#### Section 11

### Social Insurance and Human Services

This section presents data related to governmental expenditures for social insurance and human services; governmental programs for old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance (OASDHI); governmental employee retirement: private pension plans: government unemployment and temporary disability insurance; federal supplemental security income payments and aid to the needy; child and other welfare services; and federal food programs. Also included here are selected data on workers' compensation and vocational rehabilitation, child support, child care, charity contributions, and philanthropic trusts and foundations.

The principal source for these data is the Social Security Administration's Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin which presents current data on many of the programs.

Social insurance under the Social **Security Act**—Programs established by the Social Security Act provide protection against wage loss resulting from retirement, prolonged disability, death, or unemployment, and protection against the cost of medical care during old age and disability. The federal OASDI program provides monthly benefits to retired or disabled insured workers and their dependents and to survivors of insured workers. To be eligible, a worker must have had a specified period of employment in which OASDI taxes were paid. The age of eligibility for full retirement benefits had been 65 years old for many years. However, for persons born in 1938 or later that age gradually increases until it reaches age 67 for those born after 1959. Reduced benefits may be obtained as early as age 62. The worker's spouse is under the same limitations. Survivor benefits are payable to dependents of deceased insured workers. Disability benefits are payable to an insured worker under full retirement age with a prolonged disability and to the disabled worker's dependents on the same basis as

dependents of retired workers. Disability benefits are provided at age 50 to the disabled widow or widower of a deceased worker who was fully insured at the time of death. Disabled children, aged 18 or older, of retired, disabled, or deceased workers are also eligible for benefits. A lump sum benefit is generally payable on the death of an insured worker to a spouse or minor children. For information on the medicare program, see Section 3. Health and Nutrition.

Retirement, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance benefits are funded by a payroll tax on annual earnings (up to a maximum of earnings set by law) of workers, employers, and the selfemployed. The maximum taxable earnings are adjusted annually to reflect increasing wage levels (see Table 531). Effective January 1994, there is no dollar limit on wages and self-employment income subject to the hospital insurance tax. Tax receipts and benefit payments are administered through federal trust funds. Special benefits for uninsured persons; hospital benefits for persons aged 65 and over with specified amounts of social security coverage less than that required for cash benefit eligibility; and that part of the cost of supplementary medical insurance not financed by contributions from participants are financed from federal general revenues.

Unemployment insurance is presently administered by the U.S. Employment and Training Administration and each state's employment security agency. By agreement with the U.S. Secretary of Labor, state agencies also administer unemployment compensation for eligible ex-military personnel and federal employees. Under state unemployment insurance laws, benefits related to the individual's past earnings are paid to unemployed eligible workers. State laws vary concerning the length of time benefits are paid and their amount. In most states, benefits are payable for 26 weeks and, during periods

of high unemployment, extended benefits are payable under a federal-state program to those who have exhausted their regular state benefits. Some states also supplement the basic benefit with allowances for dependents.

Unemployment insurance is funded by a federal unemployment tax levied on the taxable payrolls of most employers. Taxable payroll under the federal act and 12 state laws is the first \$7,000 in wages paid each worker during a year. Forty-one states have taxable payrolls above \$7,000. Employers are allowed a percentage credit of taxable payroll for contributions paid to states under state unemployment insurance laws. The remaining percent of the federal tax finances administrative costs, the federal share of extended benefits, and advances to states. About 97 percent of wage and salary workers are covered by unemployment insurance.

Retirement programs for government employees—The Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS) and the Federal Employees' Retirement System (FERS) are the two major programs providing age and service, disability, and survivor annuities for federal civilian employees. In general, employees hired after December 31, 1983, are covered under FERS and the social security program (OASDHI), and employees on staff prior to that date are members of CSRS and are covered under Medicare. CSRS employees were offered the option of transferring to FERS during 1987 and 1998. There are separate retirement systems for the uniformed services (supplementing OASDHI) and for certain special groups of federal employees. State and local government employees are covered for the most part by state and local retirement systems similar to the federal programs. In many jurisdictions these benefits supplement OASDHI coverage.

Workers' compensation—All states provide protection against work-connected injuries and deaths, although some states exclude certain workers (e.g., domestic workers). Federal laws cover federal employees, private employees in the District of Columbia, and longshoremen and harbor workers. In addition, the Department of Labor administers "black lung"

benefits programs for coal miners disabled by pneumoconiosis and for specified dependents and survivors. Specified occupational diseases are compensable to some extent. In most states, benefits are related to the worker's salary. The benefits may or may not be augmented by dependents' allowances or automatically adjusted to prevailing wage levels.

Income support—Income support programs are designed to provide benefits for persons with limited income and resources. The Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program are the major programs providing monthly payments. In addition, a number of programs provide money payments or in-kind benefits for special needs or purposes. Several programs offer food and nutritional services. Also, various federalstate programs provide energy assistance, public housing, and subsidized housing to individuals and families with low incomes. General assistance may also be available at the state or local level.

The SSI program, administered by the Social Security Administration, provides income support to persons aged 65 or older and blind or disabled adults and children. Eligibility requirements and federal payment standards are nationally uniform. Most states supplement the basic SSI payment for all or selected categories of persons.

The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 contained provisions that replaced the Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC), Job Opportunities and Basic Skills (JOBS), and Emergency Assistance programs with the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families block grant program. This law contains strong work requirements, comprehensive child support enforcement, support for families moving from welfare to work, and other features. The TANF became effective as soon as each state submitted a complete plan implementing TANF, but no later than July 1, 1997. The AFDC program provided cash assistance based on need, income, resources, and family size.

Federal food stamp program-Under the food stamp program, single persons and those living in households meeting nationwide standards for income and assets may receive coupons redeemable for food at most retail food stores or provides benefits through electronic benefit transfer. The monthly amount of benefits or allotments a unit receives is determined by household size and income. Households without income receive the determined monthly cost of a nutritionally adequate diet for their household size. This amount is updated to account for food price increases. Households with income receive the difference between the amount of a nutritionally adequate diet and 30 percent of their income, after certain allowable deductions.

To qualify for the program, a household must have less than \$2,000 in disposable assets (\$3,000 if one member is aged 60 or older), gross income below 130 percent of the official poverty guidelines for the household size, and net income below 100 percent of the poverty guidelines. Households with a person aged 60 or older or a disabled person receiving SSI, social security, state general assistance, or veterans' disability benefits may have gross income exceeding 130 percent of the poverty guidelines. All households in which all members receive TANF or SSI are categorically eligible for food stamps without meeting these income or resource criteria. Households are certified for varying lengths of time, depending on their income sources and individual circumstances

#### Health and welfare services—

Programs providing health and welfare services are aided through federal grants to states for child welfare services, vocational rehabilitation, activities for the aged, maternal and child health services. maternity and infant care projects, comprehensive health services, and a variety of public health activities. For information about the Medicaid program, see Section 3. Health and Nutrition.

Noncash benefits—The U.S. Census Bureau annually collects data on the characteristics of recipients of noncash (inkind) benefits to supplement the collection of annual money income data in the Current Population Survey (see text, Section 1, Population, and Section 14, Prices). Noncash benefits are those benefits received in a form other than money which serve to enhance or improve the economic well-being of the recipient. As for money income, the data for noncash benefits are for the calendar year prior to the date of the interview. The major categories of noncash benefits covered are public transfers (e.g., food stamps, school lunch, public housing, and Medicaid) and employer or union-provided benefits to emplovees.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of statistical reliability applicable to HHS and Census Bureau data, see Appendix III.

### Table 525. Government Transfer Payments to Individuals—Summary: 1980 to 2004

[In billions of dollars (263.4 represents \$263,400,000,000)]

Year	Total	Retirement & disability insurance benefits	Medical payments	Income maintenance benefits	Unemployment insurance benefits	Veterans benefits	Federal education & training assistance payments 1	Other <sup>2</sup>
1980	263.4	128.8	62.6	34.3	18.7	14.7	4.1	0.2
1990	561.5	264.2	188.8	63.5	18.2	17.7	7.3	1.8
1994	795.2	335.1	310.7	95.6	24.0	19.7	8.6	1.5
1995	840.0	350.3	336.5	100.4	21.8	20.5	9.0	1.4
1996	883.1	364.9	361.7	102.6	22.4	21.4	8.6	1.6
1997	912.8	379.3	377.3	100.5	20.3	22.2	11.5	1.6
1998	932.6	391.8	383.7	101.1	19.9	23.2	11.2	1.8
1999	966.5	402.5	401.1	104.8	20.8	24.1	11.4	1.9
2000	1,018.1	424.8	427.7	106.6	20.7	24.9	11.0	2.4
2001	1,117.2	450.4	482.5	109.4	32.2	26.5	13.1	3.1
2002	1,220.0	474.9	525.4	119.7	53.7	29.3	14.5	2.4
2003	1,282.5	493.9	555.3	131.2	53.6	31.6	13.9	3.0
2004	1,361.7	517.8	609.0	141.5	37.1	33.8	14.8	7.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See footnote 9, Table 526. <sup>2</sup> See footnote 10, Table 526.

Table 526. Government Transfer Payments to Individuals by Type: 1990 to 2004

[In millions of dollars (561,484 represents \$561,484,000,000)

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total	561,484	840,034	1,018,106	1,117,218	1,219,954	1,282,540	1,361,666
Retirement & disability insurance benefit							
payments	264,230	350,310	424,810	450,415	474,863	493,894	517,840
Old age, survivors', & disability insurance	244,135	327,667			446,690	463,406	485,932
Railroad retirement and disability	7,221	8,028	8,265	8,411	8,700	8,855	9,009
(federal & state)	8.618	10.530	10.845	11,673	13,318	14.189	14.801
Other government disability insurance &	0,0.0	.0,000	.0,0.0	,	.0,0.0	,	,
retirement 1	4.256	4.085	4.482	5,250	6,155	7.444	8.098
Medical payments	188.808	336,506	427,689	482,527	525,387	555,259	609,035
Medicare	107.638	179,147	219,612	243,462	260,777	275.875	303.322
Medicare	78,176	155,007	205.021	234.644	258,560	274,272	299.667
Military medical insurance 3	2.994	2.352	3.056	4,421	6.050	5.112	6.046
Income maintenance benefit payments	63.481	100,443	106,616	109,403	119,718	131,225	141,490
Supplemental security income (SSI)	16.670	27.726	31,675	33.162	34,664	35,703	37.299
Family assistance 4	19,187	22,637	18,440	18,106	17,684	18.367	18,492
	14.741	22,447	14.896	16,000	18,612	22,127	25.779
Food stamps	12.883	27,633	41,605	42.135	48,758	55.028	59.920
Unemployment insurance benefit payments	18,208	21,838	20,680	32,155	53,742	53,583	37,119
State unemployment insurance	.0,200	21,000	20,000	02,.00	00,7 12	00,000	0,,
compensation	17.644	20,937	19,913	31,383	52,751	52,365	35,605
Unemployment compensation for federal	.,,	20,00.	.0,0.0	0.,000	02,701	02,000	00,000
civilian employees	215	339	226	209	331	333	281
Unemployment compensation for railroad		000				000	
employees	89	62	81	98	96	95	79
Unemployment compensation for veterans	144	320		183	281	365	431
Other unemployment compensation 6	116	180	278	282	283	425	723
Veterans' benefit payments	17.687	20.546	24.935	26.500	29.333	31.607	33.806
Veterans' pension and disability	15,550	17,565	21,895	23,287	25,933	27,955	29,956
Veterans' readjustment 7	257	1.086	1.323	1,510		1,934	2.159
Veterans' life insurance benefits	1.868	1.884				1,706	1.678
Other assistance to veterans 8	12	11	10		11	12	13
Federal education & training assistance							
payments 9	7.300	9.007	10.985	13.129	14.523	13.947	14.833
payments <sup>9</sup>	1,770	1,384	2,391	3,089	2,388	3,025	7,543

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Consists largely of temporary disability payments, pension benefit guaranty payments, and black lung payments. <sup>2</sup> Consists of medicaid and other medical vendor payments. <sup>3</sup> Consists of payments made under the TriCare Management Program (formerly called CHAMPUS) for the medical care of dependents of active duty military personnel and of retired military personnel and their dependents at nonmilitary medical facilities. <sup>4</sup> Through 1995, consists of emergency assistance and aid to tamilities with dependent children. Beginning with 1998, consists of benefits—generity known as temporary assistance and aid to tamilities with dependent children. Beginning with 1998, consists of benefits—generity known as temporary assistance or needy families—provided under the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. <sup>5</sup> Consists largely of general assistance, expenditures for food under the supplemental program for women, infants, and children; refugee assistance; foster home care and adoption assistance; earned income tax credits; and energy assistance. <sup>6</sup> Consists of trade readjustment allowance payments, Redwood Park benefit payments, public service employment benefit payments, and transitional benefit payments. Consists largely of veterans; readjustment benefit payments for autos and conveyances for disabled veterans. <sup>8</sup> Consists largely of state and local government payments to veterans. <sup>9</sup> Excludes veterans. Consists largely of federal fellowship payments to veterans. <sup>9</sup> Excludes veterans to state maritime academy cadets, and other federal fellowships), interest subsidy on higher education loans, basic educational opportunity grants, and Job Corps payments. <sup>10</sup> Consists largely of Bureau of Indian Affairs payments, education exchange payments, Alaska Permanent Fund dividend payments, compensation of survivors of public safety officers, compensation of victims of crime, disaster relief payments, compensation for Japanese internment, and other special payments to individuals to individu

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Regional Accounts Data, Annual State Personal Income"; <a href="http://www.bea.gov/bea/regional/spi/">http://www.bea.gov/bea/regional/spi/</a>; (accessed 31 January 2006).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Regional Accounts Data, Annual State Personal Income"; <a href="http://www.bea.gov/bea/regional/spi/">http://www.bea.gov/bea/regional/spi/</a>; (accessed 31 January 2006).

#### Table 527. Government Transfer Payments to Individuals by State: 2000 to 2004

[In millions of dollars (1,018,106 represents \$1,018,106,000,000)]

