

# Submarine Groundwater Discharge (SGD) and its Importance to Coral Reef Ecosystems, West Hawaii

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# Submarine Groundwater Discharge (SGD)

## Why is it a concern?

**10-16% global freshwater  
input to ocean;  
Locally,  $\leq 100\%$**

**100% nutrient Input  
10-100x ocean concentrations**

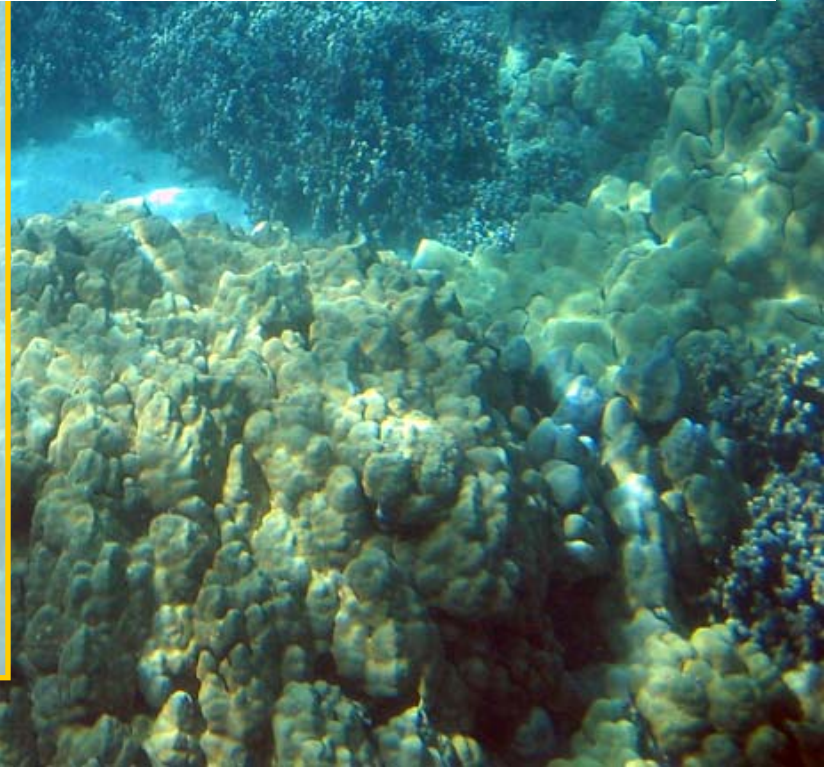
**“Out of sight, out of mind”**

**Groundwater use, runoff, waste  
disposal altering quantity and  
quality**



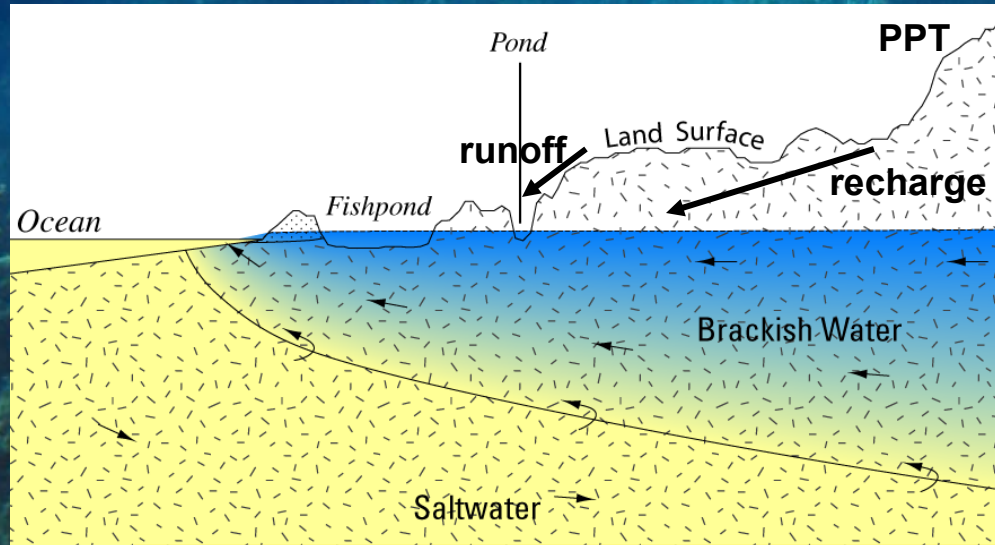
### MILLENNIUM ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENT

Excessive nutrient loading is expected to become a growing threat to rivers, lakes, marshes, coastal zones, and coral reefs. Since 1950, nutrient loading—anthropogenic increases in nitrogen, phosphorus, sulfur, and other nutrient-associated pollutants—has emerged as one of the most important drivers of ecosystem change in freshwater and coastal ecosystems, and this driver is projected to substantially increase in the future (*high certainty*). Wetlands provide an important service by treating and

