

Mapping lac_4^-

201

May 21, 1948.

W-67 x Y64 $lac_4 - V_1^S$ x $lac_2 - V_1^R$.

Among 28 plates carrying ca 100 good-sized colonies each, only 7 + colonies were noted (2 uncertain). Ca $1/400$ + : - .

Score +s for phage resistance

lac^+ : (only 3 rapid +) ALL R.

lac^- :	R	S
	10	0
	20	0
	18	0
	<hr/>	
	48	0

Sensitives are again missing.

3 hypotheses:

- ① lac_4^- is a lethal in sexual progeny
- ② lac_4^- is linked to a "lethal" which may be a nutritional requirement
- ③ lac_4^- are not produced in these crosses due to chromosome aberrations or related phenomena.

① Check nutrition of W-67

② Cross W-67 and Y64 on glucose medium

③ If an "inversion" what are the limits of its action.

May 24, 1948.

On EMS-lac B,

① W-108 x 440. Cross n.g. W-108 checks streaky very large by lac⁺. (ca 1:4)

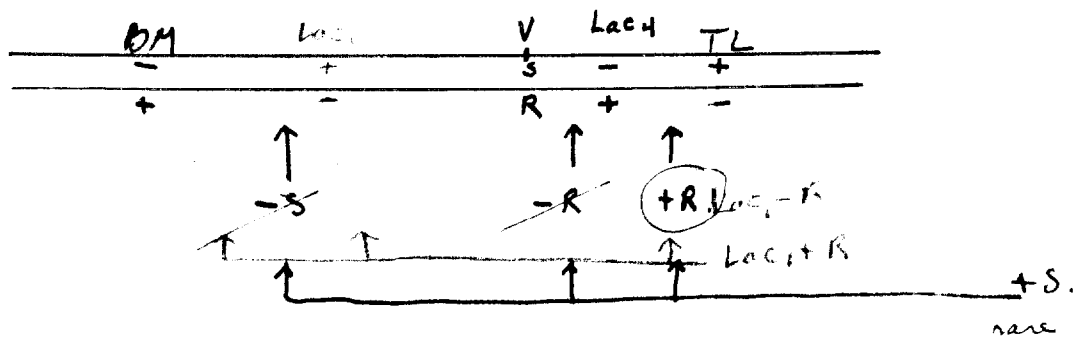
② W-67 x 446. Only an occasional + colony. None on 3 glucose plates.

S+ tested All V, R.

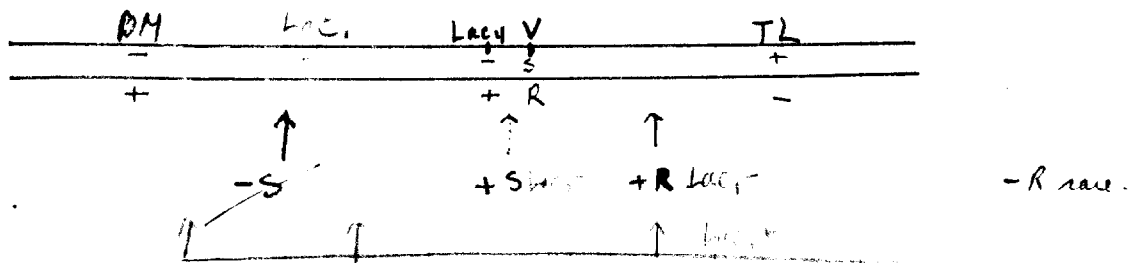
What linkage relationships are indicated if the Lac₄- are surely not recovered? The combinations are:

BM Lac⁺V₁R TL. x Lac⁻V₁S. Lac₄ may simply be closely linked to V₁ or situated so that a triple interchange is required to give a Lac⁺V₁S⁺ combination, e.g.

I



or.



II

Crossing Media

203

May 24, 1948.

Basic salts + EMB +:

lactose series + TCB, BM

L.

glucose series + B₁.

G.

1. Na succinate 1%
2. " " .5%
3. Asparagine 1%
4. " .5%
5. Na aspartate 1%
6. " " .5%
7. Na glutamate 1%
8. " " .5%

Designate EMA. (cost > \$1/liter)!

(A) Cross W-108 x 440 on a plate each of series G. 1P24.

(W-108 is ca 1/4 lac +. ∴ ratios cannot be concerning.)

(B) streak out in a plate each of series L.

- (A) 3P-5
- 1+2. No. phototroph colonies. Prizipoint background. (poss. a few v. sm.)
 - 3.+4. Numerous phototrophs > 1mm. diameter, many already showing lac+ or -. 4 a little larger than 3, but uncertain.
 5. Prizipoints
 6. like 5
 7. Prizipoint background.
 8. 557.

Asparagine, so far, is the ~~most~~ superior supplement.

8:30 P.

1, 2, 7, 8 prizipoint background.

3, 4. (asparagine) 3: v. well developed colonies, especially lac+. Numerous - colonies, not so large but more numerous.

4: do. lac+ more accentuated lac- possibly slightly smaller.

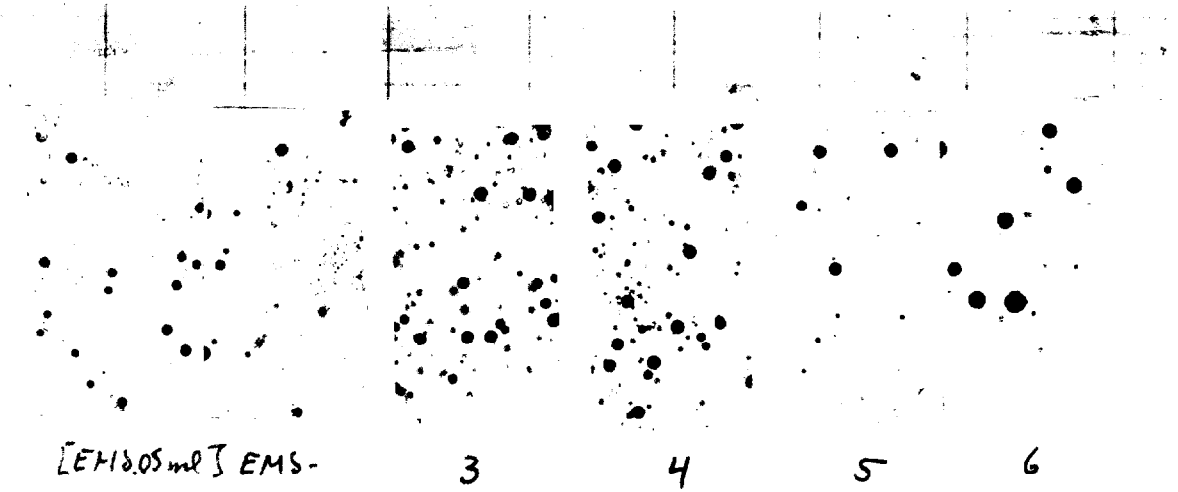
5, 6 (aspartate). 5: Fewer colonies, lac+ only
6: Ditto.

9A 26.

1, 2, 7, 8. Prizipoints, v. g.

3 shows slightly higher yield than 4, which permits less crowding on 4. lac +/- character is perhaps more distinct on 4. Background is satisfactory - probably less marked on 3.

5. Yield about 1/5 of 3. lac- tend to be smaller than lac+, but not unsatisfactory
(like 5. EMS standard: excessive background; yield poor + variable in size



May 26, 1948.

an Loe EMA:

① Y46 x W45

② W108 x W15

① No yield.

②

	-	+
	4	0
	3	0
	2	0
	1	0
	2	0
<hr/>		
	12.	0

Yields too low.

May 27, 1948.

On bac + Gler A:

- (3) W-67 x Y46 Nonfield (1 colony / 4 plates.) 5+V, R. No -
- (4) W-67 x Y64.

A29:

Yield much higher in W-67 x Y46 than in W67 x Y64.

All - (many started to peyillate - probably Y64).

Test on T1.

- (4): 33- all R. No +.

May 28, 1948

- ① W-145 x Y40^R. Lac
- ② W-337 x Y40^R ← Lac B.
Lac O
Lac B.
Mat B.
- ③ W-145 x Y87.
- ④ W-45 x W-145
- ⑤ W-337 x Y87.
- ⑥ W-337 x W45. Lac B.

A31:

3:	+	-	
	1	9	
	1	3	
	0	23	
	2	35	} 37.
	1	18	

3+ : 53 - / 56.
∴ Lac 5 ≠ Lac 1 -

2: L_B. 0 0
 2 0
 0 0
M_B (0 3 plates)

L₀ 0 0
 0 0
 4 0

L_B, 2 plates removed + and -

1:	+	-	
	9	16	
	8	14	
	2	4	
	12 5	12	
	0	5	
	3	6	
	0	3	} 27 60 / 87

4:

	+	-
	0	2
12.	0	0
0	0	1

Yield \rightarrow too low for satisfaction

⑤ On lac B₁.

	+	-
	0	1
1	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
	2	1

Background rather heavy, but not unusual.

⑥ On lac B₁.

	+	-
	0	0
12	0	0
12	0	0

dense background.
Many small prototrophs.
1 plate only satisfactory. Hoped!

⑦. Colonies picked exhaustively + tested on lac EMA & T1.

	-R	-S	+R	+S.	
	11	4	3	1	
	13	4	3	4	
	11	3	5	0	
	15	3	0	1	
	50	14	11	6	81.
	64		17		
	61		20		

June 2.

③ (W-145 x 487)

	+	-	
	6	25	
	4	29	
	3	4	
	4	20	
<hr/>			
	17	78	95

⑥ W-45 x W-337.

Plates crowded. About 1/2% + colonies!

Beano repetition!

January 29, 1948.

- ① W-67 x Y46
- ② W-67 x Y64
- ③ W-45 x Y46
- ④ W-125 x Y40
- ⑤ W-133 x Y40.

- ① W-67 x Y46
- ② W-133 x Y40.
- ③ W-67 x W-133

A31.

- ① Yield ①. (Glucose EMB)
10 plates & 3 Lec plates.
- ② OK: - >> +. (linked to BM).
- ③ 2 plates. stuck to Loe B₁.

June 3.

2: On L₀, 14 + : 2 -

on L₁, many plates show more - than +. Many minus colonies are papillate or have turned color.

On minus:

	+	-	
	9	12	
	14	18	
	8	15	
	31	45	76.

$\chi^2 = 10.9 \quad p = .001$

2

2 - studied to Lac B, A., T₁.

	-R	-S	+R	+S
L ₀ plate	10	3	0	2

"+" of previous page ~~mean~~ may not be truly so.

L _{B₁}	16	12	10	0
	13	8	2	0
<hr/>				
	29	20	12	0
	<u> </u>			
	49		12	

These plates are truly to self for accurate study.

3: 13 all -

May 29, 1948.

Irradiate suspensions of S-20, and 21 as follows.

Grown (6 h.) suspensions of S--- in YZ-glucose, shaken, resuspended in H₂O.

S-20 exposed to Hanovia output at aperture of lamp in quartz flask shaken by hand. 5 ml. suspension added, .5 ml removed at stated intervals to 10 ml. tubes of YZ glu cose shaken at 37.

S-21 exposed in 1 ml. lots in 10 cm Petri Plates, exposed at table level (ca 12 cm) .5 ml samples removed from each plate.

— S-20: 10, 30, 60, 120 and 180 secs. Samples 10+30+++ 60+ +++.
S-21 2, 5, 10, 20, 30 and 60 secs. Samples 2-10 +++ 20-60 +++.

Dilute S-20, 10 second and S-21 5 second exposures 10^{-7} and plate in minimal layered agar, 2 P 30.

For reference, S-20 = ~~SW~~ SW-1 and S-21 = SW-2.

Ca 30 plates each, and 10,000 colonies.

11 picked, 9 grew up in series S-~~20~~ 21

23 " , 21 " " series S-20.

Numbers 1-21 are S-20; 22-30 are S-21.

Mutants SW-3 and SW-4 () from S-20

SW-5-8 () from S-21.

Test putative *Salmonella* mutants.

	T(10)	HC	Vits	Y.Ex.	LAC EMB	slu EMB.	
1	++						
2	++						
3	++						
4	++						
5	++						
6	++						
7	++						
8	++						
9	++						
10	- +	++	- +	++			SW-3
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19	- +	++	- +	++			SW-4
20							
21							
22	- ✓	- ✓	- ✓	+++			SW-5
23							
24	- ✓	- ✓	++	+++			SW-6
25	- ✓	++	- ✓	++			SW-7
26							
27							
28							
29							
30	- ✓	+++	- ✓	++			SW-8

All - and fairly typical except 24 which is thin vits - pyridin

All + and typical etc. 24 which is thin.

v. rough

S.O. on glucose agar.

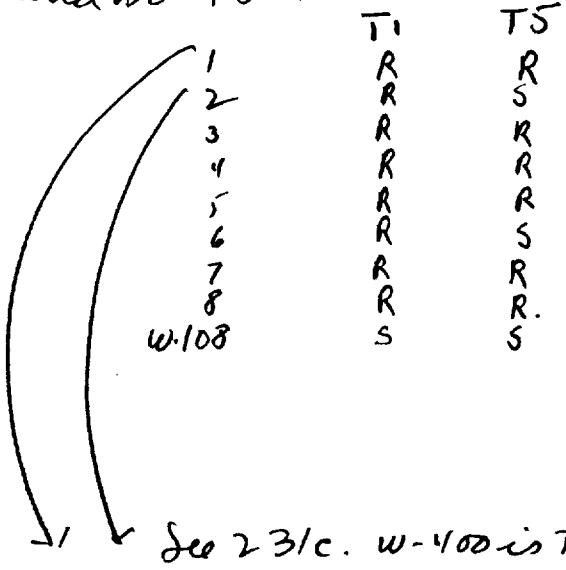
	① lys+arg	② meth+cyo	③ leuc, cool val.	④ φal; +100. typit.	⑤ Met, thur, 1, prool.	⑥ arginine, glycine, alanine, hydroxypr	HC	Individual AA:
SW-3	+	+	±	±	+++	±	+++	
4	±	±	±	±	+++	±	+++	
7	-	-	+++	-	-	-	++	H-V =
8	-	-	-	+++	-	-	++	
S-21	YNA	Y. Exth.	N2 case	Pur+Pyr	M.C.+Vits.	0		
5	-	+++	-	-	-	-		
6.	-	±	+	-	++			Vits. Met V.
S-21.	+++	+++	+++	+	+++	+++		

6. 10 vits, K, V, + - :

prob #4.

(deficient)

Plate a mixture of W-108 and T1 on Loe EMR. Select 8 surviving colonies and streak out 3 times. Test these 8 and W-108 on T1 and on T5:



W-399
W-400

The R,R types are presumably V_1^R and the R,S V_{1a}^R . Select 1 and 2

This is an unusual preponderance of V_{1a}^R : (2/8).

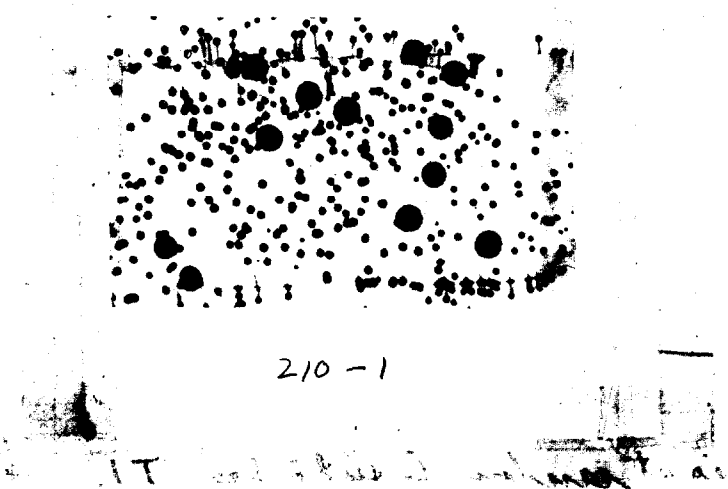
May 31, 1948.

On Lac + Glu EMA¹.

- ① 58-161 x W399
- ② 58-161 x W400
- ③ W45 x W399
- ④ W45 x W400
- ⑤ W67 x Y10
- ⑥ W67 x Y64
- ⑦ W67 x Y46
- ⑧ W145 x ~~W45~~ 58-161.
- ~~⑨ W145 x W399~~
- ⑨ W-145 x W45

Jun. 3.

1. Color faded. Pick colonies at random for test \bar{c} Lac, T1.
2. ditto.
3. No yield (1 col / 3 plates).
4. All - ¹³⁸ colonies, probably not faded. Close linkage of Lac₂ to Lac₃ confirmed. Strains to Halthore. All out of 53 are Mal- with heavy + contamination.
5. Yield O.K. > on glucose than on lactose. Perhaps 100% of colonies on Lac are -.
6. Tiny colonies just starting
7. No yield, on glucose or on lactose
8. Like 1. Pick at random to lactose.
9. 1 plate. 1+, 3 or 4 - colonies.



210 - 1

IT ...

①. 2 classes of colonies. large spreading, probably + and small compact, -?

Frequencies: "+ " - " | 598. Ca. 3.3% + (in agreement with best previous observation)

Test "+" and "-" separately on EMA-lac B.

	-R	+R	-S	+S	
"+"	27	0	0	0	
"-"	53	0	1	0	
	80	0	1	0	81

②. Same as ① in appearance & proportion of +.

"+"	30	0	0	1	
"-"	53	0	0	0	
	83	0	0	1	84

Altogether, only about 2 / 165 or ca. 1.5%

59. Pick from gluEMA to lactose EMB.

53 picked. 4 lac-. Strains out on lac EMB.

210-5g (1-4).

Nutrition of W-67.

May 25, 1948.

Test on: (ell + BM) P25-A26.

- ①. T(m) + % succinate
- ②. " " + Y. Ex.
- ③. " " N2 Case
- ④. " " Vits.

W-67 is not nutritionally distinguishable from 58-161.

T(o) [glucose-asparagine I.]

- ⑪. —
- ⑫. Y. Ex.
- ⑬. N2 Case.
- ⑭. Vits.

	A W-67		B 58-161.	
1	±	++	±	++
2	+		++	
3	+++		+++	
11	+++		++	
12	+++		+++	
13	+++		+++	
4	-		-	
14.	+++		+++	

P26 + A27.

Struck out on Lac A + BM etc. P26.
 11A. ^{A27} Lac A. Glu A. Lac CMB.
 purpant. ++ v. small

11B. +++ +++ +++
 Lac- should be produced without
 preference on Glu A plates

May 30, 1948.

incubate + shake in Y2-glucose tubes, overnight,
① ② ③.
Bs 16, Bs 16X and Marburg = Bs+.

Wash + resuspend cells in = vol. citrate saline buffer.

spread 1 drop each of ① + ② together and separately on
T(0) plates. Also broc Y2 with .5ml micula together +
separately + shake. Also carry along ③.

June 2, 1948.

- ① 1 colony, 1 slight background
- ② 0, 0. Practically no background.

①+②. 11, 6 background rather heavier than with ① only.
(Used other machines).

Also plate suspensions from above: Read A4:

- ① 0, 0
- ② 0, 1

①+② (mic. separately) 4, 9. } (odd!)

①+② (mic. together). 1, 0.

The possibility of recombination is not ruled out by these experiments.

Drug resistant mutants of *B. subtilis*

June 2, 1948.

P. Spread .1 ml of suspensions of p. 212 on Nutrient Agar plates containing indicated μ /ml of penicillin + streptomycin:

- ① Bs 16 (typtophanless) ② Bs 164x (lysineless).

①. P1. Scattered colonies in thicker portions of plate
 P5 ca 20 colonies distinct; some smearing confuses count
 P10 5 distinct colonies.
 S1 Almost confluent background, with papillae
 S5 ca 200 distinct colonies, no background
 S10. ca 100 distinct colonies " "
 N.A. Heavy smear.

②. P1. ca 12 distinct, v. large colonies (smearing).
 P5. 2 colonies, quite large
 P10. No colonies.
 S1. As ①.
 S5. (plate rather dried). Ca. 500 colonies (smear?).
 S10. Several hundred colonies.
 NA Heavy smear.

Keep Highest plates for purification on N.H. $\bar{+}$ + $\bar{5}$ drug. $\bar{+}$ apparently not resistant.

Streak out. Test ⁵ single colonies on (P10) S10 and NA.

	NA	P10	S10
16/P10	++++	-	-
16/S10	++++	-	++++
164/P10	++++	-	-
164/S10	++++	-	++++

very sharp destructions on streptomycin agar.

P3. Inoculate 42-glycerol \bar{c} / P10 and S10 to obtain cultures for higher step mutants. ~~A4~~ Spread 1 drop each culture on NA \bar{c} : Read A.5.

See above
not resistant

	P5	P10	P50	P100	S10	S50	S100	S500
16/P10	v. numerous scattered.	v. numerous scattered.	v. h. s.	1 large many smeared + variable	1-200	1 large 20 small.	lots 6-10 small.	○
16/S10	almost smeared.	ca 100 scattered colonies.	ca 100 scattered colonies.	30 distinct smeared.	ca 100 scattered colonies.	ca 100 scattered colonies.	ca 100 scattered colonies.	ca 100 scattered colonies.

	100	200	20-30	10 <u>2</u>	1-200	2 large 15 small	○	○
164x/P10								

	numerous sm. colonies almost a smear.	500 colonies (small).	200 colonies.	100 v. small colonies.	Smeared	40	6	○
164x/S10								

Test the following, as indicated.

S500 S100 P10 P100 S10

16/S10
16/S10/S100
16/S10/P100
64/S10

See next page.

Test colonies from the following plates & cultures.

	P10	P100	S10	S100	S500. U.A.
" 16 S10 "	S	S	R	R	S
" 16 P10 "	S	S	S ^R	S	S
" 164 S10 "	S	S	R	S	S
" 164 P10 "	S	S	S	S	S
16 S10 / S500 ¹	S	S	R	R	R ^S
164 S10 / S100 ²	S	S	R	R	R ^S
16 P100 ³	S	S	S	S	S
164 P100 ⁴	S	S	S	S	S
16 S10 P100 ⁵	S	S	R	R ^S	S
164 S10 P100	S	S	R	S	S

Streptomycin resistants are OK, sharp distinction between the 10 and 500 unit levels. No penicillin resistants so far noted.

Streak out, on NA, the cultures 213B-1 and 213B-2

June 3, 1948.

- ① W-337 x W-45.
- ② W-145 x 440
- ③ W-126 x 440.

Simultaneously, streak out W-45 and 440 on lac A + (B₁).

P4. W-45 + 440 are well grown on the synthetic medium, but none of the cross plates show any colonies of significant size.

P5. 1. No colonies on lac A + B₁.

2. No colonies on lac A.

Some plates of T(B₁) have colonies, irregularly scattered

3. No colonies on T(B₁) or lac A + B₁!

P6. 1. No Colonies.

2. A few colonies from T(B₁) to lac T1.

3. 1 + colony on 'plate.

June 4, 1948

W-133 x 1/40. m

- A) T(B₁)
- B) Lac A(0)
- C) Lac A(B)
- D) Lac A(B₁)

P6. Colonies appearing on D, a few on C. Ca 6/plate on A.
 P8.

- A. ca 6/plate
- B. 2+ / 5 plates
- C. Ca 100/plate 1:1 +: - (Heavy background.) 59+: 51-
- D. Ca 50/plate 26+: 16-

A. Puts to water + test suspensions
 on T1 on lac EMB. - Background too heavy
 All lact + v R.

B. -
 C. & D. picks + and -
 separately.

		R	S
C.	+	24	1
	+		
	-	20	6
	-		
		45.	7
D.	+	17	0
	+		
	-	11	1
	-		
		28	1



June 4, 1948,

Irradiate washed 8 h. suspensions of SW-3, SW-7, SW-8 and S-21, in 1 ml. lots in open Petri plates. Recover $\frac{1}{2}$ ml samples to NZ-glucose broth, and shake overnight. In S-21 series, plate .05 ml sample from the initially inoculated cultures to estimate killing rate. 5, 10, 20, and 30 seconds under Hanovia lamp.

Assuming inoculum of $.5 \times 2 \times 10^8 \times 0.05 = \cancel{5 \times 10^6} \underline{5 \times 10^5}$, the killing's can be estimated.

Secs.	S. ca.	pS.
5	5000	3
10	239	4.3
20	8	6
30.	10.	6.

These suspensions were inadvertently autoclaved.

- S-21

Irradiate the above washed suspensions, ^{10secs,} as above, dilute as indicated and plate directly into detection plates. SW-3 suspensions not available

- S-1 | 10P6, 36h. Cover \bar{c} NZ Case - Test extract - Agar.
- SW7 | SW7 series not yet grown. Don't cover.
- = SW8.

Mix on T(0) plates single drops of SW-3, -7, & -8 as indicated.
Colonies Pb. PT ca. 50.
3 | 3, 2
7 | ~~2~~, 1 0 (+ certain) 0, 0.
8 | 0, 0. other plate heavily cont. \bar{c} Aspergillus.
3x7 | 2, 1 Numerous plaques noted (lysozymosis?)
3x8 | 2, 1
7x8. | 2, 1 heavily cont 1 or 2 colonies. See 217.

SW7 series formed small colonies only on June 9. Throw out plates. L-12-V supplement is obviously not optimal in the proportions used.

S21 and SW8 series. About 20% of S21 and 10% of SW8 are small colonies. Either mutant or contaminant. Pick + test about 100 in each set. Pick colonies to sm. tubes 1/2. With loop, streak on EMBAc and put residual inoculum from loop into T(O) + tryptophane. Most were - in small tubes; the following were +:

S21: 19, 29, 39, 59, 79, 89, 99, 100.

9th row tubes were more elevated. Could this acid. for + 's among them? (Heavier aeration?).

SW8. (delay scoring).

Test S21: 1-3 and SW8 1-2 in T(T₂) large tubes.

All +++.

Small tube tests are inaccurate. T.O. expt.

217. Plate SW-3 & SW-7 on N.A. in 10⁻⁵ dilutions indicated.

SW-3 SW-7

10⁻¹

10⁻⁷

10⁻⁷

10⁻¹

10⁻¹

10⁻¹

10⁻⁷

10⁻¹

10⁻⁷

10⁻¹

~~Test~~ confl. growth
isolated colonies (ca 1000)
"do."

} confluent growth. No plaques.

No evidence
of hypoquasia
on nutrient agar.

June 5, 1948.

SW-6. (pab.)

0	Vits.	pab.	HC	pab+HC	pab, HC, P.P.
-	-	-	-	-	-
after 48-72h.	-	+	+	-	++

SW-7 (leuc, val, val).
 & S-21 control.

0	HC	L	IL	V	L·IL	L·V	IL·V	L·IL·V
-7	+++	-	-	-	-	-	±	++
leucine - isoleucine - valine								
+ (Y)S-21	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++	+++

SW-8. (typt.)

0	typt.	indole	anthran.	nicotinic
18h.	-	+++	±	-
later		+++		

Medium for crosses,

Lac₁, Lac₃. Effect of shaking on crosses.

June 8, 1948.

Grow Y53, Y40 + W108 in Y2... (glucose or gluconic)

A-shaken B-unshaken. Mix = volumes + plate

1 drop each on lac A + B, and lac S + B, T(B₁).

1. Y53 x Y40

2. W108 x Y40.

[B suspensions are, of course, much less dense than A.]

A10.

1A. 27, 23, 34 on T(B₁).

(2-1+), 0. on lac A.

7, 4, 11 tiny colonies on lac S.

1B. 1, 0 on T(B₁).

>100, ~~200~~, lac A. ca 50. medium colonies.

16+, 22-, 15+ 24-, lac S. Better definition of +/- but not yet quite ready.

2A. 5 on T(B₁).

4, 5, 7 on lac A. All -

4, 4 on lac A -

2B. 52- 2+,

97- 6+

30- 1+

21. 3+

lac A. } +/- definition good, somewhat better than on S.
lac A. }

lac S. } Conclude: Shaking is certainly deleterious to crosses!

P11.

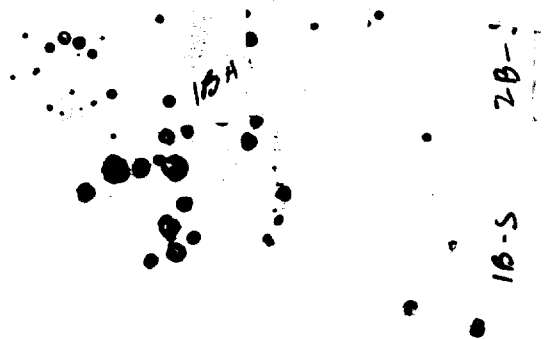
1B. (Lac S.)

34+ : 31-
[Too many + J.]

Lac A.

9+ : 15-

2B.



Phenolphthalein Phosphate.

221

Prepare plates of NA to which Na Phenolphthalein Phosphate (Paul-Lewis; sterile filtered) is added.

Streak out A. (SW-7) B. (K-12) & C (B. subtilis 16).

After 24 hours growth, expose plates to NH_3 vapor.

A. & B. show no change in color at any conc.

C: 100V No sharp change

300V colonies became light pink

1mg. colonies became a dirty pink.

<u>Also:</u>	SW 3	SW 7
Dulcitol	v. weak +	v. weak +
Rhamnose	++	-
Cellobiose	- alk.	-
Salicin	- *	- *
Inositol	-	- pap. (S.V.).

blue tinge
to colonies not
withstood noted

Note: very weak + fermentation of
mannose & of inositol can be
secured by selecting papillae of SW 7.
These are extremely weak.

" Reactions.

June 10, 1948.

Irradiate SW-7 and -8, 1 ml in open petri dishes, 10 secs.
 dilute 1/2 ml/10 broth, and ~~add~~ spread 1 drop per plate
 of xylose + arabinose EMB.

- ① SW-7 on arabinose; SW-8 on xylose.
- ② Also, about 10 plates each., 1 drop whole culture spread on
 plate and irradiated directly, 5 secs.
 SW-3 / arabinose SW-7 / xylose.

16h. SW-7 and SW-8 are xylose-negative, to surprise!

SW-7 treatment on arabinose was excessive + only a few dozen
 colonies per plate. No mutants.

Suggests selecting for Xyl + mutants!

Papillae observed in colonies
 after 3 days. Reversions
 easily selected & purified.

Check fermentation reactions on -EMB:

	SW-3	SW-7
Xyl	++ ✓	- ✓
Ara	++ ✓	++ ✓
Glu	+++ ✓	++ ✓
Gal	++ ✓	++ ✓
Gua	++ ✓	-
Mal	++ ✓	++ ✓
Sorb	+ +± ✓	+ +±
Mannitol	++ ✓	++ ✓

Correlation between
 glucose and xylose??

Salmonella fermentaria
 all much slower than
coli!!

in inner part of plate: ++ elsewhere
 due to ke'chubal.
 is ++ except in
 crowded areas.



June 11, 1948.

Incorporate 50r/ml T2 Reagent into agar + 1% lactose as indicated.

- A. N2 Broth (PO₄³⁻ buffer) = N2L
 B. " + .1% Na formate N2LF
 C. Nutrient broth NBL
 D. " " + Formate NBLF.

A. II. Streak out, on each plate:

K = K-12

S = *B. subtilis* 16

distributed on each plate.

SW = SW-7

W = W-400 (Lac⁻).

A. K: Colonies colorless or faint pink. 1 large dark red colony (223-1 → 223-2)

SW isolated colonies dark red.

W: colonies dark red.

B. As A. K more to red but not intense.

SW red & white colonies in the colorless zone.

W all colonies dark red; definition somewhat better than A.

C. K nearly colorless; All colonies of W & SW show up very well.

D. About the same as C. K more pink. S + SW somewhat more intense.

Test 223-1 & -2 on homologous media & on lac-EMB.

1 is lac⁻ - 2 is lac⁺ (probably colony from SW-7).

See over:

Mix K, + W and streak on NL, EMB Lac

+ and - easily scored in each other's presence provided the plate is not too crowded, when upon one finds the -'s score as colorless. The method shows considerable promise for the detection of non-fermenters.

Difficult bases should be tried in an attempt to obtain uniform coloration of bae - , even in crowded areas, which would facilitate their detection.

June 11, 1948.

sw-5

Y. Gt.		\Rightarrow L. Bulgauciofactor.
1 5mg	+++	-
2 1mg	+	-
3 500Y	\pm later +++ (sw).	-
4 100Y	-	-
5 20Y	-	-

} not L. Bulgaucio factor.

SW-7. Valine 0.2 mg/tube.

Isolucine

- 1: 1.0
- 2: 1.2
- 3: 1.4
- 4: 1.6
- 5: 1.8
- 6: 2.0

~~7. Ditto + .2 mg l-leucine.~~

- 11
- ~~12~~
- 13
- ~~14~~
- ~~15~~
- ~~16~~

Salmonella phage.

June 14, 1948.

Cultivate S-20 + S-21 in 1/2 overnight, i shaking.
 Centrifuge raw Madison sewage & filter supernatant. (Sewage Filtrate)
 Add 1 ml SF + .5 ml S-20 or S-21 to 10 ml broth.
 Incubate 6 hours. Both are thoroughly turbid cultures.
 (225-20, -21). Sediment bacteria. Test supernatant for
 phage by ① 1 drop "phage" + 1 drop bacteria ② streak
 out phage & bacterial smear.

225-20: ① } large plaques noted in both. (May correspond to the
 phage attacking resistant bacteria? - small plaque
 ② } phage also noted.

225-21 ① pattern of resistant colonies.
 ② small plaque phage noted along streak.

small plaques in water and streak out on homologous bacterial
 smears. [Crude phage suspension should be filtered.]

After several streakings, pick from single plaques to
 fresh cultures + recover phages. These may not be pure.

- Sp-1 S20 ~~large~~ ^{small} plaque
- Sp-2 S20 small "
- Sp-3 S21 small "

June 14, 1948.

Test, on T1 + T1h (recd from Karikb):

	T1	T1h.
B/1	R	S
B/1,5	R	R
B/4	S	S
K-12	S	S
Y40		
W400.	R	R

\therefore V_{1a}^R in K-12 is not entirely homologous with B/1 either with respect to tryptophane requirement or to sensitivity to T1h.

T1h (10^9) plated with ca 10^8 W400 + 10^8 K-12. Uniform growth of bacteria - 1 possible plaque (v. small) - streaked out on W400. No plaques.

June 15, 1948.

Variations in concentration, in nutrient agar + 1% lactose.

per ml	K-12	S-20.
50r	faint red	Borders of streak + i.c. stained.
100r	beginning red	more thoroughly stained
200r	W.I.C. deeply stained.	"
500r	" " " "	" " " " " "

50r + Brilliant Green 25r. — sharply inhibited. A few red resistant.

Variation in nutrient medium - 50r T2/ml. Agar 1.5% Lactose 1%
K-12 S-20.

- | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 1. Peptone 1% | WIC faint red. | WIC deep red |
| 2. " 1/2% | Some large colonies red | Some WIC deep red. |
| 3. N2 Case 1% | faint red. | All IC deep red; borders of streaks are stained. |
| 4. Casein Hc 1% | All -, except near 50r. | All colonies uniformly deep red. |
| 5. N2 Tare 1% | —————> | Intermediate between 4 and 3. |
| 6. N2 Amine B 1% | Well isolated faint red | W.I.C. deep red. |
| 7. " " A 1% | All colorless | All colorless. |

④ is the most satisfactory medium here encountered, giving a uniform intense red reaction. 50r may be optimal level. Except variations in T2 concentration, pH of medium + addition of Brilliant Green.

T2 Reagent for enteric pathogens.

227a

June 17, 1948.

Make up lactose agar with Casein acid 1%, Yeast Extract .1%
 Streak out ① K-12 ② *Shigella flexneri* ③ 753 ④ S-20. P17.

1	2
4	3

N18:

①

②

③

④

50r T2. faint red near center. Most colonies are inhibited but *Shigella* much larger. Hazy large red colonies. Entire growth red.
 - Y. Ex. ④. *A. flexneri* white. small, deep red. deep red.

50r T2
 + Y. Ex.

As above. K-12 a little redder in their parts of the plate, near S20.
Shigella much larger.

Mucose. All white.

faint pink in spots.

Mellon. ④ All red. 1 & 2 are faint red in central colonies (albeit *A. flexneri*?).

Selactone. All ~~red~~ All white.

2% Casein acids. K-12 colonies near S20 are red. Y-53 most inhibited, but red.

Brilliant Green 25r All inhibited except S20 - good red colonies.

" " 10r All but S20 inhibited.

T2 10r. *Shigella* red & white colonies. 753 spotty red streaks. S-20 Uniform light dirty red.

T2 25r. As 10, more intense.

T2 50r, preautoclaved. Like standard.

See EMB. ① large white ② inhibited ③ + ④ large white.

Grow Y2 broth cultures of: *shelae overnight.*

S20

S21 Numerous plaques.

S22

S23

S39

S40

S43

S46 Numerous plaques. (maybe confused with S22 serum).

S56.

Sediment most of the cells + heat supernatant 30 m. @ 57° to kill cells.
Spread S36 (*Gallinarum*) as N.A. and inc. \bar{c} loopful of supernatant
to test for lyogenicity.

Use S21 as the standard for possible studies on lyogenicity.
(Mutants can be used on synthetic plates).

Add 2 ml supernatant + 1 drop S36 culture + shake overnight.
Sediment, add supernatant to fresh S36 culture, shake 6 h., sediment
+ filter. = S55.

Salmonella - irradiation for mutants on T2. 229

June 19, 1948.

spread SY7 + SY8 on galactose T2, + a few plates each of
glucose, mannitol, + gluconate T2.

Cross tests of *Salmonella* phages.

June 17, 1948.

On bac T2 plates, spread 1 drop of ϕ + 1 drop bacteria.

S20

S21.

~~S20~~

Sp-1 $10^3 - 10^4$ tiny plaques, but no confluent lysis.

numerous plaques, obscured by smearing of resistant?

Sp-2 Confluent lysis + a few dozen large and resistant colonies.

A few plaques noted. See above?

Sp-3 ? Smear areas of lysis.

Confluent lysis obscured by smearing.

All plaques are quite small when noted. Recover large plaqued phage from original streakings from crude phage.

Cross-streak on T2 agar: Sp-1, Sp-2, + Sp-3 + Sp-4.

Sp-5, smear on S36 shows no plaques (smearing?) but when streaked exhibits numerous plaques.

S-20

~~S-20~~

S-20/2

S-20/2

S-20/2

S36

} No lysis.

} lysed only by Sp-5.

June 16, 1948.

Plate 1 drop Y10 + 1 drop (ca 10^9) phage on EMB Lac. (-NaCl!)

- T1 Uniform lysis. Ca 700 ~~to~~ resistant. Test these on T5, T1h.
 T2 v. numerous small plaques peripherally; cleared area centrally.
 T6 ditto.
 T7. Uniform lysis. Ca 100 resistant.
 T1+T7. No survivors.
 T1+T2. Edges of some colonies irregular. Otherwise like T1 only.
 T1+T6. Numerous (ca 50-100) resistant, many with plaques in them.

Omission of salt may have prejudiced these results. Repeat the series & check sensitivity to phages.

100 Y10/1 were tested on T1h and T5. 99 were resistant to both
 1 was T1h^R; T5^S.
 Subculture as W-401
 = Y10 V_{1a}^R.

June 18, 1948.

Plate 1 drop (= ca 10^8) Y10 + 1 drop (ca 10^9) phage on nutrient No 22 agar.

T1. Uniform lysis. Ca. 300 resistant.

T2. Uniform lysis. Ca. 10-12 (mucoid?) resistant.

T3k. U.L. Ca. 10-20 resistant.

T4. Uniform lysis. 2 mucoid resistant.

T5. U.L. Ca 300 resistant.

T6. U.L. Ca 100 resistant.

T7. U.L. Ca 200 R. (spreading contaminant).

T1+T2. Ca 10-12 R. (Some nibbled).

T1+T3 1 nibbled resistant

T1+T4. 2 mucoid resistant.

T1+T6. 1 mucoid; 1 "non"-mucoid resistant (cont?)

T5+T6 10 mucoid resistant.

T1+T7 1 tiny colony, probably cont.

T5+T7 No resistant

grew out as mucoid bact.
 "purify" as W-402.
 → pick as 231-1.

pick as 231-2
 did not grow out on the EMG

[Compare with E. coli B when, according to Demerec + Lucia, the combinations 11,4 ; 11,5,4 ; 12,3,4,7 ; 11,2,3,4,6,7 occur with some frequency. (1,6) combinations should be studied more extensively, also using coli B.]

June 19, 1948.

Test Y10/1 m. (on nutrient salt agar).

T1h	T5
S	S
R	R

4	46
96.	

Y10/5	m T1	51	all R
		Y10	S.

Y10/6 on T2, T4.

5 tested, T2^S T4^S. 16 more tested. T2^S.

∴ 21/21 T6^R are T2^S. This differs from (B).

Purify as 231b 1-4. Check for T1 resistance.

Test on nutrient NaCl Agar (NSA):

W400	T1	T1h.
W401	R	R
-1	R	S?
-2	R	S *
-3	S	S *
-4	R	S *

(T1-sensitive —)

* These streaks show a heavy underlying layer of growth which may also be indented with plaques. This makes scoring somewhat uncertain. -2 showed complete lysis in the same region. Streak out this growth as 231b-1A etc.

Tests repeated at room temperature show 231-1 to be completely resistant to T1h ~~also~~, but sensitive to T5, while W400 scores T5^R. Repeat all tests with once purified colonies.

Previous scoring of K/1 as T1h resistant may have been due to absence of NaCl in the medium.

Streak out the subculture in the streaks of 231-b-3 + 4, T14.

(3) shows considerable lysis in both head streaks, and superimposed development of some mucoid resistant. (4) streaks out well. Purify 4 further & test isolated colonies against T14 and T5.

231b - ~~4~~ 41 etc.

Test 5 colonies.

