on demographic characteristics of felons, conviction offenses, type of sentences, sentence lengths, and time from arrest to conviction and sentencing.

The bulk of civil and criminal litigation in the country is commenced and determined in the various state courts. Only when the U.S. Constitution and acts of Congress specifically confer jurisdiction upon the federal courts may civil or criminal litigation be heard and decided by them. Generally, the federal courts have jurisdiction over the following types of cases: suits or proceedings by or against the United States; civil actions between private parties arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; civil actions between private litigants who are citizens of different states; civil cases involving admiralty, maritime, or private jurisdiction; and all matters in bankruptcy.

There are several types of courts with varying degrees of legal jurisdiction. These jurisdictions include original, appellate, general, and limited or special. A court of original jurisdiction is one having the authority initially to try a case and pass judgment on the law and the facts; a court of appellate jurisdiction is one with the legal authority to review cases and hear appeals; a court of general jurisdiction is a trial court of unlimited original jurisdiction in civil and/or criminal cases, also called a "major trial court"; a court of limited or special jurisdiction is a trial court with legal authority over only a particular class of cases, such as probate, juvenile, or traffic cases.

The 94 federal courts of original jurisdiction are known as the U.S. district courts. One or more of these courts is established in every state and one each in the

District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam. Appeals from the district courts are taken to intermediate appellate courts of which there are 13, known as U.S. courts of appeals and the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. The Supreme Court of the United States is the final and highest appellate court in the federal system of courts.

Juvenile offenders—For statistical purposes, the FBI and most states classify as juvenile offenders persons under the age of 18 years who have committed a crime or crimes.

Delinquency cases are all cases of youths referred to a juvenile court for violation of a law or ordinance or for seriously "anti-social" conduct. Several types of facilities are available for those adjudicated delinquents, ranging from the short-term physically unrestricted environment to the long-term very restrictive atmosphere.

Prisoners and jail inmates—BJS started to collect annual data in 1979 on prisoners in federal and state prisons and reformatories. Adults convicted of criminal activity may be given a prison or jail sentence. A *prison* is a confinement facility having custodial authority over adults sentenced to confinement of more than 1 year. A *jail* is a facility, usually operated by a local law enforcement agency, holding persons detained pending adjudication and/or persons committed after adjudication to 1 year or less.

Data on inmates in local jails were collected by the BJS for the first time in 1970. Since then, BJS has conducted censuses of facilities and inmates every 5 to 6 years. In 1984, BJS initiated an annual survey of jails conducted in noncensus years.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation and sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability pertaining to the National Crime Victimization Survey and Uniform Crime Reporting Program, see Appendix III.

Table 295. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type of Offense: 1980 to 2006

[1,345 represents 1,345,000]. Data include offenses actually reported to law enforcement and also offense estimations for nonreporting and partially reporting agencies within each state. Rates are based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1; 1980, 1990, and 2000, enumerated as of April 1. See source for details. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Item and year	Violent crime					Property crime			
	Total	Murder ¹	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny/theft	Motor vehicle theft
Number of offenses (1,000):									
1980	1,345	23	83	566	673	12,064	3,795	7,137	1,132
1985	1,328	19	88	498	723	11,103	3,073	6,926	1,103
1990	1,820	23	103	639	1,055	12,655	3,074	7,946	1,636
1992	1,932	24	109	672	1,127	12,506	2,980	7,915	1,611
1993	1,926	25	106	660	1,136	12,219	2,835	7,821	1,563
1994	1,858	23	102	619	1,113	12,132	2,713	7,880	1,539
1995	1,799	22	97	581	1,099	12,064	2,594	7,998	1,472
1996	1,689	20	96	536	1,037	11,805	2,506	7,905	1,394
1997	1,636	18	96	499	1,023	11,558	2,461	7,744	1,354
1998	1,534	17	93	447	977	10,952	2,333	7,376	1,243
1999	1,426	16	89	409	912	10,208	2,101	6,956	1,152
2000	1,425	16	90	408	912	10,183	2,051	6,972	1,160
2001 ²	1,439	16	91	424	909	10,437	2,117	7,092	1,228
2002	1,424	16	95	421	891	10,455	2,151	7,057	1,247
2003	1,384	17	94	414	859	10,443	2,155	7,027	1,261
2004	1,360	16	95	401	847	10,319	2,144	6,937	1,238
2005	1,391	17	94	417	862	10,175	2,155	6,783	1,236
2006	1,418	17	92	447	861	9,984	2,184	6,607	1,193
Rate per 100,000 population:									
1980	597	10	37	251	299	5,353	1,684	3,167	502
1985	558	8	37	209	304	4,666	1,292	2,911	464
1990	730	9	41	256	423	5,073	1,232	3,185	656
1992	758	9	43	264	442	4,904	1,168	3,104	632
1993	747	10	41	256	441	4,740	1,100	3,034	606
1994	714	9	39	238	428	4,660	1,042	3,027	591
1995	685	8	37	221	418	4,591	987	3,043	560
1996	637	7	36	202	391	4,451	945	2,980	526
1997	611	7	36	186	382	4,316	919	2,892	506
1998	568	6	35	166	361	4,053	863	2,730	460
1999	523	6	33	150	334	3,744	770	2,551	423
2000	507	6	32	145	324	3,618	729	2,477	412
2001 ²	505	6	32	149	319	3,658	742	2,486	431
2002	494	6	33	146	310	3,631	747	2,451	433
2003	476	6	32	143	295	3,591	741	2,417	434
2004	463	6	32	137	289	3,514	730	2,362	422
2005	469	6	32	141	291	3,432	727	2,288	417
2006	474	6	31	149	288	3,335	729	2,207	398

¹ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ² The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, were not included in this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/index.html>>.

Table 296. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type and Area: 2006

[In thousands (1,418 represents 1,418,000), except rate. Rate per 100,000 population; based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. See headnote, Table 295. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Type of crime	United States		Metropolitan statistical areas ¹		Cities outside metropolitan areas		Nonmetropolitan counties	
	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate
Violent crime	1,418	474	1,280	515	77	382	61	199
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	17	6	15	6	1	3	1	3
Forcible rape	92	31	77	31	8	39	7	24
Robbery	447	149	430	173	12	62	5	16
Aggravated assault	861	288	757	304	56	278	48	156
Property crime	9,984	3,335	8,707	3,500	771	3,849	506	1,654
Burglary	2,184	729	1,862	749	160	798	162	528
Larceny-theft	6,607	2,207	5,730	2,303	574	2,865	303	992
Motor vehicle theft	1,193	398	1,115	448	37	187	41	133

¹ For definition, see Appendix II.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. *Crime in the United States*, annual. See <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/index.html>>.

Table 297. Crime Rates by State, 2005 and 2006, and by Type, 2006

[Rates per 100,000 population. Data include offenses actually reported to law enforcement and also offense estimations for nonreporting and partially reporting agencies within each state. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.htm>]

State	Violent crime						Property crime				
	2005, total	2006					2005, total	2006			
		Total	Mur-der ¹	Forc-ible rape	Rob-bery	Aggra-vated assault		Total	Bur-glary	Lar-ceny/ theft	Motor vehicle theft
United States . . .	469	474	5.7	31	149	288	3,432	3,335	729	2,207	398
Alabama	433	425	8.3	36	154	228	3,900	3,936	969	2,644	323
Alaska	632	688	5.4	76	90	516	3,615	3,605	617	2,610	377
Arizona	512	501	7.5	32	150	313	4,827	4,628	925	2,813	890
Arkansas	529	552	7.3	47	98	399	4,068	3,968	1,140	2,562	266
California	526	533	6.8	25	195	306	3,321	3,171	676	1,829	666
Colorado	397	392	3.3	44	81	264	4,041	3,451	682	2,332	438
Connecticut	273	281	3.1	18	121	139	2,579	2,504	419	1,788	296
Delaware	633	682	4.9	47	203	427	3,118	3,418	725	2,363	330
District of Columbia ²	1,380	1,508	29.1	32	658	789	4,490	4,654	660	2,735	1,259
Florida	709	712	6.2	36	189	481	4,013	3,986	945	2,619	423
Georgia	446	471	6.4	23	166	276	4,145	3,889	909	2,519	461
Hawaii	256	281	1.6	28	89	163	4,800	4,230	678	2,949	604
Idaho	257	247	2.5	40	21	184	2,697	2,419	513	1,740	166
Illinois	552	542	6.1	32	185	318	3,092	3,020	602	2,124	293
Indiana	324	315	5.8	29	115	165	3,460	3,502	731	2,425	346
Iowa	293	284	1.8	28	44	210	2,845	2,803	604	2,031	168
Kansas	389	425	4.6	45	68	308	3,806	3,750	723	2,712	315
Kentucky	220	263	4.0	31	86	142	2,531	2,545	645	1,680	220
Louisiana	597	698	12.4	36	134	515	3,696	3,994	1,049	2,580	365
Maine	113	116	1.7	26	29	59	2,419	2,519	513	1,904	101
Maryland	704	679	9.7	21	256	392	3,551	3,481	667	2,270	544
Massachusetts	461	447	2.9	27	125	292	2,358	2,391	547	1,565	279
Michigan	554	562	7.1	52	141	362	3,098	3,213	754	1,964	495
Minnesota	297	312	2.4	32	105	173	3,088	3,080	584	2,237	259
Mississippi	280	299	7.7	34	107	150	3,274	3,209	936	1,986	287
Missouri	526	546	6.3	30	130	379	3,929	3,827	764	2,627	435
Montana	282	254	1.8	29	17	206	3,146	2,688	311	2,192	185
Nebraska	287	282	2.8	31	64	184	3,432	3,341	535	2,521	285
Nevada	608	742	9.0	43	282	408	4,246	4,089	995	2,014	1,080
New Hampshire	135	139	1.0	26	32	79	1,839	1,874	331	1,435	108
New Jersey	355	352	4.9	14	153	179	2,337	2,292	452	1,557	283
New Mexico	646	643	6.8	56	108	473	4,132	3,937	1,070	2,396	472
New York	444	435	4.8	16	179	235	2,102	2,053	355	1,531	166
North Carolina	469	476	6.1	28	152	289	4,080	4,121	1,213	2,568	340
North Dakota	111	128	1.3	30	11	85	2,025	2,000	376	1,465	159
Ohio	350	350	4.7	40	167	139	3,668	3,679	910	2,443	326
Oklahoma	509	497	5.8	42	88	363	4,047	3,604	961	2,271	373
Oregon	287	280	2.3	32	73	173	4,402	3,672	645	2,636	391
Pennsylvania	425	439	5.9	27	169	238	2,422	2,444	463	1,743	237
Rhode Island	252	228	2.6	27	69	129	2,728	2,587	507	1,744	336
South Carolina	767	766	8.3	41	137	580	4,370	4,242	990	2,873	380
South Dakota	179	171	1.2	43	15	112	1,767	1,620	339	1,189	92
Tennessee	757	760	6.8	36	184	534	4,300	4,128	1,041	2,713	374
Texas	528	516	5.9	36	159	316	4,319	4,082	917	2,758	406
Utah	225	224	1.8	34	49	140	3,837	3,516	577	2,615	325
Vermont	126	137	1.9	24	18	93	2,370	2,305	529	1,682	94
Virginia	283	282	5.2	23	101	152	2,649	2,478	418	1,867	194
Washington	346	346	3.0	43	100	200	4,890	4,480	912	2,851	718
West Virginia	274	280	4.1	21	47	207	2,633	2,622	634	1,772	216
Wisconsin	242	284	3.0	20	100	161	2,669	2,818	486	2,080	253
Wyoming	230	240	1.7	27	14	197	3,158	2,981	451	2,379	151

¹ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ² Includes offenses reported by the Zoological Police and the Metro Transit Police. ³ Limited data for 2005 and 2006 were available for Illinois. ⁴ The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the Illinois state (with the exception of Rockford, Illinois) and the Minnesota state (2006 data only) Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Programs do not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape were estimated for inclusion in this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. *Crime in the United States*, annual. See <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/index.html>>.

Table 298. Crime Rates by Type—Selected Large Cities: 2006

[Offenses known to the police per 100,000 population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population. For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.htm>]

