

Law Enforcement, Courts, and Prisons

This section presents data on crimes committed, victims of crimes, arrests, and data related to criminal violations and the criminal justice system. The major sources of these data are the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS), the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts. BJS issues several reports, including *Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics*, *Criminal Victimization*, *Prisoners* (annual), *Census of State and Federal Correctional Facilities*, *Survey of Prison Inmates*, *Census of Jails*, *Survey of Prison Inmates*, *Probation and Parole in the United States*, *Capital Punishment*, and the annual *Justice Expenditure and Employment Data for the Criminal Justice System*. The Federal Bureau of Investigation's major annual reports are *Crime in the United States*, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, annual, and *Hate Crimes*, annual, which presents data on reported crimes as gathered from state and local law enforcement agencies.

Legal jurisdiction and law enforcement—Law enforcement is, for the most part, a function of state and local officers and agencies. The U.S. Constitution reserves general police powers to the states. By act of Congress, federal offenses include only offenses against the U.S. government and against or by its employees while engaged in their official duties and offenses which involve the crossing of state lines or an interference with interstate commerce. Excluding the military, there are 52 separate criminal law jurisdictions in the United States: one in each of the 50 states, one in the District of Columbia, and the federal jurisdiction. Each of these has its own criminal law and procedure and its own law enforcement agencies. While the systems of law enforcement are quite similar among the states, there are often substantial differences in the penalties for like offenses.

Law enforcement can be divided into three parts: investigation of crimes and arrests of persons suspected of committing them; prosecution of those charged with crime; and the punishment or treatment of persons convicted of crime.

Crime—The U.S. Department of Justice administers two statistical programs to measure the magnitude, nature, and impact of crime in the nation: the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program and the National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS). Each of these programs produces valuable information about aspects of the nation's crime problem. Because the UCR and NCVS programs are conducted for different purposes, use different methods, and focus on somewhat different aspects of crime, the information they produce together provides a more comprehensive panorama of the nation's crime problem than either could produce alone.

Uniform Crime Reports (UCR)—The FBI's UCR Program, which began in 1929, collects information on the following crimes reported to law enforcement authorities: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Law enforcement agencies report arrest data for 21 additional crime categories. For UCR definitions of criminal offenses (including those listed), please go to: <www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appendices/appendix_02.html>.

The UCR Program compiles data from monthly law enforcement reports or individual crime incident records transmitted directly to the FBI or to centralized state agencies that then report to the FBI. The Program thoroughly examines each report it receives for reasonableness, accuracy, and deviations that may indicate errors. Large variations in crime levels may indicate modified records procedures, incomplete reporting, or changes in a jurisdiction's boundaries. To identify any unusual

fluctuations in an agency's crime counts, the Program compares monthly reports to previous submissions of the agency and with those for similar agencies.

The UCR Program presents crime counts for the nation as a whole, as well as for regions, states, counties, cities, towns, tribal law enforcement, and colleges and universities. This permits studies among neighboring jurisdictions and among those with similar populations and other common characteristics.

The UCR Program annually publishes its findings in a preliminary release in the spring of the following calendar year, followed by a detailed annual report, *Crime in the United States*, issued in the fall. In addition to crime counts and trends, this report includes data on crimes cleared, persons arrested (age, sex, and race), law enforcement personnel (including the number of sworn officers killed or assaulted), and the characteristics of homicides (including age, sex, and race of victims and offenders; victim-offender relationships; weapons used; and circumstances surrounding the homicides). Other periodic reports are also available from the UCR Program.

National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS)—A second perspective on crime is provided by this survey of the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Details about the crimes come directly from the victims. No attempt is made to validate the information against police records or any other source.

The NCVS measures rape/sexual assault, robbery, assault, pocket-picking, purse snatching, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. The NCVS includes offenses reported to the police, as well as those not reported.

Police reporting rates (percent of victimizations) varied by type of crime. In 2005, for instance, 38 percent of rapes/sexual assaults were reported; 52 percent of robberies; 47 percent of assaults; 32 percent of personal thefts; 35 percent of pocket-pickings/purse snatchings; 56 percent of household burglaries; and 83 percent of motor vehicle thefts.

Murder and kidnaping are not covered. Commercial burglary and robbery were dropped from the program during 1977. The so-called victimless crimes, such as drunkenness, drug abuse, and prostitution, also are excluded, as are crimes for which it is difficult to identify knowledgeable respondents or to locate data records.

Crimes of which the victim may not be aware also cannot be measured effectively. Buying stolen property may fall into this category, as may some instances of embezzlement. Attempted crimes of many types probably are under recorded for this reason. Events in which the victim has shown a willingness to participate in illegal activity also are excluded.

In any encounter involving a personal crime, more than one criminal act can be committed against an individual. For example, a rape may be associated with a robbery, or a household offense, such as a burglary, can escalate into something more serious in the event of a personal confrontation. In classifying the survey-measured crimes, each criminal incident has been counted only once—by the most serious act that took place during the incident and ranked in accordance with the seriousness classification system used by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The order of seriousness for crimes against persons is as follows: rape, robbery, assault, and larceny. Personal crimes take precedence over household offenses.

A *victimization*, basic measure of the occurrence of crime, is a specific criminal act as it affects a single victim. The number of victimizations is determined by the number of victims of such acts. Victimization counts serve as key elements in computing rates of victimization. For crimes against persons, the rates are based on the total number of individuals age 12 and over or on a portion of that population sharing a particular characteristic or set of traits. As general indicators of the danger of having been victimized during the reference period, the rates are not sufficiently refined to represent true measures of risk for specific individuals or households.

An *incident* is a specific criminal act involving one or more victims; therefore the number of incidents of personal crimes is lower than that of victimizations.

Courts—Statistics on criminal offenses and the outcome of prosecutions are incomplete for the country as a whole, although data are available for many states individually.

Since 1982, through its National Judicial Reporting Program, the Bureau of Justice Statistics has surveyed a nationally representative sample of 300 counties every 2 years and collected detailed information on demographic characteristics of felons, conviction offenses, type of sentences, sentence lengths, and time from arrest to conviction and sentencing.

The bulk of civil and criminal litigation in the country is commenced and determined in the various state courts. Only when the U.S. Constitution and acts of Congress specifically confer jurisdiction upon the federal courts may civil or criminal litigation be heard and decided by them. Generally, the federal courts have jurisdiction over the following types of cases: suits or proceedings by or against the United States; civil actions between private parties arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; civil actions between private litigants who are citizens of different states; civil cases involving admiralty, maritime, or private jurisdiction; and all matters in bankruptcy.

There are several types of courts with varying degrees of legal jurisdiction. These jurisdictions include original, appellate, general, and limited or special. A court of original jurisdiction is one having the authority initially to try a case and pass judgment on the law and the facts; a court of appellate jurisdiction is one with the legal authority to review cases and hear appeals; a court of general jurisdiction is a trial court of unlimited original jurisdiction in civil and/or criminal cases, also called a "major trial court"; a court of limited or special jurisdiction is a trial court with legal authority over only a particular class of cases, such as probate, juvenile, or traffic cases.

The 94 federal courts of original jurisdiction are known as the U.S. district courts. One or more of these courts is established in every state and one each in the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam. Appeals from the district courts are taken to intermediate appellate courts of which there are 13, known as U.S. courts of appeals and the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. The Supreme Court of the United States is the final and highest appellate court in the federal system of courts.

Juvenile offenders—For statistical purposes, the FBI and most states classify as juvenile offenders persons under the age of 18 years who have committed a crime or crimes.

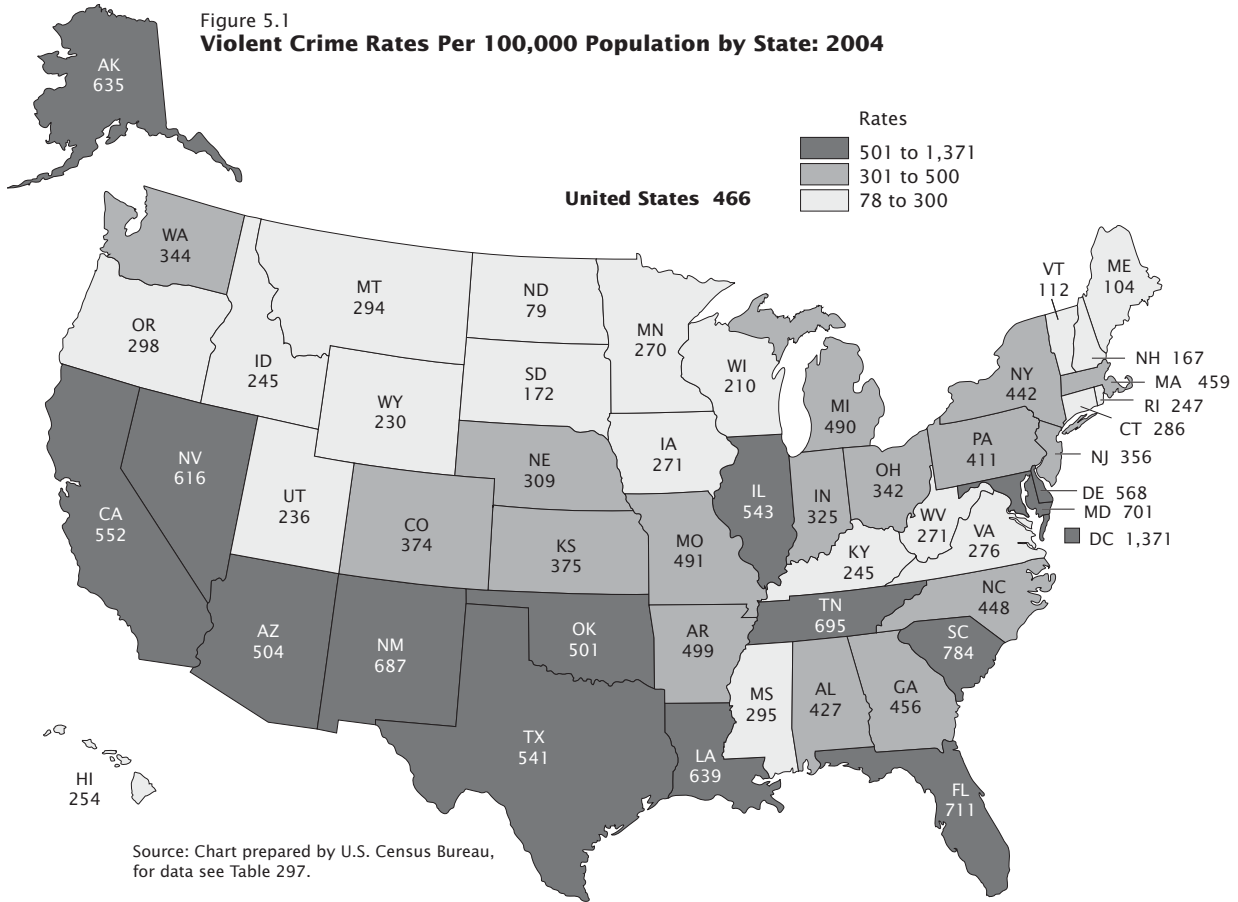
Delinquency cases are all cases of youths referred to a juvenile court for violation of a law or ordinance or for seriously "antisocial" conduct. Several types of facilities are available for those adjudicated delinquents, ranging from the short-term physically unrestricted environment to the long-term very restrictive atmosphere.

Prisoners and jail inmates—Bureau of Justice Statistics started to collect annual data in 1979 on prisoners in federal and state prisons and reformatories. Adults convicted of criminal activity may be given a prison or jail sentence. A *prison* is a confinement facility having custodial authority over adults sentenced to confinement of more than 1 year. A *jail* is a facility, usually operated by a local law enforcement agency, holding persons detained pending adjudication and/or persons committed after adjudication to 1 year or less.

Data on inmates in local jails were collected by the Bureau of Justice Statistics for the first time in 1970. Since then, BJS has conducted censuses of facilities and inmates every 5 to 6 years. In 1984, BJS initiated an annual survey of jails conducted in noncensus years.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation and sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability pertaining to the National Crime Victimization Survey and Uniform Crime Reporting Program, see Appendix III.

Figure 5.1
Violent Crime Rates Per 100,000 Population by State: 2004



Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Census Bureau, for data see Table 297.

Table 295. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type of Offense: 1980 to 2004

[1,345 represents 1,345,000. Data refer to offenses known to the police. Rates are based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1; 1980, 1990, and 2000, enumerated as of April 1. See source for details. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appendices/appendix_02.html>]

Item and year	Violent crime					Property crime			
	Total	Murder ^{1, 2}	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny/theft	Motor vehicle theft
Number of offenses (1,000):									
1980	1,345	23	83	566	673	12,064	3,795	7,137	1,132
1985	1,328	19	88	498	723	11,103	3,073	6,926	1,103
1989	1,646	22	95	578	952	12,605	3,168	7,872	1,565
1990	1,820	23	103	639	1,055	12,655	3,074	7,946	1,636
1991	1,912	25	107	688	1,093	12,961	3,157	8,142	1,662
1992	1,932	24	109	672	1,127	12,506	2,980	7,915	1,611
1993	1,926	25	106	660	1,136	12,219	2,835	7,821	1,563
1994	1,858	23	102	619	1,113	12,132	2,713	7,880	1,539
1995	1,799	22	97	581	1,099	12,064	2,594	7,998	1,472
1996	1,689	20	96	536	1,037	11,805	2,506	7,905	1,394
1997	1,636	18	96	499	1,023	11,558	2,461	7,744	1,354
1998	1,534	17	93	447	977	10,952	2,333	7,376	1,243
1999	1,426	16	89	409	912	10,208	2,101	6,956	1,152
2000	1,425	16	90	408	912	10,183	2,051	6,972	1,160
2001	1,439	16	91	424	909	10,437	2,117	7,092	1,228
2002	1,424	16	95	421	891	10,455	2,151	7,057	1,247
2003	1,384	17	94	414	859	10,443	2,155	7,027	1,261
2004	1,367	16	95	401	855	10,328	2,143	6,948	1,237
Rate per 100,000 population:									
1980	597	10.2	36.8	251	299	5,353	1,684	3,167	502
1985	558	8.0	36.8	209	304	4,666	1,292	2,911	464
1989	667	8.7	38.3	234	386	5,107	1,284	3,190	634
1990	730	9.4	41.1	256	423	5,073	1,232	3,185	656
1991	758	9.8	42.3	273	433	5,140	1,252	3,229	659
1992	758	9.3	42.8	264	442	4,904	1,168	3,104	632
1993	747	9.5	41.1	256	441	4,740	1,100	3,034	606
1994	714	9.0	39.3	238	428	4,660	1,042	3,027	591
1995	685	8.2	37.1	221	418	4,591	987	3,043	560
1996	637	7.4	36.3	202	391	4,451	945	2,980	526
1997	611	6.8	35.9	186	382	4,316	919	2,892	506
1998	568	6.3	34.5	166	361	4,053	863	2,730	460
1999	523	5.7	32.8	150	334	3,744	770	2,551	423
2000	507	5.5	32.0	145	324	3,618	729	2,477	412
2001	505	5.6	31.8	149	319	3,658	742	2,486	431
2002	494	5.6	33.1	146	310	3,631	747	2,451	433
2003	476	5.7	32.3	143	295	3,591	741	2,417	434
2004	466	5.5	32.2	137	291	3,517	730	2,366	421

¹ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ² The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, were not included in this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/index.html>.