T14

S

S

R

R

S

T5.

S

S

R

R

S.

This background is, therefore, for the most part sensitive although lysis may be delayed.

Do not pursue further.

Perhaps plaque formation should be studied quantitatively?

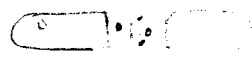
June 21, 1948.

231b-1, 3+4 form rather small colonies on nutrient agar. Continue purifying them to establish stocks. Retest isolates on USA

	T1	T1h	T5	
W400	R	R	R	} W - Has been misclassified.
W400	R	S	S	
Y100	R	S*	S	
-1	R	S	S	
-2	S	S	S	
-3	R	S	S	
-4	R	S	S	
-1*	R	S	S	

* from T1 original test streak.

* incomplete lysis.



Plaques ~~appear~~ appear in the "resistant" section. This may be due entirely to incomplete absorption of virus.

Check infection of -1, -3 + -4.

	T(0)	+TLB ₁	+TLB ₁ +T ₁ yp.
1.	-	+++	+++
3.	-	+++	+++
4.	-	+++	++ ---

June 19, 1948.

Irradiate Y10 + Y40 on Lac-T2.

Y10 a) 4 seconds 5 pl. x ca 2000 = 10,000. Plates very crowded.
 dl. ③ all+

b 5 sec. 10 pl x ca. 600 = 6000.

- | | | |
|-----|---|---|
| 11. | • | All+, rather small cols. |
| 12. | • | All+ |
| 13. | • | W406. Slow+ |
| 14. | • | W407 - |
| 15. | • | + and slow+, do not recover. |
| 16. | • | All slow+ |
| 17. | • | Mostly +, a single - ? noted W408 No mutant. |
| 18. | " | Slightly slow. do not recover. |
| 19. | • | all+ |
| 20. | • | All+. |

Y40 a) 4 secs. 4 plates x ca 1000/plate. = 4000

- | | | | |
|---|----|---|------------------|
| 8 | 1. | • | Apparently all+. |
| 7 | 2. | • | W403 |
| 6 | 3. | • | 2+ colonies. |

b) 5 secs. 9 plates x ca. 500/plate 4500.

- | | | | | |
|---|----|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 5 | 4. | • | W402 W408 | 4 mutants (8 tested). |
| 4 | 5. | • | W405. | |
| 3 | 6. | • | A few + colonies. | |
| 2 | 7. | • | Apparently all+, some slow? | |
| 1 | 8. | • | W404 slow fermenter | |

Streak out on EMBS to find possible mutants.

June 18, 1948.

Plate 820 + 821 \bar{c} 1s-1, 2-3.

	Sp-1	Sp-2	Sp-3.
S-20	$\approx 10^3$ sm. plaques.	Uniform lysis, moderate sm. plaques.	No plaques.

S-21.	<u>No plaques.</u>	<u>No lysis.</u>	<u>A few large plaques.</u>
-------	--------------------	------------------	-----------------------------



Phages are therefore specific for S-20 & S-21. Regrow them!

Cross test; streak on plates

	Sp-1	Sp-2	Sp-3	Sp-5
S-20	R	fairly ev. lys.	R	R
S-21	R	R	R	R
S-36	R	R	R	S
S-20/2	R	R	R	R
"	↑	↑	↑	↑

Phages Sp 1-5 grown again on specific hosts in #2 Y2 both N-P 19.

Spread carefully \bar{c} sp. host on NSA to get estimate of titer.

Sp 1 - S20. Confluent lysis + resistant colonies.

Sp 2 - S20 ditto

Sp 3 - S21 A few dozen large plaques, \bar{c} concentric rings:
Titer clearly very low. A few very large plaques,
with indefinite margins.

~~Sp 4 - S20~~

Sp 5 - S36 Patchy areas of complete lysis.

See over:

Spread S36 on (1) N.A.
(2) T(B₁).

Superimposed.

N.A.

1. B-P-5

Indefinite zone of lysis & halo clear.

2. S20

3. S21

Good growth; sharp margins (lytic halo??)

4. S27

5. S28

6. S210

T(B₁)_{SP5} Central area of growth; wide halo on margins (3-5 num).

S20 Good growth. No marginal halo

S21 Marginal halo (ca. 5 num) discernible.

S27 No growth; definite marginal lysis, best observed around pinpoint inoculation.

June 20, 1948.

On NSA, plate "1 drop" each of bacteria + phage.

- ① Y40 + T5
- ② Y40 + K-12 + T5
- ③ K-12 + T5.

A21. ① Uniform growth.

③ Uniform lysis + resistant colonies, ca 200.

② 2 plates - Uniform growth.

No virus mutants of T5 active on Y40 were noted.

lysogenicity of S-21 mutants.

June 20, 1948.

From irradiated T₂ plates, pick single colonies of SW-7 and SW-10, in attempt to find non lysogenic colonies. Streak growth directly on a) Lac EMBS and b) ~~SW~~ T(10,1) smeared with SY-36, ~~and~~ look for lytic areas on b).

- Plate 1. SW7. 42 colonies tested. 42 lytic areas
2. SW7. 42 tested. 41 lytic areas. 1 untested (out of bacterial smear)
3. SW10 28 tested 25 lytic areas.
3 not clear, retest.

Retest SW1-3

June 22, 1948. Irradiate 10 secs. on Lac EMBS plates.
Repeat above procedure.

1. SW7. 62 tested. Each one lytic. Lytic zones usually somewhat turbid. Occasional clear plaques, probably virus mutants.
2. SW8 8 colonies which grew on minimal agar. These are barely distinguishable on lac agar. All but one is not lytic. Isolate 1 active, 1 inactive & test for Salmonella. With these exceptions, all of 63 tested are lytic.
3. SW10. 65 tested. All lytic.
4. SW11. None lytic of 65 tested. [Is SW-11 a mutant of SW7?]

Note Note small possible plaque-like areas in the streaks of S21 deoxy. streaked on + lysing SB6. (Is SB36 lysogenic?)

June 27, 1948.

Repeat expt. on SW8, plates incubated 20 and 30 secs.

Some tests were made by puncturing agar with inoculating needle rather than making a short streak.

109 tests. Each survivor carried intact phage!

June 19, 1948.

Use T2 50r/ml + Casamino 1%, Y. Ext. 0.1%, Sugar 1%.

Irradiate all cultures 5 secs. ~~500-~~

Y40. Glucose ca. 500/plate. Most colonies deep red! Occasional wh. cols!

Glucanate. 1 plate: central spreading zone of pink colonies; start at thinnest part of plate

1 plate: uniform white colonies; 1. (S) formed. - slow on Yna
W409

Galactose Same plates sl. smeared. Occ. red colonies

10 plates x >600 cols. too crowded to read well 1 picked to Gal EMB.

Y10 Glucose. 2 pl. x 800 cols. 2 likely mutants. No!

Galactose 10 pl. x 800

SW7. Yna. Many cols rather deep pink. Pick deepest one.

Gal. As above

Manitol Many colonies bright red!

No other mutants

SW10 }
Sug. }
Gal } As SW7.
Manitol }

June 21, 1948.

Plate Y10 with T1h. Test resistant to T1 and T5.
70 tested. All were resistant both to T1 and to T5.

58-161 with T1h. Test on T1 and T5.

60 tested. 57 resistant to both; 3 show some action of T5 but not of T1.

T1h T5.

= 237-1

Plaque ridden; must be sensitive

W-413 237-2

R

S

W-414 237-3

R.

S

} show a substrate of unlysed cells
similar to that of V_{10}^R on T1H.

Y10 with T5. Test on a mixture of T1 + T1h.
68 tested All resistant.

Y10 with T2. 1 plate shows half a dozen moderately large colonies and 1-200 rather small.

Y10 - T6.

Y10 - T1 + T2 20-30 good sized rough colonies. Several mucoid ~~rough~~ radiate colonies observed. Pick + test.

T1 + T6. Several mucoids per plate, only.

W401 plated with T2h. June 26, 1948.

75 resistant colonies picked and tested for T1-resistance.
All 75 colonies were resistant to T1 (cf. Benia's report that B1/1/2h was sensitive).

Salmonella cross.

238.

SW3 x SW10.

June 19, 1948.

Grow up cultures, wash + spread on T(0) agar.

P21. Pick colonies and streak on Arabinose + ~~Arabinose~~ Xylose
EMB.

SW3 - numerous colonies. 11 picked X+A+

SW10. 5 picked all X-A-

SW3+SW10. 22 picked. 19 X+A+ 2 X-A- 1 ? (maybe A-X+).

Streaked on arabinose + xylose = 237-1. : Mixture of
A-X- and A+X+.
No Recombination.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
SW11	0	AK3 + 0	H.C.	Y.Cc.	Uts.	MCV	Rhamnose.
	- ✓	- ✓	+++ ✓	++ ++++	- -	+++ ✓	- ✓

H.C.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
SW5.	0	MC	V	MCV	Y.Cc.	X-1	X-3
	-	-	-	-	+++	-	-

Y.Cc.
!

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
SW W93 Valine +:	0	+	-	±	-	-	-

?

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Y132	0	+++	-	+++	++	-	-

MC.

Arginine +:
20h.

SW11. Grows on A3 + A5 or A3 + EA. ∴ Requires either leucine or threonine.

SW11.	A3 + H	M	A3
	A3 + Th.	Th.	-

June 23, 1948.

1. W-183 x W-401.
2. Y87 x W-401.

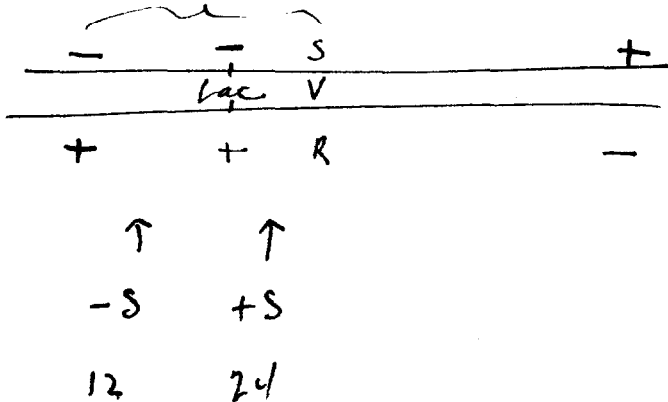
Pile P26 and test crosses on T1; EMS Lac.

①

-R	-S	+R	+S.		
3	4	15	5	$\frac{R}{S}$	$\frac{31}{18} \cdot 49$
4	2	9	7	+	$\frac{36}{13} \cdot 49$
7	6	24	12	-	

B-M-Lac-V^S x B+M+T-L-Lac+V^R Lac = 72%, linked to BM.
 V_{1a} = 60+% also linked to BM.

Indicated order:



But these are not linked to each other! V_{1a} may, then, be to the left of B₁!

(1) W401 x W183. T1:

* T(B₁)

-R	-S	+R	+S.
24	17	36	10.

Note: 46+ : 41-

14+ : 18-

60 : 59

T(O):

4	10	17	1
---	----	----	---

Ratio should be 80+ : 40- !

(2) W401 x 487.

T(B₁)

	T ₁ T ₅ ^R	V ₁ ^S	T ₁ ^R T ₅ ^S	T ₁ ^S T ₅ ^S
lac-	15	9	6	3
lac+	27	20	7	13

24

47

71

lac+ = 47/74 ok.

V₁^R V₁^S = 42/29 ok.

* Nutrition of W401 needs to be rechecked!

June 28, et. seq.

① 58-161 / T1. 100 tested 98 resistant to T1h and T5
 2. Sensitive
 presumably V_{1a}^R .

Purify as w-413 + w-414.

② 58-161 / T1h. Test on T1 + T5. 56 tested.
 15 = 241 - 2

③ w183 / T1h 28 tested. " 15. = 241 - 1.

④ ~~w-401~~ / T1h. Slow absorption but lysis finally complete.

Test on T1 + T5. 55 tested.

Many ribbled plaques. 195. (241 - 3 - 12).

	T1h	T5	T1		w-415		
w183.	R	S	R		415	1	
58-161	R	S	R	plaque ridden	416	2	
w-401	R	S	R		417	3	
3	R	S	R	plaque ridden	418	4	
4	R	S	R		419	5	
5	R	S	R				
6	Lysed						
7	R	S	R		418	420	7
8	Lysed						
9	R	S	R	A few plaques.	419	421	9
10.	Lysed						
11.	Mucoid			but T5 S!	420	422	11
12.	Mucoid, T5 ^R			lysed....			

V_{1a}^R crosses.

242.

~~June 27, 1948. Et Sq.~~ July 4, 1948.

Ant (B.) unless indicated.

(1) W401 x W-183

(2) W401 x Y87

(3) ~~Y100 x 58-161.~~
Y94 x W-314.

July 6, 1948.

- ① W-183 x W-401 4+ : 3- All T₁-S!
- ② W-415 x W-401 See below.
- ③ W-415 x 464.

-R	-S	+R	+S.	∴ not allelic to V _{1a}
8	1	10	1	

~~③. all - 19R 3S ; not allelic to V₁
 Call the resistance factor carried by W-415 V_{1c}^R. Its phenotype
 is T₁R T₁hR T₅S.
 May be allelic to V₁^R~~

③. All T₁R. - Some are T₅S.

1. = ϕONa 2. = ϕOH 3. = $\phi\text{OCal.}$

July 9, 1948. Beckman Spectroph.

$M/5000$ o-nitrophenols.

λ	S.W. (mm)	1	2	3
350	.3	.270	.706	.325
340		.217	.669	.431
330	.3	.205	.583	.519
320		.269	.513	.564
310	.32	.418	.571	.559
300	"	.662	.843	.541
290	.37	.930	1.232	.589
280	.4	1.010	1.445	.749
270	.43	.860	1.324	.980
260	.48	.881	.928	1.045
250	.54	1.166 1.157	.570 .571	.860 .857
240	.63	1.84	.574	.819
230	.84	+ 4	.870	1.158
220	1.2	0	1.446	1.600
215	.9	0	2.25	2.4
210	1.3			
290	.2	.922 .930	1.188 1.173	.590
288		.975	1.238	.611
286		.979	1.290	.630
284		.998	1.331	.658
282		1.005	1.370	.696
280		1.00+	1.394 1.403	.735

264 = max

(280)

1. = ϕONa 2. = ϕOH 3. = $\phi\text{OGal.}$

July 9, 1948. Beckman Spectroph.

M/5000 o-nitrophenols.

λ	S.W. (mm)	1	2	3
350	.3	.270	.706	.325
340		.217	.669	.431
330	.3	.205	.583	.519
320		.269	.513	.564
310	.32	.418	.571	.559
300	"	.662	.843	.541
290	.37	.930	1.232	.589
280	.4	1.010	1.445	.749
270	.43	.860	1.324	.980
260	.48	.881	.978	1.045
250	.54	1.166 1.157	.570 .571	.860 .857
240	.63	1.84	.570	.819
230	.84	+ 4	.870	1.158
220	1.2	0	1.446	1.600
215	.9	0	<u>2.25</u>	<u>2.4</u>
210	1.3			
290	.2	.922 .930	1.188 1.173	.590
288		.975	1.238	.611
286		.979	1.290	.630
284		.998	1.331	.658
282		1.005	1.370	.696
280		1.00+	1.394 1.403	.735

264 = max

(280)

		1	2	3
278	.2	.990	1.390	.780
276		.96	1.379	.821
274		.935	1.345	.880
272				.920
270				.970
264				1.045
260				1.037
262				1.040
264				1.044
265				1.038
266				1.027
263				1.040

Tungsten lamp.

340	.18	.226	.672	.447
350	.27	.300	.638	.326
360	.11	.372	.616	.217
370	.09	.509	.530	.130
380	"	.664	.410	.068
390	"	.818	.293	.034
400	.15	.980	.185	.015
410	.05	.979	.180	.011
470	.04	1.088	.053	<0
440	.03	.925	.105	0
460	.03	.603	.103	-

480 113
500 102
~~520~~
515

316
1134
1050
0

1039

0

~~Y15 + 1%~~ T2 Medium.

(14)

To NA-lac-T2, add: / 50 ml.

①. 5ml M/10 buffer pH 7.0	Y10	S20	Y87
②. 1 ml "	-	-	±
③. .5 ml "	-	+++ uniform!	+++ exc. bi. st.
④. Sodium lactate 50% .5 ml	mls. all cont.	+±	+±
⑤. CaCO ₃ g.s. .1%	-	± occ +	± occ +
⑥. Sodium succinate 1g.	±	±	±
⑦. Asparagin .2g	mls. g.		
⑧. Na formate g.s. .5%			
⑨. Methylene blue	-	+	+
⑩. Control.	-	OK w/col.	++ occ col.

Repeat critical members. Some numbers rubbed off plates during autoclaving & maybe confused. Buffering seems to be the "lead"

July 10, 1948.

N.L.A. + (50ml.)

446 487 520.

- sl. vials. ^{unif.} +++ ++ -not h. sh.

1. Buffer pH 7 1ml 14/10.

- all but faintest
+++ +++

2. Sodium lactate .1 ml 50%

- +++ ++

3. Asparagine .2g

- light red light red
+ +

4. Sod. succinate .5g

- vials. ± +

5. Sod. formate 10% 1cc

6. —

~~+~~ - faded in some colonies
+++

7. Buffer 14/10 pH 6.0 1ml

- faded faded.

8. " 14/5 pH 6.6 .5ml

- ± faded

addition of sodium lactate seems to be helpful.

July 7, 1948.

Cultivate overnight in YB:

SW-7, SW-12, SW-7 + SW-12.

Wash and plate on T(B₁):

1. SW-7
2. SW-12
3. SW7+SW12.
4. ① + ②.

No colonies (except for obvious contaminants) on any plates. 7/10/48.

July 8, 1948.

Test by cross-streaking.	SD-2	SD-6.	Growth in broth.
S-20	S	R	R
SW-7	R	S.	S
SW-12.	S	R	R.

∴ 16 is sensitive to SP 2, suggesting that we have here smooth + rough phages, as confirmed by growth habits.

Plate #21 c SW12. No plaques noted (e.g. SP 3).

SW3 / Sp 4 ultimately gave a fairly dense secondary growth, limited at first to a few colonies.

SW7 / Sp 6 gave a large proportion of resistant, licks + purify.
(possibly because taken from an old culture).

SW3 / Sp 2 gave a few colonies at margins which are probably sensitive

July 10, 1948.

(1) SW7 x SW12. Grown separately overnight in 4B and plated
on T(15,1):

July 12: colonies noted on X and SW12 plates.

SW12^R. 10 tests all Ar+ Sp6^R. SW12 is supposedly Ar-!
Three tests sig.

Mapping the V loci.

July 10, 1948.

w-112 (Lac- V^S) X.

1. w-413 (V_{1a}^R)!!! No yield! on T(B₁). 17+ : 99- on Lac EMS'

Sensitive!!!

2. w-416 (V_{1c}^R) excellent yield. Test from T(0) + T(B₁) to EMS & EMA'. 7/12

3. ~~Y87 (V_1^R)~~

①: - : 72 S 1? R
+ : 14 S 0 R.

knuckles very close linkage of V_{1a} to BM. Check parents:

w112 S!
w413 S!

249-1

→

S! from T(0) All S : 1+ : 6-

②. from T(0):

-R	-S	+R	+S
11	16	0*9	9.

T(B₁)

55	83	35	10.
----	----	----	-----

* 9+ colonies (not otherwise scored) were "incompletely" lysed by T1 but supported definite plaques.

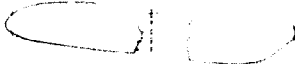
streak out some streaks for further identification:

many colonies show "partial" lysis.

- (2) Many "R" streaks show some regions of lysis within the streak.
The following is offered:

~~-R -S +R +S.~~

S.O:

1. "-R"
2. "
3. "
4. "
5. + 

Test 5 colonies derived from each.

1. 5 - cultures show *fuzzy* lysis, some individual plaques, *fuzzy* same for all 2 + 3 cultures.

∴ these crosses could not be scored. (use ~~these~~

recombinants originate from W416 (Vic^R) which is
T1^R T1h^R T5^S.

Compare 24961 with W416 and 58-161 ~~in~~, T1, T1h, T5.

EMBLac

EMS + TLB₁

NSA.

July 10, 1948.

Nutr. Lac Agar + 50 r/ml T2 - + :

	W413	W112	SW 7.
1. —	—	++	++
2. Na lactate .01 ml	—	++	±
3. .05	—	++ ^{is.}	+++
4. .10	±	+++	+++
5. .50	+ max:	+++	+++
6. 1.0.	inhi -	inhi	inhi.

11 etc. .1 ml lactate

11. —	±	+++	+++
12. + .1 ml M/5 NaOH	—	—	— no inhibition?
14. M/10 buffer pH 6.0 1 ml	±	+++	+++
15. " pH 7.0 1 ml smeared.			





Mutation test: irradiate 58-101 on medium #1. 27 plates.

On many plates, all colonies have red centers.

Pick up those with most intense reaction.

ca 150/plate.
4000 colonies.

This maybe in part an effect of radiation

1.		→ —	W425	R
2.		→ + and -	W425	S
3.		→ all +		
4.		→ —	W427	R.

T1: probably contains T.O.

V mapping.

July 12, 1948.

(1) W413 x Y64

413 mg. Good yield!

(2) W416 x Y64

on B, + T (C).

OK!

(3) Y87 x W401.

(4) W415 x Y10.

2. taken from B, . Pick large colonies to water; small cols. to EMS'. 66 small: 82 large noted. Test T₁, T₅.

Large: EMS'. -R -S +R +S.

Small: 8-: 40+.

-:	T1h	T5	T1
+:			

to
EMS
~~(C)~~ rotates
to T(0).

ac
+:

T1
R
P
P
P
P
R

T14
R
R
R
R
P
R

T5
R
S
R
S
P
R

R, S, + P

-:

P
P
R
S
P
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R
R
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R
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R
S
S

?

251-1: many colonies were radially nested, suggesting segregation. On first subseq. streaking, both +, -, and radial streaking were noted. In 1st plate; test + and - both a + and - were T₁ (S).

Restreak from broad streak of 1st plate:
251-2.

July 21, 1948.

See 251b-c.

From streakout plate of "251-1" chose 9+ and 10- colonies and 1 mixture for phage test:

Lac	T1	T5	Lac	T1	T5
+	P	S	-	R	R
+	P	S	-	R	R
+	P	S	-	P	S (251-3)
+	P	S	-	R	R
+	P	S	-	R	R
+	P	S	-	R	R
+	P	S	-	R	R
+	P	S	-	R	R
+	P	S	-	R	R
+			-	R	R
I		+S -R			

Note: parents were W416 and Y64.

58-161 V_{1c}^R

~~58-161~~ V₁^R
T-L-B, - lac -






except for 251-3, the culture seems to have "decomposed" into parental combinations. Check distribution!

Restrains from gross mixtures: +, -, and mixed cols. seen.
(from 251-1) 251a had only + and -

July 13, 1948

58-161 37 plates 6 sec. rather smeared but estimate ca. 7000 tested.

Nutrient Agar + 1% lactose + 50 mg/l. T2. Autoclave together

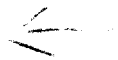
- | | | | |
|----|---|------------------------|--------|
| 1. |  | +++ and slow | W- 426 |
| 2. |  | + and - | 427 |
| 3. |  | + and - | 428 |
| 4. |  | + and - | 429 |
| 5. |  | + and - (fairly slow). | 430 |

July 15, 1948. T2 Glu run.

100 plates x ca. 150 cols./plate = 15000 tested.

4 mutants recovered + tested to be $V_1^{S!}$, Lac- (? for 433)

Take Partially "typed"
section of 24961 from E 1706ae/T1.
and S.O. 254-1.
"partial dips" in thick section.



(A) Phosphine "GNR" received from Amer. Cyan. Co. Made up to 1mg/ml and filtered through paper. Add to Nutri Bath + autoclave. Add to make conc. indicated in v/ml:

SW7:	10	A7:1 No appreciable growth inhibition noted. Use 100x level for further expts.	Feasibility may be due to eye. Use 10x level.
	20		
	30		
	50		
	80		
	100.		
	0.		

SW10. 10. A10:1

(B) Potassium arsenite, Meckl, made up to 4/100 (as $KAsO_2$)

SW7	1:100	some inhibition	B7:1
	1:50	appreciable "	

SW10.	1:50	" "	B10:1
-------	------	-----	-------

Use 4/10,000 = 1/250 in further expts.
Wash cells for all transfers.

(A) 7:1 is first tube recorded on 253, etc.

P15: Transfer from :2 to :3, loopful transfer.

A10-5.

10 tested 9 carry phage.
1 ? Repeat test.

A7-5.

16 cultures tested on 5436. & SW-10
all still carry phage.
> 2 are not phage.

Check new phage strains resistant

254

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17

4
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
8

401
402
410
411
412
413
414
415
416
417
418
419
420
421
422
58-161
~~Y80~~
~~162~~

T1	T1h	T5
R	R ^{P.L.}	S
Mucoid R	R	R
S	S	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
2 plaques S	S	S
R	R	S
R	R	S ^{P.L.}
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S
R	R	S

Secretive n.g.

T5^R !!
" !!

Salmonella:

	Sp 2	Sp 6	
SW3	S	R	
SW7	R	S	
" SW3/2 "	S	R	
" "	S	R	
" SW7/6 "	R	S	
" "	R	S	not true resistant!

July 17. Redueck:

LacEMB:	W417	T1	T1h	T5
	Y10	R	R	S
	249-b1	S	S	S
		P	P	S
LacEMS+TLB,	W417	R	R	R
	Y10	S	S	S
	249-b1	P	P	S
Lac NATZ	W417	R	R	SP
	Y10	S	S	S
	249-b1	P	P	S

partial lysis
not clearly
seen with W417
especially on media
where its growth is
deficient.






July 16, 1948.

Grow W-252 and W-327 in Lysa broth overnight.
(Test first on Lac + Mal EMB, T2).

	EMB/Lac	EMB/Lac	EMB/Mal	T2 Lac	T2 Mal	
252	-	++ (1-noted)	-	+++	+++	* all white!
327	-	-	±	±	+++	

purify + restreak. ~~Irradiate 10 plates each of T2 Lac + T2 Mal with 252 + 327 respectively.~~

Irradiate suspension of 252 Lac + on EMB + T2, pure plates each.
Controls: EMB: all ~~++~~ +++.
T2 " "

- EMB:
1. Small - ? large + small S.O. on EMB. all +.
 2.  + and - W436
- T2
3.  + and slow
 4.  slow +
 5.  all - W437
 6.  + and slow
 7. - colony noted on original streaking of W-252. = W431

19. Saturated gives colonies with a strong -) reaction on T2. Purify and keep as W-462.

July 19, 1948.

Quadrant W252, purified, br. sec. on a) ~~EMBLac~~ 45 plates

b) T2 Lac 45 plates.
ca 200 pu = 9,000.

D.G. fecit

W327 " 6 secos.

on a) EMB Mal } 45 plates.
b) F2 Mal } 200 pu. = 18,000.

W252). b). S.O. from T2 to EMB Lac.

1 plate {

- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. slow | 13. + and - 448. | 31. + - 458 |
| 2. slow | 14. all - 449 | 32. + - 459 |
| 3. slow | 15. all + | 33. mostly - 460 |
| 4. slow | 16. all - 450. | 34. mostly - 461 |
| 5. + and - W-438 | 17. + and slow + | |
| 6. slow. | 18. + and - 451 | |

W327). b).

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. - or slow. W439. | 19. all + S.O. on T2. |
| 2. + and slow | 20. + and - 452. |
| 3. + and - or s. W440 | 21. slow + small |
| 4. mostly - . W441 | 22. " " |
| 5. all + | 23. mostly - ; some + |
| 6. + and slow | 24. slow + small |
| 7. + and slow 442 | 25. (temperature?) all + |
| 8. all +. | 26. - (slow ±?) 453. |
| 9. +, -, and slow | 27. all - 454 |
| 10. + and slow | 28. - or. + 455 |
| 11. + and - 446 | 29. + and - 456. |
| 12. + and slow 447 | 30. + and - 457 |

All cultures tested: see top - 1/5

July 16, 1948.

Prepare N.A. plates \pm 2% sucrose + 50r/ml T2 + varying
 Tergitol 7 (~~in 1 ml~~) in ml/50 of .1% solution:
 N = - sucrose S = + sucrose.

P18: Tergitol	N	S.
.2	Mod growth $\frac{1}{2}$ plate	heavy growth + conidiation
.5	"	"
.7	no growth	* slim. growth + conidiation
1.0	1cm. thin growth	Moderate growth to edge of plate
1.4.	< "	No growth

No plates showed colored mycelia.

Next day: growth similar + advanced

No color.

July 20 ff.

SW7/6 purified from 254 residues following individual colonies.
High mutation rate from R \rightarrow S apparent.

July 19. S.O. SW7/6. Test 20 colonies on Sp 6.

19 R
1 S.

1 R inoculum for cross

July 22, 1948. SW7/6 X SW10

Gen T(10):

SW7

SW10 = Tr - Ar + Sp6^S

R.M. \rightarrow

Tr + Ar - Sp6^S as USA to check stability.

SW7/6. IL - Ar + Sp6^{R \rightarrow S}

also S.O. parental suspensions

July 25, 1948.

SW7. No cols 1/2 pl.

SW7/6 " 1/2 pl

SW10 2 cols 1/2 pl. \rightarrow

10 X 7/6 9 cols 1/2-3 pl. Test \rightarrow 9 cultures.

#5 Ar + Sp6^R

#1-4, 6-9. Ar - Sp6^R.

Repeat phage tests on T(10) \bar{c}

S71 control. Checks on fermentation of Mal, Lac + Gal.

All sensitive!

Contn. 251.

Test five "±" colonies from 251a for mutation

±	1	0	BM	TLB, BM TLB,
	2	++++	++++	++++
	3	"	"	"
	4	"	"	"
	5	++	"	+++

Lact	1.	-	+++	-	+++	BM!
	2.	-	"	-	"	BM.

vac (251-6) → MTLB² W472
 → do start for subculture.

vac	1.	-	-	-	+++	TLB, BM?
	2.	-	-	+++	+++	TLB.

TS S!

When first tested, with right
 missense, was T-LB. Recheck for
 a better requirement.

"±" colonies seem to be prototrophic, and are splitting off numerous
 recombinant types. Strike out tubes of ± / BM TLB,
 and test colonies for all nutritional and phage characters available.

P24. (1)-(2) streaked out from BM TLB, is vac E415. Test mutation
 of single + and a single - from each:

	0	BM	TLB ₁	Com.	TS
2. 1-			+++	+++	R
2. 2-			+++	+++	R
2. 3.		+++		+++	S
2. 4.	-	+++	-	+++	S
2. 5.			+++	+++	R
3. 1+		+++			S
3. 2+		+++			S
3. 3+		+++			S
3. 4+	+	+++	+	+++	SR
3. 5+		+++		+++	S

-S
 +R.

is vac -
 Note! of vac -, a
 recombinant.
 ↓ W-4/66

July 23, 1948.

- (A) 847 / Galactose EMB. 6 sec. Hanovia lamp.
 31 x 300+ readable plates (many others smeared). ca 10,000.
 11 possible tested. 260-A: 111. 1 Gal - found SW-13.
 Check 0 Sp-6.

- (B) 161 / Glucose T2, EMB. 45 }
 45 } x ca. 300 each.
 many smeared.
 T2. 3 tested. 1 + and -
 260-1. Recheck and test on Lac, T1.
 Lac - T1^S W-467

July 23, 1948.

S.O. from 251a1 to EMS. Predominantly lac + protolysins (1:100 or -). Pile 28 of these and streak out on lac EMS, PIV. Save suspensions!

Designate mosaic + as M.
Write types in relative order of frequency.
() v. varying.

P25.

1. M - +

2. M - +

3. M + (-)

4. M (-) (+)

5. M

6. M -

7. M (-) (+)

9. M -

10. M + -

11. M - (+)

12. M - (+)

13. M + (-)

14. M (-) (+)

15. M (-) (+)

16. M.

17. M (+)

18. M (-)

19. M

20. M (-) (+)

21. M - (+)

22. M + (-)

23. M - +

24. M -

25. M - (+)

26. M - +

27. M - +

28. All -.

Streak out on ~~new~~ EMS.

a) M colonies

b) equally dense mixtures of - and +

streak out on EMS: M colonies.

Test for sensitivity.

Suspensions 1-9 were tested with T1 and T5 for sensitivity to T1 + T5 on T(0). Each culture was sensitive to both phages. From this T(0) plate, inoculate T(0) slants as W465: 1-9. (H for heterokaryon).

July 25, 1948.

PLAN: streakout in series



whether 465 can be "purified".

P25. Streakout -1, -2, -3, -4. (from T(0) phage test plate: see 261.)

- A. EMS' Numerous colonies, all +. on all 4
- EMB. +, -, and M colonies predominating.

A27. S.O. 4 Colonies from A1.

EMS 4 cols from B1. →

- B. EMS. 4 +, - and M predominant.

C. EMS. All four are +

P28 EMB. + and -; too thin to determine whether they are mosaic.

Take 1 col. each from C for D ↓

P30. D: EMB. P31. Most colonies still mosaic.

- EMS. (A1) ① 1 + colony with - sector. Others (-)
- ② all +.
- ③ all + → E(1-4).
- ④ 1% -; others +.

P31. + colony to T(0) liquid.
 grow overnight: streakout
 on EMBs 262 - D11
 ca 60% variegated. Numerous
 + colonies.

P1. EMS. 1,3,4 all+ 2 1:100, -:+

EMB. All predominantly variegated. Select four colonies from "4" for

F ↓

Aug. 12, 1948.

J. EMS: 1-4 All +

EMB: $\left. \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} \right\}$ mostly Var.



EMB + Na. nucleate $\left. \begin{matrix} 1/2\% \\ 10\% \end{matrix} \right\}$ variegation, uncreasable due to modification

EMS. All+. ^{EMB.} All Var.

K. \downarrow EMS

P14. EMS 1-3. All + 4. 1- 2 cols suspended for M \downarrow

L. EMB All V.

P16 (M). EMS 1, 2 All + EMB Varieg. Store in ref.

P23+ (N). do. Store in ref. P28 +.

9/10 ca. 0. do. from EMB plate to EMS for P, 9/20/48.

Verify colonies on EMS + transfer to T(0) agar as W465
282 P

August 3+, 1948.

F. EMS. All 4: all+. 4 cols. from ①
EMB. all predominantly variegated.

G. EMS A7. All+.
EMB. 1. Predom. Var.
2. " " "
3. Partially Var. Many full+ or sl. varieg. colonies.
4. Predomin. Variegated.

Select 4 colonies from EMS-1 as H: 1-4.

" " " EMS-3 as H: 5-8

A8: 1-8 tested as T1, T5. mEMS; EMS. All 8 were +S on ~~T1, T5~~ EMS.

H. An EMS, all showed ± resistance in χ^2 tests, T1 + T5 illustrating the segregants.

EMB: 1-8 all prominently variegated.

EMS (A9) 1: appreciable -
2-8 All+.

from 3 and 2 ⁽¹⁻²⁾ For I choose 2 cols. ₍₃₋₄₎ from 5.

A9. EMS
EMB.

I. ~~A9~~ EMB.
1 Var.
2 Var.
3 Var. } colonies tend to look uniformly dark when crowded.
4 Var.

EMS. All, all+. 2 from 4 from ③ → J P10.

P10.

J

July 26, 1948.

Sec:	261-	Lac.	0	BM	TLB,	BMTLB, Lac	TI	T5	Recheck wt. reading later idy.
1	7	-			+++	+++	-	R	R
2	7	+		+++		+++			
3	8	-	-	-	-	+++	-	R	R MTLB, ✓
4	9	-			+++	+++			
5	10	-	++	++	+++	+++	-	R	R
6	10	+				+++		-	
7	23	-	-	-	-	++++	-	R	R MTL ✓
8	24	-			+++	+++			
9	26	-	+	+++	+++	+++	-	P ^{R?}	R ^{S?} mixed?
10	26	+		+++		++++	+	P	S. parental. MTL

259-6.

12
13
14

Test for phage and streak on lac E M₁₃ from BMTLB, tube.
Repeat mutation of 3 + 7 directly.

263: Test - segregants.

R: HTL - 15 TL - ~~10~~¹⁴ Pectroph. - 1
 T - 2 M-1 ML 2 MT 1.

S. M 6.
 O 2.

+

R. TLB, (M?) 1.

S. M 8.

M is definitely not segregating properly, being in marked excess both in lac⁻ and lac⁺ categories. Is it sorting properly? However, this may not be a random sample. B₁ + B₂ certainly are not.

Save as

		(H5)	
W-472.	M-T-L-	lac-R.	= 259-6.
473	M-	lac-R	
474	M-L-	lac-R	
475	M-T-	lac-R	
476	T-	lac-R.	
477	T-L-B ₁ -	lac-R.	} (for further crosses).
478	M-	lac ⁺ S	

Retest single colon

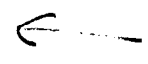
		-T	-B	-M	-L	+	
		BMTL-B,	BMLB,	MILTB,	BTLB,	BMTB,	BMTLB,
w463	3	-	-	+++	-	-	+++ MTLB,
w467	7	±	-	+++	-	-	+++ MTL(B,?)

	0	BM	TLB,	BMTLB,
{ 5a	-	-	-	+++
{ 5b	-	-	-	+++
9a	-	++	-	+++
9b	-	++	-	+++
10a	-	+++	-	+++
10b.	-	+++	-	+++

sublac -
~~parental~~. Check
 phage. ~~Understandably~~

parental in all respects.
 i.e., BMTlac + V₅^S · V_{1c}^R

Pick 45 prototrophs at random from EMS.
and test for phage sensitivity to T5.



lac- (4 colonies) 4 S 0 R.

lac+ (41 ") 37 S. 4 (?) R.

Recheck + of 4 S's. all were S.

all + prototrophs → primarily M colonies, with poorly demarcated sectors. (Also occasional + and -

(The plating of 261-1 [→] has given the most sharply sectorial colonies noted so far).

Search for symcayon:

204.

w-1 x Y40.

July 27, 1948.

Cross heavy suspensions of w-1 and Y40 on EMA(0) Malt.

Pu plate,	-	+
P28:	26	2
	17	2
	13	5
	15	0
	16	1
	8	0
	8	0
	11	1
	18	1 + 1?
	15	1
	17	2
	5	1 SEC.
	14	1
	11	0
	22	3
	22	6
		21

Pick all +'s and a) streak out on LacEMB b) test with T1 on EMS.

4 +R 6-S 6-R. No +S (possible heterozygote).

A29. New crop of Malt+ colonies (some rather hazy). Pick + test on lac, T1.

14 tested with lac, T1.

5-S 7-R 1 +[?]S Streak out on Lac S +
lac EMB.
269-1. pure lact.

July 26, 1948.

Grow 261-1 in T(0) 24h. Distribute and plate carefully
on EMSB, EMS!

	Total.			
1. EMSB.	14.	3-	2+	9M.
	12	1-	3+	8M
	13	4-	1+	8M
	10	1-	2+	7M
	12.	3-	1+	7M.
	<hr/>			
	61	12-	9+	39 M.

2. EMSB.	21.	4	2
	28	4	2
	17	1	1
	21	4	3+
	27	3	4
	<hr/>		

+1 colony
large.

		16.	12
3.	32	1	4
	33	1	1
	37	4	4.
	35	2	2
	45	6	7

	Total.	#	-	#+	M.
4:	19.		3	1	
smared.	31		0	2	
	25		2	0	
	37		9	0	
	22		2.	3	

Collect +, -, and clearly sectored colonies from these plates.

O = +

S.

O = ~~B~~ -

Test on EMB Lac / TS.

Sectored colonies were chosen for complete analysis if they appeared to have segregated early in colony formation.

Pick 4 colonies (A-D) from each set of plates (1-4) + 9.0 on Lac EMB

EMS:	+	-	Total	Mean + prototrophs
1.	7 12 14	0 0 0	7 12 14.	11
2.	15 20 15	0 0 1	15 20 16	17
3.	35 19 34	0 0 2?	35 19 36.	27
4.	23 22 42	0 0 1	23 22 43.	27.

Pida - colonies more or less randomly from 265 plates + test \bar{c}
 TS. Parental Comb. = lac- TS^R; Lac+ TS^S. (letter diff. by M)

lac+ : ~~9R:1S.~~
 9S:1R

lac-	R	S	
	9	1	
	16	4	
	15	4	
	<hr/>		
	40	9	749.
	9	1	
	<hr/>		
	49	9	58.

Ca 20% of the lac-
 signants are non-parental.
 Ca 10% of the lac+ sign. are
 non parental.

July 29, 1978.

- 1A: 1-9 Lac- 10 Lac+
- 1B: 11-7 Lac- 8-10 Lac+
- 1C: 21-25 Lac- 26-30 +
- 1D: 31-35 - 36-40 +
- 2A: 41- -50
- 2B: 51- -60
- 2C: 61- -70
- 2D: 71- -80

B- and B₁- have been scoring v. poorly indeed + should be omitted from consideration

parents were M-Lac+ V₅^S
T-L-Lac- V₅^R.

Test sensitivity to TS:

	1A	1B	1C	1D	2A	2B	2C	2D
	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
1	R	R	R	S	R	R	S	Lac- R +++
2	R	R	R	S	R	R	S	R
3	R	R	R	S	R	R	S	R
4	R	R	R	S	R	R	S	R
5	R	R	S	S	R	R	S	(S)
6	R	R	S	S	S	S	S	R
7	R	- R	S	S	S	S	R	S
8	R	+ S	S	S	S	S	R	R
9	- R	(R)	S	S	S	S	RS	R
10	+ S	(R)	S	S	S	S	S	(Lac+ R. Th.)