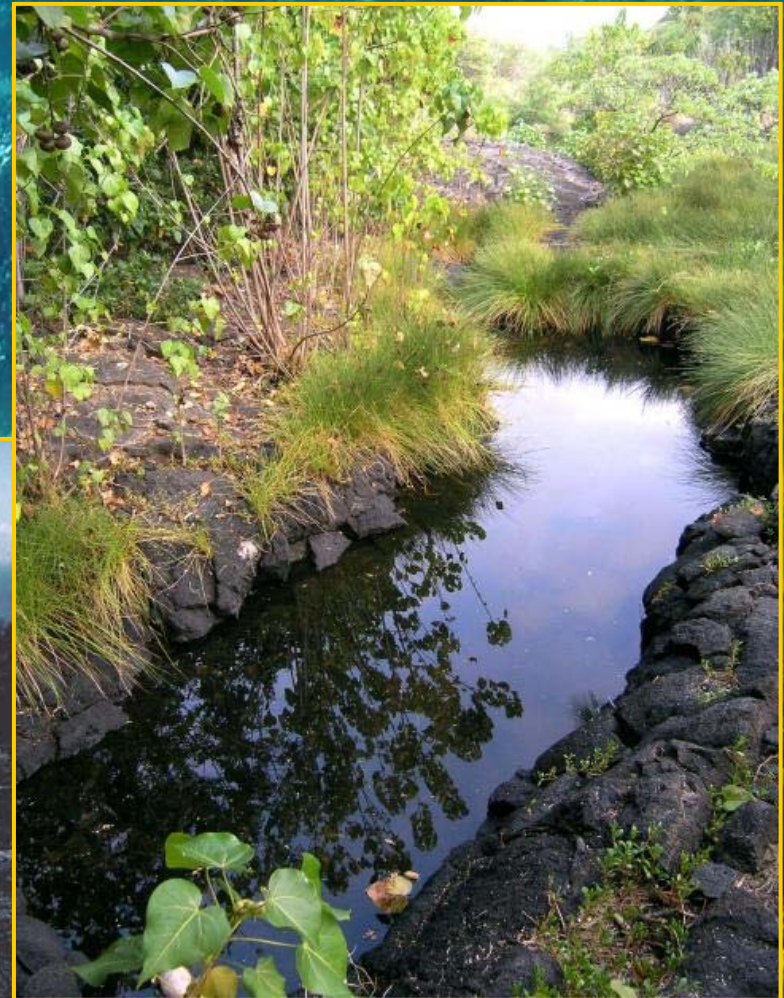


# Submarine Groundwater Discharge (SGD)

## What is it?



## Window into aquifer

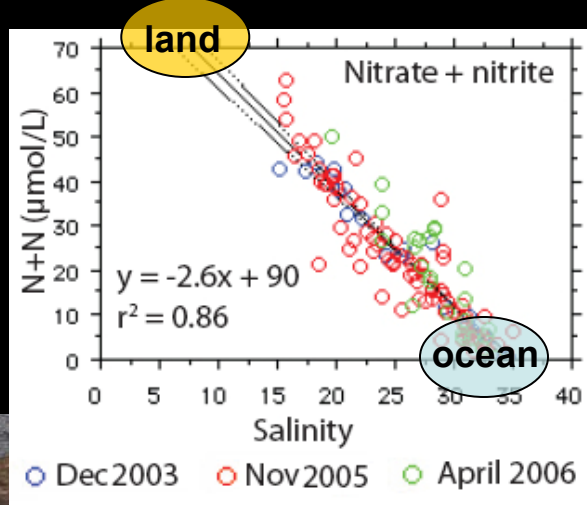
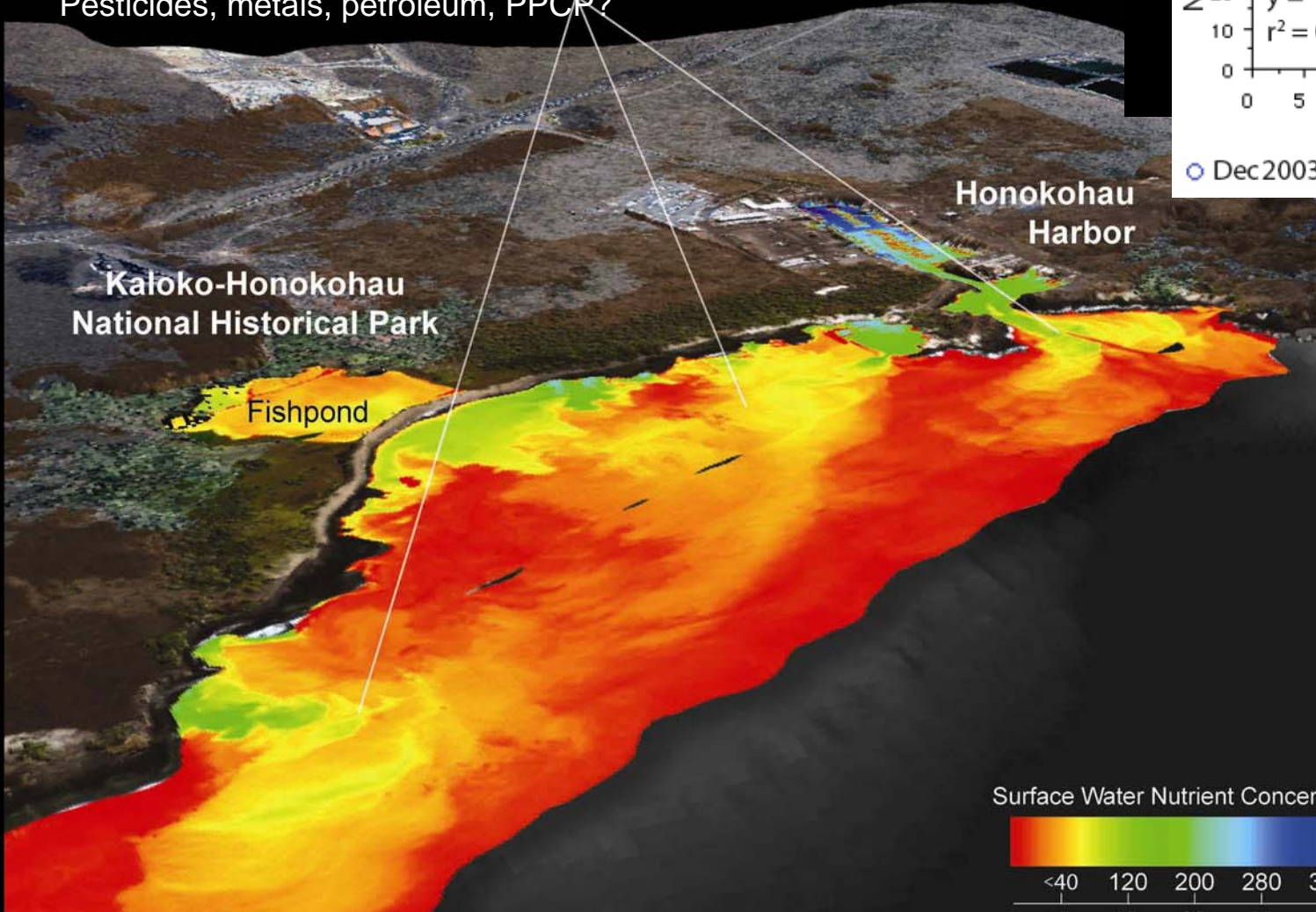


