



Department of State TELEGRAM

3 B 80 G

POL JRAZ-4

14 Mar 70 00 39 2

DISTRIBUTION

ACTION:

Amembassy TEHRAN

IMMEDIATE



STATE

PLEASE DELIVER TO AMBASSADOR OPENING OF BUSINESS MARCH 14

Subject: Soviet-Iraq Threat to Iran in Middle East

Ref: Tehran 928 - W My Re new &

- 1. You may draw from following in your talk with Alam and during any further discussions with any ranking officials you may have concerning events in Iraq and the possibility of Soviet collusion there.
- 2. While agreeing that just announced Iraqi/Kurdish settlement looks more binding than anything developed heretofore, we question whether it will hold for any substantial length of time. Careful reading of Fifteen Point Settlement Declaration appears leave unanswered critical question of what degree of autonomy Kurdish province will in fact enjoy. As this is doubtless key element of any lasting agreement believe implementation will uncover serious if not fatal flaws. Even should active hostilities not be resumed in these circumstances

NEA/IRN: WHHallman: JCMiklos: psw 3/13/70 23014 NEA - Ro

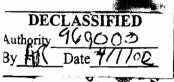
NEA/ARN - Mr. Seelye WOO EY EUR/SOV - Mr. Anderson S/S - Dirk Gleysteen

Classification

DECLASSIFIED
PA/HO Department of State
E.O. 12958, as amended
June 21, 2006

FORM DS-322

Class



REPRODUCED AT THE NATIONAL ARGUIDE

Department of State

ICATE:	TATES OF	TELEG
COLLECT		
CHARGE TO		

DISTRIBUTION

FORM DS'-322

ACTION: Amembassy TEHRAN (Page 2)

believe possibility will be latent cause for Baghdad concern for some time to come. Doubt therefore that Iraqi government will feel free for long to make significant shift in its attention and resources away from Kurds to Iran and Persian Furthermore, any easement on this score might well see troops being redeployed in Jordan and Syria rather than southern Iraq.

Classificati on

- We agree Soviets have been encouraging Iraqi/Kurdish settlement but it less clear what effect this actually had in bringing about current settlement. Soviet attitude toward Kurds has fluctuated and generally been subordinated to other Soviet policy considerations in the area. No doubt gw their important investment in the Baghdad Government was seen as being vitiated 🕉 somewhat by internal strife and that an Iraqi/Kurdish settlement was clearly to be preferred.
- 4. While 1/9/1/t likely Soviets are interested in developing a position of influence among the Kurds we doubt this is an asset

DRAFTED BY:	DRAFTING DATE TEL. EX	T. APPROVED BY:	
		1	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
CLEARANCES:			



DECLASSIFIED Authority 969000

TATES OF

COLLECT CHARGE TO

Classificati on

Department of State FLEGRAM

DISTRIBUTION

ACTION:

Amembassy TEHRAN

(Page 3)

they would wish to employ in the immediate future. particularly skeptical that they would attempt to promote a "Kurdish corridor" at this time. To do so would obviously raise grave questions among Soviet Arab friends as to what their true intentions were since they would be witnessing the detachment of an important province from an Arab state. it seems unlikely that the Soviets would want to risk damaging their carefully nurtured relations with Iran and Turkey by embarking on a plan such as foreseen para 4(e) reftel which would presumably elicit strong reaction from both those countries.

We of course agree with GOI general premise that this is an at important development which merits most careful and continuing attention. We) appreciate concern this gives GOI and welcome any further views it may have.

Gp 3

End

ROGERS

ø	R	A	F	T	E	D	В	٧	:

DRAFTING DATE

APPROVED BY: TEL. EXT.

CLEARANCES:

DECLASSIFIED PA/HO Department of State E.O. 12958, as amended June 21, 2006