Nutrition: 1 (MTLB₁) (M) TL (M) MTL TL(B.) L (+++)

10. M +++ M(T?) M TL T/L TL TL

10 of 11 subcultures completely ~~empty~~, 21, 51, 10, 50, 60 = 5 were parental. i.e., had no colonies. M and TL.

W-471.

July 30, 1948.

Retest cultures 71-80 nutritionally and for lac; phage, from phage test plates. Preserve 2D mixture on slant as 265-2D.

Repeat phage.	Lac	TS	Nutr.	Graph ⁺	Lac	TS	Nutr.
71. -R	-	R	MTL	✓	+++ G	61. -S	M
72. -R	-	R	TL	✓	M	-S	M MTL
73. -R	-	R	MTL	✓	+++	-S	+++ MTL } do do
74. -R	-	R	TL (15.)	✓	M	-S	L ✓
75. -S	-	S	M	✓	TL	-S	L ✓
76. +S; -R	+	R	+++	✓	+ S	+ S	M ✓
77. +S	+	S	M MTL	✓	+S; -R	+ R	+++ ✓
78. +S; -R	+	R	+++	✓	+S; -R	+ R	+++ MTL } heterozygote
79. +S; -R	+	R	+++	✓	+S; -R	+RS	+++ MTL
80. +S; -R.	+	R.	+++	✓	+S. ✓	+S.	M MTL

Phage tests n.g. Repeat!!
Do. 61-70. Repeat phage tests.

Many of the Lac+ recombinants are apparently still heterozygous in these platings, especially if prototrophic. Perhaps they have a lower segregation frequency. Struck out #78 and #88 on EMSlac
See 271

These colonies obviously have more than 4 kinds of recombinants

July 28, 1948.

Grow SW10 (Tr-Ar-) and SW13 (IL-Gal-) in ~~YB~~ YB overnight,
wash + plate conc. suspensions on T(0) plates.

Pr8. 10: (3 plates). No cols.

13: 3 plates No cols.

X: 7 plates. Syntrophic background + a scattering of tiny
colonies. Pick same + streaks out on T(0).

1.

2.
3. 3 tested on gal; arab.

No exchanges.

1: Gal - Ar +

7: Gal + Ar -

A29. Pick 9 further cols + test:

9 tests: all Gal + Ar -

Summary: 16 Gal + Ar -
1 Gal - Ar +

From exp. 265, pick variegated colonies, streakout & recover 1+ and 1- from each variegated. Align as far as possible (some plates had no well correlated +s so that the -s are unpaired). a - b = +.

	Lac	T5	Nutr. (Lig.)	Agar.	
1 a	-	R	M+++	B,+	
b	+	S	M	B,+	
2 a	-	R	MTL ++	B,-	M+ } 5
b	+	S	M	B,+	M- } 14.
3 a	-	R	M-	B,-	
b	+	S	M	B,+	
4 a	-	S	L TL ident	B,-	R+ } 7
b	+	S	M	B,+	S- } 11
5 a	-	R	u.g. M	B,+	
b	+	S	M	B,+	T+ } 14
6 a n.g.	+		M(L)	B,+	
b	-		M	B,+	T- } 5
7 a	-	R	M ++	B,-	
b	+	S	M	B,+	L+ } 13.
8 a	-	S	TL ident M	B,-	
b	+	S	M	B,+	L- } 6
9 a	-	R	TL	B,+	
b	+	S	M	B,+	
10 a	-	R	TL	B,-	
b	+	S	M	B,+	

1-20 are from earlier streakings.

In this series, liquid nutritional tests covered only MTL due to the failure of B + B, to score & present washing facilities.

Every + in this series is M- Lac+ V₅^S
 The "-"s are: -S:2 -R: , with a variety of nutr. requirements.
 Preserve (2a).

	A.		B.	
	lac	TS	TS	HL
21.	+	S	±	R.
2	-	R	space.	+
3	-	R	+	S
4	-	R	+	S
5	-	R	+	S
6	-	R	+	S
7	-	R	+	S
8	-	R	+	S
9	-	R	+	S
30	-	R.	+	S

	A		B	
31.	-	R	+	S
2	-	R	+	S
3	-	R	+	S
4	-	R	+	S
5	-	R	+	S
6	-	S	+	S
7	-	S	+	S
8	-	S	+	S
9	-	R	+	S
40	-	R.	+	S

	A		B.	
41.	-	R	+	R
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
50.				

51.	-R	+S
52.	-R	+S
53.	-R	+S
54.	-R	+S
55.	-R	+S
56.	-R	+S
57.	-R	+S
58.	-R	+S
59.	-R	+S
60.	-R	+S.

61.	-R	+S
2	-R	+S
3	-R	+S
4	-R	+S
5	-R	+S
6	-R	+S
7	-R	+S
8	-R	+S
9	-R	+S
70	-R	+S.

phage? ↑

11	-R	+S
2	-R	+S
B	-R	+S
4	-R	+S
5	-R	+S
6	-R	+S
7	-R	+S
8	-R	+S
9	-R	+S
20	M -S	+S

Of ^{100.} ~~80~~ acceptable tests, 5 recombinations between lac and H_s.

	A	B		A	B		A	B
71	-R	+S	81	-R	+S	91	R	+S
72	-R		2	"	"	2	R	+S
73	-R		3	"	"	3	R	+S
74	-R		4	"	"	4	R	+S
(75)	-S	M	5	"	"	5	R	+S
76	-R	?	6	"	"	6	S	+S
77	-R		7	"	"	7	S	+S
78	-R		8	"	"	8		+S
79	-R		9	"	"	9		
(80)	-S	M ↓	10	"	"	10		

101	-R	+S	111	-R	+S	121	R	+S
2	-R	+S	2	-R	+S	2	R	+S
3	R	+S	3	-S	+S	3	R	+S
(4)	-S	+S	4	-S	+S	4	R	+S
5	-R	+S	5	-S	+S	5	-R	+S
(6)	-S	+S	6	-R	+S	6	-R	+S
7	-R	+S	7	-R	+S	7	-R	+S
8	-R	+S	8	-R	+S	8	-R	+S
9	-R	+S	9	-R	+S	9	R	+S
110	-R	+R	130	-R	+S	130	-R	+S

130		
131	-R	+S
2	-S	+S
3	R	+S
4	-R	+S
5	-S	+S
6	-R	+S
7	-R	+S
8	-R	+S
9	-R	+S
140	-R	+S

Total: among ca 155 } lac - ¹⁴ ~~14~~ recombinants. (-S)
 135 } lac + 2 recombinants (+R)

Many of the - cultures of the preceding series are somewhat densely papillate, suggesting they may be *mysine*. Re-purify the following as Lac-⁺ recombinants.

4a, 8a, 21a, 36, 37, 38, ~~39~~³⁰, 75, 80, 96, 97, 104, 106, 110, 113,
132, 135 (a).

68, 110, (b).

Nutritional Tests.

On liquid:

W447	TLB.
W448	M.
W-1/1	TLB.
W21.	TM! ?

	Lac	T5	Nutr. (liquid).	✓
132a	-	S	M	
113a	-	S	M	
37a	-	S	M	
38	-	S	M	
20	-	S	M	
106	-	S	M	M
133	-	S	M	M
96	-	S	M	M
80	-	S	M	M
75	-	S	M	M
W-478	+	S	M (w-1)	M-
110B	+	R	TLM	TLM (b, b, ?)
63b	+	S	M	M-
36a	-	S	M	M-
21	-	R	M	M-L-
8	-	S	M	M-
4	-	S	M	M-
110	-	R	TLM	T-L-
104	-	S	M	M-
97	-	S	TLM.	M-
W-21.			M-	

A.

B.

See 274.

July August 1, 1948.

Cross, heavily, W477 x 478 on EMS Lact agar (- thiamin) for Lact + combinations.

A4: Occasional + colonies; no - noted at this time Ca 2-3/plates.

29 + tested all TS^S on EMS. However, all but "8" are apparently pure + when streaked out on EMB. 267-8 shows marked variegation S.O. on EMB, EMS + transfer to T(0) as W-~~472~~ 479

A.) Single colonies from 1-29 were picked and streaked for test on TS on EMB + EMS. These plates were inadvertently refrigerated until P7 when they were incubated.

B.) Streaks from A4 TS-test plate were picked for ~~re-~~ retesting on TS, EMB + EMS.

A: EMB: +S. No - residue suggesting segregation.

B. ditto. All seem to be stable +S. This is incredible in terms of linkage hypothesis. Save 1-5 as 267:1-5 for further study later.

August 2-3, 1948.

	W-470		W-108		58-161	
Gluc	++	A+G	-	A+C	+++	A+G
Lac	-	-	-	-	"	A+G
Mal	-	-	-	-	"	A+G
Tre	-	-	-	-	++	A+G
Sac	⊕	-	+	A+G	+++	A+G
Gna	+	A+G	+	H+G	"	H+G
Arab	+	A+G	+	A+G	"	A+G
Xyl.	+	A+G	+	A+G	"	A+G
Fru	+	A+G	-	A+G	"	A+G
Heum.	+	A+G	-	A+G	"	A+G
Rham		A+G		A		A+G

Tests 16h. fermentation tubes.

W-470 " W-108

August 3, 1948.

- P2. 1 colony from 262E (synth) inoculated in T(0). Stk's overnight.
- 10 A3. Transfer .5 and 1.0 ml to 10ml fresh T(0) and shake.
- 9 picked by Di. The Cory to a tryptone broth; None grew. Expt N.G.

August 3, 1948.

Use same inoculum as in 269. (Washed)

broc. .5 ml into each of following: (additions / 10 ml + conc) *Ulothrix*

			Turbidity	8P4	etc.	TLB, BM.
1.	Basal (see infra) - phosphate		18	22		
2.	" + .05 ml "	"	29	42		
3.	" 0.1 " "	"	35	45+		
4.	" .5 " "	"	48	75		
5.	" 1.0 " "	"	43	96		
6.	" + .5 ml P. + 5% Na nucleate		3	(deposit on bottom)	9	scattered
7.	" " 2%		11	(extended)	15	
8.	" " 1%		21	57		
9.	" " .5%		27	63		
10.	T(10)		60	87	(colored)	
11.	Leunassaray broth.					
12.						

H₂O 4. 2-
broc. 14 14
Standard A. = 100.

Basal = 1 l.

de Columbia p. 109 ff.

Na acetate
KNO₃ 1
NaHCO₃ .5
Na citrate .2
Am. sulf. 2
Mg SO₄ .1

CaCl₂ 4.
Glucose 5

phosphate solution class:

30g K₂HPO₄ / l. = 10mg P/cc.
10g KH₂PO₄ / l.

Analyse out cultures from: ①, ③, ⑤, and ⑨, ⑩, ⑪.

	1	3	5	9	10	"
v	26	21	5	9	10	"
+	4	6	11	mostly -	6	"
±	5	4	15	or +	4	could not be used!

Aug. 1-3, 1948.

Ref. 265c.

265-68 and 265-78 are derived from single, apparently pure, + colonies which behaved a) phototrophically and b) on lac T5 broke up into +S and -R. Streaked out on A) lac EMB and B) lac EMS.

A). Pick single + colonies and test on T5 on EMB and EMS.

EMB: 10 cols. - 68 all + R. Retest!
 - 78 "

EMS: none grew.

B) Scattering of + phototrophs is rare -. Pick +'s and a) streak out on EMB b) test on EMS-T5 c) on EMB T5.

D + c: b. all were + S. c) all reacted + R.

a) AY: seem to be segregating typically i.e. +, - and Nancy; predominant

Production of heterozygotes.

Aug. 6, 1948.

① 477 x 478 - lac EMS.

② 477 x W-21

③ 478 x W-1/1 (mMal EMS)

3M + 4M n.g. background too heavy

④ W21 x W-1/1. (mMal EMS)

P.8. ① 9 plates. ca 8+ : 4-.

Pick + cols. + test for T5 resistance on EMS lac'. Also, S.O. on EMB. ~~→~~

②. 9 plates lac EMS. ca 7- No +! Pick one possible slow + on lac + Mal EMB → is (-) on lac S, and shows a few + on lac EMS. No Maltoz.

③. 8 lac S plates.

+	-	+	-
9	10	10	5
3	4	22	15
3	10	8	11
4	5	6	5
		4	2
<hr/>		<hr/>	
19.	29	50	38
		788.	

Test on lac S for T5 and S.O. on Mal EMB!

①. 2 n.g. 1, 3-7 tested: all lac+, 1/5^S on lac EMS!

② None of these show signs of variegation when streaked out on EMB lac!
 (A9) → 5 additional + and -.

③. 79 tested: 17 is -S; All +s are T5^S! Streak out on Mal EMB: #1 is Mal+! others are Mal-. Streak out #1 ^{on lac} and #4, + #7 as possibly lac ± from appearance of phage plate.

1. 2 n.g. 1, 3-7, all +S #4 is Mal+, #7 is Mal- and some variegated colonies.

P.O. #7 is distinctly variegated. S.O. on Mal. + lac EMB.

Aug. 11, 1948.

See 272 last P.

W482 (on colonies on Mal EMB: all -
W483)

On Lac EMB: Most colonies were + or -, occ. Var.

- 482: 1
- 2
- 3
- 4.

483 - showed more frequent variants.

Talae lac + prototrophs from 8/9 / plate on Lac S 273-3-4
and 273-3-1.

- 482: {
- 1. +, - and V
 - 2. Mostly V.
 - 3. + - and V.
 - 4. Mostly V.
- E4B {

Picky to T(0) as W482.
from EMS.

- 483. 1. +, - and V
- 2. Mostly V. → W483.
- 3. Mostly V
- 4. (EMB) - .

(3) 51 additional Lac+ tested on MalEMB - TS.

A10.

8 were appreciably Malt+. All apparently TS^R, streak there out as 272a 1-8. Parents were checked:

w21	Malt -	V ^S	& QK.
w477	Malt+	VR	
w478	Malt+	V ^S	
w480	Malt -	VR	

40 Lac- tested: 3 possible Malt+ noted. 2^S: 1^R.
S.O. as 272a 9-11.

- 9. Pure Malt+
- 10. Malt- and +; nonvarigated cols. } on Mal EMB.
- 11. Pure Malt+.

On Lac EMB.

- 1. Occ. Var. colonies. streak to MalEMB, LacEMB + see EMS as ^{w484.}
- 2. + and -
- 3. Pure +
- 4. + and -
- 5. + and -
- 6. + and -
- 7. Pure +
- 8. - and Var. As (w485).

- 484 - Pure Malt+ . Lac + and - . LACS not yet ready.
and Var.
- 485 - Pure Malt+ Lac +, - and Var. " "
- 486 - Malt+ or ± Var, + and Lac - " "

Aug. 13-14.

Isolate + checks W482- W486.

482. 1. Mostly V. 2. + and v. 3. v. 4. V, +.

483. 1. largely V
+ 2. V, +.

3+4 } all +!

484. 1. V. 2. v. 3. v. 4. v.

485. 1. v. 2. v, +. (3 v.) 4. v.

486. (1 v. 2. v, r, - 3. v, v.

272-1 colonies. 5+ 5-(6-10)

- ↳ 1. Mostly -, some + No V.
- 2. " " "
- 3. All +
- 4. All +.
- 5. +, - and Var. Pide as w486 to LacS, LacB, MalB.
- 6. Mostly -, some + No V.
- 7. "
- 8. "
- 9. "
- 10. "

Phage tests on T5 LacS

	var	T5
1	-	R
2	-	S
3	+	S S
4	+	S
5	+	S
6	-	R
7	-	R
8	-	R
9	-	R
10.	-	R.

no residual film, characteristic of V_{1C}^R

Chemical control of segregation.

August 7, 1948.

Basal medium of 270. \bar{c} 1.5% agar.

Adjust upwards to 7.3 before adding buffer.

1. + M/500 phosphate, pH 7.0. T(0).

2. + " " + BMTLP₁

3. + M/50 " " T(0).

4. " " " "

5. " " " + 1/2% Na nucleate.

P7. Struck out a colony from 262-51 as source of heterozygotes. Also, suspensions of W-477 + W-478.

51 grew rather well on all media. 477 + 478 did not grow.

on 1 or 3. W478 did very well on the other media, and 477 moderately

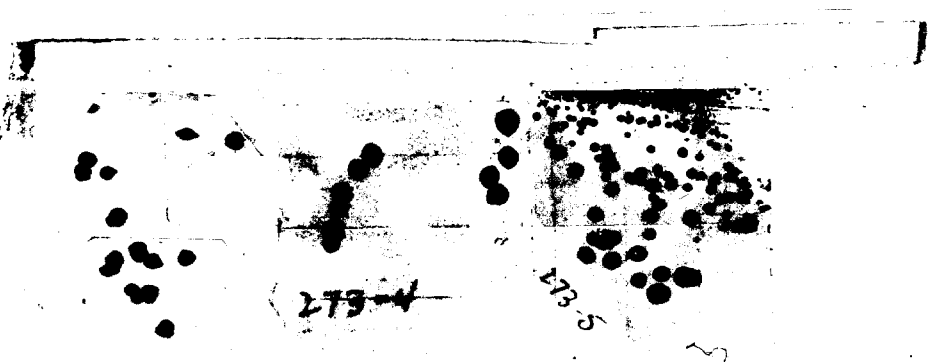
well! Pick 10 colonies each from 2, 4, & 5 + S.O. on Lac EMB.

A10. (1). 1 v. 2 v. 3 v. 4 v. 5 v. 6 v. 7 v. 8 v. 9 v. 10 v. Predominantly variegated.

(2). 1-3. ^{??} V. purum. 4 T, V. 5. v. 6. v. 7. v., 8. v. 9-10 unresolvable.

(4). 1-4 largely + and -, occasionally variegated. 5-8 same. 7-10 same.

(5).



273-1

$PO_4 = M/500$

$PO_4 = M/50$

$PO_4 = M/50$
Na nucleate .5%

August 8, 1948.

S.O. to reify:

~~10~~ (repeat!)

121-130.

	lac	T5		lac	T5	
	A.			B.		
121	-	R	TLB, M	+	S	M
2	-	R	M	"	"	M
3	-	R	M	"	"	M
4	-	R	TLB, M	"	"	M
5	-	R	M	"	"	M
6	-	S	ML	"	"	M
7	-	R	MLB, -	"	"	M
8	-	S	TLB, -	"	"	M
9	-	S	TLB, -	"	"	M
130	-	R	ML	"	"	M

6, 8, and 9

These were streaked out as lac and individual colonies tested.
 10 colo. each, all were lac- V_S^R ! Gf. growth is + tubes!

8/11-12²¹¹

Lac + cont.	-B 12-97	-L	-M	-B ₁	-T	+	All Lac + V ₅	Nutr.	Nutr. var-par.
(75) 8a	+	+	-	+	±	+	S	M	M-✓
25a	+	+	-	+	+	+	R	M	M-✓
37a	+	+	-	+	+	+	S	M	M-✓
38a	+	+	-	+	- +	+	S	TM	M-✓
96a	+	+	-	+	- +	+		TM	M✓
97a	- +	- +	- -	- +	- -	- +		ΔC -	M-✓ TM-
20a	+	+	-	+	- +	+	S	TM	M-✓
104a	- -	- +	- -	- -	- -	- +		TMB.	M-
113a	-	-	-	-	-	-		mag	M-✓

8, 4, 20, 21, 37, 80 r V₅-S

75 V₅-R Reel cube: S.

104 is of special interest.

Aug. 9.

(A) Pick vac + papillae from 266d test plates and 50. ml Lac EMBS.
2/struck.

(B) Plate 132a, 113a, + 37a suspensions from BMTLB tubes
in T5 and T6. to pick up resistant.

		Isolated + T5	Nutrition.
(A10)	21a. clear + and - . No varieg. (V).	FS S	
	20a. Do.	S	M-
	97a. Do.	S	M-
	4a. Do.	S	
	38a. Do.	S	M-
	37a. Do.	S	M-
	113a. Do.	S	M- ✓
	132a. Do.	S	
	80a. Do.	S	
	96a. Do.	S	M-
	133a. Do.	S	
	104a. Do. (1 papilla)	S	THB ₁ - !
	110a. Do.	(B) S	104 Lac - M- }
	106a. Do.	S	
	8a. Do.	S	M-
	75a. Do.	S	M-

Study intensively papillae of (104) (110). Struck - and + to NA slants.

Selective media for fern mutants.

Final Plate out on univalent lactose agar + Na_2HPO_4 2g/l +
 lact med -

phosphotungstate	1%	+	-
	.1%	-	-
	.05%	-	-
	.01%	+++	+++
	.005%	+++	+++

48 hours.

no differential inhibition!

No Buffer:
 Sod. sulfite 1/2%

Na Benzoate 1%	-	-
.1%	±	±
Na Salicylate 1%	-	-
.1%	±	±

Agar v. soft
 growth only in heavy streak.

Neutral Red. 104%

+++	+++
-----	-----

Background of - changed to yellow.
 Colonies, especially + take up fair amount
 of dye.

Janus Green .04%

++	++
----	----

St. inhibition - cells somewhat reddish
 compared to background. + cells same color as
 background.

Acid Fuchsin.

.4%	+	+
.20%	+++	+++
.1	+++	+++
.05	+++	+++
.02	+++	+++
.01	+++	+++

B = phosphate buffer M/50 7.0

+++	+++
+++	+++
+++	+++
+++	+++
+++	+++
+++	+++
+++	+++

+ colonies generally took up some dye; - did not but decolorized the dye,
 presumably due to alkaline shift.

211
Crosses on low P media.

August 12, 1948.

W-251 x W-480

B-M-Az-

T-L-V₃ - Hal₁ - Lec₁ - V₁^R

Cross ~~is~~^{very} heavily on a low phosphate EMS:

EMS - Phosphate

+ K_2HPO_4 M/500

+ Ethylenediamine citrate buffer pH 7.5 M/100. (= Medium 277).

Cf. EMS normal.

No colonies found at all, nitrogen - P media on EMS.

August 12, 1948.

Streak out 262-J. on: (BMTL₂ added).

EMB: mostly variegating.

1. [EMS-P] + M/100 Phosph. buffer pH 8.
2. " M/500 + citrate M/100
3. " M/1000 + " M/100.
4. [EMS] + ARSENATE M/1000
5. " " M/200
6. " " M/100
7. " " M/50.
8. " BARBITURATE M/500
9. " " M/100
10. " " M/50.
11. EMS + H.C. + BENZIMIDAZOLE M/1000 = 118 r/ml
12. " " M/2000 =
13. " " M/5000.

a) Growth of + and -.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1. limited +, - not scored. | 2. mod. gr., no ferm. |
| 2. | 3. slow. vils. |
| 3. Growth very poor. | 4. No growth. |
| 4. Growth moderate; fermentation inhibited. | 5. Growth & ferm. OK. |
| 5. ditto | 6. OK. |
| 6. ditto | 7. OK. |
| 7. " , growth may be sl. inhibited. | |

b) I: too soon to read.

G: growth + - ferns.

N15: (A) Growth of 146(+) and 187(-).

1 G+ F±

2 G±

3 G+++ F-

4 Growth moderate. Considerable vits. of fermentation.

5 G(++) F(±)

6 G(+) F(±)

7 G(±) F(+)

8 G(±)

9 G(±)

10 G(+++) F(+++)

11 G(+++) F(+++)

12 G(+++) F(+++)

13. G(+++) F(+++).

(B) (3) G(++) F(++) V(0).

(2)

1. G(+++) F(+++). + and - colonies, but no visible variegation!

4. G(+++) F(+++) + and - " , no visible variegation.

5. " " " " "

6. G(++±) " +, + some variegation?

7. " " " " !

8. G+++ F+++ variegation possible, but not easily read.

9. ++ +++ " "

10. +± ±

11. +++ +++ Variegation +++.

12. " " " "

13. " " like 8.

EMS does not show satisfactory amount of variegation.

August 11, 1949.

①. w-478 x 4-46 on Lac S'.

②. Plate with T6 on Lac EM3: 107 resistant observed: all bac+.
Purify for w278/6 stock to use in crosses.

Plate c T5: ca 100 resistant, all bac+

89 tested; 1 - colony noted [279-1]. Pick + test for T6 resistance
on Maltose EMS!
T7.

Mal-, T1^R V₆^R V₇^R. ∴ contaminant.

August 10 - 1948.

W478 x W480 on MalS + LacS.

(A). On Mal EMS (no B₁):

N12: 182- : 16+ } 198. Ca 12:1 (cf 100:1 for standard)
 1-15 Full Malt 16 is sector'd + and -. Test on LacS-TI and
 S.O. on Lac EMB.

(B). Lac EMS (no B₁) 15+ : 41- } 56.

(C). "Slow" or indefinite Mal+. Test for TI on EMS-Lac and for MalEgi:
 on EMB Mal

(A) Mal+:

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16

Lac EMS-TI

+ P
- R
- P
- P
- R
- R
- P
+ P
- R
- P
+ P
- R
- R
- R
- R
- R

EMB Lac.

+
-
-
-
-
-, +
-, +
+
-
-
+
-
-
-
-
-

∴ None of these are
Lac segregating.

+ and - on Mal EMS.

(B). Mostly Lac-. # 8 = +P.

None segregating on Mal EMS



August 13, 1948.

B. Lact:

	Mals	TI	Lac EMB.
1	-	?	++
2	-	P	++
3	-	P	++
4	-	R	++
5	-	?	+, V?
6	+	P	++
7	+	P	++
8	-	P	++
9	+	P	V, -
10	+	S	+
maybe dupl. ← #11.	-	P	++
12	-	R	++
13	-	R.	+

5.
Retent₁ 9, 10 and 11 from Mals plate.

(A) *Staphylococcus* to Mal EMB.

1-5 pure + 6 + and - Nov. 7-16 All +. No Mal variegation!

(C) Ditto: 1. - 2 - 3 -, + 4. - 5-8 +, - Nov.

9-11 +, - Nov. 12. + 13-16 +, - Nov. 17-18 +, - Nov.
Lac D Lac EMB. Mal EMB.

(B) 5: All +. All +. All - Nov.

9. All + -
slow than

10. +, -
otterpictroples. Variegated.

All + ??*
maybe variegated. = W487.

11. +. + -

colonies were possibly variegated, but could not be definitely scored.
Streakout from Mal and from Lac on bac + Mal + Cf.

484
482

10 colonies from lac EMB streaked out. 1 - (A) and 1 + (B) from each. B - not scored. Exc. where indicated

A.	1	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺	B.	1	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	2	TLB ₁ -		2	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	3	TLM -		3	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	4	TLM -		4	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	5	TL		5	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	6	TLB ₁		6	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	7	TLM		7	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	8	TLM		8	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	9	TLB ₁		9	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺
	10	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺		10	B ₁ - B ₂ ⁺

All segregants were Mal⁺ and (TS^R). Recheck! all B's show signs of ~~some~~ sensitivity to TS, as does A10 and possibly A1. Not sheep!

W482 (6 pairs). All Mal - TS^R.

A.	1.	TLM	TLM	40h.
	2.		N.G.	
	3.	TLM	TLM	
	4.	TLM	TLM	
	5.	LM	✓	= W491
	6.	TLM	✓	= W492

B.	M	M
	M	M
	M	M
	M	M
*	M(+)	++
	M.	M
		M <u>Kupas</u>
		w- 490
		w-493

Mal TS
W484 (6 pairs). 40h.

A.	1	TLB ₁	+	R	40h.
	2	TLB ₁ (4)	+	R	TLB ₁ *
	3	TL M	+	R	M*
	4	TLB ₁ (M)	+	R	TLB ₁
	5	TLM	+	S	✓
	6	TM	+	R	M

	M	+	R
	M	+	R
later M *	TMB ₁	+	?
*	++(TM)	+	R
	M	+	R
	M	+	R

* Streaked and retest colonies.

Aug. 14 -

1-5 from Mal 6-10 from Lac. Segregating colonies to EMB.

	Lac	Mal.
1.	Mostly -, some + and V.	Mostly + and a diffuse "+"
2.	" " "	" "
3.	Many + and -, also V.	All +
4.	Many - and + " V.	"
5.	Mostly -, +. " V.	All +.
6.	+ and - ; a few V.	All +.
7.	-, + ; " "	Mostly diffuse +, some strong +
8.	-, + many V.	" "
9.	-, + several V	All +
10.	-, +, "	All +.

Pick 10 - and + (A, B). and test on 42 EMB for phage rec.
from lac EMB.

Pick 10 Mal+ + test on lac for T5R.

Aug. 12. 1948.

noz. push 58 into (10). +.

	A13	P14.
O	0	±
B	+++	+++
M	±	+
T	±	-
MT	++	+++
L	±	±
ML	±	+++
B ₁		-
MB ₁	±	+++
TL	±	+++
TB ₁	-	++
LB ₁	-	+
MTL	++	+++
MTB ₁	++	+++
TLB ₁	±	++
MTLB ₁	++	+++
MLB ₁	±	+++

MT especially have considerable activity, possibly in excess of that shown separately.

August 16, 1948.

Prepare washed cultures of A-58-161 and B-W-1 from Penassay 12. Dilute to give A/B 1:1000 and B/A 1:1000. Inc. 2 ml each into tubes indicated. Assay for original content at 10^{-7} dilution, and add 3000 u Penicillin G / 10 ml tube = 300 u/ml: 2 PM. 6:15 PM, assay at dilution equivalent to 10x (A) and 100x (-) original content, allowing for 90-99% total killing. Also, streak out each culture on lac EM2

O: A/B 764 ± 1+ Total Count = 1.53×10^9

O B/A 528 ± 3- " " = 1.08×10^9

Tube #	Culture	Result	T.C.	PS	PS
1.	B/A T(Un) BHTLD, Lac.	All+	.24	.65	.65
2.	B/A T(BHTZB,)	All+	.25	.36	.64
3.	B/A T(BH)	All+	.22	.30	.70
4.	B/A T(TLB,)	All+	.30	.44	.56
5.	B/A T(W)	All+	.35	.51	.49
6.	A/B - (1)	All-	.6	.73	.27
7.	" (2)	All-	.09		1.08
8.	" (3)	All-	.7		.19
9.	" (4)	All-	.7		.19
10.	" (5)	All-	.09		1.08

Note: This run was made with cells grown overnight which had been washed and refrigerated in saline for several hours. The killing has been much less altogether than in Zinder's expts. It is likely that very fresh cells have to be used for A/B interchange. ~~unwashed cells to compare with~~ used!

A/B	0.	-	+
sci.		135	0
		169	0
		156	1
		161	0
		143	0
		<hr/>	
		764	1
	m = 153.		

B/A	0.	+	-
		135	2
		68	0
		107	0
		100	1
		118	0
		<hr/>	
		528.	3
	m = 106		

- 1. Crowded+ 7-
- 1A. 236+ 1-
- 2. Crowded+ 7-
- A. 247+
- 3. Crowded+ 11-
- A. 220+
- 4. Crowded+ 3-
- A. 298+ 1-
- 5. C. + (A349+) 14-

- 6. C- 0+
- A. ca. 600-
- 7. C (sm. col. cont.) No+
- A. 90-
- 8. C () 0+
- A. ca. 700-
- 9. 0+
- 4 (A) ca. 700- 0+
- 10. 10A 89- ~~27~~ 2+

Penicillin Radiation Resistant
for glucose - mutants.

Aug. 16, 1948.

Irradiate 4 ml SP-161 suspension 5 secs. in ^{small} glass dish under Haroria lamp. Recover 3 ml and inoculate 1 ml each in 42 gms. (2 used).

A 17. Wash thoroughly. ~~##~~ N17. Inoc. 1/2 ml into

1. A. T(BM). B. T(m) Glucose + B471B. 2 C. T(m) Lac + B471B.

2 D. T(BM). Add 3000 u/ml Penicillin G and shake for 4 hours.

Plate out on Lac + Glu EMB at cumulative dilutions of 2.5×10^{-7} (5), $\dots \times 10^{-6}$ (4), $\dots \times 10^{-5}$ (3), $\dots \times 10^{-4}$ (2).

A. (5). 149, otherless.

$$pS = .3$$

(2) 5 mixed

B. (5) 78, 57, 69, 92, 22, 81.

$$m = \frac{399}{6} = 66$$

$$pS = .58$$

C. (5). 94, 88, ...

$$pS = .43$$

D. (5) 296.

2 mixed.

$$pS = 0.$$

4

3

2 mixed.

Do not attempt to assay for biochemical mutants. Fermentation mutants were looked for on the (4) and (5) dilutions.

N2 essential

Aug. 18, 1948.

W-478 x 480 m var. undiq. x 64.

- NB. - (A) Lac EMS-B, 40+ cols. } No variegated 1: - ≥ 1 . on Lac EMS-B.
 (B) Lac EMS, 40+ cols. }
 (C) Mal EMS-B, 32 sectorial colonies, relatively isolated, picked to water and streaked on Mal S.
 (D) Mal EMS-B, 40 "pure" Mal+ streaked out on Mal EMS-B

A). All pure + occasional - . No variegation.

B. Not accurately readable A19. 37 + 38 may be heterozygous A x 0 No variegated cols.

(C) On Mal S. ~~17-20~~ ^{also} inadvertently on Lac EMS-B (Novar.)

(D) 40 tested. No varieg. possibly excepting # 15. Retest.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Mostly + 1- | 5. +, - | 9. +, - |
| 2. " " | 6. All + | 10. +, - = poor growth. |
| 3. All + | 7. +, - | 11. Mostly + 1- |
| 4. + and - | 8. -, + | 12. " " 25. +, - unusual. |
| 13. +, - unresolvable | 17. All + | 21. +, - 26. - |
| 14. +, - | 18. +, - | 22. All - 27. +, - unusual. |
| 15. +, - | 19. - unusual. | 23. +, - 28. +, 1- |
| 16. All + | 20. +, - | 24. +, - 29. +, - |
| 30. +, - | 31. +, - | 32. + - |

(C) Tests of purified Mal+ and Mal- prototrophs on Lac EMBS. Lac recorded.

	Mal+	Mal-	Totals				
1.	-	-		Mal-	Mal+		
2.	-	-		Lac-	20	21	41
3.	+	-		Lac+	7	8	15
4.	-	-					
5.	-	-			27	29	56
6.	+	-					
7.	-	-					
8.	-	-					
9.	-	-					
10.	-	+					
11.	+	-					
12.	-	-					
13.	-	-					
14.	+	+					
15.	-	-					
16.	+	+					
17.	-	-					
18.	-	+					
19.	-	-					
20.	-	-					
21.	-	-					
22.	-	+					
23.	-	-					
24.	-	-					
25.	-	-					
26.	-	* -					
27.	+	-					
28.	-	+					
29.	+	-					
30.	+	-					
31.	-	+					
32.	-	-					

Correlations:		Mal+	Mal- →	Lac-	Lac+
				15	1
				3	2

Lac and Mal are ^{Mal+} independent.

	Mal+	Mal- →	Lac-	Lac+	
F:	15	1	3	2	} 21
Exp:	12	3+	3+	1+	

① W478 x W480.

② 58-161 x W480.

A.) Lac B, B) Lac (o) C). Mal (o).

1A. 108 + colonies picked and streaked out on Lac EMS. ~~#109~~ #109 is a Lac sector colony.
 #72, 88, #30, #12, #56 appear possibly heterozygous. Pick Restreak on Lac EMS, EMSB to check.

- 1B. 14 possible "+" colonies.
- | | | | |
|--------|----------|---------|--------|
| 1. ++ | 2. - | 3. ++ | 4. - |
| 5. - | 6. ++ | 7. ++ | 8. ++ |
| 9. ++ | 10. Var? | 11. ++ | 12. ++ |
| 13. ++ | | 14. ++. | |

1C. 44 picked; unreadable P23. P24 No Var. *

2A. 70 picked. No variegated.

2B. 18 picked. "

2C. 37 picked unreadable P24. No Var. streak swap. on Lac EMS;
 pick colonies + S.O. on Lac EMS to test heterozygosis.

72A1 None hetero.

88A1 #1 hetero. #3 is not.

30A1 4+: all varieg. 4 Lac -.

12A1 4+. ~~unreadable~~ Not. het. 5 hetero. 6, 7 Lac -.

56A1 4+ none hetero. 1 - W503

10B1. All 4 hetero. W-502.

5-8 on lac S to select + papillae.
 see 287.

72 and 56 have to be tested again;

88-1 (Lac±) = W494 88-3 (Lac+) = W495 12-5 = W498 12-1 = W499 12-7 = W500
 30-1 " = W496 -5 (Lac-) = W497 10B1-1 = W501

Aug. 28th, 1948.

Rebriks 56 + 72. 10 cols. each from EMS tree plates, s.o. on EMBS.

No variegation seen. ∴ Not heterozygous.

Aug 20+, 1948.

Several attempts were made to recover Mal+ papillae from W 482 which still segregated for lac, to determine whether Mal heterozygotes could be obtained. A series of colonies was picked from

W 482 in T (m) Mal⁺ lac → Mal EMS. to EM B⁺ lac

and EM B⁻ lac.

of 8 colonies, #1, 6, + 8 were probably segregating for lac, and all the Dothies probably so. It could not be clearly ascertained whether there were any Mal- colonies or sectors. Transfer to T (o) slants.

1 colony each, variegated, from lac EMS of 286-1, 6, + 8 streaked out on lac and on Mal EMS. On lac, predominantly + and - in some ± colonies. On Mal, exclusively Mal+, suggesting heteroploidy between the Mal and lac loci.

Rep (8) as W-504.

Aug. 26, 1948 M.

Dep. 285.

30 A1 (5-8) were streaked on EMSlac' N27 many papillae noted.

4 picked from each colony & s.o. on lac EMB + EMS as 287-1-1....

2 -
3 -
4 -

12 A1-(6,7) showed no, marked papillae at this time on EMB although beautifully papillate on EMB.

(1) 1. + and - Var? 2. +, - 3. +, - 4 +, -

(2) 1-4 +, - (3)

(3) 3, +, - Var? 1-2, 4 +, - (4) 1-4 +, -

Recheck + colonies from EMS of 1-1 and 3-3

No variegation.

Aug. 30, 1948.

Resume: see 275.

①. 104 lac- is M- but a lact+ papilla was M-T-B₁-. This segregant is, conceivably, M-lac- T+ B₁+ and in the course of purification of the papillae, a new segregant may have been obtained.

②. 110 lac- is TS_S; 110 lac+ TS_R.

Struck out 275- ^{= 288-1} ~~104 lac-~~ and ^{= 288-2.} 110 lac- on \perp from NA slants.

- a). Lac EMB.
- b) Lac EMS + methionine.

Test with 5 cultures each of -1 and -2 from EMB Lac plates.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -1 1. BMT 2. BMTB, 3. M- 4. (BMTB₁?) 5. " | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -2 MTL MTL ----- (B)MTL MTL |
|---|--|

~~EMB~~
~~...~~

When heavy inocula were taken to EMS lac, M, -2 gave no growth whatever while (1) gave rather scattered colonies. If the original M-cultures had been heterozygous, they are now thoroughly segregated. However 288-1-3 (or 288-3) may still be useful. Transfer from \perp to a T (Meth) slant. Terminate Expt!

Aug. 30, 1948.

- A. Y87 x W255 Bal S + B₁.
- B. W488 x W480 Lac S B1 are Lac- on EMS!
- C. W488 x W255 Bal hetero? Lac S, Bal S
- D. W491 x W255, add leucine to mixture: Bal S

A. (B₁) 194- : 17+] 211 = 8% Bal+

(C) 71- : 6+] 77 = " "

∴ should be between B₁ and V₆, left of Lac

Check Bal+ for Lac, B₁.

Could we not accurately score for Lac on Lac S. Bal+ may interfere?

	lac - R	- S	+ R	+ S		R	S
No. Bal+	3	0	2	1	Total for Bal and V ₆		
Bal -	6	4	0	0		20	4
No. Bal+	15	2	0	1			
Bal -	16	4	0	0		22	8

B. 105 + prototrophs picked by D6 and S.O. on Lac EMS, saving suspensions.

The following were definitely segregating for Lac:

6 Mal- : 3 Mal+

	Colony	Mixture
7	Mal-	
32	Mal-	-
51	Mal-	-
52	Mal-	-
56	Mal+	+,-?
78	Mal-	-
78	Mal-	-
94	Mal+	+
100	Mal+	+
70	Mal-	-

seem not 4:1 or 2:1 (probably was 1:1)

#70 and ~~70~~ uncertain at first reading.

S.O. 56 on Mal EMS.

C. 44 Bal+ S.O. on Bal EMS. All pure +.

D. 11 Bal+ S.O. on Bal EMS " "

E. 40 - cultures streaked out on EMS Lac.

Sept. 4, 1948.

289 cultures SO Lac EMS. Picked 4 + cultures from each (+ only found) and a) SO Lac EMS b) streaked to Mal EMS.

NB. 56 maybe Mal+/Mal-

± = Variegated.

	EMSlac				Mal EMS				
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
7.	±	±	±	±	-	-	-	-	W522
32	±	±	±	±	-	-	-	-	W523
51	±	±	±	±	-	-	-	-	W524
52	±	±	±	±	-	-	-	-	W525
56	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	None variegated!
77	±	±	±	±	-	-	-	-	W526
78	±	±	±	±	-	-	-	-	W527
94	-	-	±	±	+	+	+	+	W528
100	±	±	±	±	+	+	+	+	W529

~~70~~
70

70.	+	+	cols!	+	-	-	-	-	-
	+	+	...	+	-	-	-	-	-
	+	±, +, -	...	±	-	-	-	-	-

70 segregates much less frequently than the typical heterozygotes!

56 colonies on EMSlac picked to Mal EMS + scored as + and -.
1-15 Mal- and 21-36 Mal+ SO Lac EMS to find any heterozygotes.

44 colonies (incl. 1-4) picked (1-4) and tested for α^R / T5 on lac EMS [cf. 293]

None of these 31 colonies shows Lac heterozygosity. When streaked out on Mal EMS, 56 showed + colonies and + umcutans. Test these on Mal EMS. → Mal-.