City ranked by population size, 2006	Violent crime					Property crime			
	Total	Murder	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
New York, NY	638	7.3	13.1	288	330	1,879	271	1,413	195
Los Angeles, CA	787	12.4	27.3	370	377	2,718	525	1,539	654
Chicago, IL	(¹)	16.4	(¹)	555	610	4,539	845	2,930	764
Houston, TX	1,169	18.2	41.2	548	562	5,837	1,296	3,525	1,017
Phoenix, AZ	738	15.4	36.2	288	398	5,934	1,064	3,283	1,587
Philadelphia, PA	1,562	27.7	65.5	749	720	4,275	788	2,691	796
Las Vegas MPD, NV	983	11.6	54.6	409	508	4,667	1,134	2,038	1,496
San Antonio, TX	617	9.2	39.8	180	389	6,085	1,132	4,441	512
San Diego, CA	504	5.4	27.5	171	301	3,569	611	1,904	1,053
Dallas, TX	1,206	15.0	53.3	554	584	6,857	1,735	4,006	1,116
San Jose, CA	387	3.2	23.6	112	248	2,633	480	1,377	776
Honolulu, HI	301	1.9	25.1	105	169	4,197	601	2,908	689
Detroit, MI	2,419	47.3	67.0	819	1,486	7,048	2,050	2,407	2,591
Indianapolis, IN	960	17.5	68.5	406	468	6,192	1,465	3,612	1,116
Jacksonville, FL	837	13.8	27.4	290	507	5,416	1,208	3,665	543
San Francisco, CA	876	11.5	20.6	517	326	4,958	867	3,202	889
Columbus, OH	813	14.2	80.1	498	220	7,122	2,025	4,221	875
Austin, TX	515	2.8	44.9	191	276	5,857	1,052	4,447	358
Charlotte-Mecklenburg PD, NC	1,077	11.9	49.5	459	557	6,990	1,942	4,025	1,022
Memphis, TN	1,989	21.6	62.4	780	1,125	8,358	2,416	4,955	987
Fort Worth, TX	656	7.6	38.5	221	389	5,683	1,402	3,760	522
Baltimore, MD	1,696	43.3	21.6	663	968	5,070	1,193	2,894	982
Louisville Metro, KY	613	8.0	28.0	278	299	4,654	1,212	2,852	590
El Paso, TX ²	392	2.1	47.3	82	261	3,343	359	2,412	572
Seattle, WA	711	5.1	22.1	286	398	6,772	1,286	4,091	1,396
Washington, DC	1,446	29.1	31.3	620	766	4,474	658	2,602	1,214
Milwaukee, WI	1,325	17.7	19.3	621	667	6,580	973	4,190	1,418
Denver, CO	761	9.0	60.2	225	467	4,621	1,151	2,353	1,117
Boston, MA	1,339	13.3	48.9	480	797	4,462	733	3,004	725
Nashville, TN	1,527	14.3	57.1	432	1,024	5,817	1,136	4,143	539
Portland, OR	714	3.7	54.0	239	417	5,901	1,012	4,064	826
Oklahoma City, OK	802	10.3	61.0	220	511	6,398	1,736	3,763	899
Tucson, AZ	856	9.5	54.9	313	478	(³)	(³)	(³)	1,378
Albuquerque, NM	908	6.8	57.1	234	611	6,339	1,268	3,970	1,101
Atlanta, GA	1,554	22.6	35.2	609	887	6,635	1,523	3,901	1,210
Long Beach, CA	715	8.6	28.0	301	377	2,672	605	1,380	687
Fresno, CA	757	11.2	28.6	276	442	5,031	938	3,030	1,063
Sacramento, CA	1,206	12.4	42.6	475	676	5,670	1,341	2,771	1,558
Mesa, AZ	436	5.7	44.2	111	275	4,634	714	3,125	795
Cleveland, OH	1,547	16.6	98.3	947	485	6,233	2,131	2,658	1,443
Kansas City, MO ²	1,444	25.0	71.6	456	891	6,939	1,651	4,057	1,230
Virginia Beach, VA	284	4.3	26.0	153	100	2,903	463	2,306	134
New Orleans, LA	523	37.6	20.2	177	289	2,825	948	1,213	664
Omaha, NE	601	7.9	44.9	203	345	5,228	761	3,640	826
Oakland, CA	1,905	36.4	76.7	886	906	6,104	1,271	2,188	2,645
Miami, FL	1,509	19.6	25.7	537	927	5,163	1,130	3,046	987
Tulsa, OK	1,248	13.7	74.9	258	901	6,223	1,637	3,764	822
Colorado Springs, CO	569	4.0	66.6	162	336	4,797	888	3,434	475
Minneapolis, MN	(¹)	15.2	(¹)	807	756	6,011	1,552	3,493	966
Arlington, TX	731	3.8	51.5	239	437	5,271	1,083	3,727	461
Wichita, KS	929	7.3	67.2	146	709	5,474	1,063	3,858	553
Raleigh, NC	638	5.5	27.8	224	380	3,631	855	2,488	289
St. Louis, MO	2,481	37.2	97.2	907	1,439	11,748	2,453	6,802	2,492
Santa Ana, CA	582	7.6	21.3	229	324	2,513	313	1,443	757
Anaheim, CA	455	3.0	32.0	174	246	2,634	563	1,576	494
Tampa, FL	1,158	7.5	40.1	365	745	5,668	1,343	3,394	931
Pittsburgh, PA	1,070	17.3	31.4	530	491	4,694	1,144	2,975	575
Cincinnati, OH	1,218	28.8	94.1	757	339	7,152	1,944	4,375	833
Aurora, CO	613	5.6	71.7	198	338	4,228	816	2,738	675
Toledo, OH	1,147	11.6	56.0	414	666	7,529	2,292	4,389	848
Bakersfield, CA	528	8.0	14.4	184	322	5,337	1,251	3,227	859
Riverside, CA	688	3.8	28.4	278	378	4,191	810	2,552	828
Corpus Christi, TX	710	7.2	57.3	161	485	6,565	1,031	5,235	299
Stockton, CA	1,481	12.8	35.2	525	908	6,811	1,325	4,215	1,271
Newark, NJ	1,011	37.4	31.0	459	484	4,079	706	1,558	1,815
Buffalo, NY	1,411	26.4	62.0	609	713	5,503	1,585	3,160	758
Anchorage, AK	933	6.1	89.3	167	671	4,221	624	3,076	520
St. Paul, MN	(¹)	6.1	(¹)	307	507	4,369	1,209	2,389	772
Lexington, KY ²	634	3.3	47.1	187	396	3,863	808	2,794	260
Plano, TX	289	1.6	16.3	60	211	3,351	542	2,583	226
St. Petersburg, FL	1,482	8.3	44.2	407	1,022	6,479	1,368	4,020	1,090
Mobile, AL ⁴	467	13.6	33.2	274	146	6,336	1,464	4,340	532

¹ The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the Illinois (with the exception of Rockford, Illinois) and the Minnesota state UCR Programs does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is a part) are not published in this table. ² Because of changes in the state/local agency's reporting practices, figures are not comparable to previous years' data. ³ It was determined that the agency did not follow national Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program guidelines for reporting an offense. Consequently, this figure is not included in this table. ⁴ The population for the city of Mobile, Alabama, includes 56,876 inhabitants from the jurisdiction of the Mobile County Sheriff's Department.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/data/table08.html>>.

Table 299. Murder Victims—Circumstances and Weapons Used or Cause of Death: 2000 to 2006

[The Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program defines murder and nonnegligent manslaughter as the willful nonnegligent killing of one human being by another. The classification of this offense is based solely on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury, other judicial body. For more information on murder, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/offenses/violent_crime/murder_homicide.html>]

Characteristic	2000	2004	2005	2006	Characteristic	2000	2004	2005	2006
Murders, total . . .	13,230	14,210	14,965	14,990	Unknown	4,070	4,984	5,635	5,223
CIRCUMSTANCE ¹					TYPE OF WEAPON OR CAUSE OF DEATH ²				
Felonies, total	2,229	2,099	2,189	2,436	Total firearms	8,661	9,385	10,158	10,177
Rape	58	37	45	32	Handguns	6,778	7,286	7,565	7,795
Robbery	1,077	993	930	1,041	Rifles	411	403	445	436
Burglary	76	78	91	79	Shotguns	485	507	522	481
Narcotics	589	558	597	796	Other not specified	987	1,189	1,626	1,465
Other not specified	429	433	526	488	Knives or cutting instruments ³	1,782	1,866	1,920	1,822
Suspected felony type	60	119	45	58	Blunt objects ³	617	667	608	607
Other than felony type total	6,871	7,008	7,096	7,273	Personal weapons ⁴	927	943	905	833
Romantic triangle	122	97	118	103	Fire	134	118	125	115
Brawl due to influence of alcohol	188	140	123	107	Strangulations	166	156	118	135
Gangland killings	65	95	96	118	Asphyxiations	92	109	96	107
Juvenile gang killings	653	805	756	865	All other ⁵	851	966	1,035	1,194
Other not specified	5,637	5,650	5,793	5,882					

¹ Other types of circumstances not shown separately. ² Other types of weapons or causes of deaths not shown separately. ³ Refers to club, hammer, etc. ⁴ Hands, fists, feet, etc. ⁵ Includes poison, drowning, explosives, narcotics, and unknown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/index.html>>.

Table 300. Murder Victims by Age, Sex, and Race: 2006

[See headnote, Table 299]

Age	Total	Sex			Race			
		Male	Female	Unknown	White	Black	Other	Unknown
Murders, total	14,990	11,793	3,156	41	6,956	7,421	406	207
Percent of total	100.0	78.7	21.1	0.3	46.4	49.5	2.7	1.4
Under 18 years old ¹	1,539	1,125	413	1	747	734	40	18
18 years old and over	13,174	10,485	2,676	13	6,098	6,587	361	128
Infant (under 1 year old)	203	121	82	—	141	51	3	8
1 to 4 years old	299	174	125	—	141	145	9	4
5 to 8 years old	95	46	48	1	61	29	4	1
9 to 12 years old	83	55	28	—	46	31	6	—
13 to 16 years old	485	395	90	—	217	259	8	1
17 to 19 years old	1,485	1,308	175	2	563	860	50	12
20 to 24 years old	2,831	2,454	375	2	1,077	1,653	70	31
25 to 29 years old	2,273	1,916	356	1	913	1,304	41	15
30 to 34 years old	1,549	1,304	243	2	628	863	40	18
35 to 39 years old	1,250	939	310	1	615	587	36	12
40 to 44 years old	1,123	800	323	—	595	493	28	7
45 to 49 years old	985	721	261	3	540	393	40	12
50 to 54 years old	727	517	208	2	420	270	28	9
55 to 59 years old	455	325	130	—	276	157	15	7
60 to 64 years old	316	230	86	—	214	87	12	3
65 to 69 years old	147	94	53	—	94	48	4	1
70 to 74 years old	144	89	55	—	101	39	3	1
75 years old and over	263	122	141	—	203	52	4	4
Age unknown	277	183	67	27	111	100	5	61

— Represents zero. ¹ Does not include unknown ages.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. *Crime in the United States*, annual. See <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/index.html>>.

Table 301. Homicide Trends: 1980 to 2005

[Not all agencies which report offense information to the FBI also submit supplemental data on homicides. To account for the total number of homicide victims, the data was weighted to match national and state estimates prepared by the FBI; hence, detail may not equal total. For more information on the methodology, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm#contents>>]

Year	Number of victims						Rate ¹					
	Total	Male	Female	White	Black	Other	Total	Male	Female	White	Black	Other
1980	23,040	17,788	5,232	12,275	9,767	327	10.2	16.2	4.5	6.3	37.7	5.7
1985	18,976	14,079	4,880	10,590	7,891	399	8.0	12.2	4.0	5.2	27.6	5.5
1990	23,438	18,304	5,115	11,279	11,488	400	9.4	15.0	4.0	5.4	37.6	4.2
1993	24,526	18,937	5,550	11,278	12,435	601	9.5	15.0	4.2	5.3	38.7	5.5
1994	23,326	18,294	5,007	10,773	11,856	526	9.0	14.4	3.8	5.0	36.4	4.6
1995	21,606	16,552	5,022	10,376	10,444	581	8.2	12.9	3.7	4.8	31.6	4.9
1996	19,645	15,153	4,469	9,483	9,476	512	7.4	11.7	3.3	4.3	28.3	4.1
1997	18,208	14,057	4,125	8,620	8,842	524	6.8	10.7	3.0	3.9	26.0	4.1
1998	16,974	12,753	4,139	8,389	7,931	393	6.3	9.7	3.0	3.8	23.0	2.9
1999	15,522	11,704	3,800	7,777	7,139	458	5.7	8.8	2.7	3.5	20.5	3.3
2000	15,586	11,818	3,733	7,560	7,425	399	5.5	8.6	2.6	3.3	20.5	2.7
2001	16,037	12,232	3,775	7,884	7,522	424	5.6	8.8	2.6	3.4	20.4	2.8
2002	16,204	12,410	3,764	7,784	7,758	437	5.6	8.8	2.6	3.3	20.8	2.7
2003	16,582	12,804	3,693	7,932	7,893	468	5.7	9.0	2.5	3.4	20.9	2.8
2004	16,137	12,556	3,543	7,944	7,562	417	5.5	8.7	2.4	3.3	19.7	2.4
2005	16,692	13,122	3,545	8,017	7,999	437	5.5	9.0	2.3	3.3	20.6	2.5

¹ Rate is per 100,000 inhabitants.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Homicide Trends in the United States, 1976-2005* See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm#contents>>.

Table 302. Homicide Victims by Race and Sex: 1980 to 2005

[Rates per 100,000 resident population in specified group. Excludes deaths to nonresidents of United States. Effective with data for 1999, causes of death are classified by The Tenth Revision International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10), replacing the Ninth Revision (ICD-9) used for 1979-98 data. In ICD-9, the category Homicide also includes death as a result of legal intervention. ICD-10 has two separate category categories for these two causes of death. Some caution should be used in comparing data between 1998 and 1999. see text, Section 2]

Year	Homicide victims						Homicide rate ²					
	Total ¹	White		Black		Total ¹	White		Black			
		Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female		
1980	24,278	10,381	3,177	8,385	1,898	10.7	10.9	3.2	66.6	13.5		
1985	19,893	8,122	3,041	6,616	1,666	8.3	8.2	2.9	48.4	11.0		
1990	24,932	9,147	3,006	9,981	2,163	10.0	9.0	2.8	69.2	13.5		
1993	26,009	9,054	3,232	10,640	2,297	10.1	8.6	3.0	69.7	13.6		
1994	24,926	9,055	2,921	10,083	2,124	9.6	8.5	2.6	65.1	12.4		
1995	22,895	8,336	3,028	8,847	1,936	8.7	7.8	2.7	56.3	11.1		
1996	20,971	7,570	2,747	8,183	1,800	7.9	7.0	2.5	51.5	10.2		
1997	19,846	7,343	2,570	7,601	1,652	7.4	6.7	2.3	47.1	9.3		
1998	18,272	6,707	2,534	6,873	1,547	6.8	6.1	2.2	42.1	8.6		
1999	16,889	6,162	2,466	6,214	1,434	6.2	5.6	2.2	37.5	7.8		
2000	16,765	5,925	2,414	6,482	1,385	6.1	5.3	2.1	38.6	7.5		
2001	20,308	8,254	3,074	6,780	1,446	7.1	7.2	2.6	38.3	7.4		
2002	17,638	6,282	2,403	6,896	1,391	6.1	5.4	2.0	38.4	7.0		
2003	17,732	6,337	2,372	7,083	1,309	6.1	5.4	2.0	38.9	6.6		
2004	17,357	6,302	2,341	6,839	1,296	5.9	5.3	1.9	37.1	6.4		
2005	18,124	6,457	2,313	7,412	1,257	6.1	5.4	1.9	39.7	6.2		

¹ Includes races not shown separately. ² Rate based on enumerated population figures as of April 1 for 1980, 1990, and 2000; estimated resident population as of July 1 for other years.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital Statistics of the United States*, annual; and *National Vital Statistics Reports (NVSR)* (formerly *Monthly Vital Statistics Report*); and unpublished data.

Table 303. Forcible Rape—Number and Rate: 1980 to 2006

[For definition of rape, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
NUMBER										
Total	82,990	102,560	97,460	90,186	90,863	95,235	93,883	95,089	94,347	92,455
By force	63,599	86,541	85,249	81,111	82,004	86,655	85,837	87,953	86,231	84,042
Attempt	19,391	16,019	12,211	9,075	8,859	8,580	8,046	7,856	7,703	8,413
RATE										
Per 100,000 population	36.8	41.1	37.1	32.0	31.8	33.1	32.3	32.4	31.8	30.9
Per 100,000 females	71.6	80.5	72.5	62.7	62.6	65.0	63.5	63.8	62.5	60.9

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Population-at-Risk Rates and Selected Crime Indicators*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/offenses/violent_crime/forcible_rape.html>.

Table 304. Criminal Victimization and Victimization Rates: 1995 to 2006

[(39,926 represents 39,926,000). Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section and Appendix III. **The 2006 national crime victimization estimates are not comparable to previous years because of changes in methodology.** For more information on these changes, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cv06.pdf>>. For definitions of crimes, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cvus/definitions.htm>>]

Type of crime	Number of victimizations (1,000)				Victimization rates ¹			
	1995	2000	2005	2006	1995	2000	2005	2006
All crimes, total	39,926	25,893	23,441	25,183	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Personal crimes ²	10,436	6,597	5,401	6,268	46.2	29.1	22.1	25.4
Crimes of violence	10,022	6,323	5,174	6,094	44.5	27.9	21.2	24.7
Completed violence	2,960	2,044	1,659	2,019	12.9	9.0	6.8	8.2
Attempted/threatened violence	7,061	4,279	3,515	4,075	31.6	18.9	14.4	16.5
Rape/sexual assault	363	261	192	261	1.6	1.2	0.8	1.1
Rape/attempted rape	252	147	130	192	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.8
Rape	153	92	69	117	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.5
Attempted rape	99	55	61	76	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3
Sexual assault	112	114	62	69	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3
Robbery	1,171	732	625	713	5.3	3.2	2.6	2.9
Completed/property taken	753	520	415	482	3.5	2.3	1.7	2.0
With injury	224	160	143	208	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.8
Without injury	529	360	272	274	2.4	1.6	1.1	1.1
Attempted to take property	418	212	210	230	1.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
With injury	84	66	64	43	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
Without injury	335	146	145	187	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.8
Assault	8,487	5,330	4,357	5,121	37.6	23.5	17.8	20.7
Aggravated	2,050	1,293	1,052	1,344	8.8	5.7	4.3	5.4
With injury	533	346	331	467	2.4	1.5	1.4	1.9
Threatened with weapon	1,517	946	722	878	6.4	4.2	3.0	3.5
Simple	6,437	4,038	3,305	3,777	28.9	17.8	13.5	15.3
With minor injury	1,426	989	795	901	6.0	4.4	3.3	3.6
Without injury	5,012	3,048	2,510	2,876	22.9	13.4	10.3	11.6
Personal theft ³	414	274	227	173	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
Property crimes	29,490	19,297	18,040	18,916	279.5	178.1	154.0	160.5
Household burglary	5,004	3,444	3,456	3,561	47.4	31.8	29.5	30.2
Completed	4,232	2,909	2,900	2,848	40.0	26.9	24.8	24.2
Attempted forcible entry	773	534	556	713	7.4	4.9	4.7	6.0
Motor vehicle theft	1,717	937	978	992	16.2	8.6	8.4	8.4
Completed	1,163	642	775	792	10.8	5.9	6.6	6.7
Attempted	554	295	203	200	5.5	2.7	1.7	1.7
Theft	22,769	14,916	13,606	14,363	215.9	137.7	116.2	121.9
Completed ⁴	21,857	14,300	13,116	13,791	207.6	132.0	112.0	117.0
Attempted	911	616	489	572	8.4	5.7	4.2	4.8

X Not applicable. ¹ Per 1,000 persons age 12 or older or per 1,000 households. ² The victimization survey cannot measure murder because of the inability to question the victim. ³ Includes pocket picking, purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching. ⁴ Includes thefts in which the amount taken was not ascertained.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-219413, December 2007. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv06.htm>>.

