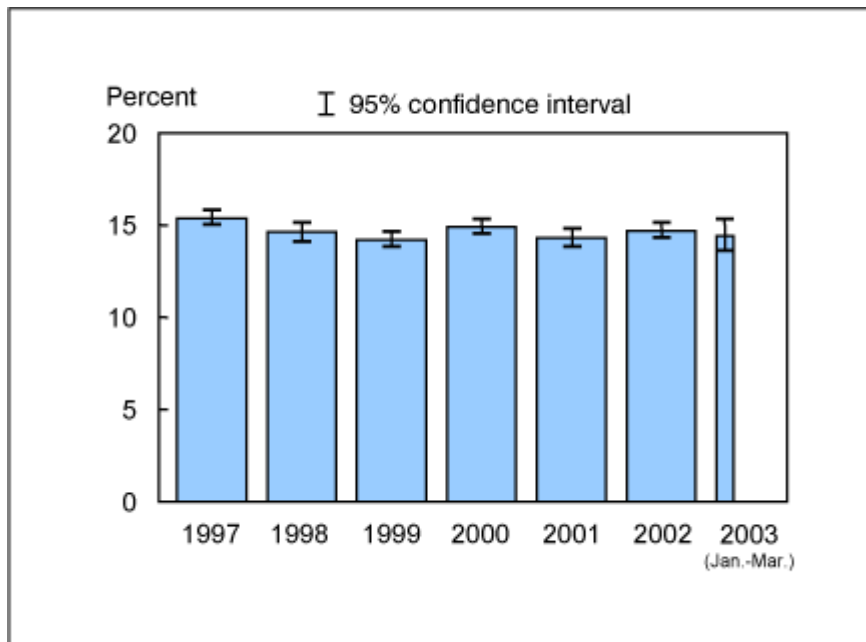


Figure 1.1. Percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage: United States, 1997-2003



NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analysis excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents each year). The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of persons without health insurance coverage are generally 0.1-0.2 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. CI is confidence interval. Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. This Early Release also recalculated the estimates using weights derived from the 2000 census for the 2000-2002 National Health Interview Surveys. See appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Surveys. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through March.

- In early 2003, the percent of uninsured persons was 14.4% (95% CI = 13.6% - 15.3%), which was slightly lower than but not statistically different from the 2002 estimate of 14.7%.
- The annual percent of uninsured persons was 15.4% in 1997, 14.6% in 1998, 14.2% in 1999, 14.9% in 2000, 14.3% in 2001, and 14.7% in 2002.

Table 1.1. Number and percent of persons without health insurance coverage, by age group: United States, 1997–2003

Age group	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 quarter 1
Number of uninsured¹ in millions							
All ages	41.0	39.3	38.7	41.3	40.2	41.5	41.1
Under 65 years	40.7	39.0	38.3	40.8	39.8	41.1	40.7
18-64 years	30.8	30.0	29.8	32.0	31.9	33.5	34.0
Under 18 years	9.9	9.1	8.5	8.9	7.9	7.6	6.7
Percent uninsured¹ (95% confidence interval)							
All ages	15.4 (15.0-15.8)	14.6 (14.1-15.1)	14.2 (13.8-14.6)	14.9 (14.5-15.3)	14.3 (13.8-14.8)	14.7 (14.3-15.1)	14.4 (13.6-15.3)
Under 65 years							
Crude	17.4 (16.9-17.9)	16.5 (16.0-17.0)	16.0 (15.5-16.5)	16.8 (16.3-17.2)	16.2 (15.7-16.7)	16.5 (16.0-16.9)	16.2 (15.3-17.2)
Age adjusted	17.2 (16.8-17.7)	16.4 (15.9-16.9)	16.0 (15.5-16.5)	16.8 (16.3-17.3)	16.2 (15.7-16.7)	16.6 (16.1-17.1)	16.3 (15.4-18.6)
18-64 years	18.9 (18.4-19.4)	18.2 (17.7-18.7)	17.8 (17.3-18.3)	18.7 (18.1-19.2)	18.3 (17.8-18.8)	19.1 (18.6-19.6)	19.1 (18.1-20.2)
Under 18 years	13.9 (13.2-14.6)	12.7 (12.0-13.4)	11.8 (11.2-12.4)	12.3 (11.7-12.9)	11.0 (10.3-11.7)	10.5 (9.9-11.1)	9.1 (7.9-10.3)