Original slant of 56 S.O. on lac EMS shows pure lact+ and a single (1:7100) Lac- colony. Maybe "70" type!

A number of Gal- cultures were tested for lact+ on Lac S.

21 + cultures picked + S.O. on Lac EMB.

19 were pure lact+. 2 were predominantly - but may have heterozygous components. (# = ₁ 11 + ₂ 22). Repeat tests on EMB and EMS Lac (L) with these suspensions.

Arizlecolonia pilularis and tested for T5, T6 resistance on EMB, EMS Lac.

All were T6^s as indicated.

	TS EMB	EMS.	EMS positive to EMB.	EMB cols. A	NUTR. B	A	B	...
1	R	R	+	+	+			
2	R	R	+	+	+			
* 3	R	S	+	±	+	S	S	S...
4	...	too thin	+	+	+			
5	S	S	+	+	±			
6	R ⁺	too thin	Lact +	±	±			Pure Mal +
7	R [?]	S	+	+	+			↓
8	R [?]	S	+	+	+			Both pure + and ± prototrophs
9	R	R	T6 ^R ; ✓	+	+			1-6 8± = W580
10	R	R	+	+	+			7+ = W581
11	R	R [?]	+	+	±			
12	R	R	+	+	+			
13	R	S	+	+	+	S	S	S...
14	R	TT	+	+	+			
15	R	R	+	+	+			
16	R	R	+	+	+			
17	R	TT	+	+	+			
18	R	S	+	+	+			
19	R	S	+	+	+			
20	R	R	+	+	+			
21	R	R	+	+	+			
22	R	R	+	±	±			
23	R	R	+	+	+			
24	R	R	+	+	+			
25	R	R	+	+	+			
26	R	R	+	+	+	S	S	S...
27	R	TT	+	+	+			
28	R	R	+	+	+			
29	R	R	+	+	+			
30	R	R	+	+	+			
31	R	R	+	+	±			
32	R	R	+	+	+			
33	R	R	+	+	+			
34	R	R	+	+	+			
35	R	S	+	+	+	S	S	S...
36	R	S	+	+	+	S	S	S...
37	R	R	+	+	+			
38	R	R	+	+	+	S	S	S...
39	R	R	+	+	+			
40	✓ canid.	S	+	+	+	S	S	S...

Additional notes: (13) circled, (17) circled, (18) circled, (19) circled, (20) circled, (26) circled, (25) circled, (35) circled, (36) circled, (38) circled, (39) circled, (40) circled. A circled '6R 1S' is also present. A vertical arrow points from row 22 to 30. A circled 'V?' is next to row 26. A circled 'V?' is next to row 28. A circled '?' is next to row 31. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 18. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 19. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 20. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 21. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 22. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 23. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 24. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 25. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 26. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 27. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 28. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 29. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 30. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 31. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 32. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 33. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 34. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 35. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 36. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 37. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 38. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 39. A circled '6R 1S' is next to row 40.

Streak out from EMB & tests to Lac EMB to obtain segregants. ○ should be checked exhaustively for ϕ^R segregation. ✓ includes retests

Sept. 5, 1948

Papillae picked from EMS streaks of 289E and S.O. on LacEMS + EMB.

#'s: 6, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 27, 30, 31, 32 - Could give no papillae. Hold plates.

See 293 for tabulated results.

Sept 2, 1948.

SY19. O V AA VAA. V(-AA) semi.
 +++ +++ +++ +++ +++
 SY58. - - - - -
 -AA semi. -4, -6 + others - 36h. -1 + others faint ± AA only +.
 SY71. - - - - -
 HC HCV
 + - +++
 SY70. - Cyst +++ M +++ Homocysteine + No₂S¹⁰⁰⁰ +++ PARATHIOTROPH.

postnatal

SY36. O B₁ Thiazole Pyrim. Py+Th.
 - +++ +++ - +++
 Thiazole less!

SY56. non group as yet. B Tyr B-Tyr Metabol Pyrim. Py
 36 hours - - - - -
 ++ ++ - +++

SY71. Vitamin Series. Single additions on 12 series. - B₁ shows some diminution?
 AA series, " group " " "

SY56. HC, V, HCV, AA, AAV, and reinstate series above.

SY58. HC, V, HCV, AA, AAV.

SY56: - mV, +++ on others. AA stronger response than tyrosine.

SY71 -AA. AA -12 -3 -4 -5 -6
 +++ + ± + ± ±
 (Paralytic response!)

SY58. HC V HCV AA AAV Vit. apparently required.
 + - +++ ± ++

SY71. -B₁ shows slight diminution. Test vs. Vits.

branched acid set, AA is higher than any single gr. omission.
 Test omission series from AA 3 and 6.

SSP: AA - V series: -V₄ is ±. others +. nocturnal Vit K!
 -V₁₁ -

AA + V ++
 AA -
 V -
 0 -

V - AA series: -12 - (cyst, meth) acq, lyp. trans per work is in (2)
 -3 - val, isole, leuc.
 -4 ++
 -5 ~~-~~ +
 -6 ++

Next set: AA, +mc, +K, +mc+K.

Vits

5471 1/3. A3 +
 A6 ±
 A36 +
 -L +
 -H₂O +
 -Al +
 -Gly +
 -S +
 -IV ++
 -V +

Leucine

0 ±
 B₁ ±±
 Pyr ±
 T₁₂ ±
 Pyr+T₂ ±

B₁
 O, L, B, L+B₁

Try together & separately.

5456. B+Tyr. + 0
 AA +++
 -12 +
 BAA-Tyr. +

18h.
 others +++.

Tyrosine and a component of #12 maybe needed for optimal growth.
 Try single omissions + additions with B₁ supplement!

5436. B₁ only.

2906b.

	0	BT	BT + A12	+C	+M	+Arg	+Lys.	+A12	-	-Arg	-Lys.
S56.	-	-	+++	++	±	-	-	-	+++	++	+++

∴ Cysteine is required by S56 for prompt growth.

S471	0	B ₁	L	L B ₁	Thiamin!
	-	+++	++	+++	

S458	0	AA	AA-nic	AA-K	AA-nic+K	AA Vits.	A235 V	A23	A25	A35
	-	±	±	-	++	++	+++	+	-	-

V →	A25	A35	A23
L	+	-	-
I	-	-	-
IV	-	-	-

Complex AA requirements.

[nic required in presence of K!]

S436. 246. B₁+++ others...

486. " , T₂+++ , Lys+T₂+++ , Lys- . w/ Thiazole

cf. S. dublini.

Sept. 6, 1948.

5471.	0	B ₁	T ₂	Pyp.	T+Pyp.	l-leucine.				
	-	+++	+++	-	+++	+±				
	-	+++	+++	-	+++	+++...				
5436	0	B ₁	l-leucine							
		no growth								
5456	0	BT	BTCys.	TCys.	BCys.	BTNa ₂ S	B ₁ , Tyrosine, Cystine replaces biotin and is stimulatory.			
	-	+++	+++	+++	-	-				
5458.	0	AA	AAV ₁ ts.	AAV-K.	AAmic	AAmic+R	AA-K.	Vitamin stimulation.		
	-	+++	+++	+±	+	+++	+			
	-	+++	+++	+±	+	+++	+			
	<u>V₁ts</u> + :	A ₂ 35	A ₂ 5	A ₂ 5+L	A ₂ 35-L	A ₁ 35	A ₁ 35+M	A ₁ 35+C	A ₂ 35+Arg	A ₂ 35+Lys
		++	-	+±	-	-	+	+	++	-
		+++	++	++	+++	-	++	++	++	++
		A ₁ 23	A ₁ 23-H	123-T	123-Gly	123-Pa.				
		+±	++	++	++	++				
5437	0	B ₁	T ₂	Pyp.	P+T	l-leucine	Arginine, SM, leucine, (glutamine) (vits?)			
		no growth								
5453.	TL	TLB ₁	TL Pyp	TL T ₂	TL Pyp T ₂		Thiazole			
	+	+++	++	+++	+++					

48h

5458 rather indefinite vitamin requirement: nicotinic.
 " " AA requirement. (leucine?, cystine, arginine,
 5471. Thiazole or leucine: Purify!

September 4, 1948.

- 1. W491 x W255 on EMS Lac (Leje., Gal.
- 2. Y87 x W-1 on EMS Lac, Mal
- 3. " " low P (see 270 etc)
- 4. W488 x W480 on " Lac, Mal
- 5. " " low P.

A6. Yield of 2 and 4 much higher on Mal than on Lac (added 57 or real phen ???)
only 4 Lac+ noted on several plates of (4).

	+	-
4M	6+1=7	33
4M	6+1=7	33
2M	9	95

3) 5 M plates. 14- 2+ 1 sector. → pure M+. 5 additional M+ colonies PT: 3-5 +
4 L plates. 4- 0+ (fluorogly Mal EMS. 1, 2 recheck)

5) L 1/2 plates 3-
M 5 plates 1-

v. poor yields.

4L. 4 colo. + Nov. on Lac EMS

4M. + cols. 5-14=10. on Mal EMS. 9, 10 -, (5-8), (11-14) + No Dec

4M - colo. 15-40 = 26 (# 25-28 on Gal by curz alt. I. All-
-4
22 tests.

1. Gal. 1-20 All pure +.
Lac 21-80. No apparent heterozygotes.
S.O. on EMS Lac to recheck. ←

26?
57?
61?
67

Gal + 60 additional colonies (by DG) All + and -; no variegated.

Lact.

Sept. 4, 1948.

289B cultures tested on EMS, EMB. φ .

	TS	EMB	T6	TS	EMS	T6.	
7	RS R		RS	S		S	
32	RS R		RS	S		S	
51	R		RS	S		S	
52	R		RS	S		S	
Malt+/Malt-? 56	R		RS	S ^{pl.}		R.....	Malt and Malt-?
77	R		RS	S		S	
78	R		RS	S		S	
94	R		RS	S		R, S	pure Malt+ may have two components.
100	R		RS	S		S	pure Malt+!
70.	R.		RS	S		S	

56. s.o. on MaltS to separate possible components.

94: cols. -9 tested on lac EMS/TS. Cf. "10"

from lac EMS.

W-528 ¹⁻⁹ are TS³ T6³; 10 is R, R and more strongly lac⁺ than these others

Sept. 7, 1948.

289E-5, 6, 18 & 25+28 merit further study as possible heterozygotes (for nutritional, λ , or "lac" mutable) characters. Preserve on T₅ slants and streak out on EMS Lac for further study.

25, 28 are not variegated. 289E6 intact, already heterozygous = w564

18 S.O. EMS. a) "F" papillae noted here S.O. on EMS, EMB Lac.

b) Test 10 - colonies of 4. T₅.
All were T₅ sensitive both on EMS and EMB.

a) EMS (1-8) on EMB. 7 and 8 are + and - 1-6 all +.

NII. EMS, EMB. 8 showed all + on EMB.

7 +, and - ". Test individual \pm colonies

from EMS. -7. All ++. (on EMS, some were -?)

P12. F5: Pick 8 + colonies of 289F-5 from lac EMS to lac EMB All but 6 were all + (exc. for likely contamination in one plate). F5-6 had appreciable numbers of + and -. Recover from EMS streaks and s.o. on EMS, EMB lac.

↳ - on EMS lac. 4 + colonies tested on EMB gave all +

E2 reports that purified prototrophs did not segregate to genetically deficient types.

b)

Sept. 6+, 1948.

P5. S.O. W530, 531 to a) Lac EMB b) EMS.

P6. a) Numerous + colonies, occasional - colonies and colonies with sectors at edges only. Pick 4 apparently pure + from each -> to EMB.

P7. W530: each of 4 showed + and - , no evident sectoring

W531: mostly +. - very occasional.

From W530 sets, pick 4+ and 4- cols (+- in alternating series) for institutional testing:

- + | { 1 TMB₁
- | { 2 MTLB₁
- + | { 3 TB₁
- | { 4 TMLB₁
- + | { 5 TB₁
- | { 6 TMLB₁
- + | { 7 TLB₁
- | { 8 TMB₁

Lac+!
Lac+!

(Where is T+?)

b). Pure +. S.O. W530 on EMS and EMB, 4 cols. to carry through purification

9/9/48.

Inoculate heavy suspensions of following into T(m) Mal + Glu.
and on EMS Lac + Mal.

		EMSLac	EMSMal.
X	482	n.g.	n.g.
+	483	n.g.	n.g.
1	522	+	"
2	523	"	"
3	524	"	"
4	525	"	"
5	526	"	"
6	527	"	"
7	530	"	"
8	531	"	"

At intervals, streak on Mal EMS to recover papillae.

9/10. 526 shows papilla. S.O. Mal EMS to purify; Mal EMB. 2 cols from EMS:
pure lact, pure Malt!

Keep on T(0) as 296-1

9/14. Papillae from:

		to Mal EMS	Mal EMB.	Lac EMB.
522	-1	1 partially isolated +	2 likely frangitid +.	Mostly Var " "
	-2	Mostly -; 2 isol +		
	3.			
523		Mostly -; +?	Pure +; +	
524		Mostly +	Pure +; -	
526	1	+, -	+, -	
	2	+, -	+, -	

9/16. Take 2" well isolated + cols from each of above EMS (exc. 3) and S.O. on
Mal + Lac EMB.

522	-1	Mal var.	Lac mostly -, var.
	-2 A	"	Lac Var.
	B		
	-3	Malt Var?	+, - & Var.
523		Malt	Var
524		Mal Var?	Var
526	1	Mal Var?	Var
	2	Malt	Var
530		+, iso var. Var.	+, -, var, not shikoning

9/18. False suspensions to T(0) agar of

as.

522-2B

296-2

~~523~~

~~296-3~~

523

296-3

524

296-4

526-1

296-5

530

296-6

Possibly segregating colonies were taken from these EMS Mal plates to

the same again.

+ 2B' 01-4.

5222A' 1-4

Two types of colony are seen. (1) is smaller and more intensely stained, with a sheen. (2) is larger, and much less densely +. No clearest colonies are seen.

523' } Same as above; possible - noted in 523.
524' }

522-1 } + colonies: all pure Mal+, Lac -

low phosphate and segregation.

~~295~~
297

Sept. 7, 1948.

Cross on Lac EMS - P.

+ is standard Lac 2
(3)
(4).

1. 487 x W-1

2. W488 x W480

+) 2.4) Low yields, 1-5 cols/plate. Higher on Malt than!

4M. 5 Malt+ from 6 plates.

1-5

S.O. on homologous
EMS + EMS

4L. 5 Lact+ " 5 plates

6-10.

-P. 2) Yields low.

2M. 11 plates. 2 Malt+

11-12

2L. 5 plates. 2 Lact+

13-14

1) 1-10 / plates. Mal better →

15-30 = 16 Malt+

1M

1L. No Lact+.

3) Yields same as 1. Pick none.

	EMS	EMS		
1	- , +		15	++
2	- , +		16	++
3	++		17	++
4	++		18	+ , -
5	+ -		19	++
6	-		20	++
7	++		21	++
8	++		22	++ , -
9	++		23	++
10	++		24	++
11	++		25	++
12	+ , -		26	++
13	++		27	++ , -
14	++		28	++
			29	++ , -
			30	++

W. J.

W. J.

Sept. 13, 1948

W480 x W488 on tac EMS + Mal EMS Take + prototrophs to homologous medium to purify.

101-110 10 Mal+ from EMS → all pure +
100 tac+ " to EMP.

PM. 1-20 All pure +.

A 15 21-100 Following are heterozygotes, showing +, - and sectorial colonies for tac.

		A (Mal)	B Mal EMS	
✓ 24 (W480 type)	= H25	-	-	
✓ 31	26	-	-	
✓ 32	27	-	++; few -	*
✓ 35	28	++	-	*
✓ 36	29	++	++; few -	*
✓ 43	30	++	" 1 -	*
✓ 61	31	-	-	
✓ 67	32	-	-	
✓ 73	33	++	++	
✓ 76	34	++	++	
✓ 86	35	++	++	

298
-4

Nare Mal sup.

Take the single colony suspensions to T(0) slants under W-numbers. Take up gross streaks from EMS and streak to EMS Mal to look for complementary types (B)

A → and to EMP Mal

* 32, 35, 36, 43 show discrepancy. Take heavy streaks to T(0) as 298-, and attempt to separate Mal+ and- prototrophs for separation into complementary types, if such. See

9/14/48

① W477 x W21. } Lac EMS.

② W466 x W33 } 100 tested from 2. } Only 12 colonies altogether from ①. All pure +.
 to Lac EMS. High yield of heterozygotes apparent.

	1 st EMS.	Lac EMS	H-	Pal EMS.
1	5?	?		-
2	7✓	H	36	-
3	9	H	37	-
4	12?	pure +		-
5	16?	H	38	++
6	18?	H (530 type)	39	-
7	22?	+ +		+, -
8	24?	+		-
9	29 -t, -prot.	H	40	-
10	34✓	H	41	-
11	36?	H (530 type?)	42	-
12	37	H	43	-
13	38	H	44	-
14	39	+ +		-
15	40	H	45	-
16	41?	H (530 type)	46	-
17	42✓	H	47	++
18	46✓	H	48	++
19	48??	+?		-
20	65	H	49	-

The above are candidates for further scrutiny. Strains returned water suspension signs on Lac EMS, to Lac EMS + Pal EMS.

9/21. Retest colonies of 5, 12, 22, 24, 39, 48.

299-29 (-). to Lac EMS to pick together. T(5) for further study.

4 added colo. tested:

5	++
12	++
22	+ some red +?
24	++
39	++
48	+, some red +?

**Amino Acid Mixes
NK & JL**

mixure of 1960 - as liquid

A. Non-Essentials: per 50 ml H₂O

Amino Acid	mg	per 50 ml H ₂ O	per 100 ml H ₂ O
Glycine	5	10	25
dl Alanine	19	38	75
l Proline	87	174	348
- HoProline	2	4	10
l Glutamic	271 (.HCl)	542	1084
dl Aspartic	60	120	30
dl Serine	58	116	29
l Tyrosine	66	132	33
l Cystine	4	8	20

B. Essentials

l Arginine	46	.HCl	92	230
dl Lysine	79	.HCl	158	395
dl Tryptophane	12		24	60
dl Phenylalanine	39		78	195
l leucine	50		100	250
dl Valine	79		158	395
l Histidine	32	.HCl.H ₂ O	64	160
dl Methionine	33		66	165
dl Threonine	40		80	200
dl Isoleucine	50		100	250

Note: Gelatin diffus from Casein:

- a) No tryptophane
- b) Much more glycine and hydroxyproline
- c) No tyrosine?

Sept. 12, 1948.

(DG) W566 - uv 7sec. -

20 plates X ca 300 colonies → 6,000 scored

September 18, 1948.

(H x N)

① W477 x W351 (Lac-, Xgt-) ② W477 x W466 (H x H)

① No yield! A few Lac- only! ② v. low yield. Pich + 's &

streaks out on Lac EMB.

Following appear to be segregating. S.O. EMS Lac.

- 4 ✓
- 6 ?
- 10 ?
- 12 ?
- 13 ✓✓
- 16. ✓✓ = H50

Recover only 16, as the position will
prove with a single culture.

also cf. H2 (W479 from Y77 x 478).

Complementary heterozygotes
 Costume 298.

Sept. 18, 1948.

32, 35, 36, 43

[H27- , H28- , H29- H- +]

	Pick distinctive Mal type EMBlac	To MalEMS EMSMal.	MalEMS, LacEMB.
305-43 .	++	- occ +	
H30 .	Segr.	+ , occ -	Purify!
H29	Segr.	++	
- 36.	++	-	Cosegregant!
H28	Segr	-	
- 35	Segr.	-	No difference
H-27	Segr.	++	
- 32	Segr.	++	No difference .

H27+28
 Mal reaction's
 had evidently been
 confused

Sept. 18, '48.

Strains out on Lac EMS, varying lac conc. suspensions of 299-~~F~~ ^{13.51} for normal, and 7, 29, 34 and ~~4~~ for heterozygous lact⁺ prototrophs.

Lac EMS.

- 1
- 2 Smooth, flat, uniform surface
small margin, not indented
- 3 sl. rough colony, rough but narrow
margin.
- 51 Large colonies like 3; smaller like 2
- 7 roughish colony, appx. rough margin
- 29 like ~~7~~ 7, somewhat smoother
- 34 indistinguishable from 3.
- 65 like 7.

No more distinguishable, everything progressively more faded on
lower concentrations of lactose ($\frac{1}{2}\%$, $\frac{1}{4}\%$, 1%)

No consistent difference can be found between "normal" and
heterozygous prototrophs in colony morphology on Lac EMS.

Sept. 21, 1948.

Lac-!

① W477 x W40
on lac EMS.

② W466 x W483 (5 factors heterozygous)
on lac EMS, also other sugars.

1. Low yield. Lac+ colonies only noted. 50 colonies from 20 plates
picked for streaking on EMB lac. 26 tests all pure +.

2. Xyl

1-
10-
2-
+, -?

1 sharp +! = 308-2-5 **Lac** 4 others.

difficult to see on Xyl EMS.

Arab.

+
-
-
-
4.

-
1
11
4
4
24

1-4

S.O. plus on EMS Arab.

Gal
4 plates.

2+ mostly - 6, 7, 8

Mal 1+
6 plates.

Lac
25 plates.

v. low yield all apparently scoring --! (Of course W466 is lac-!!)

1-4 Arabinose
5-9 Xylose
10, 11 Galactose
21-34 Maltose.

} All +.

Sept. 21, 1948 + prec.

streak out 5 single var. colonies from 262-0. and isolate from each 1
pure - and 1 pure + for nutritional test.

1-5 are - ; 11-15 correlated +^c.

1	MT	11	M(T)
2	MTL	12	M \bar{T}
3	M B?	13	MT
4	TLB ₁	14	M \bar{T}
5	MTL	15	MT
6			
7			

Save 3 as B?M -

4 as TLB₁ -

11 as B?M -

Sept. 22

① W478 x W583 ② W478 x W584. m Lac EMS.

Many lac - colonies appeared in 20 hours on ②. Probably
contaminants.

③

①. ~~20~~ tests. All Lac+. Novarey.

34

Sept 25, 1948

1. W477 x Y40.

2. W478 x W883 25 plates only 15 lac+ colonies + 2 Lac -

3. W126 x W466 Mostly + colonies.

4. W126 x Y87 ca. 1/2%+; pick 2

① 100+ colonies tested. None lac heterozygote (Rechecks 13, 41).

② 15 tested. (9 maybe variegated. - H51.

③ see 323.

④ 2 tested. Both ++.

o streak out on EMB media. Gal ++
Mal ++
Arab ++
Xyl +/-
Lac +/-

↳ Both are lac heterozygotes. H68, 69.

Sept 30, 1948.

W583 x W478

92 lac+ colonies streaked out on lac E MB

sm 17, 53, 54, 48

Streaks thru on EMS Lac.
 201-4.
 and test on lac, Xyl, Mal, Arab.

④ not heterozyg. 1-3 OK. 4170 - 4172.

1 Mal - colony noted on 3. S.O. lac EMS and Mal EMS.

Sept 25, 1948 ff.

See 313.

40 lac⁺ prototrophs tested from W126 (Lac⁻) x W466 (Lac⁻)
Most of these are clearly heterozygotic for lac as seen on lac EMB plates.
Pure + (?): ~~34~~ 19, 20 (unreadable). At least 36/40 = 90%
are heterozygotic.

#3, 8, 25, 28, 40 sum predominantly + \bar{c} only small sectors.

11 has colonies \bar{c} moderately dark centers, mostly light margins with v. dark sectors (lac⁺ lac⁻ recombinants?).

36 has - colonies \bar{c} dark centers. } Pick single colonies from the
26 shows fairly typical sectoring. } EMB and streak out on EMB.

Save 1-10, 25, 26, 28, 36, 40 for H-series. Streak out suspensions on EMB and EMB-Hal.

H-52-67.

P2. 4 colonies from each tested.
36: mostly -, frequent \odot types.
26: the same. No pure + noted.

Probably all $\frac{\text{Lac}^- \text{Lac}^+}{\text{Lac}^+ \text{Lac}^-}$

Multiple heterozygotes

Oct 2, 1948

1. W477 x W67 (Lac₁- x Lac₄-). 15 plates.
2. W125 x W478 466 10
3. W133 x W478 466 10
4. W125 x 487 5
5. W133 x 487. 5

1. + and - colonies, variegation?
 → 2. Variegated, c small - sectors. } Restrict on EMS Lac.
 W73, 74

1. No colonies! Later 2 + noted! ~~---~~
2. Numerous +. 64 picked to EMB. 11/64.
3. 1+ in 10 x 200 tests. = 327-3-1 Pure ++
4. Ca 20% +.
5. 0 or 1? + in ca 5 x 200 = 1000 tests.

59, 51, 47, 48 - heterozygous - 6, 1, 61, 20 - streak out on EMS lac

60, 43? ? 48h. (EMB.)

H				
75	1	1	small cols.	Many nearly + colonies. occ. ⊙
76	2	6	" " "	Numerous ⊙
77	3	20	good growth; +; var	Nearly +
78	4	47	" " "	" " "
79	5	48	not heterozygous	All +; seed over
79	6	51	small cols	+ and ⊙ colonies. Also ⊙
80	7	59	small cols	⊙ and ⊙ do.
81	8	61	small cols	do.
82	? 9	60	mostly v. small +, - colonies.	1 var. ⊙
83	? 10	42	to and back, +, - good growth	⊙

Oct. 6, 1948.

all in lac 5.

- ①. W478 x W583
- ②. " W584.
- ③. W477 x W45.
- ④. ~~W477 x W186.~~

Plates marked 1 in black (Xyl; lac) are repeat 10/7/48.

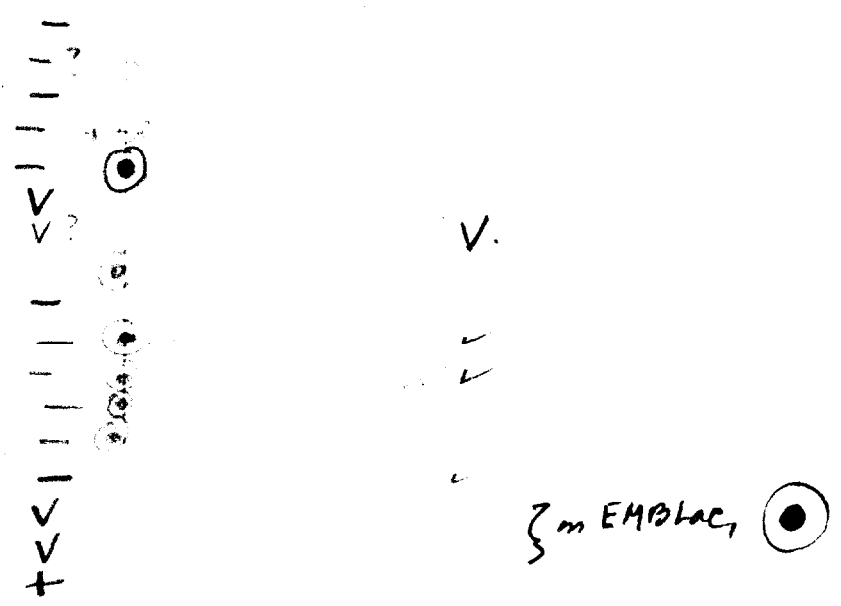
- ②. 40 tested; 11 selected for further test. S.O. EMSlac
- ③. No yield

1. xylose: 72 tested
 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 35, 43, 48, 49, 60
 65, 66, 67, 71

1. in - 44 tested.
 16, 19, 23 are var. on lac 11/13

Handlogous EMS Heterologous EMS → 48h

- 1 5
- 2 6
- 3 7
- 4 8
- 5 12
- 6 35
- 7 43
- 8 48
- 9 49
- 10 60
- 11 65
- 12 66
- 13 67
- 14 71
- L 15 16
- L 16 19
- L 17 23



at this reading, - colonies show rather faint appearance. i details centers, but no well-defined

October 13, 1948.

Test 330-#	isolates on Lac, Xyl.	H-
Lac	Xyl. EMS Lac. EMS Xyl.	
1	Var -	88
2	Var -	90
3	Var -	92
4	Var -	94
5	Var. + ++	96
6	++ ? + ++	98
7	Var. - +±	100
8	Var. - -	102
9	++ - -	104
10	Var - -	106
11	Var - -	108
12	Var - -	110
13 Var	Var - -	112
14 Var	Var - -	114
15 Var	++ ++	116
16 Var	++ ++	118
17. ++.	++ ++	120

Recheck carefully.

Not heterozygous?

Not heterozygous

Cultures variable on EMS Xyl.

Pick to 7(c) slants from Xyl EMS. Incubate Lac EMS further.

Test 330-2 isolates on all media available.

	Lac	Mal	Gal	Xyl	Acab.	H	
1	+, - V?	-	++	V	++		56
2	++	-	++	++	++		
3	V	-	++	++	++	101	57
4	++; -	-	++	++	++	102	58
5	++	++	++	V	++	103	59
6	+; -	-	++	++	++	104	60
7	V	-	++	V	++	105	61
8	V	-	++	++	++	106	62
9	± V	+	++	V	++	107	63
10	++; -	-	++	(-?)	++	108	64
11				++			65

Study additional isolates from 2 and 11 for study

- 2

- 11

1 ++
 2 ++
 3 +,
 4 +, V, - H65.

Oct. 16, 1948.

Stack out H85-88, 91-97 on Lac EMS. Pick papillae & ~~pick~~ EMS ^{purify on} _{Lac}

	1	2	3	4
1 H85	+	+	+	+
2 86	+	+	+	+
3 87	-	-	-	-
4 88	-	-	-	-
5 91	+	+	+	+
6 92	+	+	+	+
7 93	-	-	-	-
8 94	+	+	+	+
9 96	+	+	+	+
10 97	-	-	-	-

-1 definitely segregating for Lac+/- + 2 (+) 3 (+) 4 (+) *

* semopapilla. Hold 3, 4, 10 for papillation.

EMS:

	1	2	3
1 v. wk +, opp. segs.	do	+	do
2 wks. field +	-	+	-
5 sectorial colo. (V)		(V)	(V)
6 sectoring weak +		(V)	(V)
7 (V) *		(V)	(V)
8 bulls-eye colo same sectoring		++	++
9 ++		++	++

4 ++, flat colo.

Notes

- H110
- H111
- H112
- H113
- H114
- H115
- H116.

34

And choose * for preservation as T(10)

Compare H93 (→ V) and H96 (→ V) in detail. Stack both out on Lac EMS for further papillae. See 3-15-11-1-2

Oct 5+, 1948.

A). Streak out single variegated colonies and pure colonies to heterologous + homologous media.

On original test plates, 1 colony only was seen on xylose, but 3 lac- colonies seen in H72. Pick these as 333A:1-3 and streak on xylose EMB.

P7.B) streak 5 var colonies each from Xyl plates H70, H72 to Xyl + Lac

H		Xyl.	Lac
70	A	++ , -	Pure +
	B	+ , - , var.	almost pure +.
	C	- , + , var.	unscorable.
	D	" "	almost pure +.
	E	+ , " , var.	" "
72	A	+ , - , var.	Mostly - , +.
	B	+ , - , var.	+ , - , var.
	C	+ , var. , -	- , + , var.
	D	+ , " "	+ " "
	E	" " "	" "

Series 70, especially, seems to show loss of lac variability within Xyl segment. Pick var. colonies from Xyl plates to lac + Xyl EMB.

70B-(1-3). not for isolated var. colonies

P7. A). 2, 3 are pure xylose-. (1) Contains preponderantly - but some + or variable. Pick these to Xyl EMB and ^{to} lac EMS. [No isolated colonies.]

1	+ - ; var on xylose.	Pick to lac EMS and lac EMS.
2	+ -	
3	Pure +	
4	Pure +	
(0)	to EMS. See 333a.	

333A: 1-6.

	Xyl.	Lac
1	±	±
2	±	±
3	±	±
4	±	±
5	±	±
6	±	±

No partial seg-
negation here

2. A. H. + ... - ...

333A₀ is a plate of EMS Lac streaked ultimately from a ~~lac~~ "lac" colony of H72. About 50% are lac-. Test them on Xyl EMS. Keep on lac EMS.

c). Streak out H72 on 45 Xyl + Lac to look for - colonies.

F10

1-3 lac - ?
4-8 Xyl - ?

	lac	Xyl.	
1	-	-	(1)
2	-	-	(2)
3	-	-	(3)
4	-	-	(4)
5	-	-	(5)
6	-	-	(6)
7	±	±	(7)
8	-	-	(7)

Takes to lac + Xyl EMS for papillae, except (7).
No papillae on Xyl. Also H72: no papillae.

P18.

Papillae tested on EMS Lac.

	1	2	3	Y
1	++	++	++	
2	++	++	++	
3	++	++	++	
4	++	++	++	
5	++	++	++	
6	++	++		

∴ These lac- prototrophs are monogenic for lac-

333a.

P/O. B)

		lac	Xyl.
70 B'	1	++; -	-+V
	2	++; -	-+;V
	3	+++	-+ +
c'	1	++ -	-+V
	2	++ V	-+V
	3	++ -	-+V
	4	++(-)	-+V
E'	1.	++ mix	<u>Var.</u>
72. Ax	1.	-;V	-
	2.	+,-,V	-
BL	1		+ - V
	2		+ - V
	3		+ - V
	4		+ - V
Bx	1	+ - V	
	2	+ - V	
	3	+ - V	
	4	+ - V	
CL	1		V - +
	2		V - +
Cx	1	- V	
	2	- V	
	3	- V	
	4	- V	
DL	1		++
	2		++
Dx	1	- +	
	2	- +	
EL	1		++
	2		++
Ex	1	- V	*
	2	- V	*

Except for HT 2 DL, and doubtfully for series the segregation of lac and Xyl is strictly constant. Pick colonies and mass of DL to check segregation.

		lac	Xyl.
D1	1	-	
	2	-	
	3	+	
	4	-	
	5	+	
	6	-	
	7	-	
	8.	-	
D2	(0)	±	
	1	-	
	2	±	
	3	-	
	4	+	
	5	±	
	6	-	
	8.	±	
(0)	±		

should all be pylose +.
Note alterations from typical behavior of HT2.

→ 333B1 + 2.

Pick var. colonies from D23 and D26 and
 a) test nutrition.
 b) streak on EMS lac.
 c) s.o. on EMB lac + Xyl to verify g.M
 (1: Variegated, +, - both on lac and X
 (2: " " " " " "

This error was based on the use of Sal EMS as Xyl EMB. No partial segregations here!

October 12, 1948.

- ① W108 x W466 Mostly - ! From Lac EMS to La
- ② W327 x W466 Mostly + ! From ~~Lac~~ EMS to M
- ③ W252 x W466 Mostly - 100+ pedes. Lac EMS to L
- ④ W108 x ~~W478~~ Mostly - ~~Lac~~ EMS. fo.

① 24 tested. 10, 12, 18, 73, 3, 4. = 1-6

② 48 tests. No heterozygotes noted.

③ 79, 64, 82, 49, 52, ⑨⑦, ⑨④, ⑨⑥, 2 7-15 *Chad lighter appearance on EMSH*

④ 20; (others?) 16.

Retests:	vac	Blu		
1	Var	++	M-100.	
2	?	V?		W108
3	V	++	H-101	x
4	V	++	H-102	W466
5	++	++		
6	V	V?	H103	
7	V	++	104	} W252 x W466
8	V	++	105	
9	++	++		
10	++	++		
11	V	++	106	
12	V	++	107	
13	++	++		
14	V	V?	108	
15	V	V?	109	
16	?	++?		

Retest column from 16. None segregating.

10/16+/1948.

A) Grow H72 in Y2 broth overnight to allow segregation, and plate on lac; Xyl EMB.

Counted by N. Z. + calculated!

	+	-	Var.	Σ
Xylose a.	20	274	6	
b.	25	345	8	
c.	16	196	5	
	61	815	19	895.

$\chi^2_4 = 0.15$

$p = .99!$

$\therefore + = \frac{815}{61} = 13.3 : 1 = \alpha$

Lactose

29	228	9	266
15	178	4	197
32	248	10	290
76	654	23	753

$\therefore + = \frac{654}{76} = 7.5 : 1 = \beta$

$\chi^2_4 = 3.17 \quad p = .53.$

This gives linkages as Xyl - of = ~~25~~ 7.0

Lac - of = ~~12~~ 11.8

B). Take - and + colonies and test on heterologous medium:

	Lac-	Lac+	Σ
Xyl-	109	16	125
Xyl+	64	0	64
	38		

lac - of = $16/28 = \frac{16}{28} = 5.7$ interference?

	Xyl-	Xyl+
Lac-	101	7
Lac+	182	1

xyl - of = $7/118 = 5.9$

+ colonies from 336a retested on both media.

1-16 " Xyl - Lact⁺

17-23 lac - Xyl +

24 Lact + Xyl +.

	EMB	Xyl	lac
1	-	-	+
2	-	-	+
3	-	-	+
4	-	-	+
5	-	-	+
6	-	-	+
7	-	-	+
8	-	-	+
9	-	-	+
10	-	-	+
11	-	-	+
12	-	-	+
13	-	-	+
14	-	-	+
15	-	-	+
16	-	-	+
17	-	-	+
18	+	-	-
19	+	-	-
20	+	-	-
21	+	-	-
22	+	-	-
23	+	-	-
24	+	+	+

(lact -).

6 24 -

	Xyl	lac
1	+	+
2	-	+
3	-	-
4	-	-
5	+	-
6	-	+
1	+	-
2	+	-

not segregated for either lac or Xyl (S.O.) test isolates and a mixture of Xyl+ lac- and Xyl- lac+. Some -- (4) was also found, the culture may have been a mosaic.

	X	L
9	-	+
10	+	-
11	+	-
12	-	+
13	+	-
14	+	-
15	-	+
16	-	+

+	Df	+
xyl		lac
-	x	y
-		-

$$\begin{array}{l}
 xyl - lac - \quad (1-x)(1-y) \\
 xyl + lac - \quad x(1-y) \\
 xyl - lac + \quad y(1-x) \\
 xyl + lac + \quad xy
 \end{array}$$

①. Interference: In A, $\frac{x-l+}{x-l-}$ should = $\frac{x+l+}{x+l-}$. $\chi^2 =$
 Expectations in some columns are < 5.

②. Linkage. Use only single crossover data.

$$lac - \frac{xyl-}{xyl+} = \frac{1-x}{x} = \frac{1}{x} - 1. \quad (2b)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{\lambda_b + 1}$$

$$336. \lambda_b = 17$$

$$x = .055$$

$$3369. \lambda_b = \frac{104}{7} =$$

$$x = .077.$$

$$\text{mean: } \lambda_b = \frac{111}{36}$$

$$x = .061$$

χ^2

34	2	36
104	7	111
138	9	147

$$X_{yl-} - \frac{Lac-}{Lact+} = r_a.$$

336: $r_a = 33/6$

$r_b = 109/16$

$y = 15.4$

$y = 12.8$

$\bar{y} = 13.4$

	17	16	125
109	5	6	39
33		22	164
142			

$$\chi^2 = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{17} + \frac{1}{34} + \frac{1}{108} =$$

.01
.20
.06
.03
<u>.30</u>

$p = .0660$

Summed data 336...

Lac-	X _{yl-}	X _{yl+}	X _{yl-}	Lac-	Lact
	34	2			
	104	7			
	<u>138.</u>	9			

X _{yl-}	33	6	
	109	16	
	<u>142</u>	22	174

336 a. Random plotting. Defunct term absence of X+L+ class.

X-L-	1328
X-L+	167
X+L-	<u>122</u>
	1606.

gives $x = 7.7$
 $y = 11.2$

Oct. 15, 1948.

W583x58-161.

low yields: Abandon expt.

1) EMS Lac

October 19, 1948.

Repeat.

ca 30:1 - : +

EMS Xyl B ₁	Σ	+	-	EMS Xyl:	Σ	+	Σ	+
	32	2			54	4	201	2
	136	1			339	1	120	2
ca 3% +	41	1		ca 1% +	147	3	162	1
	41	1			277	3	178	1
	31	3			96	0		
	28	1			194	1	<u>2218</u>	<u>23</u>
	309	9	300		170	3		
					92	1		
					183	1		

2) EMS Lac B₁. Colonies picked indiscriminately to homogeneous medium.

Classified by presumptive 1st original score + B₁ in plates:

1. Xyl + B₁
2. - B₁
3. Xyl + 0
4. Xyl - 0
5. Lac - 0
6. + 0
7. - B₁
8. + B₁.

This experiment unsuccessful as two count
 (1) Tests were not decisive, most suspensions found being apparently mixtures.
 (2) Confusion of classes.

Group	Lac	Mal	Gal	Xyl	Arab
1	+	-	+	+	+ -
2	+	+	+	+	+ +
3	-	+	+	+	+ +
4	-	-	-	+	+ -
	-	-	-	+	+ -
	-	+	-	+	+ -
	-	-	-	+	+ -
	+	+	+	+	+ -
	+	+	+	+	+ -
	+	+	+	+	+ -
	-	-	-	+	+ -
V	" + "	-	-	-	-
" Lac - T(0)	" + "	-	+	-	+ +
	+	-	+	-	+
	+	-	+	-	+
	+	-	+	-	+
	+	-	+	-	+
	+	+	+	+	+
VI					
Lac+ T(6)					

8.

8a

	lac	Mal	Gal	Xyl	Arab
1	+	+	+	+	+
2	-	-	-	-	-
3	+	-	-	-	-
4	+	-	-	+	+
5	-	-	+	+	+
6	-	-	-	+	+
7	+	+	+	+	+
8	-	-	-	+	+
9	+	+	+	+	+
10	+	+	+	+	+
12	+	+	+	+	+
13	+	+	+	+	+
14	-	-	+	+	+
15	-	-	+	+	+

	lac	Mal	Gal	Xyl	Ar
1	+	-	+	+	-
2	+	+	+	+	-
3	+	+	+	+	-
4	+	+	+	+	-
5	+	+	+	+	-
6	+	+	+	+	-
7	+	+	+	+	-
8	+	+	+	+	-
9	+	+	+	+	-
10	+	+	+	+	-
12	+	+	+	+	-
13	+	+	+	+	-
14	+	+	+	+	-
15	+	+	+	+	-

October 18, 1948.