Table 305. Victimization Rates by Type of Crime and Characteristic of the Victim: 2006

[Rate per 1,000 persons age 12 years or older. See head note, Table 304]

Characteristic of the victim	Crimes of violence							Purse snatching/pocket picking ¹
	All crimes	Crimes of violence			Assault			
		Total	Rape/sexual assault	Robbery	Total	Aggravated	Simple	
Total	25.4	24.7	1.1	2.9	20.7	5.4	15.3	0.7
Male	27.4	26.7	² 0.2	3.9	22.6	6.3	16.3	0.7
Female	23.4	22.7	1.8	2.0	18.9	4.6	14.3	0.7
12 to 15 years old	47.8	46.9	3.4	4.0	39.6	8.3	31.3	² 0.8
16 to 19 years old	52.8	51.7	2.5	4.6	44.7	11.6	33.1	² 1.1
20 to 24 years old	45.1	44.2	1.8	7.3	35.1	11.9	23.2	² 0.9
25 to 34 years old	36.6	36.0	1.4	4.6	30.1	7.7	22.4	² 0.6
35 to 49 years old	20.6	19.7	⁰ .7	2.0	17.0	4.7	12.3	0.9
50 to 64 years old	13.6	13.2	² 0.5	1.3	11.4	2.5	8.9	² 0.4
65 years old and over	3.9	3.3	² —	1.1	2.2	² 0.7	1.6	² 0.5
White	23.9	23.3	1.1	2.8	19.5	4.6	14.9	0.6
Black	32.9	32.1	² 1.1	3.8	27.2	9.6	17.6	² 0.8
Other	20.4	18.4	² 0.7	² 2.7	15.0	5.9	9.1	² 1.9
Hispanic	28.4	27.7	² 0.9	4.9	22.0	6.3	15.7	² 0.6
Non-Hispanic	24.9	24.2	1.1	2.6	20.6	5.3	15.2	0.7
Household income:								
Less than \$7,500	64.6	63.5	5.1	7.2	51.2	13.3	38.0	² 1.1
\$7,500–\$14,999	45.9	45.0	² 0.5	6.5	38.1	8.3	29.7	² 0.9
\$15,000–\$24,999	31.4	29.8	² 1.2	4.2	24.4	8.3	16.2	² 1.6
\$25,000–\$34,999	34.5	33.6	² 1.6	5.3	26.6	7.6	19.0	² 1.0
\$35,000–\$49,999	22.5	22.3	² 0.5	1.5	20.2	4.8	15.5	² 0.3
\$50,000–\$74,999	24.5	24.0	1.1	2.2	20.7	5.6	15.2	² 0.4
\$75,000 or more	14.6	13.9	² 0.4	2.0	11.5	2.9	8.7	0.7

— Rounds to zero. ¹ Formerly personal theft. ² Based on 10 or fewer sample cases. Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-219413, December 2007. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv06.htm>>.

Table 306. Victim-Offender Relationship in Crimes of Violence by Characteristics of the Criminal Incident: 2006

[In percent. Covers only crimes of violence. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III. The 2006 national crime victimization estimates are not comparable to previous years because of changes in methodology. See head note, Table 304]

Selected characteristic of incident	Total	Rape/ sexual assault	Robbery	Assault		
				Total	Aggra- vated ¹	Simple
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Victim/offender relationship: ²						
Relatives	11.7	³ 7.7	6.3	12.7	13.7	12.4
Well-known	24.6	27.4	13.1	26.1	24.2	26.8
Casual acquaintance	16.2	26.6	6.9	17.0	13.5	18.2
Stranger	38.0	34.0	59.2	35.2	38.8	34.0
Time of day: ⁴						
6 a.m. to 6 p.m.	52.4	30.1	39.5	55.3	52.4	56.3
6 p.m. to midnight	32.8	33.3	42.5	31.5	31.8	31.3
Midnight to 6 a.m.	10.9	34.5	14.2	9.2	11.3	8.4
Location of crime:						
At or near victim's home or lodging	37.5	45.1	40.6	36.6	41.4	34.9
Friend's/relative's/neighbor's home	7.9	18.6	⁵ 5.0	7.7	7.2	7.9
Commercial places	12.5	⁶ 10.9	2.8	13.8	11.1	14.7
Parking lots/garages	7.0	³ 4.8	13.2	6.2	7.7	5.7
School	11.4	^{2,5} 2.5	6.2	12.6	6.5	14.6
Streets other than near victim's home	15.4	³ 7.2	23.7	14.8	19.0	13.3
Other ⁵	8.5	10.8	8.4	8.3	7.1	8.8
Victim's activity: ⁶						
At work or traveling to or from work	18.2	8.4	17.9	(NA)	16.3	19.6
School	11.0	4.7	6.9	(NA)	6.9	13.6
Activities at home	29.7	³ 8.3	19.4	(NA)	35.8	28.9
Shopping/errands	4.2	³ 2.0	7.8	(NA)	4.6	3.5
Leisure activities away from home	22.5	^{3,9} 9.9	19.5	(NA)	22.1	22.6
Traveling	8.8	^{3,7} 7.7	22.4	(NA)	7.9	6.8
Other ⁷	5.4	^{3,7,9} 7.9	6.1	(NA)	6.5	4.7
Distance from victim's home: ⁸						
Inside home or lodging	20.3	33.2	18.2	19.9	25.3	18.0
Near victim's home	17.8	³ 12.3	18.5	17.9	19.2	17.5
1 mile or less	19.4	³ 10.7	24.6	19.2	18.8	19.3
5 miles or less	21.1	19.6	18.6	21.5	16.3	23.2
50 miles or less	17.8	18.8	14.7	18.1	17.6	18.3
More than 50 miles	2.8	³ 2.3	³ 3.3	2.8	2.4	2.9
Weapons:						
No weapons present	67.4	71.6	40.6	70.8	8.8	91.7
Weapons present	25.0	18.1	44.5	22.8	90.0	—
Firearm	8.8	³ 12.9	21.7	6.8	27.0	—
Other type of weapon ⁹	16.2	5.2	22.8	16.0	63.0	—

— Represents zero. NA Not available. ¹ An aggravated assault is any assault in which an offender possesses or uses a weapon or inflicts serious injury. ² Excludes "don't know" relationships. ³ Based on 10 or fewer sample cases. ⁴ Excludes "not known and not available" time of day. ⁵ Includes areas on public transportation or inside station, in apartment yard, park, field, playground, or other areas. ⁶ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" victim activity. ⁷ Includes sleeping. ⁸ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" distance from victim's home. ⁹ Includes knives, other sharp objects, blunt objects, and other types of weapons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-219413, December 2007. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv06.htm>>.

Table 307. Violence by Intimate Partners by Sex, 1995 to 2004, and by Type of Crime, 2004

[Violent acts covered include murder, rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated and simple assault. Intimate partners involve current spouses, former spouses, current boy/girlfriends, and former boy/girlfriends. Based on the National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III. For definitions, go to <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/intimate/definitions.htm>>]

Year and type of crime	All persons		Female victims		Male victims	
	Number	Rate per 100,000 ¹	Number	Rate per 100,000 ¹	Number	Rate per 100,000 ¹
1995	1,063,520	493.0	953,700	855.8	109,820	105.3
1996	1,008,860	462.8	879,290	781.7	129,570	122.8
1997	953,780	432.7	848,480	747.3	105,300	98.5
1998	1,054,260	475.7	896,030	780.9	158,230	146.7
1999	783,120	347.7	672,330	578.4	110,790	101.6
2000	630,530	277.2	547,310	466.5	83,220	75.5
2001	693,321	301.4	589,692	497.1	103,629	92.8
2002	568,690	245.4	495,772	214.0	72,918	31.5
2003	521,760	218.0	437,990	183.0	83,750	35.0
2004, total	627,410	258.7	475,940	381.9	151,470	128.5
Rape or sexual assault	28,900	11.9	28,900	23.2	(B)	(B)
Robbery	64,340	19.2	46,620	37.4	17,720	15.0
Aggravated assault	97,000	30.9	74,820	60.0	22,180	18.8
Simple assault	437,170	134.3	325,600	261.3	111,570	94.6
Murder	1,544	0.5	1,159	0.8	385	0.3

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure. ¹ Rates are the number of victimizations per 100,000 persons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Intimate Partner Violence, Series NCJ-210675, December 2006 and unpublished data; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/intimate/ipv.htm>>.

Table 308. Robbery and Property Crimes by Type and Selected Characteristic: 1990 to 2006

[(639 represents 639,000.) For definitions of types of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Characteristic of offense	Number of offenses (1,000)				Rate per 100,000 population				Average value lost (dol.)	
	1990	2000	2005	2006	1990	2000	2005	2006	2005	2006
Robbery, total ¹	639	408	417	447	256.3	144.9	140.7	149.4	1,239	1,268
Type of crime:										
Street or highway	359	188	184	199	144.2	66.7	62.1	66.5	1,020	980
Commercial house	73	57	60	61	29.5	20.1	20.1	20.4	1,662	1,589
Gas station	18	12	12	12	7.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	1,104	1,169
Convenience store	39	26	24	24	15.6	9.3	8.0	8.3	677	761
Residence	62	50	59	64	25.1	17.7	20.0	21.4	1,332	1,469
Bank	9	9	9	10	3.8	3.1	3.0	3.2	4,113	4,330
Weapon used:										
Firearm	234	161	175	157	94.1	57.0	59.0	63.0	(NA)	(NA)
Knife or cutting instrument	76	36	37	32	30.7	12.8	12.5	12.8	(NA)	(NA)
Other dangerous weapon	61	53	39	34	24.5	18.9	13.2	13.8	(NA)	(NA)
Strongarm	268	159	166	149	107.7	56.4	56.0	59.5	(NA)	(NA)
Burglary, total	3,074	2,050	2,154	2,184	1,232.2	728.4	726.7	729.4	1,771	1,834
Forcible entry	2,150	1,297	1,310	1,330	864.5	460.7	440.0	460.6	(NA)	(NA)
Unlawful entry	678	615	701	710	272.8	218.7	237.5	245.7	(NA)	(NA)
Attempted forcible entry	245	138	133	144	98.7	49.0	45.2	49.8	(NA)	(NA)
Residence	2,033	1,335	1,417	1,446	817.4	474.3	477.9	482.8	1,813	1,823
Nonresidence	1,041	715	738	738	418.5	254.1	248.8	246.6	1,687	1,855
Occurred during the night ²	1,135	699	708	718	456.4	248.3	238.9	240.0	(NA)	(NA)
Occurred during the day	1,151	836	890	939	462.8	297.2	328.8	313.8	(NA)	(NA)
Larceny-theft, total	7,946	6,972	6,783	6,607	3,185.1	2,477.3	2,286.3	2,206.8	857	855
Pocket picking	81	36	29	29	32.4	12.7	9.8	9.6	346	443
Purse snatching	82	37	42	40	32.8	13.2	14.2	13.4	404	440
Shoplifting	1,291	959	940	873	519.1	340.7	317.0	291.5	184	194
From motor vehicles	1,744	1,754	1,752	1,752	701.3	623.3	590.6	585.3	704	734
Motor vehicle accessories	1,185	677	693	639	476.3	240.6	233.6	213.3	482	522
Bicycles	443	312	249	231	178.2	110.9	83.9	77.2	267	263
From buildings	1,118	914	852	830	449.4	324.6	287.3	277.1	1,738	1,170
From coin-operated machines	63	46	41	35	25.4	16.2	13.8	11.8	232	317
Other	1,940	2,232	2,184	2,178	780.0	793.0	736.1	727.5	1,137	1,280
Motor vehicles, total ³	1,636	1,160	1,236	1,193	655.8	412.2	417.4	398.4	6,204	6,649
Automobiles	1,304	877	907	877	524.3	311.5	304.5	311.6	(NA)	(NA)
Trucks and buses	238	209	219	212	95.5	74.1	76.2	75.5	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other crimes not shown separately. ² Other data not shown. ³ Includes other types of motor vehicles not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Population-at-Risk Rates and Selected Crime Indicators*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/index.html>>.

Table 309. Property Victimization Rates by Selected Household Characteristic: 2006

[Victimizations per 1,000 households. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS); see text, this section and Appendix III. The 2006 national crime victimization estimates are not comparable to previous years because of changes in methodology. See headnote, Table 304]

Characteristic	Total	Burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft
Total	160.5	30.2	8.4	121.9
Race:				
White	156.7	28.6	7.3	120.8
Black	185.6	42.4	14.8	128.4
Other	137.7	21.8	10.2	105.6
Ethnicity:				
Hispanic	211.7	40.2	13.5	158.0
Non-Hispanic	154.7	29.1	7.8	117.9
Household income:				
Less than \$7,500	217.3	55.7	11.3	150.3
\$7,500 to \$14,999	195.7	45.8	8.4	141.6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	183.1	35.6	15.9	131.6
\$25,000 to \$34,999	179.4	30.3	12.9	136.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999	166.2	32.3	9.1	124.8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	166.8	28.2	7.5	131.1
\$75,000 or more	162.0	22.4	6.4	133.2

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-219413, December 2007. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv06.htm>>.