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analysis excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents). The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of persons without health insurance coverage are generally 0.1-0.2 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. The number of uninsured was calculated as the percent of uninsured multiplied by the total weighted population including persons with unknown coverage. The age-specific numbers of uninsured may not add to their respective totals due to rounding error. Age-adjusted estimates for persons under 65 years old for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, and 45-64 years.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. This Early Release also recalculated the estimates using weights derived from the 2000 census for the 2000-2002 National Health Interview Surveys. See appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Surveys. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through March.

- In early 2003, the percent of uninsured persons was 16.2% (40.7 million) for persons under age 65 years, 19.1% (34.0 million) for persons aged 18-64 years, and 9.1% (6.7 million) for children under age 18 years.
- For adults aged 18-64 years, the percent uninsured increased from 18.3% in 2001 to 19.1% in 2002 and early 2003,

although the differences were not statistically significant.

- For children under age 18 years, the percent uninsured continued to decrease from 13.9% in 1997 to 9.1% in early 2003 (with an insignificant increase in 2000).

Table 1.2. Percent of persons under age 65 years with public health plan and private health insurance coverage, by age group: United States, 1997–2003

Type of coverage ¹ and age group	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 quarter 1
Percent (95% confidence interval)							
Public							
Under 65 years	13.6 (13.1-14.1)	12.7 (12.2-13.2)	12.4 (12.0-12.9)	12.9 (12.4-13.4)	13.6 (13.1-14.1)	15.2 (14.6-15.8)	15.4 (14.4-16.4)
18-64 years	10.2 (9.8-10.6)	9.5 (9.1-9.9)	9.0 (8.6-9.3)	9.1 (8.7-9.4)	9.4 (9.0-9.8)	10.3 (9.9-10.7)	10.2 (9.5-11.0)
Under 18 years	21.5 (20.5-22.4)	20.0 (19.0-20.9)	20.5 (19.5-21.4)	22.0 (21.0-23.0)	23.6 (22.6-24.5)	27.1 (26.0-28.2)	28.0 (25.9-30.0)
Private							
Under 65 years	70.8 (70.1-71.5)	72.0 (71.3-72.7)	73.1 (72.3-73.8)	71.8 (71.1-72.5)	71.6 (70.9-72.3)	69.8 (69.0-70.6)	69.9 (68.4-71.3)
18-64 years	72.8 (72.2-73.4)	73.5 (72.9-74.1)	74.8 (74.1-75.4)	73.8 (73.2-74.4)	73.7 (73.1-74.4)	72.3 (71.6-72.9)	72.2 (70.9-73.5)
Under 18 years	66.2 (65.1-67.3)	68.5 (67.4-69.5)	69.1 (68.0-70.2)	67.1 (66.1-68.2)	66.7 (66.4-68.6)	63.9 (62.7-65.1)	64.2 (61.9-66.4)

¹The category "public health plan coverage" includes Medicare (disability), Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, and military plans. The category "private health insurance" excludes plans that paid for only one type of service such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. The analysis excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents). The data on type of coverage were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of persons having public or private coverage are within 0.1 percentage point of those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. This Early Release also recalculated the estimates using weights derived from the 2000 census for the 2000-2002 National Health Interview Surveys. See appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Surveys. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through March.