# Approach:



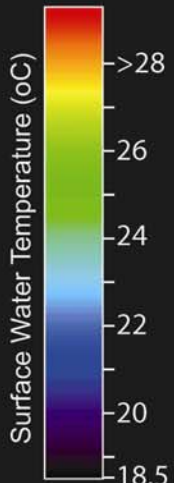
# Composition? Fate? Kaloko-Honokohau NHP

Nutrient-rich Groundwater Discharge  
Pesticides, metals, petroleum, PPCP?



Surface Water Nutrient Concentrations (µM)

<40	120	200	280	360	440	Si(OH) <sub>4</sub>
<5	15	25	35	45	55	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>
<0.2	0.6	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.2	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>



Johnson et al (In Press)

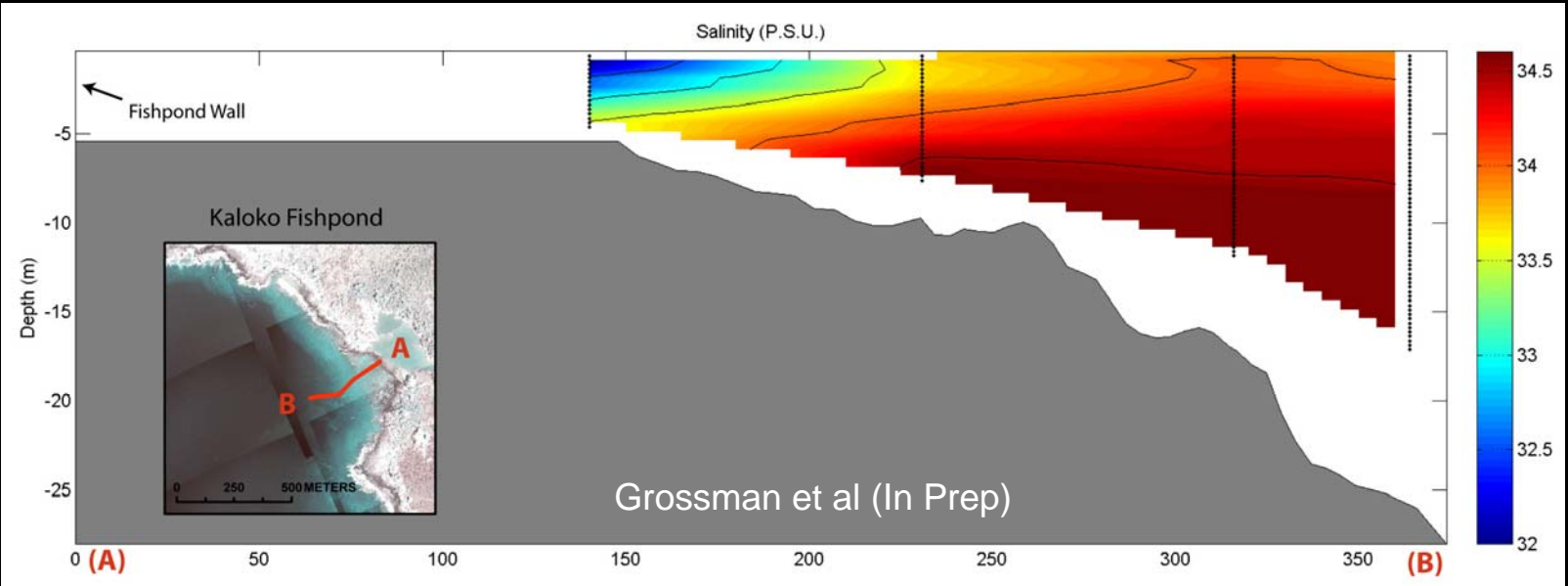
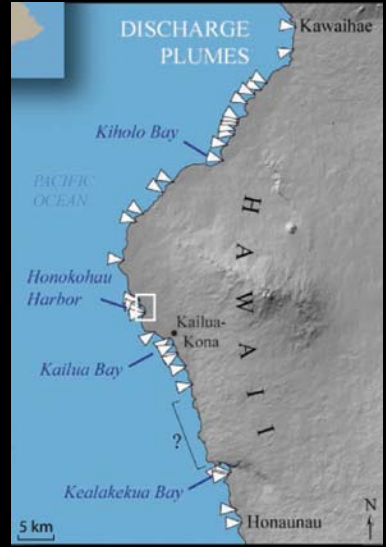
# How much fresh groundwater enters coast? Nutrient?