Table 310. Hate Crimes—Number of Incidents, Offenses, Victims, and Known Offenders by Bias Motivation: 2000 to 2006

[The FBI collected statistics on hate crimes from 12,620 law enforcement agencies representing over 255 million inhabitants in 2006. Hate crime offenses cover incidents motivated by race, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin, and disability]

Bias motivation	Incidents reported	Offenses	Victims ¹	Known offenders ²
2000, total	8,213	9,619	10,117	7,690
2004, total	7,679	9,065	9,561	7,175
2005, total	7,163	8,380	8,804	6,804
2006, Total.	7,722	9,080	9,652	7,330
Race, total	4,000	4,737	5,020	3,957
Anti-White	890	1,008	1,054	1,074
Anti-Black	2,640	3,136	3,332	2,437
Anti-American Indian/Alaska native	60	72	75	72
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	181	230	239	181
Anti-multiracial group	229	291	320	193
Ethnicity/national origin, total	984	1,233	1,305	1,209
Anti-Hispanic	576	770	819	802
Anti-other ethnicity/national origin	408	463	486	407
Religion, total	1,462	1,597	1,750	705
Anti-Jewish	967	1,027	1,144	362
Anti-Catholic	76	81	86	44
Anti-Protestant	59	62	65	35
Anti-Islamic	156	191	208	147
Anti-other religious group	124	140	147	63
Anti-multi-religious group	73	88	92	49
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc.	7	8	8	5
Sexual orientation, total	1,195	1,415	1,472	1,380
Anti-male homosexual	747	881	913	914
Anti-female homosexual	163	192	202	154
Anti-homosexual	238	293	307	268
Anti-heterosexual	26	28	29	26
Anti-bisexual	21	21	21	18
Disability, total	79	94	95	73
Anti-physical	17	20	21	17
Anti-mental	62	74	74	56
Multiple bias ³	2	4	10	6

¹ The term "victim" may refer to a person, business, institution, or a society as a whole. ² The term "known offender" does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known, but only that an attribute of the suspect is identified which distinguishes him/her from an unknown offender. ³ In a "multiple-bias incident" two conditions must be met: more than one offense type must occur in the incident and at least two offense types must be motivated by different biases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Reports, *Hate Crime Statistics*, annual. See <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/hc2006/>>.

Table 311. Hate Crimes Reported by State: 2006

[(255,087 represents 255,087,000). See headnote, Table 310]

State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported	State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported
United States ¹	12,620	255,087	2,105	7,722	Montana	93	924	14	24
Alabama	42	694	1	1	Nebraska	197	1,472	10	56
Alaska	2	284	1	6	Nevada	34	2,496	11	125
Arizona	80	5,889	24	149	New Hampshire	134	987	20	34
Arkansas	257	2,739	42	113	New Jersey	513	8,725	225	759
California	728	36,458	250	1,297	New Mexico	46	1,220	5	20
Colorado	220	4,725	45	138	New York	277	15,094	41	522
Connecticut	99	3,504	51	131	North Carolina	434	8,381	40	100
Delaware	53	853	17	48	North Dakota	72	571	9	16
District of Columbia	2	582	2	57	Ohio	493	8,638	87	300
Florida	491	18,045	91	216	Oklahoma	294	3,568	28	51
Georgia	61	1,146	4	13	Oregon	169	3,697	32	141
Idaho	105	1,461	12	23	Pennsylvania	954	11,741	27	97
Illinois	66	5,264	49	156	Rhode Island	47	1,068	12	19
Indiana	124	2,797	15	39	South Carolina	476	4,318	56	110
Iowa	223	2,930	15	28	South Dakota	91	600	7	76
Kansas	359	2,135	49	109	Tennessee	459	6,037	65	202
Kentucky	320	3,731	28	64	Texas	996	23,483	68	245
Louisiana	108	2,292	13	22	Utah	111	2,517	21	35
Maine	148	1,322	31	59	Vermont	78	612	10	21
Maryland	153	5,616	34	212	Virginia	399	7,621	91	341
Massachusetts	328	6,040	85	379	Washington	253	6,393	56	177
Michigan	598	9,981	185	653	West Virginia	340	1,708	18	34
Minnesota	289	4,306	53	137	Wisconsin	371	5,557	25	84
Mississippi	62	830	—	—	Wyoming	62	503	4	5
Missouri	309	3,532	26	78					

— Represents zero. ¹ No data available for Hawaii. Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Reports, *Hate Crime Statistics*, annual. See <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/hc2006/>>.

Table 312. Persons Arrested by Charge and Selected Characteristics: 2006

[In thousands (10,472.4 represents 10,472,400). Represents arrests (not charges) reported by approximately 11,249 agencies with a total 2006 population of almost 217 million as estimated by FBI. Age and sex data are mandatory, while race data are optional and not always reported with arrest data; hence, two different total number of arrests. See source for details. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/about/offense_definitions.html>]

Offense							American	Asian
	Total arrests	Male	Female	Total arrests	White	Black	Indian or Alaska Native	or Pacific Islander
Total	10,472.4	7,985.5	2,486.9	10,437.6	7,270.2	2,924.7	130.6	112.1
Serious crimes:								
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9.8	8.7	1.1	9.8	4.6	5.0	0.1	0.1
Forcible rape	17.1	16.9	0.2	17.0	11.1	5.5	0.2	0.2
Robbery	93.5	83.0	10.5	93.4	39.4	52.5	0.6	0.8
Aggravated assault	327.5	259.5	67.9	326.7	206.4	112.6	3.9	3.7
Burglary	222.2	190.1	32.1	221.7	153.0	64.7	2.1	2.0
Larceny/theft	801.6	499.3	302.4	799.0	548.1	231.0	9.4	10.6
Motor vehicle theft	100.8	82.9	17.8	100.6	63.1	35.1	1.0	1.4
Arson	12.0	10.0	2.0	12.0	9.1	2.6	0.1	0.2
Other assaults	952.7	714.1	238.6	949.9	619.8	306.1	13.1	10.9
Nonserious crimes:								
Forgery and counterfeiting	79.5	48.4	31.1	79.3	55.6	22.3	0.4	0.9
Fraud	197.7	109.7	88.0	196.9	135.3	59.1	1.2	1.3
Embezzlement	14.8	7.0	7.8	14.7	9.7	4.7	0.1	0.2
Stolen property—buying, receiving, possessing	90.1	73.1	17.0	89.9	58.1	30.3	0.7	0.8
Vandalism	220.4	183.4	37.0	219.7	165.5	48.8	3.0	2.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	147.6	135.8	11.8	147.3	84.9	59.9	1.1	1.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	59.7	21.4	38.4	59.6	33.8	23.6	0.6	1.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	63.2	57.7	5.5	63.0	46.2	15.5	0.6	0.7
Drug abuse violations	1,379.9	1,118.7	261.2	1,376.8	875.1	483.9	8.2	9.6
Gambling	9.0	8.1	0.9	9.0	2.4	6.5	—	0.2
Offenses against family and children	92.1	69.5	22.5	91.6	61.3	28.1	1.7	0.6
Driving under the influence	1,038.6	830.5	208.1	1,034.7	914.2	95.3	13.5	11.7
Liquor laws	469.2	342.1	127.1	466.3	398.1	50.0	12.8	5.4
Drunkenness	409.5	346.1	63.4	408.4	344.2	54.1	7.9	2.3
Disorderly conduct	519.0	383.3	135.7	517.3	326.0	179.7	7.6	3.9
Vagrancy	27.1	21.0	6.0	27.0	15.3	11.2	0.3	0.1
Suspicion	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.7	1.0	0.7	—	—
Curfew and loitering law violations	114.3	78.7	35.6	114.2	69.6	42.5	0.8	1.2
Runaways	83.9	36.4	47.5	83.7	57.4	20.9	1.5	4.0
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,917.8	2,248.6	669.2	2,906.3	1,962.0	872.6	37.9	33.8

— Rounds to zero.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/arrests/index.html>> (release September 2007).

Table 313. Juvenile Arrests for Selected Offenses: 1980 to 2006

[169,439 represents 169,439,000. Juveniles are persons under 18 years of age]

Offense	1980	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Number of contributing agencies	8,178	10,765	10,037	9,904	10,281	10,946	11,368	11,437	11,778	11,376
Population covered (1,000)	169,439	204,543	206,762	204,965	215,380	220,157	219,562	222,147	230,176	237,345
NUMBER										
Violent crime, total	77,220	97,103	123,131	78,450	78,443	71,059	69,060	68,247	73,377	80,195
Murder	1,475	2,661	2,812	1,027	1,069	1,014	960	829	968	1,018
Forcible rape	3,668	4,971	4,556	3,402	3,504	3,553	3,195	3,186	3,088	2,783
Robbery	38,529	34,944	47,240	24,206	23,408	19,491	18,950	19,000	22,356	27,638
Aggravated assault	33,548	54,527	68,523	49,815	50,462	47,001	45,955	45,232	46,965	48,756
Weapon law violations	21,203	33,123	46,506	28,514	29,290	26,786	29,512	30,530	34,468	37,032
Drug abuse, total	86,685	66,300	149,236	146,594	146,758	133,557	134,746	135,056	137,809	145,153
Sale and manufacturing	13,004	24,575	34,077	26,432	24,649	22,086	21,987	21,136	21,607	22,466
Heroin/cocaine	1,318	17,511	19,187	11,000	10,535	8,332	7,848	7,852	7,863	8,261
Marijuana	8,876	4,372	10,682	11,792	10,552	9,962	10,463	9,743	9,845	10,333
Synthetic narcotics	465	346	701	945	911	974	1,043	1,119	1,071	1,262
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	2,345	2,346	3,507	2,695	2,651	2,318	2,633	2,422	2,828	2,610
Possession	73,681	41,725	115,159	120,432	122,109	111,471	112,759	113,920	116,202	122,687
Heroin/cocaine	2,614	15,194	21,253	12,586	11,734	10,969	9,932	10,805	11,131	12,024
Marijuana	64,465	20,940	82,015	95,962	97,088	85,769	87,909	87,717	88,909	95,120
Synthetic narcotics	1,524	1,155	2,047	2,052	2,237	2,805	2,872	3,279	3,235	3,337
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	5,078	4,436	9,844	9,832	11,050	11,928	12,046	12,119	12,927	12,206

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual, Person arrested. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/arrests/index.html>> (released September 2007).

Table 314. Suspects Arrested for Federal Offenses and Booked by United States Marshals Service (USMS), by Offense: 1994 to 2004

[Persons suspected of violating federal law may be arrested by any one of the many federal agencies empowered to make arrests, or by state or local authorities. Regardless of which agency makes the arrest, federal suspects are typically transferred to the custody of the U.S. Marshals Service for booking, processing, and detention. See Methodology for a listing of detailed offense categories within each major offense category]

Most serious offense	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998 ²	1999 ^{1,2}	2000 ²	2001 ²	2002 ²	2003	2004
All offenses³	80,730	83,324	85,195	91,747	104,119	109,340	115,589	118,896	124,074	131,064	140,755
Violent offenses ⁴	3,905	3,873	4,519	4,801	4,989	4,254	4,250	4,843	4,723	4,484	4,587
Property offenses	15,540	16,245	16,191	16,288	16,786	16,569	16,842	16,824	17,268	17,258	15,609
Fraudulent ⁵	11,919	12,804	12,729	12,912	13,219	13,116	13,432	13,397	13,976	14,169	12,709
Other ⁶	3,621	3,441	3,462	3,376	3,567	3,453	3,410	3,427	3,292	3,089	2,900
Drug offenses	23,268	23,768	24,682	26,843	30,012	31,867	32,630	33,589	33,730	34,217	32,980
Public-order offenses	11,596	10,336	9,578	9,324	9,234	9,841	10,063	9,156	8,772	8,591	8,618
Regulatory	530	697	656	749	775	752	621	687	524	425	335
Other	11,066	9,639	8,922	8,575	8,459	9,089	9,442	8,469	8,248	8,166	8,283
Weapon offenses ⁷	3,885	3,724	3,131	3,235	3,539	4,268	5,203	6,007	7,488	9,416	9,936
Immigration offenses ⁷	8,777	10,600	12,026	14,994	20,942	22,849	25,205	24,794	25,270	27,620	39,135
Supervision violations	12,719	13,498	13,304	13,995	15,157	15,603	17,133	18,978	21,777	23,605	23,399
Material witness	886	1,143	1,617	2,169	3,398	4,016	4,203	3,679	3,918	4,615	5,385
Unknown or indeterminate offenses	154	137	147	163	62	73	60	1,026	1,128	1,258	1,106

¹ Starting in 1999 and through the current year of data, nonviolent sex offenses were reclassified from "Violent offenses" to "Public-order offenses." ² Data for 1998 through 2002 are not directly comparable to 2003 and 2004 because of changes in the data-processing methodology. See note 2 on page 24, chapter 1 of the 2004 Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics. ³ Includes suspects whose offense category could not be determined. ⁴ In this table, "Violent offenses" may include nonnegligent manslaughter. ⁵ Fraudulent property excludes tax fraud. ⁶ Excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁷ Beginning in 2001, "Weapon" and "Immigration" offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within "Public-order offenses."

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Federal Criminal Justice Trends, 2003*, Series NCJ 205331, August 2006; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/fcj03.htm>>. *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2004*, Series NCJ 213476, December 2006; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cfjs04.htm>>.

Table 315. Suspects in Criminal Matters Investigated by U.S. Attorneys by Offense: 1994 to 2004

[The most serious offense investigated is based on the criminal lead charge as determined by the assistant U.S. attorney responsible for the criminal matter]

Most serious offense investigated	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999 ¹	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
All offenses²	99,251	102,220	97,776	110,034	115,692	117,994	123,559	121,818	124,335	130,078	141,212
Violent offenses ³	5,570	5,720	6,570	7,354	7,527	5,768	6,036	6,225	6,392	5,688	5,714
Property offenses	32,579	31,759	28,962	29,916	30,125	28,011	28,423	28,608	27,321	27,375	24,956
Fraudulent ⁴	28,491	27,836	25,245	25,854	26,328	24,200	24,679	25,275	24,019	24,261	22,182
Other ⁵	4,088	3,923	3,717	4,062	3,797	3,811	3,744	3,333	3,302	3,114	2,774
Drug offenses	29,311	31,686	30,227	34,027	36,355	37,313	38,959	37,944	38,150	37,416	37,501
Public-order offenses	19,143	19,036	18,918	22,857	21,244	22,816	24,180	23,980	23,472	23,717	21,277
Regulatory	5,059	5,371	5,154	5,423	6,541	6,332	5,737	5,411	4,738	5,366	4,959
Other	14,084	13,665	13,764	17,434	14,703	16,484	18,443	18,569	18,734	18,351	16,318
Weapon offenses ⁶	5,996	5,376	4,462	4,870	4,907	6,982	8,589	8,989	11,200	14,022	14,398
Immigration offenses ⁶	5,526	7,256	7,122	9,366	14,114	15,539	16,495	15,378	16,699	20,341	35,858
Unknown or indeterminate offenses	1,126	1,387	1,515	1,644	1,420	1,565	877	694	1,101	1,519	1,508

¹ Starting in 1999 and through the current year of data, nonviolent sex offenses were reclassified from "Violent offenses" to "Public-order offenses." ² Includes suspects whose offense category could not be determined. See Methodology for a listing of detailed offense categories within each major offense category. ³ In this table, "Violent offenses" may include nonnegligent manslaughter; "Fraudulent property" excludes tax fraud; and "Other nonfraudulent property" excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁴ Fraudulent property excludes tax fraud. ⁵ Excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁶ Beginning in 2001, "Weapon" and "Immigration" offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within "Public-order offenses."

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Federal Criminal Justice Trends, 2003*, Series NCJ 205331, August 2006. See also, <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/fcj03.htm>>. *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2004*, Series NCJ 213476, December 2006; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cfjs04.htm>>.