- In early 2003, 15.4% of persons under age 65 years were covered by public plans, and 69.9% were covered by private health insurance plans.
- From 1999 through early 2003, the percent of persons under age 65 years covered by public health plans increased from 12.4% to 15.4%, whereas the percent covered by private health insurance decreased from 73.1% to 69.9%.
- For children under age 18 years, the percent of those with public coverage significantly increased from 20.5% in 1999 to 28.0% in early 2003. In contrast, the percent of children covered by private health insurance decreased from 69.1% in 1999 to 64.2% in early 2003.

Table 1.3. Percent uninsured for persons under age 65 years, by age group and poverty status: United States, 1997-2003

Age group and poverty status ¹	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 quarter 1
Percent (standard error) uninsured²							
Under 65 years							
Total	17.4 (0.24)	16.5 (0.26)	16.0 (0.25)	16.8 (0.24)	16.2 (0.26)	16.5 (0.24)	16.2 (0.49)
Poor	32.7 (0.80)	32.7 (0.84)	32.1 (0.93)	32.7 (0.89)	31.0 (0.99)	28.6 (0.80)	29.9 (1.65)
Near poor	30.4 (0.70)	30.8 (0.79)	30.7 (0.73)	31.3 (0.69)	28.6 (0.69)	28.3 (0.70)	30.0 (1.40)
Not poor	8.9 (0.22)	8.0 (0.21)	7.8 (0.20)	8.7 (0.22)	8.4 (0.21)	9.5 (0.24)	8.4 (0.44)
Unknown	21.6 (0.59)	20.7 (0.53)	20.1 (0.48)	19.7 (0.51)	20.3 (0.53)	20.7 (0.55)	19.5 (0.95)
Under 18 years							
Total	13.9 (0.36)	12.7 (0.34)	11.8 (0.32)	12.3 (0.32)	11.0 (0.34)	10.5 (0.32)	9.1 (0.62)
Poor	22.4 (0.99)	21.6 (1.02)	21.4 (1.13)	20.6 (1.04)	18.8 (1.24)	15.9 (0.97)	14.3 (2.14)
Near poor	22.8 (0.96)	22.5 (0.97)	21.6 (0.92)	21.4 (0.93)	17.0 (0.85)	15.7 (0.84)	14.3 (1.63)
Not poor	6.1 (0.33)	4.9 (0.29)	4.4 (0.29)	5.3 (0.30)	4.4 (0.26)	5.3 (0.36)	4.6 (0.56)
Unknown	18.3 (0.90)	16.5 (0.75)	14.9 (0.69)	15.0 (0.72)	15.5 (0.84)	14.1 (0.76)	11.7 (1.32)
18-64 years							
Total	18.9 (0.23)	18.2 (0.27)	17.8 (0.26)	18.7 (0.27)	18.3 (0.27)	19.1 (0.26)	19.1 (0.53)
Poor	40.2 (0.88)	40.8 (1.02)	39.9 (1.11)	41.1 (1.05)	39.5 (1.19)	37.0 (1.09)	39.7 (2.03)
Near poor	34.9 (0.71)	36.0 (0.83)	36.3 (0.81)	37.4 (0.77)	35.6 (0.78)	36.2 (0.77)	39.3 (1.64)
Not poor	9.9 (0.22)	9.2 (0.23)	9.0 (0.20)	10.0 (0.24)	9.9 (0.22)	11.0 (0.25)	9.8 (0.49)
Unknown	22.9 (0.58)	22.2 (0.60)	22.2 (0.50)	21.5 (0.53)	22.1 (0.52)	23.2 (0.56)	22.5 (1.02)

¹Poverty status is based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The estimates for those respondents with unknown poverty status (19.1% in 1997, 23.6% in 1998, 26.4% in 1999, 27.0% in 2000, 27.1% in 2001, 28.1% in 2002, and 29.0% in the first quarter 2003) are not shown in the table. Please visit www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm for more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analysis excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents). The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of health insurance coverage are generally within 0.1 percentage point of those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. This Early Release also recalculated the estimates using weights derived from the 2000 census for the 2000-2002 National Health Interview Surveys. See appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Survey. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through March.