	<b>SGD (MGal/day)</b>	<b>Nitrogen (Kg/d)</b>
<b>Kaloko:</b>	<b>2-3</b>	<b>45-70</b>
<b>W. Hawaii:</b>	<b>&lt;1,400</b>	<b>2000-3500</b>

Knee et al (2008); Grossman et al (In Prep)

**Since 1990s**  
**NO<sub>3</sub> (2x)**  
**PO<sub>4</sub> (5x)**

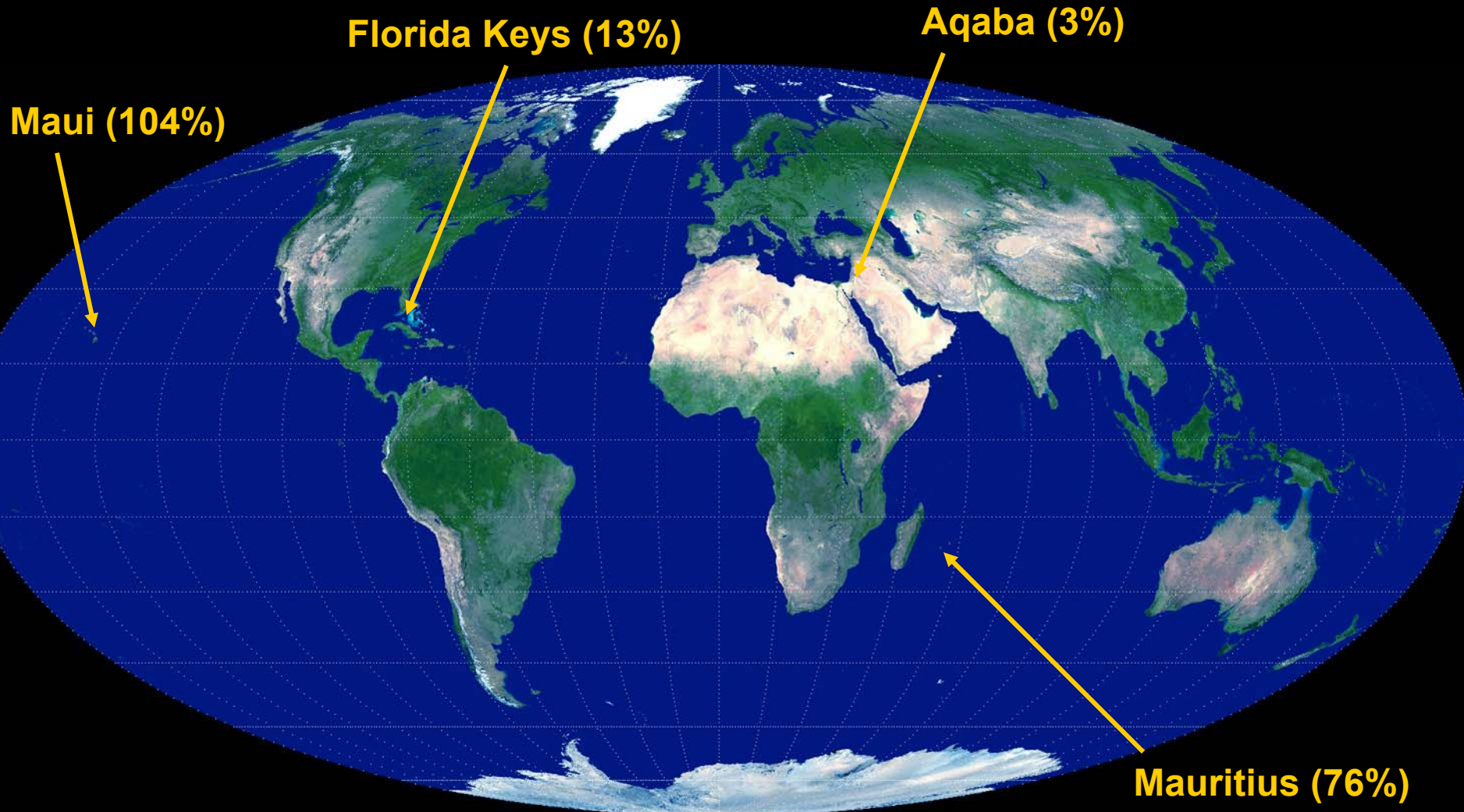
Parsons et al 2008



Grossman et al (In Prep)

# SGD Fluxes to Coral Reefs Worldwide

Relative to Kona (in percent)



# SGD – Importance to Coral Reefs

Chronic and episodic disturbance

Phase shifts  
algal, cyanobacteria?