						20	04			
State	<b>2000</b> , total	<b>2003</b> , total	Total	Retire- ment & disability insurance benefits	Medical payments	Income mainte- nance benefits	Unem- ployment insurance benefits	Veterans' benefits	Federal education & training assistance payments <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>
U.S	1,018,106	1,282,540	1,361,666	517,840	609,035	141,490	37,119	33,806	14,833	7,543
AL	16,643	20,758	21,950	8,891	9,094	2,584	285	792	289	15
	2,966	3,164	3,113	637	1,317	342	124	124	16	554
	15,959	22,383	24,320	9,752	10,625	2,288	359	797	369	130
	10,006	12,652	13,593	5,374	5,719	1,469	296	547	181	6
	114,559	147,326	156,745	53,003	71,071	22,582	5,221	2,890	1,788	190
CO	11,169	14,680	15,387	6,465	6,294	1,368	419	604	196	40
	14,086	16,599	17,738	6,864	8,483	1,293	598	259	105	137
	2,857	3,661	3,915	1,653	1,721	299	116	88	30	8
	2,709	3,271	3,362	683	1,893	500	73	130	52	32
	64,208	81,297	87,150	36,080	38,886	7,626	1,175	2,548	799	38
GA	23,696	30,899	33,272	12,352	14,450	4,202	674	1,157	401	35
	3,844	4,689	5,072	2,086	1,992	640	121	182	44	6
	3,804	4,997	5,381	2,384	2,082	443	177	191	95	9
	41,726	51,500	53,598	21,500	22,842	5,621	2,165	791	623	55
	20,081	24,684	26,316	11,723	10,637	2,337	746	505	355	13
IA	10,046	12,173	12,730	5,901	5,089	938	334	270	187	12
	8,908	10,790	11,264	5,008	4,566	887	333	308	152	11
	15,778	19,060	20,546	8,045	8,764	2,399	499	571	258	11
	16,582	20,796	22,933	7,275	11,312	3,101	321	608	302	14
	5,307	6,757	7,234	2,610	3,487	614	139	314	59	11
MD	16,981	21,663	22,778	8,592	10,862	1,901	529	573	210	111
	26,471	32,815	34,226	11,515	17,395	2,643	1,517	704	260	194
	36,675	45,147	47,080	19,490	19,614	4,781	1,992	726	455	22
	15,748	20,441	21,633	8,523	10,008	1,601	730	523	233	14
	10,803	13,836	14,902	5,170	6,869	1,982	191	428	247	14
MO	20,904	26,186	27,778	11,113	12,602	2,512	579	674	278	20
	3,127	3,717	4,008	1,872	1,476	343	82	166	60	9
	5,694	7,033	7,397	3,150	3,071	665	133	280	93	5
	5,588	7,751	8,440	3,723	3,390	654	285	307	63	18
	3,918	4,816	5,301	2,340	2,316	303	97	179	43	22
NJ	33,092	41,282	42,896	17,103	18,736	2,725	1,978	613	322	1,418
	6,014	7,974	8,601	2,973	3,839	1,023	146	409	127	83
	95,735	118,430	128,601	36,495	69,215	14,020	2,641	1,408	1,222	3,600
	28,108	36,004	38,907	14,980	16,634	4,497	1,020	1,302	443	31
	2,322	2,616	2,732	1,239	1,094	206	45	85	45	17
OH OK	43,149	53,463	56,357	23,700	24,313	5,384	1,332	1,058	541	29
	11,999	15,104	15,880	6,381	6,444	1,728	246	831	229	22
	12,243	15,429	15,942	7,115	5,904	1,443	723	551	187	19
	54,928	66,462	69,725	27,424	32,409	5,517	2,482	1,250	556	87
	4,748	5,873	6,352	2,317	3,082	522	214	137	65	16
SC	14,340	18,338	19,898	7,807	8,450	2,335	404	655	231	16
	2,490	3,013	3,197	1,369	1,312	263	33	131	52	36
	21,864	27,454	29,290	10,925	13,410	3,301	546	805	285	19
	59,911	78,473	82,867	29,457	36,625	10,649	1,919	2,949	1,149	120
	4,962	6,414	6,806	3,052	2,580	598	176	178	188	34
VT	2,245	2,843	2,991	1,142	1,374	281	84	82	27	1
VA	19,916	25,222	26,858	11,839	10,499	2,513	448	1,086	298	174
WA	20,817	26,512	27,061	11,621	10,527	2,331	1,243	1,032	271	36
WV	8,894	11,575	12,130	5,845	4,492	1,099	187	386	114	6
WI	17,902	22,492	23,249	10,260	9,341	1,971	899	552	210	18
WY	1,583	2,025	2,162	1,022	827	165	47	70	27	3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes veterans. Consists largely of federal fellowship payments (National Science Foundation, fellowships and traineeships, subsistence payments to state maritime academy cadets, and other federal fellowships), interest subsidy on higher education loans, basic educational opportunity grants, and Job Corps payments. <sup>2</sup> Consists largely of Bureau of Indian Affairs payments, education exchange payments, Alaska Permanent Fund dividend payments, compensation of survivors of public safety officers, compensation of victims of crime, disaster relief payments, compensation for Japanese internment, and other special payments to individuals.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Regional Accounts Data, Annual State Personal Income"; <a href="http://www.bea.gov/bea/regional/spi/">http://www.bea.gov/bea/regional/spi/>;</a>; (accessed 31 January 2006).

#### Table 528. Number of Persons With Income by Specified Sources of Income: 2004

[In thousands (205,146 represents 205,146,000). Persons 15 years old and over as of March of the following year. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Sections 1 and 13, and Appendix III]

	Total					
Source of income	persons	Under 65	65 years old			Hispanig
	with income	years old	and over	White <sup>1</sup>	Black <sup>2</sup>	origin <sup>3</sup>
Total	205,146	170,959	34,187	169,478	22,695	23,644
Earnings	153,355	147,007	6,348	126,255	16,893	19,660
Wages and salary	143,905	138,584	5,321	117,989	16,315	18,703
Nonfarm self-employment	12,858	11,851	1,007	11,182	841	1,192
Farm self-employment		2,313	312	2,357	148	162
Unemployment compensation	6,354	6,180	174	5,046	894	705
State or local only	6,030	5,862	168	4,793	842	663
Combinations	324	319	6	253	52	42
Workers' compensation State payments	2,087 746	1,971 725	116 21	1,666 592	269 84	292 142
Employment insurance		848	45	736	103	110
Own insurance		36	6	33	8	110
Other	442	396	46	330	82	45
Social security, railroad retirement	41,089	10.044	31,045	35,585	3,928	2,495
Supplemental security income (SSI)		4.155	1,179	3,645	1,281	806
Public assistance	2,080	2,030	49	1,218	714	421
Public assistance	1,591	1,565	25	887	588	321
Other assistance only	434	411	23	300	104	85
Both		54	1	32	21	.15
Veterans' payments	2,575	1,458	1,117	2,211	261	117
Disability only	1,409	900	509	1,221	139	65
Survivors only	306	98	208	249	43	9
Pension only	554 60	245 60	309	479 50	50 6	26 8
Education only	114	57	- 57	102	6	6
Combinations		97	35	110	16	2
Means-tested		231	180	328	64	21
Nonmeans-tested	2.164	1.227	937	1.884	197	97
Survivors' benefits	2,743	977	1,767	2,483	179	121
Company or union	1,282	285	996	1,177	72	57
Federal government	278	61	217	251	18	22
Military retirement	136	46	90	119	8	6
State or local government	220	80	141	188	25	10
Disability benefits		1,588	149	1,349	277	192
Workers' compensation	62 447	50 418	12 29	43 368	15 51	5 40
Company or union	135	120	15	107	21	9
Military retirement		32	12	35	6	1
State or local government	356	314	42	275	55	56
Pensions	15.901	5.077	10.825	14.213	1.174	568
Company or union		3.378	7.885	10,116	802	475
Federal government	1,772	562	1,210	1,523	169	81
Military retirement	1,095	654	441	951	99	37
State or local government	3,896	1,584	2,313	3,436	315	155
Property income 5	103,705	84,113	19,592	91,541	6,251	6,039
Interest	97,651	79,392	18,259	86,292	5,822	5,628
Dividends	36,262	29,192	7,070	32,893	1,391	1,144
Rents, royalities, estates or trusts		8,460	2,949	10,262	546 1.202	646 799
Education	8,011 1,725	7,988 1.721	23 4	6,188 1.197	405	222
Pell grant only	1,725	1,103	6	848	179	144
Scholarships only		2,357	2	1,913	242	171
Child support	5,621	5,595	26	4,432	944	616
Alimony	505	450	55	449	31	41
Financial assistance from outside				-		
the household	2,133	1,968	164	1,656	267	148
Other income	596	520	76	465	63	59
Combinations of income types:						
Government transfer payments	59,033	26,703	32,330	49,103	7,138	4,681
Public assistance or SSI	7,172	5,948	1,225	4,707	1,930	1,189

<sup>-</sup> Represents or rounds to zero. <sup>1</sup> Beginning with the 2003 CPS respondents could choose one or more races. For example, "White" refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. The use of this single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. Information on people who reported more than one race, such as "Sasian and Black or African American," is available from Census 2000 through American FactFinder. <sup>2</sup> "Black" refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. <sup>3</sup> Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. <sup>3</sup> Testing the people of the program of the program of the program and the program of the pr people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. <sup>3</sup> Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. 
<sup>4</sup> TANF—Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program; AFDC—Aid to Families with Dependent Children program. 
<sup>5</sup> Includes estates and trusts reported as survivor benefits.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Table PINC-09. Source of Income in 2004—Number With Income and Mean Income of Specified Type in 2004 of People 15 Years Old and Over, by Race, Hispanic Origin and Sex." See also <a href="http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032005/perinc/new09\_000.htm">http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032005/perinc/new09\_000.htm</a>.

#### Table 529. Households Receiving Means-Tested Noncash Benefits: 1980 to 2002

[In thousands (82,368 represents 82,368,000), except percent. Households as of March of following year. Covers civilian noninstitutional population, including persons in the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post. A means-tested benefit program requires that the household's income and/or assets fall below specified guidelines in order to qualify for benefits. There are general trends toward underestimation of noncash beneficiaries. Households are classified according poverty status of family or nonfamily householder; for explanation of poverty level, see text, Section 13. Data for 1980 and 1990 based on 1980 census population controls; 1995 and 2000 based on 1990 census population controls; beginning 2002, based on Census 2000 population controls and a 28,000 household sample expansion to 78,000 households. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

						20	02	
Type of benefit received						Below p		Above
	1980	1990	1995	2001	Total	Number	Percent of total	poverty
Total households	<b>82,368</b> 14,266 7,860 6,407	<b>94,312</b> 16,098 8,819 7,279	99,627 21,148 13,335 7,813	109,297 21,870 16,234 5,636	<b>111,278</b> 22,478 16,890 5,588	<b>13,505</b> 7,806 5,003 2,803	100 58 37 21	<b>97,773</b> 14,672 11,887 2,785
Total households receiving— Food stamps . School lunch . Public housing . Medicaid .	6,769 5,532 2,777 8,287	7,163 6,252 4,339 10,321	8,388 8,607 4,846 14,111	5,905 7,942 5,006 15,832	6,245 7,930 5,125 16,765	3,834 3,092 2,593 6,182	28 23 19 46	2,411 4,838 2,532 10,583

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Households receiving money from aid to families with dependent children program (beginning 2000, temporary assistance for needy families program), supplemental security income program or other public assistance programs.

#### Table 530. Persons Living in Households Receiving Selected Noncash Benefits: 2004

[In thousands (290,605 represents 290,605,000), except percent. Persons, as of March 2005, who lived with someone (a nonrelative or a relative) who received aid. Not every person tallied here received the aid themselves. Excludes members of the Armed Forces except those living off post or with their families on post. Population controls for 2005 based on Census 2000 and an expanded sample of households. Based on Current Population Survey, see text of section 1 and Appendix III]

Age, Sex, and Race		In household that received means-tested assistance <sup>2</sup>		In house that rec means-t cash assi	eived ested	In house that rec food sta	eived	In househ which or more per were cov by Medi	ne or rsons rered	Lived in public or authorized housing	
	Total 1	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total. Under 18 years 18 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 74 years 75 years and over	73,271 27,972 39,307 43,350 41,960 16,763 12,769	76,745 28,986 8,025 10,968 10,337 7,591 2,690 1,958 6,189 3,178 3,011	26.4 39.6 28.7 27.9 23.8 18.1 16.0 15.3 17.6 17.3	18,484 5,553 1,986 2,147 2,280 2,489 1096 826 2,107 1,114 993	<b>6.4</b> 7.6 7.1 5.5 5.3 5.9 6.5 6.0 6.1 5.9	21,905 9,573 2,289 3,248 2,589 1,824 623 472 1,286 722 564	7.5 13.1 8.2 8.3 6.0 4.3 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.9 3.4	59,107 22,250 6,434 8,522 7,748 5,831 2,104 1,551 4,669 2,469 2,200	20.3 30.4 23.0 21.7 17.9 13.9 12.5 12.1 13.3 13.4 13.1	10,618 3,995 1,238 1,331 1,073 918 347 318 1,399 665 733	3.7 5.5 4.4 3.4 2.5 2.2 2.1 2.5 4.0 3.6 4.4
Male	142,426 148,179	35,906 40,840	25.2 27.6	8,555 9,929	6.0 6.7	9,549 12,355	6.7 8.3	27,759 31,348	19.5 21.2	4,285 6,333	3.0 4.3
White alone		53,522 17,017 2,886	22.9 46.7 23.5	11,746 5,187 651	5.0 14.2 5.3	13,716 6,557 453	5.9 18.0 3.7	41,128 13,086 2,313	17.6 35.9 18.8	5,340 4,310 324	2.3 11.8 2.6
Hispanic		20,678 34,338	49.6 17.6	3,360 8,748	8.1 4.5	5,134 9,021	12.3 4.6	15,061 27,242	36.1 14.0	2,147 3,471	5.2 1.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Number of persons living in households. <sup>2</sup> Means-tested assistance includes means-tested cash assistance, food stamps, Medicaid, and public or authorized housing.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Table NC1. Means-Tested Noncash Benefits Received by Households, by Selected Household Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin, and Poverty Status: 2002"; May 2004; <a href="http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032003/noncash/toc.htm">http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032003/noncash/toc.htm</a> and Current Population Reports, P-60 reports.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P60-226. See also <a href="http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032005/pov/new26\_001\_01.htm">http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032005/pov/new26\_001\_01.htm</a>.

#### Table 531. Social Security—Covered Employment, Earnings, and Contribution Rates: 1990 to 2005

[164.0 represents 164,000,000. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and Guam. Represents all reported employment. Data are estimated. OASDHI = Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance; SMI = Supplementary medical insurance]

Item	Unit	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Workers with insured status <sup>1</sup> Male Female	Million Million Million	164.0 86.5 77.5	173.2 90.2 83.0	180.4 93.2 87.1	182.9 94.3 88.6	185.5 95.6 89.8	187.7 96.6 91.1	189.6 97.4 92.2	191.5 98.4 93.1	193.7 99.4 94.3	195.8 100.4 95.4
Under 25 years old	Million Million Million Million Million Million Million	21.3 41.6 36.5 22.8 8.8 8.7 8.2 16.3	18.8 39.4 40.6 29.5 9.7 8.5 8.1 18.5	19.7 37.5 42.3 33.1 11.3 9.1 8.0 19.4	20.3 37.0 42.5 34.5 11.8 9.2 8.0 19.6	20.8 36.6 42.5 35.9 12.2 9.5 8.1 19.9	21.1 36.4 42.3 36.8 13.0 10.0 8.2 20.0	21.0 36.3 41.8 37.6 13.8 10.5 8.3 20.2	20.8 36.2 41.5 38.5 14.5 11.1 8.6 20.4	20.7 36.2 41.2 39.3 15.4 11.5 8.9 20.7	20.5 36.2 40.8 40.2 16.1 12.0 9.2 20.9
Workers reported with— Taxable earnings <sup>2</sup>	Million Million	134 8	141 8	149 9	151 9	155 10	155 9	155 8	155 8	157 9	159 10
Earnings in covered employment <sup>2</sup>	Percent	87.2	2,919 85.8	3,528 84.1	3,749 83.7	4,009 82.8	4,939 4,168 84.4	4,950 4,248 85.8	5,082 4,364 85.9	4,543 84.5	5,693 4,770 83.8
Total earnings <sup>2</sup>	Dollars Dollars										35,772 29,973
Annual maximum taxable earnings <sup>3</sup>	Dollars Percent Percent	51,300 7.65 15.30	61,200 7.65 15.30	7.65	72,600 7.65 15.30	76,200 7.65 15.30	80,400 7.65 15.30	84,900 7.65 15.30	87,000 7.65 15.30	87,900 7.65 15.30	90,000 7.65 15.30
SMI, monthly premium <sup>6</sup>	Dollars	28.60	46.10	43.80	45.50	45.50	50.00	54.00	58.70	66.60	78.20

<sup>1</sup> Estimated number fully insured for retirement and/or survivor benefits as of end of year.
2 Includes self-employment.
3 Beginning 1995 upper limit on earnings subject to HI taxes was repealed.
4 As of January 1, 2006, each employee and employer pays 7.65 percent and the self-employed pays 15.3 percent. and half of the tax is deductible for income tax purposes and for computing self-employment income subject to social security tax.
6 As of January 1.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin; and unpublished data. See also <a href="http://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2005/">http://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2005/>.

Table 532. Social Security Trust Funds: 1990 to 2005

[In billions of dollars (272.4 represents \$272,400,000,000)]

Type of trust fund	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Old-age and survivors' insurance (OASI):									_
Net contribution income <sup>1</sup>	272.4	310.1	407.3	433.0	453.4	468.1	468.6	487.4	520.7
	16.4	32.8	49.8	57.5	64.7	71.2	75.2	79.0	84.0
	223.0	291.6	334.4	352.7	372.3	388.1	399.8	415.0	435.4
	214.2	458.5	798.8	931.0	1,071.5	1,217.5	1,355.3	1,500.6	1,663.0
Disability insurance (DI):  Net contribution income <sup>1</sup> Interest received <sup>2</sup> Benefit payments <sup>3</sup> Assets, end of year	28.7	54.7	63.9	71.8	75.7	78.2	78.4	81.4	87.2
	0.9	2.2	5.7	6.9	8.2	9.2	9.7	10.0	10.3
	24.8	40.9	51.4	55.0	59.6	65.7	70.9	78.2	85.4
	11.1	37.6	97.3	118.5	141.0	160.5	175.4	186.2	195.6

Includes deposits by states and deductions for refund of estimated employee-tax overpayment. Includes government butions on deemed wage credits for military service in 1957–2001. Includes taxation of benefits. <sup>2</sup> In 1990, includes interest contributions on deemed wage credits for military service in 1957–2001. Includes taxation of benefits. <sup>2</sup> In 1990, includes interest on advance tax transfers. Includes interest on reimbursement for unnegotiated checks. <sup>3</sup> Includes payments for vocational rehabilitation services furnished to disabled persons receiving benefits because of their disabilities. Amounts reflect deductions for unnegotiated benefit checks.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, Annual Report of Board of Trustees, OASI, DI, HI, and SMI Trust Funds. Also published in Social Security Bulletin, quarterly.