- In early 2003, 14.3% of poor children and 14.3% of near poor children did not have health insurance coverage at the time of interview.
- From 1997 through early 2003, the percent uninsured decreased over time among poor and near poor children, but it remained stable among children who were not poor.
- From 1997 through early 2003, the percent uninsured remained stable for poor and not poor adults aged 18-64 years. However, the estimate significantly increased from 35.6% in 2001 to 39.3% in early 2003 for those who were near poor.

Table 1.4. Percent of persons under age 65 years with public plan coverage, by age group and poverty status: United States, 1997-2003

Age group and poverty status ¹	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 quarter 1
Percent (standard error) of persons with public coverage²							
Under 65 years							
Total	13.6 (0.25)	12.7 (0.26)	12.4 (0.24)	12.9 (0.26)	13.6 (0.26)	15.2 (0.29)	15.4 (0.51)
Poor	46.1 (1.01)	44.7 (1.05)	43.4 (1.04)	43.7 (1.11)	45.0 (1.14)	47.0 (1.07)	49.6 (2.05)
Near poor	18.2 (0.56)	17.5 (0.57)	20.5 (0.63)	21.7 (0.62)	25.0 (0.69)	27.5 (0.72)	27.3 (1.32)
Not poor	5.3 (0.19)	5.1 (0.23)	4.8 (0.18)	5.3 (0.21)	5.7 (0.21)	6.1 (0.24)	6.5 (0.46)
Unknown	13.2 (0.49)	13.4 (0.45)	13.2 (0.43)	12.8 (0.42)	13.1 (0.42)	16.6 (0.45)	15.2 (0.78)
Under 18 years							
Total	21.4 (0.48)	20.0 (0.49)	20.4 (0.46)	22.0 (0.50)	23.6 (0.50)	27.1 (0.54)	28.0 (1.04)
Poor	62.1 (1.31)	61.1 (1.34)	60.7 (1.37)	61.8 (1.48)	65.2 (1.47)	69.0 (1.33)	74.0 (2.53)
Near poor	24.3 (0.93)	22.9 (0.95)	28.7 (1.15)	32.4 (1.13)	37.0 (1.23)	42.2 (1.18)	45.5 (2.47)
Not poor	6.3 (0.32)	6.0 (0.39)	6.0 (0.32)	7.4 (0.39)	8.1 (0.39)	8.9 (0.45)	9.9 (0.97)
Unknown	21.4 (0.97)	22.1 (0.95)	22.2 (0.88)	22.1 (0.85)	23.1 (0.94)	30.7 (0.99)	28.1 (1.77)
18-64 years							
Total	10.2 (0.20)	9.5 (0.21)	9.0 (0.19)	9.1 (0.19)	9.4 (0.21)	10.3 (0.23)	10.2 (0.39)
Poor	34.3 (0.93)	32.9 (1.08)	30.8 (0.98)	31.1 (1.00)	30.8 (1.10)	32.5 (1.10)	34.2 (2.15)
Near poor	14.6 (0.51)	14.1 (0.53)	15.4 (0.52)	15.2 (0.54)	17.8 (0.62)	18.3 (0.66)	16.6 (1.13)
Not poor	5.0 (0.18)	4.8 (0.21)	4.4 (0.17)	4.5 (0.19)	4.8 (0.20)	5.1 (0.22)	5.2 (0.37)
Unknown	10.1 (0.41)	10.0 (0.34)	9.6 (0.33)	9.1 (0.33)	9.4 (0.33)	11.2 (0.35)	10.4 (0.61)

¹Poverty status is based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The estimates for those respondents with unknown poverty status (19.1% in 1997, 23.6% in 1998, 26.4% in 1999, 27.0% in 2000, 27.1% in 2001, 28.1% in 2002, and 29.0% in the first quarter 2003) are not shown in the table. Please visit www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm for more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories.