Community structure  
Octocorals ~ SGD/nutrients



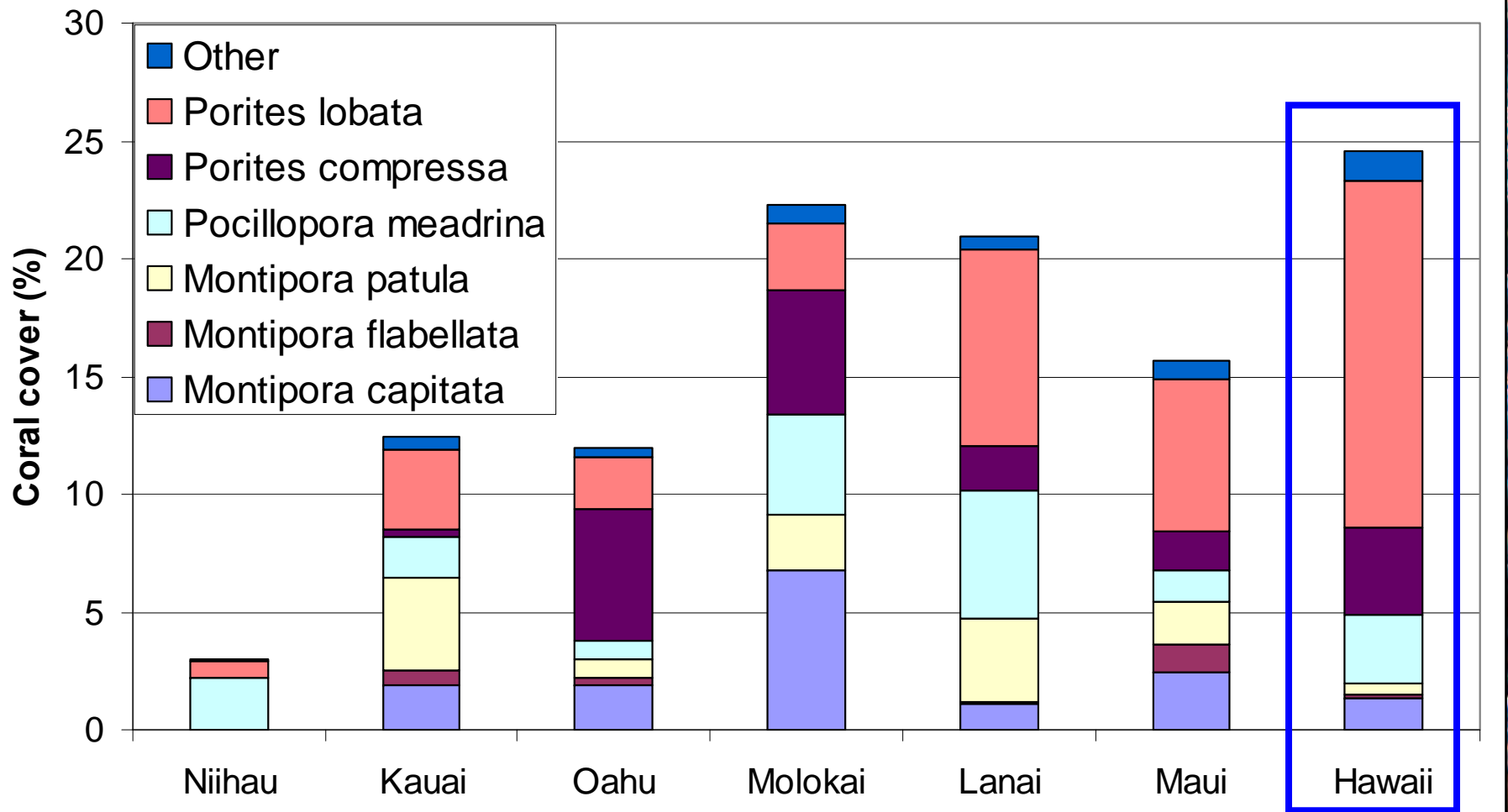
Buffer to  
thermal bleaching?