Inoculate H72 fairly heavily into T(0) + T(B₁). Shaker.

P19. No growth A20. Heavy growth in T(B₁); none in T(0).

↳ H72 B₁
" " in vivo

- ①. Streak out H72 on LacEMB, EHS, EMS¹.
- ②. Plate out T(B₁) tube on LacEMS¹; XylEMS¹.

P21. ①. On LacEMB: almost all lac⁻ (②. Do. on xylene EMB.
i.e. most of the stock culture is segregated.).
A few + noted on EMS.

- ②. 2 plates on LacEMB. 140 colonies. All lac⁻
EHS¹ - too small to read

A22. - only noted on all plates, ~~EMS¹~~, EMS¹lac + Xyl¹

A22. Pick single + colonies of H72 from ~~to~~ EMS¹lac to T(0) tubes to -
a) resuscitate H72 and b) continue exp. Streak out on LacEMB for
T(0) suspension. Use #6.

LacEMB. (OK).
1 ✓
2 ✓
3 ✓
4 ✓
5 ✓
6 ✓

See 348.

Oct 21, 1948.

~~W478~~ W478 x W583 in Mal, Gal, Ar EMS.

Low yields!!

101-120 Gal+ } test on EMB Galactose + Arabinose

121-123 Arabinose.

1-100 ~~Mal~~ Maltose. test on EMB Maltose.

D. 6.

100 colonies picked from Mal, not readily scored. Only 39 Mal+
 Rechecks: 16, 25, 31, 50, 59, 87, 95, 99.

20 Gal+ colonies: All Gal+ Arab+. No heterozygotes.

3 Ar+. 2 Ar+ Gal+. 1 Gal- Ar+, -? Rechecks 121.
 1-8 on Mal EMS 9 on Ar EMS.

	EMS ₁	EMS ₂
1 16	++	++
2 25	++	++
3 31		hold.
4 50	++	++
5 59	} no +s.	
6 87		
7 95	++	++
8 99	++	++
9 121	++	++

2 cols from EMS tested.

Radiation - Reduced Chromosome Losses.

34.

Oct. 23, 1948

Squad H72 grown on T(0) (see 348) on EMS Lac + Xyl and
expose for 5-15 sec. of 348 for control.

Exp. n. 4. Controls inviable !!

October 23, 1948.

Grow H72 on T(10) — see 344. — dilute 10^{-7} and
plate on EMB; EMS lac; Xyl for — colonies.

n.g. Culture inviable.

Verifications

October 23, 1948.

See 345.

streak out streaks on media indicated.

- H93 EMS Xyl. EMFLac
swirl +; v. small + cols.
- H96. n.g.
- H58 n.g.
- 60 n.g.
- 62 + - cols.
EMS Ar(B₁)
- H 85 + cols?
- 86 n.g.
- 88 1 - col.
- 93 v. small + cols on EMF
- 94 numerous + and - cols.
EMDM. EMS Xyl.
- 95 a few + and - cols. Mal -
- 96. n.g.

- 93 → XylEMB, LacEMB, LacEMS. ~~Lac~~ Xyl V; Ar - "Lac -"
- 85 XylEMB, LacEMB, ArEMB.
- 94 " Xyl V
- 95 " Lac - (slow??)
- 62 LacEMB; ArEMB LacV Ar+
- H52 Strk. LacV OK
- H15. OK

Resuscitation and presentation of H. ...
 Rechecked.

	EMFbac	EYdrac	EMBdyf	ZMBAaln	
H725	V				
H72n	mostly -				
H93			V	--	
H62	V, +, -			++	
H85	(V) ^{slow} +, -			het +; - ?	+ character here?
H85					
H22	++ , - (probably V)				
H94	-			+ weak? +	
H95	+ - V			-	
H88			-	-	Significant! several mutations on EMBdyf.
H70	++ , - +				
H1	V, +, - ++			++ , -	
H52	(+), -, (V)				
H71	(V), ++, - -				

Oct 24, 1948

W478 x W583

A₁, Mal + Gal EMS.

Arabinose: 24 + colonies. All ++

Galactose: 28 + colonies All ++.

~~#58~~

Maltose: 50+ " All++ Check 4, 5, 18, 19, 43 (N2)

O₂ 005 T 2 /
 N.A.

test on Lac + 1.
 350

58-161 Islu (-)

Oct 29. Inoculated to Perm. assay.

Oct 30 Irradiated 7 secs on Q.M.B. glu. plates

Oct 31 16 colonies picked seemingly glu (-)

checked out on C.M.B. glu.

Nov 1 four (4) apparently glu (-) streaked again on Q.M.B. glu

Nov 2 2 glu (-). checked on T₁. Both T₁

4 Shus

Nov 3	Plated on:	"N"	"Z"	"N"	"Z"
	Glu	Neg	Neg	pos	pos
	LAC	Neg	Neg	pos neg	neg
	MAL	Neg	Neg	neg	neg
	FRU	Neg	Neg	pos	pos
	MANNose	±	±	pos	pos
	RNAN	Neg	Neg	±	±
	Arab	Neg	Neg	pos	pos
	Gul	Neg	Neg	pos	±
	Agar	±	±	pos	pos
	Tell	Neg	Neg	neg	neg

15 Shus.

Nov. 8 Plated on K gluconate
 "N" "Z" 15 Shus
 ± slow slow ±

W351

Nov. 10, 1948.

58-161 x W583. m E145 Lac B₁

2/4

(14
tot!

L + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	M + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	G + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	X + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	A + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + +
+ + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + +
+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +

L + + + + + + + + +	M + + + + + + + +	G + + + + + + + +	X + + + + + + +	A + + + + + + +
--	---	---	--------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

L	M	G	X	A
+	-	+	-	+
-	+	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
-	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+
+	-	+	-	+

L M G X A

4

check TI sensitivity on Gal EMS.

- 20 Ar+ : All Gal+
MS
1 R
- 23 Ar- : 1? Gal+
22 Gal-
all S ; no R.
- 58-161 : S
- W583 : R

Summaries. 164 total.

Lac + 187

Lac - 27

Note excess of Lac+!

Among 27 Lac- Mal+ Xyl+ Gal- Ar-

Total :

Ar + Gal closely linked.

12 Gal- Ar-

1 Gal- Ar+

0 Gal+ Ar-

151 Gal+ Ar+.

test Ar with Lac.

Lac- Ar- 15

Lac- Ar+ 19

apparent interaction of Ar \bar{c} Lac.

Lac+ Ar- 5 (duplex?)

Lac+ Ar+ 126

However, the distorted recovery of lac- makes the conclusion dubious. Suggests that Gal and Ar are very near to ~~the~~ V_1 . Check directly.

W477 Lac^R.

W352-

Nov. 10, 1948.

Streakout W477 on EMBlac

11/12/48. Pick ~~top~~ 2 papillae to (1). EMBlac

7₁ - col

P14 to (2) to 5 purification = W588!

Nov. 11, 1948.

Struck out, on glucose, for papillation:

from W252,

- 1 W431
- 2 436
- 3 437
- 4 438.

252 stocks apparently Glu+. Detect
Present stocks apparently contain
or omitted.

12/6/48. W-252 received from
Doudoroff. Check OK as Lac+ Glu-

from 0327, Mal-

- 5 W441
- 6 443
- 7 452 ~~446~~
- 8 448

Mal sl

- 9 447
- 10 453
- 11 439
- 12 440

- ①: 4 Glu+ colonies examined: all +. Store as 353+1. Probably ~~was~~ Lac₃+
- ②: 1 D+. Not Lac+!

	Glu	Mal	Lac
353-1.	+	+	+
2			
3	+	+	-
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			

11/16/48. Restraints from EMB Lac plates above.

N17.

- | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1. many +. | Pick to EMB Lac individually for possible β -glu + Lac - types. | |
| 2. papillae in wood scale. | Restraints | A few +. As 1. |
| 3. " | " | pop. hold. |
| 4. all - | " | pop - hold |
| 5. " | " | - hold. |
| 6. Several +. | As 1. All were ⁽¹⁴⁾ Lac -. | S.O. ① a0353-6. |
| 7. papillae | Restraints | +,- As 1. |
| 8. all - | " | Same slow + hold. |
| 9. pap. | " | +,- As 1 |
| 10. pap. | " | do. |
| 11. pap. | " | Same slow +. test . As 1 |
| 12. Same + cols, but | " | As 1. |

① → 11 tested. 2-; 2+ and -; 7+. Pick 1- and 1+ for purification

11/25. Take these cultures up again which had been held for a week

2: 7 all Lac - (should be tested on Mal)

11: 8 all Lac - (" ")

16 Lac + β -glu + ~~slow~~
c Lac - β -glu slow.

9. β -glu ++ and β -glu slow. Test on Mal

10. all β -glu s

6+7 all - (7 slow +?)

11/30/48.

-9. 3 colonies glu^{++} → Mal ++ } Purify 1 each. Keep as 353-9
 2 colo. glu^{\pm} → Mal - → glu^{\pm} . T.O.

-2 3 Lac++ } ① each. glu^{++} Keep as 353-2
 2 Lac- } glu^{\pm} T.O.

-3 5 all lac- ① glu^{\pm} T.O.

-4 11 all lac- ① glu^{\pm} T.O.

-5 5 ~~lac~~ Mal+ } ① each. glu^{\pm} T.O.
 1 Mal++ }
 2 Mal- }

-8 6 Mal- ① ~~#~~ glu^{\pm} T.O.

-10 4 Mal- ① glu^{\pm} T.O.

-12 8 lac- ① Keep as 353-12

-11. lac- glu^{\pm} T.O.

~~11~~ 11/11/48.

83 plates T2 } S-161 Hanovia UV lamp 7 sec.
 85 EMB } glucose. Ca. 100 / plate = 16,800 tests.
 1 each from T2 and EMB.
 W593 W594

Under T1, Lac, Mal, Xyl.

11/12/48.

To a base of Peptone 10
 Ferrum acetate .5
 K₂HPO₄ 1.0
 Agar 15 / liter

Prepare plates with following supplements (1 liter).

K-12

SW13.

1. Na thiosulfate .8 g

2. —

3. Cysteine 100 mg

4. " + Nats

5. N2Case 20g

6. " + Nats

In 18 hours, all grew quite well, but none were discolored. do. 72 hours.

Kligli's ^S Pb-acetate agar also tried. neither gave sharp reaction c K-12 or Sd/11.

11/9/48.

S.O. stoke suspensions on EMS Glu.

P11 Pick 4 cols. each to water. S.O. Lact Xyl EMB.)

	1	2	3	4	
H1	-	-	++	-	
H22	-	-	-	-	
H52	±V	±V	±V	±V -	OK 1-3
H62	-	-	-	-	
H72	±V	-	-	-	
H85	±V	±V	±V	±V	
H93	V	V	V	V	

These critical strains should be carried by repeated single-colony transfer.

do H52/1; H72/1; H85/1 and H93/1 on EMS Lac. and
 old stocks of the other strains here. Not recovered from suspensions.
 Detect single lac+ colonies, and s.o. concurrently on EMS.
 Recover → from EMB to EMS Lac.

11/16/48

- H11. 8 tests. 1-4, 5, 8 OK.
- H22 8 tests 6 best V; other OK.
- H52. 4 tests 1, 4 OK.
- H62. 8 tests 1-4, 5, 8 very good 6, 7 OK.
- H72. from GHI EMS. 2 tests both Lac -
- H85. on Xylose EMB 2 tests both v.g. (on Lac EMS. Med Xyl ~~#~~)
- H93 2 tests both OK. on Lac EMS near -.

H-72 needs be recovered! OK ✓ . 11/18.

11/12/48

.7ml serum / 10ml NaP 7.5 4/50. .001ml 319A.

Serum	D_i	D_e	D_i^{cor}	Δ
1. —	007	190	190	190
2. 11/11	580	630	522	108?
3. 11/6	437	546	397	149
4. 11/4.	350	481	315	166

See L. S. Case
for definition of
these sera.

Streak out individual mosaic colonies from each heterozygote to classify with respect to lac_1 ; lac_2 . Also test individual colonies, as seen, on β -gal in .5 ml tubes.

	β gal.	S.O. on LacEMB.
1	+	
2	-	
3	not H.	
4	-	- , V
5	-	- , (V)
6	-	- , V , +
7	-	- , V , (+)
8	-	- , V
9	-	- , +
10	+	- , +
11	-	- , V
12	-	- , V
13	-	- , + , (V)
14	-	- , + , (V)
15	-	- , + , V
16	-	- , V , +
17	-	- , +
18	+	- , V
19	+	- , V , +
20	-	- , V , +
21	-	- , (V)

W477 +
W45 -
W583 +

Study, in detail, 1-4. Pick ^{8.} colonies and test on β -gal.

- ①. 1-3, 5-8 are β -gal + #4 is β -gal -.
- ②. 1-3, 5, 6, 8 are β -gal -; 4, 7 β -gal +
- ③. 1-4, 7 are β -gal -; 5, 6, 8 are +.
 Isolate and determine restriction map to cross tests.
 streak each of these out again on LacEMB.

Segregation from $\frac{Lac_1}{Lac_2} \pm$

357b.

December 2, 1948.

H-135. 8 colonies nutritional test:

	Bugal.	Nutr.
1	-	TB ₁
2	-	M
3	-	M
4	-	M
5	+	++
6	+	++
7	-	M
8	+	M

12/6. Originals, on EMS loc., of these cultures
cannot be found.

lac- Gal+ 6 ∴ This is the right order.

lac+ Gal^{ca4u} 0.

BM	lac ^{ca4u}	Gal	V ₁
----	---------------------	-----	----------------

1/14/79
This class is missing because Gal⁻ is epistatic to lac⁺.

(2)
T(B).

	L	M	B	X	A
10	① -S	-	-	-	-
5	-R	-	+	-	+
6	-R	-	+	-	+
7	-S	-	+	+	+
8	+S -R	-	+	+	+
11	-S	-	+	-	+
12	-S	-	+	-	+

	L	M	B	X	A
9	-S	-	+	+	+
4	-	-	+	-	+
5	-	-	+	-	+
6	-	-	+	-	+
7	-	-	+	+	+
8	-	-	+	+	+
11	-	-	+	-	+
12	-	-	+	-	+

Rel and ~~rel~~ are clearly linked to Lac., but ~~the~~ relative positions are not clearly established. The critical recombinants, i.e. B±L± should be rechecked for classification. *Number corrected.*

Pick colonies to Xyl EMS(B₁) for scoring of this character alone.

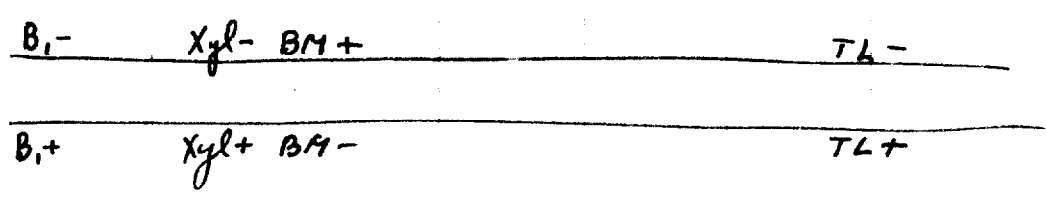
599

- B ₁	Xyl+	Xyl-	Σ			
T(0)	4	95	99	!	omitted :	4 95 99
	30	73	103			7 82 89
	37	82	89			<hr/>
	41	250	291			11 177 188
				= 14%		5.8%

T(B ₁)	3	81	84	
	2	75	77	
	3	111	114	
	7	118	120	=
		101	102	
	<hr/>			
	11	486	497	

3.3%

There are definitely a higher number of Xyl+ among the B₁+ than among the B₁-.



There should be a greater discrepancy between B₁- and B₁+, but this seems to place Xyl in the indicated position, between BM and B₁.

11 "Xyl+" tested on Mal. 10 were Mal+
1 Mal-

T(6) This establishes a linkage between Mal and Xyl.

11/16/48

357 W45 x W477 m EMS lac

359.. W145 x W466 " 1/16.

359. - 27 + colonies from 10 plates. S.O. on lac EMB.

357 $\frac{38}{65}$ + colonies. 17 are lac Var. (ca 40%)

357:

	to EMS lac for retest	Xyl EMB	Lac EMB	
1	H-133	+	✓	⊗
2	H-134	+	✓	⊗
3		+	—	⊗
4	H-135	+	✓	⊗ and ⊙
5		+	✓	⊗ + pred.
6		+	✓	⊗
7		+	✓	⊗
8		+	✓	⊗
9		+	✓	⊗
10		+	✓	⊗
11		+	✓	⊗
12		+	✓	⊗
13		+	✓	⊗
14		+	✓	⊗
15		+	✓	⊗
16		+	✓	⊗
17		+	✓	⊗
18		+	✓	⊗
19		+	✓	⊗
20		+	✓	⊗
21		+	✓	⊗
22		+	✓	⊗
23		+	✓	⊗
24		+	✓	⊗
25		+	✓	⊗
26		+	✓	⊗
27		+	✓	⊗
28		+	✓	⊗
29		+	✓	⊗
30		+	✓	⊗
31		+	✓	⊗
32		+	✓	⊗
33		+	✓	⊗
34		+	✓	⊗
35		+	✓	⊗
36		+	✓	⊗
37		+	✓	⊗

do 20 & 21 20 is ⊙ 21 is both.

359.

	Xyl	lac	Emu	Mal
21	++	++	++	++
22	++	++	++	++
23	++	++	++	++; 2-cda!
24	++	++	++	++ prob onto.
25	++	++	++	++
26	++	⊗	++	++
27	++	+, -	++	++
28	++	++	++	++
29	++	⊗	++	++
30	++	⊗	++	++
31	++	++	++	++
32	++	+, -	++	++

⊗ = sectorial variation
⊙ = periclinal variation.

∴ either possibly 5 Lac⁺/Lac⁻
1 sup nose of these.

380.

Chloroacetate papillation as a test for diploidy
streptomycin resistance

11/16/48.

Take single colonies from 356 a H-stokes to water and streak on T(O) ~~10~~ + Na Chloroacetate 1mg/ml and streak out on EMB lac. cf. K-12.

	Stoks	Inoculum (v. 356a)	T(Cla)	EMB lac	T(O)
1.	H-1	1		✓	+++
2	"	2		✓	+++
3	"	3		✓	+++
4	"	4		✓	+++
5	"	5		✓	+....
6	"	6		++	+++
7	"	7		++	+++
8	"	8		✓	+++
9	H52	4		✓	++
10	"	2		-	+++
					+++

K-12.

H17: ~~no growth or papillation T(Cla)...~~

Plate W478 heavily on USA ± 100u/ml Streptomycin.

11/16/48.

PIA - no colonies.

Plate Repeat Chloroacetate at various conc. (incl: in T(O).

	100 ug	200 r	500 r	1mg.	T(O)	EMB lac.
K-12	- pap	-	-	-	++	++
H-72 -1	- "	-	-	-	++	✓
-2	- "	-	-	-	++	✓
Herzmes.	++	++	- ^{errand} pap	gl. residual	++	
				errand.		

11/17/48.

73 plates x 300/plate 21,000 tests.

WS83, 7 sec 40, Mannitol ET10.

quite a few slow, like 1.

		Mannitol	Sorbitol	Glucose	T1
1.	WS93 slow.	-	-	+	S
2.	WS96 under purification	+	-	+	S
WS97	3. - or slow?	-	-	+	S
4.	- slowish. not certain	-	-	-	?
WS98	5. -	-	±	+	S
WS99	6. -	+	-	+	S
K		+	+		R. R

Repeat tests.

- 1
- 2
- 3
- ⑤
- 6

slow	Man	
slow +	slow +	
slow +	slow or ++	
+	v. slow +	
slow +	- -	WS95.
	+	

Streak out, streaks, heavily on EMS Xyl.

- H: 87. no cols.
- 88. 2-? colonies.
- 85, 86 4. col.
- 91 mostly - ; occ. + cols.
- 92 ca 5+ cols.
- 93 no cols; 2 cols mentioned.
- 94
- 95 } no cols.
- 97. }

11/22/48. ^XH88. both xyl - Gal - no longer heterozygous for xyl.

H91. xyl +, - cols. [Restrained on xyl EMS.] + and - cols. noted.
Gal - but 2 kinds of colonies noted: "R" and "S"

^XH92 Pure xyl+ on EMB.
Gal -

H93. Gal - Lac(s) - #3 is xyl(V).

Streak out H93 for papillations on Lac; Gal EMS.

Re-test on xyl EMB., 8 cultures. All +. No heterozygote.

Lac₂ + - heterozygote

364.

11/19/48.

W45 x W588

20 Lac⁺ colonies picked

#17. for retest. This does segregate for Lac
and is presumably $\frac{\text{Lac}_2^+}{\text{Lac}_2^-}$.

H118. Predominantly +. Strains out on LacEMB. Maintain on EMB
From mosaic A + B obtain - col. and test instruction.

A			B			C		
mg.			MTL			MTL		W 606 607
A1			B1			C1		
A2	++	70	B2			C2	M-	
A3	+++	70	B3			C3	M-	

Control on Bugel fermentation and selection of Lac⁻.

P28. inoculate, slightly, 58-161 and Y10 each into 2 tubes of Bugel...

P29. Strains out on LacEMB. Bugel tube:

Strain	Tube	Result	Notes
58-161	1	about 20% -	A ± Some Lac slow? = D.
	2	all +	E
Y10	1	about 50% -	B ±
	2	about 1% -	C ++ W602-5.

P30. Purify one - from each culture.

Re-test all 4 cultures. P30.

A1.

Strain	Tube	Result
58-161	A 1	as above.
"161	A 2	
Y10	A 1	1:1 → +/ -
Y10	B 2	100:1

Retest D and E on Bugel.

D: Bugel ++ Strains out on lac
E: Bugel - r.f.

additional lac-recovered

Streak out mosaic colonies and test (1-3) Lac - from each.

12/2. 1. ++

12/3.

A. MTL

B. MT

C1 MT

C2 ++

C3 MTL

D1 M¹ TL

D2 MT

D3 M

12/4. A1 M
A2 MT(B₁)
A3 M

B1 M
B2 M
B3 ++

C1 MTL
C2 MTL

D1 MTL
D2 MTL

12/5. A1 M
A2 M
A3 MT

B1 MTL
B2 M
B3 ++(B₁)

C1 MTL?
C2 MTL?
R

D1 M
D2 ++

12/12 Culture in T(TLB₁) liquid. streak out on EMS Lac + TLB₁ and test single lac - colonies. H210 was B₁ -.

11/19/48.

1% x EMP.

- A. KNa tartrate
- B. Propylene Glycol
- C. Dextrin
- D. Gum Arabic
- E. Sucrose

	A	B	C	D	E
K-12	- pop.	-	-	-	-
Aerogenes	±	-	-	-	++
S. typhimurium Malt+					
" Malt-					

11/21/48. Streak out papillae of K-12 on EMP tartrate. Also S.O., 58-161
W583.

11/29/48. No evident ~~for~~ acid production. Streak out to EMP brunorum H
Tartrate, which may be more oxygenic.

11/21. Y87 on EMP sorbose. No obvious fermentations.
No marked utilization

11/29 neg. papillae
noted. Reverts to
EMP sorbose.

11/24/48....

- P23. Inactivate 10 ml washed suspensions of Y87 and W176 in H₂O,
 A) 10 sec. in open to dial. inoculate 1 ml / 10 Y2 broth for cross inj.
 B) for control, Y87 x W176. (see 367).

R24. Uosa

10 plates x ca 200 prototrophs / plate. N26., # Lac+ seen.

Streak out on Lac EM3 and ~~on H₂O~~ EM5.

1 from B. 25.

N27 A: #6.

24h.1 to EM5.

Lac++

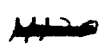
EM3
 1. Lac ++

2. missing, 1st test.

3. variegated or incomplete +

4. " " , maybe much very rough

5. " " " "



See 371

11/24/48.

P26. Irradiate, as 365, 5 secs. in open dish. inoculate
1 ml / 10 Y2 for cross.

Cross 11/25.

P27: ~~Very~~ heavy yield, ca 1000/plate. U. few + 10 plates
of lact. S.O. Lac EM3 + ~~large colonies~~ Lac EMS

Lac EM3.

- ① Mostly -; occ. + probably Var.
- 2 Lac ++
- ③ ⊕
Y mostly -
- ④ ⊕
6 Lac ++
- 7 Lac ++
- 8 Lac ++
9. Mostly Lac -; + may be many.

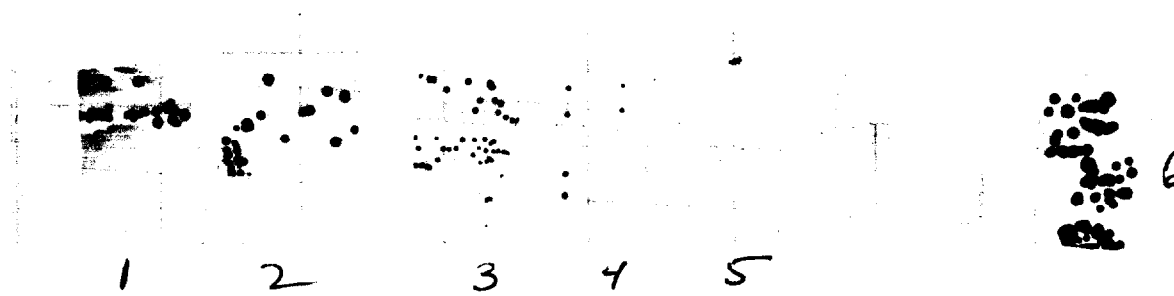
Restreak from Lac EMS.

See 371

11/24/48.

Cross 487 x W126 on a variety of EMS media - variable supply of NaOH sulfate. lac

A.S. g/liter	K-12 control	M.	Acid.	Plates	Notes
5.0	1. A	++	++	8 plates, ca 300+ each.	4+ 11/26.
1.0	2. B	++	++	5 plates ca 40 ea.	1?+
0.1	3. C	+±	+	5 plates ca 10 ea.	No+
0.05	4. D	+	±	ditto	
0.01	5. E	±	-		
5+ 5ml glycerol	6. F	+++	+		Glycerol addition seems to inhibit acid production



Yields are very much lower on "2" than on "1" suggesting a dependence on ammonium concentration.

367A: 4+

- 1. ++
- 2. +/ - ? and -
- 3. +±
- 4. ++

S.O. on EMS lac and nitrat

B.

- 1. +.

See 371

-6.

P27. All colonies read + (Glycerol +).

-2]. 1+ picked for test / 5 plates.

See 371.-3. Very low yield. Colonies appear very rough + dry.
1+ found + picked for test.

-4. Ditto No +.

-5. Very tiny prototrophs, few in number. Not scoreable

11/25/48.

W-595 (lac, Mal, Xyl, Gal, Ar, Than,) x 58-161 m
 EMS ± B₁ (Xyl v Mal).

Mal B₁ plates have too heavy a background to enumerate
 Mal+

Xyl (0) yield very low - only a few + colonies.

Mal (0) somewhat heavy background.

Xyl (B₁) colonies v. small but more numerous; see +.

incubate Xyl (0) further.

	+	-	Σ
Mal (0).	4		32
	1		43
	6		85
	4		57
	4		88
	10		130
	2		37
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	31		552
Xyl (B ₁)	2		30
	3		42
	2		48
	3		42
	3		89
	0		28
	4		94
	4		68
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	21		441

369 data

11/24/48.

50-161, etc. Fructose EMB. 67 plates x ca 300 = 20,000 tests
 (plates are not properly gelled, but can be streaked.)

			Lac	Max	Gel	slu
# 2.	very slow on fructose.	W596	++	++	++	++
5	- , sm. cols.	597	-	-	-	-
7	- , sm. cols.	598.	-	-	-	-

Check on lactose, glucose

~~W596 (may show significant α -mannitol reductase activity.)~~

W596 is also slightly slower than type on mannose.

Just as mannitol & sorbitol:

W596 M S.

4/30 Streaked W108 on Mannose, fructose EMB.

11/24/48.

Test Mal+ on EMS Mal on EMS Xyl
Xyl+ " Xyl B, " Mal B,

a) Mal+ : 16 Xyl+
(o) 15 ~~Mal-~~

b) Xyl+ : 4 Mal+
(B) 14 Mal-

strains out Mal+ on Mal EMS; Xyl+ on Xyl EMS for instances of heterozygosis

1-16 a Xyl+ } Mal
17-29 a Xyl- }
30-33 b Mal+ } Xyl
34-47 b Mal- }

1-3, 5-8, 9-12, 17-20, 21-24, 25-28
29-32 Intact Mal+
29, 31-32, 33, 41, 42, 46, (2), ~~Mal+~~ Xyl+.
~~30~~ Xyl- : 30, 31, 35, 36, 37-40, 43, 44

#4

Many Xyl+ Mal- were misrecorded and should be Xyl-

which, alters ratios!

#4 was pred. Mal- with some peculiar Mal (+slow). Strains out on Mal EMS. Mal+ and Mal- each pure. No sign of segregation. What are slows? not clear. May have been Mal+

New heterozygotes.

11/28/48.

Summarize apparent heterozygotes from cross of YP7 x W126.

~~365~~ H-

Check from EMS.

1.	119	365-2	tech incomplete.	Varieg.
2.	120	365-3	lac +/-	Varieg.
3.	121	365-4	+/-	Varieg.
4.	122	365-5	+/-	Varieg.
5.	123	366-1	+/-? Pred. -; Repurify.	—
6.	124	366-3	+/- Varieg. (rel. stable).	
7.	125	366-5	+/-	Varieg.
8.	126	366-9	mostly -. Some + may be var. Mostly - on EMS. purify 11/29.	
9.	127	365-6	on EMS only Varieg. (rel. stable)	
10.	128	367-2	"	Varieg.
11.	129	"A1"	+/-	Varieg.
12.	130	"A2"	mostly -; +/-?	Varieg.
13.	131	- B	lac +/-	Varieg.
14.	132	- C.	+/-	Varieg.

Obtain & characterize segregants from various of these.

1.	H120B:	lac - ✓	M -	} W	599	
2.	H120A:	lac + ✓	TB -		W	600
3.	H119A:	lac -	TLB ₁ -		W	601

November 30, 1948.

- A. W595 x W65.
 - B. W595 x W48
 - C. W595 x W182
 - (D) W595 x 58-161
- } Lac EMS
- } Mal
Xyl EMS
Manitol ± B₁

No prototrophs P2.
A3. A. no prototrophs

A+C Very few, unmeasurable + or -.

Pick 12 from B and 8 from C for further test - 12/13 in EMS Lac. all Lac-

Mal EMS		Mal B ₁		Xyl		Xyl B ₁		Man		Man B ₁	
+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
2	16	1	84	0	0	12	109	0	5	0	81
0	7	3	169	0	0	3?	18	0	33	1	46
7	31	6	210	0	0	5?	28	0	3	3	54
2	34			0	0	0?	26	0	4	1	5
0	1			0	0	3	54	0	1	0	23
0	7			0	0	3	36	0	5	0	35
1	9			0	0	2	14	0	3	0	48
0	13			0	4			0	3		
<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>		<hr/>	
12.	118	10	463	0.4	28	285		0	57	6	242
9.2% +		2.2% +		0	9% (limited to ca 1%)			0	1.7%		

Pick +'s to homologous medium.

1-6 are Man B₁,
7-10 are Man(0)
see 3729.

Mal B₁ plates turbid; Xyl plates empty!
work difficult to read

Retests: all Mal correctly scored
All Man " " "

Hortapp. "Xyl+" are Xyl-

Recount certain plates:

(M&L) Mannitol EMS:

+	-
0	7
2	14
0	4
1	5
0	1
0	4
<hr/>	
4	35

Mal EMS.

+	-
3	15
4	6
1	0
<hr/>	
8	21

Xyl EMS B₁

+	-
2	129
0	62
<hr/>	
2	191

ca. 1%

This late appearance of mannitol+ recalls interaction of glycerol+ and B₁- noted in 1946.

Pict to homologous EMS and S.O. on EMB.

Mal (0)+ 16 tested: #1 pred.-, occasional +
on EMB. others are +.

M&L (0) 10+ tested on
M&L EMB All +

December 1, 1948.

Struck out Y87 and W126 for single colonies to repeat 371.
Use microcrosses and keep for record on EMB/lac plate.

A. Y87A x W126A. } 8 plates each.
etc.; B, C, D.

E. W599 x W588 i.e. M' x H. Wrong stock used. Had in mind that
588 was a lac+ reversion of 583.

F. W601 x W352 (Lac+ Xyl-).

~~G. W600~~
G. W600 x Y87.

12/3: Yields variable; Lac - very small. Ca 100,000/plate.

A. 7+	(#1) 1 Var. 6 ++	
B. 1+ (-yields low)	1 ++	Should be repeated.
C. 6+	4 Var. 2 ++ (#3, #5)	
D. 8+	6 Var. 2 ++. (#1, #7)	
E. Numerous ++.	11 Var. 11 ++.	Equal numbers of Var & ++.
F. No yield.	High yield + excess. Good plates; sharp definition + no background.	
G. Small lac+ colonies.		

E: 28 streaked out on EMB lac 6 are Lac variable: #5, 13, 14, 18? + other

G. 60 " " " " # 34, 37, 38 streaked on Lac EMS.
All others ++.

34 + 37 all -. 38: ++

December 3, 1948.

A. W65 x W595 on Lac EMS.
Lac_x x Lac, -

No yield. 12/6

12/2/48.

70 plates W596 (58-111, Fuc ±) irradiated 7 sec on EMS Soln.
ca 300 / plate → 20,000 tests.

Numerous mucoid and slow colonies interfused with sampling:
Following finally screened.

	glu	lac	W
1	-	-	610
2	-	-	611
3	-	- pap	W612
4	slow ++	+	
5	"	+	
6	"	++	
7	"	++	
8	"	+	
9	"	++	
10	"	++	614
11	- s.r.	- thin	
12	++ and -	++	- 613
13	slow +	±	

Save 1, 2, 3 from glucose and reverify 12.
Do not keep slow mutants except 10

December 4, 1948.

A. W65 x W595

B. W48 x W55

C. W182 x W595

No yield

12/5/48.

~~By~~ W45 x W595 on loc EMS.

12/8. No yield! (3+ colonies in 15 plates!)
2nd coli 3'd +4.

Note. #76.A12 streaks out W-1 to W595 series to establish
mutability.

		mtac
Y53	loc-	M (irregularly; many colo. & stable).
W1	"Gal-	M consistently.
W566	"Gal-	S
W582	"Xyl-	S
W583	"Ar-	S
W595	"MH-	S

The mutation to Gal- seems to have been accompanied by stability of
loc, -, possibly fortuitous.

12/28/48. Test other Gal- mutants of this series on loc EMS for
mutability:

W 565	Stable, thin colonies	575 mostly small stable colonies; some large mutable.	
W 566	" heaped-up centers.		
567	" (very occasional papillae).		576 small colonies uniformly.
568.	Stable.		
569	v. sm colonies; some revert		
570.	typical mutable.		
571	like 565		
572	like 567		
573	stable large colonies		
574	typical mutable		

12/6/48

A. W126B x Y87B see 373.

B. W495 x W45

C. " W48

D. " W65

E. " W182

Yields low:

A. 5 plates 100/plate. 3+ colonies. S.O. on Lee EMB + EMS.
+←

B. 10 plates + 2/plate 2+ colonies. ++

C. " ca 4/plate No +

D. " ca 1/plate No +

E. 9 " " No +

12/5/48.

Rich 1 - colony from each of four mosaics of H119 - H122 + test as indicated.

M = mutable
S = stable

		Lac	U ₁	Burial	Uchi.	Summary:	Bug	V
119	A	- S	S	-	TM		8	+ R
	B	- M	R	+	TM		1	+ S
	C	- S	S	-	TL		2	- R
	D	- H?	S	± H	T	* ✓	5	- S
120	A	- M	R	+	M		suggesting linkage of Lac, Burial R.	
	B	- M	R	+	MT			
	C	- M	R	+	M			
	D	- M	R	+	T			
121	A	- M	R	+	MT	* ✓		
	B	- S	S	-	(MTL)			
	C	- M	R	+	M M	* ✓		
	D	- S	S	-	MTL			
122	A	- S	R	-	MT	✓		
	B	- S	S	-	TL	✓		
	C	- M	R	+	MT	✓		
	D	- S	R.	+	MT	✓		
from prev. data	Y87	- M	R	+	BM			
	W126	- S	S	-	TLB,			

6S:10R

Note preponderance of T- and M- speaks out indefinite Burial tests. *
There is a general correlation between mutability and Burial - but it is not perfect here

Maintenance of heterozygotes.

380.

12/14/48.	H1	⁰ v?	¹ vv	
lac	22	All+	All+	Return to previous EMS plates.
lac	52	✓	vv	
lac	62	✓	✓	
lac	72	vv	v?	
Xyl	85	✓	✓	
Xyl	93	vv	vv	
lac	118	✓	✓	

+ colonies from previous EMS plates restreaked as EMS. These restreaked, 2/type, on EMB and streaked as EMS; also on Nutrient agar slant (subculture 1).

Ag. streak out NA slant from H1 and H118 to determine feasibility of recovery at this stage.

4 tests each.

H1. 1-3 Var.

4++ or Var?

H118. All 4 are Var.

This may be a suitable method

12/23/48.

Cf. W460 on 1% and 3% Lac EMB.

At 48 hrs. W460 is nearly +++ on 3% lactose
still slow on 1% " .

Streak out W595 on EMB galactose for reversion.

Test revertants on lactose for mutability.

(W660.) #4. All are Lac mutable like Y53.

Dec. 18, 1948.

Cross W45 x W595 on Lac Synthetici media.

- A) "EMA" .5% asparagine as C source.
- (B) EMS, fresh batch. Na succ "
- (C) EMA+B. Asparagine + Succinate .5% each.
- (D) Like B. But standard.

} Very heavy
(4x conc.)
mucula.

1-8. A) 8+ / 11 plates. A few lac-. Pick + test +

9-15. B) 7+? / 13 plates. Swirl -.

16-40. C) 12 plates. Poorly scored, but yields much higher. 25+.

42. D) 4 plates. 15+.

Very few scored + on EMB. Some were lac unstable. (W45?)
6++ altogether Numerous slow + à la 389.

Test media process.

December 22, 1948.

Cross W478 x W595 on various media using constant inoculum. (1 drop 1/2 del. parents)

Also conc. inoculum on Lac EMS.

+B₁: → 1-6.
5 plates each.

1	Mut. base	0.59	easy
2	Mut. base	0.59	easy
3	Mut. base	.19	blue
4	Mut. base	0.019	not blue
5	agar	1.59	
6	R ₁ H ₁ H ₁	.2	
7	EMS	0.04	
8	Mut. base	0.0065	
9	Lac	19	

12/24:

T(B ₁)	51	43	49	46	43	m = 46.4
T(0)	4	3	5	10	1	m = 6.6

(1) EMB.	1	0	0	0	0	.2
(2) MB	0	0	0	0	0	0
(3) E	0	0	4	1	0	1.0
(4) No disp.	10	8	14	4	10	9.2

The dyes are certainly inhibitory, but the minimal medium base is certainly not very satisfactory, possibly due to use of lactose as main carbon source.

From 20 plates easily inoculated, see EMS, about 200 prototrophic colonies. Spines + streaked by 100. From 1000 cells. more out for 5000 cells Lac +.

12/29- /48.

- 1. 26 ✓
- 2. 46
- 3. 171 ✓
- 4. 188 ✓

not heterozygous.

: H139, 140, 141.

	lac	Xyl	Hammitol	Gal	Arab	Mal
139:	±	±	-	++		
140	±	±	±	++		
141	±	+	-	++		

12/23/48.

Recover H93 from nutrient agar slant and from ~~the~~^{Xyl.} plates from NA to Xyl EMB. Prod. Xyl-. Ca 2% mosaic colonies.

nutrient agar probably remains a preferred means of maintaining heterozygotes.

similarly on EMS Xyl. Pick a few to Xyl EMB to test recovery of H-93.

from EMS plate 7 1/2 are still mosaic. Recover likewise from EMB; EMS Xyl.

When a heterozygous colony is streaked out on

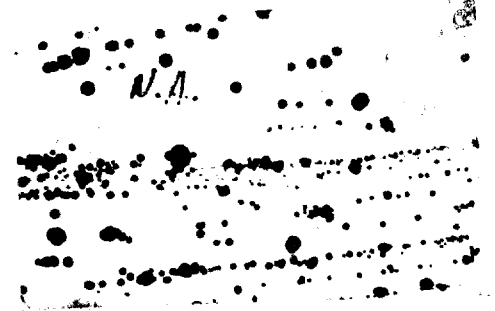
EMB:

Gal negative

Xyl almost all mosaic colonies

Lac slow + (1 or two colonies finally ++).

Lac 3% full +; no signs of variegation.



H93 is therefore probably Xyl +/- Lac +/- Gal +/-

December 24, 1948.

1/2 pint .257 .340.

5(lac) 7 carbays ca 30 hours

i.e. each ml of culture will provide ca equivalent of .02 ml of 319A.

104g. collected from two carbays (70 liters). i.e. equivalent to 20 ml 319A.

58 g. suspended in a very heavy cream in the P 17/80 for grinding but ~~no~~ pump did not draw properly. Retain cream & remaining paste.

12/25/48. Recardition mill & grind remainder of cells. Uncertain basis. (ca 40-50 g. paste probable.)

Ca. 10 ml of extract.