²The category "public health plan coverage" includes Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare (disability), and military plan. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans, and thus were included in both categories. The analysis excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents). The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of health insurance coverage are generally within 0.1 percentage point of those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. This Early Release also recalculated the estimates using weights derived from the 2000 census for the 2000-2002 National Health Interview Surveys. See appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Survey. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through March.

- In early 2003, 74.0% of poor children and 45.5% of near poor children were covered by a public health plan at the time of interview.
- The estimates of public coverage increased over time from 1999 through early 2003 among children under age 18 years who were poor, near poor, or not poor.
- From 1999 through early 2003, the estimates of public coverage increased slightly but significantly among adults who were not poor. Although the estimates also increased slightly among adults who were poor, the differences were not significant.

Table 1.5. Percent of persons under age 65 years with private insurance coverage, by age group and poverty status: United States, 1997-2003

Age group and poverty status ¹	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 quarter 1
Percent (standard error) of persons with private coverage²							
Under 65 years							
Total	70.8 (0.35)	72.0 (0.36)	73.1 (0.36)	71.8 (0.34)	71.6 (0.37)	69.8 (0.39)	69.9 (0.72)
Poor	22.9 (0.93)	23.1 (1.02)	26.1 (1.12)	25.2 (1.00)	25.5 (1.13)	26.0 (1.14)	22.5 (2.04)
Near poor	53.5 (0.80)	53.0 (0.92)	50.9 (0.86)	49.1 (0.87)	48.4 (0.85)	46.5 (0.89)	44.4 (1.78)
Not poor	87.6 (0.27)	88.1 (0.29)	88.9 (0.24)	87.4 (0.28)	87.2 (0.27)	86.0 (0.33)	86.6 (0.60)
Unknown	66.7 (0.71)	67.1 (0.71)	68.0 (0.65)	68.8 (0.63)	67.8 (0.69)	63.9 (0.71)	66.6 (1.26)
Under 18 years							
Total	66.2 (0.57)	68.5 (0.55)	69.1 (0.55)	67.1 (0.53)	66.7 (0.57)	63.9 (0.61)	64.2 (1.15)
Poor	17.5 (1.09)	19.3 (1.17)	20.2 (1.16)	19.5 (1.21)	18.1 (1.12)	17.2 (1.08)	14.9 (2.31)
Near poor	55.0 (1.15)	56.3 (1.22)	52.1 (1.23)	48.8 (1.23)	48.4 (1.23)	44.9 (1.29)	41.9 (2.57)
Not poor	88.9 (0.43)	89.9 (0.48)	90.6 (0.39)	88.4 (0.47)	88.4 (0.40)	86.9 (0.54)	86.5 (1.07)
Unknown	61.7 (1.18)	62.1 (1.13)	63.8 (1.02)	64.2 (0.99)	62.2 (1.16)	56.3 (1.19)	61.0 (2.02)
18-64 years							
Total	72.8 (0.30)	73.5 (0.32)	74.7 (0.33)	73.8 (0.32)	73.7 (0.33)	72.3 (0.35)	72.2 (0.64)
Poor	26.8 (1.09)	25.8 (1.17)	30.4 (1.39)	29.2 (1.16)	31.7 (1.41)	31.8 (1.50)	27.2 (2.48)
Near poor	52.6 (0.76)	50.9 (0.90)	50.2 (0.85)	49.3 (0.83)	48.4 (0.82)	47.5 (0.85)	45.9 (1.72)
Not poor	87.1 (0.26)	87.4 (0.27)	88.2 (0.24)	87.1 (0.27)	86.8 (0.28)	85.7 (0.30)	86.6 (0.56)
Unknown	68.6 (0.65)	69.1 (0.66)	69.7 (0.60)	70.6 (0.61)	69.9 (0.61)	66.9 (0.62)	68.7 (1.17)

¹Poverty status is based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The estimates for those respondents with unknown poverty status (19.1% in 1997, 23.6% in 1998, 26.4% in 1999, 27.0% in 2000, 27.1% in 2001, 28.1% in 2002, and 29.0% in the first quarter 2003) are not shown in the table. Please visit www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm for more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories.

