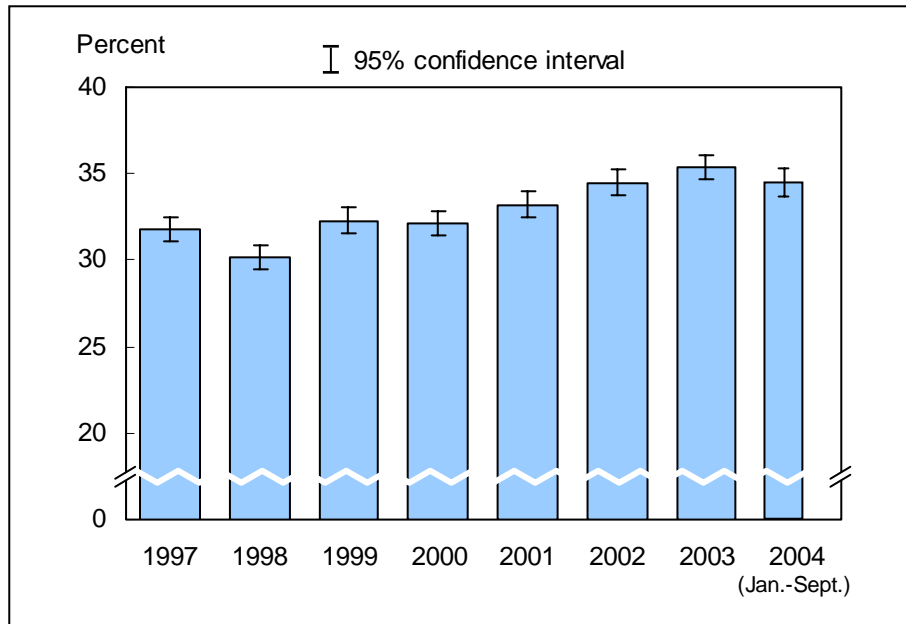


**Figure 10.1. Percent of adults aged 18 years and over who had ever been tested for human immunodeficiency virus: United States, 1997-2004**



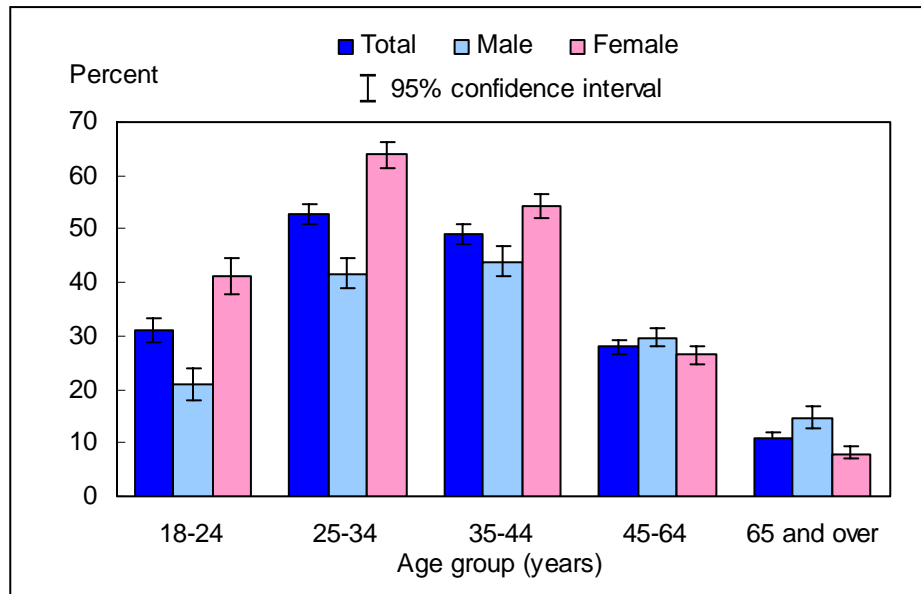
NOTES: The analyses excluded those with unknown human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) test status (about 4% of respondents each year). Individuals who received HIV testing solely as a result of blood donation were considered as not having been tested for HIV. Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-02 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and table III in the appendix for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult Core component of the 1997-2004 National Health Interview Surveys. The estimate for 2004 was based on data collected from January through September.

■ For the period January through September 2004, the percentage of U.S. adults who had ever been tested for HIV was 34.5% (95% confidence interval = 33.6%-35.3%), which was lower than, but not significantly different from, the 2003 estimate of 35.4%.

■ The annual percentage of adults who had ever had an HIV test increased from 30.2% in 1998 to 35.4% in 2003.

