REPORTER MICE FOR A THERAPY PHYSIOLOGY-DRIVEN

Adriana Maggi

Director

Center of Excellence on Neurodegenerative diseases, University of Milan, Milan Italy

www.CEND.unimi.it

REPORTER MICE FOR IN VIVO STUDY OF RECEPTOR ACTIVITIES



IS THE ERE-LUC MOUSE A FAITHFULL REPORTER OF THE ACTIVITY OF ESTROGEN RECEPTORS?

- ANALYSIS OF RESPONSIVE TISSUES
- CO-LOCALIZATION OF ERS AND LUCIFERASE BY IMMUNOCYTOCHEMISTRY STUDIES
- TIME-COURSE, DOSE-RESPONSE AFTER ADMINISTRATION OF ESTRADIOL
- PARALLEL MEASUREMENT OF ENDOGENOUS ESTROGEN-RESPONSIVE GENES (PROGESTERONE RECEPTOR)
- ANALYSIS OF LUCIFERASE ACTIVITY AFTER TREATMENT WITH ICI 182,780 TO MEASURE THE CONTRIBUTION OF ERRS

Ciana et al., 2001, 2003

BIOLUMINESCENT REPORTER IMAGING IN CYCLING ERE-luc MICE



ALTERNATE MECHANISMS FOR ACTIVATING ESTROGEN RECEPTORS



Ma et al 1994, Patrone et al. 1996,1998

THE LIVER AS AN ENDOCRINE ORGAN



CONCLUSION

IN FERTILE FEMALES THE MECHANISMS OF ER TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATION IS:

ESTRADIOL-DEPENDENT in reproductive tissues

ESTRADIOL-INDEPENDENT in non-reproductive tissues



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- 1. Exact perception of the organ(s) target for the chemical entity to be studied by *in vivo* imaging
- 2. Evaluation of drug pharmacodynamics after acute or repeated administrations in the same animal
- 3. Drug dosage based on drug pharmacodynamics indipendently from blood concentrations
- 4. Analysis of drug activity in young, mature, aged animals

REPORTER MICE FOR A THERAPY PHYSIOLOGY-DRIVEN PRESENT LIMITATIONS

- 1. Better methodologies to obtain ubiquitous expression of the reporter
- 2. Better reporter genes for *in vivo* imaging also in large animals
- 3. Better vectors for "transient" transgenesis

BETTER METHODOLOGIES TO OBTAIN UBIQUITOUS EXPRESSION OF THE REPORTER

ERE-Luc mice: from 17 lines two positives

PPARE-Luc mice: from 22 lines 1 positive



Inserted in the Hprt *locus* (EU EDERA Project, S. Rusconi)

BETTER REPORTER GENES FOR IN VIVO IMAGING IN LARGE ANIMALS

LUMINESCENCE

FLUORESCENCE

RADIOISOTOPES