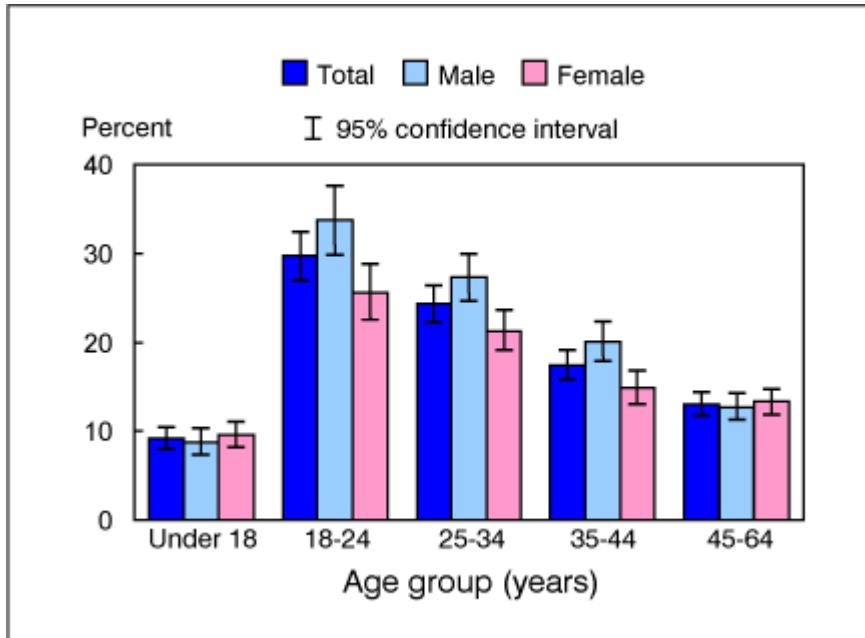
²The category "private health insurance" excludes plans that paid for only one type of service such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans, and thus were included in both categories. The analysis excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents). The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of health insurance coverage are generally within 0.1 percentage point of those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. This Early Release also recalculated the estimates using weights derived from the 2000 census for the 2000-2002 National Health Interview Surveys. See appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Survey. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through March.

- In early 2003, 14.9% of poor children and 41.9% of near poor children were covered by private health insurance at the time of interview.
- The estimates of private coverage decreased over time from 1999 through early 2003. A significant decrease in the estimate of private coverage was also noticed among children who were not poor.
- From 1997 through early 2003, a decreasing trend in the estimate of private health insurance coverage was also noticed among adults aged 18-64 years who were near poor.

Figure 1.2. Percent of persons under age 65 years without health insurance coverage, by age group and sex: United States, January-March 2003