Assays 2970 u/ml.

Galactose mutation run
Xylose.

12/24/48.

487 7 sec. etc.
Galactose

80 plates ca 100/plate
16,000

W570 7 sec. etc.

33 plates. ca 300/plate
10,000

→ W641. }
642 }
643 very thin. }

Xylose.

Galactose:

lac

W

644	1	—
45	2	- thin
46	3	slow +
47	4	slow ++
48	5	- small col.
49	6	slow ++
50	7	slow +
51	8	—
52	9	slow +
53	10	slow +
54	11	slow ++
55	12	slow ++
56	13	slow ±
57	14	- thin
58	15	- thin
59	16	- thin

M
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S

use 644 for

for the studies.

pap. to his laboratory, photo. 24 +

Inhibition by various batches of
MB; Eosin. - Crosses.

398.

12/19/5

Weigh out 40 mg Eosin Y and 6.5 mg MB of batches indicated. (Certification numbers as -)

	Eosin	MB	Colonies		Average
			-	+	
1.	23	27	58	78	
2.	23	28 ✓	113	38	
3.	23.	29	93	25	
4.	24 24	11	56	8	
5.	14 14	28 ✓	103	23	
6.	24 24	29.	49	49	8.
7.	22 ±	28	2368	73	
8.	12 12	476			
8.	1/0.		146		

all batches gave results comparable to 1/10.

Jan 4 H. 1949.

- 1. W644 x W126 14 plates. ca 100/plate. 16 picked. 2H
- 2. W660 x W45 26 picked. 2H.
- 3. W595 x W45 2 picked.
- 4. W660 x W67 1 " . Good yield.
- 5. W595 x W17 No yield whatever.

- 1: A1, 3 are heterozygous 12 others probably Lac- 1, 2
- 2: #47, #12 2 prob. Lac-. 3, 4
- 3. #1 H. 5.
- 4. - -

Additional:

- 2): 8 tested All ++
- 3): Two tested Both slow +. (Lac-lac +?)
- 4): 4 tests. 3- 1++.

Test & purify as LacEMB, EM5.

- 1. Clearly Lac heterozygous.
- 2. " " "
- 3. May be Lac heterozygous; colonies fade quickly.
- 4. ++.
- 5. Mixture of +, - colonies. Probably not heterozygous, but best sample of + colonies from EM5lac. ++

January 14, 1941.

strains not indicated:

402, -1, 2, from mosaic colonies, on Lac, Gal EMB. (note why may be required for Gal-). H136, 137 (maybe heterozygous for Lac, Lac⁺ Gal⁺?)

3. from a "mosaic +", on all sugars: Lac, Mal, Gal, Ar, Xyl, Mann.

5. from Lac+ on EMS on Lac ++.

⇒ H137 may have some Gal+1

3. (1/2 cols identical). H138 Lac, Lac₂.

Lac variable Gal+ (as expected)
 Xyl -
 Mal -
 Ar +
 Man variable.

Note: on lactose, colonies are purple peripherally - , show sectoring in center ⊕ etc. These colonies tend to fade: Almost full + on EMS.

on mannitol, almost all colonies are annular with well defined central region ⊙; occasionally colonies show sectoring.

~~H136 + 137. have been streaked out on Lac EMB to provide segregants for further study.~~

January 9, 1949.

(1) W644 on maltose. This culture was supposed to be galactose negative. When irradiated, it showed many Hal slow. Reinvestigation shows that there are two components in W644
 (1) Hal slow Mal- mucoid on galactose.
 (2) Hal + Mal+

(2) W660 on galactose. $50 \times 100 = 5000$.
 = W595 Hal+ irradiated.

(3) W656 on arabinose $20 \times 70 = 1400$ 3 mutants:
 Ar. Xyl. Glu. Lac
 W-667 1.
 W-668 2.
 W-669 3.

W670 1
 671 2
 672 3
 673 4
 674 5
 675 6
 676 7
 677 8 +
 678 9
~~679~~ Mucoid.

Jan. 12, 1948.

① W45 x W660

② W182 x W660. not.

contaminated = Aerobacter.

26 "+" tested: None heterozygous. Ca 1/3 -.

January 14, 1949.

All lac? - V₁ R

- 1 +
- 2 +
- 3 +
- 4 +
- 5 +
- 6 +
- 7 +
- 8 +
- 9 +

Lac? - V₁ S

- 11 L
- 12 TL
- 13 MTL
- 14 TL
- 15 MTLB₁
- 16 TL

- 17 TLB₁
- 18 TLB₁
- 19 TLB₁

Kupar W-721.

M+ > M-

T, L ca equal. (balance to R.S).

Segregation of 11138

406

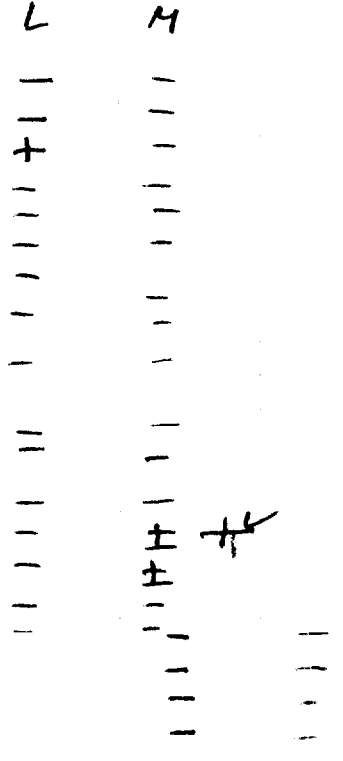
Streakout from segregating plate, grossly, to EMBlac.
Rather large proportion of lac⁺ segregants, also lac⁺.

Jan 12, 1948

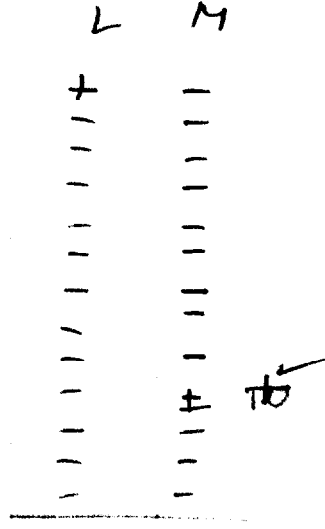
50 x ca 300 = 15,000 colonies. 487 / MalEMB.

	W	Mal	Gen
1	679	slow	+
2	680	-	+ faded
3		S+	+
4	681	- s.c.	+
5		++	+
6	682	-	+
7	683	-	+
8	684	- ±	+
9	685	-	+
10		S	+
11	686	-	+
12	687	- s.c.	+
13	688	+ -	+
14	689	±	+
15		+	+
16		++	+
17		+	+
18	690	-	+
19	691	-	+
20	692	-	+
21	693	-	+
22	694	-	+
23	695	-	+
24		+	+
25	696	-	+
26	697	±	+
27	698	-	--

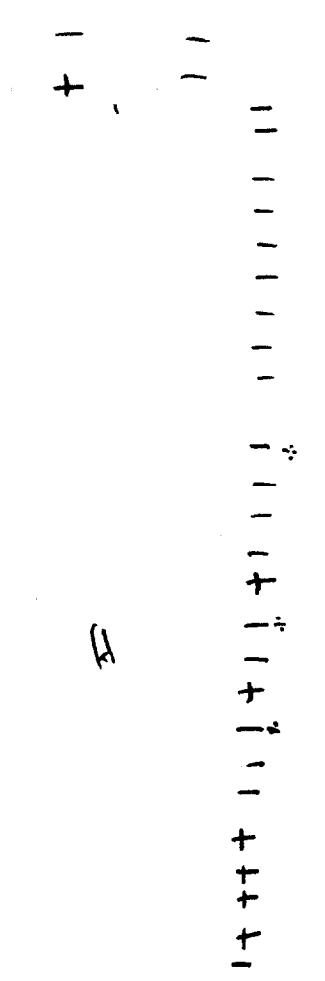
140 A (femur)



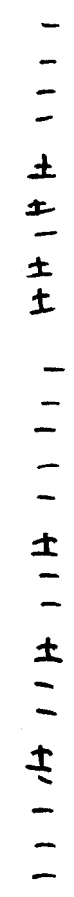
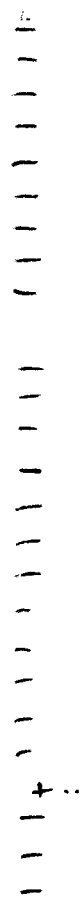
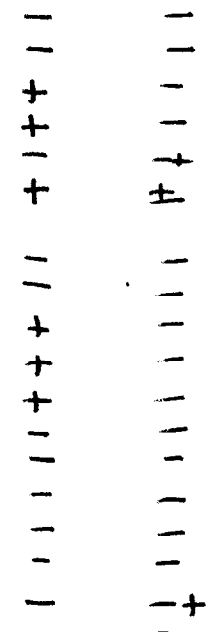
A.



B.



A.



1/21. Tests on interested segregants.

	lac	MH.	
1	-	++	
2	-	++	
3	+-	++	Pick from MH ^{lac^v} colonies. Recheck on Lac.
4	+?	✓	
5	✓ ⁺ , -?	-	" " "
6	✓	✓	
7	✓	✓	
8	✓ ⁺ , - ✓?	-	" "
9	-	+	
10	-	+	

1/22 Rechecks

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4 Lac variegated (not pure+)
- 5 Apparently lac⁺ and lac⁻. No definite lac^v. Hold for recheck.
- 6
- 7
8. 1, 2, 4. lac⁻. 3 lac^{v?} and lac⁻. Recheck lac^{v?} on EMB Lac + MH lac⁺.

No partial segregations. High correlation in the colony. Suggests that sectoring may result from very few segregations per colony. Should try to find evidence for reversal of trends in +/- segregations!

1/19/49.

W668.

40 plates EMB Mal

x ca 400 cols.

16 mutants

W700-715.

6/28/53

~~Adaptation~~ W583

Caovalli's data 58-161 x W583

Gal/lac	+	-	
+	43	21	64
-	91	286	377
	134	307	441

Need V_6 rather
 than lac to
 map Gal.

Assumed M Gal lac

but too many doubles.

W478 x W583: Xyl, lacv's isolated

330] Noted that Xylv were mostly "peaches lac -"

Gal doubtless pyridined by lac ~~repression~~ epistasis.

330-2 (on EMS lac) mostly Gal+Mtl-lacv.

340: 58-161 x W583. close Lac, Gal correlation

351: lac+ excess. ~~to~~ " " "

273

13

58-161 x W583

	lac +	-	
Gal +	43	21	64
-	91	286	377
	134	307	441

Gal + lac + if independent would be $\frac{64}{441} \times 134 \approx \text{about } 20$

Interaction in scoring? Use χ^2 .

Mal +

	Mal +	-	
Gal +	8	53	61
-	18	355	373
			434

Unlinked.

Xyl +

Gal +

-

Crosses for heterozygotes

1/19/49.

1. W677 x W478 ca 100/plate: No + picked.
2. W182 x W677 14 plates 44+ : 150-
3. W45 x W677 15 plates 58+ : 155-
1 mosaic noted. Prob all + and not

① In 20h., quite a few V noted. However, in 40h., some were not easily scored. (Medium rather dilute). 7 picked for recheck. 1-7

② 1? for recheck. lac+

8 → Picked. "x" to lac EMS + EMS.

③ 1? " " lac+ and lac-. Var?

9. No var.

H	1481	Mostly +. 1 v?	Restrained on lac EMS.	lac	Met	Gal	Ar	Met	Xyl
	1482	Mostly +. 1-.	Wait for EMS colonies.	not heterozygous.					
	1483	3 +, -, v	Restrained.	✓	+	-	+	+	+
	1484	4 +, -, v.		✓	-	- ^v	+	-	-
	1485	5 "		✓	+	-	+	+	+
	1486	6 "		✓	v?	-	+	-	+
	1487	7 +, - and v.		✓	-	-	+	-	v

Additional 100 lac+ colonies streaked from ①. 9 probable V. picked and restreaked.

142,
148 are
vacant

Heterozygotes from W677 x W478.

417a.

		lac	Xyl	Mtl	Gal	Mul	Ac
	H142	V					
3	143	V	+	+	- ^s	+	+
4	144	V	-	-	- ^{v?}	-	+
5	145	V	+	+	- ^s	+	+
6	146	V	+	V?	- ^s	-	+
7	147	V	V	-	- ^s	-	+
7	H148	V					

These are no more satisfactory than ~~H148~~ H-140 which has already been analysed to some extent. H144 and 147 are useful for getting Mtl+ recessives but cf. H139 (lac, Xyl^v Mtl-)

See 417b for additional heterozygotes in this series.

Heterozygotes from W478 x W677

	Lac	Xyl	Mtl	Mal	Arab	Gal.
1	V	V	V?	+ ^{5.110} <i>optimum</i> + v?	V	V
2	V	V	V?	+	"	V
3	V	-	-	-	±?	V
4	V	V	V	-	v?	V
5	V	V -	-	-	v?	V-
6	V	V	V	-	V?	V
7	V	V	V	-	V	V
8	V	V?	-	-	V	V

Gal may be regularly variegated in these stocks. May be associated with the Lac, -

Second observations:

H		Lac	Xyl	Mtl	Mal	Arab	Gal	H
167	1	V	v ⁺	V	+	+v?	V?	165
168	2	V	v ⁺ _(B)	V	+	+v?	V?	166
169	3 A	V ⁻ <i>pu.</i>	-	-	-	A v??	V	167
170	4 A	V ⁺ <i>pu.</i>	A v ⁻	V ⁻	-	B v??	V ⁻ <i>pu.</i>	168
171	5	v ⁺	-	-	-	?	V [?] B	169
172	6	v ⁻	v ⁺	V	-	?	V [?] B	170
173	7	v ⁺ <i>pu.</i>	v ⁺ <i>pu.</i>	V	-	-	V _B	171
174	8	v ⁺	A v ⁻ <i>pu.</i>	-	-	-	V	172

See 3/10/49. *pu.*

almost all
gummy in
galactose

- ① Restreak 1 v colony from all arab +
- ② Restreak all (4) signigations.

Jan 28., 1949

H168 is confirmed heterozygous for Lac, Xyl and Mtl.

The following crosses were made with Galactose and Arabinose:

H 165 (1).	Probably uniform ^{but} Gal ^s	Arab. slow++
166 (2)	segregating for Gal ⁺	slow++
167 (3)	very clearly segregating Gal ^s	"
168 (4)	segregating +/s	"
169 (5)	segregating +/s	slow++
170 (6)	segregating	slow++ , but some radiating colonies
171 (7)	segregating ?	slow++
172 (8)	segregating Gal ⁺ /s	slow++

check by streaking out a slow and + colony separately.

H168: heterozygous for four factors; Use for crossover studies.

1/20/49.

W589 (Luria's tryptophane-adenineless) is not fermentatively normal:

slow on mannitol, galactose, Maltose - lactose - Glucose $\pm \rightarrow +$.
+ after 2 days.

1/21

1. Cross with W477 (TLB, Lac, -). x W589
2. Y-181 x W477. (kittin-tryptophane).

Yield of ① very high in 48 hours. Sharp sign. + / -

② less marked yield. Tests:

②: 40 + tested. 5 for retest. 1-5
selection from "stumps" + prototrophs.

②: 28 + tested. 16 probable lac^v 6-21; 26-29
selection from "weaks" prototrophs.

Overall: 21 v / 68 + or ca 34%. An reexamination;
an additional 40 are formed from the first group.

① 100 tested. 4 possible mosaics noted. 22-25
None of these is very sharp. Restreak on EMS, EMBLac etc.

Store
20 m
EMS-Lac
T1
test
plates
Work up
5 added

In addition to routine restreaks, place 4-8 colonies and 1 gross streak
of H149 (419-2-1) and streak out on EMBLac.

H148 = 419-2-2	Lac EMBLac: Many +; occ. - and V.
H150 = 3	Mostly +; occ V and -
" 151	Mostly - occ V and +
" 152	" " "
" 153	ca = +, -

1/25/49.

Series (D). W589 x W477
22-25. EMBlac:

- 22: Most colonies either large, rough spreading lac+ or small, smooth lac- , with some mixed combinations. 1? still variegated colony.
48+: 10- 1022 v. ^{Not sharp!} H 154
- 23: Majority -. 44-: 17+. 1022 v. H 155
- 24: 20+: 11+ H 156
- 25: 54+: 27- H 157

A 25. None of these seems to be strictly mendelian. The colonies which are probably variegated are not very sharply defined, and some of them may represent the slow fermentation type of W589. Observe rate these do seem to be heterozygotes. Wait for EMS plates to develop before proceeding.

Add'n'l 108 colonies picked and tested in lac EMBlac. ~~to report~~

-W1477x Y-161.

4196.

(~~H~~149 reorganization, etc.).

Jan 25, 1949

Grid. colonies of "H149" had been streaked out on EMB Lac.

1. Only + and V? or lighter colonies noted.
2. +, vague + or V, and a few -
3. + only probably misscored as mosaic.
4. Mostly "mosaic"; few, = + and -.
5. Mostly +, squaring. A few -
6. All +
7. All +
8. + = -. A few mosaic.

0 (gross streaks). + sl. > -.

8 to avoid possibility of losing this strain.

Recover H149 to EMS from

Concurrence!

419+

January 25, 1949.

A considerable part of the work done this day used contaminated tubes for suspending colonies, etc.

Following can be recovered from original plates:

- ① Revolutions of H148-153 (Lac⁺ - from 7-161 x W477)
T.O. H149 [too much trouble]
- ② 417-7 (H147) from EMS Xyl plate.
- ③ H138 M+ from EMS Mal.

Repeat: H144 on Mal

January 23, 1949.

1. W126 x W701 Lac_y- x Lac₁- Mal- Gal- Ar-
2. W589 x W677 Tr-Ad- x F₆-.

Yields poor on ①. v. few + as expected. High on ②.

②. 100 picked P25. A26. No clearly segregating colonies.
 streaked on lac EMP (N2)

75 picked. Show peculiar mottled appearance on lac EMP (Is this another
 lac-epistasis?)

After 36-40 hours, on lac EMP, these colonies (7 of the 8) show definite
 sectoring, especially #6. Assign H159-164 to these
 cultures. Streak out mosaic of H163 (#6).

③. Additional 100 picked P26. A27: 1 very questionable ±.
 streak out on EMP; EMS as 420-2-1 Not variegated.

"2" has given no reasonable heterozygotes.

Jan 26, 1948.

S.O. H139 and H141 on EMS MH, Mal and EMBlac to select reversions.

On EMS MH, H141 shows pred +, a few - colonies. It therefore is MH±.

To confirm, streak out on EMS Lac, EMBlac + EMBMH

H139 OK.

P30. 16 papillae from H139 picked to MH EMS (or EMB). Later Y-maze
PI Restrict on EMS MH; EMBlac and EMBMH.

	Lac EMS
1	✓
2	✓
3	✓
4	✓
5	✓
6	✓
7	✓
8	✓
9	✓
10	✓
11	✓
12	✓
13	✓
14	✓
15	✓
16	✓
17	✓
18	✓(?)
19	✓
20	✓

All the cultures are obviously still lac⁻.

On mannitol, however, they show an indefinite reaction never fully +, rather gummy, and sometimes against a vaguely sectorial background. Pick the most clearly sectorial colony in each set and restrict on MH EMS.

On EMS MH, similarly, the colonies show an intermediate response.
(This may be due to vigorous reduction of H.B.)

Segregation of M163

January 28, 1949
130.

After 18h.

- 1.) Inoculate from EMB Lac to Penassay. Dilute and spread on various media (Lac, Mal, Gal, Ar EMB. Two sets, A+B)
- 2.) Streak out single variegated colonies from EMB Lac to same

① P31 A. Lac EMB:

1)	58-	1+	9±	168.	Lac - of two kinds, one pinkish; one bluish.	
2)	76-	1+	9±	186		
3)	76-	2+	14±	192		
210-				4+	32±	246 Σ

Mal	105+	4-	Corrected for heterozygotes.		
	109+	6-			
	214+	10-	224.	195	

Gal	151+	17-			
	96+	5-			
	247+	22-	269	234	

Mal	122+	6-			
	73+	2-			
	195+	8-	203	177	

Lac EMB	75-	1+	11±	Hold. test for Ar ⁻ (16) on all media.	
	90-	0+	8±		
None of these	145	1+	19±		

Gal	107+	5-			
	104+	6-			

In series A, Lac plates show 87.0% segregation. Of the segregants there was: 1.87% Lac⁺; 5.13% Mal⁻; 9.4% Gal⁻; 4.5% Ar⁻.
In series B, there was 88.5% segregation.

Pick Lac- at random and test:

Al.	Lac	Mal	Gal	Ar	
1	-	+	+	+	
2	-	+	+	+	
3	-	+	+	+	
4	-	+	+	+	
5	-	-	-	-	1
6		↑	+	+	
7		↑	+	+	
8		↑	+	+	
9		↑	+	+	
10		↑	+	+	
11		↑	+	+	
12		↑	+	+	
13		↑	+	+	
14		↑	+	+	
15		↑	+	+	
16		↑	+	+	
17		↑	+	+	
18		↑	+	+	
19		↑	+	+	
20		↑	+	+	
21		↑	+	+	
22		↑	+	+	2
23		↑	+	+	
24		↑	+	+	
25		↑	+	+	
26		↑	+	+	
27		↑	+	+	
28		↑	+	+	
29		↑	+	+	
30		↑	+	+	
31		↑	+	+	3
32		↑	+	+	
33		↑	+	+	
34		↑	+	+	
35		↑	+	+	
36		↑	+	+	
37		↑	+	+	
38		↑	+	+	
39		↑	+	+	
40		↑	+	+	
41		↑	+	+	

all negative.

Lac	Mal	Gal	Ar
42	+	+	+
43	+	+	+
44	+	+	+
45	+	+	+
46	+	+	+
47	+	+	+
48	+	+	+
49	+	+	+
50	+	+	+

all negative.

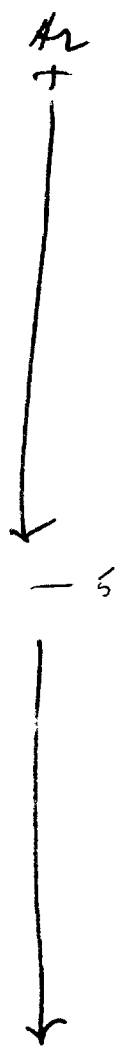
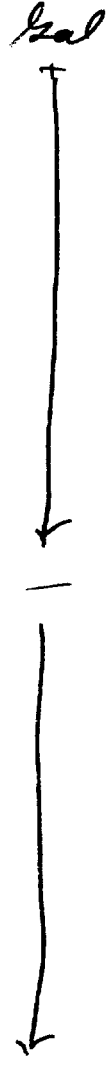
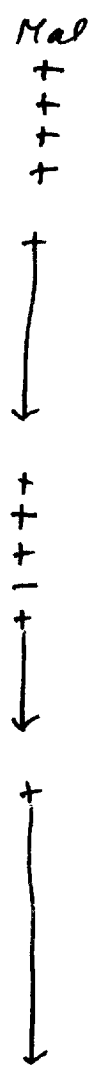
-?

4

A2

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L



6

For, standard "u" ... others

All - here tested are glucose-negative!

∴ W701 carries such a factor, probably introduced as Mal-

Allow above to revert + test reversions on

KyJ and M.

	Lac	Mal	Gal	Ar.
B1.	-	+	+	+
except.				
Row B-6	-	-	8	-
E 1	-	-	9	-
G 2	-	-	10	-
A4	-	(-?)	1	+

46 tests.

1/10/52

	Lac	Mal	Gal	Ar.
B2	-	+	+	+
except.				
A2	-	-	-	-
A3	-	-	-	-
B4	-	-	-	-
B8	-	-	-	-
C2	-	-	-	-
E4	-	-	-	-
E8	-	-	-	-
A4	+ input	+	+	+

49 tests.

Total: 195 tests of Lac-. 15 were Mal-Gal-Ar-
 180 Malt¹ Gal + Ar +
 2 were possibly Mal slow.

Retest these as 424-1 and 2

Reduce some of the ---- on glucose. There may be an epistatic -

Feb. 1, 1949.

H163B. Ar-: 11 tested. 10 are Lac- Gal- Ar- Mal- V_1^R

[# 8 is Lac ± Gal + Ar + Mal +. Steals out on ~~Lac~~ Lac ±.]
omit. Still Lac ramp.

Nutritional tests on 1-7, 9-11:

February 1, 1911.

H 163A wact: 1-4

- B 5
- A Mal - 6-14
- B 15-19 No 20
- A Gal - 21-36
- A Ar - 37-44
- B " 45-46.

	Lac	Mal	Gal	Ar	
1	+	+	+	+	21
2	+	+	+	+	22
3	+	+	+	+	23
4	+	+	+	+	24
5	+	+	+	+	25
6	<hr/>				26
7					27
8					28
9					29
10					30
11					31
12					32
13	all others -				33
14					34
15					35
16					36
17					37
18					38
19	<hr/>				39
-					40

Lac Mal Gal Ar

January 28, 1949

- ① Y10 x W589
- ② W477 x "
- ③ W677 x "

P30-31. ①: + colonies only. 20 picked for retest, all ++ Lac.

②. 100 picked + streaked on EM5 Lac. Hold 2 for retest.

③ " " " All ++

425-1-2~~4~~ on EM5 Lac for retest.

January 20, 1949.

Streak out single colonies from Lac EMS of H-154-157.

8 colonies from each on Lac EMB.

P30: Each shows Lac+ only! Recover from initial

plates: Test 8 colonies from Lac EMS:

None of these show any signs of segregation on Lac EMB.

Conclude: H154-7 are not heterozygous.

January 30, 1949.

4-161 7 sec. on Lac EM13 (W). 30 plates ca 60% = 18,000

12 rechecked as Lac- mutants (1 slow)

Test significant from "sp." heterozygote for "H"

428

1/31/49.

W721x440 100 tested, all lact++. Re-test #7⁺: Lact+

Test for "H" in a spontaneous mutagenesis experiment 429.
 W589 c.w. 22

Feb. 1, 1949.

~~W 721 x 440. m Lac EMS~~
 W 477 x W 589. MEM Lac

20% Lac+ colonies streaked out. No clearly Lac-.
 Restreak 1-4 on Lac EMS for verification.

1A, B ++

2C, D are Lac-; A+B are Lac++. H173

3. ++

4. ++.

streak out 4 cols. H173 m Lac EMP; Take 1+ and 1- and test mutations:

	BMTLB	BMT ₁ Ad	TLB, T ₁ Ad	Σ	V ₁	Lac
1A	+	-	+	+	S	+
1B	+	+	+	+	S	-
2A	+	+	+	+	S	-
2B	+	-	+	+	S	+
3A	+	+	+	+	S	-
3B	+	-	+	+	S	+
4A	+	+	+	+	S	-
4B	+	-	+	+	S	+

Growth in Z rather sparse in 1A, 2B, 3B, 4B; Very heavy in others.

check from Z tube on T1.

February 2, 1949

~~W324~~
251 (Lac₃-S+) x W478 (Lac+ "H") on Glu EMS.

Majority are Glu+. High yield. Streaks out on EM13 glucose.

100 tested on Glu EMS. All Glu+

2/2/49.

Restreaks streak cultures of
2lu

on EMB₃Slu.
→

Lac


- | | | |
|----|------|----------------------------|
| 1 | W249 | |
| 2 | 386 | h.g. small cols. v. slow + |
| 3 | 387 | compact |
| 4 | 388 | very thin. |
| 5 | 389 | slow + |
| 6 | 423 | minute cols |
| 7 | 432 | good - |
| 8 | 433 | " - |
| 9 | 434 | " |
| 10 | 435 | many +: - good size. |
| 11 | 467 | good size -. |

check plates of W434 and W435 ^{mEMB₃Lac} show papillae in their streaks with
lytic clearings around them!! See 437.

check crosses: 2 plates each. xW108

- a. W433: 0+/400.
- b. 435: 0+/150.
- c. See p. 434. W467
- d. W432: 0/200
- e. 4434: No prototrophs. a few hundred microcolonies

Feb. 2, 1949.

~~Special~~ S.O. W251 ($\text{Lac}_3 - \text{Sp}_3^{L+}$) on EMB, glu to select for $\text{Lac}_3 +$ recessive. Pick & papillae and restreak to purify + and - colonies noted generally. One colony was noted which looked  as if it might be segregating, (heterozygous?)

Pick from dark center and restreak as 432-1.

Pick pure + from ~~the~~ remainder and restreak, for confirmation, on EMB-Mal.

432-1: mostly +. A few -. None could be identified as segregating, and this will be true except for the most stable heterozygotes.

Feb 1 ff. 1949.

Inoculate Y10 into T(m)TUB, Lac and Glu. *Thamnitans* loopful transfer
in homologous medium.

- B) A4.
 - C) A5
 - D) P6
 - E) P8
 - F) A9
 - G) A10
 - H) A11
 - I) A12
- etc.

EMB 22/24/49

February 6, 1949.

A. W 589 x ~~W 589~~ 466. 92 tested; Retest 5 for Lac v.
 B. W 589 x 471 100 tested. No Lac v!

A): 1-3 fairly certain Lac v; 4-5?

1-3 yield approx. proportions
 of Lac - prototrophic cf. 429 where
 several lac - tested were prototrophic

1, 3 are Lac vH-174 and 175
(A) (B)

Test nutrition of Lac + segregants:

A 1 + m BMTLB, i.e. Ad Tr +

2 "

3 "

B 1 "

8 additional A

8 Ad Tr +

~~8 Ad Tr +~~

8 " B.

all Ad Tr +

These stocks do not seem to be segregating nutri. req.

Suppressor tests

435

February 6, 1949.

W463

A. R21 (W112, +α Es.) x W461

B. W108 x " "

B. 5 plates, ca 200/plate. No+. ∴ lac₃-.

A. Picket+ and streak out on lacE42

Feb. 5, 1949

Test 2 - segregants of H167 nutritionally to select for further
"H" derivatives.

		W
1.	TL	734
2.	LB ₁	
3.	TLB ₁	735
4.	B ₁	
5.	TL	736
6.	TL	737
7.	TL	738
8.	TL	739
9.	TL	740
10.	TL	

Feb 6, 1949.

Inoculate Y10 on Y2 galactose + Y2 glucose Pick Ga and Gb colonies to

a) .1 ml $1/1000$ OAPS + .2 ml KP buffer Y10 pH 7.5

b) .2 ml " "

After 3 hours incubation, blue cells were - in both series;

all but one was + from Gal series, 1 was rather weak. Strains out
→ Justifying Method on lacEMB as 436-1.

Mixture of Lac+ and Lac-!

Feb 7 ff. 1949.

See 435. Strain cultures of W435 and W435^s on Lac EMB, showed signs of plaque formation & a central papilla.

Pick uncontaminated colonies, and spread as detector, pick papillae and streak out a) on W435^s (sensitive indicator) and on Lac EMB for purification.

A 8.] Plaque formation clearly evident on 435^s.

Pick individual colonies from EMB and s.o., testing for phage also

A 9: All 8 cultures carry considerable phage (comparable to number of bacteria in collated streaks).

P 9: Repeat

A 10. Results in same sense. Conclude that these cultures are lysoresistant on W435.

Strain, streaked, does not show this response.

W435

Filtered, heavy suspensions of ~~the~~ 437 "lysoresistant". Test on 410, W435:

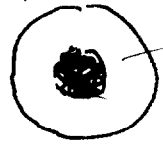
Feb. 11, 1949.

1. Nil: prepare lysate in NSB from ~~a single~~ plaques of 437-K on W435.
 437 mature. | 5 further growth.

2. No action of control plaque noted on Y10, although active on W435.
 Continue single colony isolations from 1 and 2 (lac + and - resp.) testing lysogenicity concurrently: 8 single colonies from 1 and 2 and 1 each from 3-8 were all lysogenic!

3. Test nutrition of 437-(1-8).
 1-1: TLB, 1-2: TL(B,?) 2-1: poor? 2-2: do.

4. Typical appearance of a plaque is:



lysis
 overgrowth. In heavy regions of overgrowth, occasional clear spots are seen, possibly virus mutants? Pick and ~~culture~~

~~at 100x~~ mass containing such clearings and spread: no clearings noted!

5. Tests of Phage sensitivity.

	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7	C
Y10	S	S	R	S	S	S	S	R
438-1	S	S	R	S	S	S	S	R
W435	S	S	R	S	S	S	S	R OK.

storing.

∴ the lysogenic derivative has same phage sensitivity as the sensitive and standard strains.

Feb. 12, 1949

look for Lac v among progeny of crosses of W167 segregants.

x 58-161

- A. W-736
 - B. W-737
 - C. W-738
 - D. W-740.
-

- A. 56 tested. No Lac v.
- B. 64 " No Lac v
- C. 100 " No Lac v.
- D. 16 " No Lac v

∴ Segregants of #167
do not carry Het.

Feb. 12, 1949.

W705 x W126. 15 plates. Ca. 50/plate = 750 colonies.

1, (mucoid), Lac+ found. D.O. on EMS Lac Allmucoid.

spont. *microspytoides*: no sp. seen

440

Feb. 12, 1949.

W705 x W126. 15 plates. Ca. 50/plate = 750 colonies.

1, (mucoid), lact+ found. S.O. on EMS tac. All mucoid.

separation of λ from W153.

Feb. 12, 1949.

Harvest cells from EM13 plate and suspend in 10 ml saline. ~~to~~ Sediment and remove supernatant as λ . Filter most of the supernatant to remove bacteria. Keep a portion unfiltered, but substantially bacteria free. Wash sedimental cells with saline and resuspend.

A) Dilute cells 10^{-3} and plate out: a) on EM13 Lac b) on W435 for λ determination.

B) Dilute λ ~~10^{-2}~~ 10^{-1} , 10^{-3} and 10^{-5} and plate as above
11 plaques

C) Titrate λ on W435.

D) Heat 1:10 dilution of Cells A at 56°C . 1 hour. Titrate cells and phage

A) ca 50 colonies per plate on EM13 Lac. Plaques very difficult to count
46, 38, 57 ~~25~~, 25, 17, 34

B) 10^{-5} 17 plaques; 7 bacterial colonies.
 10^{-1} Almost continuous lysis + overgrowing centers.
Bacteria continuous
 ~~10^{-3}~~
 10^{-3} . Several hundred colonies; do. plaques.

C) No plaques at any dilutions

E) Test W753 as other coli strains:

34 single rolls. 58-161
and 35 of K-12 tested by short strokes +
penpoint on plate spread \bar{c} WY35. Each carried +
Most readily scored on sticks. =====

E. W435: Patchy lysis.
 Y10 No plaques
 Y40 "
 HL "
 B/1 "
 B/1,5 "
 B/4 "

W435 seems to be uniquely sensitive

Note: W753 is T-L-lac⁺ Glu⁺⁺.

W754 is (B)-M-lac₃⁻. While W753 could have come from is not clear; possibly the original source of λ .

For further study, use W754 as a variable strain.

Test R+S colonies from (B) above for lysogenicity on W435.

34 cols tested, all carried λ .

Transfer of λ .

442.

Feb. 13, 1949.

Mutate W754 in Y2 galactose with a series of other K-12 types to look for transfer of λ .

1. W754
2. 58-161
3. W-108
- 4 K-12
- 12 58-161 + W754
- 13 W108 "
- 14 K-12 "
- 15 W477 + "

On plates, test various cultures for sensitivity + content of λ .

Culture	W754	K-12	Y10
W435	L	L?	L?
K-12	0	0	0
W108	0	0	0
W467	0	0	0

Conceivably, K-12 canis λ and W435 is a mutation sensitive to it! See 443.

As important problem now is to devise best methods for scoring λ and obtaining it free from bacteria. (revers)

1. Show that λ is transmissible. Mix K-12 and W435 and streak out. Test Lac - colonies for λ , testing for its transfer.

2. Rapid methods for testing susceptibility + infection:

a. Try cross streaking

b. Spray developed colonies with suspension of λ^s .

February 15, 1949.

Test K-12, W753 + W754 for λ by streaked on W435 stock + W435 old culture \times use, in N5A. Also plate ca 150 K12 ϕ 2#
W754 + mix with bacteria.

1) Plate: K-12 : no plaques; W754: 1 large plaque

2) Streak out: K-12: a few plaques noted in both sets of streaks. Rather more are found in 753 + 754. \therefore K-12 is lysogenic.

W435 is a susceptible mutant, and W753, etc. are mostly standard carrying λ .

Cross-streak tests for λ .

Feb. 15, 1949

Lay down heavy streaks of W57754 (for λ) and 435 (for λ^2)
 Cross-streak \bar{c} each other, K-12 etc. on EMBlac

	NSA		EMBlac		
	v. 754 λ ++	v. 435 λ +++	v. 754 ++	v. 435 +++	
1. \bar{c}					
2. K-12	-	λ ++	-	++	
3. SP-161	-	λ +	-	++	
4. W478	? \pm	\pm	-	++	
5. W477	λ ++	++ ?	-	+	Patchy.
6. W108	-	++	-	+	
7. W595	-	++	-	+	

Patchy appearance along entire streak

Cross-streaks are very difficult to read. However, ^{lac} + λ on lac-S, on EMBlac are not so bad.

(N \bar{c}) Lysate from penicillin treatment of K-12, 10^7 /ml initially, filtered.

2/17/49. .1ml had no λ , was sterile.

2/15/49.

Row K12 with W435 for 8 lines in 42 Gal. Plate out on EMB Lac.

(179+ : 8-) = ca 5% - .

A) Pick - and test for λ on W435 EMB Lac plates. Keep records.

This test was inconclusive. Replicate 16 and streak out on 435 film. 13 were apparently sensitive to λ . 3, all of which had a Lac+ component, showed λ . Pick + and - from each of these for retest. Pick others to test sensitivity. K-12 controls had λ ; W435 did not. (445a)

#14. All+ cols., λ + and prototrophic. No transfu.

#16. 2- cols., λ -; Lac+ was λ +

#11. 2- " λ -; 2+ " "

14 other - cols which were λ - were tested and all found sensitive to λ

B) W756, λ + streaked out on W435. λ developed. Pick from confluent area to find Lac-. Streak out on EMB Lac.

Only 1 Lac- colony found. Streak out $\frac{1}{5}$ W435 background. (not well isolated)

On Lac EMB - Pure Lac- ; on W435, lysogenic. Therefore transfer of λ can occur under these conditions. Reduced λ strain is W767. (See 445a.)

C) sensitivity tests in A were done with λ from K-12. Streak out zones of lysis to find λ + Lac- for evidence of transfu. Do. E 448).

Transfer of λ .
 Return original λ^+ stocks.

445a.

2/20/49.

B). All 4 s.c.i. of W767 agree in λ -, M-, and λ^+ . All are pure from. Keep 1 as stock of induced lysogenicity.

C. Many plates were primarily Lac- with patchy lysis, and lysis at intersection of cutans colonies. Pick Lac- colonies to test for λ^+ .

	λ .	Autolysis	W	λ	Autol.
a.	1-3 λ^+ 4 λ^-	1-3 - 4 +	432	+	-
b.	1 + 2 -	1 - 2 -	433	+	-
b'	1-2 +	1-2; -	434	-	-
c.	2-3 + 1, 4 -	1-4; -	435	-	-
d.	1-4; +	-			
e.	1-2; +	1+; 2-			
e'	1-2; +	1-2; -			
f.	1-2 -	1-2 -			
f'	1-2 +	1+ 2-			
g.	+; +	-; -			
g'	+; +	-; +			

W 434 + 435 are, therefore, merely λ^- . Their sensitivity was detected presumably as a result of mixture or contamination with W753, possibly related to W108.

1 clear plaque noted. Pick as possible virus mutant and streak out on λ^- and λ^+

Autolysis probably indicates a sensitive strain which has phage mixed with it. In most cases, the autolysis and lysogenicity are comparable, consistent with this picture.

2/16/49.

1) W760 43 pl x ca 50 / 2500 colonies. Very high yield of mutants
 apparent.

2) W758. 40 pl. ca 52 / 2000 cols.

- 1) 5-- W768-772
 2 ± W773-774
 3 slow W775-777.

2) 5- W778-782.

	lac	Mal	Glu	Gna	Gal
w 768	-	-	-	↑	-
9	-	+	+	↑	+
770	-	-	-	↑	±
1	-	+	+	↑	+
2	-	+	+	↑	+
3	±	±	-	↑	±
4	±	±	-	↑	±
5	±	+	+	↑	+
6	±	+	+	↑	+
7	±	+	+	↑	+
8	±	+	+	↑	+
9	-	+	+	↑	+
780	±	+	+	↓	-
1	-	±	±	↓	+
2	-	+	+	↓	+

Hex -
 lac -
 (108)
 lac
 lac
 (108)
 (108)
 (108)
 slow lac
 slow lac
 "
 lac
 lac
 gal - slow lac
 (108?)
 lac

2/18/49.

Streakout W467 on EMB lactose. Restreak, and pick
lac+ colonies to EMB Mal + Glu.

27 tested on Glu + Mal. 3 Glu - Lac+. Others all +.
later, 33 tested on Mal. All +.

Purify the Glu - Lac+ on EMB Lac. Allow Mal - W764-766.

inoculate W766 on Glu EMB to recover recessives.

2/21/49. Inoculate W768 on Glu, etc. media to find specific recessives.
Maltose: slow+. lactose full+. Nothing on gal, Mtl or glucose

2/23. Collect W677 lac+. Check on other sugars. W814

2/23/1. Test 1 Mal+, 7 lac+ purified from homologous plates.

	Glu	Mal	Mtl	Gal	Lac	
1	- -	+ ++	- -	- ++	++	W815
2	- -	+ ++	- -	- ++	++	
3	- -	+ ++	- -	- ++	++	
4	- -	- -	- -	- +	± +	W816
5	- -	+ ++	- -	- ++	++	
6	- -	+ ++	- -	- ++	++	
7	- -	+ +	- -	+ ++	++	W817
8	- -	+ ++	- -	- ++	++	
P2V41		+ ++	- -	- ++	++	

not spec. lac response! Save 1, 4, 7. as W815-817

3/9/49.