Table 296. Crimes and Crime Rates by Type and Area: 2004

[In thousands (1,367 represents 1,367,000), except rate. Rate per 100,000 population; see headline, Table 295. Estimated totals based on reports from city and rural law enforcement agencies representing 96 percent of the national population. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appendices/appendix_02.html>]

Type of crime	United States		Metropolitan areas ¹		Other cities		Rural areas	
	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	Rate
Violent crime	1,367	466	1,231	506	75	377	61	202
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	16	6	14	6	1	4	1	4
Forcible rape	95	32	80	33	8	39	7	24
Robbery	401	137	385	158	11	58	5	16
Aggravated assault	855	291	752	309	55	277	48	158
Property crime	10,328	3,517	8,995	3,697	819	4,110	514	1,691
Burglary	2,143	730	1,812	745	164	823	167	550
Larceny-theft	6,948	2,366	6,026	2,477	615	3,089	307	1,008
Motor vehicle theft	1,237	421	1,157	476	39	198	40	133

¹ For definition, see Appendix II.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/index.html>.

Table 297. Crime Rates by State, 2003 and 2004, and by Type, 2004

[Offenses known to the police per 100,000 population. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appendices/appendix_02.html>]

State	Violent crime						Property crime				
	2003, total	2004					2003, total	2004			
		Total	Mur-der ¹	Forc-ible rape	Rob-bery	Aggra-vated assault		Total	Burglary	Lar-ceny/ theft	Motor vehicle theft
United States . . .	476	466	6	32	137	291	3,591	3,517	730	2,366	421
Alabama	429	427	6	39	133	249	4,046	4,025	986	2,730	310
Alaska	598	635	6	85	68	476	3,762	3,383	576	2,465	342
Arizona	513	504	7	33	134	329	5,634	5,341	990	3,387	963
Arkansas	456	499	6	42	86	364	3,632	4,013	1,094	2,684	236
California	580	552	7	27	172	346	3,426	3,419	685	2,030	704
Colorado	347	374	4	43	82	245	3,952	3,919	717	2,679	523
Connecticut	317	286	3	21	121	143	2,667	2,627	444	1,868	315
Delaware	675	568	2	42	147	378	3,415	3,164	648	2,257	259
District of Columbia ²	1,625	1,371	36	40	579	717	5,864	4,859	713	2,627	1,519
Florida	731	711	5	38	172	496	4,457	4,180	956	2,773	450
Georgia	455	456	7	27	155	267	4,260	4,266	940	2,825	501
Hawaii	272	254	3	26	75	151	5,275	4,793	857	3,253	683
Idaho	246	245	2	41	17	185	2,929	2,794	547	2,052	196
Illinois ³	556	543	6	33	177	326	3,288	3,186	597	2,271	317
Indiana	352	325	5	29	102	189	3,356	3,398	676	2,384	338
Iowa	278	271	2	27	38	205	2,976	2,905	615	2,107	183
Kansas	398	375	5	40	66	263	4,010	3,974	731	2,934	308
Kentucky	249	245	6	30	79	131	2,510	2,538	625	1,701	212
Louisiana	637	639	13	36	145	445	4,311	4,410	1,005	2,969	437
Maine	109	104	1	24	22	56	2,450	2,410	481	1,829	99
Maryland	704	701	9	24	230	438	3,799	3,640	660	2,335	645
Massachusetts	473	459	3	28	116	312	2,563	2,460	537	1,579	344
Michigan	511	490	6	54	112	318	3,279	3,058	637	1,921	500
Minnesota	263	270	2	42	80	146	3,113	3,039	550	2,224	265
Mississippi	324	295	8	40	86	161	3,707	3,479	953	2,254	271
Missouri	491	491	6	26	115	343	4,084	3,904	703	2,750	450
Montana	265	294	3	30	25	236	3,096	2,936	379	2,382	175
Nebraska	394	309	2	36	65	206	3,752	3,521	562	2,656	303
Nevada	616	616	7	41	210	358	4,287	4,207	991	2,246	970
New Hampshire	150	167	1	35	39	92	2,053	2,040	382	1,509	149
New Jersey	364	356	5	15	150	186	2,550	2,429	472	1,609	348
New Mexico	667	687	9	55	108	516	4,089	4,198	1,047	2,736	415
New York	466	442	5	19	174	244	2,249	2,199	368	1,618	213
North Carolina	454	448	6	27	138	276	4,271	4,160	1,185	2,659	316
North Dakota	80	79	1	25	6	47	2,110	1,917	301	1,473	143
Ohio	334	342	5	41	153	144	3,650	3,673	846	2,471	357
Oklahoma	506	501	5	44	88	363	4,312	4,242	1,000	2,874	368
Oregon	295	298	3	36	77	184	4,766	4,631	837	3,279	516
Pennsylvania	398	411	5	29	149	228	2,430	2,415	439	1,727	250
Rhode Island	286	247	2	30	68	148	2,995	2,884	506	2,001	377
South Carolina	806	784	7	41	130	607	4,522	4,505	1,034	3,098	373
South Dakota	174	172	2	44	15	111	2,003	1,934	409	1,415	110
Tennessee	691	695	6	38	150	502	4,389	4,307	1,020	2,867	419
Texas	553	541	6	37	159	338	4,600	4,494	979	3,097	418
Utah	250	236	2	39	52	143	4,255	4,086	637	3,128	320
Vermont	114	112	3	25	12	73	2,229	2,308	545	1,671	93
Virginia	278	276	5	24	93	154	2,722	2,677	386	2,057	233
Washington	347	344	3	46	95	200	4,755	4,849	977	3,175	697
West Virginia	255	271	4	18	42	208	2,339	2,506	602	1,698	206
Wisconsin	221	210	3	21	74	112	2,880	2,663	433	2,024	207
Wyoming	262	230	2	22	13	192	3,316	3,334	541	2,636	158

¹ Includes nonnegligent manslaughter. ² Includes offenses reported by the Zoological Police and the Metro Transit Police. ³ Limited data for 2004 were available for Illinois.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/index.html>

Table 298. Crime Rates by Type—Selected Large Cities: 2004

[Offenses known to the police per 100,000 population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appendices/appendix_02.html>]

City ranked by population size, 2004	Violent crime					Property crime			
	Total	Murder	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Total	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
New York, NY	687	7.0	17.6	301	362	2,113	322	1,531	260
Los Angeles, CA	1,107	13.4	29.3	367	698	3,240	600	1,865	776
Chicago, IL ¹	(NA)	15.5	(NA)	552	650	4,877	847	3,239	791
Houston, TX	1,146	13.3	44.4	498	590	6,040	1,327	3,658	1,055
Philadelphia, PA	1,408	22.2	67.4	657	661	4,105	710	2,547	848
Phoenix, AZ	662	14.1	34.3	261	353	6,607	1,154	3,712	1,740
San Diego, CA	529	4.8	29.1	129	366	3,546	570	1,964	1,012
Las Vegas MPD Jurisdiction, NV	789	10.6	48.8	301	429	4,812	1,147	2,360	1,304
San Antonio, TX	635	7.6	54.8	172	401	6,579	1,192	4,928	459
Dallas, TX	1,316	20.2	47.9	608	640	7,656	1,882	4,481	1,293
Detroit, MI ²	1,740	42.1	78.6	596	1,023	6,279	1,334	2,257	2,687
San Jose, CA	372	2.6	28.2	86	255	2,454	398	1,559	497
Honolulu, HI	277	2.9	24.5	90	159	4,867	799	3,255	813
Indianapolis, IN	883	13.6	59.8	345	464	5,870	1,364	3,543	964
Jacksonville, FL	826	13.1	26.4	281	505	5,466	1,146	3,723	597
San Francisco, CA	757	11.6	20.0	400	326	4,717	802	2,855	1,060
Columbus, OH ²	814	10.7	81.9	460	261	7,845	2,003	4,673	1,169
Austin, TX	525	3.8	44.3	206	271	6,057	997	4,674	386
Charlotte-Mecklenburg, NC	1,099	8.9	47.1	421	622	7,090	1,816	4,250	1,024
Memphis, TN	1,547	16.4	68.7	578	883	8,314	2,244	4,942	1,127
Baltimore, MD	1,839	43.5	28.7	639	1,129	5,685	1,258	3,369	1,058
Louisville Metro, KY ³	525	10.6	34.6	236	244	4,191	1,100	2,608	484
Fort Worth, TX	636	8.7	48.4	238	341	6,503	1,440	4,453	610
El Paso, TX	546	1.9	33.8	96	414	3,510	388	2,812	310
Milwaukee, WI	785	14.7	29.8	432	309	5,427	767	3,700	960
Boston, MA	1,192	10.5	46.4	419	717	4,761	784	3,021	956
Seattle, WA	690	4.2	25.2	276	354	7,432	1,343	4,482	1,607
Denver, CO	797	15.4	43.1	256	482	5,402	1,299	2,766	1,337
Nashville, TN	1,552	10.6	71.2	383	1,087	6,507	1,231	4,533	743
Washington, DC	1,325	35.8	39.4	552	698	4,667	712	2,485	1,470
Portland, OR	742	5.3	57.6	237	442	7,630	1,331	5,208	1,092
Oklahoma City, OK	823	7.4	71.2	223	521	8,683	1,584	6,369	730
Tucson, AZ	933	10.5	74.1	297	551	9,004	1,206	6,585	1,213
Long Beach, CA	781	10.0	28.5	319	424	3,017	675	1,546	796
Albuquerque, NM	985	8.6	49.1	258	669	6,170	1,094	4,273	803
New Orleans, LA	948	56.0	40.1	390	462	5,162	1,112	2,663	1,387
Cleveland, OH ²	1,299	17.1	116.0	713	454	5,869	1,760	2,850	1,259
Fresno, CA	766	11.6	39.6	270	445	5,772	875	3,749	1,149
Sacramento, CA	1,050	11.1	43.3	425	571	6,239	1,190	3,431	1,618
Kansas City, MO	1,444	19.9	70.7	431	923	7,851	1,556	5,105	1,190
Mesa, AZ	562	4.9	27.9	95	434	5,250	827	3,581	842
Virginia Beach, VA	227	3.4	31.8	108	84	3,054	400	2,482	172
Atlanta, GA	1,842	25.8	62.1	725	1,029	7,716	1,564	4,814	1,338
Omaha, NE	642	4.9	46.0	203	388	5,549	897	3,814	838
Oakland, CA	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Tulsa, OK	1,205	12.3	76.8	266	850	6,928	1,708	4,263	957
Miami, FL	1,677	17.9	26.5	615	1,018	6,362	1,442	3,804	1,116
Minneapolis, MN	1,256	14.1	103.4	597	541	5,379	1,266	3,142	970
Colorado Springs, CO	431	3.7	72.6	93	261	5,430	1,019	3,858	554
Arlington, TX	524	3.9	55.4	183	282	5,425	935	4,067	423
Wichita, KS	811	8.1	67.7	176	559	6,083	1,106	4,478	500

NA Not available. ¹ Forcible rape figures furnished by the state-level Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program administered by the Illinois Department of State Police were not in accordance with national UCR guidelines. Therefore, the figures were excluded from the forcible rape and Violent Crime and Crime Index total categories. ² Due to reporting changes or annexations, figures are not comparable to previous years. ³ Louisville, KY, and Jefferson County, KY, Police Departments merged forming the Louisville Metro Police Department.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/index.html>

Table 299. Murder Victims—Circumstances and Weapons Used or Cause of Death: 1990 to 2004

[Based solely on police investigation. For definition of murder, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appendices/appendix_02.html>]

Characteristic	1990	2000	2003	2004	Characteristic	1990	2000	2003	2004
Murders, total	20,273	13,230	14,493	14,249	Other motives	19.4	20.2	20.5	21.3
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Unknown	24.8	30.8	33.6	35.0
CIRCUMSTANCES					TYPE OF WEAPON OR CAUSE OF DEATH				
Felonies, total	20.8	16.8	16.5	14.8	Guns	64.3	65.5	66.8	66.0
Robbery	9.2	8.1	7.3	7.0	Handguns	49.8	51.2	53.5	51.3
Narcotics	6.7	4.5	4.7	3.9	Cutting or stabbing	17.4	13.5	12.6	13.1
Sex offenses	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.4	Blunt objects ¹	5.4	4.7	4.5	4.7
Other felonies	3.7	3.7	4.0	3.4	Personal weapons ²	5.5	7.0	6.6	6.6
Suspected felonies	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.8	Strangulations				
Argument, total	34.4	31.8	28.8	28.8	asphyxiations	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.9
Property or money	2.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	Fire	1.4	1.0	1.2	0.8
Romantic triangle	2.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	All other ³	4.0	6.4	6.1	6.8
Other arguments	29.8	29.3	26.6	26.5					

¹ Refers to club, hammer, etc. ² Hands, fists, feet, etc. ³ Includes poison, drowning, explosives, narcotics, and unknown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/index.html>.

Table 300. Murder Victims by Age, Sex, and Race: 2004

Age	Total	Sex			Race			
		Male	Female	Unknown	White	Black	Other	Unknown
Murders, total	14,249	11,077	3,137	35	7,005	6,680	367	197
Percent of total	100.0	77.7	22.0	0.2	49.2	46.9	2.6	1.4
Under 18 yrs. old	1,381	939	436	6	696	626	33	26
18 yrs. old and over	12,608	9,963	2,641	4	6,182	5,980	330	116
Infant (under 1 year old)	177	86	88	3	111	53	4	9
1 to 4 years old	337	183	151	3	187	134	8	8
5 to 8 years old	71	33	38	—	41	29	—	1
9 to 12 years old	81	48	33	—	40	36	3	2
13 to 16 years old	416	329	87	—	178	222	10	6
17 to 19 years old	1,251	1,070	181	—	560	652	37	2
20 to 24 years old	2,654	2,305	348	1	1,080	1,484	65	25
25 to 29 years old	2,148	1,842	306	—	891	1,200	38	19
30 to 34 years old	1,560	1,242	317	1	697	805	47	11
35 to 39 years old	1,240	935	304	1	625	568	33	14
40 to 44 years old	1,148	812	336	—	630	480	31	7
45 to 49 years old	922	648	273	1	539	348	23	12
50 to 54 years old	653	507	146	—	385	239	21	8
55 to 59 years old	394	288	106	—	244	132	11	7
60 to 64 years old	278	189	89	—	184	79	10	5
65 to 69 years old	208	135	73	—	158	38	10	2
70 to 74 years old	148	102	46	—	98	41	8	1
75 years old and over	303	148	155	—	230	66	4	3
Age unknown	260	175	60	25	127	74	4	55

— Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/index.html>.

Table 301. Murder Victims of September 11, 2001, Terrorist Attacks, by Race, Sex, and Location

Race	Total	Sex			Race	Total	Sex		
		Male	Female	Unknown			Male	Female	Unknown
All locations					Pentagon				
Total	2,973	2,256	712	5	Total	184	108	71	5
White	2,401	1,879	522	—	White	120	79	41	—
Black	265	162	103	—	Black	49	21	28	—
Other	173	117	56	—	Other	2	2	—	—
Unknown	134	98	31	5	Unknown	13	6	2	5
World Trade Center					Somerset County, Pennsylvania				
Total	2,749	2,128	621	—	Total	40	20	20	—
White	2,245	1,782	463	—	White	36	18	18	—
Black	213	140	73	—	Black	3	1	2	—
Other	170	114	56	—	Other	1	1	—	—
Unknown	121	92	29	—	Unknown	—	—	—	—

— Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_01/01crime.pdf> (accessed 28 October 2002).