# Importance of West Hawaii Coral Reefs

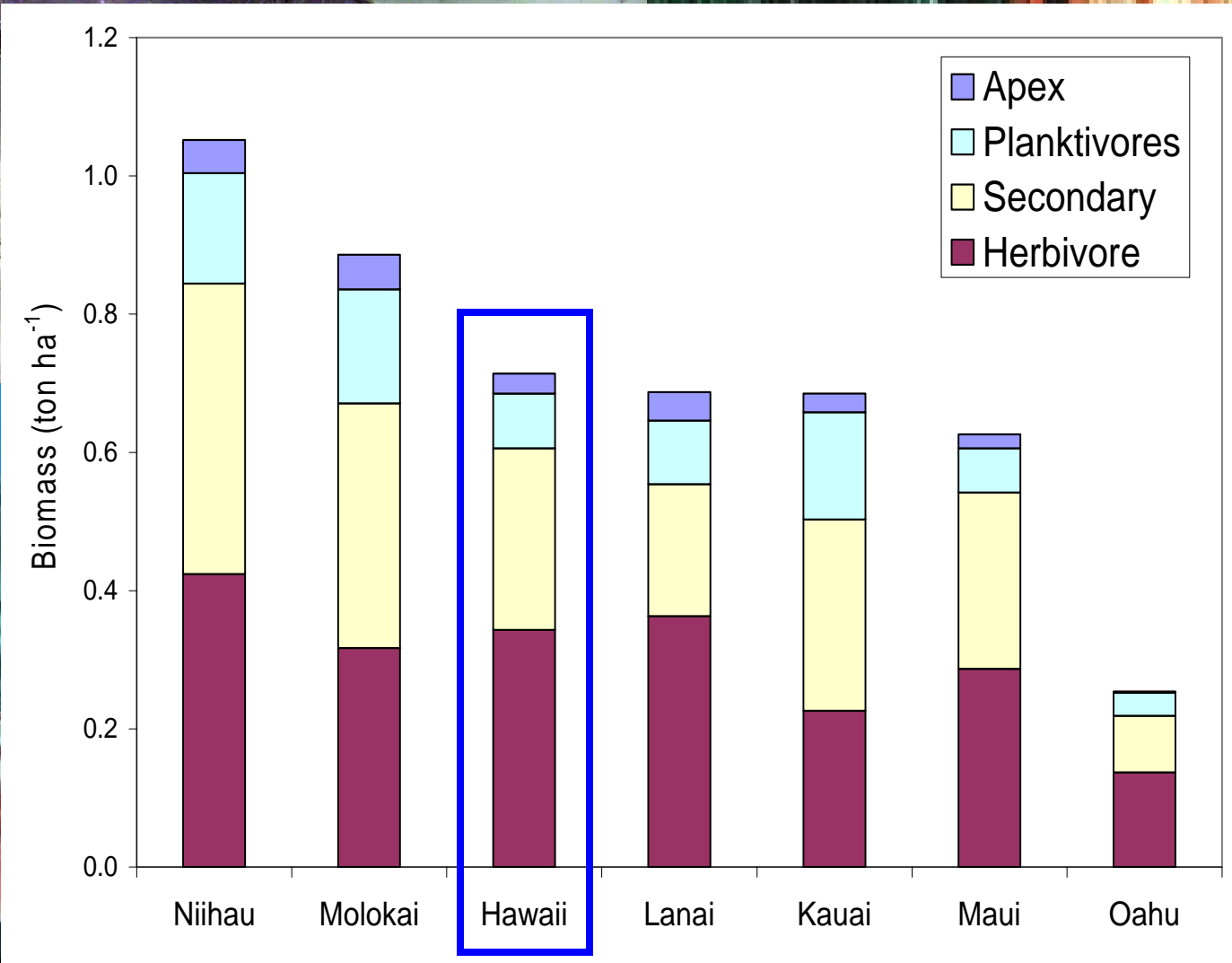
## coral reef cover & diversity



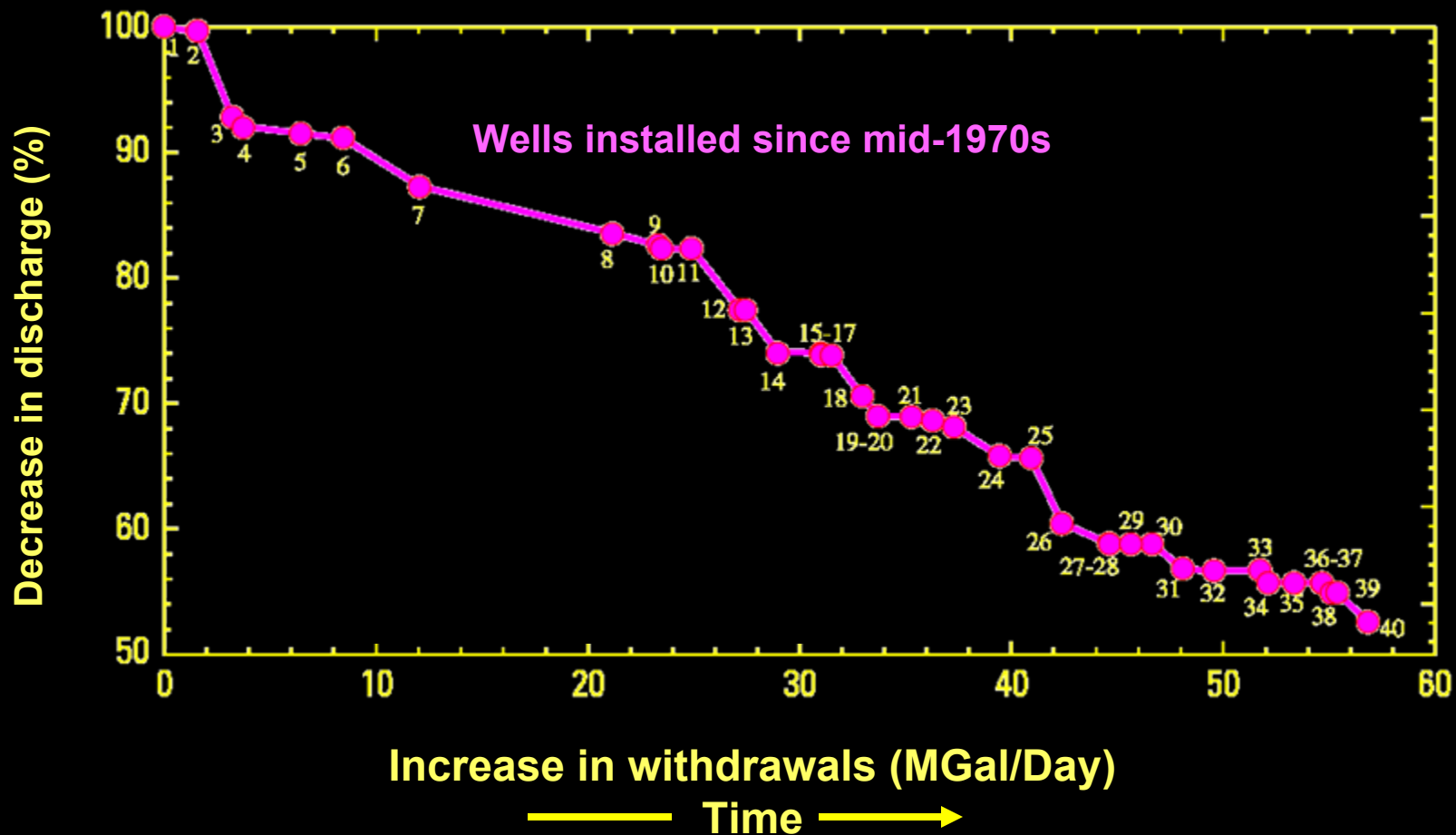
Friedlander et al. 2008

# Importance of West Hawaii Coral Reefs

## Ecosystem structure & services



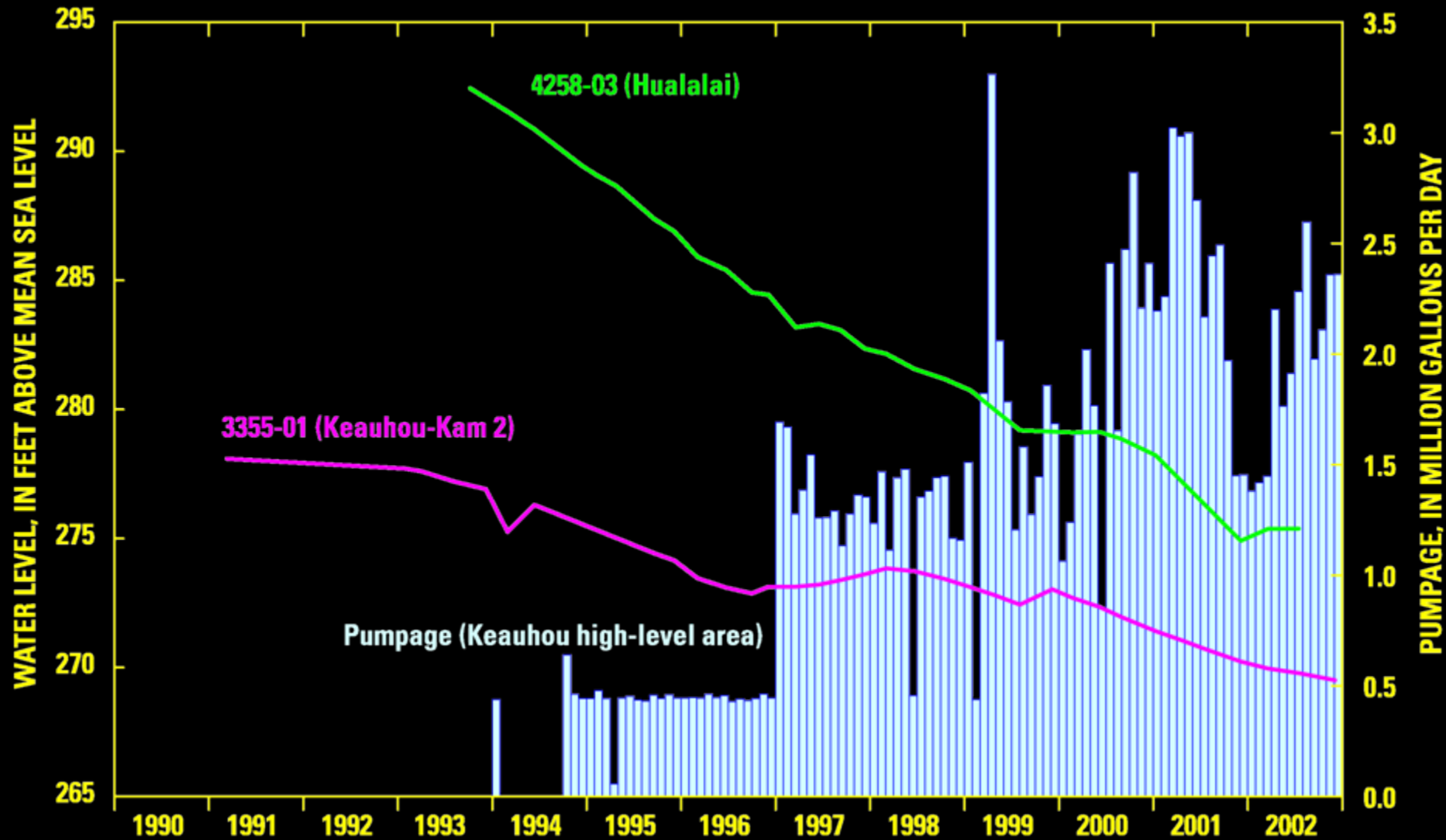
# Modeled ~50% ↓ in freshwater discharge (KAHO) since mid-1970s



# Measured Water Level Declines

15-20 ft (high elevation)

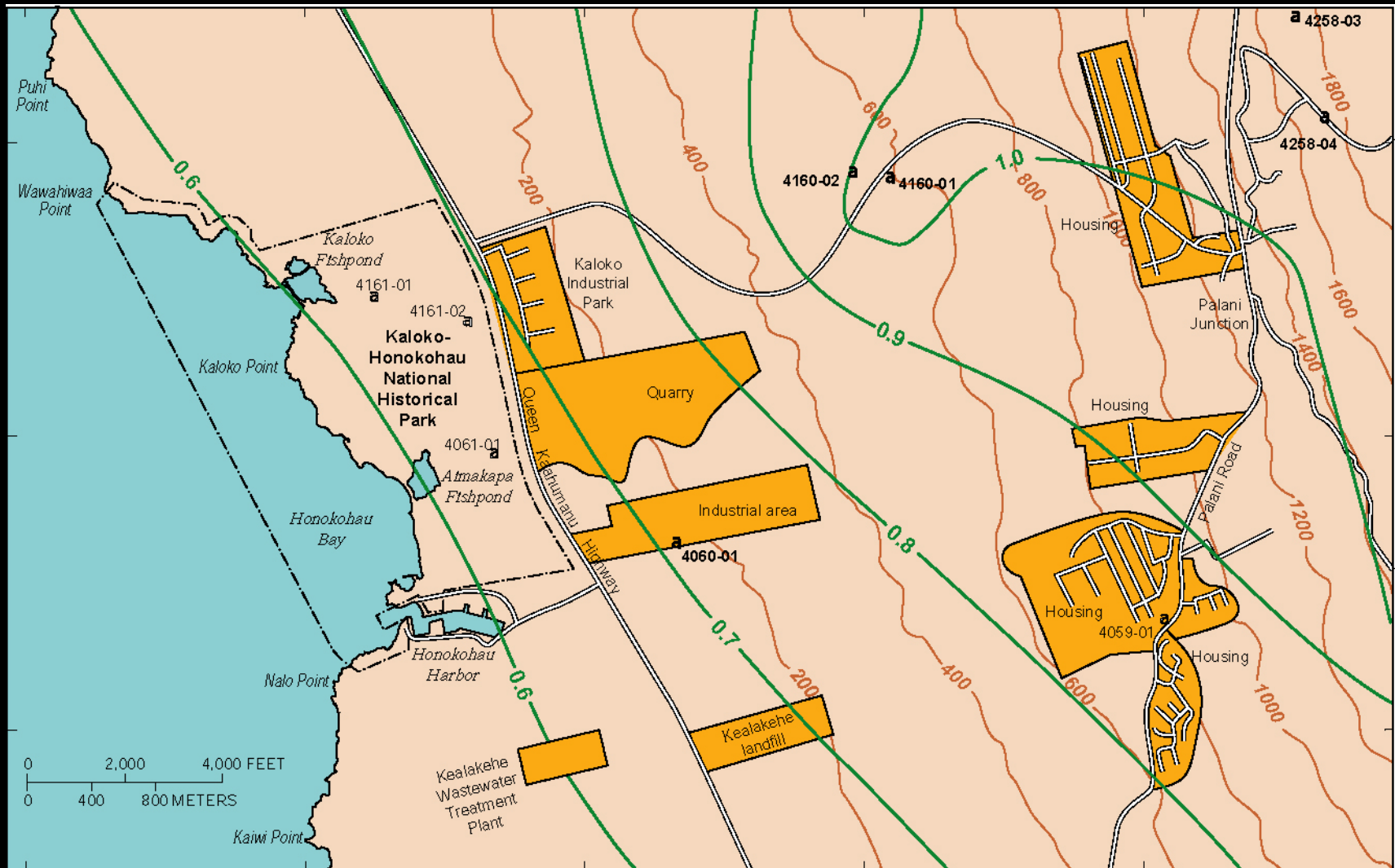
5-10 ft (coastal)