A set of "Hali" colonies was tested on Ysugars. Many undoubtedly subs.

Types.

	Hal	lac	gal	<u>glu</u>	w
1	+	-	-		856
2	+	++	++		857
3	++				858



3/2/49.

5 Gal+ isolated and tested:

	Gal	Lac	Glu	Mal	Mtl	
1	+	-	-	+	-	840
2	+	+	-	+	-	
3	+	+	-	+	-	
4	+	+	-	+	-	
5	+	+	-	+	-	849

Fermentation of Gal is sluggish; Mal and Lac slow.
 Pick as W 839 + 840

Routine tests for λ .

447

2/18/49.

Preliminary tests have shown λ in K-12 and a number of derivatives. Retest + check by streaking out on EMBS sugar, and on W435. (for autolysis)

	λ On W435.	Autolysis.
1. K-12	+	-
2. W754	+	-
3. 58-161	+	-
4. Y40	+	-
5. Y87	+	-
6. Y70	+	-
7. W677	+	-
8. W70 71	+	-
9. W45	+	-
10. Y10	+	-
11. Y55 477	+	-
12. Y11 W100	+	-
13. W 875 125	+	-
14. W680	+	-
15. W177 177	+	-
16. W478	+	-
17. W467	+	-
18. W108	+	-
19. W145	+	-
20. W126	+	-

21

\therefore Most standard stocks still carry λ and are resistant to it.

2/18/49.

EML noted that W518 A + B were lysed by Y70. W518 itself, when streaked out was autolytic, suggesting a mixture of λ^- and λ^+ .

1. Streak out W518 on EM13 Lac
2. Test A + B for lysis of each other, of W435, and by K-12.

Canine Host	A	B	435	K12
W435	λ^-	λ^-	λ^-	λ^+
A	-	-	-	+
B	-	-	-	+

\therefore 518A + B show same pattern of sensitivity as W435 and are λ^S, λ^-

Test for transfer of λ from K-12 to 518A + B. [Streak out plaques to find λ^+ Lac-]. C is $\lambda/518$.

Mostly + colonies. Some - had plaques. Pick clean lac- colonies + streak out on EM13 lac; EMP W435.

A). ~~1-4 all~~ 1-4 λ^+ (3 had 1 plaque); 1; 3 are autolytic. Use (2).

B). 1-4 all λ^+ no autolysis. 3 has papillae, probably not pure -. Use # 1.

C.) (W518 λ^+).

1	- (1 pl.)	1/435	1 auto.
2	-		
3	-		no growth
4	++		

$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ W518 λ^+

2/18/49.

Y10 x W435

8 colonies found in 15 plates. Very low yield! All lact
Streak out on LacEMB. Use 2 ~~plates~~ colonies per plate, to give
(A-D)(1-4). Retest D1.

	1/435	1/aut.
A 1	+	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-
B 1	+	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-
C 1	+	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-
D 1	-?	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-

D1/518	No plaques.
Y10/D1	Some questionable plaques.
Y10/518	Numerous plaques in central papilla
D1.	

Retest: was sensitive to λ . Recheck 4/7/49.
Sensitive to λ . λ^-

2/23/49. Test ~~70~~¹⁹ segregants from 10 mosaics of ~~M147~~¹⁷⁶ (W518 x W588)
for λ .

	1/518	1/aut.
A 1	+	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-
D 1		-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-

	1/518	1/aut.
B 1	+	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-
E 1	+	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-

	1/518	1/aut.
C 1	+	-
2	+	-
3	+	-
4	+	-

2/19/49.

A. Scrape area of lysis of W756/W435 into H_2O . sediment and filter supernatant (inverted glass).

B. Extract 100mg dried K-12 \bar{c} 10ml H_2O . Sediment 1:10 det. and filter supernatant. B' is test as sediment. 9 colonies K12/1ml noted. Numerous other cont. (from water?)

C. Inoculate Y2 \bar{c} W435 and K-12, young cultures. Shake + incubate ca 2-3 hrs. Sediment and filter.

C' let grow overnight and filter.

A). .1ml: ~~ca~~ 800 plaques on ~~W756~~ W435 on EM13-S. ✓
A loopful streaked out was similarly effective.

B). No plaques.

B' 2 plaques in loopful, probably from K-12.

C). No plaques in .1ml. 1 plate; 2 plaques in another.

Free phage from A) only.

C': ca 500 plaques / .1ml i.e. titer of ca 5000.

2/19/49.

1. ~~W112~~ ~~W108~~
2. W112 W45
3. W108
4. W126
5. W145
6. W125
7. W133.

Cross tests on EMB Lac.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	-	-	-	-	-	+++	-
2	-	-	-	-	=	++	-
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-	-	+	-
5	-	-	-	-	-	+	-
6	++	++	++	++	++	±	+++
7	-	-	-	-	-	+++	-

At 24 hours, Lac₆ - reacted regularly. Its isolated response was irregular, sometimes ++, sometimes -! Needs study in liquid medium!

Held for 48 hrs. Rdg¹: No change Lac₆ shows most interesting interactions

Segregation of H179.

450

2/26/49.

H179 is W126 x W778. (TLB, Lac₄- x IV. Hist Lac₂-).

Streak out ⁴ original var. cols. on Lac EMB. Practically no
 pure +. Purify 1- from each. Pick + centres for new segregations
 Test mutations of 6 additional - segregants from different lac₂
 Also streak out 16 additional v colonies.

- d --
- D quorum - H only.
- c ++ (weak m - T)
- a --
- 1 --
- 2 ++
- 3 --
- 4 --
- 5 --
- 6 TL

mutation diff. to establish. Probably IV requirement interfaces.

2/20/49.

Plate K-12 and W435 heavily together on EM5 + NSA, to look for clear plaques of λ' .

All defined nothing but no clear plaques seen in 8 plates.

2/21. 445g: Clear plaque. Streak out on W435 and on K-12, also using a turbid plaque and λ 450c'.

	W435	K12
1. cl. pl.	+	-
2. Turb pl	+	-
3. λ	+	-

"Clear plaque" was probably mostly ~~phage-free~~ phage particle-initiated. Free λ gives essentially the same picture. Lysogenicity in this system is not evolved as readily as in Burnett's.

However on 2d day, lytic zone was clear, not hazy, and individual (resistant?) colonies were noted. Pick to NSB + 518 to grow out the phage, and streak out the "resistants".

Purify 8 cultures and test for sensitivity. All but #5 are λ^- and λ^+ as determined with W435 and free λ . #5 is λ^+ .
 Keep as ~~518~~ for #1 (lac-) and ~~518~~ for #6 (lac+, ~~was~~
 W- CW-

3/5/49.

EM10 Lac
EM13
EM5 Lac
EM5
T(O)
yZ both
Pennisay
NSA

Streak out single plaques from λ' on W518. 4 tested

- a) All gave clear plaques on W518
- b) All gave no plaques on W811 (518 λ')
- c) When streaked out alone, all were ϕ ridden, with a few resistant colonies.

3/5. Test c) resistant for lysogenicity on W518 16 test

		W518	Aut
A	1	-	-
	2	+++	+++
	3	+	+
	4	-	-
B	1	++	-
	2	-	-
	3	++	-
	4	++	±?
C	1	++	++
	2	-	- ±?
	3	-	-
	4	++	++
D	1	-	-
	2	-	-
	3	-	-
	4	+++	+++

Possible exceptions to "no lysogenicity in λ' ". Should be checked.

Plaques of λ' are certainly clearer, or may bespeak a less frequent development of lysogenicity.

Check on B1 and B3:

B1: rather small, clear plaques.

B3: larger plaques, some filled heavily or with granular overgrowth.

Keep ~~B1~~ B1 as W-855

New spontaneous nitrozyloles

2/20/49.

- 1. W-126 X W705
- 2. " X W706
- 3. " X W707.

2/20/49.

A } ~~W770 x W477~~
 B } ~~W770 x W477~~
 C } ~~W770 x W477~~
 ~~W769 x W478~~

Lac⁻ Lac⁺
W769 x W478 (BM).

W769 x 477 (TLB, Lac⁻). No Yield.

C

A+B } 100 tested on Lac EMS for Lac⁺. 2 Lac⁺, ~~1~~ H177-178
 Purify on Lac EMS.

56 add'l tested: No Lac⁺. 1?

February 20, 1949.

W126 x

- 1. W 769
- 2. 771
- 3. 772
- 4. 778
- 5. ~~779~~
- 6. 782
- 7. W770 x W677

2+ Not lac

4+. 3++ 1 lac

(H1179)

ca. 50% + 2+ Not lac

(770+ : ca 10% reversion.)

49 tested. No lac

Studies for Lac reversion in heterozygotes

Febr. 20, 1949

A W478 x W660 m Xyl EMS.

B. x 677

p23. Yields very low 1 + col. from B. Not Xyl^-
 10 from B. 1++ 9 mixture. Reisolate

3/1. Repeat W478 x W660. as EMS lac + Xyl.

a) Recheck test 16 Xyl+ for Xyl $^-$. 6 likely heterozygotes. (1-6).

Retest on Xyl EMS and Lac EMS.

	Xyl EMS	Lac EMS	Xyl EMS.
1	$\frac{\sqrt{v}}{v}$	-	
2	+ $\frac{-}{v}$?	+,-	H189
3	$\frac{v}{v}$	-	
4	$\frac{v}{v}$	$\frac{v}{v}$	
5	+,-	$\frac{v}{v}$	
6	++	-	

①③⑥ are suitable for reversion studies of Lac.

B) 3/3. 64 addn'l tested on Xyl EMS. Many mixed +/-. 6 ~~lac~~ Xyl^- .
 48 " " " " Lac " " 8 likely lac $^-$

	vm lac EMS	
1	+,-	= X 11 } do not keep.
2	-,+	
3	-,+	
4	-,+	
5	-	X 15
6	-,+	X 16

Keep. H1190

Recorded as Gal $^-$.
 later tests show Gal+

3/6/49.

W478 x W660 (Lac, Xyl, Mal, Ar, Mtl).

Remember in X and L series.

X1-6. An Xyl EMS.

- H-189
1. Growth OK; numerous - as well as + colonies. Pickle + 's to Lac EMS, Xyl EMS, Xyl EMS.
 2. No isolated colonies. Heavy growth in streak. 1 or 2 "papillae" in streak. Pickle to EMS.
 3. Good growth. 1 poorly isolated Xyl⁺ S.O.
 4. Lital 1 Lac^v Xyl^v
 5. Frq. + col; - background
 6. do.

H189 is Xyl^v (except #4 of 6 isolates). \bar{e} - predom.
 do. H190 (except #2 of 4 isolates).

455L series.

	Lac	Mal	Arab	Xyl	Mtl	
1	v	-	++	-	-	
2	++	-	++	-	-	
3	v ✓	++	++	v ⁺ ✗	+	? Aras patterning
4	v ✓	++	v [?] s	+	+	
5	v ✓	-	+	v ⁻	v ⁺	
6	v *	-	+	v ⁺ *	v ⁻	* many p
7	v *	-	v [?] +	v ⁻	v ⁻	
8	v *	-	++	-	-	

Arab can scarcely be scored. Note correlation of Mtl with Mal.

2/22/49.

W588 x W769.

~~Hoyle~~ 5 tested. 2 were lac_v!
H180-181.

2/25/ Repeat W588 x W769 [should be list. for lac⁷⁶⁹, U, R, IV, Aug., TLO, ..

3/1 100 tested. (4/plate 25 plates: 19 plates had 1; 3 had 2; 13 had no lac_v. 18 altogether).

Many of these appear to be "bullseye" colonies
See 464 for seq. of W180 + 181.

→ 18 retested from Lac EMS. 2+ colonies from each.

All but #13 are clearly lac_v. Preserved on Lac EMS. Save momentarily.

At 48 hours:

- 1 Mostly sectorial; 1 bullseye (change of type? streak out!)
- 2 Empty Sectorial; 1 ~~bullseye~~ annular.
- 3 Annular
- 4 Sectorial; (almost pinpoint)
- 5 Sectorial; - pedan.
- 6 ~~sectorial~~, almost all bullseye (annular)
- 7 Sectorial
- 8 " and bullseye nearly equalors.
- 9 Sect. + pedan
- 10 Sectorial
- 11 Annular (large); sec. sectorial
- 12 Sectorial
- +x
- 14 Sectorial, very complex
- 15 Sectorial, some very simple
- 16 Sectorial
- 17 Sectorial, - pedan
- 18 Sectorial

{ both yield both }

2/22/49.

Picked growth in center of plaques of λ (4500⁺) on W435 and streaked out on EM13 Lac.

A23. Mostly + colonies (we were in of W435 previous, noted). Test for lysogenic

in W435 and auto. (16 colonies, 2 from one plaque)

	lac	λ /435	auto.
A			
1	-	-	-
2	+	-	-
3	+ +	-	-
4	- -	++	-
B			
1	+	-	-
2	-	-	-
3	+	+	-
4	+	-	-
C			
1	+	++	-
2	+	++	-
3	+	-	-
4	+, -	++	-
D			
1	+	++	-
2	+	++	-
3	+	++	-
4	+	++	-

As 16 trials, 9 lysogenic cultures isolated from plaques of λ / W435
 maintain A4 to test for persistence of λ .

2/22/49.

know. NSA E WS18 and 1ml sewage filtrate, Avery
 streaks out unfiltered lysate on WS18.

A23 Pickle plaques to water. 1-7 large 8-28 small and very
 small. ~~Pick~~ streak these on WS18 and on Y10 / EMB. to
 find any ϕ \bar{c} diffusional activity

Pickle plaques of #2,7,8

13 and 20 to
 Penassay and add
 depth of WS18.

P213.	WS18	Y10
1	++ M	++ M, S
2	++ M, S	++ M
3	++ M	± M, S
4	++ M	++ M
5	++ ML	++ M
6	+ MB	+ M
7	++ ML	++ M
8	+ HS	+ S
9		
10		
11		
12		
13	+ M	± S
14	+ M	+ S
15	+ M	+ S
16	+ M	+ S
17	+ M	± S
18	+ M	+ S
19	++ M	+ S
20	+ M	± S
21	+ M	± S
22	+ M, S	++ S
23	± M	-
24	+ M	± S
25	+ M	S
26	+ M	± S
27	+ M	S
28	± M	± M

maybe a difference.

3/1/49. Cross test 12 and 120		
	518/2	120
0	R	S
2	R	S
7	R	S
8	S?	R
13	S?	R
20	S?	R

Make 518/20 /2.

λ -specific phages.

458^a

2/25/49.

A). lysates of 458-2, 7, 8, 13 + 20. Last three were completely clear overnight; 2 + 7 were fully grown & had to be sedimented before filtration. Sterile filter (sintered glass).

B) Pick 2 plaques each from 13 and 20 to Y10 and W518.

	Y10	518		Y10	518
13	1	28 M	8 M		
	2	11 M	23 M	20	
	3	20 M	16 M		
	4	0	0		
	5				
	6				
	7				
	8				

same.
 plaques numerous
 but smaller on Y10.
 No absolute differences

4/5/49. Test stocks against 458-2, and 458-20.

	2	20
"518/2/20"	S	R
"518/20/2"	R	R
518	S	S
13/1,5	S±	R
Y10	S	S±

20 resembles
 border small in
 pattern.

518/20/2 is suitable for selection of additional ϕ .

Photo with 20-filtered average.

5 plaques seen. Stock

... 518 ϕ 11

3/5/49.

From Hershey.

B/1,5 W811 W518

Hershey sent 3/2/49.

T16	+++	+++	+++
Bordet large	-	-	-
" Small	-	+++	+++
φ 10-174	-	-	-
C36	+++	+++	+++
LI Luria's (513)		+++	+++

Sp10 (not on B/6 or B/7)
(acc. Hershey.
(same host range as T1))
Sp11 Not related to T. N.G. m.f.
(acts on H, not B).
Sp12 all coli.

These phages evidently do not differentiate between λ- and Bordet large and φ 10-174 may be related to T1 and T5.

Bordet small does not attack B/1,5 although it is active on K/1,5.

Hold for lysogenicity tests.

1. Plaques very hazy, clear, irregular centers; opaque margins
2. moderate plaques, "Resistants: a few papillae in background
Some lact!"
4. moderate-large; sharp borders. " a single pap. " "
3. v. large plaques, spreading lysis.
5. large and small plaques. Resistants. small + large both → long

Strain out 518/ — above for lysogenicity tests.

C36: no resistants! Test 2 col./water suspensions. ~~Strain~~ m.s. ka

March 7, 1949.

Test newly received and isolated phages for the induction of lysogeny in W518, by simple streaks over sensitive smear.

	1 C36.	5 tests	None lytic
	1 T16	5 tests	None lytic
1 Sp17	1 Sp17	3 tests	None lytic
	1 Sp14	5 tests	Each lytic: lysogenicity? or carryover.

Streak out bacteria of 1 Sp14 and retest lysogenicity. 458d1 and d2 lysogenicity confirmed. Sp14 is, then, ~~λ~~ lambda-2.

sp 15	4 tests	all λ-
sp 14	1 test	λ-

518/13 No stable resistant

518/18 6 colonies streaked out and isolates tested on W518:
None lytic

Test Hershey's Phages: salmonella.

2/24/49.

	1 HP21	2 HP13	3 HP15	4 HP18	5 HP20	6 HP22	7 HP23	Sp 1	
SW36	L ++ ⁴	++ S	++ ML	++ M	- ^{hazy?} small	M ++	S ++	-	hard to see
Y10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	a few hazy plaques.
W518	-	-	papillae!	-	-	-	-	-	a " **
SY20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+ *
SY21	+	+	+	+	+	+	? +	?	hard to see
SY23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SY61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Lact!
SY83	very large ++	++	++	++	hazy ^{center} plaque small ++	small ++	small ++	-	
	very large plaque!								

* Many confluent lysis with a few clear plaques. (Reduced lysogenicity)

** Several large plaques with hazy borders, and ^{medium} small stray ones. Y10 is similar, size scaled down.

SY23 all - maybe doubted as it was spread very thin.

The most distinctive phages seem to be #5 (probably inducing lysogenicity), #1, very large plaques, and #7, very small plaques.

Also Sp-1 which acts on K-12. Clear plaques should be picked to pure.

2/28/49.

Plate W518 and T1-T7 on lac EMB.

T1. Ca 10^2 plaques, noted, probably of λ ; " as W518 is V_1^R
T5 Ca 401 " " " " " "

\therefore lysates of K12 contain λ as well as specific phage.

T2h. Confluent lysis and ca 300 resistant colonies. Some are smaller + smooth, others larger + rough.

T3. 6 very large plaques (ca 1 cm.) and $10^2 \lambda$.

T4. Complete lysis ca 100 resistant, a few mucoid. Very small colonies.

T6 Ca 400 " "

T7 ca 500 " Many ribbled or suicidal.

W435/T1. Ca 100 resistant ca 10-15% mucoid.
T5.

518: 458-2 Nearly confluent lysis. ca 10^3 resistant (large plaques).
458-20. Complete. Host of 10^{2-3} survivors very rough.

Heat sensitivity of bacteriophage λ .

48

2/28/49.

- A. Titrated out unheated W811 on EM13 and \bar{c} W518.
- B. Heat aliquot at 56° 1 hour and titrate for bacteriophage + λ .

Bacteria sterile. (No colonies at 10^{-1} ml).

No plaques seen at 10^{-3}

Ca 100 colonies. Only 7 plaques (1 confluent group included).
The plates used were very wet + plaques may have smeared.

March 1, 1949.

H180. 41 lac⁺ streaked out. lac⁻ is very predominantH180 12 lac⁺ so. - pred. also, not so markedly.Test for $V_1^R =$

Test 9 or 10 cols. from each of 10 mosaics.

	$lac-V_1^S$	$lac+V_1^R$	$lac-V_1^R$	$lac+V_1^S$
1	8	2	0	
2	2	7	1	
3	5	5	0	
4	5	4	1	
5	7	3	0	
6	4	5	1	
7	7	3	0	
8	5	3	1	
9	5	4	1	
10	4	1	5	
	52	37	10	0

The proportion of $lac+$ is probably exaggerated due to bias in attempt to sample this fraction. It is clear that the $-R$ crosses is more frequent than the $+S$, although it is difficult to say how representative a sample this is. Certainly, the crosses are not randomly distributed. ($4^0; 5^1; 1^5$)!

T1-T7 lysogenicity.

46:

March 29, 1949

Pick colonies streaked out from W435/- or W518/- and test for lysogenicity on Y70, and control alone on EMB.

W435/T1. A, B. 43 tested. None lysogenic.

W518/T2h. A, B 43 tested " " .

W518/T4. 20 tested. Most did not survive on control plates!

20 showed ca 40 plaques on Y70; 2 colonies. Pick these colonies and recheck: not lysogenic

1458-2. 10 tested No lys. only 2 grew on control.

1458-20 7 tested No lys. 3 grew.

1TT. 6 tested No lys. 4 grew

W518/6. 54 tested. all grew No lys. 1 doubtful (#54, rechecked, not lysogenic)

435/5. 55 " " No lys.

3/3/49.

29 W811 picked from UV irradiation ^{EHB} ~~on~~ plate. Tested on W.
for λ . all +.

12 added. All λ +

3/2/49. 60 tested. All λ +

101 tested λ +.

3/5/49. Test 100 each of u-v treated W826 and W828, from lact
plates in a mutation run.

828, # 6 maybe λ - , 94,

826, # 13, 16, 27, 59, 64,

7/200 = ~~3%~~ 3.5%

Reisolate and recheck.

I did not grow in 826 series. Check others by using as
basis for W811 streak.

These cultures are not susceptible to W811 λ . Recheck their
lyso-genicity — lost in course ??

March 6, 1949.

20 plates x 400 cols = 8000 each. W826 and W828 UV7 seeds.

LacEMB.

(see 466 for tests)

1-6 W826 → W847-852

7-8 W828 W853-854.

W847 is hexose -, very like W768

~~W852~~ 852 is very slow, not - on lactose.

Zelle's single cell isolates

469

March 5, 1949.

Slants, Lac-segregants.

	Lac EMS	Xyl EMS	T5
47	-	++	S
48	-	++	S
99	-	++	S
100	-	++	S
101	-	++	S
102	-	++	S

A51 +, -, v ++ (some -?) A51 seems to be pure Xyl+
but Lac v!

in Lac EMS, A51 gave +: - ca 2-3:1. 1 moraxi uolca
streak this out in EMS, EMBlac and EMS Xyl.

A51, A53, A77, A78, A219-222 are all Xyl++, Lac+ and - or v.
Are these from H-72??

H72, from slant is Lac ± Xyl+. ∴ these isolates are from a
different heterozygote sent
Zelle in error. (Air Mail to
Recheck from older Lac EMS plates.

3 plates marked H72 were found in refrigerator

"A" is verified as H72 (Xyl v Lac v)

B did not grow out

C is like slant. (probably H62)

5/7/49.

Heat broth cultures of W518, W811 and λ at 56°, 90m
(\rightarrow K.) 1:5

- A. Titrate λ at 10^{-2} . ($\frac{1}{11} \times \frac{1}{10}$).
- B. Test W518K and W811 for sterility
- C. Test W811K for free λ (multiply by 5 to compare with A.)
- D. Test heated λ for inactivation
- E. Add .1ml λ to 1ml W518K. ~~At 10 mins., dilute to 10ml and~~
At 15 mins., assay .1ml on W518. Do in triplicate.
- F do. using W811K.

3/8. A. 114, 112, 119

B. Both sterile (.1ml.) ✓ at 48h.

C. 34 plaques! Some λ survives within W518K and can be released!
41

D. No plaques at 10^{-1} , 10^{-2}

E. Numerous plaques. 81, 126, 144, 152. $\bar{m} = 126$

F. Numerous plaques. 146, 127, 159, 158 $\bar{m} = 147$

No evidence of absorption.
Note that some plaques are mottled, with clearer centers

Repeat C + D.

C. 26 plaques. (i.e. ca 300 λ /ml ~~can~~ survive heating of 4)

D. No plaques.

3/9/49.

Sediment suspension of heated W811 used in W470
to locate λ as free or in cells.

Cells 25

Supernatant 11.

Reversible absorption is indicated, even from heatkilled
cells!

3/10/49

1. Test with 8 and some H72' for TS, T1 sense.

W478	Lac	T1 #P	TS SP	V ₁ ^c R	V ₁ S (V _{1c} ^R reaction)
1	-	P	SP	R	S
2	-	R	R	-	R
3	-	R ^P	R ^P	R	S
4	-	R	P	R	S
5	+	R	R	-	R
6	+	R	R	-	R

The coupling is probably $lac-V_1^R$; $Lac+V_1^R$, so that X had occurred ~~for~~ prior to the establishment of the heterozygote.

3/10/49.

		lac	Mtl
165	1	v	v ⁺
166	2	v	v ⁺
167	3	v	v ⁻
H168	4	v	v ⁻
169	5	+	v ⁻
170	6	v ⁺	v ⁺
171	7	v ⁺	-
172	8	v ⁺	v ⁻

→ Choice for crossover studies.

Pick four lac⁻ and 4 Lac⁺ ~~and~~ from H168 and test nutrition and φ.

	lac	T ₁	T ₅	V ₁	V _{1c}	Nutr.	Xyl	Mtl	Sal	
1	-	P	S	S	R	TB ₁	-	-	S	
2	-	R	R	R	-	B ₁	-	-	S	
3	-	P	S	S	R	B ₁	-	-	S	
4	-	R	R	R	-	TLB ₁	-	-	S	Parental!
5	+	P	S	S	R	TB ₁	-	-	+	
6	+	P	S	S	R	+	-	-	+	(test for <u>Het</u>)
7	+	P	S	S	R	TB ₁	-	-	+	
8	+	P	S	S	R	TB ₁	-	-	+	
W677	-	R	R	R	S	TLB ₁	-	-	S	
W478	+	P	S	S	R	BM	+	+	+	

seems to be predominantly B₁- L+ M+ V₁^S Lac⁻. B₁ is sample for Lact.

Parental configurations were T-L-B₁-M+V₁^R Lac⁻

3/11/49.

See 458d.

When the cultures of 518/14 were first grossly tested for lysogenicity they lysed W518. However, when streaked out, no lysis ensued from single colonies then purified.

Repeat isolations of 518/14 and 811/14.

A from lipid areas.

B from "halos"

811	518	A. Gross streaks	λ	Autol.
			+	-
		Single colonies.		
		1	+	+
		2	+ (3 plaques)	-
		3	-	-
		4	-	-
		B.		
		1	-	-
		2	-	-
		3	-	-
		4	±	±
518.		A Gross	+	→ -
		1	-	-
		2	-	-
		3	-	-
		4	-	-
		B		
		1	-	-
		2	-	-
		3	+++	-
		4	-	-

Pick 518B3 and recheck for lysogenicity. When streaked out as 518, a considerable amount of λ was indicated. Test single colonies and gross streaks.

3/13/49

None of the 12 single colonies tested showed lysis, but gross streaks lysed W518.

Re-streak and test on W518. Also, inoculate broth \bar{c} gross streak assay now + after growth for λ_2 .

Test 3 single colonies and W518 as \checkmark for sensitivity to ϕ^{14} .

Recheck lysogenicity.:

1, 2 + 3 were not lysogenic on W518; ϕ^{14} control lysed.

When tested for sensitivity to ϕ^{14} , there was no lysis or plaque formation, but the area spread showed the same increased opacity as seen in the margins of halos from ϕ^{14} plaques.

Initial. \rightarrow At a 10^{-6} dilution: 127 bacterial colonies. 23 plaques.
 \therefore probably each bacterium does not carry the phage.

At 10^{-2} dilution there was confluent lysis of the background and granular overgrowth.

At 10^{-4} there were about 10^3 confluent plaques.

Final: supernatant inadvertently discarded. Plate out washed bacteria.

11 11 λ_2 can grow on W811, but many of the bacteria are readily disinfectant. Test a series of sci from the 10^6 dilution plate for λ^+ and λ^s . Also maintain #1 above for further study as W874

3/15/49.

Test 70 a.c. from 473 ~~and~~ a plating on W518 for λ .
None were lysed. 70 tested were resistant to λ .

This third grass streak showed λ , but not as markedly as the previous.

Restreak the swab \bar{c} and \bar{c} W518 underlayer.

Plating of culture from 473 a. gave ca 300-500 bacteria;
just 1 plaque. This does not correspond to any growth.

Note 473(2) which had an appreciable amount of λ
showed a light background growth with heavy outgrowths.
The background might be responsible for lysozymicity, but
different case for λ .



Type ~~a~~ A: opaque outgrowths; B: more translucent background

Some B did not grow, or grew sparsely, showing some signs of
autolysis. Amount of λ from A ^{outgrowths} ~~streaks~~ was variable, and much
less in proportion to the bacterial growth than from B.

Pick 1 single colony from a sparse B brush, and that grew somewhat
more densely, and streak out for purity + λ .

473(4). Heavy streaks showed λ S.Z. out. Streaked out.

1. 1

3/17/49 ff.

473(5). None of 10 single colonies is λ^+ . Bush is more active than
 ever. Turning bac + mechanical selection. Test ~~bush~~ + single
 eds. Hold for outcome of B2:

On B, 1 is λ^- ; 2 is λ^+ . Bush + streaks.

8 single colonies from B2 were not lysogenic. ~~the~~ Bush w

3/18. Streak out bacteria from bush of B2 (473(6)).

Bush mainly λ^+ . No single colonies were.

Pick bush (1) and 8 single colonies (2-9). Test these
 for λ . Also (10) mix 8 colony suspensions and streak out
 for λ . 1 only lysogenic.

Compare cells from this bush for sensitivity to various λ \bar{E}
 W518, its parent.

Take to slant as W877.

Segregation of H168

474

3/13/49.

Inoculate from EMS streaks to two tubes Penmassay. Aerate overnight (5 humidifier; volume ca halved!)

Dilute 10^{-8} and spread on EMB media:

A		lac	lac	MHE	MHE	Gal	Gal	Xyl	Xyl
Σ		528	365	647	647	510		651	
+		500	341	647	647	486		1	
-		26	18	647	647	24		647	
V		2	6	3	3	0 ?	too crowded to count well.	3	
Rel %		4.9	4.9	0.5	0.5	4.7		0.5	

B.		lac	lac	MHE	MHE	Gal	Gal	Xyl	Xyl
Σ		204	229	201	163			236	187
+		200 199	225	201	1			0	0
-		4	3	0	161			230	186
V		1	1	0	1			1	1
Rel %		2.0	1.3	0	0.6	0			

4 ca 200
all -

By error all Gal were +
Xyl were +

Ca half the plates ^{of B} were cont. a mycooides type.
Pick rare type to all sugars.

- A. Lac -
- B. Gal -
- B. Xyl + 1st 1
- B. MHE + 2nd 1

Segregation of H168.

474a

3/15/49.

A. Lac-: 33 picked.

All are Gal^s. 32 are Xyl- Mtl-
1 Xyl+ Mtl+

B. 1. Xyl+: Lac- Mtl+ Gal^s

2. Mtl+: xyl+ Lac- Gal^s

54 Gal^s: All lac- All but 1 Xyl- Mtl-
1 Xyl+ Mtl+.

∴ Xyl, Mtl are completely linked (3 ++ segregants; all others -- H₁)
Gal, Lac ^{very} ~~fairly~~ closely linked. (87 -- segregants; all others ++)

The Xyl Mtl + segregants are crossovers.

This segregation may not be entirely valid because of the very high population density which was reached.

Test some lac- from A for V₁^R.

4 Mtl+ Xyl+ Lac- Gal^s from above: all R.
of the - - - -; 19 were V₁^S 6 were V₁^R. From tannit backgrounds at lysis, all V₁^S judged to be V_{1c}^R
Dunsh.

Additional lac- tested: - probably unscorable

Concl. lac+ can be taken to be exclusively (or nearly so)

Gal+

Xyl-

Mtl-

that is, the dominant type.

lac- is usually Gal^s and v.v., but may be either Xyl⁺ Mtl⁺ or
is often V^R.

3/17/49.

W847 x W769 on Lac EMS.

40 Lac+ prototrophs streaked on Lac EMS.

None Lac⁻.

later 847 retested: mostly Lac+!

3/20: W842 x W859. on MH EMS.

40 MH+ tested: all +.
48 additional: "".

Note! In this cross, MH+ appears
to exceed MH- by at least 10:1.
(on EMS Lac; no P₁)

3/14/49.

58-161 x W859 mbaeEMS

100 bac + tested. Pro bac ✓.

W859 does not carry Set.

H189

~~477~~
477

		EMS lac	Xyl.
1	H189A	+	-
2	"	-	-
3	"	+	-
4	"	+	-
5	"	+	-
6	"	+	-
7	"	+	-
8	"	+	-
9	H189B	+	-
10	"	+	-
11	"	+	-
12	"	+	-
13	H189C	+	-
14	"	+	-
15	"	+	-
16	"	+	-
17	"	+	-
18	"	+	-
19	"	+	-
20	H189D	+	-
21	"	+	-
22	H189E	+	-
23	"	+	-

There appears to have been uniform segregation!

Pills + papillae from H189 - 190 in EMS Lac.
 streak out on EMS lac to purify. Test single + colony derived from
 1 papilla for lac, Xyl v.

Sat

		Lac	Xgl
1	189a	+	-
2	"	+	-
3	"	+	-
4	"	+	-
5	189b	+	-
6	"	+	-
7	"	+	-
8	"	+	-
9	189c	V ⁺	V
10	"	+	-
11	"	+	-
12	"	+	-
13	189d	+	-
14	"	+	-
15	"	+	-
16	"	+	-
17	189e	+	-
18	"	+	-
19	"	+	-
20	"	+	-
21	190a	+	-
22	"	+	-
23	"	+, -	-
24	"	+, -	-
25	"	V ⁻	V
26	"	+	-
27	"	+	-
28	"	+	-
29	"	+	-
30	"	+	-
31	"	n.g.	n.g.
32	"	+	-
33	190b	+	-
34	"	+	-
35	"	+	-
36	"	V ⁻	V
37	"	+	-
38	"	+	-
39	"	+	-
40	"	+	-
41	"	+	-
42	"	+	-
43	"	+	-
44	"	+	-
45	190c	+	-
46	"	+	-
47	"	+, -	-
48	"	V ⁻	V
49	"	+	-
50	"	+	-

		Lac	Xgl
51	190e	+	-
52	"	+	-
53	"	V ⁻	V
54	"	+	-
55	"	+	-
56	"	V ⁻	V

Thus, out of 56 trials here, only 6, or 1/9, are still heterozygous after lac reversion. This suggests that reversion-mutation may be more frequent in diploids than in haploids. Label 477:1-6.

1	9
2	25
3	36
4	48
5	53
6	56

3/15-16/49.

H190 b + c.

Pick single + isolates to EMS Lac and spot on EMB Xyl.
 [Straining is deepened with some segregants as recognized
 as ~~the~~ Xyl - I.]

b. 37 tests 4 Xyl_v [6, 13, 14, 37].

c. 35 tests. 7 Xyl_v. [1, 7, 5, 21, 27, 31, 33].

Pick from corresponding EMS Lac spots as 477: 14-17 (b)
 Also inoculate into Penassay to allow and 18-24 (c)
 segregation.

3/15/49.

Test on 1st 6 Lac v.

Mutate from EMS to ~~EMS~~ Penicillin

strain	Lac	Xyl	MHE	Prod. Lac
189	+	?		
190	V			-
190	V			-
190	V			-
190	V			=
190	V			=

Out lac EMS, 1 shows a sheen; others do not. Has one become Lact+/Lact+?

477b From 190 A picks a number of - and + cols. from same papilla to correlate heterozygosity.

A. Lac+	Xyl	Lac-	Xyl.	C. +	Xyl	-	Xyl	#
1	-	-		1	V		V	# 14
2	-	-		2	V		-	
3	-	-		3	V		-	
4	-	-		4	V		-	
B. 1	-	-		D. 1	V		V	
2	-	-		2	V		V	
3	-	-		3	V		V	
4	-	-		4	V		V	

The heterozygosity of lac+ mutants is probably due only to the fact that the chromosome was already segregated.

477-1 turns out to be to be lac+ Xyl- not XylV.

Second series: lac v includes:

#	
7	10
8	13
9	20
10	23
11	24
12	32
13	35
14 C+#1	

Reversion in Lac- diploids

477b.

3/15/49.

All valid lac +/- from lac -/- came from M-190.

2-6 first series.

Recover from brushes on EM5lac.

7-14 second series.

streak out Penassay cultures of these new heterozygotes.

	-	+	Prod!
2	109	22	-
3	63	25 (exag.)	-
4	486	32	-
5	41	23	-
6	79	fewer.	-
7			+
8			+
9			++
10			++
11			++
12			++
13			++
14			-
15			+
16			+
17			-
18	V-		+
19	+		-
20	V-		+
21	++, -		-
22			+
23			-
24			+
25			

Recheck (from EM5lac brushes) All of these are prod. Lac -!

10- : 13+

3/19/49.

check 8 strains from EMS lac bushes.

	lac EMS	Xyl EMS	Mtl EMS	EMS lac	Prod(?)	Reverts
2	V-	V	V		-	✓
3	V-	✓	✓		-	✓
4	V-	✓	✓		-	✓
5	V-	✓	✓		-	✓
6	V-	✓	✓		-	✓
7	+	-(v)	-v		+	✓
8	+	-v	-v		+	✓
9	+	-(v)	-(v)		+	✓
10	+(v?)	-v	-v		+	✓
11	+, (-)	-	-		+	✓
12	V+	-v	-v		+	✓
13	+	-	-		+	✓
14	V+	✓	✓		+	✓
15	V-	✓	✓		+	✓
16	+	-(v)	-v		+	+
17	+	-(v)	-(v)		+	+
18	V-	✓	✓		+	✓
19	V+	✓	✓		+	✓
20	V-	✓	✓		+	✓
21	+, (-)	-	-		+	✓
22	V-	✓	✓		+	✓
23	V-	✓	✓		+	✓
24	+, (-)	✓	✓		+	✓
25	+	-	-		+	✓

many are - +
 pseudolate + 2 color each

a: lac EMS

	lac EMS	(bush) Xyl EMS
2	V-	+V
3	V-	+V
4	V-	+V
5	V-	+V
6	V-	+V
7	V-	+V
8	V-	+V
9	++	-
10	++	-
11	++	-
12	++	-
13	++	-
14	++	-
15	V+?	+v
16	++	-
17	++	-
18	V-	+v
19	++	-
20	V-	+v
21	++	-
22	V-	+v
23	V++	-
24	V-	+v
25	++	-

b lac lac

	lac	lac	Xyl
2	V-		+V
3	V-		+V
4	V-		+V
5	V-		+V
6	V-		+V
7	++		-
8	++		-
9	++		-
10	++		-
11	++		-
12	++		-
13	++		-
14	++		-
15	V+?		+v
16	++		-
17	++		-
18	++		-
19	++		-
20	V-		+v
21	++		-
22	V-		+v
23	++		-
24	V-		+v
25	++		-

10 -
 10 +

Possibly the V+ was not recovered due to difficulty in distinguishing lac+ from lacv, or selection for lac+.

3/15/49.

Irradiate Y10 8 sec. on nutrient agar + EMBA Lac as for mutation
 exp. Pick 100 cols and streak on W518 mEMBA Lac.

1 colony (from U.A.) apparently λ^- . Streak out to confirm
 mutants as λ^+ (weak) and λ^R

2d. sample of 100 tested. No disinfectants seen! (i.e., all λ^+).

3/28/49. 35 single colonies from a dilute plating of W811.
 Each lysogenic.

Single trusts: D.

479

3/16/49

Dilute stock λ to 10/ml. Add 1ml to 10ml Penassay + 1ml ^W 518.
Dispense 1ml quantities to small plates \bar{E} in Penassay.
Incubate at 40° 1 hour; also take initial assay.

A. Initial assays. 5 , 5 , 4 , 3 , 7

B. Plated after 1 hour. 1 , 1 , 3 , 3 , 2

Interval too short for a trust.

Absorption of λ .

480

3/16/49

A. Assay	No plaques!
B. 518 4.5 ml B Supernatant	561 60
C. 518 0.5 ml. C Supernatant	176 106

.5 ml λ + 4.5 ml W518 (or 0.5 W518 + 4.0 water).

Absorb 10 m.

Centrifuge 5 m. .1 ml aliquots + .1 ml W518 plated
(except for B which contains W518 already.)

This is a poor experiment since no assay was obtained, and there is a large discrepancy between the total recovery in B and C. The results do suggest, however, either marked adsorption of the phage in 10 mins, or else a wide discrepancy in plating efficiency for free phage and adsorbed phage!

3/18/49.

Test single colonies and bunch of 481-106 (= 482A) for lysogenicity.

8 single colonies tested. None were λ^+ . Bunch showed λ and faint amt. of phage as streaked. General compartment like S₁₄. Put as slant to store for later manipulation.

Interference of λ

~~4531~~
4531

3/20/49.

1. Assay λ (ca 2×10^4) by a 10^{-2} dilution on W518.
2. ~~Add 1 ml P19 (2×10^9) to 1 ml W518 to assay for resistance~~
Plate 2 ml samples.
3. Add 1 ml λ + 1 ml W518. Incubate ~~to~~ ~~30~~ 30 mins. Then add P19 1 ml. Plate 2 ml samples.
2. Titrate 3, using both for λ .

(4) Assay bacteria.

1. λ was $56 \times 200 = 10^4$ /ml.

2: Resistant to P19. 81, 113, 92, 47

3. λ - " 42, 101, 12, 84

The basis of this expt. may be misled by the presence of P19h.