Table 302. Homicide Trends: 1980 to 2002

[Rate per 100,000 population. Not all agencies which report offense information to the FBI also submit supplemental data on homicides. To account for the total number of homicide victims, the data was weighted to match national and state estimates prepared by the FBI; hence, columns may not equal total]

Year	Number of victims						Rate					
	Total	Male	Female	White	Black	Other	Total	Male	Female	White	Black	Other
1980	23,040	17,788	5,232	12,275	9,767	327	10.2	16.2	4.5	6.3	37.7	5.7
1985	18,976	14,079	4,880	10,590	7,891	399	8.0	12.2	4.0	5.2	27.6	5.5
1988	20,675	15,414	5,238	10,184	9,959	344	8.5	12.9	4.2	4.9	33.5	4.0
1989	21,500	16,407	5,085	10,325	10,566	390	8.7	13.6	4.0	5.0	35.1	4.3
1990	23,438	18,304	5,115	11,279	11,488	400	9.4	15.0	4.0	5.4	37.6	4.2
1991	24,703	19,270	5,394	11,661	12,226	608	9.8	15.7	4.2	5.5	39.3	6.0
1992	23,760	18,513	5,217	11,229	11,777	573	9.3	14.9	4.0	5.3	37.2	5.4
1993	24,526	18,937	5,550	11,278	12,435	601	9.5	15.0	4.2	5.3	38.7	5.5
1994	23,326	18,294	5,007	10,773	11,856	526	9.0	14.4	3.8	5.0	36.4	4.6
1995	21,606	16,552	5,022	10,376	10,444	581	8.2	12.9	3.7	4.8	31.6	4.9
1996	19,645	15,153	4,469	9,483	9,476	512	7.4	11.7	3.3	4.3	28.3	4.1
1997	18,208	14,057	4,125	8,620	8,842	524	6.8	10.7	3.0	3.9	26.0	4.1
1998	16,974	12,753	4,139	8,389	7,931	393	6.3	9.7	3.0	3.8	23.0	2.9
1999	15,522	11,704	3,800	7,777	7,139	458	5.7	8.8	2.7	3.5	20.5	3.3
2000	15,586	11,818	3,733	7,560	7,425	399	5.5	8.6	2.6	3.3	20.5	2.7
2001	16,037	12,232	3,775	7,884	7,522	424	5.6	8.8	2.6	3.4	20.4	2.8
2002	16,204	12,410	3,764	7,784	7,758	437	5.6	8.8	2.6	3.3	20.8	2.7

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Homicide Trends in the United States, 1976–2002*. See also: <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/htius.pdf>>

Table 303. Homicide Victims by Race and Sex: 1980 to 2003

[Rates per 100,000 resident population in specified group. Excludes deaths to nonresidents of United States. Beginning 1999, deaths classified according to the tenth revision of the *International Classification of Diseases*; see text, Section 2, and footnote 3]

Year	Homicide victims						Homicide rate ²					
	Total ¹	White		Black		Total ¹	White		Black			
		Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female		
1980	24,278	10,381	3,177	8,385	1,898	10.7	10.9	3.2	66.6	13.5		
1985	19,893	8,122	3,041	6,616	1,666	8.3	8.2	2.9	48.4	11.0		
1989	22,909	8,337	2,971	8,888	2,074	9.2	8.2	2.8	61.1	12.9		
1990	24,932	9,147	3,006	9,981	2,163	10.0	9.0	2.8	69.2	13.5		
1991	26,513	9,581	3,201	10,628	2,330	10.5	9.3	3.0	72.0	14.2		
1992	25,488	9,456	3,012	10,131	2,187	10.0	9.1	2.8	67.5	13.1		
1993	26,009	9,054	3,232	10,640	2,297	10.1	8.6	3.0	69.7	13.6		
1994	24,926	9,055	2,921	10,083	2,124	9.6	8.5	2.6	65.1	12.4		
1995	22,895	8,336	3,028	8,847	1,936	8.7	7.8	2.7	56.3	11.1		
1996	20,971	7,570	2,747	8,183	1,800	7.9	7.0	2.5	51.5	10.2		
1997	19,846	7,343	2,570	7,601	1,652	7.4	6.7	2.3	47.1	9.3		
1998	18,272	6,707	2,534	6,873	1,547	6.8	6.1	2.2	42.1	8.6		
1999 ³	16,889	6,162	2,466	6,214	1,434	6.2	5.6	2.2	37.5	7.8		
2000	16,765	5,925	2,414	6,482	1,385	6.1	5.3	2.1	38.6	7.5		
2001	20,308	8,254	3,074	6,780	1,446	7.1	7.2	2.6	38.3	7.4		
2002	17,638	6,282	2,403	6,896	1,391	6.1	5.4	2.0	38.4	7.0		
2003	17,732	6,337	2,372	7,083	1,309	6.1	5.4	2.0	38.9	6.6		

¹ Includes races not shown separately. ² Rate based on enumerated population figures as of April 1 for 1980, 1990 and 2000; estimated resident population as of July 1 for other years. ³ Effective with data for 1999, causes of death are classified by the Tenth Revision International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10), replacing the Ninth Revision (ICD-9) used for 1979–98 data. Breaks in the comparability of some cause of death statistics result from changes in category titles, changes in the structure and content of the classification, and changes in coding rules used to select the underlying cause of death. In ICD-9, the category Homicide also includes death as a result of legal intervention. ICD-10 has two separate categories for these two causes of death. Some caution should be used in comparing data between 1998 and 1999.

Source: U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital Statistics of the United States*, annual; and *National Vital Statistics Reports (NVSR)* (formerly *Monthly Vital Statistics Report*); and unpublished data.

Table 304. Forcible Rape—Number and Rate: 1980 to 2004

[Minus sign (-) indicates decrease. For definition of rape, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appenices/appendix_02.html>]

Item	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
NUMBER										
Total	82,990	102,560	97,460	93,144	89,411	90,186	90,863	95,235	93,883	94,635
By force	63,599	86,541	85,249	82,823	79,697	81,111	82,004	86,655	85,837	86,847
Attempt	19,391	16,019	12,211	10,321	9,714	9,075	8,859	8,580	8,046	7,788
RATE										
Per 100,000 population	36.8	41.1	37.1	34.5	32.8	32.0	31.8	33.1	32.3	32.2
Per 100,000 females	71.6	80.5	72.5	67.4	64.1	62.7	62.6	65.0	63.5	63.5
AVERAGE ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE IN RATE ¹										
Per 100,000 population	6.1	8.1	-5.6	-3.9	-4.9	-2.4	-0.6	4.1	-3.0	-0.3

¹ Represents annual average from immediate prior year.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Population-at-Risk Rates and Selected Crime Indicators*, annual. <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/violent_crime/forcible_rape.html>

Table 305. Violence by Intimate Partners by Sex, 1993 to 2003, and by Type of Crime, 2003

[Violent acts covered include murder, rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated and simple assault. Intimate partners involve current spouses, former spouses, current boy/girlfriends, and former boy/girlfriends. Based on the National Criminal Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III]

Year and type of crime	All persons		Female victims		Male victims	
	Number	Rate per 100,000 ¹	Number	Rate per 100,000 ¹	Number	Rate per 100,000 ¹
1993	1,228,760	580.9	1,072,090	982.0	156,670	153.1
1994	1,148,210	537.2	1,003,190	908.9	145,020	140.3
1995	1,063,520	493.0	953,700	855.8	109,820	105.3
1996	1,008,860	462.8	879,290	781.7	129,570	122.8
1997	953,780	432.7	848,480	747.3	105,300	98.5
1998	1,054,260	475.7	896,030	780.9	158,230	146.7
1999	783,120	347.7	672,330	578.4	110,790	101.6
2000	630,530	277.2	547,310	466.5	83,220	75.5
2001	693,321	301.4	589,692	497.1	103,629	92.8
2002	568,690	245.4	495,772	214.0	72,918	31.5
2003, total	521,760	218.0	437,990	183.0	83,750	35.0
Rape or sexual assault	27,380	11.4	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Robbery	37,120	15.5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Aggravated assault	123,310	51.5	101,400	42.4	(B)	(B)
Simple assault	333,950	139.5	284,170	118.7	49,780	20.8

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure. In this case, 10 or fewer sample cases.
¹ Rates are the number of victimizations per 100,000 persons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Intimate Partner Violence*, Series NCJ-206348, October 2004 and unpublished data. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv04.htm>>.

Table 306. Robbery and Property Crimes by Type and Selected Characteristic: 1990 to 2004

[For definition of crime, go to <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/appendices/appendix_02.html>]

Characteristic of offenses	Number of offenses (1,000)				Rate per 100,000 population				Average value lost (dol.)	
	1990	2000	2003	2004	1990	2000	2003	2004	2003	2004
Robbery, total¹	639	408	414	401	256.3	144.9	142.5	136.7	1,244	1,283
Type of crime:										
Street or highway	359	188	180	172	144.2	66.7	61.8	58.5	898	913
Commercial house	73	57	61	59	29.5	20.1	20.8	20.1	1,778	1,521
Gas station	18	12	11	11	7.1	4.1	3.9	3.7	690	1,698
Convenience store	39	26	26	25	15.6	9.3	8.9	8.4	813	642
Residence	62	50	57	56	25.1	17.7	19.5	18.9	1,472	1,444
Bank	9	9	10	10	3.8	3.1	3.3	3.3	4,767	4,153
Weapon used:										
Firearm	234	161	174	163	94.1	57.0	59.8	55.4	(NA)	(NA)
Knife or cutting instrument	76	36	37	36	30.7	12.8	12.6	12.1	(NA)	(NA)
Other dangerous weapon	61	53	39	38	24.5	18.9	13.4	13.4	(NA)	(NA)
Strongarm	268	159	165	165	107.7	56.4	56.6	56.6	(NA)	(NA)
Burglary, total	3,074	2,050	2,155	2,143	1,232.2	728.4	741.0	729.9	1,626	1,726
Forcible entry	2,150	1,297	1,340	1,310	864.5	460.7	460.9	446.0	(NA)	(NA)
Unlawful entry	678	615	677	701	272.8	218.7	232.9	238.6	(NA)	(NA)
Attempted forcible entry	245	138	137	133	98.7	49.0	47.2	45.4	(NA)	(NA)
Residence	2,033	1,335	1,418	1,409	817.4	474.3	487.8	479.7	1,600	1,737
Nonresidence	1,041	715	736	734	418.5	254.1	253.2	250.2	1,676	1,702
Occurred during the night	1,135	699	719	713	456.4	248.3	247.4	242.8	(NA)	(NA)
Occurred during the day	1,151	836	890	889	462.8	297.2	306.1	302.7	(NA)	(NA)
Larceny-theft, total	7,946	6,972	7,027	6,948	3,185.1	2,477.3	2,416.5	2,365.9	698	733
Pocket picking	81	36	32	30	32.4	12.7	11.0	10.2	293	350
Purse snatching	82	37	42	42	32.8	13.2	14.5	14.4	367	417
Shoplifting	1,291	959	1,013	1,011	519.1	340.7	348.5	344.2	163	155
From motor vehicles	1,744	1,754	1,858	1,761	701.3	623.3	638.8	599.7	680	702
Motor vehicle accessories	1,185	677	781	750	476.3	240.6	268.7	255.5	442	428
Bicycles	443	312	272	250	178.2	110.9	93.5	85.2	247	241
From buildings	1,118	914	869	863	449.4	324.6	298.7	294.7	1,030	1,114
From coin-operated machines	63	46	52	46	25.0	16.2	18.0	15.7	262	238
Other	1,940	2,232	2,108	2,195	780.0	793.0	724.8	747.4	1,012	1,058
Motor vehicles, total²	1,636	1,160	1,261	1,237	655.8	412.2	433.7	421.3	6,797	6,019
Automobiles	1,304	877	927	903	524.3	311.5	318.9	307.4	(NA)	(NA)
Trucks and buses	238	209	230	226	95.5	74.1	78.9	76.9	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other crimes not shown separately. ² Includes other types of motor vehicles not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Population-at-Risk Rates and Selected Crime Indicators*, annual. <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/ucr.htm>>.

Table 307. State Trends in Fraud and Identity Theft: 2005

[Rate per 100,000 population. As of December 31. Based on Census Bureau population estimates.]

Consumer State	Fraud complaints		Identity theft complaints	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
United States¹	371,448	125.3	248,524	83.8
Alabama	4,840	106.2	2,675	58.7
Alaska	1,654	249.2	421	63.4
Arizona	9,789	164.8	9,320	156.9
Arkansas	2,155	77.5	1,617	58.2
California	48,707	134.8	45,175	125.0
Colorado	7,551	161.9	4,535	97.2
Connecticut	4,688	133.5	2,313	65.9
Delaware	1,091	129.3	583	69.1
District of Columbia	1,243	225.8	842	152.9
Florida	24,796	139.4	17,048	95.8
Georgia	10,285	113.4	7,918	87.3
Hawaii	1,852	145.2	810	63.5
Idaho	1,899	132.9	745	52.1
Illinois	14,885	116.6	11,137	87.3
Indiana	9,572	152.6	4,201	67.0
Iowa	2,981	100.5	1,090	36.7
Kansas	3,323	121.1	1,606	58.5
Kentucky	4,149	99.4	1,815	43.5
Louisiana	3,724	82.3	2,831	62.6
Maine	1,714	129.7	491	37.2
Maryland	8,413	150.2	4,848	86.6
Massachusetts	7,363	115.1	3,999	62.5
Michigan	11,618	114.8	7,139	70.5
Minnesota	6,224	121.3	3,015	58.7
Mississippi	2,114	72.4	1,458	49.9
Missouri	7,912	136.4	3,920	67.6
Montana	1,253	133.9	398	42.5
Nebraska	2,278	129.5	919	52.3
Nevada	3,770	156.1	3,144	130.2
New Hampshire	2,008	153.3	645	49.2
New Jersey	10,180	116.8	6,582	75.5
New Mexico	2,168	112.4	1,634	84.7
New York	20,868	108.4	17,387	90.3
North Carolina	9,765	112.5	5,830	67.1
North Dakota	632	99.3	158	24.8
Ohio	14,075	122.8	7,155	62.4
Oklahoma	3,917	110.4	2,403	67.7
Oregon	5,938	163.1	2,973	81.7
Pennsylvania	15,996	128.7	7,908	63.6
Rhode Island	1,127	104.7	626	58.2
South Carolina	6,312	148.3	2,416	56.8
South Dakota	709	91.4	233	30.0
Tennessee	6,261	105.0	3,412	57.2
Texas	23,184	101.4	26,624	116.5
Utah	3,829	155.0	1,668	67.5
Vermont	651	104.5	201	32.3
Virginia	11,234	148.5	5,163	68.2
Washington	11,008	175.1	5,810	92.4
West Virginia	1,849	101.8	677	37.3
Wisconsin	7,215	130.3	2,782	50.3
Wyoming	679	133.3	224	44.0

¹ U.S. total represents only complaints from state consumers.

Source: U.S. Federal Trade Commission, *Consumer Fraud and Identity Theft complaint data, January–December 2005*. Issued January 2006. See also <<http://www.consumer.gov/sentinel/pubs/Top10Fraud2005.pdf>>.