#### Table 533. Social Security (OASDI)—Benefits by Type of Beneficiary: 1990 to 2005

[39,832 represents 39,832,000. A person eligible to receive more than one type of benefit is generally classified or counted only once as a retired-worker beneficiary. OASDI = Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. See also headnote, Table 531 and Appendix III]

Type of beneficiary	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Number of benefits <sup>1</sup> (1,000) Retired workers <sup>2</sup> (1,000) Disabled workers <sup>3</sup> (1,000) Wives and husbands <sup>2</sup> · <sup>4</sup> (1,000) Children (1,000) Under age 18 Disabled children <sup>5</sup> Students <sup>6</sup> Of retired workers Of deceased workers Of disabled workers Widowed mothers <sup>7</sup> (1,000) Widows and widowers <sup>2</sup> <sup>8</sup> (1,000) Parents <sup>2</sup> (1,000) Special benefits <sup>9</sup> (1,000)	39,832 24,838 3,011 3,367 3,187 2,497 600 89 422 1,776 989 304 5,111 6 7	43,387 26,673 4,185 3,290 3,734 2,956 686 92 442 1,884 1,409 275 5,226 4	44,246 27,511 4,698 3,054 3,769 2,963 713 93 439 1,884 1,484 221 4,990 3 (Z)	44,596 4,879 2,987 3,795 2,970 721 104 442 1,885 1,468 212 4,944 3 (Z)	45,415 28,499 5,042 2,963 3,803 2,976 729 98 459 1,878 1,466 203 4,901 3 (Z)	45,878 28,837 5,274 2,899 3,839 2,994 737 109 467 1,890 1,482 197 4,828 3 (Z)	46,444 29,190 5,544 2,833 3,910 3,043 745 123 477 1,908 1,526 194 4,771 2 (Z)	47,038 29,532 5,874 2,773 3,961 3,080 753 128 480 1,910 1,571 190 4,707 2 (Z)	47,688 29,953 6,198 2,722 3,986 3,097 759 130 483 1,905 1,599 184 4,643 2 (Z)	48,434 30,461 6,519 2,680 4,025 3,130 769 127 488 1,903 1,633 1,78 4,569 2 (Z)
AVERAGE MONTHLY BENEFIT, CURRENT DOLLARS										
Retired workers <sup>2</sup> Retired worker and wife <sup>2</sup> Disabled workers Wives and husbands <sup>2, 4</sup> Wives and husbands <sup>2, 4</sup> Children of retired workers Children of deceased workers Children of disabled workers Widowed mothers <sup>7</sup> Widowed mothers <sup>7</sup>	603 1,027 587 298 259 406 164 409	720 1,221 682 354 322 469 183 478	780 1,318 733 386 358 510 208 545	804 1,357 754 398 373 526 216 566	844 1,420 786 416 395 550 228 595	874 1,466 814 430 413 571 238 621	895 1,494 834 439 426 585 245 640	922 1,535 862 450 444 603 254 664	955 1,586 894 464 465 625 265 689	1,002 1,660 938 485 493 656 279 725
Widows and widowers, nondisabled <sup>2</sup>	556 482 167	680 591 192	749 651 204	775 674 209	810 704 217	841 729 224	861 753 227	888 779 232	920 810 238	967 851 247
AVERAGE MONTHLY BENEFIT. CONSTANT ( <b>2005</b> ) DOLLARS <sup>10</sup>										
Retired workers <sup>2</sup> Retired worker and wife <sup>2</sup> Disabled workers <sup>3</sup> Wives and husbands <sup>2, 4</sup> Children of deceased workers Widowed mothers Widows and widowers.	887 1,511 863 438 597 602	923 1,565 874 454 601 613	936 1,583 880 464 612 654	940 1,587 882 465 615 662	955 1,606 889 471 622 673	974 1,632 907 479 636 691	974 1,625 907 478 636 696	985 1,639 920 480 644 709	988 1,640 925 480 647 713	1,002 1,660 938 485 656 725
Widows and widowers, nondisabled <sup>2</sup>	818	872	899	906	916	936	937	948	952	967
Number of benefits awarded (1,000).  Retired workers <sup>2</sup> Disabled workers <sup>3</sup> Wives and husbands <sup>2, 4</sup> Children Widowed mothers <sup>7</sup> Widows and widowers <sup>2, 8</sup> Parents <sup>2</sup> Special benefits <sup>9</sup>	3,717 1,665 468 379 695 58 452 (Z)	3,882 1,609 646 322 809 52 445 (Z)	3,800 1,631 608 311 763 42 444 (Z) (Z)	3,917 1,690 620 322 773 42 470 (Z)	<b>4,290</b> 1,961 622 385 777 40 505 (Z) (Z)	<b>4,162</b> 1,779 691 358 796 41 496 (Z)	<b>4,336</b> 1,813 750 363 846 41 523 (Z) (Z)	<b>4,322</b> 1,791 777 353 852 39 508 (Z) (Z)	<b>4,459</b> 1,883 796 367 859 40 514 (Z) (Z)	4,672 2,000 830 379 908 38 517 (Z) (Z)
BENEFIT PAYMENTS DURING YEAR (bil. dol.)										
Total 11  Monthly benefits 12  Retired workers 2 Disabled workers 3 Wives and husbands 2, 4 Children. Under age 18 Disabled children 5 Students 5 Of retired workers Of deceased workers Of disabled workers Widowed mothers 7 Widows and widowers 2, 8 Parents 2 Special benefits 9 Lump sum	247.8 247.6 156.8 22.1 14.5 12.0 9.0 2.5 0.5 1.3 8.6 2.2 1.4 40.7 (Z) 0.2	332.6 332.4 205.3 36.6 17.9 16.1 11.9 3.6 0.6 1.7 10.7 3.7 1.6 54.8 (Z) (Z)	375.0 374.8 232.3 43.5 18.9 18.1 13.3 4.2 0.7 1.9 11.9 4.2 1.4 60.5 (Z) 0.2	385.8 385.6 238.5 46.5 18.8 18.6 13.6 4.4 0.7 2.0 12.1 4.4 61.8 (Z) (Z) 0.2	407.6 407.4 253.5 49.8 19.4 19.3 14.1 4.6 0.7 2.1 12.5 4.7 1.4 63.9 (Z) (Z) 0.2	431.9 431.7 269.0 54.2 19.9 20.4 14.8 0.7 2.3 13.1 4.9 1.4 66.8 (Z) (Z) 0.2	453.8 453.6 281.6 59.9 20.3 21.5 15.7 5.1 0.8 2.5 13.7 5.3 1.5 68.8 (Z) (Z) 0.2	470.8 470.6 291.5 64.8 20.4 22.3 16.2 5.2 0.8 2.6 14.1 5.7 1.5 70.1 (Z) 0.2	493.3 493.1 304.3 71.7 20.6 23.3 17.0 5.5 0.9 2.7 14.5 6.1 1.5 71.7 (Z) (Z) 0.2	520.8 520.6 321.7 78.4 20.5 24.5 17.9 5.8 2.9 15.1 6.5 73.4 (Z) (Z)

Z Fewer than 500 or less than \$50 million. 

1 Number of benefit payments in current-payment status, i.e., actually being made at a specified time with no deductions or with deductions amounting to less than a month's benefit. 

2 Syears and over. 

3 Disabled workers under age 65. 

4 Includes wife beneficiaries with entitled children in their care, and entitled divorced wives. 

5 18 years old and over. Disability began before age 18. 

6 Full-time students aged 18 and 19. 

7 Includes surviving divorced mothers with entitled children in their care. 

8 Includes widows aged 60-61, surviving divorced wives aged 60 and over, disabled widows and widowers aged 50 and over; and widowers aged 60-61, surviving divorced wives aged 72 and over not insured under regular or transitional provisions of Social Security Act. 

10 Constant dollar figures are based on the consumer price index (CPI-U) for December as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. 

11 Represents total disbursements of benefit checks by the U.S. Department of the Treasury during the years specified. Distribution by type estimated.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin; and unpublished data.

# Table 534. Social Security—Beneficiaries, Annual Payments, and Average Monthly Benefit, 1990 to 2005, and by State and Other Areas, 2005

[Number of beneficiaries in current-payment status (39,832 represents 39,832,000) and average monthly benefit as of **December**. Data based on 10-percent sample of administrative records. See also headnote, Table 533, and Appendix III]

	Nı	umber of b		ries		Annual pa (mil.	yments <sup>2</sup> dol.)	2	Average monthly benefit (dol.)			
Year, state, and other area	Total	Retired workers and depen- dents 1	Survi- vors	Disabled workers and depen- dents	Total	Retired workers and depen- dents <sup>1</sup>	Survi- vors	Disabled workers and depen- dents	Retired work- ers <sup>3</sup>	Dis- abled work- ers	Widows and widow- ers <sup>4</sup>	
1990	39,832	28,369	7,197	4,266	247,796	172,042	50,951	24,803	603	587	557	
1995	43,380	30,139	7,379	5,862	332,581	224,381	67,302	40,898	720	682	680	
2000	45,417	31,761	6,981	6,675	407,431	274,645	77,848	54,938	845	787	810	
2003	46,448	32,360	6,870	7,220	470,546	314,024	85,621	70,899	922	862	888	
2004	47,707	33,025	6,730	7,952	493,078	327,139	87,737	78,202	955	894	920	
2005, total <sup>5</sup>	<b>48,446</b>	<b>33,488</b>	<b>6,650</b>	<b>8,307</b>	<b>520,561</b>	345,094	<b>90,073</b>	<b>85,394</b>	1,002	<b>938</b>	<b>967</b>	
United States	<b>47,255</b>	<b>32,727</b>	<b>6,431</b>	<b>8,097</b>	<b>512,221</b>	340,499	<b>88,098</b>	<b>83,623</b>	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Alabama	904	546	140	218	9,259	5,370	1,741	2,149	960	907	897	
	65	42	10	13	659	415	120	124	962	912	913	
	919	654	110	155	10,030	6,887	1,505	1,638	1,023	970	1,002	
	558	346	80	132	5,564	3,332	961	1,271	935	887	868	
	4,460	3,193	571	697	48,106	32,751	7,946	7,409	1,003	955	995	
Colorado	588	419	77	92	6,227	4,206	1,065	955	982	934	977	
	585	435	68	82	6,917	4,994	1,029	894	1,096	981	1,072	
	152	108	19	26	1,725	1,173	268	284	1,054	984	1,040	
	71	49	11	11	674	446	116	112	862	857	806	
	3,424	2,526	401	497	36,891	26,145	5,567	5,178	999	943	993	
Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana	1,231	799	182	250	12,846	8,048	2,261	2,537	978	924	913	
	203	157	23	23	2,162	1,607	302	253	990	964	945	
	228	162	28	37	2,379	1,618	388	373	980	913	985	
	1,898	1,347	271	281	21,364	14,497	3,899	2,967	1,040	966	1,031	
	1,055	728	145	182	11,872	7,937	2,083	1,852	1,053	938	1,030	
lowa	548	397	76	75	5,946	4,102	1,087	757	1,000	896	992	
	451	320	61	70	4,974	3,406	879	690	1,027	909	1,025	
	799	468	123	207	8,129	4,509	1,547	2,073	949	924	881	
	716	429	140	146	7,378	4,109	1,782	1,488	937	937	891	
	269	178	33	59	2,686	1,702	435	549	926	863	924	
Maryland	772	549	110	113	8,512	5,766	1,516	1,231	1,012	967	986	
	1,072	748	128	196	11,691	7,865	1,829	1,997	1,009	924	1,001	
	1,743	1,189	247	306	20,106	13,193	3,599	3,315	1,080	994	1,043	
	786	575	100	112	8,525	5,959	1,425	1,140	1,004	922	988	
	552	322	88	142	5,395	3,052	998	1,344	920	880	838	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	1,064	712	144	207	11,281	7,289	1,929	2,063	990	913	968	
	169	122	23	25	1,748	1,193	305	250	959	903	955	
	294	212	39	43	3,120	2,153	549	418	985	889	994	
	348	254	38	55	3,830	2,666	538	626	1,008	1,008	1,012	
	226	157	26	42	2,485	1,686	369	430	1,028	943	1,023	
New Jersey	1,379	1,012	169	197	16,474	11,675	2,565	2,234	1,105	1,023	1,065	
	311	209	44	58	3,079	1,983	526	570	935	902	895	
	3,064	2,170	378	516	34,797	23,800	5,427	5,570	1,059	989	1,020	
	1,511	1,006	192	313	15,856	10,269	2,400	3,187	984	921	907	
	115	82	19	14	1,174	780	257	137	935	873	927	
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	1,965	1,352	308	305	21,546	14,077	4,377	3,091	1,016	914	1,000	
	635	427	94	114	6,606	4,226	1,227	1,152	962	924	939	
	625	455	76	94	6,837	4,741	1,095	1,001	1,011	939	1,017	
	2,425	1,708	341	375	27,072	18,227	4,953	3,892	1,030	954	1,014	
	192	134	21	36	2,089	1,418	302	368	1,006	913	1,013	
South Carolina	774	505	104	164	8,100	5,139	1,283	1,677	982	932	904	
	142	103	21	19	1,415	966	269	180	920	877	916	
	1,098	708	159	231	11,406	7,109	2,010	2,288	978	904	923	
	2,955	1,990	475	490	30,684	19,643	6,178	4,864	975	924	940	
	272	198	36	39	2,913	2,037	495	380	1,009	928	1,033	
Vermont	112	78	14	20	1,184	802	184	198	995	889	964	
	1,139	772	155	212	12,115	7,883	2,045	2,187	989	945	930	
	937	674	113	150	10,474	7,218	1,646	1,611	1,042	952	1,032	
	413	239	70	104	4,417	2,377	932	1,108	988	981	927	
	952	694	120	138	10,551	7,395	1,733	1,423	1,028	939	1,020	
	84	61	11	13	908	629	149	130	999	936	1,009	
Puerto Rico	713	405	119	189	5,234	2,641	1,010	1,583	669	806	594	
	13	9	2	2	93	56	22	15	672	809	687	
	6	2	2	2	38	12	12	14	584	701	576	
	16	12	2	2	145	104	23	19	866	945	752	
Northern Mariana	2	1	1	(Z)	13	7	5	1	563	441	391	
Islands	442	332	94	16	2,817	1,775	903	139	565	819	627	

NA Not available. Z Less than 500. <sup>1</sup> Includes special benefits for persons aged 72 and over not insured under regular or transitional provisions of Social Security Act. <sup>2</sup> Unnegotiated checks not deducted. 1990 and 1995 include lump-sum payments to survivors of deceased workers. <sup>3</sup> Excludes persons with special benefits. <sup>4</sup> Nondisabled only. <sup>5</sup> Includes those with state or area unknown.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin.