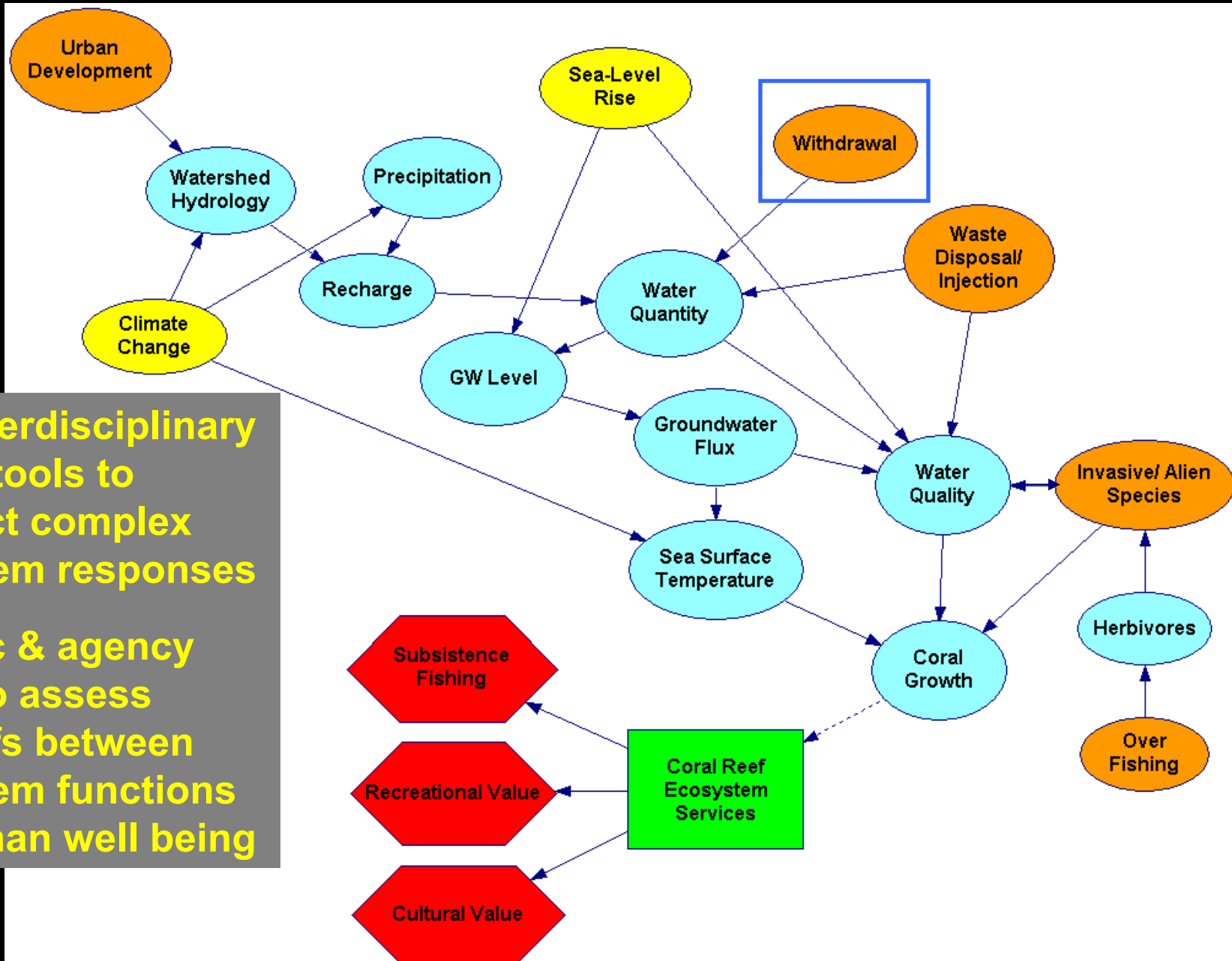
# Modeled 1-ft water table drawdown at coast

**Decrease in SGD? Saltwater intrusion?**

**Projected 46% increase in development by 2020**



# Ground Water System - Linkages



**Need interdisciplinary models/tools to**  
**1) predict complex ecosystem responses**

**2) Public & agency buy-in to assess trade-offs between ecosystem functions and human well being**

# Conclusions:

<http://coralreefs.wr.usgs.gov>

**Submarine groundwater discharge is a major process affecting coral reefs and coastal ecosystems**

- Spatially/temporally variable
- Source of nutrients (10-100x seawater)
- SGD ↓, nutrient/contaminant ↑  
with development
- Uncertain impacts/linkages:
  - Groundwater use
  - Land-use (quantity, quality, flow paths)
  - Climate change
  - Sea-level rise

**Need models/tools to assess trade-offs between water use and ecosystem-economic sustainability**