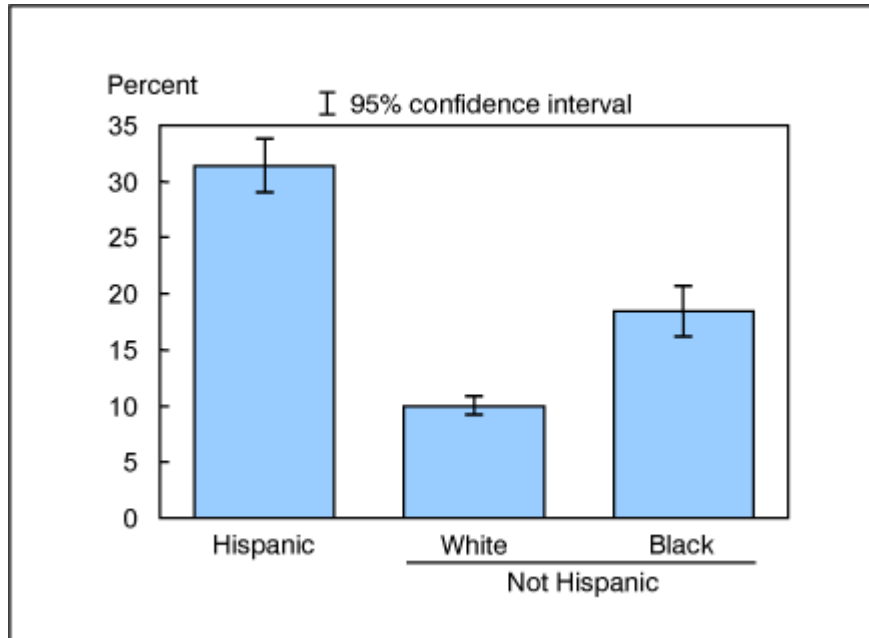


NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analysis excluded 260 (1.3%) persons with unknown health insurance status. The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. The resulting estimates of persons not having health insurance coverage are generally 0.1 percentage point lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through March in the Family Core component of the 2003 National Health Interview Survey.

- For both sexes combined, the percent of uninsured persons was highest among persons aged 18-24 years (29.7%) and lowest among persons under age 18 years (9.1%) and at ages 45-64 years (13.0%). Starting at age 18 years, younger adults were more likely than older adults to lack health insurance coverage.
- Among adults in age groups 18-24 years, 25-34 years, and 35-44 years, men were more likely than women to lack health insurance coverage.

Figure 1.3. Age-sex-adjusted percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage, by race/ethnicity: United States, January-March 2003



NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analysis excluded 273 (1.2%) persons with unknown health insurance status. The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. The resulting estimates of persons not having health insurance coverage are generally 0.1 percentage point lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-64 years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through March in the Family Core component of the 2003 National Health Interview Survey.

- After adjusting for age and sex, the percent of uninsured persons was 31.4% for Hispanic persons, 10.0% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 18.4% for non-Hispanic black persons.
- Hispanic persons were most likely to be uninsured, followed by non-Hispanic black persons and non-Hispanic white persons.

Data tables for figures 1.1-1.3:

Data table for figure 1.1. Percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage: United States, 1997-2003

Year	Percent	95% confidence interval
1997	15.4	15.0-15.8
1998	14.6	14.1-15.1
1999	14.2	13.8-14.6
2000	14.9	14.5-15.3
2001	14.3	13.8-14.8
2002	14.7	14.3-15.1
2003 (January-March)	14.4	13.6-15.3

Data table for figure 1.2. Percent of persons under age 65 years without health insurance coverage, by age group and sex: United States, January-March 2003

Age and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
Under 18 years		
Total	9.1	7.9-10.4
Men	8.7	7.3-10.2
Women	9.6	8.2-11.0
18-24 years		
Total	29.7	26.9-32.4
Men	33.7	29.8-37.6
Women	25.6	22.5-28.8
25-34 years		
Total	24.3	22.2-26.3
Men	27.3	24.6-29.9
Women	21.3	19.1-23.6
35-44 years		
Total	17.4	15.8-19.1
Men	20.1	17.9-22.3
Women	14.9	13.0-16.8
45-64 years		
Total	13.0	11.7-14.3
Men	12.7	11.2-14.2
Women	13.3	11.8-14.7
Age adjusted¹		
Total	16.3	15.4-17.3
Men	17.5	16.4-18.6
Women	15.1	14.1-16.2

¹Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are for persons under 65 years and are age adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, and 45-64 years.

Data table for figure 1.3. Age- sex- adjusted percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage, by race/ethnicity: United States, January-March 2003

Race/ethnicity	Percent (95% confidence interval)	
	Age-sex-adjusted¹	Age adjusted²
Hispanic or Latino	31.4 (29.0-33.8)	33.8 (31.2-36.3)
Not Hispanic or Latino		
White, single race	10.0 (9.2-10.8)	11.5 (10.6-12.5)
Black, single race	18.4 (16.1-20.6)	20.4 (17.9-22.9)

¹Estimates are for persons of all ages and are age-sex-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-64 years, and 65 years and over.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are for persons under 65 years and are age-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, and 45-64 years.