

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 000905252-0339-02; I.D. 080700D]

RIN 0648-AN98

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Prohibited Species Donation Program

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule, permanent extension of the Pacific halibut donation program.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues a final rule that permanently extends the existing regulations that establish and govern the voluntary Pacific halibut donation program. Under this program, Pacific halibut that is taken incidentally in groundfish trawl fisheries off Alaska may be donated for consumption by economically disadvantaged individuals rather than discarded, as normally required. This action is necessary to promote the goals and objectives of the Fishery Management Plan for the Groundfish Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area (BSAI) and the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska (GOA) (FMPs). The intended effect of this action is to reduce the amount of regulatory discards in the groundfish fisheries.

DATES: Effective January 1, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the regulatory impact review and environmental assessment prepared for this action may be obtained from NMFS, Alaska Region, P.O. Box 21668, Juneau, AK 99802, Attn: Lori Gravel, or by calling the Alaska Region, NMFS, at 907-586-7228. Comments regarding burden estimates for collection-of-information requirements should be sent to NMFS, Alaska Region, and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (Attn: NOAA Desk Officer). Send comments on any

ambiguity or unnecessary complexity arising from the language used in this final rule to Sue Salvesson, Assistant Regional Administrator, NMFS, Alaska Region, P.O. Box 21668, Juneau, AK 99802.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Melanie Brown, 907-586-7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The domestic groundfish fisheries in the exclusive economic zone off Alaska are managed by NMFS under the Alaska groundfish FMPs. The FMPs were prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act). Regulations governing the Alaska groundfish fisheries appear at 50 CFR parts 600 and 679. Fishing for Pacific halibut in waters in and off Alaska is governed by the Convention between the United States and Canada for the Preservation of the Halibut Fishery of the Northern Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea and by regulations adopted by the International Pacific Halibut Commission (IPHC) and approved by the Secretary of State of the United States pursuant to section 4 of the North Pacific Halibut Act (16 U.S.C. 773-773k). Regulations of the IPHC are published as annual management measures in the **Federal Register** each year pursuant to regulations at 50 CFR 300.62.

The Prohibited Species Donation (PSD) program regulations at 50 CFR 679.26 include provisions for the donation of those trawl-caught halibut that are delivered by catcher vessels to shoreside processors. A final rule published in the **Federal Register** (63 FR 32144, June 12, 1998) authorized voluntary distribution of halibut taken as bycatch in the groundfish trawl fishery to needy individuals by tax-exempt organizations through a NMFS-authorized distributor.

The program is limited to dead halibut landed by trawl catcher vessels to shoreside processors. Many of the halibut taken in the groundfish fisheries are discarded alive. However, dead halibut are sometimes landed shoreside by trawl catcher vessels because at-sea sorting of catch is not practicable. This action has no impact on the halibut

resource because the groundfish fisheries are restricted by halibut bycatch mortality limits that require closure of specified fisheries when a limit has been reached. This final rule has no impact on target and non-target species of the groundfish fisheries harvested because it has no effect on harvest amounts or patterns. In 1998 and 1999, 21,196 lb (9,635 kg) and 6,190 lb (2,814 kg) of eviscerated halibut were donated through the PSD program, respectively. NMFS estimates that the halibut donation program provided 65,000 meals to economically disadvantaged individuals in the western Washington Puget Sound area in 1998. No violations of the halibut donation regulations have been reported or observed.

Without this final rule the halibut part of the PSD program would have expired on December 31, 2000. This sunset provision was advocated by the Council and the IPHC so that management agencies could assess the effectiveness of the halibut donation program, relative to the program's objectives, before the Council took action to extend the program beyond the year 2000.

At its June 2000 meeting, the Council requested NMFS to initiate rulemaking to permanently extend the halibut donation program. The Council also endorsed a recommendation by IPHC staff to review the program every 3 years and assess whether regulatory changes should be pursued to respond to any management or enforcement concerns that may arise in the future. With this rulemaking, NMFS permanently extends the existing halibut provisions of the PSD program. This action makes no other changes to the existing PSD program. NMFS, the Council, and the IPHC will conduct a periodic review of the program and the regulations could be revised in the future, if necessary, to respond to new concerns.

A proposed rule to permanently implement the Pacific halibut donation program was published in the **Federal Register** for a 15-day public review and comment period (65 FR 56860, September 20, 2000). No written comments were received during the comment period.