Table 308. Hate Crimes—Number of Incidents, Offenses, Victims, and Known Offenders by Bias Motivation: 2000 to 2004

[The FBI collected statistics on hate crimes from 12,723 law enforcement agencies representing over 254 million inhabitants in 2004. Hate crime offenses cover incidents motivated by race, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin, and disability]

Bias motivation	Incidents reported	Offenses	Victims ¹	Known offenders ²
2000, Total	8,213	9,619	10,117	7,690
2001, Total	9,728	11,480	12,067	9,258
2002, Total	7,484	8,849	9,238	7,289
2003, Total	7,529	8,773	9,164	6,979
2004, Total	7,679	9,065	9,561	7,175
Race, total	4,067	4,889	5,148	4,203
Anti-White	828	998	1,027	1,090
Anti-Black	2,751	3,299	3,494	2,713
Anti-American Indian/Alaska native	84	99	102	98
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	220	256	272	191
Anti-multiracial group	184	237	253	111
Ethnicity/national origin, total	974	1,204	1,257	1,046
Anti-Hispanic	475	611	646	584
Anti-other ethnicity/national origin	499	593	611	462
Religion, total	1,382	1,486	1,592	605
Anti-Jewish	963	1,013	1,086	337
Anti-Catholic	57	57	68	37
Anti-Protestant	38	43	48	28
Anti-Islamic	157	194	202	124
Anti-other religious group	126	135	142	62
Anti-multireligious group	35	37	39	14
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc.	6	7	7	3
Sexual orientation, total	1,192	1,401	1,477	1,256
Anti-male homosexual	738	855	902	831
Anti-female homosexual	165	202	213	163
Anti-homosexual	245	297	314	224
Anti-heterosexual	29	31	32	21
Anti-bisexual	15	16	18	17
Disability, total	57	71	73	54
Anti-physical	23	23	24	16
Anti-mental	34	48	49	38
Multiple bias	7	14	14	9

¹ The term "victim" may refer to a person, business, institution, or a society as a whole. ² The term "known offender" does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known, but only that an attribute of the suspect is identified which distinguishes him/her from an unknown offender.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Offenses reported, Hate Crime Statistics*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/hate_crime/index.html>.

Table 309. Hate Crimes Reported by State: 2004

[In thousands for population (254,193 represents 254,193,000). See headnote, Table 308]

State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported	State	Number of participating agencies	Population covered (1,000)	Agencies submitting incidents	Incidents reported
United States	12,723	254,193	2,057	7,679	Missouri	260	3,535	29	71
Alabama	51	527	3	3	Montana	105	927	25	56
Alaska	1	274	1	9	Nebraska	207	1,494	15	62
Arizona	83	5,558	20	225	Nevada	35	2,335	4	81
Arkansas	192	1,633	48	83	New Hampshire	141	936	30	49
California	725	35,894	245	1,394	New Jersey	513	8,699	249	769
Colorado	205	4,444	27	60	New Mexico	49	1,172	4	22
Connecticut	100	3,504	49	119	New York	520	19,199	42	386
Delaware	53	830	12	37	North Carolina	418	8,027	35	66
District of Columbia	2	554	2	49	North Dakota	69	560	6	10
Florida	490	17,351	95	274	Ohio	410	8,992	74	354
Georgia	77	1,576	7	29	Oklahoma	297	3,524	29	51
Hawaii	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	Oregon	170	3,592	23	155
Idaho	119	1,392	12	37	Pennsylvania	864	11,447	34	105
Illinois	63	5,088	48	187	Rhode Island	48	1,081	8	29
Indiana	137	3,017	13	63	South Carolina	468	4,196	50	102
Iowa	219	2,906	18	23	South Dakota	156	767	6	7
Kansas	359	2,110	21	49	Tennessee	453	5,901	70	136
Kentucky	326	3,709	32	71	Texas	987	22,466	84	297
Louisiana	148	3,499	12	24	Utah	55	1,841	17	60
Maine	147	1,317	29	68	Vermont	74	603	12	28
Maryland	150	5,558	32	245	Virginia	395	7,400	69	310
Massachusetts	301	5,837	93	359	Washington	253	6,204	51	175
Michigan	602	8,996	173	559	West Virginia	431	1,815	11	45
Minnesota	318	5,083	63	239	Wisconsin	369	5,509	19	37
Mississippi	68	1,013	2	2	Wyoming	42	349	4	4

¹ Did not report.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Offenses reported, Hate Crime Statistics*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/offenses_reported/hate_crime/index.html>.

Table 310. Criminal Victimizations and Victimization Rates: 1995 to 2004

[Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section and Appendix III. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cvus/definitions.htm>]

Type of crime	Number of victimizations (1,000)				Victimization rates ¹			
	1995	2000	2003	2004	1995	2000	2003	2004
All crimes, total	39,926	25,893	24,213	24,061	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Personal crimes ²	10,436	6,597	5,586	5,407	46.2	29.1	23.3	22.4
Crimes of violence	10,022	6,323	5,402	5,183	44.5	27.9	22.6	21.4
Completed violence	2,960	2,044	1,655	1,737	12.9	9.0	6.9	7.2
Attempted/threatened violence	7,061	4,279	3,747	2,446	31.6	18.9	15.7	14.3
Rape/sexual assault	363	261	199	210	1.6	1.2	0.8	0.9
Rape/attempted rape	252	147	117	101	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.4
Rape	153	92	72	59	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2
Attempted rape	99	55	45	42	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
Sexual assault	112	114	82	109	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5
Robbery	1,171	732	596	502	5.3	3.2	2.5	2.1
Completed/property taken	753	520	378	299	3.5	2.3	1.6	1.2
With injury	224	160	160	110	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.5
Without injury	529	360	218	189	2.4	1.6	0.9	0.8
Attempted to take property	418	212	218	203	1.8	0.9	0.9	0.8
With injury	84	66	54	71	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3
Without injury	335	146	165	132	1.4	0.6	0.7	0.5
Assault	8,487	5,330	4,607	4,471	37.6	23.5	19.3	18.5
Aggravated	2,050	1,293	1,101	1,030	8.8	5.7	4.6	4.3
With injury	533	346	362	378	2.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
Threatened with weapon	1,517	946	740	652	6.4	4.2	3.1	2.7
Simple	6,437	4,038	3,506	3,441	28.9	17.8	14.6	14.2
With minor injury	1,426	989	769	898	6.0	4.4	3.2	3.7
Without injury	5,012	3,048	2,737	2,543	22.9	13.4	11.4	10.5
Personal theft ³	414	274	185	224	1.7	1.2	0.8	0.9
Property crimes	29,490	19,297	18,626	18,654	279.5	178.1	163.2	161.1
Household burglary	5,004	3,444	3,396	3,428	47.4	31.8	29.8	29.6
Completed	4,232	2,909	2,811	2,909	40.0	26.9	24.6	25.1
Attempted forcible entry	773	534	585	518	7.4	4.9	5.1	4.5
Motor vehicle theft	1,717	937	1,032	1,015	16.2	8.6	9.0	8.8
Completed	1,163	642	764	779	10.8	5.9	6.7	6.7
Attempted	554	295	269	236	5.5	2.7	2.4	2.0
Theft	22,769	14,916	14,198	14,212	215.9	137.7	124.4	122.8
Completed ⁴	21,857	14,300	13,719	13,584	207.6	132.0	120.2	117.3
Attempted	911	616	479	628	8.4	5.7	4.2	5.4

X Not applicable. ¹ Per 1,000 persons age 12 or older or per 1,000 households. ² The victimization survey cannot measure murder because of the inability to question the victim. ³ Includes pocket picking, purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching. ⁴ Includes thefts in which the amount taken was not ascertained.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and *Criminal Victimization 2004, Trends 1994–2004*, Series NCJ-211511. See also <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cnh04.htm>.

Table 311. Victimization Rates by Type of Violent Crime and Characteristic of the Victim: 2003

[Rate per 1,000 persons age 12 years or older. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III. For definition of crimes, go to <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cvus/definitions.htm>]

Characteristic of the victim	Crimes of violence							Personal theft
	All crimes	Total	Rape/sexual assault	Robbery	Assault			
					Total	Aggravated	Simple	
Total	23.3	22.6	0.8	2.5	19.3	4.6	14.6	0.8
Male	26.7	26.3	0.2	1.3	23.0	5.9	17.1	0.4
Female	20.2	19.0	1.5	1.9	15.7	3.3	12.4	1.1
12 to 15 years old	53.1	51.6	1.2	1.2	45.3	8.9	36.4	1.5
16 to 19 years old	54.4	53.0	1.3	1.5	46.6	11.9	34.7	1.4
20 to 24 years old	45.0	43.3	1.7	1.7	35.3	9.8	25.5	1.6
25 to 34 years old	27.4	26.4	1.6	2.5	22.3	6.0	16.3	1.0
35 to 49 years old	19.0	18.5	0.6	1.7	16.1	3.8	12.3	0.5
50 to 64 years old	10.5	10.3	0.4	1.4	8.5	1.6	7.0	1.0
65 years old and over	2.5	2.0	0.1	0.7	1.2	0.1	1.1	0.5
White	22.1	21.5	0.8	1.9	18.8	4.2	14.7	0.6
Black	30.7	29.1	0.8	1.9	22.3	6.0	16.3	1.7
Other	16.9	16.0	0.2	1.3	12.4	5.4	7.0	0.9
Hispanic	25.3	24.2	0.4	1.3	20.8	4.6	16.1	1.1
Non-Hispanic	23.0	22.3	0.9	2.4	19.0	4.6	14.4	0.7
Household income:								
Less than \$7,500	51.1	49.9	1.6	1.9	39.3	10.8	28.5	1.2
\$7,500 to \$14,999	31.9	30.8	1.8	1.4	25.0	7.9	17.0	1.1
\$15,000 to \$24,999	27.0	26.3	0.8	1.4	21.5	4.5	17.0	0.7
\$25,000 to \$34,999	25.8	24.9	0.9	1.2	21.8	5.0	16.9	0.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	22.0	21.4	0.9	1.2	18.3	4.8	13.5	0.7
\$50,000 to \$74,999	23.3	22.9	0.5	1.2	20.4	5.2	15.2	0.5
\$75,000 or more	18.5	17.5	0.5	1.7	15.4	2.7	12.6	1.0

¹ Based on 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and Series NCJ-199994. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cv03.pdf>>.

Table 312. Criminal Victimization by Age of Victim: 1993 to 2002

[In percent. Covers period 1993 to 2002. Offender characteristics are based on victim's perception. See source for details. For definitions of crimes, see text, this section and also <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cvus/definitions.htm>]

Characteristic	65 years old or older		Characteristic	65 years old or older	
	12-64 years old	65 years old or older		12-64 years old	65 years old or older
NONFATAL VIOLENT VICTIMIZATIONS					
Victims facing weapons	25.7	30.2	Casual acquaintance	18.2	15.7
Firearm	9.4	12.7	Stranger	46.3	52.5
Victims resisting	71.0	55.5	Don't know relationship	3.7	8.2
Threatened/attacked without weapon	27.9	15.3	Age 30 or older	30.2	48.3
Victims not resisting	29.0	44.5	Male	78.8	75.6
Victims injured	25.9	21.8	CHARACTERISTICS OF CRIMES		
CHARACTERISTIC OF OFFENDER					
Relationship to victim:			Occurring at night:	45.8	27.2
Known to victim	31.7	23.6	Violence		
Well-known person	15.8	13.9	Occurring at/near home:	27.0	45.5
			Violence		
			Crime reported to police:	43.9	53.0
			Violence		

Source: Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Crimes Against Persons Age 65 or Older: 1993-2002*, Series NCJ 206154, January 2005; <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cvict_v.htm#publications>.

Table 313. State and Local Government Expenditures Per Capita by Criminal Justice Function and State: 2002

[In dollars]

State	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections	State	Total justice system	Police protection	Judicial and legal	Corrections
Total	524	225	109	191	Missouri	389	180	66	144
Alabama	332	159	71	103	Montana	405	187	84	134
Alaska	889	412	204	273	Nebraska	369	155	65	149
Arizona	558	231	120	206	Nevada	680	300	148	232
Arkansas	358	149	72	137	New Hampshire	333	166	76	90
California	749	290	201	257	New Jersey	596	282	126	187
Colorado	514	238	86	190	New Mexico	525	221	103	201
Connecticut	550	226	140	184	New York	738	351	143	244
Delaware	673	237	132	304	North Carolina	389	181	67	141
District of Columbia	2,162	1,348	205	609	North Dakota	295	122	79	94
Florida	563	263	99	202	Ohio	490	212	119	159
Georgia	468	182	80	207	Oklahoma	389	163	65	161
Hawaii	504	205	172	127	Oregon	568	219	114	235
Idaho	442	179	92	171	Pennsylvania	490	199	93	199
Illinois	494	256	88	149	Rhode Island	468	224	97	147
Indiana	344	145	62	137	South Carolina	367	176	52	139
Iowa	367	156	98	112	South Dakota	318	139	57	123
Kansas	396	176	87	133	Tennessee	361	169	73	119
Kentucky	357	133	77	147	Texas	449	171	75	202
Louisiana	471	199	99	173	Utah	456	190	104	162
Maine	314	140	62	112	Vermont	347	149	69	129
Maryland	571	245	95	231	Virginia	460	180	90	191
Massachusetts	515	224	116	175	Washington	463	180	94	189
Michigan	516	197	109	210	West Virginia	284	104	69	112
Minnesota	436	203	104	129	Wisconsin	537	234	87	216
Mississippi	329	161	55	113	Wyoming	578	243	114	220

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Expenditures and Employment Statistics. Series NCJ 209179*, July 2005. See also <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/eande.htm>

Table 314. Violent Victimization of College Students 18 to 24 Years Old: 1995 to 2002

[Average annual rates per 1,000 persons ages 18-24 except as indicated. Covers period 1995 to 2002. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III. For definitions of crimes, go to <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cvus/definitions.htm>]

Sex, Race, and Ethnicity	Population ¹	Violent crime	Rape/sexual assault		Aggravated assault	Simple assault	Serious violent crime
			Robbery				
College students, total	7,894,930	60.7	3.8	5.0	13.5	38.4	22.3
Gender:							
Male	3,796,380	80.2	1.4	7.4	21.4	49.9	30.2
Female	4,098,550	42.7	6.0	2.7	6.2	27.7	15.0
Race/ethnicity: ²							
White	5,592,920	64.9	4.0	4.4	13.2	43.3	21.6
Black	934,160	52.4	(B)	8.7	15.6	24.9	27.5
Other	580,700	37.2	(B)	7.0	9.8	18.4	18.8
Hispanic	811,370	56.1	(B)	(B)	15.4	33.4	22.8

B Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability. In this case, 10 or fewer sample cases. ¹ Represents the total number of full and part-time college or university students who experience violence. ² All racial categories do not include Hispanics. "Other" includes Asian, Pacific Islanders, and Native Americans.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Violent Victimization of College Students, 1995-2002*, Series NCJ 206836, January 2005. <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cvict_v.htm#publications>

Table 315. Victim-Offender Relationship in Crimes of Violence by Characteristics of the Criminal Incident: 2004

[In percent. Covers only crimes of violence. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III]

Characteristics of incident	Total	Rape/ sexual assault	Robbery	Assault		
				Total	Aggra- vated ¹	Simple
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Victim/offender relationship: ²						
Relatives	11.1	3.6	7.6	11.8	13.2	11.4
Well-known	23.5	27.1	23.2	23.4	22.6	23.6
Casual acquaintance	15.6	26.1	6.2	16.2	10.6	17.9
Stranger	43.3	33.5	56.4	42.3	47.5	40.8
Time of day: ³						
6 a.m. to 6 p.m.	50.9	34.8	45.1	52.4	42.9	55.0
6 p.m. to midnight	35.8	34.3	41.4	35.3	39.8	34.0
Midnight to 6 a.m.	10.5	24.3	13.0	9.6	13.2	8.5
Location of crime:						
At or near victim's home or lodging	30.5	33.8	29.2	30.5	32.1	30.1
Friend's/relative's/neighbor's home	6.9	20.2	5.2	6.4	9.2	5.6
Commercial places	13.9	9.6	5.2	15.1	13.9	15.4
Parking lots/garages	7.7	9.9	8.4	7.5	7.9	7.4
School	14.2	6.5	5.9	15.5	6.5	18.0
Streets other than near victim's home	15.2	1.7	32.5	14.0	16.0	13.4
Other ⁴	11.5	18.2	13.6	11.1	14.6	10.1
Victim's activity: ⁵						
At work or traveling to or from work	19.9	10.4	11.3	(NA)	21.8	21.2
School	12.4	7.6	10.1	(NA)	7.3	14.5
Activities at home	24.8	38.2	20.3	(NA)	25.7	24.4
Shopping/errands	3.8	1.2	9.6	(NA)	2.3	3.5
Leisure activities away from home	22.4	40.3	13.4	(NA)	25.4	21.7
Traveling	8.1	0.0	21.0	(NA)	9.6	6.4
Other ⁶	8.1	2.3	12.9	(NA)	7.7	7.9
Distance from victim's home: ⁷						
Inside home or lodging	17.2	31.0	20.9	16.1	17.9	15.6
Near victim's home	15.2	3.7	13.3	16.0	18.3	15.4
1 mile or less	20.7	9.2	32.7	19.9	17.8	20.5
5 miles or less	21.6	24.5	16.7	22.0	17.7	23.2
50 miles or less	21.8	28.0	12.4	22.6	24.6	22.0
More than 50 miles	2.5	3.6	3.5	2.4	2.8	2.2
Weapons:						
No weapons present	69.3	86.9	47.9	70.8	6.4	88.7
Weapons present	22.1	7.9	46.3	20.1	92.2	-
Firearm	5.9	-	18.5	4.8	21.9	-
Other type of weapon ⁸	16.2	8.0	27.8	15.2	70.4	-

NA Not available. - Represents zero. ¹ An aggravated assault is any assault in which an offender possesses or uses a weapon or inflicts serious injury. ² Excludes "don't know" relationships. ³ Excludes "not known and not available" time of day. ⁴ Includes areas on public transportation or inside station, in apartment yard, park, field, playground, or other areas. ⁵ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" victim activity. ⁶ Includes sleeping. ⁷ Excludes "don't know" and "not available" distance from victim's home. ⁸ Includes knives, other sharp objects, blunt objects, and other types of weapons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-210674, September 2005. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv04.htm>>.