Table 316. Drug Arrest Rates for Drug Abuse Violations, 1990 to 2006, and by Region, 2006

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1, except 1990 and 2000, enumerated as of April 1. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Offense				2006				
	1990	2000	2005	Total	Region			
					North-east	Mid-west	South	West
Drug arrest rate, total	435.3	587.1	600.9	594.8	520.6	440.4	663.5	675.5
Sale and/or manufacture	139.0	122.7	109.9	104.8	118.6	76.2	116.7	101.6
Heroin or cocaine ¹	93.7	60.8	47.8	47.8	76.3	25.1	55.4	36.8
Marijuana	26.4	34.2	29.6	29.0	28.1	29.5	29.0	27.9
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	2.7	6.4	8.6	9.0	5.1	4.6	18.5	4.4
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	16.2	21.3	23.9	18.9	9.0	17.0	13.9	32.5
Possession	296.3	464.4	490.9	490.0	402.1	364.2	546.8	573.9
Heroin or cocaine ¹	144.4	138.7	131.5	134.0	124.6	71.8	162.9	153.7
Marijuana	104.9	244.4	228.9	235.5	221.0	220.9	301.6	176.9
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	6.6	12.0	21.0	20.4	10.8	13.5	29.0	21.2
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	40.4	69.4	109.6	100.1	45.7	58.0	53.4	222.1

¹ Includes other derivatives such as morphine, heroin, and codeine.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/06cius/arrests/index.html>>; (as of 17 February 2007).

Table 317. Federal Drug Arrests and Seizures by Type of Drug: 1990 to 2007

[For fiscal years ending in year shown]

Drug	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of arrests, total ^{1,2}	23,153	25,010	40,455	30,939	29,283	29,732	30,811	29,573	29,219
Heroin	2,056	2,548	3,622	2,559	2,514	2,478	2,442	2,251	2,099
Cocaine	12,400	12,036	16,369	12,349	11,363	11,934	12,955	12,797	12,392
Marijuana	5,155	6,231	8,574	5,716	6,029	6,309	6,092	5,935	6,674
Methamphetamine	2,474	2,886	8,274	6,396	6,068	6,075	6,479	5,762	5,421
Seizure in pounds, total ^{3,4}	738,008	1,574,890	2,888,282	2,650,186	2,959,007	3,043,245	2,808,630	2,653,031	3,694,331
Cocaine	235,889	234,342	248,895	225,355	245,580	336,247	391,981	333,023	363,064
Heroin	1,704	2,971	3,341	6,859	5,923	4,088	4,020	4,186	5,696
Marijuana	483,353	1,305,701	2,612,059	2,417,786	2,706,131	2,702,419	2,412,216	2,305,637	3,323,008
Methamphetamine	(NA)	(NA)	7,107	6,229	8,564	8,194	10,748	9,229	8,330

NA Not available. ¹ Arrests are for Drug Enforcement Administration only. ² Includes other drug-related arrests not shown. ³ Reflects the combined drug seizure effort of the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the U.S. Customs Services, and, beginning October 1995, the U.S. Border Patrol within the jurisdiction of the United States as well as maritime seizures by the U.S. Coast Guard. Based on reports to the federal-wide Drug Seizure System, which eliminates duplicate reporting of a seizure involving more than one federal agency. ⁴ Includes other drug seizures not shown.

Source: U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration, unpublished data from federal-wide Drug Seizure System. (Data are as of 15 May 2008.)

Table 318. Background Checks for Firearm Transfers: 1994 to 2007

[In thousands (87,180 represents 87,180,000), except rates]

Inquiries and rejections	Total 1994-2007 ¹	Interim period 1994-1998 ²	Permanent Brady ³							
			1998 ⁴	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Applications and rejections:										
Applications received	87,180	12,740	893	7,699	7,806	7,831	8,084	8,278	8,612	8,658
Applications rejected	1,631	312	20	153	136	126	126	132	134	136
Rejection rate	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6

¹ Number of applications and estimates of denials for firearm transfers or permits since the inception of the Brady Act, 1994-2007. ² Background checks on applicants were conducted by state and local agencies, mainly on handgun transfers. See "Presale Handgun Checks, the Brady Interim Period, 1994-98" (NCJ 175034). ³ The period beginning November 30, 1998, is the effective date for the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, P.L. 103-159, 1993. The National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) began operations. Checks on handgun and long gun transfers are conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and by state and local agencies. Totals combine Firearm Inquiry Statistics (FIST) estimates for state and local agencies with transactions and denials reported by the FBI. ⁴ For the period of November 30 to December 31, 1998. Counts are from the NICS operations report and may include multiple transactions for the same application.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Background Checks for Firearm Transfers, 2007, Series NCJ 223197, July 2008. See internet site <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/guns.htm>>.

Table 319. Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted: 1990 to 2006

[Contains statistics on felonious and accidental deaths of duly sworn local, state, tribal, and federal law enforcement officers. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001 ¹	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
OFFICERS KILLED									
Total killed	132	133	134	218	131	133	139	122	114
Geographical region									
Northeast	13	16	13	79	10	13	18	12	12
Midwest	20	19	32	26	22	20	25	23	20
South	68	63	67	68	64	66	66	58	48
West	23	32	19	38	28	31	24	24	31
Puerto Rico	8	2	3	7	7	3	5	5	3
Island areas, foreign countries	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Total feloniously killed	65	74	51	142	56	52	57	55	48
Firearms	56	63	47	61	51	45	54	50	46
Handgun	47	44	33	46	38	34	36	42	36
Rifle	8	14	10	11	10	10	13	3	8
Shotgun	1	5	4	4	3	1	5	5	2
Blunt instrument	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
Bomb	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knife/cutting instrument	3	1	1	—	1	—	1	—	—
Personal weapons ²	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Vehicle	1	2	3	7	4	6	2	5	2
Other	3	—	—	72	—	—	—	—	—
Total accidentally killed	67	59	83	76	75	81	82	67	66
OFFICERS ASSAULTED									
Population covered(1,000) ³	197,426	191,759	204,599	213,645	219,425	225,770	226,273	222,874	222,640
Number of—									
Reporting agencies	9,343	8,503	8,940	9,773	10,164	10,539	10,589	10,119	10,346
Officers employed	410,131	428,379	452,531	471,096	491,009	501,738	501,462	489,393	495,270
Total assaulted	72,091	57,762	58,398	57,463	59,526	58,600	59,692	57,820	58,634
Firearm	3,651	2,354	1,749	1,841	1,927	1,879	2,114	2,157	2,278
Knife/cutting instrument	1,647	1,356	1,015	1,168	1,061	1,084	1,123	1,059	1,047
Other dangerous weapon	7,423	6,414	8,132	8,233	8,526	8,180	8,645	8,379	8,512
Personal weapons ²	59,370	47,638	47,502	46,221	48,012	47,457	47,810	46,225	46,797

— Represents zero. ¹ The 72 felonious deaths that resulted from the events of September 11, 2001, are included in this table. ² Includes hands, fists, feet, etc. ³ Represents the number of persons covered by agencies shown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, annual. <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/killed/2006/index.html>>.

Table 320. Fraud Complaints and Identity Theft Victims by State: 2007

[Rate per 100,000 population. As of December 31. Based on Census Bureau population estimates. Federal Trade Commission (FTC) has developed and maintained a complaint data base called the Consumer Sentinel. This database collects information about consumer fraud and identity theft from the FTC and over 115 other organizations and makes the information available to law enforcement. See appendixes in the annual report for list of contributing organizations]

Consumer state	Fraud complaints		Identity theft victims		Consumer state	Fraud complaints		Identity theft victims	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate		Number	Rate	Number	Rate
U.S. ¹	500,770	166.0	250,687	83.1	MO	12,912	219.7	3,962	67.4
AL	6,451	139.4	3,221	69.6	MT	1,496	156.2	391	40.8
AK	1,432	209.5	321	47.0	NE	2,831	159.5	793	44.7
AZ	13,903	219.3	8,688	137.1	NV	5,138	200.3	2,930	114.2
AR	3,482	122.8	1,601	56.5	NH	2,702	205.3	643	48.9
CA	61,409	168.0	43,892	120.1	NJ	14,542	167.4	6,864	79.0
CO	11,364	233.8	4,328	89.0	NM	2,697	136.9	1,723	87.5
CT	5,264	150.3	2,409	68.8	NY	27,219	141.0	19,319	100.1
DE	1,341	155.1	603	69.7	NC	14,846	163.8	6,069	67.0
DC	1,375	233.7	784	133.2	ND	726	113.5	182	28.5
FL	33,027	181.0	19,270	105.6	OH	18,964	165.4	7,178	62.6
GA	15,936	167.0	8,744	91.6	OK	4,828	133.5	2,312	63.9
HI	2,520	196.4	589	45.9	OR	7,704	205.6	2,552	68.1
ID	2,563	170.9	737	49.2	PA	19,197	154.4	9,016	72.5
IL	21,602	168.1	10,304	80.2	RI	1,511	142.8	592	56.0
IN	10,405	164.0	4,026	63.4	SC	6,041	137.1	2,670	60.6
IA	4,014	134.3	1,063	35.6	SD	880	110.5	245	30.8
KS	3,875	139.6	1,694	61.0	TN	9,920	161.1	3,986	64.7
KY	5,502	129.7	1,836	43.3	TX	36,367	152.1	25,796	107.9
LA	5,319	123.9	2,674	62.3	UT	5,110	193.2	1,529	57.8
ME	2,111	160.3	530	40.2	VT	880	141.6	237	38.1
MD	11,745	209.0	4,821	85.8	VA	14,733	191.0	5,319	69.0
MA	9,766	151.4	4,292	66.5	WA	14,918	230.6	4,942	76.4
MI	14,780	146.7	7,079	70.3	WV	2,654	146.5	729	40.2
MN	9,388	180.6	2,857	55.0	WI	9,852	175.9	2,450	43.7
MS	2,644	90.6	1,673	57.3	WY	884	169.1	222	42.5

¹ Data represents only fraud complaints from consumer states and identity theft victims by state listed in this table. Source: U.S. Federal Trade Commission, *Consumer Fraud and Identity Theft Complaint Data, January—December 2007*. Issued February 2008. See also <<http://www.consumer.gov/sentinel/pubs/Top10Fraud2007.pdf>>.

Table 321. U.S. Supreme Court—Cases Filed and Disposition: 1980 to 2006

 [Statutory term of court begins first Monday in **October**]

Action	1980	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total cases on docket	5,144	6,316	7,565	8,965	9,406	8,882	8,588	9,608	10,256
Appellate cases on docket	2,749	2,351	2,456	2,305	2,190	2,058	2,041	2,025	2,069
From prior term	527	365	361	351	321	336	300	354	346
Docketed during present term	2,222	1,986	2,095	1,954	1,869	1,722	1,741	1,671	1,723
Cases acted upon	2,324	2,042	2,130	2,024	1,899	1,798	1,727	1,703	1,736
Granted review	167	114	92	85	83	74	69	63	62
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,999	1,802	1,945	1,842	1,727	1,641	1,529	1,554	1,611
Summarily decided	90	81	62	63	46	37	89	46	39
Cases not acted upon	425	309	326	281	291	260	314	322	333
Pauper cases on docket	2,371	3,951	5,098	6,651	7,209	6,818	6,543	7,575	8,181
Cases acted upon ¹	2,027	3,436	4,514	5,736	6,488	6,036	5,815	6,533	7,186
Granted review	17	27	13	14	8	13	11	15	15
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,968	3,369	4,439	5,658	6,459	6,005	5,061	6,459	6,925
Summarily decided	32	28	55	61	17	13	737	58	239
Cases not acted upon	344	515	584	915	721	782	728	1,042	995
Original cases on docket	24	14	11	9	7	6	4	8	6
Cases disposed of during term	7	3	5	2	1	2	–	4	1
Total cases available for argument	264	201	145	138	139	140	128	122	108
Cases disposed of ¹	162	131	93	89	87	93	87	87	80
Cases argued	154	125	90	86	84	91	87	88	78
Cases dismissed or remanded without argument	8	6	3	3	3	2	–	1	2
Cases remaining	102	70	52	49	52	47	41	31	28
Cases decided by signed opinion	144	121	87	83	79	89	85	82	74
Cases decided by per curiam opinion	8	4	3	4	5	2	2	5	4
Number of signed opinions	123	112	75	77	71	73	74	69	67

 – Represents zero. ¹ Includes cases granted review and carried over to next term, not shown separately.

Source: Office of the Clerk, Supreme Court of the United States, unpublished data.

Table 322. U.S. District Courts—Civil Cases Commenced and Pending: 2000 to 2007

 [For years ending **June 30**]

Type of case	Cases commenced				Cases pending			
	2000	2005	2006	2007	2000	2005	2006	2007
Cases total ¹	263,049	282,758	244,343	272,067	249,692	267,270	246,547	267,774
Contract actions ¹	54,494	28,590	28,139	34,071	38,262	26,712	26,671	30,631
Recovery of overpayments ²	25,636	3,380	2,856	3,053	12,107	1,953	1,789	1,708
Real property actions	6,481	4,541	4,761	4,456	4,249	4,512	4,178	4,321
Tort actions	40,877	75,273	53,809	77,257	63,116	76,821	64,701	83,046
Personal injury	36,867	52,215	49,834	73,004	59,232	72,716	60,569	78,464
Personal injury product liability ¹	15,349	35,615	32,515	51,557	31,772	46,575	34,280	52,346
Asbestos	7,893	1,628	8,709	15,422	4,949	1,073	856	14,525
Other personal injury	21,518	16,600	17,319	21,447	27,460	26,141	26,289	26,118
Personal property damage	4,010	23,058	3,975	4,253	3,884	4,105	4,132	4,582
Actions under statutes ¹	161,187	171,922	157,536	156,152	144,053	157,357	150,891	149,622
Civil rights ¹	41,226	36,724	33,417	31,975	44,259	40,596	38,384	36,469
Employment	21,404	17,998	14,851	13,608	24,456	21,344	18,591	16,863
Bankruptcy suits	3,378	3,428	3,193	3,182	2,555	2,650	2,565	2,533
Commerce (ICC rates, etc.)	1,007	492	404	317	444	395	351	276
Environmental matters	894	726	874	763	1,355	1,193	1,148	1,045
Prisoner petitions	57,706	62,698	55,775	53,222	43,560	47,870	46,655	47,172
Forfeiture and penalty	2,246	2,214	2,318	2,221	1,772	2,156	2,309	2,245
Labor laws	14,229	18,643	16,853	18,630	11,267	15,725	14,014	15,111
Protected property rights ³	8,745	11,809	11,745	11,132	7,858	10,507	10,274	9,827
Securities commodities and exchanges	2,500	2,371	1,654	1,369	3,578	5,192	4,463	4,030
Social security laws	14,365	16,066	14,052	12,964	13,667	15,420	14,202	13,214
Tax suits	938	1,348	1,498	1,485	1,068	1,222	1,331	1,376
Freedom of information	335	426	309	325	380	378	370	380

¹ Includes other types not shown separately. ² Includes enforcement of judgments in student loan cases, and overpayments of veterans' benefits. ³ Includes copyright, patent, and trademark rights.

 Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary*, annual; <<http://www.uscourts.gov/>>.