## Table 535. Public Employee Retirement Systems—Participants and Finances: 1980 to 2004

[For fiscal year of retirement system, except data for the Thrift Savings Plan are for calendar year (4,629 represents 4,629,000)]

Retirement plan	Un	it	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	<b>2003</b> , proj.	<b>2004</b> , proj.
TOTAL PARTICIPANTS <sup>1</sup> Federal retirement systems: Defined benefit:											
Civil Service Retirement System Federal Employees Retirement System Military Service Retirement System Thrift Savings Plan 4	1,000 1,000 1,000		3,380 (X)	1,180 3,763 1,625	1,512 3,387 2,195	1,879 3,374 2,400	3,397 2,500	2,600	2,019 3,453 3,000	3,200	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
State and local retirement systems <sup>5, 6</sup>	1,000		(NA)	16,858	14,734	16,195	16,834	17,021	17,264	17,650	17,891
Civil Service Retirement System Federal Employees Retirement System Millitary Service Retirement System S Millitary Service Retirement System 6 State and local retirement systems 56.	1,000		2,050 (X)	1,826 1,136 2,130 1,419 11,345	1,318 1,572 1,930	1,640 1,438 1,900		1,900			(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) 14,181
ASSETS Total Federal retirement systems Defined benefit Civil Service Retirement System Federal Employees Retirement System Military Service Retirement System <sup>2</sup> Thrift Savings Plan <sup>4</sup> State and local retirement systems  State and local retirement systems  State and local retirement systems	Bil. do Bil. do Bil. do Bil. do Bil. do	ol ol ol ol	258 73 73 73 (X) (′) (X) 185	1,047 326 318 220 18 80 8 721	1,655 537 502 311 60 131 35 1,118	738 643 376 111 156 95	774 679 390 126 163 98	645 544 414 157 174 102	3,013 855 753 416 161 177 102 2,158	3,086 914 785 428 174 183 129 2,172	3,498 1,003 815 435 192 188 152 2,495
CONTRIBUTIONS Total Federal retirement systems Defined benefit Civil Service Retirement System Federal Employees Retirement System <sup>2</sup> Military Service Retirement System <sup>3</sup> Thrift Savings Plan <sup>4</sup> State and local retirement systems <sup>5</sup> BENEFITS	Bil. do Bil. do Bil. do	ol ol ol ol	83 19 19 19 (X) ( <sup>7</sup> ) (X) 64	103 61 59 28 4 27 2 42	127 67 61 31 6 24 6	142 75 67 33 8 26 8	143 78 69 33 8 28 9 65	145 80 70 33 9 28 10 65	151 85 73 34 9 30 12 66	164 89 75 33 10 32 14 75	184 92 76 33 11 32 16 92
Total Federal retirement systems Defined benefit Civil Service Retirement System Federal Employees Retirement System Military Service Retirement System Thrift Savings Plan State and local retirement systems  5	Bil. do Bil. do Bil. do	ol ol ol ol	39 27 27 15 (X) 12 (X) 12	89 53 53 31 (Z) 22 (Z) 36	125 66 65 37 1 28 1	160 78 76 43 1 32 2 82	172 81 78 44 1 33 3	185 84 81 46 1 34 3	196 86 84 48 1 35 2 110	213 91 88 50 2 36 3 122	228 95 91 52 2 37 4 133

NA Not available. X Not applicable. Z Less than \$500 million. 

Includes active, separated vested, retired employees, and survivors. 

The Federal Employees Retirement System was established June 6, 1986. 
Includes nondisability and disability retirees, surviving families, and all active personnel with the exception of active reserves. 
The Thirt Savings Plan (a defined contribution plan) was established April 1, 1987. 
Excludes state and local plans that are fully supported by employee contributions. 
Not adjusted for double counting of individuals participating in more than one plan. 
The Military Retirement System was unfunded until October 1, 1984.

Source: Employee Benefit Research Institute, Washington, DC, EBRI Databook on Employee Benefits, Twelfth Edition, and unpublished data (copyright). See also <a href="http://www.ebri.org/">http://www.ebri.org/</a>>.

Table 536. Federal Civil Service Retirement: 1980 to 2004

[As of September 30 or for year ending September 30 (2,720 represents 2,720,000). Covers both Civil Service Retirement System and Federal Employees Retirement System]

Item	Unit	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Employees covered <sup>1</sup>	1,000	2,720	2,945	2,668	2,668	2,764	2,655	2,654	2,662	2,670
Annuitants, total	1,000		<b>2,143</b> 1,288 297 558	<b>2,311</b> 1,441 263 607	<b>2,368</b> 1,491 246 631	<b>2,376</b> 1,501 242 633	<b>2,383</b> 1,509 239 635	<b>2,383</b> 1,513 236 634	<b>2,389</b> 1,523 234 632	<b>2,404</b> 1,544 231 629
Receipts, total <sup>2</sup>	Mil. dol	<b>24,389</b> 3,686 15,562	<b>52,689</b> 4,501 27,368	<b>65,684</b> 4,498 33,130	<b>74,522</b> 4,381 36,561	<b>75,967</b> 4,637 37,722	<b>77,949</b> 4,593 38,442	<b>80,069</b> 4,475 39.692	<b>78,366</b> 4,522 36,583	<b>82,414</b> 4,482 42,290
Disbursements, total <sup>3</sup>	Mil. dol	14.977	<b>31,416</b> 26,495 4,366	<b>38,435</b> 32,070 5,864	<b>43,932</b> 36,492 6,978	<b>45,194</b> 37,546 7,210	<b>47,356</b> 39,397 7,533	<b>48,970</b> 40,758 7,790	<b>50,368</b> 42,018 7,951	<b>52,277</b> 43,727 8,127
Average monthly benefit: Age and service Disability Survivors Cash and security holdings		992 723 392 73.7	1,369 1,008 653 238.0	1,643 1,164 819 366.2	1,830 1,221 923 481.3	1,885 1,240 952 508.1	1,967 1,269 992 542.6	2,031 1,286 1,024 573.7	2,085 1,291 1,044 601.7	2,154 1,305 1,073 631.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes employees in leave-without-pay status. <sup>2</sup> Includes interest on investments. <sup>3</sup> Includes refunds, death claims, and administration. <sup>4</sup> Includes disability annuitants.

Source: U.S. Office of Personnel Management, Civil Service Retirement and Disability Trust Fund Annual Report.

### Table 537. State and Local Government Retirement Systems—Beneficiaries and Finances: 1990 to 2004

[In billions of dollars, except as indicated (111.3 represents 111,300,000,000). For fiscal years closed during the 12 months ending June 30]

	Num-		R	eceipts				nefits ar thdrawal		
Year and level of government	ber of benefi- ciaries		Employee contribu-	Govern		Earn- ings on invest-		Ben-	With-	Cash and security
	(1,000)	Total	tions	State	Local	ments	Total	efits	drawals	holdings
1990: All systems State-administered Locally administered	4,026	111.3	13.9	14.0	18.6	64.9	38.4	36.0	2.4	721
	3,232	89.2	11.6	14.0	11.5	52.0	29.6	27.6	2.0	575
	794	22.2	2.2	(Z)	7.0	12.9	8.8	8.4	0.4	145
1995: All systems State-administered Locally administered	4,979	148.8	18.6	16.6	24.4	89.2	61.5	58.8	2.7	1,118
	4,025	123.3	15.7	16.2	15.4	76.0	48.0	45.8	2.2	914
	954	25.5	2.9	0.4	9.0	13.3	13.5	13.0	0.5	204
2000: All systems State-administered Locally administered	6,292	297.0	25.0	17.5	22.6	231.9	95.7	91.3	4.4	2,169
	4,786	247.4	20.7	17.2	16.7	192.8	76.0	72.2	3.8	1,798
	1,506	49.7	4.3	0.4	5.9	39.1	19.8	19.1	0.7	371
2003: All systems State-administered Locally administered	6,448	147.7	28.8	19.5	26.6	72.6	134.8	122.3	4.8	2,172
	5,420	130.0	24.4	19.1	18.2	68.1	109.0	98.8	4.2	1,802
	1,027	17.7	4.4	(Z)	8.4	4.5	25.8	23.5	0.1	369
2004: All systems State-administered Locally administered	6,703	407.3	30.7	31.1	29.8	315.5	145.4	133.1	4.4	2,495
	5,631	339.6	26.3	30.7	18.5	264.1	117.6	107.7	3.6	2,078
	1,072	67.7	4.4	(Z)	11.3	51.4	27.8	25.4	0.8	417

Z Less than \$50 million.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, through 1995, Finances of Employee-Retirement Systems of State and Local Governments, Series GF, No. 2, annual; beginning 2000, Federal, State, and Local Governments, State and Local Government Public Employee Retirement Systems"; <a href="http://www.census.gov/govs/www/retire.html">http://www.census.gov/govs/www/retire.html</a>.

#### Table 538. Private Pension Plans—Summary by Type of Plan: 1990 to 2001

[712.3 represents 712,300. "Pension plan" is defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) as "any plan, fund, or program which was heretofore or is hereafter established or maintained by an employer or an employee organization, or by both, to the extent that such plan (a) provides retirement income to employees, or (b) results in a deferral of income by employees for periods extending to the termination of covered employment or beyond, regardless of the method of calculating the contributions made to the plan, the method of calculating the benefits under the plan, or the method of distributing benefits from the plan." A defined benefit plan provides a definite benefit formula for calculating benefit amounts—such as a flat amount per year of service or a percentage of salary times years of service. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan in which the contributions are made to an individual account for each employee. The retirement benefit is dependent upon the account balance at retirement. The balance depends upon amounts contributed, investment experience, and, in the case of profit sharing plans, amounts which may be allocated to the account due to forfeitures by terminating employees. Employee Stock Ownership Plans (ESOP) and 401(k) plans are included among defined contribution plans. Data are based on Form 5500 series reports filed with the Department of Labor]

liana	Unit		То	tal		Defin	ed cont	ribution	plan	Defined benefit plan				
Item	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2001	1990	1995	2000	2001	1990	1995	2000	2001	
Number of plans 1	1,000	712.3	693.4	736.0	733.5	599.2	623.9	686.9	686.6	113.1	69.5	48.7	46.9	
Total participants 2, 3 ,	Million	76.9	87.5	103.3	106.6	38.1	47.7	61.7	64.5	38.8	39.7	41.6	42.1	
Active participants 2, 4	Million	61.8	66.2	73.1	74.4	35.5	42.7	50.9	52.3	26.3	23.5	22.2	22.1	
Assets <sup>5</sup>	Bil. dol	1,674	2,724	4,203	3,941	712	1,322	2,216	2,116	962	1,402	1,986	1,825	
Contributions 6	Bil. dol	98.8	158.8	231.9	253.8	75.8	117.4	198.5	204.0	23.0	41.4	33.4	49.7	
Benefits <sup>7</sup>	Bil. dol	129.4	183.0	341.0	311.6	63.0	97.9	213.5	182.2	66.4	85.1	127.5	129.4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes all plans covering only one participant. <sup>2</sup> Includes double counting of workers in more than one plan. <sup>3</sup> Total participants include active participants, vested separated workers, and retirees. <sup>4</sup> Any workers currently in employment covered by a plan and who are earning or retaining credited service under a plan. Includes any nonvested former employees who have not yet incurred breaks in service. <sup>5</sup> Asset amounts shown exclude funds held by life insurance companies under allocated group insurance contracts for payment of retirement benefits. These excluded funds make up roughly 10 to 15 percent of total private fund assets. <sup>6</sup> Includes both employer and employee contributions. <sup>7</sup> Benefits paid directly from trust and premium payments made from plan to insurance carriers. Excludes benefits paid directly by insurance carriers.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, *Private Pension Plan Bulletin* (Plan Year 2001, Preliminary), Spring 2006.

## Table 539. Percent of Workers Participating In Retirement Benefits by Worker Characteristics: 2005

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 4,703 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 102.3 million workers; see Appendix III. Survey covers all 50 States and the District of Columbia. See also Table 637]

Characteristic	Total <sup>1</sup>	Defined benefit	Defined contri- bution	Characteristic	Total <sup>1</sup>	Defined benefit	Defined contri- bution
Total	61 51	21 24 26 7	53 38	Full time Part time Union Nonunion	19 85	25 9 72 15	50 14 43 41

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total is less than the sum of the individual retirement items because many employees participated in both types of plans.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, March 2005, Summary 05-01, August 2005. See also <a href="http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebsm0003.pdf">http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebsm0003.pdf</a>.

#### Table 540. Defined Benefit Retirement Plans—Selected Features: 2003

[In percent. Covers full-time employees in private industry. Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 1,436 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 107 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 637]

Feature	All workers	White collar	Blue collar	Service	Goods pro- ducing	Service pro- ducing		100 workers or more	Union	Non- union
Plan provisions: Benefits based on earnings Early retirement benefits available Availability of lump sum benefits at retirement	52 84 48	58 78 59	43 91 31	57 95 43	46 93 29	55 80 57	32 76 48	59 86 48	37 93 31	60 79 57
Benefit formula: Percent of terminal earnings. Percent of career earnings. Dollar amount formula. Percent of contribution formula Cash balance Pension equity.	43 10 17 8 21 2	47 11 8 2 30 2	35 8 30 16 9	49 8 19 11 12 1	40 6 33 12 8 1	44 11 9 6 28 2	27 6 25 15 24 3	48 11 14 5 20 2	25 12 34 21 8 (Z)	52 9 8 1 29 3
Requirements for normal retirement <sup>1</sup> : No age requirement Less than 30 years of service 30 years of service At age 55 At age 60 At age 62 At age 65 Sum of age plus service <sup>2</sup>	6 5 1 1 7 9 73 5	9 8 1 1 7 6 76 4	3 1 2 1 5 13 68 8	1 1 2 7 20 71 (S)	2 1 1 1 3 11 75 9	8 7 2 1 8 8 71 4	10 8 2 1 5 23 61 (S)	5 4 1 7 5 77 7	4 (Z) 4 1 9 15 59 8	7 7 (Z) 1 5 6 80 4

S Represents no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria. Z Less than 0.5 percent. <sup>1</sup> Normal retirement is defined as the point at which the participant could retire and immediately receive all accrued benefits by virtue of service and earnings, without reduction due to age. If a plan had alternative age and service requirements, the earliest age and associated service were tabulated; if one alternative did not specify an age, it was the requirement tabulated. Some age and service requirements are not shown separately. <sup>2</sup> In some plans, participants must also satisfy a minimum age or service requirement.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, 2003, Bulletin 2577. See also <a href="https://bis.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebb10021.pdf">https://bis.gov/ncs/ebs/sp/ebb10021.pdf</a>.

Table 541. Pension Plan Coverage of Workers by Selected Characteristics: 2002

[63,767 represents 63,767,000. Covers workers as of March 2003 who had earnings in 2002. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population and Appendix III]

0	Num	ber with cov	erage (1,0	00)	F	Percent of to	tal workers	
Sex and age	Total <sup>1</sup>	White <sup>2</sup>	Black <sup>2</sup>	Hispanic <sup>3</sup>	Total 1	White <sup>2</sup>	Black <sup>2</sup>	Hispanic <sup>3</sup>
Total	63,767	53,514	6,648	4,803	41.9	42.5	40.0	25.6
Male	34,602 33,808 1,630 17,251 14,926 794	29,637 28,942 1,363 14,593 12,986 694	3,046 2,999 190 1,589 1,220 46	2,757 2,726 224 1,643 859 32	43.0 43.7 13.2 45.6 55.0 24.9	43.7 44.6 13.2 46.7 55.6 24.4	40.0 40.4 15.0 41.3 52.9 24.2	43.7 24.9 10.1 25.2 38.3 17.6
Female	29,165 28,509 1,377 14,282 12,850 656	23,878 23,312 1,115 11,414 10,783 565	3,602 3,548 184 1,930 1,433 55	2,046 2,019 149 1,241 629 27	40.8 41.3 12.1 43.7 51.7 26.2	41.2 41.8 12.0 44.3 52.0 25.6	40.0 40.3 13.2 41.6 51.9 27.9	26.9 26.9 10.3 29.2 35.1 25.2

<sup>1</sup> Includes other races, not shown separately. <sup>2</sup> Beginning with the 2003 CPS, respondents could choose one or more races. For example, White refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category; Black refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race could choose one or more races. For example, white refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. The use of this single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Information on people who reported more than one race, such as "White and American Indian and Alaska Native" or "Asian and Black or African American," is available from Census 2000 through American FactFinder. About 2.6 percent of people reported more than one race in Census 2000. Hispanic persons may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Table NC8. Pension Plan Coverage of Workers by Selected Characteristics, Gender, Race and Hispanic Origin, and Poverty Status: 2002"; published May 2004; <a href="https://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032003/noncash/toc.htm">https://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032003/noncash/toc.htm</a>.