Virtually all colonies in ② and ③ were heavily mucoid.

Segregation of H168

3/15+ / 49.

noc. 2 tubes 1/2 E H168 from EMS bushes.

Plate out when grown.

1-17 Mtl+ 18-93 Gal+ 94-176 Lac-

A. 1-17: Mtl+ 1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 15 are mixed lact, - ^{others are Lac -} Do. Gal.
 1, 4 Xyl-; others are Xyl+. Do not seem to be mixed!
 streak out the questionable on marmitol.

The colonies picked from these expts. are too contaminated to be useful.

B. 18-93. Gal+

18-39. 20, 21, 24 are apparently mixed E Gal+

#25 is Xyl+, others are Xyl-.

20, 21, (22) 23+, 24, 26, 34 badly mixed E lact
others are Lac -

all are Mtl-.

40-81. ~~42~~, 46, 47, 48, 50, 53, 54, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 67, 68, 69,

badly mixed E Gal+

40, 58, 76, 78 may be Mtl+, others are Mtl-

40, 51, 58, 67, 76, 78 are pure Xyl+; others are Xyl-

42, 45, 46, 47, 49, 53, 54, 56, 61, 62, 63 badly lact

94-176 "Lac -"

94, 96, 97

Counts on plating:

A: Lac.	316 +	356	B:
	32 -	55	
	38 v	41	

Lac	200 +	383 +
	23 -	29 -
	9 v	11 v

Del Too heavy for most part.

330 +
43 -

50 lac tested all U_5^R , but some are injured

3/29/49: Struck out colonies from EMS bac from 485:1, 5-7.

① 4 quadrants. + pred.

⑤ 4 quadr. + ca -

⑥ 2 halves + ca -

⑦ 1 quad. + ca -

No persistence of predominant character.

H/68

2-25-41

Nos.	From	Success	Count
1-12	168-6-e-neg		25
13-24	168-6-c-pos		25
25-30	168-6-d-neg		28
31-36	168-6-d-pos		28
37-40	168-1-a-neg		15
41-44	168-1-a-pos		70
45-54	168-1-b-neg		25
55-64	168-1-b-pos		25
65-68	168-1-c-neg		25
69-72	168-1-c-pos		25
73-78	168-1-d-neg		25
79-84	168-1-d-pos		25
85-86	168-1-e-neg		25
87-88	168-1-e-pos		25
89-100	168-5-a-neg		25
101-112	168-5-a-pos		25
113-127	168-5-b-neg		25
128-142	168-5-b-pos		25
143-172	168-5-c-neg		25
173-202	168-5-c-pos		25
203-206	168-5-d-neg		25
207-210	168-5-d-pos		25
211-214	168-5-e-neg		25
215-218	168-5-e-pos		25
219-222	168-7-a-neg		25
223-226	168-7-a-pos		25
227-230	168-7-b-neg		25
231-234	168-7-b-pos		25
235-238	168-7-c-neg		25
239-242	168-7-c-pos		25
243-246	168-7-d-neg		25
247-250	168-7-d-pos		25
251-254	168-7-e-neg		25
255-258	168-7-e-pos		25
259-262	168-7-f-neg		25
263-266	168-7-f-pos		25
267-270	168-7-g-neg		25
271-274	168-7-g-pos		25
275-278	168-7-h-neg		25
279-282	168-7-h-pos		25
283-286	168-7-i-neg		25
287-290	168-7-i-pos		25
291-294	168-7-j-neg		25
295-298	168-7-j-pos		25

Predam.

- 1: -
- 5: +
- 6: +
- 7: -

231+

18-

March 25-28, 1949.

H-168 was streaked out on EMS Lac. Single colonies were picked to YZ and also streaked out on EMB Xyl to ensure heterozygosity. Broth cultures 1, 5, 6, 7, corresponding to variegated streaks were diluted 10^{-8} and plated on EMB Lac or EMB Mtl. Approximately equal numbers of # and - colonies were selected from these plates. The selections were made as indicated on following sheets.

Summary of colony counts:

	Lac#	Lac-	% #	Mtl#	Mtl-	% #
-1	21	159	13	73 61	98 95	43
-5	1300	147	90	20	600	3
-6	231	18	93	61	95	39
-7	50	390	11	74	212	26

These samples are clearly heterogeneous, probably because of sibship, and too small a number of independent segregations. This internal correlation is also seen in runs, e.g., of the rare Lac#Xyl-Mtl# in the Mtl# selections of No. 6.

Pooled Summaries:

Among Lac selections

L #	M#	M-	S	X#	X-	S
L #	44	66	110	38	72	110
L-	11	99	110	10	100	110
			220			220

Lac- ~~Mtl~~ selections

X#	M#	M-	S
X#	10	0	10
X-	1	99	100
			110

Lac# selections:

X#	M#	M-	S
X#	38	0	38
X-	6	66	72
			110

Among Mtl selections:

M#	L#	L-	X#	X-
M#	26	30	46	10
M-	32	35	0	67
M#:::	L+	L-	L+	L-
X#	19	27	0	0
X-	7	3	32	35
			M- X#	
			X-	

Check of *lac* operon
lac operon

lac- selection					lac+ Selections			
	M+X+	M-X-	M+X-	M-X+	M+X+	M-X-	M+X-	M-X+
168-6	0	12	0	0	2	7	3	0
-1	5	7	0	0	3	9	0	0
-5	0	56	0	0	22	32	3	0
-7	5	24	1	0	11	18	0	0
	10	99	1	0	38	66	6	0

MH- selections					MH+ selections			
	L+X-	L+X+	L-X-	L-X+	L+X-	L+X+	L-X-	L-X+
-6	12	0	5	0	7	10	0	0
-1	10	0	4	0	0	0	1	13
-5	4	0	4	0	5	5	0	0
-7	6	0	22	0	0	4	2	14
	32	0	35	0	7	19	3	27

Segregation ratios:

168-6	lac		%	+	-	%
	+	-	+			
6	231	18	93	61	95	39
1	21	159	13	73	98	43
5	1300	147	90%	20	600	3
7	50	390	11%	74	212	26

Note variability in all ratios.

H168

	loc	Xyl	Mtl	Gal
1	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-
3	-	-	-	-
4	+	+	+	+
5	+	+	+	+
6	+	-	-	+
7	-	-	-	-
8	-	-	-	-
9	-	-	-	-
10	+	...	+	+
11	+	...	-	+
12	+	...	-	+
13	-	...	-	-
14	-	...	-	-
15	-	...	-	-
16	-	...	-	-
17	-	...	-	-
18	-	...	-	-
19	+	...	-	+
20	+	...	+	+
21	+	...	+	+
22	+	...	+	+
23	+	...	-	+
24	+	...	-	+
1	-	-	-	-
2	+	-	-	+
3	+	-	-	+
4	+	-	-	+
5	-	-	-	-
6	+	-	-	+
7	+	-	-	+
8	+	-	-	+
9	+	-	-	+
10	-	-	-	-
11	-	-	-	-
12	+	-	-	+
13	+	+	+	+
14	+	-	+	+
15	+	-	+	+
16	+	+	+	+
17	+	+	+	+
18	+	+	+	+
19	+	+	+	+
20	+	+	+	+
21	+	-	+	+
22	+	-	+	+
23	+	+	+	+

H168'

	lac	Xygl	mtl	Gal
24	+	+	+	+
25	-	-	-	-
26	+	-	-	+
27	+	-	-	+
28	+	+	+	+
29	+	-	-	+
30	+	-	-	+
31		-	-	
32		-	+	
33		+	+	
34		-	+	
35		+	+	
36		-	+	
37	+	-	+	-
38	+	-	+	-
39	+	-	+	-
40	+	+	+	-
41	+	+	-	+
42	+	-	-	+
43	+	-	-	+
44	+	+	-	+
45	-	+	-	-
46	-	+	-	-
47	-	+	-	-
48	+	+	-	+
49	-	+	-	-
50	-	+	-	-
51	-	+	-	-
52	-	+	-	-
53	+	+	-	+
54	-	+	-	-
55	-	+	+	-
56	-	+	-	-
57	-	-	-	-
58	-	+	-	-
59	-	-	-	-
60	-	-	-	-
61	-	-	-	-
62	-	-	-	-
63	-	-	-	-
64	-	-	-	-
65	+	-	-	+
66	-	-	-	-
67	-	-	-	-
68	+	-	-	+

=

H168

	lac	Xyl	mtl	Gal
69	-	+	+	-
70	-	+	+	-
71	-	+	+	-
72	-	+	+	-
73	-	-	-	-
74	-	+	+	-
75	-	-	-	-
76	✓	↓	↓	↓
77	-	↓	↓	↓
78	-	↓	↓	↓
79	+	↓	↓	+
80	+	↓	↓	+
81	+	↓	↓	+
82	+	-	-	+
83	+	-	-	+
84	+	-	-	+
85	-	+	+	-
86	✓	-	-	- v?
87	+	↓	↓	+
88	+	↓	↓	+
89	-	↓	↓	-
90	-	↓	↓	-
91	-	↓	↓	-
92	-	↓	↓	-
93	-	↓	↓	-
94	-	-	-	-
95	-	↓	↓	-
96	-	↓	↓	-
97	-	↓	↓	-
98	-	↓	↓	-
99	-	↓	↓	-
100	-	↓	↓	-
101	+	+	+	+
102	+	+	+	+
103	+	-	+	+
104	+	-	-	+
105	+	-	-	+
106	+	+	+	-
107	+	-	-	↓
108	+	+	+	↓
109	+	+	+	↓
110	+	-	-	↓
111	+	+	+	↓
112	↓	-	-	↓

H168

	lac	Xyl	Mut	Gal
113	—	—	—	—
114				
115				
116				
117				
118				
119	—	—	—	—
120				
121				
122				
123				
124				
125				
126				
127				
128	+	—	—	+
129		—		
130		—		
131		—		
132		—		
133		—	+	
134		+	+	
135		+	+	
136		—	—	
137	+	+	+	+
138		+	+	
139		—	—	
140		—	—	
141		—	—	
142		—	—	
143	—	—	—	—
144				
145				
146				
147				
148	v	—	—	-v
149	—			
150				
151				
152				
153				
154				
155		v	+v	
156		—	—	
157		—	—	

H168^r

	lar	Dyl	Mtl	Gal
158	-	-	-	-
159				
160				
161				
162				
163				
164				
165				
166				
167				
168	-	-	-	-
169				
170				
171				
172				
173	+	-	-	+
174		-	-	
175		-	-	
176		-	-	
177		-	-	
178	+	+	+	
179		+	+	
180				
181				
182				
183				
184				
185				
186				
187		+	+	
188	+	+	+	
189		+	+	
190				
191				
192				
193				
194				
195				
196				
197				
198	+	-	-	
199		-	-	
200		+	+	
201		+	+	
202		-	-	

H168'

	Lac	Xyl	Mtd	Gal
203	-	-	-	-
204	#-	-	-	-
205	+	-	-	+
206	+	-	-	+
207	+	+	+	+
208	-v	-	-v	-
209	+	-	-v	+
210	+	+	+	+
211	-	-	-	-
212	-	-	-	-
213	+	-	-	+
214	+	-	-	+
215	+	+	+	+
216	+	-	+	+
217	+	+	+	+
218	+	+	+	+
219	-v	-	-	-
220	-	+	+	-
221	-	-	-	-
222	-	-	-	-
223	-v	-	-	-v
224	-	-	+	-
225	-v	-	-	-
226	-	-	-	-
227	-v	+	+	-
228	-	#-	-	-
229	+	-	-	+
230	+	-	-	+
231	+	+	+	+
232	+	-	-	+
233	+	-	-	-
234	+	+	+	-
235	+	-	-	-
236	+	-	-	-
237	+	-	-	-
238	+	-	-	-
239	-	-	-	-
240	-	-	-	-
241	-	-	-	-
242	-	-	-	-
243	-	+	+	-
244	-	-	-	-
245	-	-	-	-
246	-	-	-	-
247	-	-	-v	-

H 168

	Lac	Xyl	Mel	Gal
248	-	-	-	-
249	+	-	-	+
250		-	-	
251		+	+	
252		+	+	
253		+	+	
254		-	-	
255		-	-	
256		-	-	
257		-	-	
258	↓	+	+	+
259	-	-	-	-
260	-	+	+	-
261	-	-	-	
262	-	-	-	
263	-	-	-	
264	-	-	-	
265	-	-	-	
266	-v	-	-	
267	-	-	-	
268	-	+	+	↓
269	+	+	+	+
270	+	-	-	+
271	+	-	-	+
272	+	+	+	+
273	+	+	+	+
274	+	+	+	+
275	+v	-v	-v	+
276	+	-	-	+
277	+	-	-	+
278	+	+	+	+
279	-	-	-	-
280				
281				
282				
283				
284				
285				
286				
287	↓	↓	↓	↓
288	-	-	-	-
289	-	+	+	-
290	-	+	+	-
291	-	+	+	-
292	+	+	+	+
293	-	-	-	-

H168-

	Lac	Xyl	Mtl	Gal
294	+	+	+	+ [✓]
295	+	+	+	+
296	+	+	+	+
297	-	+	+	-
298	-	+	+	-
299	-	-	-	-
300	-	↓	↓	-
301	-	↓	↓	-
302	+	↓	↓	+
303	-	↓	↓	-
304	-	↓	↓	-
305	+	↓	↓	+
306	-	↓	↓	-
307	↓	↓	↓	↓
308	↓	↓	↓	↓
309	↓	+	+	↓
310	↓	+	+	↓
311	-	+	+	-
312	↓	+	↓	↓
313	↓	+	↓	↓
314	↓	+	↓	↓
315	↓	+(s?)	↓	↓
316	↓	+	↓	↓
317	↓	+	↓	↓
318	↓	-	+	↓

Cross trials \bar{c} very heavy phage suspensions.

P19: K-12 ++ ! (mutants?)
 W435 ++
 W518 ++
 W811 -
 B/1 2 plaques
 B/2 -
 B/3,4,7 - (1 plaque?)

	T1	T2	T4	T5	T6	T7	P14	λ	P19
W518	$\pm(\lambda?)$	++	++	-	++	++	++	+	++
W877	-	++	++	-	++	++	-	-	++

\therefore p14 interferes with λ , possibly, but not with P19 or other.
 This interference may be genetic cross-resistance.

λ : B/1 - B/2 - B/3,4,7 - W518 +

Plate p19 on B/1 to isolate hb mutant.

Interference of A and Sp-19.
 Reconstruction of H186 organization

483

481

3/18/49.

P19: Rec. 1 ml each of an 18 hour culture of 0418 and 677 into 10 ml YZ 26a.

Plate out 10^{-4} and 10^{-5} on EA115 (hardly discernible at imp)

Actual value $\times 10^{-2}$.

Dilution, at 10^{-8} :

	+	-	Σ	% -
a.	31	55	86	64
b.	25	36	61	59
Σ	56	91	147	62

Final 2920:

19	13
16	9
18	12
6	18
12	18
<hr/>	<hr/>
64	70
	134

$\chi^2 = 2.9$

$p = .09$

63	84	147
56	91	147
57	77	134
64	70	134
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
120	161	281

$$\frac{1}{63} + \frac{1}{57} + \frac{1}{84} + \frac{1}{77}$$

$$= .016$$

$$.018$$

$$.012$$

$$.013$$

$$\hline .059$$

$$\times 49$$

$$\hline 2.9$$

Analysis of 48 data.

a.

+	-	Σ
31	55	86
25	36	61
56	91	147

$$\chi^2 = 4 \left(\frac{1}{53} + \frac{1}{23} + \frac{1}{53} + \frac{1}{38} \right) = 4 \left(.03 + \overset{.04}{\cancel{.43}} + .02 + .03 \right)$$

$$= 4(.12) = .5 \quad p = \cancel{0.3}$$

b.

19 ¹⁵	13 ¹⁷	32	27
16 ¹²	9 ¹³	25	27
11 ¹¹	12 ¹²	23	27
6 ¹²	18 ¹²	24	27
12 ¹⁴	18 ¹⁶	30	27
04	70	34	

a. plate totals. $\chi^2 = \frac{1}{29} \left(\frac{25+4+16+9+9}{\cancel{9+16+36+25+12+1}} \right) = \cancel{2.3} 63$

$$= \cancel{7.1} 2.3 \quad p = \cancel{.13} 0.6$$

agreement in segregation: $\chi^2 = \overset{\checkmark}{16/17} + \overset{\checkmark}{16/15} + \overset{\checkmark}{16/12} + \overset{\checkmark}{16/13} +$

$$= .94 \quad = 11.11$$

$$1.07$$

$$1.33$$

$$1.23$$

$$3.00$$

$$3.00$$

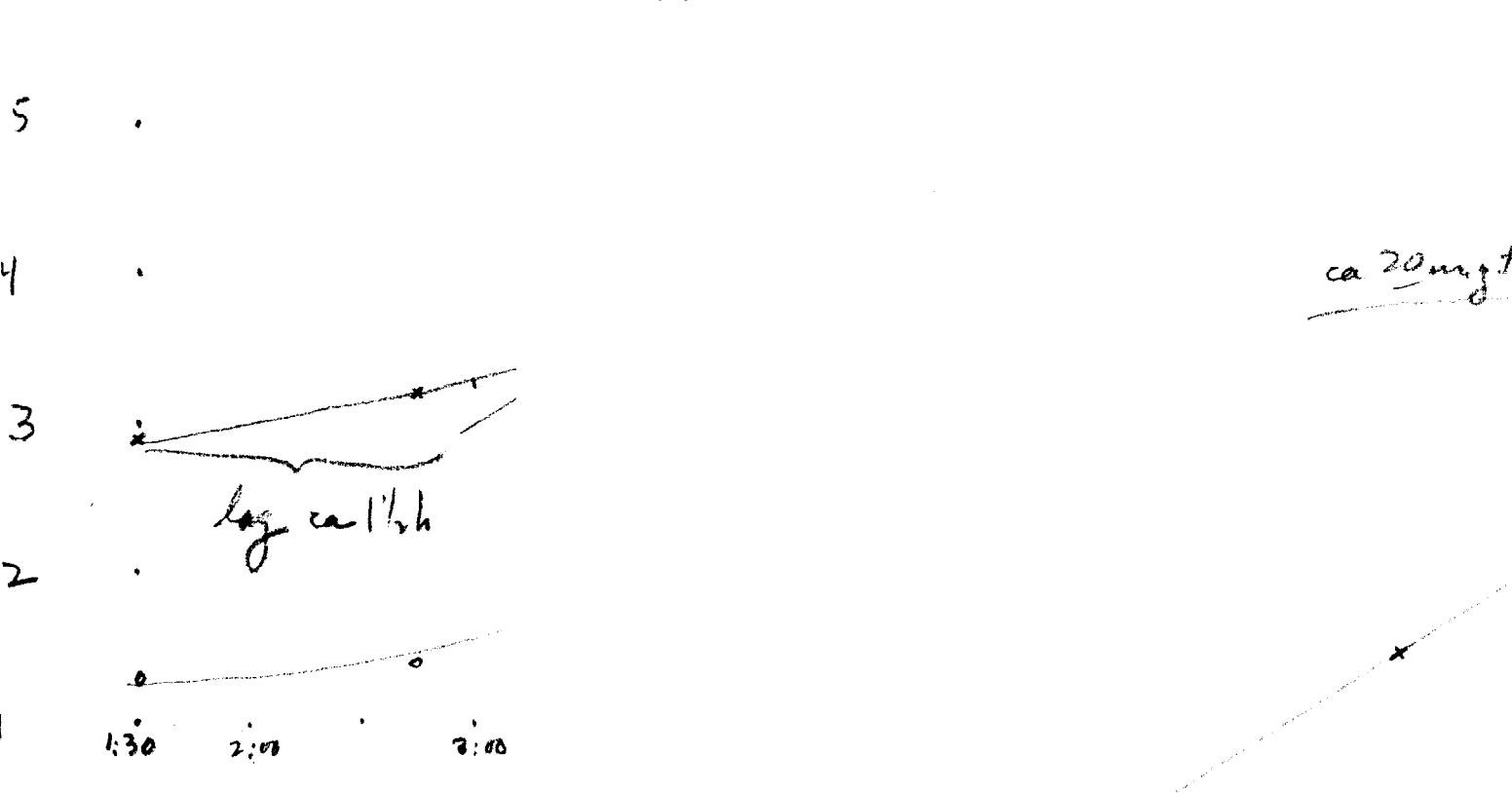
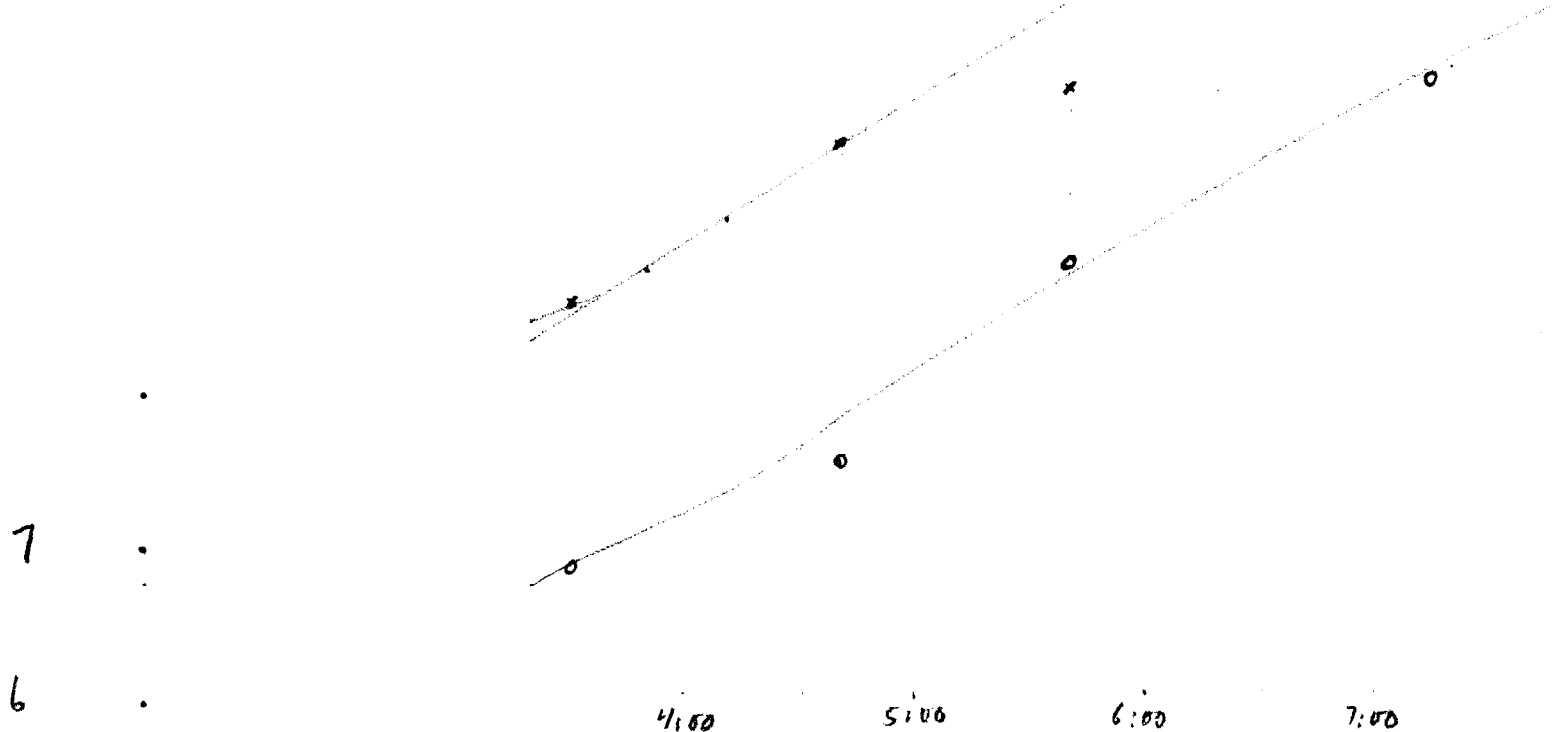
$$.25$$

$$.29$$

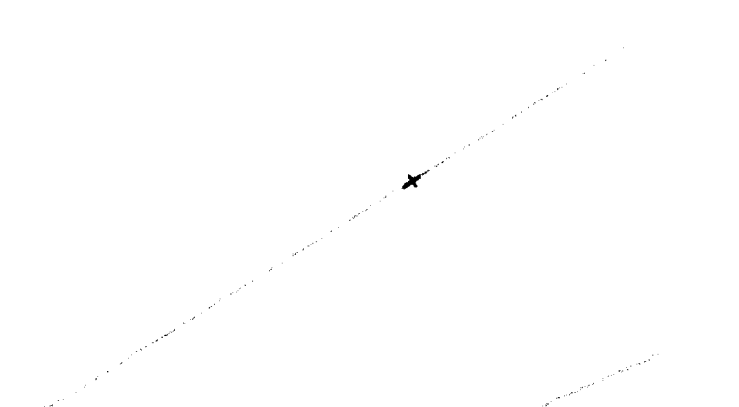
$$11.11$$

$p = .025$ for homogeneity.

Probably due to clumps of lac or + which are dispersed by ~~long~~ spreader




call it 30 min. double
ca 20 mg/t. log 1.5



3/20/49

Add 0.1 ml p19 (2×10^9) to 0.1 ml W518. After 10 m. Add .1 ml W811. Plate .2 ml samples

Nearly complete lysis was obtained. W811 is only relatively resistant to p19 or else there may be a frequent h mutant. Plate out p19 at various dilutions on W811 to determine prevalence of the mutant. Do. on K-12.

3/21. P19: 10^{-1} ca 10^2 10^{-3} : 7 plaques with helos 
B/1 1 plaque picked P20, very heavy plaquing but can be picked. helos not noted. Replate, and pick a helos plaque for P19hb, and P19hb2.

P19/518 for titer. $10^{-7} \times 10^2 = 10^9$ or.

P19/811. 10^{-7} shows 8 plaques. 10^{-3} confluent at edges 10^{-1} shows plaque formation, probably in secondary growth.

[Does p19 multiply in p19's lysis?] Pick plaque at 10^{-7} and grow on W811. 1K-12. Same appearance at 10^{-5} .

518/9: 7 mucoid colonies, one purified. 5 are 19^S with many mucoid resistant. 2 are very thin non-mucoid. Streak these out for culture.

\therefore p19 although it is somewhat interfused with λ does not show a complete specificity.

3/20/49 ff.

when p19/811 plaque was plated, no plaques were seen.

Repeat plating of p19 into W811: no plaques [The 811 used may have become contaminated.]

p19B was readily plated and subjected to 3 single plaque isolations on 0/1 ~~off~~ on 3/22/49; grown on 0/1 in NSB overnight and filtered A23. At 10^{-7} , no plaques noted after 5h.; 10^{-5} gave 9 plaques on 811; 37 on 518.

$\times 10^8$ plated \bar{c} W811 or \bar{c} W811 + W518 gave 1 plaque on three plates. This may be a contaminant, but grow out for tests.

Repeat at 10^{-5} :

B/1	18
518	28
811	0

P19B, then, has opt. activity on 518 or B/1 but not on W811.

It also lyses B/2; B/4,5; B/3,4,7.

Note contradiction in 811!

P19. At 5 hours, 10^{-7} gave 16 hours: 136; well rounded edges 10 on W518, none on W811
 10^{-5} gave 0; 10^{-3} gave about 100 vague plaques, irregularly visible on plate (probably low plating efficiency), two clear plaques picked for isolation of possible mutants. At 12 hours, 8 plaques noted on W811 at 10^{-5}

Repeat at 10^{-5} , 10^{-7} on 518, 811.

P19 10^{-1} /811 give irregular complete lysis \bar{c} mucoid resistant.

10^{-5} . CL on 518. 3 on 811 0 on 0/1

10^{-7} 217 on 518 0 on 811. $\therefore P19\lambda = 3/217.00 = 1/7090$
 Plaques on 518 are large with spreading halo; on 811 are small and circumscribed

λ , 3x.3ml 10^7 on B/1 \Rightarrow no plaques

3/21/49 ff.

W518 plated with p19 gives virtually all mucoid colonies. Usually, these are autolytic when streaked out.

A1-2 gave resistant colonies when first streaked. Second streak: A1 was sensitive; A2, resistant.

B1-3 all sensitive.
growth.

A2 gives a very thin semi-mucoid

W877 is a mass culture of W518 [^{p14} ~~no~~ 1]. a-d are single colony isolates which are not lyogenic and are resistant to p14. However, at region of cross-streak, they show a very faint increase in opacity, but no growth inhibition. After 2 s.c.i., use for studies on growth in them.

---W811 Technique.

diluted W811, plated with W518 at different cell densities, gave no plaques, either at room ^{29°} temperature or at 37.

3/21/49.

Add p14 to 10ml so that 10^{-3} ml will yield 10 plaques. i.e., 10^5 particles. (1 ml 10^{-4} dilution of stocks)

A). Assay stocks p14 to verify addition: confluent lysis over part of plate

B). Inoculate tube E W8776 to determine any growth of p14.

196 plaques counted at 10^7 . Plaques generally very closely. 1 clear spot noted. Put as possible p14'

3/23/49.

A. Mix .1 ml W518 culture \bar{c} 1 ml $\lambda 10^9(+)$ incubate 4:35 - 5:05.

Dilute 10^{-6} and plate. i.e., 10^{-5} ; .1 ml)
ca 2300.

= 30 mins.

B. Mix 1 ml ~~W518~~ λ (excess) \bar{c} .1 ml 10^{-5} W518, incubate -
and plate .1 ml. 221, 260 $\bar{m} = 240$

C. Plate 10^{-8} W518 ; 31; 7 ; $\bar{m} = 19$. Count: 2×10^9

D. " 10^{-7} λ . $\frac{8}{14}$ (+ some scattered, uncountable); $\bar{m} = 11 \times 10^7$

C shows initial count of 2×10^9 bacteria. These were, in A, exposed to (2×10^8) to 2×10^9 λ . Apparently 2×10^9 of them survived!! [probably an error in diluting A, unless λ is contaminated].

In B, where 2×10^9 were exposed to excess λ , likewise all survived.

Needs repetition.

Picks colonies from A to determine lysogenicity.

3/23/49.

1. Dilute a fresh 518 culture ~~to~~ 10^{-6} and plate .1 ml for bacterial count
2. Add .1 ml to 1 ml λ (labelled 3/23: 3×10^9). (dil. 10^{-1}).
Incubate 30 mins; ~~False .1 ml / 10 (10^{-3}) .1 / 10 (10^{-5})
and 1 / 10 (10^{-6}). Plate .1 ml sample to be comparable~~
~~to above.~~ Wash this tube into 10 ml; 2 further 10^{-2} dilutions,
then plate .1 ml
3. To .1 ml sample of 1, add .3 ml λ and plate.
4. ~~Assay λ @ 10^7~~

1. (No λ). ~~75~~, 75, 67, 78. ~~$\Sigma = 77$~~ $m = 72$ cu.2. 30, 48 $m = 39$.3: 45, 54, 80 $m = 56$ There at least 50% of W518 cells survive attack of λ .

Colonies on 1 are perhaps perceptibly larger than 2 and 3?

Fish carefully from colonies 2 and 3 and test for $\lambda +$
in W518.

- (2) (λ diluted). 29 tests. 28 $\lambda +$ 1 $\lambda -$. 9 were apparently autolytic.
- (3) λ undiluted. 26 tests 1? autolytic. 24 $\lambda +$.

3/26/49.

See 517 for recombine

89 Lac+ colonies derived from H189 papillae on EMB.

On Xyl EMB, these were +/-: check check
Lac Lac EMB Xyl EMB

		Lac	check Lac EMB	check Xyl EMB	
1	16	+ -	V=	+ , -	
2	20	+ -	V=	+ , -	
3	26	+ -	V-	+ , -	
4	28	+ -	V=	+ , -	
5	41	+ -	V	+ , -	
6	47	- +	H+	+ , -	
7	67	+ -	V? +	+ , -	
8	68	+ -	V=	+ , -	
9	77 76	+ -	V=	+ , -	
10	79 78	+ -	V=	+ , -	
11	79 (pap.)	+ -	++ -	-	not v

Xyl -					
14	19	+ -	++ -	} coincidental mutants	-
15	85	+ -	++ , -		-
16	36	+ -	++		-
17	59	+ -	+ , -		-
					-

11 Additional

12	1	Xyl v	Lac v	V+	+ , -
13	8	"	"	V?+	+ , -

Reisolate from all of these.

Use 1-10, 12, 13 for studies as Lac v.

Isolate 10 Lac+ and 10 Lac- from 494-1. Test on MH EMB & T5.

Lac+ : 10 MH-T5^R

Lac- : 7 MH-T5^S 1 MH-T5^R 2 MH+ T5^S

The Lac+ mutation here is coupled & T5^R. m⁻¹.

Ditto on 494-2. Lac+ : 10 MH-T5^R
 Lac- : 9 MH-T5^S; 1 MH+ T5^S . same as - 1.

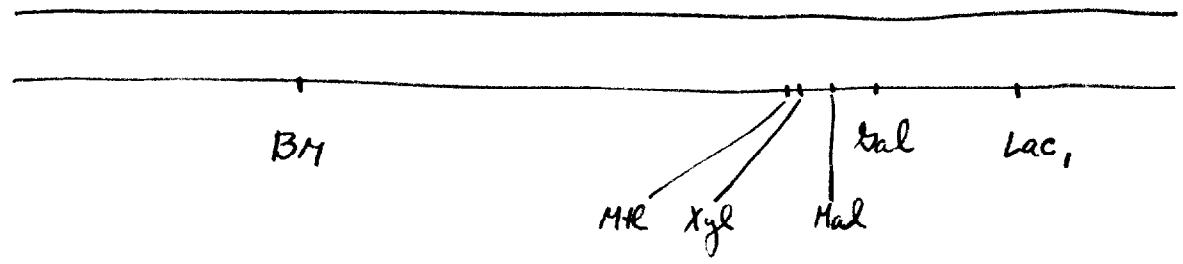
494-4. 10 Lac+ all T5^S!
 10 Lac- all T5^S! } All S !!

Analysis of 495 segregation data.

Among 100 lac+ segregants, following were +

Gal	80
Mal	75
Xyl	70
MH	69

This suggests the map order



although Mal - MH Xyl - lac is not excluded. Both hypotheses give 4% of a triple crossover (Mal - MH + Xyl + Gal + and Mal + MH - Xyl - Gal + respectively).

There would also be 4 other triples.

Determination of V_1^R would not generally be useful except in lac₁-group.

The non-vacant classes include: (Lac+):

χ	MH	Xyl	Mal	Gal	#
5	+	+	+	+	64
4	-	+	+	+	1
3	-	-	+	+	4
2	-	-	-	+	6
1	-	-	-	-	17
5.4.1	-	-	+	-	2
5.4.2	-	+	+	-	1
5.2.3	+	+	-	+	4
5.4.3	+	-	+	+	1

not observed

lact	Sal	Mal	MH	Xgl	
1	-	-	-	-	-
3	-	+	-	-	✓
5	-	-	-	-	-
7	-	-	-	-	-
11	+	-	-	-	-
14	-	-	-	-	-
15	+	+	-	+	-
16	-	-	-	-	-
22	+	+	-	-	-
31	-	+	-	+	✓
33	-	-	-	-	-
35	+	-	-	-	-
38	+	-	-	-	-
41	-	-	-	-	-
43	+	-	-	-	-
45	+	+	-	-	-
48	-	-	-	-	-
50	-	+	-	-	✓
52	-	-	-	-	-
53	-	-	-	-	-
54	+	-	+	+	x ✓
55	-	-	-	-	-
57	-	-	-	-	-
58	+	-	+	+	✓
60	+	+	-	-	-
61	+	-	-	-	-
62	-	-	-	-	-
67	+	-	+	+	x ✓
68	-	-	-	-	-
74	+	-	+	+	x ✓
76	-	-	-	-	-
79	+	-	-	-	-
91	-	-	-	-	-
98	+	+	-	-	-
99	+	+	+	-	-
44	-	-	-	-	-

64 others ++ ++ +- ++

Lac₁ - Gal - linkage tests.

495a.

4/1/49.

100 Lac⁺ prototrophs tested. No Lac⁻. Purify + and -
W416 x W677. and test linkages

39 Lac⁻ prototrophs tested on

NZ]

	Gal	Xyl	Mtl	Mal.
1	-	-	-	-
2	++	++	++	++
3	-	-	-	-
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18		++	++	
19	-	-	-	
20	++			
21	-			
22				
23				
24				
25				++
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39	-	-	-	-

NZ] 100 lac + prototrophs.

① 1-50. All *gal*⁺ except: 1, 3, 5, 7; 14, 16; ~~26, 28~~; ~~31, 34, 38, 40~~

Mal⁺ " : 1, 5, 7; 11; 14, 16; ~~28~~
31; 33; 35, 38; 41; 43, 44, 48.

MH⁺ except: 1, 3, 5, 7; 11; 14, 15, 16, 22; 31; 33; 35; 38
41; 43, 44, 45, 48; (50).

Xyl⁺ 1, 3, 5, 7 11; 14; 16; 22; 33; 35; 38
41; 43, 44, 45, 48; 50

51-100. All *gal*⁺ except. 52, 53, 55, 57; 62; 68; 76; 91.

Xyl⁺ 52, 53, 55, 57, 60; 61, 62, 68; ~~74, 77~~ 76; 79; 91; 98, 99.

MH⁺ 52, 53, 55, 57, 60, 61, 62, 68; 76, 79, 91, 98. ✓

Mal ~~54~~ 52, 53, (54), 55, 57, (58); 61, 62, 67, 68, 74, 76, 79, 91

check 58
MH⁺

3/28/49.

Add .1 ml 10^{-2} P19 (initially 10^9 /ml) to 1 ml (Dygal 1, 2, or 3); incubate 20 mins. Add .8 ml peptone. Assay A on WS18.
Centrifuge. Supernatant: Assay B on 518. Assay by diluting (.1 ml / 10) and using .1 ml sample.

1. Add USB
2. Add WS18
3. Add W811.

1A: 6, 4	B: 21, 7.	Background very granular.
2A: 27, 19	D: 1, 17.	" " . Counts clearly b.g.
3A: 0. Many diffuse 0 plaques, probably λ .	B: 12 p19. Ca 50 λ ?	ca 20.

This experiment unsatisfactory due to granularity of background. Agar used was probably too old and dry.

3/28/49

A. Add $10^9 \lambda$.5 ml to .5 ml B/1 suspension 3PM.
 of B, control, adding peptone .5 ml. 3:00PM.

At 3:30, Plate .5 ml \bar{c} ca 10^5 P19B to test for blockade.

Controls: 0; cluster of unperfected lysis.
 1 colony on each of two plates. Pick these for further test.

B. Add ~~to~~ $10^9 \lambda$ to 10 ml NSB. Inc \bar{c} deep B/1. Incubate.
 P30. Plate .3 ml of each with ca 10^5 P19B.
 No colonies in either!

\bar{c} are resistant to P19 but do not carry λ . Probably spontaneous V_{19}^R mutants. Key ① as W-883

Does P19 displace λ in resistant? 497.

3/28/49.

Plate WB11 \bar{c} excess (10^9) P19. 3 plates.

Pick "resistant" colonies and streak out to purify. Test for sensitivity to P19, λ and for λ^+ .

No confluent lysis. Patchy plaques at one corner.

3/29/49.

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| A. W826 x W477 | A. W826 x W477 |
| B. W836 x W466 | B. W836 x W466 |
| C. W | C. W826 x W466 |
| | D. W836 x W477 |

Test lac + prototrophs for lac_v.

- | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| A. $\frac{48}{\text{tests}}$ | 52/117 <u>lac</u> - | = 44% |
| B. 48 | 143/207 <u>lac</u> - | |
| C. 48 | 19/188 <u>lac</u> - | = 10% <u>lac</u> - |
| D. 48 | 112/134 <u>lac</u> - | = |

B showed me unlikely but suspicious lac_v. @ this time ++!
 Retest as 498-1.

mLacEM β , +, - and v colonies seen. Cultivate on EMS Lac
 as H-~~192~~. 192

Total



50
60
100
30
97

337 plaques tested.

1 differential ~~mp 1, 20~~ (p20)
518,811

3/29/49.

Plate .02 ml Chicago sewage filtered with W518. Pick 50 plaques and test on W518 and W811. No differential action was noted.

1 phage gave very heavy plaques, almost completely filled in. Study as 499-1. Grow out residual growth to test for lysis.

4 single cols: #2, 4 autolytic (flaking). #3 not lytic.

#1 slightly lytic. Pick cols. from 1. None lytic. No lysogenicity.

4/1. 60 additional plaques picked and tested on W811; W518:

1 showed a few plaques on W518; none on W811. Restreak as 499-2. Confirmed. Grow out as P20. 4 resistant colonies picked and streaked from zone of CL as 518/P20

4/2. 100 plaques picked and tested as above

4 showed possible differential action on W518. 1 may show different plaque appearance on 811. Restreak. (499-5). >

~~None lysogenic. Throw out. Test "resistants" for lysogenicity. None differential.~~

4/6. 30 additional & tested. #6 may show differential. check. Not differential.

→ When streaked out, appears autolytic. Isolate apparently pure colonies. None of 4 were lytic on W811. T.O.

4/9. 97 additional & tested. None differential on W518; W811.

Deletion of $\Delta + \epsilon$ P19

500

3/30/42

Plate 10⁷ W518 ϵ varying deletions of P19 10⁹.

1. P19
0
10⁻¹
10⁻³
10⁻⁴
10⁻⁵
10⁻⁶

ca 300

ca 100 small
like control; many ribbed.
as above.

← least required.

long deleted W811. ϵ incl P19 colonies

0
ca 10³
"

\therefore P19 destroys individual cells of W811, although plaque formation is irregular. Thus P19 is unsuitable for studies on blockade.