Table 323. U.S. District Courts—Offenders Convicted and Sentenced to Prison and Length of Sentence: 2000 and 2004

Selected most serious offense of conviction	Offenders convicted ¹		Offenders sentenced to prison ^{1, 2}		Mean length of sentence for incarceration (months) ³	
	2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004
Total	68,156	74,782	50,451	58,106	56.7	59.7
Violent offenses	2,557	2,569	2,360	2,402	86.5	96.2
Murder ⁵	283	190	249	175	94.2	111.2
Negligent manslaughter	1	1	1	1	(B)	(B)
Assault	253	465	188	384	33.0	44.8
Property offenses	12,454	12,202	7,462	7,323	24.2	27.4
Fraudulent	10,396	10,403	6,272	6,267	22.5	25.8
Embezzlement	917	646	506	302	14.8	16.0
Fraud ⁶	8,177	8,677	5,008	5,278	23.5	26.6
Forgery	86	73	41	44	19.1	20.0
Counterfeiting	1,216	1,007	717	643	20.8	24.1
Other ⁴	2,058	1,799	1,190	1,056	33.2	36.7
Larceny ⁷	1,394	1,307	689	695	27.3	31.3
Arson	158	165	134	136	71.8	75.2
Transportation of stolen property	272	166	200	115	33.4	35.0
Drug offenses ⁴	24,206	24,472	22,352	22,744	75.5	83.6
Public-order offenses ⁴	4,585	4,398	2,989	3,135	45.8	43.6
Regulatory	1,376	1,106	647	580	28.4	32.3
Other	3,209	3,292	2,342	2,555	46.5	46.2
Tax law violations ⁸	655	425	355	265	18.5	26.5
Escape	487	415	447	380	19.2	18.7
Racketeering and extortion	951	844	778	651	81.5	70.9
Nonviolent sex offenses	475	724	429	692	47.1	57.0
Obscene material ⁹	28	32	7	25	(B)	32.7
Weapon offenses ¹⁰	4,196	8,082	3,834	7,518	91.4	84.3
Immigration offenses ¹⁰	11,125	14,819	10,073	13,387	29.5	26.9
Misdemeanors ¹¹	8,961	8,240	1,356	1,597	10.4	5.6

B Base figures too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of a derived figure. ¹ Total may not equal the sum of individual sanctions. ² All sentences to incarceration, including split, mixed, life, and indeterminate sentences. ³ Excludes sentences of life, death, and indeterminate sentences. ⁴ Includes offenses not shown separately. ⁵ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ⁶ Excludes tax fraud. ⁷ Excludes transportation of stolen property. ⁸ Includes tax fraud. ⁹ Denotes the mail or transport thereof. ¹⁰ Beginning in 2001, "Weapon and Immigration" offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within "Public-order offenses." ¹¹ Includes misdemeanors, petty offenses, unknown offense levels, and drug possession.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Federal Criminal Justice Trends, 2003*, Series NCJ 205331, August 2006; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cfjs03.htm>>; *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2004*, Series NCJ 213476, December 2006; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cfjs04.htm>>.

Table 324. Criminal Appeals Filed, by Offense: 1994 to 2004

[Appeals were classified into the offense category that represents the offense of conviction. Offenses represent the statutory offense charged against a defendant in a criminal appeal]

Most serious offense of conviction	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999 ¹	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
All offenses ²	10,674	10,162	10,889	10,521	10,535	10,251	9,162	11,281	11,569	11,968	12,517
Violent offenses ³	856	700	685	739	742	559	490	591	606	601	673
Property offenses	1,949	1,767	2,093	1,972	1,947	1,739	1,482	1,681	1,726	1,842	1,873
Fraudulent ⁴	1,410	1,323	1,581	1,519	1,439	1,338	1,164	1,299	1,389	1,478	1,524
Other ⁵	539	444	512	453	508	401	318	382	337	364	349
Drug offenses	5,102	4,499	5,099	4,750	4,845	4,513	3,843	4,529	4,689	4,565	4,678
Public-order offenses	1,037	886	985	1,050	878	954	827	1,024	876	894	955
Regulatory	288	220	196	224	178	162	150	144	128	137	142
Other	749	666	789	826	700	792	677	880	642	757	813
Weapon offenses ⁶	1,141	1,034	1,183	1,135	982	1,070	872	1,266	1,386	1,681	2,024
Immigration offenses ⁶	261	277	353	417	693	934	1,179	1,654	1,679	1,821	1,856
Unknown or indeterminable offenses	328	999	491	458	448	482	469	536	607	564	458

¹ Starting in 1999 and through the current data year, nonviolent sex offenses were reclassified from "Violent offenses" to "Public-order offenses." ² Include suspects whose offense category could not be determined. See Methodology for a listing of detailed offense categories within each major offense category. ³ In this table, "Violent offenses" may include nonnegligent manslaughter; "Fraudulent property" excludes tax fraud; and "Other nonfraudulent property" excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁴ Fraudulent property excludes tax fraud. ⁵ Excludes fraudulent property and includes destruction of property and trespassing. ⁶ Beginning in 2001, "Weapon" and "Immigration" offenses became major offense categories. Previously, these offenses were classified within "Public-order offenses."

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Federal Criminal Justice Trends, 2003*, Series NCJ 205331, August 2006. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cfj03.htm>>; *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2004*, Series NCJ 213476, December 2006; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cfjs04.htm>>.

Table 325. Authorized Intercepts of Communication—Summary: 1980 to 2007

[As of December 31. Data for jurisdictions with statutes authorizing or approving interception of wire or oral communication]

Item	1980	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Jurisdictions: ¹										
With wiretap statutes	28	40	41	45	47	47	47	47	47	47
Reporting interceptions	22	25	19	26	20	24	20	23	24	25
Intercept applications authorized	564	872	1,156	1,266	1,358	1,442	1,710	1,773	1,839	2,208
Intercept installations ²	524	812	1,024	1,139	1,273	1,367	1,633	1,694	1,714	2,119
Federal	79	321	527	472	490	576	723	624	461	454
State	445	491	497	667	783	791	910	1,070	1,253	1,665
Intercepted communications, average ³	1,058	1,487	2,028	1,769	1,708	3,004	3,017	2,835	2,685	3,106
Incriminating average ³	315	321	459	402	403	993	619	629	547	920
Persons arrested ⁴	1,871	2,057	2,577	3,411	3,060	3,674	4,506	4,674	4,376	4,830
Convictions ⁴	259	420	494	736	493	844	634	776	711	984
Major offense specified:										
Gambling	199	116	95	49	82	49	90	42	56	55
Drugs	282	520	732	894	1,052	1,104	1,308	1,433	1,473	1,792
Homicide and assault	13	21	30	72	58	80	48	82	119	132
Racketeering	(NA)	(NA)	98	76	72	96	138	94	90	98
Other	70	215	201	175	94	113	126	122	101	131

NA Not available ¹ Jurisdictions include federal government, 44 states and the Virgin Islands, and the District of Columbia.

² Based on the number of orders for which intercept devices were installed as reported by the prosecuting official. ³ Average per authorized installation. ⁴ Based on information received from intercepts installed in year shown; additional arrests/convictions will occur in subsequent years but are not shown here.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Report on Applications for Orders Authorizing or Approving the Interception of Wire, Oral or Electronic Communications (Wiretap Report)*, annual. See also <<http://www.uscourts.gov/wiretap07/contents.html>> (accessed April 2008).

Table 326. Federal Prosecutions of Public Corruption: 1980 to 2006

[As of December 31. Prosecution of persons who have corrupted public office in violation of Federal Criminal Statutes]

Prosecution status	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total: ¹ Charged	727	1,157	1,176	1,051	1,134	1,000	1,087	1,136	1,150	1,213	1,163	1,150
Convicted	602	997	1,084	878	1,065	938	920	1,011	868	1,020	1,027	1,030
Awaiting trial	213	256	300	323	329	327	437	413	412	419	451	439
Federal officials: Charged	123	563	615	527	480	441	502	478	479	424	445	463
Convicted	131	470	583	438	460	422	414	429	421	381	390	407
Awaiting trial	16	90	103	120	101	92	131	119	129	98	118	112
State officials: Charged	72	79	96	61	115	92	95	110	94	111	96	101
Convicted	51	66	79	61	80	91	61	132	87	81	94	116
Awaiting trial	28	20	28	23	44	37	75	50	38	48	51	38
Local officials: Charged	247	248	257	236	237	211	224	299	259	268	309	291
Convicted	168	221	225	191	219	183	184	262	119	252	232	241
Awaiting trial	82	49	98	89	95	89	110	118	106	105	148	141
Others involved: Charged	285	267	208	227	302	256	266	249	318	410	313	295
Convicted	252	240	197	188	306	242	261	188	241	306	311	266
Awaiting trial	87	97	71	91	89	109	121	126	139	168	134	148

¹ Includes individuals who are neither public officials nor employees, but were involved with public officials or employees in violating the law, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Criminal Division, *Federal Prosecutions of Corrupt Public Officials, 1970–1980 and Report to Congress on the Activities and Operations of the Public Integrity Section*, annual; <<http://www.usdoj.gov/criminal/pin/>>.

Table 327. Delinquency Cases Disposed by Juvenile Courts by Reason for Referral: 1990 to 2005

[In thousands (1,346 represents 1,346,000), except rate. A delinquency offense is an act committed by a juvenile for which an adult could be prosecuted in a criminal court. Disposition of a case involves taking a definite action such as waiving the case to criminal court, dismissing the case, placing the youth on probation, placing the youth in a facility for delinquents, or such actions as fines, restitution, and community service. Data have been revised through 2004]

Reason for referral	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
All delinquency offenses	1,346	1,807	1,870	1,799	1,720	1,702	1,688	1,676	1,674	1,688	1,682
Case rate ¹	52.5	63.0	63.4	60.3	56.9	55.4	54.3	53.4	53.1	53.5	53.2
Person offenses ²	257	398	413	404	396	391	402	401	408	416	428
Criminal homicide	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Forcible rape	4	6	5	5	4	4	5	4	5	4	4
Robbery	28	42	36	30	26	22	22	21	22	21	26
Aggravated assault	52	73	61	57	51	51	48	46	47	47	49
Property offenses ²	786	906	861	786	709	678	641	637	624	616	591
Burglary	145	148	147	135	117	111	107	106	104	99	96
Larceny-theft	349	432	406	360	326	314	293	292	284	283	262
Motor vehicle theft	71	54	52	45	39	37	38	38	38	35	33
Arson	7	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8
Drug law violations	71	162	189	188	188	196	203	192	191	196	194
Public-order offenses ²	232	341	408	420	426	438	442	445	452	462	470
Obstruction of justice	89	137	192	212	209	215	217	214	217	216	225
Disorderly conduct	56	91	92	89	96	100	104	114	116	125	128
Weapons offenses	31	47	45	43	40	37	37	35	37	41	44
Liquor law violations	17	18	16	19	20	25	25	26	26	26	25
Nonviolent sex offenses	11	10	12	12	13	14	15	15	14	14	14

¹ Number of cases disposed per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk of referral to juvenile court. ² Total include other offenses not shown.

Source: National Center for Juvenile Justice, Pittsburgh, PA, *Juvenile Court Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/index.html>>.

Table 328. Delinquency Cases and Case Rates by Sex and Race: 1995 to 2005

[Data have been revised. See head note, Table 327]

Sex, race, and offense	Number of cases disposed			Case rate ¹		
	1995	2000	2005	1995	2000	2005
Male, total	1,401,800	1,271,100	1,221,600	95.1	80.6	75.5
Person	299,600	281,600	301,000	20.3	17.9	18.6
Property	701,000	506,200	429,600	47.6	32.1	26.5
Drugs	138,500	162,600	155,200	9.4	10.3	9.6
Public order	262,600	320,600	335,900	17.8	20.3	20.8
Female, total	405,500	431,200	460,300	29.0	28.8	29.9
Person	98,800	109,300	126,600	7.1	7.3	8.2
Property	204,800	172,100	160,900	14.7	11.5	10.4
Drugs	23,600	33,000	39,000	1.7	2.2	2.5
Public order	78,400	116,900	133,700	5.6	7.8	8.7
White, total	1,215,300	1,164,800	1,080,600	53.2	48.2	44.0
Person	236,300	243,700	243,100	10.3	10.1	9.9
Property	647,300	474,800	397,500	28.3	19.7	16.2
Drugs	107,000	146,800	142,900	4.7	6.1	5.8
Public order	224,700	299,500	297,100	9.8	12.4	12.1
Black, total	541,400	489,000	556,000	124.3	101.1	107.8
Person	152,000	137,000	174,800	34.9	28.3	33.9
Property	230,100	179,800	174,300	52.8	37.2	33.8
Drugs	52,300	44,500	46,300	12.0	9.2	9.0
Public order	107,100	127,700	160,700	24.6	26.4	31.2
Other races, total	568,900	514,700	578,500	33.8	27.8	24.5
Person	157,200	142,400	179,700	6.8	5.8	5.3
Property	245,300	192,000	183,100	19.1	13.6	10.1
Drugs	53,800	47,000	49,200	1.9	2.5	2.7
Public order	112,600	133,300	166,600	6.2	5.9	6.4

¹ Cases per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk.

Source: National Center for Juvenile Justice, Pittsburgh, PA, *Juvenile Court Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/index.html>>.

Table 329. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Substantiated and Indicated—Victim Characteristics: 1990 to 2006

[Based on reports alleging child abuse and neglect that were referred for investigation by the respective child protective services agency in each state. The reporting period may be either calendar or fiscal year. The majority of States provided duplicated counts. Also, varying number of states reported the various characteristics presented below. A substantiated case represents a type of investigation disposition that determines that there is sufficient evidence under state law to conclude that maltreatment occurred or that the child is at risk of maltreatment. An indicated case represents a type of disposition that concludes that there was a reason to suspect maltreatment had occurred]

Item	1990		2000		2005 ¹		2006	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TYPES OF SUBSTANTIATED MALTREATMENT²								
Victims, total	690,658	(X)	864,837	116.5	900,146	113.1	885,245	114.08
Neglect	338,770	49.1	517,118	59.8	565,499	62.8	567,787	64.14
Physical abuse	186,801	27.0	167,713	19.4	149,328	16.6	142,041	16.05
Sexual abuse	119,506	17.3	87,770	10.2	83,775	9.3	78,120	8.82
Emotional maltreatment	45,621	6.6	66,965	7.7	63,478	7.1	58,577	6.62
Medical neglect	(NA)	(NA)	25,498	3.0	17,633	2.0	19,180	2.17
Other and unknown	67,272	9.7	146,184	16.9	138,366	15.4	144,199	16.29
SEX OF VICTIM³								
Victims, total	742,519	100.0	864,837	100.0	884,339	100.0	885,245	100.0
Male	323,339	43.5	413,744	47.8	425,773	48.1	427,027	48.24
Female	369,919	49.8	446,230	51.6	455,961	51.6	455,510	51.46
AGE OF VICTIM³								
Victims, total	731,282	100.0	864,837	100.0	884,339	100.0	885,245	100.0
1 year and younger	97,101	13.3	133,094	15.4	155,136	17.5	160,268	18.1
2 to 5 years old	172,791	23.6	205,790	23.8	222,244	25.1	221,909	25.1
6 to 9 years old	157,681	21.6	212,186	24.5	192,962	21.8	194,233	21.9
10 to 13 years old	135,130	18.5	176,071	20.4	171,661	19.4	164,685	18.6
14 to 17 years old	103,383	14.1	126,207	14.6	138,848	15.7	140,789	15.9
18 years old and over	4,880	0.7	992	0.1	470	0.1	535	0.1

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ 2005 data have been revised. ² A child may be a victim of more than one maltreatment. Therefore, the total for this item adds up to more than 100 percent. ³ The increase in unknown age, sex, and race in 2005 is due to some states reporting summary data without breakdown of corresponding fields.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Statistics and Research, *Child Maltreatment 2006*, annual; <<http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/pubs/cm06/index.htm>>.