**Figure 10.2. Percent of adults aged 18 years and over who had ever been tested for human immunodeficiency virus, by age group and sex: United States, January-September 2004**

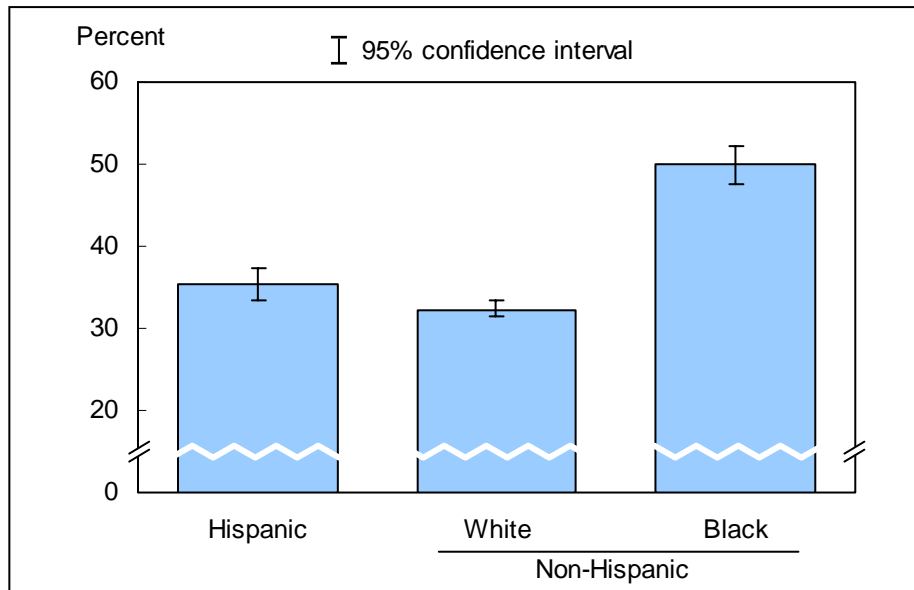


NOTES: The analyses excluded 937 adults (4.1%) with unknown human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) test status. Individuals who received HIV testing solely as a result of blood donation were considered as not having been tested for HIV.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through September in the Sample Adult Core component of the 2004 National Health Interview Survey.

- For both sexes combined, the percentage of persons who ever had an HIV test was highest among adults aged 25-34 years (52.9%) and lowest among adults aged 65 years and over (10.9%).
- For age groups 18-24 years, 25-34 years, and 35-44 years, women were more likely than men to have ever had an HIV test, whereas for age groups 45-64 years and 65 years and over, women were less likely than men to have ever had an HIV test.

**Figure 10.3. Age- sex-adjusted percent of adults aged 18 years and over who had ever been tested for human immunodeficiency virus, by race/ethnicity: United States, January-September 2004**



NOTES: The analyses excluded 937 adults (4.1%) with unknown human immunodeficiency (HIV) test status. Individuals who received HIV testing solely as a result of blood donation were considered as not having been tested for HIV. Estimates are age- sex-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: 18-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through September in the Sample Adult Core component of the 2004 National Health Interview Survey.

- The age- sex-adjusted percentages of persons who ever had an HIV test were 35.4% for Hispanic persons, 32.3% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 49.9% for non-Hispanic black persons.

- Of the three race/ethnicity groups, non-Hispanic black persons were most likely to have ever had an HIV test.

## Data tables for figures 10.1-10.3:

Data table for figure 10.1. Percent of adults aged 18 years and over who had ever been tested for human immunodeficiency virus: United States, 1997-2004

Year	Percent	95% confidence interval
1997	31.8	31.1-32.5
1998	30.2	29.5-30.9
1999	32.3	31.6-33.0
2000	32.1	31.4-32.8
2001	33.2	32.5-34.0
2002	34.5	33.8-35.2
2003	35.4	34.7-36.1
January-September 2004	34.5	33.6-35.3

Data table for figure 10.2. Percent of adults aged 18 years and over who had ever been tested for human immunodeficiency virus, by age group and sex: United States, January-September 2004

Age and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
<b>18-24 years</b>		
Total	31.0	28.7-33.4
Male	21.0	18.1-24.1
Female	41.2	37.9-44.7
<b>25-34 years</b>		
Total	52.9	51.0-54.8
Male	41.7	38.9-44.5
Female	64.0	61.5-66.4
<b>35-44 years</b>		
Total	49.2	47.3-51.0
Male	43.9	41.2-46.7
Female	54.2	52.0-56.5
<b>45-64 years</b>		
Total	28.0	26.7-29.3
Male	29.7	27.9-31.6
Female	26.4	24.8-28.0
<b>65 years and over</b>		
Total	10.9	9.8-12.1
Male	14.7	12.7-17.0
Female	8.0	7.0-9.2
<b>18 years and over: crude<sup>1</sup></b>		
Total	34.5	33.6-35.3
Male	31.6	30.4-32.7
Female	37.2	36.1-38.3
<b>18 years and over: age-adjusted<sup>2</sup></b>		
Total	34.7	33.9-35.5
Male	31.3	30.2-32.5
Female	38.1	37.2-39.1

<sup>1</sup>Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

<sup>2</sup>Estimates are age-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: 18-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.

**Data table for figure 10.3. Age- sex-adjusted percent of adults aged 18 years and over who had ever been tested for human immunodeficiency virus, by race/ethnicity: United States, January-September 2004**

<b>Race/ethnicity</b>	<b>Percent<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>95% confidence interval</b>
<b>Hispanic or Latino</b>	35.4	33.5-37.4
<b>Not Hispanic or Latino</b>		
<b>White, single race</b>	32.3	31.4-33.3
<b>Black, single race</b>	49.9	47.6-52.2

<sup>1</sup>Estimates are age- sex-adjusted to the 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: 18-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.