Table 316. Property Victimization Rates by Selected Household Characteristic: 2004

[Victimizations per 1,000 households. Based on National Crime Victimization Survey; see text, this section, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total	Burglary	Motor vehicle theft	
			Total	Theft
Total	161.1	29.6	8.8	122.8
Race:				
White	156.8	27.6	7.6	121.6
Black	190.6	44.3	15.6	130.6
Other	137.9	22.8	11.4	103.7
Ethnicity:				
Hispanic	203.8	36.5	19.5	147.9
Non-Hispanic	156.4	28.9	7.5	120.0
Household income:				
Less than \$7,500	197.1	59.3	14.9	132.8
\$7,500 to \$14,999	181.5	38.5	9.7	133.3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	167.8	4.1	8.7	119.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	169.3	27.6	11.1	130.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	176.2	33.4	9.3	133.6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	167.0	21.8	9.0	136.2
\$75,000 or more	176.5	23.9	7.4	145.1
Residence:				
Urban	214.7	41.9	13.4	159.4
Suburban	143.2	23.2	8.8	111.2
Rural	134.4	27.8	3.4	103.2
Form of tenure:				
Home owned	142.8	24.9	7.1	110.8
Home rented	201.4	39.9	12.5	148.9

¹ Based on 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization*, annual; and series NCJ-210674, September 2005. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cv04.htm>>.

Table 317. Persons Arrested by Charge and Selected Characteristics: 2004

[In thousands (10,047.3 represents 10,047,300). Represents arrests (not charges) reported by approximately 10,830 agencies with a total 2004 population of approximately 210 million as estimated by FBI. Age and sex data are mandatory, while race data are optional and not always reported with arrest data; hence, two different total number of arrests]

Offense	Total arrests			Total arrests			American Indian or Alaska Native	Asian or Pacific Islander
	Total	Male	Female	White	Black	Black		
Total	10,047.3	7,659.4	2,387.9	10,021.1	7,067.4	2,714.0	131.5	108.1
Serious crimes:								
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	10.0	8.8	1.2	10.0	4.9	4.8	0.1	0.2
Forcible rape	18.7	18.4	0.3	18.6	12.2	6.0	0.2	0.2
Robbery	79.3	70.6	8.7	79.2	35.6	42.5	0.5	0.7
Aggravated assault	316.6	251.0	65.6	316.0	203.9	104.6	4.0	3.6
Burglary	211.5	181.4	30.2	211.2	149.7	57.4	2.1	2.0
Larceny/theft	866.2	534.8	331.4	863.9	596.8	243.7	11.0	12.4
Motor vehicle theft	105.7	87.7	18.1	105.6	67.0	36.1	1.1	1.5
Arson	11.1	9.3	1.8	11.1	8.5	2.3	0.1	0.1
All other nonserious crimes:								
Other assaults	923.1	695.7	227.4	920.8	607.0	291.0	12.2	10.6
Forgery and counterfeiting	86.1	51.9	34.2	86.0	60.3	24.2	0.5	1.0
Fraud	200.0	110.2	89.7	199.3	143.8	52.8	1.3	1.4
Embezzlement	12.6	6.3	6.4	12.6	8.7	3.6	0.1	0.2
Stolen property—buying, receiving, possessing	93.3	75.9	17.4	93.2	58.5	33.0	0.7	0.9
Vandalism	199.1	165.4	33.6	198.5	150.4	43.3	2.8	2.0
Weapons; carrying, possessing etc.	127.5	117.1	10.5	127.3	79.4	45.7	1.0	1.2
Prostitution and commercialized vice	64.8	20.0	44.8	64.7	37.0	26.0	0.4	1.2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	65.3	59.8	5.5	65.2	48.0	15.8	0.6	0.8
Drug abuse violations	1,251.1	1,015.0	236.1	1,249.1	822.3	410.6	7.9	8.4
Gambling	7.7	7.0	0.7	7.7	2.1	5.4	—	0.2
Offenses against family and children	88.7	67.4	21.4	88.5	60.4	26.2	1.4	0.5
Driving under the influence	1,014.1	824.7	189.4	1,011.1	894.2	91.9	14.6	10.5
Liquor laws	439.6	325.5	114.1	437.3	376.6	44.5	11.6	4.6
Drunkenness	399.1	339.7	59.4	398.2	335.5	51.9	8.7	2.1
Disorderly conduct	494.2	367.4	126.8	492.6	317.5	163.5	7.5	4.1
Vagrancy	25.7	20.7	4.9	25.7	16.0	9.0	0.5	0.2
Suspicion	2.5	1.9	0.6	2.5	1.7	0.8	—	—
Curfew and loitering law violations	99.7	68.8	30.9	99.6	65.6	32.2	0.6	1.3
Runaways	86.1	35.3	50.8	85.9	63.1	18.3	1.4	3.2
All other offenses (except traffic)	2,747.5	2,121.5	626.0	2,739.7	1,840.7	827.3	38.7	33.0

— Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/persons_arrested/index.html> (accessed 17 February 2006).

Table 318. Juvenile Arrests for Selected Offenses: 1980 to 2004

[169,439 represents 169,439,000. Juveniles are persons under 18 years of age]

Offense	1980	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of contributing agencies	8,178	10,765	10,037	9,589	9,502	9,904	10,281	10,946	11,368	11,437
Population covered (1,000)	169,439	204,543	206,762	194,612	195,324	204,965	215,380	220,157	219,562	222,147
NUMBER										
Violent crime, total	77,220	97,103	123,131	90,201	81,715	78,450	78,443	71,059	69,060	68,247
Murder	1,475	2,661	2,812	1,587	1,131	1,027	1,069	1,014	960	829
Forcible rape	3,668	4,971	4,556	3,988	3,544	3,402	3,504	3,553	3,195	3,186
Robbery	38,529	34,944	47,240	29,989	26,125	24,206	23,408	19,491	18,950	19,000
Aggravated assault	33,548	54,527	68,523	54,637	50,915	49,815	50,462	47,001	45,955	45,232
Weapon law violations	21,203	33,123	46,506	34,122	31,307	28,514	29,290	26,786	29,512	30,530
Drug abuse, total	86,685	66,300	149,236	148,066	138,774	146,594	146,758	133,557	134,746	135,056
Sale and manufacturing	13,004	24,575	34,077	29,312	26,134	26,432	24,649	22,086	21,987	21,136
Heroin/cocaine	1,318	17,511	19,187	15,094	12,686	11,000	10,535	8,832	7,848	7,852
Marijuana	8,876	4,372	10,682	10,808	10,770	11,792	10,552	9,962	10,463	9,743
Synthetic narcotics	465	346	701	813	722	945	911	974	1,043	1,119
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	2,345	2,346	3,507	2,597	1,956	2,695	2,651	2,318	2,633	2,422
Possession	73,681	41,725	115,159	118,754	112,640	120,432	122,109	111,471	112,759	113,920
Heroin/cocaine	2,614	15,194	21,253	16,278	13,445	12,586	11,734	10,969	9,932	10,805
Marijuana	64,465	20,940	82,015	91,467	89,523	95,962	97,088	85,769	87,909	87,717
Synthetic narcotics	1,524	1,155	2,047	1,916	1,581	2,052	2,237	2,805	2,872	3,279
Dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	5,078	4,436	9,844	9,093	8,091	9,832	11,050	11,928	12,046	12,119

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/persons_arrested/index.html> (accessed 17 February 2006).

Table 319. Drug Use by Arrestees in Major U.S. Cities by Type of Drug and Sex: 2003

[Percent testing positive. Based on data from the Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring Program]

City	Male				Female			
	Any drug ¹	Marijuana	Cocaine	Opiates	Any drug ¹	Marijuana	Cocaine	Opiates
Albuquerque, NM	70.3	41.6	35.0	11.2	70.0	29.4	38.1	13.8
Atlanta, GA	73.5	41.8	49.8	3.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Chicago, IL	86.0	53.2	50.6	24.9	66.7	38.9	33.3	22.2
Cleveland, OH	74.9	48.9	39.0	5.4	72.4	27.2	52.7	6.7
Dallas, TX	63.8	39.1	32.7	6.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Denver, CO	72.6	42.3	38.3	6.8	75.1	34.3	52.5	6.1
Indianapolis, IN	66.4	44.8	35.3	5.1	79.9	42.0	55.7	5.7
Las Vegas, NV	70.0	34.4	21.9	6.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Los Angeles, CA	68.9	40.7	23.5	2.0	63.0	29.6	25.9	0.0
New Orleans, LA	79.6	50.8	47.6	14.0	62.2	30.3	37.3	13.3
New York, NY	72.7	43.1	35.7	14.0	73.3	36.7	50.0	23.3
Oklahoma City, OK	73.5	54.9	24.6	3.0	78.4	43.3	35.3	5.6
Philadelphia, PA	68.8	45.8	30.3	11.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Phoenix, AZ	76.8	40.9	23.4	4.4	78.5	31.6	28.1	6.1
Portland, OR	72.7	38.4	29.7	15.0	84.4	35.2	39.6	22.0
Sacramento, CA	81.1	49.2	21.6	6.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
San Antonio, TX	65.2	41.9	30.5	9.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
San Diego, CA	71.2	41.0	10.3	5.1	72.6	29.1	15.2	8.7
San Jose, CA	63.7	35.4	12.9	3.1	72.8	29.1	10.1	3.4
Seattle, WA	69.4	37.2	36.6	6.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Tucson, AZ	76.4	44.1	42.5	4.2	73.2	29.0	40.0	9.7
Washington, DC	65.8	37.4	26.5	9.8	66.7	29.1	30.9	10.9

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other drugs not shown separately.

Source: U.S. National Institute of Justice, *ADAM 2003 Annual Report on Drug Use Among Adult and Juvenile Arrestees*, June 2004. See also <http://www.ncjrs.org/drugswww.html#top>.

Table 320. Drug Arrest Rates for Drug Abuse Violations, 1990 to 2004, and by Region, 2004

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants. Based on Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1, except 1990 and 2000, enumerated as of April 1. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Offense				2004				
				Region				
	1990	1995	2000	Total	North-east	Mid-west	South	West
Drug arrest rate, total	435.3	564.7	587.1	555.0	481.8	399.7	606.6	661.0
Sale and/or manufacture	139.0	140.7	122.7	101.7	116.3	73.7	111.4	101.4
Heroin or cocaine	93.7	83.7	60.8	46.3	76.3	20.8	53.0	37.2
Marijuana	26.4	32.7	34.2	27.8	29.6	29.0	27.3	26.5
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	2.7	3.9	6.4	8.7	4.8	6.1	16.0	4.7
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	16.2	20.3	21.3	18.9	5.6	17.8	15.1	33.1
Possession	296.3	423.9	464.4	453.3	365.5	326.0	495.2	559.6
Heroin or cocaine	144.4	157.4	138.7	121.1	121.2	56.6	136.7	150.7
Marijuana	104.9	192.7	244.4	219.9	204.9	201.0	284.9	169.0
Synthetic or manufactured drugs	6.6	8.5	12.0	19.3	8.7	13.9	27.4	21.5
Other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs	40.4	65.4	69.4	93.0	30.6	54.5	46.1	218.3

¹ Includes other derivatives such as morphine, heroin, and codeine.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, annual. See also <http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius_04/persons_arrested/index.html> (accessed 17 February 2006).

Table 321. Federal Drug Seizures by Type of Drug: 1990 to 2005

[In pounds. For fiscal years ending in year shown. Reflects the combined drug seizure effort of the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the U.S. Customs Services, and beginning October 1995, the U.S. Border Patrol within the jurisdiction of the United States as well as maritime seizures by the U.S. Coast Guard. Based on reports to the Federal-wide Drug Seizure System, which eliminates duplicate reporting of a seizure involving more than one federal agency. Data have been revised for years through 2004]

Drug	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	
Total	464,583	1,574,890	2,568,899	2,888,169	2,922,543	2,649,756	2,956,580	3,047,047	2,821,890
Heroin	1,704	2,971	2,727	3,341	4,358	6,859	5,920	4,078	4,294
Cocaine	235,891	234,342	282,207	248,894	237,857	225,368	245,623	336,365	398,842
Cannabis	226,988	1,337,577	2,283,965	2,635,934	2,680,328	2,417,529	2,705,037	2,706,604	2,418,754
Marijuana	219,249	1,305,701	2,282,287	2,611,947	2,679,898	2,417,343	2,703,664	2,706,031	2,417,936
Hashish	7,739	31,876	1,678	23,987	430	186	1,373	573	818

Source: U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration, unpublished data from Federal-wide Drug Seizure System.

Table 322. Authorized Intercepts of Communication—Summary: 1980 to 2005

[Data for jurisdictions with statutes authorizing or approving interception of wire or oral communication]

Item	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Jurisdictions: ¹											
With wiretap statutes	28	32	40	41	45	45	46	47	47	47	47
Reporting interceptions	22	22	25	19	28	26	25	20	24	20	23
Intercept applications authorized	564	784	872	1,156	1,489	1,266	1,561	1,358	1,442	1,710	1,773
Intercept installations	524	722	812	1,024	1,277	1,139	1,405	1,273	1,367	1,633	1,694
Federal	79	235	321	527	595	472	481	490	576	723	624
State	445	487	491	497	682	667	924	783	791	910	1,070
Intercepted communications, average ²											
Incriminating, average	1,058	1,320	1,487	2,028	1,921	1,769	1,565	1,708	3,004	3,017	2,835
Persons arrested ³	315	275	321	459	390	402	333	403	993	619	629
Persons arrested ³											
Convictions ³	1,871	2,469	2,057	2,577	4,372	3,411	3,683	3,060	3,674	4,056	4,674
Other	259	660	420	494	654	736	732	493	843	634	776
Major offense specified:											
Gambling	199	206	116	95	60	49	82	82	49	90	42
Drugs	282	434	520	732	978	894	1,167	1,052	1,104	1,308	1,433
Homicide and assault	13	25	21	30	62	72	52	58	80	48	82
Racketeering	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	98	139	76	70	72	96	138	94
Other	70	119	215	201	250	175	190	94	113	126	122

NA Not available ¹ Jurisdictions include federal government, states, and District of Columbia. ² Average per authorized installation. ³ Based on information received from intercepts installed in year shown; additional arrests/convictions will occur in subsequent years but are not shown here.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Report on Applications for Orders Authorizing or Approving the Interception of Wire, Oral or Electronic Communications (Wiretap Report)*, annual. See also <<http://www.uscourts.gov/wiretap05/contents.html>> (accessed April 2006).