Table 330. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Reported and Investigated by State: 2006

[See headnote, Table 329]

State and outlying area	Population under 18 years old	Number of reports ¹	Number of children subject of an investigation ²	Number of child victims ³	State and outlying area	Population under 18 years old	Number of reports ¹	Number of children subject of an investigation ²	Number of child victims ³
Total	74,754,213	1,907,264	3,511,590	885,245	MT	217,848	8,737	14,171	1,775
AL	1,114,301	18,651	27,340	9,378	NE	445,033	13,109	30,500	6,160
AK	181,434	5,755	9,500	3,481	NV	634,520	14,982	30,475	5,345
AZ	1,628,198	33,743	76,455	4,469	NH	297,625	6,640	9,399	822
AR	691,186	25,524	52,206	9,180	NJ	2,089,338	28,134	47,172	11,680
CA	9,532,614	225,911	427,122	89,500	NM	508,930	16,565	26,471	5,926
CO	1,169,301	30,940	48,610	10,862	NY	4,514,342	150,796	253,436	80,077
CT	818,286	28,500	42,286	10,174	NC	2,155,387	67,524	130,966	28,422
DE	203,366	5,781	13,864	1,933	ND	144,934	3,791	6,722	1,438
DC	114,881	5,077	12,315	2,759	OH	2,770,035	73,156	116,129	41,449
FL	4,021,555	151,822	340,672	134,567	OK	894,034	36,673	64,962	13,414
GA	2,455,020	60,277	142,268	39,802	OR	856,259	25,598	41,245	12,927
HI	298,081	2,285	4,261	2,045	PA	2,804,873	23,071	23,071	4,177
ID	394,280	6,662	9,924	1,651	RI	237,451	8,441	12,996	4,400
IL	3,215,244	66,495	145,633	27,756	SC	1,039,653	16,712	37,922	10,795
IN	1,577,629	44,051	67,511	20,925	SD	194,681	3,908	7,135	1,529
IA	710,194	25,029	38,767	14,589	TN	1,442,593	61,886	98,163	19,182
KY	695,837	15,164	22,688	2,630	TX	6,493,965	166,728	280,913	69,065
LA	1,090,001	25,536	41,795	12,472	UT	791,198	20,206	32,181	13,043
ME	280,994	5,949	9,788	3,548	VT	133,389	2,315	2,841	861
MD	1,360,531	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	VA	1,806,847	29,141	58,826	6,828
MA	1,448,884	38,918	79,855	36,151	WA	1,526,267	35,698	53,576	7,294
MI	2,478,356	70,036	186,754	27,148	WV	389,071	23,210	51,674	8,345
MN	1,257,264	19,846	29,521	7,623	WI	1,312,530	29,029	41,230	8,583
MS	759,405	16,888	26,306	6,272	WY	121,794	2,437	4,819	786
MO	1,416,592	47,491	70,270	7,108	PR	1,018,651	13,797	31,849	15,066

NA Not available. ¹ The number of investigations includes assessments. The number of investigations is based on the total number of investigations that received a disposition in 2006. ² The number of "Children Subject of an Investigation" is based on the total number of children who were included in an investigation or assessment. ³ Victims are defined as children subject of a substantiated, indicated, or alternative response-victim maltreatment.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Statistics and Research, *Child Maltreatment 2006*, annual; <<http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/pubs/cm06/index.htm>>.

Table 331. State and Local Government Expenditures Per Capita by Criminal Justice Function and State: 2005

[In dollars]

State	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections	State	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections
Total	569	251	118	200	Missouri	419	200	74	145
Alabama	387	181	74	133	Montana	471	193	110	167
Alaska	841	311	231	299	Nebraska	414	170	81	164
Arizona	603	258	130	215	Nevada	718	324	163	230
Arkansas	413	173	75	164	New Hampshire	395	193	85	117
California	815	340	203	272	New Jersey	691	325	153	213
Colorado	539	255	92	192	New Mexico	603	246	118	239
Connecticut	559	238	155	165	New York	802	383	165	253
Delaware	700	282	160	258	North Carolina	427	193	59	175
District of Columbia	1,153	753	101	299	North Dakota	352	157	90	106
Florida	640	317	113	211	Ohio	526	230	134	162
Georgia	493	190	99	204	Oklahoma	420	177	75	168
Hawaii	535	210	192	134	Oregon	572	250	93	229
Idaho	453	182	95	175	Pennsylvania	536	192	114	230
Illinois	511	281	95	135	Rhode Island	569	271	134	164
Indiana	382	168	62	152	South Carolina	369	175	58	136
Iowa	381	180	91	110	South Dakota	359	160	79	119
Kansas	443	212	98	133	Tennessee	418	197	82	139
Kentucky	409	161	88	160	Texas	467	200	80	187
Louisiana	554	234	111	209	Utah	489	208	111	170
Maine	369	164	71	134	Vermont	459	216	88	155
Maryland	642	267	114	261	Virginia	502	214	85	204
Massachusetts	539	246	132	162	Washington	525	205	105	216
Michigan	562	224	114	223	West Virginia	356	123	100	134
Minnesota	483	231	112	140	Wisconsin	558	245	95	218
Mississippi	362	176	63	123	Wyoming	906	290	150	466

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Expenditures and Employment Statistics, Series NCJ 219370*; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/eande.htm>>.

Table 332. Detainees Under the Jurisdiction of the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE): 2000 to 2006

[Data obtained from the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement agency through the Bureau of Justice Statistics' (BJS) National Prisoners Statistics program]

Type of facility, reason, and offense	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	19,862	19,137	21,065	23,514	19,057	19,562	27,634
FACILITY							
ICE operated facilities	4,775	4,550	5,087	5,109	4,545	3,782	6,079
Private facilities under exclusive contracts to ICE	1,832	1,947	1,936	1,935	1,678	2,365	3,358
Federal Bureau of Prisons	1,417	1,276	1,100	1,338	1,214	860	574
Other federal facilities	178	162	130	88	50	46	18
Intergovernmental agreements	11,660	11,202	12,812	15,044	11,570	12,509	17,605
State prisons	383	419	453	477	178	276	96
Local jails	9,168	8,681	9,764	11,376	7,877	8,322	12,482
Other facilities	2,109	2,102	2,595	3,191	3,515	3,911	5,027
REASON HELD							
Immigration law violation	7,037	6,764	8,577	8,950	6,724	7,826	14,015
Criminal offenses	11,065	10,784	10,763	12,603	10,931	10,153	11,052
Pending charges	1,759	1,589	1,725	1,961	1,402	1,583	2,567
TYPE OF OFFENSE							
Total ²	12,826	12,373	12,488	14,564	12,333	11,736	13,619
Violent offenses	4,337	4,017	3,944	4,618	3,956	3,286	3,632
Drug offenses	4,055	3,994	3,920	4,291	3,718	3,365	3,796
Property offenses	1,728	1,792	1,839	2,151	1,914	1,792	1,957
Public-order offenses	1,295	1,361	1,574	2,135	1,744	2,253	2,611
Other/unspecified offenses	1,411	1,209	1,211	1,369	1,001	1,040	1,623

¹ Excludes 2 detainees for whom facility location was not reported. ² Includes detainees held for criminal offenses or pending charges.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2006*, Series NCJ 219416; and earlier reports; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/p06.htm>>.

Table 333. Prisoners Under Jurisdiction of Federal or State Correctional Authorities—Summary by State: 1990 to 2006

[For years ending December 31. To have jurisdiction over a prisoner, a state or the federal system must have legal authority over the prisoner. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

State	2006, advance			Percent change, 2005-2006	State	2006, advance							
	1990	2000	2005			Total	Percent change, 2005-2006	1990	2000	2005	Total	Percent change, 2005-2006	
U.S.¹	773,919	1,391,261	1,527,929	1,570,861	2.8								
Federal	65,526	145,416	187,618	193,046	2.9	MS.	8,375	20,241	20,515	21,068	2.7		
State	708,393	1,245,845	1,340,311	1,377,815	2.8	MO	14,943	27,543	30,823	30,167	-2.1		
						MT	1,425	3,105	3,532	3,572	1.1		
AL	15,665	26,332	27,888	28,241	1.3	NE	2,403	3,895	4,455	4,407	-1.1		
AK ²	2,622	4,173	4,812	5,069	5.3	NV	5,322	10,063	11,782	12,901	9.5		
AZ ³	14,261	26,510	33,565	35,892	6.9	NH	1,342	2,257	2,530	2,805	10.9		
AR	7,322	11,915	13,541	13,729	1.4	NJ	21,128	29,784	27,359	27,371	-		
CA	97,309	163,001	170,676	175,512	2.8	NM	3,187	5,342	6,571	6,639	1.0		
CO	7,671	16,833	21,456	22,481	4.8	NY	54,895	70,199	62,743	63,315	0.9		
CT ²	10,500	18,355	19,442	20,566	5.8	NC	18,411	31,266	36,365	37,460	3.0		
DC ^{4,5}	3,471	6,921	6,966	7,206	3.4	ND	483	1,076	1,385	1,363	-1.6		
DE	9,947	7,456	NA	NA	(X)	OH	31,822	45,833	45,854	49,166	7.2		
FL ³	44,387	71,319	89,768	92,969	3.6	OK	12,285	23,181	26,676	26,243	-2.2		
GA ³	22,411	44,232	48,749	52,792	8.3	OR	6,492	10,580	13,411	13,707	2.2		
HI	2,533	5,053	6,146	5,967	-2.9	PA	22,290	36,847	42,380	44,397	4.8		
ID	1,961	5,535	6,818	7,124	4.5	RI ²	2,392	3,286	3,654	3,996	9.4		
IL	27,516	45,281	44,919	45,106	0.4	SC	17,319	21,778	23,160	23,616	-2.0		
IN	12,736	20,125	24,455	26,091	6.7	SD	1,341	2,616	3,463	3,359	-3.0		
IA ³	3,967	7,955	8,737	8,875	1.6	TN	10,388	22,166	26,369	25,745	-2.4		
KS	5,775	8,344	9,068	8,816	-2.8	TX	50,042	166,719	169,003	172,116	1.8		
KY	9,023	14,919	19,662	20,000	1.7	UT	2,496	5,637	6,382	6,430	0.8		
LA	18,599	35,207	36,083	37,012	2.6	VT	1,049	1,697	2,078	2,215	6.6		
ME	1,523	1,679	2,023	2,120	4.8	VA	17,593	30,168	35,344	36,688	3.8		
MD	17,848	23,538	22,737	22,945	0.9	WA	7,995	14,915	17,382	17,561	1.0		
MA	8,345	10,722	10,701	11,032	3.1	WV	1,565	3,856	5,312	5,733	7.9		
MI	34,267	47,718	49,546	51,577	4.1	WI	7,465	20,754	22,697	23,431	3.2		
MN	3,176	6,238	9,281	9,108	-1.9	WY	1,110	1,680	2,047	2,114	3.3		

- Rounds to zero. NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ U.S. total includes federal prisoners not distributed by state. This total includes all inmates held in public and private adult correctional facilities. ² Data include both total jail and prison population. Prisons and jails form one integrated system. ³ Numbers are for custody rather than jurisdiction counts. ⁴ The transfer of responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia to the federal system was completed by the year end 2001. ⁵ The District of Columbia inmates sentenced to more than 1 year are now under the responsibility of the Bureau of Prisons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2006*, Series NCJ 219416; and earlier reports; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/p06.htm/>>.

Table 334. Adults on Probation or Parole, Incarcerated in Jail or Prison: 1980 to 2006

[As of December 31, except jail counts as of June 30]

Year	Total ¹	Supervision rate per 100,000 adults	Community supervision		Incarceration		Male ²	Female ²
			Probation	Parole	Jail	Prison		
1980	1,840,400	1.1	1,118,097	220,438	182,288	319,598	(NA)	(NA)
1985	3,011,500	1.7	1,968,712	300,203	254,986	487,593	2,606,000	405,500
1987	3,459,600	1.9	2,247,158	355,505	294,092	562,814	3,021,000	438,600
1988	3,714,100	2.0	2,356,483	407,977	341,893	607,766	3,223,000	491,100
1989	4,055,600	2.2	2,522,125	456,803	393,303	683,367	3,501,600	554,000
1990	4,350,343	2.3	2,670,234	531,407	405,320	743,382	3,746,300	601,700
1991	4,535,600	2.4	2,728,472	590,442	424,129	792,535	3,913,000	622,600
1992	4,762,600	2.5	2,811,611	658,601	441,781	850,566	4,050,300	712,300
1993	4,944,000	2.6	2,903,061	676,100	455,500	909,381	4,215,800	728,200
1994	5,141,300	2.7	2,981,022	690,371	479,800	990,147	4,377,400	763,900
1995	5,342,900	2.8	3,077,861	679,421	507,044	1,078,542	4,513,000	822,100
1996	5,482,700	2.8	3,164,996	679,733	510,400	1,127,528	4,629,900	852,800
1997	5,725,800	2.9	3,296,513	694,787	557,974	1,176,564	4,825,300	900,500
1998	6,126,100	3.1	3,670,441	696,385	584,372	1,224,469	(NA)	(NA)
1999	6,331,400	3.1	3,779,922	714,457	596,485	1,287,172	(NA)	(NA)
2000 ³	6,445,100	3.1	3,826,209	723,898	621,149	1,316,333	5,376,300	1,068,800
2001 ³	6,581,700	3.1	3,931,731	732,333	631,240	1,330,007	5,468,900	1,112,800
2002 ³	6,758,800	3.1	4,024,067	750,934	665,475	1,367,547	5,579,500	1,179,300
2003 ^{3,4}	6,924,500	3.2	4,120,012	769,925	691,301	1,390,279	5,724,200	1,200,300
2004 ³	6,995,100	3.2	4,143,792	771,852	713,990	1,421,345	5,767,300	1,227,800
2005 ³	7,047,800	3.1	4,166,757	780,616	747,529	1,444,321	5,819,800	1,228,000
2006, advance ³	7,211,400	3.2	4,237,023	798,202	766,010	1,492,973	5,910,000	1,301,400

NA Not available. ¹ Totals may not add due to individuals having multiple correctional statuses. ² Estimated. ³ The jail population includes juveniles held as adults. ⁴ Due to changes in reporting, total probation and parole counts include estimated counts for Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Washington based on reporting methods comparable to 2004-2006.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2006*, *Prisoners in 2006*, and *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear, 2006*. <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/correct.htm/>>.

Table 335. Jail Inmates by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1990 to 2006

[As of June 30. Data based on the Annual Survey of Jails, a sample survey and subject to sampling variability]

Characteristic	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total inmates ^{1, 2}	405,320	507,044	621,149	665,475	691,301	713,990	747,529	766,010
Incarceration rate per 100,000 residents	163	193	220	231	238	243	252	256
Rated capacity ^{3, 4}	389,171	545,763	677,787	713,899	736,471	755,603	789,001	810,863
Adult	403,019	499,300	613,534	658,228	684,431	706,907	740,770	759,906
Male	365,821	448,000	543,120	581,411	602,781	619,908	646,807	661,329
Female	37,198	51,300	70,414	76,817	81,650	86,999	93,963	98,577
Juveniles ⁵	2,301	7,800	7,615	7,248	8,869	7,083	6,759	6,104
White, non-Hispanic	169,600	203,300	260,500	291,800	301,200	317,400	331,000	336,600
Black, non-Hispanic	172,300	220,600	256,300	264,900	271,000	275,400	290,500	296,000
Hispanic/Latino	58,100	74,400	94,100	98,000	106,600	108,300	111,900	119,200
Other ⁶	5,400	8,800	10,200	10,800	12,500	12,900	13,000	13,500

¹ Total does not include offenders who were supervised outside of jail facilities. ² Race/Hispanic origin data do not include the two or more race data. ³ Beginning 1995, rated capacity subject to sampling error. ⁴ Rated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to facilities within each jurisdiction. ⁵ Juveniles are persons held under the age of 18. Includes juveniles who were tried or awaiting trial as adults. ⁶ Includes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, and Pacific Islanders.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Jail Inmates, annual; beginning 1995, *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear, Series NCJ 217675*, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/jails.htm>>.