#### Table 542. U.S. Households Owning IRAs: 2002 to 2005

[43.2 represents 43,200,000. Incidence of IRA ownership is based on an annual tracking survey of 3,000 randomly selected, representative U.S. households; see source for details]

Type of IRA		Number (	mil.) <sup>1</sup>		Percent of U.S. households					
Type of IRA	2002	2003	2004	2005	2002	2003	2004	2005		
Any type of IRA <sup>2</sup> Traditional IRA . Roth IRA . SIMPLE IRA, SEP-IRA, or SAR-SEP IRA	35.7 13.2	46.1 37.1 16.2 8.3	45.2 36.7 14.3 9.6	46.8 37.6 16.1 8.8	39.5 32.7 12.1 7.8	41.4 33.3 14.6 7.5	40.4 32.8 12.8 8.6	41.4 33.2 14.2 7.8		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The number of U.S. households owning IRAs in 2002 through 2005 is based on the following U.S. Census Bureau's total U.S. household estimates: 109.3 million in 2002, 111.3 million in 2003, 112.0 million in 2004, and 116.5 million in 2005 (U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, P60-226, August 2004). <sup>2</sup> Excludes ownership of Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, which were referred to as Education IRAs before July 2001.

Source: Investment Company Institute, Washington, DC, Fundamentals, Investment Company Institute Research in Brief, "IRA Ownership in 2005"; Vol 15, No. 1A, January 2006 (copyright). See also <a href="https://www.ici.org/statements/fundamentals/fm-">https://www.ici.org/statements/fundamentals/fm-</a> v15n1 appendix.pdf>.

Table 543. 401(k) Plans—Selected Features: 2003

[In percent. Covers full-time employees in private industry. Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of private industry establishments of all sizes, representing millions of workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 637]

Feature	All employees	White Collar	Blue Collar	Service
MAXIMUM PRETAX EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS 1				
Percent of employee earnings Specified dollar amount Up to the Internal Revenue code limit Average maximum pretax contribution <sup>2</sup>	1	57 1 41 17.2	63 1 37 17.4	66 (Z) 31 16.9
INVESTMENT CHOICES				
Employee permitted to choose investments Employee not permitted to choose investments		88 2	81 2	80 4

Z Less than 0.5 percent. <sup>1</sup> Includes contributions that are not matched by the employer. If maximum contributions vary, such by length of service, the highest possible contribution was tabulated. <sup>2</sup> The average is presented for all covered workers; as by length of service, the highest possible contribution was tabulated. averages exclude workers without the plan provision.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, 2003, Bulletin 2577. See also <a href="http://stats.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm">http://stats.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm</a>.

Table 544. State Unemployment Insurance—Summary: 1990 to 2005

[2,522 represents 2,522,000. Includes unemployment compensation for state and local government employees where covered by state law

Item	Unit	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Insured unemployment,											
avg. weekly	1,000	2,522	2,572	2,222	2,188	2,110	2,974	3,585	3,531	2,950	2,662
Percent of covered											
employment 1	Percent	2.4	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.3	2.8	2.8	2.3	2.1
Percent of civilian	_										
unemployed	Percent	35.8	34.7	35.8	38.0	37.6	44.2	43.2	40.7	36.8	35.7
Unemployment benefits,											
avg. weekly		161	187	200	212	221	238	257	262	263	267
Percent of weekly wage	Percent	36.0	35.5	32.9	33.1	32.9	34.6	36.8	36.5	35.2	35.5
Weeks compensated		116.2	118.3	101.4	100.6	96.0	136.3	166.3	163.2	135.1	121.1
Beneficiaries, first payments	1,000	8,629	8,035	7,332	6,951	7,033	9,877		9,935	8,369	7,922
Average duration of benefits 2		13.4	14.7	13.8	14.5	13.7	13.8	16.5	16.4	16.1	15.3
Claimants exhausting benefits		2,323	2,662	2,266	2,300	2,144	2,827	4,416	4,417	3,532	2,856
Percent of first payment 3	Percent	29.4	34.3	31.8	31.4	31.8	34.1	42.5	43.4	39.0	35.9
Contributions collected 4		15.2	22.0	19.8	19.2	19.9	19.7	19.7	25.3	31.2	34.8
Benefits paid	Bil. dol	18.1	21.2	19.4	20.3	20.5	31.6	42.0	41.4	34.4	31.2
Funds available for benefits 5	Bil. dol	37.9	35.4	48.0	50.3	53.4	45.6	35.2	23.4	23.0	28.6
Average employer											
contribution rate 6	Percent	1.95	2.44	1.92	1.77	1.75	1.71	1.80	2.20	2.68	2.92

NA Not available. 

Insured unemployment as percent of average covered employment in preceding year. 

Weeks compensated divided by first payment. 

Based on first payments for 12-month period ending June 30. 

Contributions from employers; also employees in states which tax workers. 

End of year. Sum of balances in state clearing accounts, benefit-payment accounts, and state accounts in federal unemployment trust funds. 

As percent of taxable wages.

Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration, Unemployment Insurance Financial Data Handbook.

#### Table 545. State Unemployment Insurance by State and Other Area: 2005

[7,922 represents 7,922,000. See headnote, Table 544. For state data on insured unemployment, see Table 615]

State or other area	Beneficiaries, first payments (1,000)	Benefits paid (mil. dol.)	Avg. weekly unemploy- ment benefits (dol.)	State or other area	Beneficiaries, first payments (1,000)	Benefits paid (mil. dol.)	Avg. weekly unemploy- ment benefits (dol.)
Total	7,922	31,234	267	MT	21	63	221
AL	107	215	182	NE	39	117	225
AK	44	117	194	NV	59	223	258
AZ	76	243	195	NH	24	75	252
AR	79	227	230	NJ	315	1,822	336
CA	975	4,618	277	NM	29	114	218
<u>co</u>	.74	310	302	NY	488	2,452	276
<u>CT</u>	122	558	295	NC	250	694	258
DE	24	100	247	ND	13	40	238
DC	17 244	87	267 226	OH	286 47	1,108 154	261
	194	886	245	OK	133	528	221 261
GA Hl	20	524 89	337	PA	461	2,038	292
ID	44	120	235	RI	38	2,036	336
iL	352	1,800	285	SC	116	335	217
IN	186	666	278	SD	9	27	211
IA	92	293	271	TN	154	436	212
KS	61	245	278	TX	357	1,241	261
KY	111	377	260	ÚT	36	117	263
LA	303	706	192	VT	23	79	267
ME	32	112	240	VA	110	339	246
MD	99	396	257	WA	184	756	297
MA	218	1,297	357	WV	41	141	225
MI	450	1,820	290	WI	263	790	253
MN	144	635	322	WY	12	35	242
MS	103	212	186	PR	106	206	108
MO	137	444	206	VI	2	6	237

Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration, Unemployment Insurance Financial Data Handbook.

#### Table 546. Persons With Work Disability by Selected Characteristics: 2004

[In thousands, except percent (19,016 represents 19,016,000). As of March. Covers civilian noninstitutional population and members of Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post. Persons are classified as having a work disability if they (1) have a health problem or disability which prevents them from working or which limits the kind or amount of work they can do; (2) have a service-connected disability or ever retired or left a job for health reasons; (3) did not work in survey reference week or previous year because of long-term illness or disability; or (4) are under age 65, and are covered by medicare or receive supplemental security income. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

Age and participation status in assistance programs	Total 1	Male	Female	White <sup>2</sup>	Black <sup>3</sup>	Hispanic <sup>4</sup>
Persons with work disability	19,016	9,381	9,634	14,354	3,625	1,961
16 to 24 years old	1,504	812	692	1,045	374	178
25 to 34 years old	2,331	1,138	1,193	1,642	527	304
35 to 44 years old	3,741	1,892	1,849	2,801	721	434
45 to 54 years old	5,320	2,642	2,678	4,001	1,064	550
55 to 64 years old	6,120	2,898	3,222	4,866	938	495
Percent work disabled of total population	·			,		
16 to 24 years old	4.1	4.4	3.8	3.7	7.2	2.9
25 to 34 years old	6.0	5.9	6.1	5.4	10.6	4.1
35 to 44 years old	8.7	8.9	8.4	8.0	13.5	7.3
45 to 54 years old	13.0	13.2	12.8	11.8	22.6	14.0
55 to 64 years old	21.6	21.4	21.7	20.2	33.8	22.9
Percent of work disabled—						
Receiving social security income	33.7	34.4	33.0	34.4	32.8	26.0
Receiving food stamps	18.7	15.8	21.6	15.8	30.2	25.8
Covered by medicaid	65.3	67.6	63.1	68.6	52.3	56.5
Residing in public housing	6.6	5.8	7.5	4.8	13.7	9.1
Residing in subsidized housing	3.7	3.0	4.5	2.9	6.7	5.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2003 Current Population Survey asked respondents to choose one or <sup>1</sup> Includes other races not shown separately. includes other races not shown separately. Includes other races asked respondents to choose one of more races. White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. The use of this single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Information on people who reported more than one race, such as "White and American Indian and Alaska Native" or "Asian and Black or African American," is available from Census 2001 through American FactFinder. About 2.6 percent of people reported more than one race in 2000.

Black alone refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race reported more than one race in 2000. <sup>3</sup> Black alc category. <sup>4</sup> Hispanic persons may be of any race. category.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, unpublished data.

#### Table 547. Workers' Compensation Payments: 1990 to 2003

[In billions of dollars, except as indicated (53.1 represents \$53,100,000,000). See headnote, Table 548]

Item	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Workers covered (mil.)	106	113	115	118	122	124	127	127	126	125
Premium amounts paid <sup>1</sup>	35.1 8.0 2.2	<b>57.1</b> 31.6 10.5 2.6 12.5	<b>55.3</b> 30.5 10.2 2.6 12.1	<b>53.5</b> 29.9 8.0 3.4 12.3	<b>53.4</b> 30.4 8.0 3.5 11.7	<b>55.4</b> 32.6 7.6 3.5 11.7	<b>59.5</b> 35.0 8.9 3.6 11.9	<b>65.4</b> 37.1 11.4 3.8 13.1	<b>73.7</b> 41.7 14.5 3.9 13.6	<b>81.6</b> 45.5 17.4 4.0 14.7
Annual benefits paid <sup>1</sup> By private carriers <sup>1</sup> From state funds <sup>3</sup> Employers' self-insurance <sup>4</sup> Type of benefit:  Medical/hospitalization  Compensation payments	38.2 22.2 8.8 7.2 15.1 21.7	<b>43.5</b> 21.4 10.9 11.2 16.6 25.7	41.8 20.4 7.6 10.8 16.5 24.2	<b>42.4</b> 21.6 7.3 10.6 17.2 24.3	43.9 23.0 7.2 10.2 17.9 24.5	<b>45.6</b> 25.7 6.9 10.1 19.1 23.3	<b>46.9</b> 26.2 7.3 10.5 20.4 24.2	<b>49.5</b> 27.1 7.9 11.4 22.1 25.1	53.2 28.9 9.2 11.9 24.3 26.5	<b>54.9</b> 28.7 10.4 12.6 25.6 26.9
Percent of covered payroll:  Workers' compensation costs 5, 6 Benefits 6	2.18 1.57	1.82 1.38	1.66 1.26	1.49 1.18	1.38 1.11	1.33 1.10	1.32 1.04	1.42 1.07	1.59 1.15	1.72 1.16

Premium and benefit amounts include estimated payments under insurance policy deductible provisions. Deductible benefits illocated to private carriers and state funds. 2 Years 1990–1996 include federal employer compensation program and that are allocated to private carriers and state funds portion of federal black lung benefits program financed from employer contributions. Years 1997–2002 include federal employer compensation program only due to changes in reporting methods.

Net cash and medical benefits paid by self-insurers, plus exclusive state funds and by federal workers' compensation programs.

Cash and medical benefits paid by self-insurers, plus value of medical benefits paid by employers carrying workers' compensation policies that exclude standard medical coverage.

Premiums written by private carriers and state funds, and benefits paid by self-insurers increased by 5–10 prior to 1992 and by 11 percent for 1992–2002 for administrative costs. Also includes benefits paid and administrative costs of federal system for government employees.

6 Excludes programs financed from general revenue—black lung benefits and supplemental pensions in some states.

#### Table 548. Workers' Compensation Payments by State: 1999 to 2003

[In millions of dollars (44,563 represents \$44,563,000,000). Calendar-year data. Payments represent compensation and medical benefits and include insurance losses paid by private insurance carriers (compiled from state workers' compensation agencies and A.M. Best Co.); disbursements of state funds (compiled from the A.M. Best Co. and state workers' compensation agencies); and self-insurance payments (compiled from state workers' compensation agencies and authors' estimates)]

State	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	State	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	44,563	46,908	49,485	53,167	54,871	Montana	146	170	173	191	205
Alabama	coo	000	040	CET	coo	Nebraska	196 471	207	237	288	291
Alabama	623 130	600 146	640 171	657 188	623	Nevada	188	425 177	446 216	404	370
Alaska	384	424	394	417	199 459	New Hampshire				218	224
Arizona		146	160			New Jersey	1,244	1,294	1,371	1,471	1,543
Arkansas				180	198	New Mexico	138	149	165	184	197
California	7,852 725		10,082 569	11,883 777		New York	2,796 840	2,909 847	2,978	3,142	3,220
Colorado	737	808 667	661	748	693	North Carolina	69	73	885 74	995 76	1,060
Connecticut	132		145		754	North Dakota					78
Delaware	132	145	145	166	169	Ohio	2,039	2,099 474	2,248 497	2,388 521	2,442
District of Columbia	89	87	93	100	94	Oklahoma	491	4/4	497	521	562
Florida	2,296	2,057	2,379	2,129	2,201	0	384	412	450	448	447
Georgia	896	996	1,067	1,083	1,121	Oregon	2,467		456		
Hawaii		231	252	268	275	Pennsylvania Rhode Island	112	2,403 111	2,440 118	2,532 118	2,626 107
Idaho	121	114	132	152	181	South Carolina	445	515	532	593	657
Illinois		1,993	2,127	2,173	2,100	South Dakota	86	81	82	94	95
Indiana	504	531	529	567	568	Tennessee	580	627	688	668	710
lowa	256	295	331	321	320	Texas	1.741	1.744	1.781	2.040	1.920
Kansas	319	319	342	351	294	Utah	193	183	210	231	202
Kentucky	626	593	660	688	717	Vermont	105	109	120	132	141
Louisiana	510	606	630	652	660	Virginia	667	602	604	625	701
Maine	264	262	264	289	261	Washington	1,395	1.528	1,638	1.714	1.800
Maryland	558	546	575	574	629	West Virginia	696	693	713	833	829
Massachusetts	725	809	771	794	890	Wisconsin	724	768	924	894	840
Michigan	1,393	1,474	1.478	1,512		Wyoming	75	83	98	104	103
Minnesota	744	798	904	921	884	**,0111119	15	00	30	104	100
Mississippi	254	269	271	287	272	Federal total 1	2,862	2,957	3.069	3 154	3.185
Missouri	972	903	1.093	1,235	1.258	Federal employees.	2,000	2,119	2,223	2.317	2.368
1	372	300	.,500	.,_00	.,_00	. caciai silipioyees.	_,500	_,,,,,	_,	_,517	_,500

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Federal benefits include: those paid under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act for civilian employees; the portion of the black lung benefit program that is financed by employers; and a portion of benefits under the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act that are not reflected in state data, namely, benefits paid by self-insured employers and by special funds under the LHWCA. See Appendix H of source for more information about federal programs.

Source: National Academy of Social Insurance, Washington, DC, Workers' Compensation: Benefits, Coverage, and Costs, annual. See also <a href="http://www.nasi.org/">http://www.nasi.org/>.

Source: National Academy of Social Insurance, Washington, DC, Workers' Compensation: Benefits, Coverage, and Costs,

#### Table 549. Supplemental Security Income—Recipients and Payments: 1990 to 2004

[In thousands (4,817 represents 4,817,000), except as noted. Recipients and monthly payment as of December. Payments for calendar year. See also Appendix III]

Program	Unit	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Recipients, total 1	1,000	4,817	6,514	6,557	6,602	6,688	6,787	6,902	6,987
Aged	1,000	1,454	1,446	1,308	1,289	1,264	1,251	1,233	1,211
Blind	1,000	84	84	79	79	78	77	77	76
	1,000	3,279	4,984	5,169	5,234	5,345	5,459	5,593	5,701
Payments, total <sup>2</sup>	Mil. dol	16,133	27,037	30,106	30,672	32,166	33,719	34,696	36,065
	Mil. dol	3,559	4,239	4,454	4,540	4,664	4,803	4,857	4,907
Blind	Mil. dol	329	367	383	386	399	416	509	412
Disabled	Mil. dol	12,245	22,431	25,270	25,746	27,126	28,500	29,429	30,745
Average monthly									
payment, total 1	Dollars	299	358	368	378	393	407	417	428
Aged	Dollars	213	251	289	299	314	330	342	351
Blind	Dollars	342	370	401	413	428	445	455	463
Disabled	Dollars	337	389	388	397	412	425	433	444

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Persons with a federal SSI payment and/or federally administered state supplementation. <sup>2</sup> Includes payments not distributed by reason for eligibility.