Table 323. Background Checks for Firearm Transfers: 1994 to 2004

[In thousands (61,632 represents 61,632,000), except rates. For "Interim period" of 1994 to November 29, 1998, covered handgun purchases from licensed firearm dealers; beginning November 29, 1998, (effective date for the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, P.L. 103-159,1993) covers the transfer of both handguns and long guns from a federal firearms licensee, as well as purchases from pawnshops and retail gun shops]

Inquiries and rejections	1994–2004 period ¹	Interim period			Permanent Brady				
		1995	1998 ²	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Applications and rejections:									
Applications received	61,632	2,706	3,277	8,621	7,699	7,958	7,806	7,831	8,084
Applications rejected	1,228	41	90	204	153	151	136	126	126
Rejection rate	2.0	1.5	2.9	2.4	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.6

¹ Represents from the inception of the Brady Act on February 29, 1994, to 2004. ² For period January 1 to November 29, 1998. Counts are from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and may include multiple transactions for the same application.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Presale Handgun Checks, The Brady Interim Period 1994–1998, Series NCJ 175034, June 1999. Background Checks for Firearm Transfers, 2003: Trends for Permanent Brady Period, 1999–2003, Series NCJ 204428, September 2004. Background Checks for Firearm Transfers, 2004, Series NCJ 210117, October 2005.* <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/guns.htm>>.

Table 324. Requests for Forensic Services: 2002

Type of function	Back-logged request ¹	New requests	Requests completed ²	Type of function	Back-logged request ¹	New requests	Requests completed ²
Total	289,938	2,706,785	2,495,313	Trace	9,997	41,531	36,878
Controlled substances	95,404	1,291,488	1,154,221	DNA analysis	29,516	60,887	41,592
Biology screening	18,456	88,857	76,332	Toxicology	17,523	467,752	455,624
Firearms/toolmarks	22,636	104,068	88,997	Questioned documents	3,391	16,683	15,562
Crime scene	1,579	166,588	165,461	Computer crimes	952	2,839	2,757
Latent prints	50,245	274,225	238,135	Other functions	40,239	191,867	219,754

¹ As of January 2, 2002. ² As of December 31, 2002

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Census of Publicly Funded Forensic Crime Laboratories, 2003 Series NCJ 207205, February 2005.*

Table 325. Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted: 1990 to 2004

[Covers officers killed feloniously and accidentally in line of duty; includes federal officers. For composition of regions, see map, inside front cover]

Item	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001 ¹	2002	2003	2004
OFFICERS KILLED									
Total killed	132	133	142	107	134	218	132	133	139
Northeast	13	16	6	11	13	79	10	13	18
Midwest	20	19	19	17	32	26	22	20	25
South	68	63	70	56	67	68	65	66	66
West	23	32	36	22	19	38	28	31	24
Puerto Rico, Island areas, foreign countries	8	2	9	1	3	7	7	3	6
Feloniously killed	65	74	61	42	51	142	56	52	57
Firearms	56	62	58	41	47	61	51	45	54
Handgun	47	43	40	25	33	46	38	34	36
Rifle	8	14	17	11	10	11	10	10	13
Shotgun	1	5	1	5	4	4	3	1	5
Knife	3	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1
Bomb	—	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Personal weapons	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Other	4	2	1	1	3	80	4	7	2
Accidentally killed	67	59	81	65	83	76	76	81	82
OFFICERS ASSAULTED									
Population (1,000) ²	197,426	191,759	193,098	207,124	204,599	213,645	219,425	225,770	225,598
Number of—									
Agencies represented	9,343	8,503	8,153	9,832	8,940	9,773	10,164	10,539	10,459
Police officers	410,131	428,379	452,361	462,782	452,531	471,096	491,009	501,738	499,396
Total assaulted	72,091	57,762	60,673	55,971	58,398	57,463	59,526	58,600	59,373
Firearm	3,651	2,354	2,126	1,772	1,749	1,841	1,927	1,879	2,109
Knife or cutting instrument	1,647	1,356	1,098	999	1,015	1,168	1,061	1,084	1,121
Other dangerous weapon	7,423	6,414	7,415	7,560	8,132	8,233	8,526	8,180	8,598
Hands, fists, feet, etc	59,370	47,638	50,034	45,640	47,502	46,221	48,012	47,457	47,545

— Represents zero. ¹ The 72 officers feloniously slain during the events of September 11, 2001, are included in data for 2001. ² Represents the number of persons covered by agencies shown.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, annual. <<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/killed/2004/openpage.htm>>.

Table 326. U.S. Supreme Court—Cases Filed and Disposition: 1980 to 2004

[Statutory term of court begins first Monday in October]

Action	1980	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total cases on docket	5,144	6,316	7,565	8,445	8,965	9,176	9,406	8,882	8,588
Appellate cases on docket	2,749	2,351	2,456	2,413	2,305	2,210	2,190	2,058	2,041
From prior term	527	365	361	321	351	324	321	336	300
Docketed during present term	2,222	1,986	2,095	2,092	1,954	1,886	1,869	1,722	1,741
Cases acted upon	2,324	2,042	2,130	2,096	2,024	1,932	1,899	1,798	1,727
Granted review	167	114	92	78	85	82	83	74	69
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,999	1,802	1,945	1,958	1,842	1,751	1,727	1,641	1,529
Summarily decided	90	81	62	34	63	57	46	37	89
Cases not acted upon	425	309	326	317	281	278	291	260	314
Pauper cases on docket	2,371	3,951	5,098	6,024	6,651	6,958	7,209	6,818	6,543
Cases acted upon ¹	2,027	3,436	4,514	5,273	5,736	6,139	6,488	6,036	5,815
Granted review	17	27	13	14	14	6	8	13	11
Denied, dismissed, or withdrawn	1,968	3,369	4,439	5,239	5,658	6,114	6,459	6,005	5,061
Summarily decided	32	28	55	16	61	13	17	13	737
Cases not acted upon	344	515	584	751	915	819	721	782	728
Original cases on docket	24	14	11	8	9	8	7	6	4
Cases disposed of during term	7	3	5	—	2	1	1	2	—
Total cases available for argument	264	201	145	124	138	137	139	140	128
Cases disposed of	162	131	93	87	89	90	87	93	87
Cases argued	154	125	90	83	86	88	84	91	87
Cases dismissed or remanded without argument	8	6	3	4	3	2	3	2	—
Cases remaining	102	70	52	37	49	47	52	47	41
Cases decided by signed opinion	144	121	87	79	83	85	79	89	85
Cases decided by per curiam opinion	8	4	3	2	4	3	5	2	2
Number of signed opinions	123	112	75	74	77	76	71	73	74

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes cases granted review and carried over to next term, not shown separately.

Source: Office of the Clerk, Supreme Court of the United States, unpublished data.

Table 327. U.S. District Courts—Civil Cases Commenced and Pending: 2000 to 2005

[For years ending June 30]

Type of case	Cases commenced				Cases pending			
	2000	2003	2004	2005	2000	2003	2004	2005
Cases total ¹	263,049	254,499	258,117	282,758	249,692	261,608	267,881	267,270
Contract actions ¹	54,494	32,356	29,687	28,590	38,262	30,789	28,413	26,712
Recovery of overpayments ²	25,636	3,466	2,914	3,380	12,107	2,713	2,146	1,953
Real property actions	6,481	7,503	6,341	4,541	4,249	6,302	5,651	4,512
Tort actions	40,877	46,295	51,881	75,273	63,116	65,562	74,589	76,821
Personal injury	36,867	42,233	45,948	52,215	59,232	61,496	68,928	72,716
Personal injury product liability ¹	15,349	24,255	29,089	35,615	31,772	34,655	42,886	46,575
Asbestos	7,893	3,718	1,208	1,628	4,949	5,606	2,528	1,073
Other personal injury	21,518	17,978	16,859	16,600	27,460	26,841	26,042	26,141
Personal property damage	4,010	4,062	5,933	23,058	3,884	4,066	5,661	4,105
Actions under statutes ¹	161,187	168,332	170,168	171,922	144,053	158,943	159,200	157,357
Civil rights ¹	41,226	40,567	40,118	36,724	44,259	43,981	43,431	40,596
Employment	21,404	20,777	19,670	17,998	24,456	23,618	22,964	21,344
Bankruptcy suits	3,378	3,342	3,982	3,428	2,555	2,522	2,684	2,650
Commerce (ICC rates, etc.)	1,007	574	483	492	444	455	427	395
Environmental matters	894	935	999	726	1,355	2,296	2,282	1,193
Prisoner petitions	57,706	55,112	53,132	62,698	43,560	44,306	44,317	47,870
Forfeiture and penalty	2,246	2,120	2,112	2,214	1,772	1,932	2,017	2,156
Labor laws	14,229	17,290	18,189	18,643	11,267	14,621	15,131	15,225
Protected property rights ³	8,745	8,613	9,289	11,809	7,858	8,654	8,992	10,507
Securities commodities and exchanges	2,500	3,449	3,081	2,371	3,578	5,227	5,325	5,192
Social Security laws	14,365	17,483	15,935	16,066	13,667	17,526	14,853	15,420
Tax suits	938	1,232	1,291	1,348	1,068	1,106	1,158	1,222
Freedom of information	335	266	300	426	380	347	360	378

¹ Includes other types not shown separately. ² Includes enforcement of judgments in student loan cases, and overpayments of veterans benefits. ³ Includes copyright, patent, and trademark rights.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary*, annual.

Table 328. U.S. District Courts—Offenders Convicted and Sentenced to Prison and Length of Sentence: 2003

Most serious offense of conviction	Offenders convicted	Convicted offenders sentenced to prison	Mean length of sentence (mo.) ¹	Most serious offense of conviction	Offenders convicted	Convicted offenders sentenced to prison	Mean length of sentence (mo.) ¹
Total ²	75,805	57,629	58.7	Possession	2,061	1,840	82.7
Violent offenses	2,643	2,462	97.2	Trafficking and manufacturing	23,521	21,704	81.2
Property offenses	13,311	7,948	27.3	Public-order offenses	4,331	3,036	42.9
Fraudulent offenses ³	11,323	6,737	24.8	Regulatory offenses	1,136	542	33.2
Embezzlement	786	391	16.9	Other offenses ⁴	3,195	2,494	45.0
Fraud ⁴	9,373	5,599	25.4	Tax law violations ⁵	404	250	21.9
Forgery	77	33	20.3	Weapons	6,970	6,431	83.7
Other offenses ³	1,988	1,211	41.1	Immigration	14,199	12,390	26.7
Larceny	1,442	781	31.7	Misdemeanors	8,767	1,818	9.1
Drug offenses ³	25,582	23,544	81.4				

¹ Excludes sentences of life, death, and indeterminate sentences. ² Total may include offenders for whom offense category could not be determined. ³ Includes offenses not shown separately. ⁴ Excludes tax fraud. ⁵ Includes tax fraud.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics, 2003*, Series NCJ 210299, October 2005; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cfjs03.htm>>.

Table 329. Federal Prosecutions of Public Corruption: 1980 to 2004

[As of Dec. 31. Prosecution of persons who have corrupted public office in violation of Federal Criminal Statutes]

Prosecution Status	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total ¹	727	1,157	1,176	1,051	1,057	1,174	1,134	1,000	1,087	1,136	1,150	1,213
Convicted	602	997	1,084	878	853	1,014	1,065	938	920	1,011	868	1,020
Awaiting trial	213	256	300	323	327	340	329	327	437	413	412	419
Federal officials: Charged	123	563	615	527	459	442	480	441	502	478	479	424
Convicted	131	470	583	438	392	414	460	422	414	429	421	381
Awaiting trial	16	90	103	120	83	85	101	92	131	119	129	98
State officials: Charged	72	79	96	61	51	91	115	92	95	110	94	111
Convicted	51	66	79	61	49	58	80	91	61	132	87	81
Awaiting trial	28	20	28	23	20	37	44	37	75	50	38	48
Local officials: Charged	247	248	257	236	255	277	237	211	224	299	259	268
Convicted	168	221	225	191	169	264	219	183	184	262	119	252
Awaiting trial	82	49	98	89	118	90	95	89	110	118	106	105
Others involved: Charged	285	267	208	227	292	364	302	256	266	249	318	410
Convicted	252	240	197	188	243	278	306	242	261	188	241	306
Awaiting trial	87	97	71	91	106	128	89	109	121	126	139	168

¹ Includes individuals who are neither public officials nor employees but were involved with public officials or employees in violating the law, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, *Federal Prosecutions of Corrupt Public Officials, 1970-1980 and Report to Congress on the Activities and Operations of the Public Integrity Section*, annual; <<http://www.usdoj.gov/criminal/pin.html>>.

Table 330. Delinquency Cases Disposed by Juvenile Courts by Reason for Referral: 1990 to 2002

[In thousands (1,318 represents 1,318,000), except rate. A delinquency offense is an act committed by a juvenile for which an adult could be prosecuted in a criminal court. Disposition of a case involves taking a definite action such as waiving the case to criminal court, dismissing the case, placing the youth on probation, placing the youth in a facility for delinquents, or such actions as fines, restitution, and community service. Data has been revised through 2001]

Reason for referral	1990	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
All delinquency cases	1,318	1,521	1,667	1,763	1,807	1,822	1,755	1,670	1,624	1,621	1,615
Case rate ¹	51.4	55.2	59.3	61.5	62.2	61.8	58.9	55.3	52.9	52.2	51.6
Violent offenses	93	116	128	133	125	106	98	86	80	78	75
Criminal homicide	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Forcible rape	5	7	6	6	6	5	5	4	5	5	5
Robbery	27	35	38	40	38	34	30	25	22	22	22
Aggravated assault	58	72	81	84	78	64	60	54	51	49	47
Property offenses	772	833	871	891	884	853	782	703	663	628	625
Burglary	562	592	610	632	629	607	543	484	459	433	431
Larceny-theft	143	149	144	141	145	141	131	112	105	101	100
Motor vehicle theft	340	373	395	426	419	402	356	322	308	286	284
Arson	72	63	62	55	55	55	48	40	37	38	39
Delinquency offenses	664	813	928	998	1,054	1,109	1,114	1,101	1,085	1,110	1,109
Simple assault	132	178	199	220	226	255	261	258	254	270	271
Vandalism	99	118	128	124	122	116	114	107	102	95	95
Drug law violations	73	92	130	164	183	192	192	190	192	202	193
Obstruction of justice	80	95	111	123	151	166	170	171	180	187	183
Other ²	280	331	360	367	372	380	378	375	357	356	368

¹ Number of cases disposed per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk of referral to juvenile court. ² Includes such offenses as stolen property offenses, trespassing, weapons offenses, other sex offenses, liquor law violations, disorderly conduct, and miscellaneous offenses.

Source: National Center for Juvenile Justice, Pittsburgh, PA, *Juvenile Court Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/index.html>>.