Table 336. Prisoners Under State or Federal Jurisdiction, by Sex: 1980 to 2006

[Prisoners, as of December 31. Includes all persons under jurisdiction of federal and state authorities rather than those in the custody of such authorities. Represents inmates sentenced to maximum term of more than a year]

Year	Total ¹	Rate ²	State	Male	Female	Year	Total ¹	Rate ²	State	Male	Female
1980	315,974	139	295,363	303,643	12,331	1996	1,137,722	427	1,048,907	1,068,123	69,599
1985	480,568	202	447,873	459,223	21,345	1997	1,195,498	445	1,100,511	1,121,663	73,835
1987	560,812	231	521,289	533,990	26,822	1998	1,245,402	461	1,141,720	1,167,802	77,600
1988	603,732	247	560,994	573,587	30,145	1999	1,304,074	476	1,189,799	1,221,611	82,463
1989	680,907	276	633,739	643,643	37,264	2000	1,331,278	470	1,204,323	1,246,234	85,044
1990	739,980	297	689,577	699,416	40,564	2001	1,345,217	470	1,208,708	1,260,033	85,184
1991	789,610	313	732,914	745,808	43,802	2002	1,380,516	476	1,237,476	1,291,450	89,066
1992	846,277	332	780,571	799,776	46,501	2003	1,408,361	482	1,256,442	1,315,790	92,571
1993	932,674	359	857,675	878,037	54,037	2004	1,433,728	486	1,274,591	1,337,730	95,998
1994	1,016,691	389	936,896	956,566	60,125	2005	1,527,929	491	1,340,311	1,420,303	107,626
1995	1,085,022	411	1,001,359	1,021,059	63,963	2006	1,570,861	501	1,377,815	1,458,363	112,498

¹ Includes federal. ² Rate per 100,000 estimated population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population. ³ Decrease in incarceration rate from 1999 to 2000 due to use of new Census numbers.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2006*, Series NCJ 219416, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/p06.htm>>.

Table 337. Prisoners Under Sentence of Death by Characteristic: 1980 to 2006

[As of December 31. Excludes prisoners under sentence of death who remained within local correctional systems pending exhaustion of appellate process or who had not been committed to prison]

Characteristic	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total ^{1, 2}	688	2,346	3,064	3,465	3,540	3,601	3,577	3,562	3,377	3,320	3,245	3,228
White	418	1,368	1,732	1,917	1,960	1,989	1,968	1,939	1,882	1,856	1,802	1,802
Black and other	270	978	1,332	1,548	1,580	1,612	1,609	1,623	1,495	1,464	1,443	1,426
Under 20 years old	11	8	20	16	16	11	4	4	1	1	-	-
20 to 24 years old	173	168	264	273	251	237	192	153	133	95	61	51
25 to 34 years old	334	1,110	1,068	1,108	1,108	1,103	1,099	1,058	965	896	816	735
35 to 54 years old	186	1,006	1,583	1,897	1,958	2,019	2,043	2,069	1,969	1,977	2,012	2,043
55 years old and over	10	64	119	171	194	223	243	273	306	345	365	399
Years of school completed:												
7 years or less	68	178	191	208	201	214	212	215	213	207	192	186
8 years	74	186	195	218	221	233	236	234	227	221	206	195
9 to 11 years	204	775	979	1,122	1,142	1,157	1,145	1,130	1,073	1,053	1,030	1,015
12 years	162	729	995	1,128	1,157	1,184	1,183	1,173	1,108	1,091	1,105	1,098
More than 12 years	43	209	272	301	307	315	304	294	270	262	256	248
Unknown	163	279	422	488	499	490	501	511	483	480	465	486
Marital status:												
Never married	268	998	1,412	1,645	1,689	1,749	1,763	1,746	1,641	1,622	1,586	1,577
Married	229	632	718	752	731	739	716	709	684	658	649	626
Divorced	217	726	924	1,068	1,107	1,105	1,102	1,102	1,049	1,034	1,019	1,025
Time elapsed since sentencing:												
Less than 12 months	185	231	287	293	259	208	151	147	137	117	122	105
12 to 47 months	389	753	784	816	800	786	734	609	495	421	399	382
48 to 71 months	102	438	423	482	499	507	476	468	451	388	299	262
72 months and over	38	934	1,560	1,874	1,969	2,092	2,220	2,333	2,291	2,388	2,434	2,479
Legal status at arrest:												
Not under sentence	384	1,345	1,764	2,036	2,088	2,202	2,189	2,165	2,048	2,026	1,979	1,952
Parole or probation	115	578	866	879	886	921	918	909	845	809	792	778
Prison or escaped	45	128	110	127	125	126	135	141	137	145	144	142
Unknown	170	305	314	423	428	344	339	342	344	334	339	356

- Represents zero. ¹ Revisions to the total number of prisoners were not carried to the characteristics except for race. ² Includes races not shown separately. ³ Includes persons married but separated, widows, widowers, and unknown. ⁴ Includes prisoners on mandatory conditional release, work release, other leave, AWOL, or bail. Covers 28 prisoners in 1990, 33 in 1995, 26 in 1998, 21 in 1999 and 2000, and 17 in 2001, 2002, and 2003; 15 in 2004; and 14 in 2005 and 2006.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, Series NCJ 220219, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cp.htm>>.

Table 338. Movement of Prisoners Under Sentence of Death: 1980 to 2006

[Prisoners reported under sentence of death by civil authorities. The term "under sentence of death" begins when the court pronounces the first sentence of death for a capital offense]

Status	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Under sentence of death, Jan. 1	595	2,243	2,905	3,328	3,465	3,540	3,601	3,577	3,562	3,377	3,320	3,245
Received death sentence ¹	203	244	310	285	272	214	155	159	144	125	128	115
White	125	147	168	145	157	122	89	83	92	75	70	72
Black	77	94	138	132	104	86	61	73	44	50	52	42
Dispositions other than executions	101	108	105	93	112	76	109	108	267	129	134	79
Executions	—	23	56	68	98	85	66	71	65	59	60	53
Under sentence of death, Dec. 31 ^{1, 2}	697	2,356	3,054	3,452	3,527	3,593	3,581	3,557	3,374	3,314	3,254	3,228
White	425	1,375	1,730	1,906	1,948	1,990	1,969	1,931	1,878	1,850	1,805	1,802
Black	268	943	1,275	1,486	1,514	1,535	1,538	1,554	1,418	1,390	1,372	1,352

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes races other than White or Black. ² Revisions to total number of prisoners under death sentence not carried to this category.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, annual. Series NCJ 220219. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/html/cp/2006/cp06st.htm>>.

Table 339. Prisoners Executed Under Civil Authority by Sex and Race: 1930 to 2007

[Excludes executions by military authorities. The Army (including the Air Force) carried out 160 (148 between 1942 and 1950; 3 each in 1954, 1955, and 1957; and 1 each in 1958, 1959, and 1961). Of the total, 106 were executed for murder (including 21 involving rape), 53 for rape, and 1 for desertion. The Navy carried out no executions during the period]

Year or period	Total ¹	Male	Female	White	Black	Executed for murder		
						Total ¹	White	Black
All years, 1930–2007	4,958	4,915	43	2,459	2,442	4,433	2,372	2,006
1930 to 1939	1,667	1,656	11	827	816	1,514	803	687
1940 to 1949 ²	1,284	1,272	12	490	781	1,064	458	595
1950 to 1959 ²	717	709	8	336	376	601	316	280
1960 to 1967	191	190	1	98	93	155	87	68
1968 to 1976	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1977 to 2007	1,099	1,088	11	708	376	1,099	708	376
1985	18	18	—	11	7	18	11	7
1990	23	23	—	16	7	23	16	7
1991	14	14	—	7	7	14	7	7
1992	31	31	—	19	11	31	19	11
1993	38	38	—	23	14	38	23	14
1994	31	31	—	20	11	31	20	11
1995	56	56	—	33	22	56	33	22
1996	45	45	—	31	14	45	31	14
1997	74	74	—	45	27	74	45	27
1998	68	66	2	48	18	68	48	18
1999	98	98	—	61	33	98	61	33
2000	85	83	2	49	35	85	49	35
2001	66	63	3	48	17	66	48	17
2002	71	69	2	53	18	71	53	18
2003	65	65	—	44	20	65	44	20
2004	59	59	—	39	19	59	39	19
2005	60	59	1	41	19	60	41	19
2006	53	53	—	32	21	53	32	21
2007	42	42	—	28	14	42	28	14

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes races other than White or Black. ² Includes 25 armed robbery, 20 kidnapping, 11 burglary, 8 espionage (6 in 1942 and 2 in 1953), and 6 aggravated assault.

Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States*, Series NCJ 220219, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/html/cp/2006/cp06st.htm>> and *Capital Punishment*, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cp06.htm>>.

Table 340. Prisoners Executed Under Civil Authority by State: 1977 to 2007

[Alaska, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Jersey, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wisconsin are jurisdictions without a death penalty]

State	1977 to 2007					State	1977 to 2007					State	1977 to 2007				
	2007	2004	2005	2006	2007		2007	2004	2005	2006	2007		2007	2004	2005	2006	2007
U.S.	1,099	59	60	53	42	IL	12	—	—	—	—	OK	86	6	4	4	3
AL	38	2	4	1	3	IN	19	—	5	1	2	OR	2	—	—	—	—
AZ	23	—	—	—	1	LA	27	—	—	—	—	PA	3	—	—	—	—
AR	27	1	1	—	—	MD	5	1	1	—	—	SC	37	4	3	1	1
CA	13	—	2	1	—	MS	8	—	1	1	—	TN	4	—	—	—	1
DE	14	—	1	—	—	MO	66	—	5	—	—	TX	405	23	19	24	26
FL	64	2	1	4	—	NV	12	2	—	1	—	UT	6	—	—	—	—
GA	40	2	3	—	1	NC	43	4	5	4	—	VA	98	5	—	4	—
ID	1	—	—	—	—	ND	26	7	4	5	2	WA	4	—	—	—	—
						OH	26	7	4	5	2	WY	1	—	—	—	—

— Represents zero. Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment*, Series NCJ 220219, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cp.htm>>.

Table 341. Fire Losses—Total and Per Capita: 1980 to 2006

[5,579 represents \$5,579,000,000. Includes allowance for uninsured and unreported losses but excludes losses to government property and forests. Represents incurred losses]

Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)
1980	5,579	24.56	1991	11,302	44.82	1999	12,428	45.58
1984	7,602	32.35	1992	13,588	53.28	2000	13,457	47.68
1985	7,753	32.70	1993	11,331	43.96	2001 ²	17,118	60.04
1986	8,488	35.21	1994	12,778	49.08	2002	17,586	61.07
1987	8,504	34.96	1995	11,887	45.23	2003	21,129	72.65
1988	9,626	39.11	1996	12,544	47.29	2004	17,344	59.06
1989	9,514	38.33	1997	12,940	48.32	2005	20,427	68.89
1990	9,495	38.07	1998	11,510	45.59	2006	18,072	60.36

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Enumerated population as of April 1 for 1980, 1990, and 2000. ² Does not include insured fire losses related to terrorism.

Source: Based on data from ISO; Highline Data LLC; Insurance Information Institute, New York, NY, *The III Insurance Fact Book*, annual (copyright).

Table 342. Fires—Number and Loss by Type and Property Use: 2003 to 2006

[1,584 represents 1,584,000 and property loss of 12,367 represents \$12,367,000,000. Based on annual sample survey of fire departments. No adjustments were made for unreported fires and losses]

Type and property use	Number (1,000)				Direct property loss (mil. dol.) ¹			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2003	2004	2005	2006
Fires, total	1,584	1,550	1,602	1,642	12,367	9,794	10,672	11,307
Structure	520	526	511	524	8,678	8,314	9,193	9,636
Outside of structure ²	66	69	78	82	162	108	93	262
Brush and rubbish	550	514	594	627	—	—	—	—
Vehicle	312	297	290	278	1,356	1,304	1,318	1,319
Other	136	144	129	131	2,171	68	68	90
Structure by property use:								
Public assembly	14	13	13	13	302	316	320	444
Educational	7	7	6	6	69	68	67	105
Institutional	7	6	8	8	28	25	40	42
Stores and offices	25	24	23	20	721	586	687	691
Residential	402	411	396	413	6,074	5,948	6,875	6,990
1–2 family units ⁴	297	302	287	304	5,052	4,948	5,781	5,936
Apartments	92	94	94	92	897	885	948	896
Other residential ⁵	13	15	15	17	125	115	146	158
Storage ³	32	32	30	29	675	748	590	650
Industry, utility, defense ⁶	11	12	12	12	625	423	376	573
Special structures	22	21	23	23	184	200	238	141

— Represents zero. ¹ Direct property damage figures do not include indirect losses, like business interruption, and adjustments for inflation. ² Includes outside storage, crops, timber, etc. ³ Includes Southern California wildfires where there was an estimated \$2.044 billion in property loss. ⁴ Includes mobile homes. ⁵ Includes hotels and motels, college dormitories, boarding houses, etc. ⁶ Data underreported as some incidents were handled by private fire brigades or fixed suppression systems which do not report.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, "2006 U.S. Fire Loss," *NFPA Journal*, November 2007, and prior issues (copyright 2007); <<http://www.nfpa.org/index.asp>>.

Table 343. Fires and Property Loss for Incendiary and Suspicious Fires and Civilian Fire Deaths and Injuries by Selected Property Type: 2003 to 2006

[520 represents 520,000. Based on sample survey of fire departments]

Characteristic	2003	2004	2005	2006	Characteristic	2003	2004	2005	2006
NUMBER (1,000)					CIVILIAN FIRE DEATHS				
Structure fires, total	520	526	511	524	Deaths, total²	3,925	3,900	3,675	3,245
Structure fires that were intentionally set	38	37	32	31	Residential property	3,165	3,225	3,055	2,620
PROPERTY LOSS¹ (mil. dol.)					1- and 2-family dwellings	2,735	2,680	2,575	2,155
Structure fires, total	8,678	8,314	9,193	9,636	Apartments	410	510	460	425
Structure fires that were intentionally set	692	714	664	775	Vehicles	475	550	520	490
					CIVILIAN FIRE INJURIES				
					Injuries, total²	18,125	17,785	17,925	16,400
					Residential property	14,075	14,175	13,825	12,925
					1- and 2-family dwellings	10,000	10,500	10,300	8,800
					Apartments	3,650	3,200	3,000	3,700
					Vehicles	1,600	1,500	1,650	1,200

¹ Direct property loss only. ² Includes other not shown separately.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, "2006 U.S. Fire Loss," *NFPA Journal*, November 2007, and prior issues (copyright 2007); <<http://www.nfpa.org/index.asp>>.