Table 550. Supplemental Security Income (SSI)—Recipients and Payments by State and Other Area: 2000 to 2004

[Recipients as of December; payments for calendar year (6,602 represents 6,602,000). Data cover federal SSI payments and/or federally administered state supplementation. For explanation of methodology, see Appendix III]

State and other area	Recip (1,0	oients 100)		nents for ye	ear	State and other area	Recip (1,0			ents for ye mil. dol.)	ar
other area	2000	2004	2000	2003	2004	Other area	2000	2004	2000	2003	2004
Total	6,602 6,601 159 9 81 85 1,088 54 49 12 20	6,989 6,987 163 11 94 88 1,138 54 52 13 21	30,672 30,669 659 37 355 333 6,386 228 216 50 93	34,700 34,696 738 47 429 361 7,573 246 244 59 105	36,066 36,065 761 51 458 383 7,906 253 253 63 106	MO	112 14 21 25 12 146 47 617 191 8 240	116 15 22 32 13 150 52 627 196 8 245	471 57 85 108 49 672 193 3,197 732 30 1,114	528 64 95 144 58 732 223 3,400 825 32 1,204	553 66 101 154 61 750 234 3,502 858 33 1,231
FL GAA	377 197 21 18 249 88 40 36 174 166 30 88 168 210 64 129	413 200 22 21 256 96 43 38 179 170 32 93 169 219 71 125	1,621 785 104 76 1,174 382 158 151 741 715 116 400 807 988 272 512	1,908 888 113 91 1,267 441 176 170 819 769 136 441 855 1,086 316 550	1,953 916 118 97 1,298 463 186 181 847 798 141 463 878 1,123 334 561	OK. OR. PA. RI SC. SD. TN. TX. UT. V4. W4. W4. W4. WW. W1. WY W1. WY W1.	72 52 284 28 107 13 164 409 20 13 132 101 71 85 6	77 59 317 30 105 12 161 472 22 13 135 112 76 90 6	302 228 1,367 130 429 48 664 1,575 87 515 535 484 318 357 23 3	339 271 1,599 150 461 52 719 1,901 99 57 587 587 546 357 398 25	359 280 1,672 156 474 53 741 2,031 103 60 608 582 366 417 26

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin.

#### Table 551. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)—Families and Recipients: 1980 to 2005

[In thousands (3,712 represents 3,712,000). Average monthly families and recipients for calendar year. Prior to TANF, the cash assistance program to families was called Aid to Families with Dependent Children (1980–1996). Under the new welfare law (Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996), the program became TANF. See text, this section. Includes Puerto Rico, Guam, and Virgin Islands]

Year	Families	Recipients	Year	Families	Recipients	Year	Families	Recipients
1980 1983	3,712 3,686	10,774 10,761	1990 1991	4,057 4,497	11,695 12,930	1998 1999	3,050 2,554	8,347 6,824
1984	3,714	10,831	1992	4,829	13,773	2000	2,215	5,778
1985	3,701	10,855	1993	5,012	14,205	2001	2,104	5,359
1986	3,763	11,038	1994	5,033	14,161	2002	2,047	5,064
1987	3,776	11,027	1995	4,791	13,418	2003	2,024	4,929
1988	3,749	10,915	1996	4,434	12,321	2004	1,981	4,745
1989	3,799	10,993	1997	3,740	10,376	2005	1,909	4,492

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, unpublished data.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, Social Security Bulletin, quarterly and Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin.

Table 552. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)—Recipients by State and Other Areas: 2000 to 2005

[In thousands (2,215 represents 2,215,000). Average monthly families and recipients for calendar year. See headnote, Table 551]

State or	ı	amilies		F	Recipient	s	State or	F	amilies		R	ecipient	s
other area	2000	2004	2005	2000	2004	2005	other area	2000	2004	2005	2000	2004	2005
Total	2,215	1,980	1,908	5,778	4,745	4,491	MT	5	.5	4	13	14	12
, U.S	2,181	1,960	1,891	5,678	4,686	4,442	NE	9	11	10	24	26	28
AL	19	19	20	45	43	48	NV	6	8 6	6	16	20	15
AK	7 33	5 48	4 43	21 84	14 111	11 96	NH	6 50	45	6 45	14 125	14 109	14 107
	12	10	43	29	21	18	NJ	23	45 18	45 18	69	46	45
	489	461	461	1,262	1,105	1.078	NY	250	146	140	695	335	321
	11	15	15	28	38	39	NC	45	37	33	98	76	64
CO	27	21	19	64	42	39	ND	3	37	3	7	8	7
DE	6	6	6	12	13	13	ОН	95	85	82	235	186	177
DC	17	17	17	45	44	41	OK	14	14	14	35	33	31
FL	65	59	58	142	116	101	OR	17	19	19	38	43	44
GA	52	51	39	125	117	82	PA	88	91	97	241	239	254
ĤI	14	9	10	46	22	24	RI	16	12	10	44	31	26
ID	1	2	5	2	3	9	sc	18	16	16	42	37	36
IL	78	37	38	234	91	96	SD	3	3	3	7	6	6
IN	37	50	48	101	129	124	TN	57	72	70	147	190	184
IA	20	18	17	53	45	42	TX	129	100	82	347	237	189
KS	13	17	18	32	45	46	UT	8	9	9	21	23	22
KY	38	36	34	87	78	74	VT	6	5	5	16	12	11
<u>LA</u>	27	18	16	71	42	36	VA	31	10	10	69	28	28
ME	11	10	9	28	27	25	WA	56	56	57	148	138	136
MD	29	25	23	71	59	53	WV	13	14	12	33	33	26
MA	43	50	48	100	107	102	WI	17	22	19	38	54	44
MI	72 39	80	81	198	213	215 71	WY	30	17	15	1 88	1 47	41
MN	15	33 18	28 15	114 34	85 41	33	GU	30	3	15	10	47 11	41 8
MO	47	41	40	125	99	96	VI	1	1	_	3	2	1

<sup>-</sup> Represents or rounds to zero.

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, unpublished data.

#### Table 553. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)—Expenditures by State: 2000 to 2004

[In millions of dollars (24,781 represents \$24,781,000,000). Represents federal and state funds expended in fiscal year. Negative values occur when contracted obligations are fulfilled or terminated and the actual cost for the service is less than the obligated amount]

			20	04				20	04
State	<b>2000</b> , total	<b>2003</b> , total	Total <sup>1</sup>	Expendi- tures on assistance	State	<b>2000</b> , total	<b>2003</b> , total	Total <sup>1</sup>	Expendi- tures on assistance
U.S AL	<b>24,781</b> 96	<b>26,340</b> 171	<b>25,823</b> 114	<b>12,029</b> 49	MO MT	321 44	299 56	300 45	138 25
AK AZ	93 261	88 342	76 305	51 183	NE NV	79 69	79 85	89 68	64 39
AR CA	139 6,481	54 5,851	42 6,178	17 3,923	NH NJ	73 321	72 842	60 889	34 314
CO	205 436	236 450	212 435	68 143	NM NY	149 3,512	123 4,463	133 4,196	74 2,063
DE DC	55 157	56 166	54 169	33 70	NC ND	440 33	457 42	438 34	122 22
FL	781 386	852 501	877 535	268 197	OH	995 130	1,007 203	834 195	325 155
HI	162 43	134 43 989	128 41 981	87 7 114	OR PA RI	169 1,327 172	1,109	243 1,192	128 412
IN IA	879 342 163	313 156	314 163	126 82	SC SD	245 21	162 148 26	155 38 29	84 18 22
KS KY	151 203	150 150 191	156 196	101 124	TN	293 727	274 911	236 768	138 268
LA ME	118 108	267 100	252 102	71 86	UT	100 62	131 67	114 69	53 43
MD MA	336 690	366 697	350 681	110 361	VA WA	418 535	273 572	279 589	112 322
MI	1,264 381	1,205 498	1,281 402	382 167	WV	134 382	157 489	150 493	87 136
MS	62	120	103	-7	WY	34	71	40	18

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes other items not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Program, Annual Report to Congress.

#### Table 554. Child Support—Award and Recipiency Status of Custodial Parent: 2001

[In thousands except as noted (13,383 represents 13,383,000). Custodial parents 15 years and older with own children under 21 years of age present from absent parents as of spring 2002. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, section 1 and Appendix III. For definition of mean, see Guide to Tabular Presentation]

	,	All custod	ial parents		С		arents belo erty level	W
Award and	Tot	al			To	tal		
recipiency status	Number	Percent distri- bution	Mothers	Fathers	Number	Percent distri- bution	Mothers	Fathers
Total  With child support agreement or award Supposed to receive payments in 2001. Actually received payments in 2001 Received full amount Received partial payments. Did not receive payments in 2001. Child support not awarded.	13,383 7,916 6,924 5,119 3,099 2,020 1,804 5,466	(X) (X) 100.0 73.9 44.8 29.2 26.1 (X)	11,291 7,110 6,212 4,639 2,821 1,818 1,573 4,181	2,092 807 712 480 278 202 232 1,285	3,131 1,706 1,469 963 453 510 507 1,425	(X) (X) 100.0 65.6 30.8 34.7 34.5 (X)	2,823 1,571 1,339 885 423 463 454 1,253	308 135 130 77 30 47 53 172
MEAN INCOME AND CHILD SUPPORT								
Received child support payments in 2001:  Mean total money income (dol.)  Mean child support received (dol.)  Received the full amount due:	29,008 4,274	(X) (X)	28,258 4,274	36,255 4,273	7,571 3,041	(X) (X)	7,604 3,078	7,189 2,622
Mean total money income (dol.) Mean child support received (dol.) Received partial payments:	32,338 5,665	(X) (X)	31,734 5,655	38,479 5,768	7,963 4,576	(X) (X)	7,958 4,701	8,032 2,831
Mean total money income (dol.) Mean child support received (dol.)	23,899 2,141	(X) (X)	22,865 2,132	33,199 2,219	7,223 1,677	(X) (X)	7,281 1,595	6,647 2,487
Received no payments in 2001:  Mean total money income (dol.)  Without child support agreement or award:	23,571	(X)	21,835	35,348	6,832	(X)	6,755	7,492
Mean total money income (dol.)	24,055	(X)	19,339	39,396	6,113	(X)	6,089	6,287

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, unpublished data.

#### Table 555. Child Support Enforcement Program—Caseload and Collections: 1990 to 2005

[For years ending Sept. 30 (12,796 represents 12,796,000). Includes Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. The child support enforcement program locates absent parents, establishes paternity of children born out of wedlock, and establishes and enforces support orders. By law, these services are available to all families that need them. The program is operated at the state and local government level, but 66 percent of administrative costs are paid by the federal government. Child support collected for families not receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) goes to the family to help it remain self-sufficient. Most of the child support collected on behalf of TANF families goes to federal and state governments to offset TANF payments. Some states pass-through a portion of the CS collections to help families become self-sufficient. Based on data reported by state agencies. Minus sign (–) indicates net outlay]

Item	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	<b>2005,</b> prel.
Total cases <sup>1</sup>	<b>1,000</b> 1,000 1,000		<b>19,162</b> 659 1,051	<b>17,334</b> 867 1,175	<b>17,061</b> 777 1,181	<b>16,066</b> 697 1,220	<b>15,923</b> 663 1,161	<b>15,854</b> 692 1,181	<b>15,861</b> 680 1,180
FINANCES									
Collections, total	Mil. dol	<b>6,010</b> 1,750 620	10,827 2,689 939	<b>17,854</b> 2,593 1,080	<b>18,958</b> 2,592 1,004	<b>20,137</b> 2,893 947	<b>21,176</b> 2,972 947	<b>21,861</b> 2,221 927	<b>23,006</b> 2,191 911
states	Mil. dol Mil. dol	264 533 4,260 1,606	400 822 8,138 3.012	353 968 15,261 4,526	337 895 16,366 4.835	338 1,183 17,244 5.183	356 1,167 18,204 5,216	361 1,147 19,641 5,322	365 1,129 20,815 5,353
State share	Mil. dol Mil. dol	545 1,061 –190	918 2,095 –852	1,519 3,006 -2.125	1,613 3,222 -2.599	1,752 3,432 -3.053	1,765 3,450 -3.101	1,803 3,519 -3.249	1,813 3,540 -3,312
State share	Mil. dol	338 -528	421 -1,273	-87 -2,038	-272 -2,327	-466 -2,587	-462 -2,639	-515 -2,734	-537 -2,776

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Passage of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA) mandated new categories in 1999 and cases were no longer double counted resulting in a 2 million case reduction. <sup>2</sup> Does not include in-hospital paternities. <sup>3</sup> Includes modifications to orders. <sup>4</sup> Collections for current assistance cases where the children are: in-hospital paternities. <sup>3</sup> Includes modifications to orders. <sup>4</sup> Collections for current assistance cases where the children are: (1) recipients of TANF under title IV-A of the Social Security Act or (2) entitled to Foster Care (FC) maintenance under title IV-E of the Social Security Act plus collections distributed as assistance reimbursements. Includes medical support and payments to families of current assistance not shown separately. Assistance reimbursements are collections that will be divided between the state and federal governments to reimburse their respective shares of either Title IV-A assistance payments or Title IV-E Foster Care maintenance payments. 

5 Prior to fiscal year 2002, incentives were paid out of the federal share of collections and the net federal share was reported.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Support Enforcement, Annual Report to Congress.

#### Table 556. Federal Food Programs: 1990 to 2005

[20.0 represents 20,000,000, except as noted. For years ending September 30. Program data include Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and the former Trust Territory when a federal food program was operated in these areas. Participation data are average monthly figures except as noted. Participants are not reported for the commodity distribution programs. Cost data are direct federal benefits to recipients; they exclude federal administrative payments and applicable state and local contributions. Federal costs for commodities and cash-in-lieu of commodities are shown separately from direct cash benefits for those programs receiving both]

Program	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Food Stamp:									
Participants	Million	20.0	26.6	17.2	17.3	19.1	21.3	23.9	25.7
Federal cost	Mil. dol	14,186	22,764	14,983	15,547	18,256	21,404	24,622	28,567
Monthly average coupon value per									
recipient	Dollars	58.96	71.27	72.62	74.81	79.67	83.90	86.00	92.69
Nutrition assistance program for Puerto Rico:	NATI STATE	007	4 404	4 000	4 000	4.054	4 005	4 440	4 405
Federal cost	Mil. dol	937	1,131	1,268	1,296	1,351	1,395	1,413	1,495
Free lunches served	Million	1,662	2,090	2,205	2,182	2,277	2,335	2,397	2,475
Reduced-price lunches served	Million	273	308	409	425	441	453	462	479
Children participating 1	Million		25.7	27.3	27.5	28.0	28.4	29.0	29.6
Federal cost	Mil. dol		4,466	5,494	5,612	6,050	6,341	6,662	7,050
School breakfast (SB):		· ·							
Children participating 1	Million	4.1	6.3	7.6	7.8	8.1	8.4	8.9	9.4
Federal cost	Mil. dol	596	1,048	1,393	1,450	1,567	1,652	1,775	1,925
Special supplemental food program (WIC): 2	Millian	4.5		7.0	7.0	7.5	7.0	7.0	0.0
Participants	Million Mil. dol	4.5 1,637	6.9 2,512	7.2 2,853	7.3 3.008	7.5 3.130	7.6 3.230	7.9 3,562	8.0 3,604
Federal cost	IVIII. GOI	1,037	2,512	2,000	3,000	3,130	3,230	3,302	3,004
Participants 4	Million	1.5	2.3	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1
Federal cost	Mil. dol	719	1.296	1.500	1.548	1.657	1.726	1.812	1,905
Federal cost of commodities donated to— 5			,	,	,	,	, -	,-	,
Child nutrition (NSLP, CACFP, SFS, and									
_SBP)	Mil. dol	644	733	704	917	860	907	1,030	1,048
Emergency feeding <sup>6</sup>	Mil. dol	282	100	182	333	380	396	363	322

<sup>Average monthly participation (excluding summer months of our instance)

Average monthly participation (excluding summer months of our institutes.

WIC serves pregnant and postpartum women, infants, and children up to age five.