Table 331. Delinquency Cases and Case Rates by Sex and Race: 1992 to 2002

[Data has been revised through 2000. See headnote, Table 330]

Sex, race, and offense	Number of cases disposed			Case rate ¹		
	1992	2000	2002	1992	2000	2002
Male, total	1,196,100	1,218,900	1,192,300	86.6	77.4	74.3
Person	243,600	270,800	277,900	17.7	17.2	17.3
Property	693,600	497,400	460,400	50.3	31.6	28.7
Drugs	64,600	159,800	158,100	4.6	10.1	9.8
Public order	194,400	291,000	296,000	14.0	18.5	18.4
Female, total	285,500	404,700	423,100	21.9	27.1	27.7
Person	64,100	103,000	109,700	5.0	6.9	7.2
Property	166,600	165,900	164,500	12.8	11.1	10.8
Drugs	8,700	32,300	35,100	0.7	2.2	2.3
Public order	46,100	103,500	113,800	3.5	6.9	7.5
White, total	979,400	1,108,100	1,086,700	45.3	46.0	44.4
Person	177,600	230,400	233,700	8.2	9.6	9.5
Property	608,700	460,900	427,700	28.2	19.1	17.5
Drugs	37,500	144,100	146,300	1.7	6.0	6.0
Public order	155,700	272,700	279,100	7.1	11.3	11.4
Black, total	449,600	461,300	473,100	112.1	95.5	94.0
Person	120,800	132,300	141,900	30.1	27.4	28.2
Property	217,500	176,000	172,000	54.7	36.4	34.2
Drugs	34,100	43,300	41,400	8.3	9.0	8.2
Public order	77,200	109,700	117,800	19.1	22.7	23.4
Other races, total	52,700	54,200	55,600	40.5	31.0	30.9
Person	9,400	11,100	12,000	7.4	6.3	6.7
Property	34,000	26,300	25,100	26.0	15.1	14.0
Drugs	1,600	4,700	5,500	1.2	2.7	3.1
Public order	7,600	12,100	13,000	5.8	6.9	7.2

¹ Cases per 1,000 youth (ages 10 to 17) at risk.

Source: National Center for Juvenile Justice, Pittsburgh, PA, *Juvenile Court Statistics*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/index.html>>.

Table 332. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Substantiated and Indicated—Victim Characteristics: 1990 to 2004

[Based on reports alleging child abuse and neglect that were referred for investigation/assessment by the respective child protective services agency in each state. The reporting period may be either calendar or fiscal year. Children are counted each time they were subjects of an investigation report. Victims are children whose alleged maltreatments have been substantiated, indicated, or assessed as maltreatments. A substantiated case represents a type of investigation disposition that determines that there is sufficient evidence under state law to conclude that maltreatment occurred or that the child is at risk of maltreatment. An indicated case represents a type of disposition that concludes that there was a reason to suspect maltreatment had occurred. An alternative response-victim case represents a type of disposition that identifies a child as a victim within the alternative response system]

ITEM	1990		2000		2003		2004	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TYPES OF SUBSTANTIATED MALTREATMENT¹								
Victims, total²	690,658	(X)	864,837	(X)	893,296	113.3	872,088	113.4
Neglect	338,770	49.1	517,118	59.8	550,178	61.6	544,050	62.4
Physical abuse	186,801	27.0	167,713	19.4	164,689	18.4	152,250	17.5
Sexual abuse	119,506	17.3	87,770	10.2	87,078	9.8	84,398	9.7
Emotional maltreatment	45,621	6.6	66,965	7.7	57,391	6.4	61,272	7.0
Medical neglect	(NA)	(NA)	25,498	3.0	17,945	2.0	17,968	2.1
SEX OF VICTIM								
Victims, total	742,519	100.0	864,837	100.0	893,296	100.0	872,088	100.0
Male	323,339	43.5	413,744	47.8	428,948	48.0	419,743	48.1
Female	369,919	49.8	446,230	51.6	461,068	51.6	449,416	51.5
AGE OF VICTIM								
Victims, total	731,282	100.0	864,837	100.0	893,296	100.0	872,088	100.0
1 year and younger	97,101	13.3	133,094	15.4	144,508	16.2	145,773	16.7
2 to 5 years old	172,791	23.6	205,790	23.8	219,725	24.6	217,297	24.9
6 to 9 years old	157,681	21.6	212,186	24.5	202,070	22.6	192,941	22.1
10 to 13 years old	135,130	18.5	176,071	20.4	185,995	20.8	176,485	20.2
14 to 17 years old	103,383	14.1	126,207	14.6	135,998	15.2	135,858	15.6
18 and over	4,880	0.7	992	0.1	589	0.1	475	0.1

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Not all types of maltreatment are shown. ² A child may be a victim of more than one maltreatment. Therefore, the total for this item adds up to more than 100%.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Statistics and Research, *Child Maltreatment 2004, annual*; <<http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/pubs/cm04/index.htm>>.

Table 333. Child Abuse and Neglect Cases Reported and Investigated by State: 2004

[See headnote, Table 332]

State	Population under 18 years old	Number of children subject of an investigation ¹		Number of reports ²	Number of child victims ³	State	Population under 18 years old	Number of children subject of an investigation ¹		Number of reports ²	Number of child victims ³
		Number of investigations	Number of victims					Number of investigations	Number of victims		
U.S.⁴	73,277,998	3,423,347	1,859,386	872,088		MO.	1,384,542	82,442	54,216	9,616	
AL	1,094,533	31,300	19,118	9,414		MT	208,093	12,406	7,450	1,753	
AK	188,229	(NA)	11,118	(NA)		NE	434,566	24,235	10,962	4,785	
AZ	1,547,260	81,121	35,623	7,344		NV	603,596	24,004	13,061	4,377	
AR	676,550	44,472	20,076	7,276		NH	304,994	9,037	6,400	948	
CA	9,596,463	442,741	234,035	98,201		NJ	2,156,059	79,057	44,127	8,159	
CO	1,178,889	45,121	29,540	9,578		NM	492,287	26,095	16,005	6,150	
CT	838,788	48,657	32,097	13,285		NY	4,572,363	250,459	148,244	74,483	
DE	193,506	12,307	5,276	1,581		NC	2,118,492	108,636	53,668	29,085	
DC	109,547	12,074	4,977	2,378		ND	138,955	6,818	3,912	1,668	
FL	4,003,290	329,158	145,393	129,914		OH	2,779,212	110,972	70,280	43,093	
GA	2,332,567	203,671	85,817	52,851		OK	859,870	63,684	36,070	12,483	
HI	298,693	7,186	3,608	3,629		OR	852,357	37,865	23,529	11,759	
ID	372,411	9,669	6,502	1,856		PA	2,837,009	23,862	23,862	4,647	
IL	3,238,150	142,727	64,784	29,150		RI	243,813	9,920	6,707	3,068	
IN	1,600,295	54,679	35,817	18,869		SC	1,024,700	38,462	17,186	9,950	
IA	680,437	37,163	24,366	13,804		SD	190,874	8,355	4,620	1,917	
KS	683,491	24,140	15,729	4,895		TN	1,391,289	74,835	48,622	14,840	
KY	980,187	73,375	46,951	19,186		TX	6,266,779	226,614	140,038	50,891	
LA	1,164,961	39,337	23,843	10,862		UT	740,114	33,746	21,132	13,559	
ME	282,129	9,543	5,358	4,235		VT	134,894	3,361	2,690	1,138	
MD	1,394,808	(NA)	(NA)	15,180		VA	1,804,900	56,088	28,105	6,959	
MA	1,464,189	81,219	38,940	36,201		WA	1,486,020	50,865	32,314	6,730	
MI	2,533,439	196,873	74,333	28,035		WV	386,641	40,916	18,508	8,446	
MN	1,240,280	25,595	17,471	8,183		WI	1,307,986	40,205	40,205	9,325	
MS	749,569	24,546	15,801	5,674		WY	116,932	3,734	2,018	678	

NA Not available. ¹ Investigations represent the screening of referrals. The number is based on the total number of children for whom an alleged maltreatment was substantiated, indicated, or assessed to have occurred or the child was at risk of occurrence. ² Accepted or screened-in referrals are termed reports. ³ Victims are defined as children subject of a substantiated, indicated, or alternative response-victim maltreatment. ⁴ Includes estimates for states that did not report.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Statistics and Research, *Child Maltreatment 2004, annual*; <<http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/pubs/cm04/index.htm>>.

Table 334. Prisoners Under Jurisdiction of Federal or State Correctional Authorities—Summary by State: 1990 to 2004

[For years ending December 31. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

State	1990	2000	2003	2004, advance		State	1990	2000	2003	2004, advance	
				Total	Per- cent change, 2003- 2004					Total	Per- cent change, 2003- 2004
U.S. ¹	773,919	1,391,261	1,468,601	1,496,629	1.9						
AL ²	15,665	26,332	27,913	25,887	-7.3	MO	14,943	27,543	30,303	31,081	2.6
AK ³	2,622	4,173	4,527	4,554	0.6	MT	1,425	3,105	3,620	3,877	7.1
AZ ³	14,261	26,510	31,170	32,515	4.3	NE	2,403	3,895	4,040	4,130	2.2
AR ³	7,322	11,915	13,315	13,807	3.7	NV	5,322	10,063	10,543	11,365	7.8
CA	97,309	163,001	164,487	166,556	1.3	NH	1,342	2,257	2,434	2,448	0.6
CO ²	7,671	16,833	19,671	20,293	3.2	NJ	21,128	29,784	27,246	26,757	-1.8
CT ²	10,500	18,355	19,846	19,497	-1.8	NM	3,187	5,342	6,223	6,379	2.5
DE ^{4, 5}	3,471	6,921	6,794	6,927	2.0	NY	54,895	70,199	65,198	63,751	-2.2
DC ³	9,947	7,456	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	NC	18,411	31,266	33,560	35,434	5.6
FL ³	44,387	71,319	82,012	85,533	4.3	ND	483	1,076	1,239	1,327	7.1
GA ³	22,411	44,232	47,208	51,104	8.3	OH	31,822	45,833	44,778	44,806	0.1
HI ²	2,533	5,053	5,828	5,960	2.3	OK	12,285	23,181	22,821	23,319	2.2
ID	1,961	5,535	5,737	6,375	11.1	OR	6,492	10,580	12,715	13,183	3.7
IL	27,516	45,281	43,418	44,054	1.5	PA ²	22,290	36,847	40,890	40,963	0.2
IN ³	12,736	20,125	23,069	24,008	4.1	RI ²	2,392	3,286	3,527	3,430	-2.8
IA ³	3,967	7,955	8,546	8,525	-0.2	SD	17,319	21,778	23,719	23,428	-1.2
KS	5,775	8,344	9,132	8,966	-1.8	TN	1,341	2,616	3,026	3,095	2.3
KY	9,023	14,919	16,622	17,814	7.2	TX	50,042	166,719	166,911	168,105	0.7
LA	18,599	35,207	36,047	36,939	2.5	UT ²	2,496	5,637	5,763	5,989	3.9
ME	1,523	1,679	2,013	2,024	0.5	VT ²	1,049	1,697	1,944	1,968	1.2
MD	17,848	23,538	23,791	23,285	-2.1	VA	17,593	30,168	35,067	35,564	1.4
MA ⁵	8,345	10,722	10,232	10,144	-0.9	WA	7,995	14,915	16,148	16,614	2.9
MI ⁵	34,267	47,718	49,358	48,883	-1.0	WV	1,565	3,856	4,758	5,067	6.5
MN	3,176	6,238	7,865	8,758	11.4	WI	7,465	20,754	22,604	22,966	1.6
MS	8,375	20,241	20,589	20,983	1.9	WY	1,110	1,680	1,872	1,980	5.8

NA Not available. ¹ For table 334 U.S. total includes Federal prisoners not distributed by State. This total includes all inmates held in public and private adult correctional facilities. ² Includes both jail and prisoner inmates (state has combined jail and prison system). ³ Numbers are for custody rather than jurisdiction counts. ⁴ The transfer of responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia to the federal system was completed by the year end 2001. Since June 30, 2000, the inmate population in the District of Columbia has dropped by 5,825 inmates. Approximately 58% of the growth in the federal system in the last 6 months of 2001 was the result of this transfer of responsibility. ⁵ The District of Columbia inmates sentenced to more than 1 year are now under the responsibility of the Bureau of Prisons.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in 2004*, Series NCJ 210677; and earlier reports. <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/prisons.htm>>

Table 335. Adults on Probation, in Jail or Prison, or on Parole: 1980 to 2004

[As of December 31, except jail counts as of June 30]

Year	Total ¹	Percent of adult population	Probation	Jail	Prison	Parole	Male	Female
1981	2,006,600	(NA)	1,225,934	² 195,085	360,029	225,539	(NA)	(NA)
1982	2,192,600	(NA)	1,357,264	207,853	402,914	224,604	(NA)	(NA)
1983	2,475,100	(NA)	1,582,947	221,815	423,898	246,440	(NA)	(NA)
1984	2,689,200	(NA)	1,740,948	233,018	448,264	266,992	(NA)	(NA)
1985	3,011,500	1.7	1,968,712	254,986	487,593	300,203	2,606,000	405,500
1986	3,239,400	1.8	2,114,621	272,735	526,436	325,638	2,829,100	410,300
1987	3,459,600	1.9	2,247,158	294,092	562,814	355,505	3,021,000	438,600
1988	3,714,100	2.0	2,356,483	341,893	607,766	407,977	3,223,000	491,100
1989	4,055,600	2.2	2,522,125	393,303	683,367	456,803	3,501,600	554,000
1990	4,348,000	2.3	2,670,234	403,019	743,382	531,407	3,746,300	601,700
1991	4,535,600	2.4	2,728,472	424,129	792,535	590,442	3,913,000	622,600
1992	4,762,600	2.5	2,811,611	441,781	850,566	658,601	4,050,300	712,300
1993	4,944,000	2.6	2,903,611	455,500	909,381	676,100	4,215,800	728,200
1994	5,141,300	2.7	2,981,022	479,800	990,147	690,371	4,377,400	763,900
1995	5,342,900	2.8	3,077,861	507,044	1,078,542	679,421	4,513,000	822,100
1996	5,482,700	2.8	3,164,996	510,400	1,127,528	679,733	4,629,900	852,800
1997	5,725,800	2.9	3,296,513	557,974	1,176,564	694,787	4,825,300	900,500
1998	6,126,100	3.1	3,670,441	584,372	1,224,469	696,385	(NA)	(NA)
1999	6,331,400	3.1	3,779,922	596,485	1,287,172	714,457	(NA)	(NA)
2000	6,445,100	3.1	3,826,209	621,149	1,316,333	723,898	(NA)	(NA)
2001	6,581,700	3.1	3,931,731	631,240	1,330,007	732,333	(NA)	(NA)
2002	6,758,800	3.1	4,024,067	665,475	1,367,547	750,934	(NA)	(NA)
2003	6,936,600	3.2	4,144,782	691,301	1,392,796	745,125	(NA)	(NA)
2004, advance	6,996,500	3.2	4,151,125	713,990	1,421,911	765,355	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Totals may not add due to individuals having multiple correctional statuses. ² Estimated.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States*, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/correct.htm>>

Table 336. Jail Inmates by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1990 to 2004

[As of June 30. Excludes federal and state prisons or other correctional institutions; institutions exclusively for juveniles; state-operated jails in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont; and other facilities which retain persons for less than 72 hours. Data based on the Annual Survey of Jails, which is a sample survey and subject to sampling variability. Due to rounding, inmates may not add to total]

Characteristic	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total inmates	405,320	507,044	605,943	621,149	631,240	665,475	691,301	713,990
Male	365,821	448,000	528,998	543,120	551,007	581,411	602,781	626,407
Female	37,198	51,300	67,487	70,414	72,621	76,817	81,650	87,583
Juveniles	2,301	7,800	9,458	7,613	7,613	7,248	6,869	7,083
White, non-Hispanic	169,600	203,300	249,900	260,500	271,700	291,800	301,200	317,400
Black, non-Hispanic	172,300	220,600	251,800	256,300	256,200	264,900	271,000	275,400
Hispanic	58,100	74,400	93,800	94,100	93,000	98,000	106,600	108,300
Other ¹	5,400	8,800	10,400	10,200	10,300	10,800	12,500	12,900

¹ Includes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, and Pacific Islanders.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Jail Inmates, annual; beginning 1995, *Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear*, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/jails.htm>>.