CACEP provides year-round subsidies to feed preschool children in child care centers and infants, and children up to age five.

Average quarterly adults also receive meal subsidies.

Average quarterly</sup> infants, and children up to age five. <sup>3</sup> CACFP provides year-round subsidies to feed preschool children in child care centers and family day care homes. Certain care centers serving disabled or elderly adults also receive meal subsidies. <sup>4</sup> Average quarterly daily attendance at participating institutions. <sup>5</sup> Includes the federal cost of commodity entitlements, cash-in-lieu of commodities, and bonus foods. <sup>6</sup> Provides free commodities to needy persons for home consumption through food banks, hunger centers, soup kitchens, and similar nonprofit agencies. Includes the Emergency Food Assistance Program, the commodity purchases for soup kitchens/food banks program (FY 1989–96), and commodity disaster relief.

Table 557. **Federal Food Stamp Program by State: 2000 to 2005** 

[Participation data are average monthly numbers (17,194 represents 17,194,000). For years ending September 30. Food stamp costs are for benefits only and exclude administrative expenditures]

State		Persons (1,000)	i		Benefits mil. dol.		State		Persons (1,000)			Benefits mil. dol.)	
	2000	2004	2005	2000	2004	2005		2000	2004	2005	2000	2004	2005
Total <sup>1</sup> . U.S		23,858 23,819			24,622 24,555		MS	276 423	377 700	391 766	226 358	361 663	463 736
AL AK AZ	396 38 259	498 49 530	559 56 550	344 46 240	513 64 578	616 80 634	MT	59 82 61	77 114 120	81 117 122	51 61 57	79 109 120	89 120 129
AR	247 1,831	346 1,859	374 1,991	206 1,639	347 1,984	401 2,312	NH	36 345	48 369	52 392	28 304	44 378	51 437
CO	156 165 32	242 196 56	246 204 62	127 138 31	253 198 57	313 223 65	NM	169 1,439	223 1,598	241 1,755	140 1,361	217 1,876	251 2,136
DC	81 882	89 1,202	89 1,382	77 771	98 1,269	103 1,598	NC ND OH	488 32 610	747 41 945	800 42 1,007	403 25 520	753 40 1,009	856 45 1,157
GA HI	559 118	867 99	921 94	489 166	924 152	1,048 156	OK	253 234 777	412 420 961	424 429 1.043	208 198 656	398 415 933	440 456 1,105
ID	58 817 300	91 1,070 526	93 1,158 556	46 777 268	91 1,211 550	103 1,400 627	SC	74	78 497	76 521	59 249	74 501	79 566
IA	123 117	179 170	207 178	100 83	176 158	220 180	SD	43 496	53 806	56 850	37 415	54 812	61 942
KY LA ME	403 500 102	545 706 142	570 808 153	337 448 81	543 754 140	611 979 162	TX	1,333 82 41	2,259 123 43	2,451 133 45	1,215 68 32	2,307 123 40	2,659 141 45
MD	219	274	289	199	287	320	VA WA	336 295	486 453	488 508	263 241	476 455	500 539
MA	232 603 196	335 944 247	368 1,048 260	182 457 165	304 896 247	363 1,099 275	WV	227 193 22	256 324 26	262 346 25	185 129 19	232 269 25	258 317 27

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Guam and the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, "Food and Nutrition Service, Program Data"; <a href="http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/">http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/</a>; updated monthly.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, "Food and Nutrition Service, Program Data":<a href="http://www.fns.usda.gov">http://www.fns.usda.gov</a> /pd/>; updated monthly.

#### Table 558. Selected Characteristics of Food Stamp Households and Participants: 1990 to 2004

[7,811 represents 7,811,000. For years ending September 30. Data for 1990 exclude Guam and the Virgin Islands. Based on a sample of households from the Food Stamp Quality Control System]

		Househ	olds		Participants					
Year		Pe	ercent of total			Percent of	f total			
	Total (1,000)	With children	With elderly 1	With disabled <sup>2</sup>	Total (1,000)	Children	Elderly <sup>1</sup>			
1990 1995 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	7,811 10,883 7,670 7,335 7,450 8,201 8,971 10,070	60.3 59.7 55.7 53.9 53.6 54.1 54.7 54.3	18.1 16.0 20.1 21.0 20.4 18.7 18.0 17.3	8.9 18.9 26.4 27.5 27.7 27.0 23.3 22.9	20,440 26,955 18,149 17,091 17,297 19,041 20,934 23,486	49.6 51.5 51.5 51.3 51.1 51.0 50.8 50.2	7.7 7.1 9.4 10.0 9.6 8.9 8.5 8.2			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Persons 60 years old and over. <sup>2</sup> Beginning 1995, disabled households are defined as households with at least one member under age 65 who received SSI, or at least one member age 18 to 61 who received social security, veterans benefits, or other government benefits as a result of a disability. For 1990, disabled households are defined as households with SSI but no members over age 59. The substantial increase in the percentage of households with a disabled member between 1994 and 1995 is due in part to the change in the definition of disabled households. Using the previous definition, 13.3 percent of households included a disabled person in fiscal year 1995.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Characteristics of Food Stamp Households: Fiscal Year

#### Table 559. Food Stamp Households and Participants—Summary: 2004

[10,070 represents 10,070,000. For year ending September 30. Based on a sample of 46,963 households from the Food Stamp Quality Control System]

	House	holds	A	Particip	oants
Household type and income source	Number (1,000)	Percent	Age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Number (1,000)	Percent
Total .  With children . Single-parent households . Married-couple households . Other .  With elderly . Living alone . Disabled . Living alone . Not living alone . Not living alone . Not living alone . Not living alone .	10,070 5,472 3,450 1,004 1,019 1,741 1,357 385 2,310 1,243 1,067	34.3 10.0 10.1 17.3 13.5 3.8 22.9 12.3	Children Under 5 years old 5 to 17 years old Adults 18 to 35 years old	23,486 11,797 3,967 7,830 11,684 5,134 4,631 1,919 9,668 13,809	100.0 50.2 16.9 33.3 49.7 21.9 19.7 8.2 41.2 58.8
Earned income.  Wages and salaries. Unearned income.  TANF  Supplemental security income.  Social security	2,896 2,589 7,027 1,626 2,713 2,313	25.7 69.8 16.1 26.9	White, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic Hispanic Asian. Native American Other.	10,148 7,773 4,507 586 359 113	43.2 33.1 19.2 2.5 1.5 0.5
No income	1.308	13.0			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Characteristics of Food Stamp Households: Fiscal Year 2004, September 2005.

Table 560. Head Start—Summary: 1980 to 2005

[For years ending September 30 (376 represents 376,000)]

Year	Enrollment (1,000)	Appropriation (mil. dol.)	Age and race	Enrollment, 2005 (percent)	Item	Number
1980 1990 1995 1996 1997	376 541 751 752 794	1,552 3,534	Under 3 years old	10 34 52 4	Average cost per child: 1995	\$4,534 \$5,951 \$7,287
1998	822 826 858 905 912 910 906 907	4,347 4,658 5,267 6,200 6,537 6,668 6,775	Black	35 31 33 5 2	Paid staff (1,000): 1995 2000 2005 Volunteers (1,000): 1995 2000 2005	147 180 213 1,235 1,252 1,360

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, "Head Start Statistical Fact Sheet"; <a href="http://www2.acf.dhhs.gov/programs">http://www2.acf.dhhs.gov/programs</a> /hsb/research/2006.htm>.

### Table 561. Social Assistance—Establishments, Receipts, Payroll, and Employees by Kind of Business (NAICS 1997 Basis): 1997 and 2002

[57,355 represents \$57,355,000,000. Data are based on the 1997 and 2002 economic censuses which are subject to nonsampling error. Data for the construction sector are also subject to samping errors. For details on survey methodology and nonsampling and sampling errors, see Appendix III]

Kind of business	NAICS code 1		shments nber)	Sales, or ship (mil.		Annual (mil.		Pai employ (1,00	ees 2
		1997	2002	1997	2002	1997	2002	1997	2002
Social assistance	624	126,428	138,971	57,355	91,412	24,394	36,091	1,744	2,106
Individual & family services	6241	46,207	49,216	29,089	45,546	11,894	17,556	711	897
	62411	12,734	9,415	8,258	9,486	3,381	3,346	184	150
disabled persons Other individual & family services	62412	12,936	15,051	9,025	15,317	3,654	6,152	259	370
	62419	20,537	24,750	11,806	20,744	4,858	8,058	269	377
Community/emergency and other relief services	6242	9,950	12,436	6,197	12,930	1,768	3,215	102	144
	62421	3,083	3,893	1,616	2,864	328	534	23	30
	62422	4,904	6,726	3,028	5,629	1,100	2,051	61	92
	62423	1,963	1,817	1,553	4,437	340	630	18	22
Vocational rehabilitation services Child day care services	6243	8,217	8,485	7,894	11,186	3,769	4,815	302	315
	6244	62,054	68,834	14,175	21,750	6,963	10,506	629	750

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> North American Industry Classification System, 1997; see text, Section 15. <sup>2</sup> For pay period including March 12.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Economic Census, Health Care and Social Assistance, Series EC02-621-04, issued July 2004; <a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/ec02/ec0262i04t.pdf">http://www.census.gov/prod/ec02/ec0262i04t.pdf</a>.

#### Table 562. Social Assistance Services—Revenue for Employer Firms: 2000 to 2004

[In millions of dollars (80,019 represents \$80,019,000,000). Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 1997, (NAICS), see text, Section 15, Business Enterprise. See Appendix III]

	NAICC				2004	
Kind of business	NAICS code	<b>2000</b> , total	<b>2003</b> , total	Total	Taxable firms	Tax-exempt firms
Social assistance	624	80,019	100,843	107,629	22,383	85,246
Individual and family services	6241	40,298	50,934	54,062	6,295	47,767
	62411	10,503	13,515	13,640	799	12,841
	62412	12,804	16,300	17,711	3,000	14,711
	62419	16,990	21,119	22,711	2,496	20,215
Community, emergency and other relief services	6242	12,281	15,000	16,593	100	16,492
	62421	2,835	3,326	3,505	(S)	3,484
	62422	4,888	6,067	6,396	59	6,337
	62423	4,558	5,607	6,692	(S)	6,671
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	9,458	12,094	13,025	2,250	10,775
	6244	17,982	22,815	23,949	13,738	10,212

S Figure does not meet publication standards.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Service Annual Survey, 2004. See also <a href="http://www.census.gov/svsd/www/services/sas/sas\_summary">http://www.census.gov/svsd/www/services/sas/sas\_summary</a> /62summary.htm>.

#### Table 563. Social Assistance—Nonemployer Establishments and Receipts: 1997 to 2003

[Receipts in millions of dollars (5,451 represents \$5,451,000,000). Includes only firms subject to federal income tax. Nonemployers are businesses with no paid employees. Based on the North American Industry Classification System 1997 (NAICS), see text, Section 15]

Kind of business	NAICS	Es	tablishmen	ts		Receipts	
Killid Of Dusiness	code	1997	2000	2003	1997	2000	2003
Social assistance, total	624	526,512	642,946	756,100	5,451	7,539	9,305
Individual & family services . Community/emergency & other relief services . Vocational rehabilitation services . Child day care services .	6242 6243	33,227 1,338 3,213 488,734	72,433 3,560 7,314 559,639	96,405 4,643 9,653 645,399		1,106 54 151 6,228	1,578 67 204 7,456

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Nonemployer Statistics"; <a href="http://www.census.gov/epcd/nonemployer/">http://www.census.gov/epcd/nonemployer/</a>>.

#### Table 564. Child Care Arrangements of Preschool Children by Type of Arrangement: 1991 to 2005

[In percent, except as indicated (8,428 represents 8,428,000). Estimates are based on children 3 to 5 years old who have not entered kindergarten. Based on interviews from a sample survey of the civilian, noninstitutional population in households with telephones; see source for details. See also Appendix III]

	Child	ren	Type of no	nparental arran	gement 1	
Characteristic	Number (1,000)	Percent distribution	In relative care	In nonrelative care	In center- based program <sup>2</sup>	With parental care only
1991, total	8,428	100.0	16.9	14.8	52.8	31.0
	9,232	100.0	19.4	16.9	55.1	25.9
	<b>9,066</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>57.2</b>	<b>26.3</b>
Age: 3 years old. 4 years old. 5 years old.	4,070	44.9	24.0	14.4	42.5	33.4
	3,873	42.7	20.8	9.2	69.2	20.6
	1,123	12.4	23.8	9.9	68.7	20.4
Race-ethnicity: White, non-Hispanic. Black, non-Hispanic. Hispanic Other	5,177	57.1	21.4	15.0	59.1	24.1
	1,233	13.6	25.0	5.2	66.5	19.5
	1,822	20.1	22.7	8.1	43.4	38.0
	834	9.2	26.4	8.1	61.5	24.7
Household income: Less than \$10,001 \$10,001 to \$20,000 \$20,001 to \$30,000 \$30,001 to \$40,000 \$40,001 to \$50,000 \$50,001 to \$75,000 \$75,001 or more	795 978 1,183 1,124 808 1,849 2,329	8.8 10.8 13.1 12.4 8.9 20.4 25.7	25.1 26.0 25.4 23.8 21.8 21.1 19.8	8.6 7.8 6.9 11.6 13.3 18.0	53.4 49.2 43.9 48.7 50.0 57.1 75.1	33.4 27.2 38.5 33.4 35.4 25.5 11.4

Columns do not add to 100.0 because some children participated in more than one type of nonparental arrangement.
Center-based programs include day care centers, Head Start programs, preschools, prekindergarten, and nursery schools.

#### Table 565. Licensed Child Care Centers and Family Child Care Providers by State and Other Areas: 2005

[Centers as of February; family child care providers as of August. Licensed programs are required to have permission from the state to operate and must meet specified family child care or center standards. Some states may call their regulatory processes certification or registration. Family child care providers are programs that operate in the licensee's residence with at least one provider]

State	Licensed child care centers	Licensed family child care providers	State	Licensed child care centers	Licensed family child care providers	State	Licensed child care centers	Licensed family child care providers
US, total	105,444	213,966	KS.,	1,270	7,316	ND	167	1,315
			KY 4	2,256	1,029	OH	3,876	154
AL	1,372	1,722	LA <sup>5</sup>	1,993	(5)	OK	1,526	4,325
AK	107	324	ME	707	1,789	OR 6	976	4,692
AZ <sup>1</sup>	2,182	371	MD	2,672	9,775	PA	3,989	5,197
AR <sup>2</sup>	1,762	987	MA	2,263	9,403	RI	460	1,314
CA	14,841	44,494	MI	4,588	13,715	SC	1,339	303
CO	1,282	4,281	MN	1,577	13,085	SD <sup>7</sup>	298	92
CT	1,560	3,078	MS	1,588	126	TN	2,304	1,468
DE	409	1,614	MO	1,938	2,069	TX	8,889	10,154
DC	360	237	MT	271	1,141	UT	268	2,342
FL	4,248	2,409	NE	854	3,066	VT <sup>8</sup>	640	1,244
GA	3,019	6,736	NV	447	524	VA	2,700	1,678
HI	543	462	NH	798	359	WA	2,114	6,280
ID <sup>3</sup>	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	NJ <sup>5</sup>	4,262	( <sup>5</sup> )	WV	432	2,427
IL	2,898	10,643	NM	636	420	WI <sup>9</sup>	2,418	3,192
IN	617	3,111	NY	3,626	12,093	WY	207	546
IA	1,495	6,193	NC	4,400	4,671			

<sup>1,495</sup> b, 195 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 tamily child care homes. <sup>6</sup> Voluntary licensing for public assistance reimbursement programs and programs fewer children. <sup>7</sup> The state also has voluntarily registered family day care homes. <sup>8</sup> The state also has care. <sup>9</sup> The state also certifies small family care homes that wish to receive state subsidy reimbursement.

Source: National Association for Regulatory Administration, Conyers, GA, Child Care Center Licensing Study, 2005 (copyright). See also <a href="https://www.nara.affiniscape.com/displaycommon.cfm?an=1&subarticlenbr=99">https://www.nara.affiniscape.com/displaycommon.cfm?an=1&subarticlenbr=99></a>.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Early Childhood Program Participation Survey of the National Household Education Surveys Program (NHES), 2005.

#### Table 566. Foster Care and Adoption: 2002 to 2003

[Data are for October 1 of prior year through September 30 of year shown]

Characteristic	In fo		Ente foster		Exi foster		Waiting adop		Adopted foster	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
Total	532,000	523,000	303,000	297,000	281,000	281,000	126,000	119,000	53,000	50,000
AGE										
Under 1 year		25,070 129,470 108,500 154,970 103,500	41,874 77,623 61,555 87,416 34,254	42,910 77,820 58,490 85,310 32,490	12,059 76,998 61,089 67,388 62,725	12,630 79,790 59,540 66,790 61,990	4,224 40,204 37,740 36,310 6,393	3,850 38,200 33,430 35,770 7,510	984 24,412 16,916 9,313 1,351	920 23,630 15,270 8,900 1,410
RACE										
White	205,478 195,040 3,423 89,177	203,920 184,480 3,280 91,040	139,861 83,585 2,855 51,330	137,340 80,300 2,640 51,180	125,114 84,366 2,739 44,931	127,680 82,420 2,620 45,890	45,410 52,935 533 16,324	43,820 47,630 510 16,210	20,833 18,828 309 8,586	20,940 16,570 320 7,900
SEX Male	278,916 252,932	274,820 248,150	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	66,472 59,509	63,120 55,620	26,587 26,401	25,170 24,960

NA Not available. 
<sup>1</sup> For children waiting to be adopted, includes ages 16–18 only.

#### Table 567. Private Philanthropy Funds by Source and Allocation: 1990 to 2004

[In billions of dollars (101.4 represents \$101,400,000,000). Estimates for sources of funds based on U.S. Internal Revenue Service reports of individual charitable deductions and household surveys of giving by Independent Sector and the Center on Philanthropy at Indiana University. For corporate giving, data are corporate charitable deductions from the U.S. Internal Revenue Service and the contributions made by corporate foundations as reported by the Foundation Center. Data about foundation donations are based upon surveys of foundations and data provided by the Foundation Center. Estimates of the allocation of funds were derived from surveys of nonprofits conducted by various sources]

Source and allocation	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total funds	101.4	119.2	124.0	138.6	159.4	177.4	201.0	227.7	229.0	234.1	236.7	248.5
Individuals	81.0	92.5	95.4	107.6	124.2	138.4	154.6	174.5	172.4	175.0	180.6	187.9
Foundations <sup>1</sup>		9.7	10.6	12.0	13.9	17.0	20.5	24.6	27.2	27.0	26.8	28.8
Corporations		7.0	7.4	7.5	8.6	8.5	10.2	10.7	11.7	12.9	11.2	12.0
Charitable bequests	7.6	10.0	10.7	11.5	12.6	13.6	15.6	17.9	17.7	19.2	18.1	19.8
Allocation:												
Religion	49.8	56.4	58.1	61.9	64.7	68.3	71.3	77.0	79.9	82.8	84.6	88.3
Health	9.9	11.5	12.6	13.9	14.0	16.9	18.0	18.8	19.3	18.9	20.9	22.0
Education	12.4	16.6	17.6	19.2	22.0	25.3	27.5	31.7	32.0	31.8	32.1	33.8
Human service	11.8	11.7	11.7	12.2	12.7	16.1	17.4	18.0	20.7	18.7	18.9	19.2
Arts, culture, and humanities		9.7	10.0	10.9	10.6	10.5	11.1	11.5	12.1	12.2	13.1	14.0
Public/societal benefit		6.1	7.1	7.6	8.4	10.9	11.0	11.6	11.8	11.6	12.1	13.0
Environment/wildlife		3.3	3.8	3.8	4.1	5.3	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.6	7.1	7.6
International	1.3	2.4	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.9	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.6	5.3	5.3
		6.3	8.5	12.6	14.0	19.9	28.8	24.7	25.7	19.2	21.6	24.0
Unallocated 3	-3.0	_/ Q	-8.2	-63	63	15	6.8	24.6	17.0	27.7	21 0	21 /

Data are from the Foundation Center through 2001. <sup>2</sup> Estimate for gifts to foundations in 2002-2004 is from Giving USA. Money deducted as a charitable contribution by donors but not allocated to sources. May include gifts to governmental entities, in-kind giving, gifts to new charities.

#### Table 568. Foundations—Number and Finances: 1990 to 2004

[142.5 represents \$142,500,000,000. Covers nongovernmental nonprofit organizations with funds and programs managed by their own trustees or directors, whose goals were to maintain or aid social, educational, religious, or other activities deemed to serve the common good. Excludes organizations that make general appeals to the public for funds, act as trade associations for industrial or other special groups, or do not currently award grants. Constant dollar figures based on Consumer Price Index, all urban consumers, supplied by U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease]

			Ass	sets			Total o	iving <sup>2</sup>		Gifts received						
Year	Number	Curre	nt dollars		Constant (1975) dollars		nt dollars		ant ( <b>1975</b> ) ollars	Curre	nt dollars	Constant (1978) dollars				
	of founda- tions	Amt. (bil. dol.)	Percent change 1	Amt. (bil. dol.)	Percent change 1	Amt. (bil. dol.)	Percent change 1	Amt. (bil. dol.)	Percent change 1	Amt. (bil. dol.)	Percent change 1	Amt. (bil. dol.)	Percent change 1			
1990 . 1995 . 2000 .	32,401 40,140 56,582	142.5 226.7 486.1	3.6 15.8 8.4	58.7 80.1 154.9	-1.7 12.6 4.8	8.7 12.3 27.6 31.8	9.7 8.6 18.2	3.6 4.3 8.6	4.1 5.6 14.3	5.0 10.3 27.6	-10.0 26.9 -13.9	2.5 4.4 10.5	-14.6 23.5 -16.7			
2004 .	67,736	510.5	7.1	145.4	145.4 4.3		5.1	9.1	2.3	24.0	-3.5	8.3	-6.0			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percent change from immediate preceding year. <sup>2</sup> Includes grants, scholarships, and employee matching gifts. Source: The Foundation Center, New York, NY, FC Stats; <a href="http://tdncenter.org/fc\_stats/index.html">http://tdncenter.org/fc\_stats/index.html</a>; (copyright).

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System Reports, annual. See also <a href="http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/stats\_research/index.htm#afcars">http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/stats\_research/index.htm#afcars</a>.

Source: The Giving Institute, Indianapolis, IN, researched and written by the Center on Philanthropy at Indiana University, Giving USA, annual (copyright).

#### Table 569. Foundations—Number and Finances by Asset Size: 2004

[Figures are for latest year reported by foundations (510,481 represents \$510,481,000,000). See headnote, Table 568]

		Assets	Gifts received	Expen- ditures	Grants		Perc	ent distribu	ution	
Asset size	Number	(mil. dol.)	(mil. dol.)	(mil. dol.)	(mil. dol.)	Number	Assets	Gifts received	Expen- ditures	Grants
Total	67,736	510,481	23,989	39,003	31,844	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$50,000	11,413	182	1,348	1,568	1,492	16.8	-	5.6	4.0	4.7
\$50,000-\$99,999	4,794	353	187	267	238	7.1	0.1	0.8	0.7	0.7
\$100,000-\$249,999	9,194	1,539	351	511	429	13.6	0.3	1.5	1.3	1.3
\$250,000-\$499,999	8,561	3,116	446	618	522	12.6	0.6	1.9	1.6	1.6
\$500,000-\$999,999	9,280	6,695	688	963	813	13.7	1.3	2.9	2.5	2.6
\$1,000,000-\$4,999,999	15.787	35.527	3.384	4.236	3.599	23.3	7.0	14.1	10.9	11.3
\$5,000,000-\$9,999,999	3,582	24,990	2,256	2,791	2.349	5.3	4.9	9.4	7.2	7.4
\$10,000,000-\$49,999,999	3,895	82,226	5,535	6.595	5,363	5.8	16.1	23.1	16.9	16.8
\$50,000,000-\$99,999,999	603	41,992	2.113	3,227	2,500	0.9	8.2	8.8	8.3	7.9
\$100,000,000-\$249,999,999	394	58,950	2.515	4.043	3.232	0.6	11.5	10.5	10.4	10.1
\$250,000,000 or more	233	254,909	5,166	14,185	11,307	0.3	49.9	21.5	36.4	35.5

Represents zero.

Source: The Foundation Center, New York, NY, Foundation Yearbook, annual (copyright).

Table 570. Domestic Private Foundations—Information Returns: 1990 to 2002

[Money amounts in billions of dollars (122.4 represents \$122,400,000,000)]

Item	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Number of returns	40.105	45.801	47.917	50.774	55.113	56.658	62.694	66.738	70.787	73,255
Nonoperating foundations	36,880	41,983	43,966	46,066	50,541	52,460	58,840	61,501	63,650	67,101
Operating foundations	3,226	3,818	3,951	4,708	4,572	4,198	3,854	5,238	7,137	6,154
Total assets, book value	122.4	169.3	195.6	232.6	280.9	325.7	384.6	409.5	413.6	383.5
Total assets, fair market value	151.0	203.6	242.9	288.6	342.7	397.1	466.9	471.6	455.4	413.0
Investments in securities	115.0	158.9	190.7	225.1	272.4	317.9	363.4	361.4	329.4	294.4
Total revenue	19.0	26.5	30.8	48.2	55.5	59.7	83.3	72.8	45.3	27.8
Total expenses	11.3	15.7	17.2	19.9	22.4	25.9	33.9	37.4	36.7	34.4
Contributions, gifts, and										
grants paid	8.6	11.8	12.3	14.5	16.4	19.4	22.8	27.6	27.4	26.3
Excess of revenue over										
expenses (net)	7.7	10.8	13.6	28.4	33.0	33.8	49.4	35.3	8.6	-6.6
Net investment income 1	11.9	15.0	20.4	26.2	34.8	39.3	57.1	48.8	25.7	17.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents income not considered related to a foundation's charitable purpose, e.g., interest, dividends, and capital gains. Foundations could be subject to an excise tax on such income.

Source: Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, SOI Tax Stats—Charities & Other Tax-Exempt <a href="http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/article/0,,id=97176,00.html">http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/article/0,,id=97176,00.html</a> (accessed 17 March 2006).

#### Table 571. Nonprofit Charitable Organizations—Information Returns: 1990 to 2002

[In billions of dollars (697.3 represents \$697,300,000,000), except as indicated. Categories based on The National Taxonomy of Exempt Entities (NTEE), a classification system that uses 26 major field areas that are aggregated into 10 categories. Includes data reported by organizations described in Internal Revenue Code section 501(3), excluding private foundations and most religious organizations. Organizations with receipts under \$25,000 were not required to file]

					Revenue			
Year and category	Number of returns (1,000)	Total assets	Total fund balance or net worth	Total	Program service revenue 1	Contribu- tions, gifts, and grants	Total expenses	Excess of revenue over expenses (net)
1990	141.8	697.3	375.3	435.6	306.9	85.3	409.4	26.1
2000	230.2	1,562.5	1,023.2	866.2	579.1	199.1	796.4	69.8
2002, total	251.7	1,733.9	1,040.3	955.3	691.8	214.5	934.7	20.6
Arts, culture, and humanities .	27.1	68.8	56.1	22.3	6.3	12.8	21.6	0.7
Education	45.2	563.8	392.2	170.7	101.8	54.7	164.3	6.4
Environment, animals	9.7	25.5	20.9	8.7	2.1	5.6	7.8	0.9
Health	34.1	678.5	341.6	550.5	492.6	40.6	541.2	9.3
Human services	94.7	201.1	95.9	141.7	74.0	58.8	140.0	1.7
International, foreign affairs	3.5	12.3	9.4	12.6	1.0	11.4	12.2	0.4
Mutual, membership benefit	0.6	10.8	8.4	1.7	1.5	0.2	1.9	-0.2
Public, societal benefit	21.4	156.8	102.7	40.4	11.6	25.3	39.0	1.3
Religion related	15.3	16.1	13.1	6.7	1.1	5.0	6.7	0.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents fees collected by organizations in support of their tax-exempt purposes, and income such as tuition and fees at educational institutions, hospital patient charges, and admission and activity fees collected by museums and other nonprofit organizations or institutions.

Source: Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, SOI Tax Stats—Charities & Other Tax-Exempt Organizations Statistics. See also <a href="http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/article/0">http://www.irs.gov/taxstats/charitablestats/article/0</a>, id=97176,00.html> (accessed 26 May 2005).

#### Table 572. Volunteers by Selected Characteristics and Type of Main Organization: 2005

[In percent, except as noted. Data on volunteers relate to persons who performed unpaid volunteer activities for an organization at any point from September 1, 2004, through September 2005. Data represents the percent of the population involved in the activity]

		S	эх			Ą	ge			F	Race and or Latin	Hispanio o origin		Edu	cational	attainme	nt <sup>4</sup>	ı	Employm	ent statu	s
Total and type of main organization <sup>1</sup>									65				His-	Less than a high	High school gradu-	Less than a bach-	Col-	Civilia	an labor i	force	
	Total, both sexes	Men	Women	16 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	years and over	White <sup>2</sup>	Black <sup>2</sup>	Asian <sup>2</sup>	panic or Lati- no	school dip- loma	ate, no col- lege	elor's de- gree <sup>6</sup>	lege gradu- ates	Total	Em- ployed	Unem- ployed	Not in labor force
Total volunteers (1,000) Percent of population Median annual hours <sup>7</sup>	65,357 28.8 50	27,370 25.0 52	37,987 32.4 50	8,955 24.4 36	9,881 25.3 36	14,809 34.5 48	13,826 32.7 50	9,173 30.2 56	8,712 24.8 96	56,170 30.4 50	5,879 22.1 52	2,055 20.7 40	4,511 15.4 40	2,837 10.0 48	12,594 21.2 48	16,452 33.7 50	24,517 45.8 55	46,872 31.1 48	44,894 31.3 48	1,978 26.4 42	18,485 24.4 62
Civic and political 8 Educational or youth	6.4	8.2	5.0	4.2	6.8	4.8	6.8	8.0	8.2	6.5	5.2	6.0	5.8	5.2	6.3	6.5	7.3	6.6	6.7	4.4	5.9
service	26.2	24.4	27.6	32.4	33.6	37.9	25.6	13.5	6.2	26.3	23.8	28.6	31.9	20.9	23.7	26.1	26.0	27.7	27.4	34.0	22.6
or animal care	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.1	1.3	2.1	2.1	0.9	2.0	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.4	1.3	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.5
health	7.7 1.3 34.8	5.5 2.4 34.0	9.2 0.5 35.4	8.2 1.5 27.5	6.6 1.7 29.1	5.8 1.1 31.2	7.7 1.3 36.8	8.9 1.4 41.2	10.1 0.8 45.0	8.0 1.4 33.8	4.8 0.5 45.5	8.8 0.5 33.6	5.7 1.0 37.1	5.7 1.5 45.5	7.9 2.1 38.9	7.9 1.3 35.8	7.4 0.7 33.5	7.5 1.5 33.5	7.6 1.5 33.6	5.8 1.6 29.3	8.0 0.6 38.2
ervice	13.4 3.3 3.5 1.7	14.2 4.1 3.8 1.6	12.8 2.7 3.3 1.7	14.9 2.8 3.6 2.3	13.1 3.0 3.1 1.0	10.5 3.0 3.1 1.3	11.4 3.6 3.1 1.7	15.5 3.8 4.0 1.7	18.0 3.7 4.7 2.3	13.5 3.4 3.6 1.5	12.3 2.0 2.9 2.5	13.3 3.8 2.5 2.4	9.5 2.3 3.9 1.9	13.5 1.2 5.0 1.0	12.2 2.9 3.3 1.4	12.6 3.3 3.4 1.3	13.9 3.9 3.5 1.8	13.1 3.4 3.4 1.5	12.9 3.4 3.4 1.6	16.7 2.5 3.4 0.8	14.2 3.1 3.9 2.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Main organization is defined as the organization for which the volunteer worked the most hours during the year. See headnote for more details. <sup>2</sup> Persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. <sup>3</sup> Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. <sup>4</sup> Data refer to persons 25 years and over. <sup>5</sup> Includes high school diploma or equivalent. <sup>6</sup> Includes the categories, some college, no degree; and associate's degree. <sup>7</sup> For those reporting annual hours. <sup>8</sup> Includes professional and/or international. <sup>9</sup> Includes cultural and/or arts.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News, USDL 05-2278, December 9, 2005. See also <a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/volun.pdf">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/volun.pdf</a>>.