Table 337. Federal and State Prisoners by Sex: 1980 to 2004

[Prisoners, as of December 31. Includes all persons under jurisdiction of federal and state authorities rather than those in the custody of such authorities. Represents inmates sentenced to maximum term of more than a year]

Year	Total ¹	Rate ²	State	Male	Female	Year	Total ¹	Rate ²	State	Male	Female
1980	315,974	139	295,363	303,643	12,331	1993	932,074	359	857,675	878,037	54,037
1982	395,516	171	371,864	379,075	16,441	1994	1,016,691	389	936,896	956,566	60,125
1983	419,346	179	393,015	401,870	17,476	1995	1,085,022	411	1,001,359	1,021,059	63,963
1984	443,398	188	415,796	424,193	19,205	1996	1,137,722	427	1,048,907	1,068,123	69,599
1985	480,568	202	447,873	459,223	21,345	1997	1,195,498	445	1,100,511	1,121,663	73,835
1986	522,084	217	485,553	497,540	24,544	1998	1,245,402	461	1,141,720	1,167,802	77,600
1987	560,812	231	521,289	533,990	26,822	1999	1,304,074	476	1,189,799	1,221,611	82,463
1988	603,732	247	560,994	573,587	30,145	2000	1,331,278	³ 470	1,204,323	1,246,234	85,044
1989	680,907	276	633,739	643,643	37,264	2001	1,345,217	470	1,208,708	1,260,033	85,184
1990	739,980	297	689,577	699,416	40,564	2002	1,380,516	476	1,237,476	1,291,450	89,066
1991	789,610	313	732,914	745,808	43,802	2003	1,408,361	482	1,256,442	1,315,790	92,571
1992	846,277	332	780,571	799,776	46,501	2004	1,433,793	486	1,274,656	1,337,668	96,125

¹ Includes federal. ² Rate per 100,000 estimated population. Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population. ³ Decrease in incarceration rate from 1999 to 2000 due to use of new Census numbers.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions on December 31*, Series NCJ 210677 annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/p04.htm>>.

Table 338. Prisoners Under Sentence of Death by Characteristic: 1980 to 2004

[As of December 31. Excludes prisoners under sentence of death who remained within local correctional systems pending exhaustion of appellate process or who had not been committed to prison]

Characteristic	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total ^{1, 2}	688	2,346	3,064	3,242	3,328	3,465	3,540	3,601	3,577	3,562	3,377	3,314
White	418	1,368	1,732	1,833	1,864	1,917	1,960	1,989	1,968	1,939	1,882	1,850
Black and other	270	978	1,332	1,409	1,464	1,548	1,580	1,612	1,609	1,623	1,495	1,464
Under 20 years	11	8	20	17	16	16	16	11	4	4	1	1
20 to 24 years	173	168	264	288	275	273	251	237	192	153	133	95
25 to 34 years	334	1,110	1,068	1,088	1,077	1,108	1,108	1,103	1,099	1,058	965	896
35 to 54 years	186	1,006	1,583	1,711	1,809	1,897	1,958	2,019	2,043	2,069	1,969	1,977
55 years and over	10	64	119	138	151	171	194	223	243	273	306	345
Years of school completed:												
7 years or less	68	178	191	196	205	208	201	214	212	215	213	207
8 years	74	186	195	201	206	218	221	233	236	234	227	221
9 to 11 years	204	775	979	1,040	1,069	1,122	1,142	1,157	1,145	1,130	1,073	1,053
12 years	162	729	995	1,037	1,084	1,128	1,157	1,184	1,183	1,173	1,108	1,091
More than 12 years	43	209	272	282	288	301	307	315	304	294	270	262
Unknown	163	279	422	486	476	488	499	490	501	511	483	480
Marital status:												
Never married	268	998	1,412	1,507	1,555	1,645	1,689	1,749	1,763	1,746	1,641	1,622
Married	229	632	718	739	740	752	731	739	716	709	684	658
Divorced ³	217	726	924	996	1,033	1,068	1,107	1,105	1,102	1,102	1,049	1,034
Time elapsed since sentencing:												
Less than 12 months	185	231	287	306	262	293	259	208	151	147	137	117
12 to 47 months	389	753	784	816	844	816	800	786	734	609	495	421
48 to 71 months	102	438	423	447	456	482	499	507	476	468	451	388
72 months and over	38	934	1,560	1,673	1,766	1,874	1,969	2,092	2,220	2,333	2,291	2,388
Legal status at arrest:												
Not under sentence	384	1,345	1,764	1,881	1,957	2,036	2,088	2,202	2,189	2,165	2,048	2,026
Parole or probation ⁴	115	578	866	894	880	879	886	921	918	909	845	809
Prison or escaped	45	128	110	112	116	127	125	126	135	141	137	145
Unknown	170	305	314	355	375	423	428	344	339	342	344	334

¹ Revisions to the total number of prisoners were not carried to the characteristics except for race. ² Includes races not shown separately. ³ Includes persons married but separated, widows, widowers, and unknown. ⁴ Includes prisoners on mandatory conditional release, work release, leave, AWOL or bail. Covers 28 prisoners in 1990, and 29 in 1991 and 1992, 33 in 1993 and 1995, 31 in 1994 and 1996, 30 in 1997, 26 in 1998, 21 in 1999 and 2000, and 17 in 2001, 2002, and 2003.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment, 2004*, Series NCJ 211349, November 2005. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cp.htm>>.

Table 339. Movement of Prisoners Under Sentence of Death: 1980 to 2004

[Prisoners reported under sentence of death by civil authorities. The term "under sentence of death" begins when the court pronounces the first sentence of death for a capital offense]

Status	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Under sentence of death, Jan. 1 . . .	595	2,346	3,064	3,242	3,328	3,465	3,540	3,601	3,577	3,562	3,377	3,314
Received death sentence ¹	203	244	327	322	282	306	282	235	166	169	152	125
White	125	147	168	174	146	145	157	122	89	83	92	75
Black	77	94	138	119	106	132	104	86	61	73	44	50
Dispositions other than executions	101	108	105	99	89	93	112	76	109	108	267	129
Executions	-	23	56	45	74	68	98	85	66	71	65	59
Under sentence of death, Dec. 31 ^{1, 2}	688	2,346	3,054	3,242	3,335	3,452	3,527	3,593	3,581	3,562	3,377	3,314
White	425	1,368	1,730	1,833	1,876	1,906	1,948	1,990	1,969	1,939	1,882	1,850
Black	268	940	1,275	1,358	1,406	1,486	1,514	1,535	1,538	1,551	1,417	1,390

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes races other than White or Black. ² Revisions to total number of prisoners under death sentence not carried to this category.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment, Series NCJ 211349*, annual. See also <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cp04.htm>>.

Table 340. Prisoners Executed Under Civil Authority by Sex and Race: 1930 to 2005

[Excludes executions by military authorities. The Army (including the Air Force) carried out 160 (148 between 1942 and 1950; 3 each in 1954, 1955, and 1957; and 1 each in 1958, 1959, and 1961). Of the total, 106 were executed for murder (including 21 involving rape), 53 for rape, and 1 for desertion. The Navy carried out no executions during the period]

Year or period	Total ¹	Male	Female	White	Black	Executed for murder		
						Total ¹	White	Black
All years, 1930-2005	4,863	4,820	43	2,399	2,407	4,338	2,312	1,971
1930 to 1939	1,667	1,656	11	827	816	1,514	803	687
1940 to 1949 ²	1,284	1,272	12	490	781	1,064	458	595
1950 to 1959	717	709	8	336	376	601	316	280
1960 to 1967	191	190	1	98	93	155	87	68
1968 to 1976	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1977 to 2005	1,004	993	11	648	341	1,004	648	341
1985	18	18	-	11	7	18	11	7
1989	16	16	-	8	8	16	8	8
1990	23	23	-	16	7	23	16	7
1991	14	14	-	7	7	14	7	7
1992	31	31	-	19	11	31	19	11
1993	38	38	-	23	14	38	23	14
1994	31	31	-	20	11	31	20	11
1995	56	56	-	33	22	56	33	22
1996	45	45	-	31	14	45	31	14
1997	74	74	-	45	27	74	45	27
1998	68	66	2	48	18	68	48	18
1999	98	98	-	61	33	98	61	33
2000	85	83	2	49	35	85	49	35
2001	66	63	3	48	17	66	48	17
2002	71	69	2	53	18	71	53	18
2003	65	65	-	44	20	65	44	20
2004	59	59	-	39	19	59	39	19
2005	60	59	1	41	19	60	41	19

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes races other than White or Black. ² Includes 25 armed robbery, 20 kidnapping, 11 burglary, 8 espionage (6 in 1942 and 2 in 1953), and 6 aggravated assault.

Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States*, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/correct.htm>> and *Capital Punishment*, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/cp04.htm>>.

Table 341. Prisoners Executed Under Civil Authority by State: 1977 to 2005

[Alaska, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wisconsin are jurisdictions without a death penalty]

State	1977 to 2005					State	1977 to 2005					State	1977 to 2005				
	2005	2002	2003	2004	2005		2005	2002	2003	2004	2005		2005	2002	2003	2004	2005
U.S.	1,004	71	65	59	60	IL	12	-	-	-	-	OK	79	7	14	6	4
AL	34	2	3	2	4	IN	16	-	2	-	5	OR	2	-	-	-	-
AZ	22	-	-	-	-	KY	2	-	-	-	-	PA	3	-	-	-	-
AR	27	-	1	1	1	LA	27	1	-	-	-	SC	35	3	-	4	3
CA	12	1	-	-	2	MD	5	-	-	1	1	TN	1	-	-	-	-
DE	14	-	-	-	1	MS	7	2	-	-	1	TX	355	33	24	23	19
FL	60	3	3	2	1	MO	66	6	2	-	5	UT	6	-	-	-	-
GA	39	4	3	2	3	NE	3	-	-	-	-	VA	94	4	2	5	-
ID	1	-	-	-	-	NV	11	-	-	2	-	WA	4	-	-	-	-
						NC	39	2	7	4	5	WY	1	-	-	-	-

- Represents zero. Source: Through 1978, U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration; thereafter, U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment, Series NCJ 211349*, annual; <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cp.htm>>.

Table 342. Fire Losses—Total and Per Capita: 1980 to 2004

[5,579 represents \$5,579,000,000. Includes allowance for uninsured and unreported losses]

Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)	Year	Total (mil. dol.)	Per capita ¹ (dol.)
1980	5,579	24.56	1989	9,514	38.33	1997	12,940	48.32
1982	5,894	25.61	1990	9,495	38.07	1998	11,510	45.59
1983	6,320	27.20	1991	11,302	44.82	1999	12,428	45.58
1984	7,602	32.35	1992	13,588	53.28	2000	13,457	47.68
1985	7,753	32.70	1993	11,331	43.96	2001 ²	17,118	60.04
1986	8,488	35.21	1994	12,778	49.08	2002	17,586	61.07
1987	8,504	34.96	1995	11,887	45.23	2003	21,129	72.66
1988	9,626	39.11	1996	12,544	47.29	2004	18,874	64.27

¹ Based on U.S. Census Bureau estimated resident population as of July 1. Enumerated population as of April 1 for 1980, 1990 and 2000. ² Does not include insured fire losses related to terrorism.

Source: Insurance Information Institute, New York, NY, *The Fact Book, Property/Casualty Insurance Facts*, annual (copyright) <http://www.iii.org/>.

Table 343. Fires—Number and Loss by Type and Property Use: 2001 to 2004

[1,734 represents 1,734,000 and property loss of 44,023 represents \$44,023,000,000. Based on annual sample survey of fire departments. No adjustments were made for unreported fires and losses]

Type and property use	Number (1,000)				Direct property loss (mil. dol.) ¹			
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2001	2002	2003	2004
Fires, total	1,734	1,688	1,584	1,550	24,023	10,337	12,367	9,794
Structure	521	519	520	526	42,314	8,742	8,678	8,314
Outside of structure	75	71	66	69	86	121	162	108
Brush and rubbish	623	603	550	514	—	—	—	—
Vehicle	351	330	312	297	1,512	1,392	1,356	1,304
Other	164	165	136	144	111	82	2,171	68
Structure by property use:								
Public assembly	15	14	14	13	336	342	302	316
Educational	7	7	7	7	170	92	69	68
Institutional	7	7	7	6	27	26	28	25
Stores and offices	26	24	25	24	34,155	604	721	586
Residential	396	401	402	411	5,643	6,055	6,074	5,948
1-2 family units ⁵	295	301	297	302	4,652	5,005	5,052	4,948
Apartments	88	88	92	94	864	926	897	885
Other residential ⁶	13	12	13	15	127	124	125	115
Storage ⁶	34	32	32	32	930	627	675	748
Industry, utility, defense ⁷	13	12	11	12	858	658	625	423
Special structures	23	22	22	21	195	338	184	200

— Represents zero. ¹ Direct property damage figures do not include indirect losses, like business interruption, and adjustments for inflation. ² Includes \$33.4 billion in property loss that occurred due to the events of September 11, 2001. ³ Includes outside storage, crops, timber, etc. ⁴ Includes Southern California wildfires where there was an estimated \$2.044 billion in property loss. ⁵ Includes mobile homes. ⁶ Includes hotels and motels, college dormitories, boarding houses, etc. ⁷ Data underreported as some incidents were handled by private fire brigades or fixed suppression systems which do not report.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, 2004 U.S. Fire Loss, *NFPA Journal*, November 2005, and prior issues (copyright 2005); <http://www.nfpa.org/index.asp>.

Table 344. Fires and Property Loss for Incendiary and Suspicious Fires and Civilian Fire Deaths and Injuries by Selected Property Type: 2001 to 2004

[521 represents 521,000. Based on sample survey of fire departments]

Characteristic	2001	2002	2003	2004	Characteristic	2001	2002	2003	2004
NUMBER (1,000)					CIVILIAN FIRE DEATHS				
Structure fires, total	521	519	520	526	Deaths, total ³	46,196	3,380	3,925	3,900
Structure fires of incendiary or suspicious origin	—	—	—	—	Residential property	3,140	2,695	3,165	3,225
Fires of incendiary origin	46	45	38	37	One- and two-family dwellings	2,650	2,280	2,735	2,680
Fires of suspicious origin	—	—	—	—	Apartments	460	390	410	510
					Vehicles	485	565	475	550
PROPERTY LOSS ¹ (mil. dol.)					CIVILIAN FIRE INJURIES				
Structure fires, total	242,314	8,742	8,678	8,314	Injuries, total ³	521,100	18,425	18,125	17,785
Structure fires of incendiary or suspicious origin	—	—	—	—	Residential property	15,575	14,050	14,075	14,175
Fires of incendiary origin	234,453	919	692	714	One- and two-family dwellings	11,400	9,950	10,000	10,500
Fires of suspicious origin	—	—	—	—	Apartments	3,800	3,700	3,650	3,200
					Vehicles	1,875	1,125	1,600	1,500

— Represents zero. ¹ Direct property loss only. ² Includes \$33.44 billion in property loss due to the events of September 11, 2001. ³ Includes other not shown separately. ⁴ Includes 2,451 civilian deaths due to the events of September 11, 2001. ⁵ Includes 800 civilian injuries due to the events of September 11, 2001.

Source: National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, 2004 U.S. Fire Loss, *NFPA Journal*, November 2005, and prior issues (copyright 2005); <http://www.nfpa.org/index.asp>.