

New Hampshire: 2000

Summary Population and Housing Characteristics

Issued September 2002

PHC-1-31

2000 Census of Population and Housing



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U.S. Department of Commerce
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United States
**Census
2000**

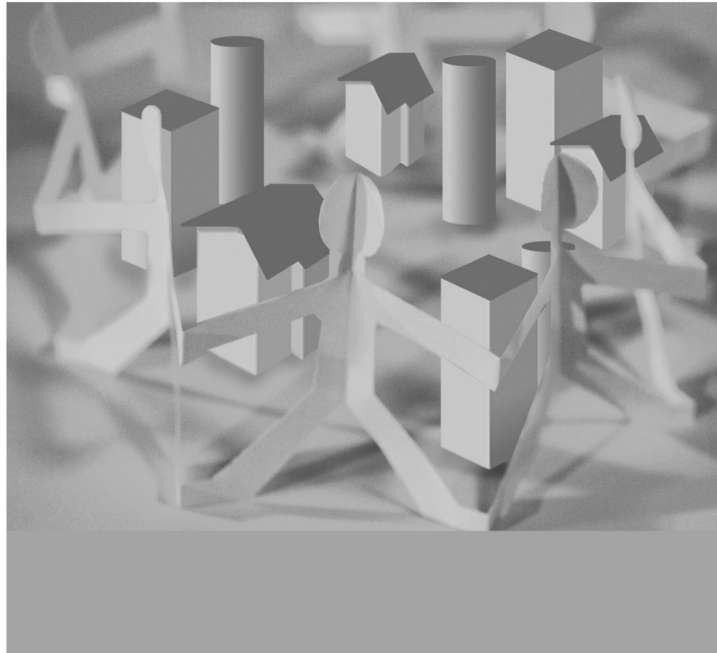
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SUGGESTED CITATION

U.S. Census Bureau,
2000 Census of
Population and Housing,
*Summary Population and
Housing Characteristics*,
PHC-1-31, New Hampshire
Washington, DC, 2002



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How to Use This Census Report

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INTRODUCTION

Data from Census 2000 are presented in three printed report series:

1. PHC-1, *Summary Population and Housing Characteristics*
2. PHC-2, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*
3. PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*

The data from Census 2000 were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions, found on the “short form”), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions, found on the “long form”). Appendix D presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages used to collect the data included in this report.

The PHC-1, *Summary Population and Housing Characteristics*, report series provides data based on the 100-percent questions. The subjects are age, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, race, sex, tenure (owner- or renter-occupied), and vacancy characteristics. Land area measurements and population density also are provided. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-1 series.

The PHC-2, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, report series provides sample data based on both the 100-percent and the sample questions. Sample subjects include place of birth; residence in 1995; language; educational attainment and school enrollment; veteran status; disability status; employment status; journey to work; work status, earnings, income, and poverty status in 1999; physical housing characteristics; units in structure; fuel and equipment characteristics; owner and renter household characteristics, such as year owner moved into unit; home value; contract and gross rent; and mortgage and rental cost characteristics. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-5 series.

The PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series provides Census 2000 and historical comparisons of the 100-percent population and housing unit counts. It provides land and water area measurements, and population density. The user notes section documents geographic changes over the past decade. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-2 series.

In each series, there is one report for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico, plus a United States summary report. Many tables in the United States summary reports include data for Puerto Rico. See Appendix E for detailed information about additional Census 2000 data products and release media.

HOW TO FIND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND SUBJECT MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the desired data. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, by geographic area, the subjects shown in this report. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the lefthand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for the desired type of geographic area. Figure I-1 is an example of a table finding guide.

The table finding guide does not include cross-classifications of subject-matter items. Additional information to locate data within specific reports is provided in the headnote at the top of the table finding guide and in the footnotes at the bottom of the guide.

HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) heading, (2) boxhead, (3) stub, and (4) data field. A typical census report table is illustrated in Figure I-2.

The heading consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the subjects and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table.

The boxhead is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a spanner appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

Figure I-1.

Table Finding Guide

SUBJECTS BY TYPE OF GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. Table numbers shown in bold indicate that either all or part of the table is presented for the American Indian and Alaska Native population in American Indian and Alaska Native areas, or for the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population in Hawaiian home lands. For a description of area classifications, see Appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see Appendix B.

Subject	The state ¹	County ²	Place		County subdivision		American Indian and Alaska Native Area ⁴	Hawaiian home land ⁵
			By county and county subdivision	Alphabetically for the state	By county	Alphabetically for the state ³		
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS								
Age	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
Average family size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Average household size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Families and family characteristics	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Group quarters population	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Hispanic or Latino	3, 4	3, 4	3	4	3	4	18	26
Households and household characteristics	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 9	8, 10	7, 9	8, 10	20, 21	28, 29
Nonfamily households	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Race	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 5	4, 6	3, 5	4, 6	18, 19	26, 27
Relationship to householder	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Sex	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS								
Hispanic or Latino origin of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Average household size	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Occupancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Race of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Tenure	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Vacancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
GEOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Land area	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32

¹State, District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico.

²Parish in Louisiana; borough, census area, city and borough, and municipio in Alaska; and municipio in Puerto Rico; in Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia, one or more cities are independent of counties and are treated as statistical equivalents of counties; the entire District of Columbia, which has no counties, is treated as a county equivalent.

³County subdivisions within the state are shown alphabetically with places for the following 12 states: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

⁴American Indian and Alaska Native areas include state and federal American Indian reservations; Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs); tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) (federal areas); state designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) (state areas); Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs) (Alaska); and Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs) (Alaska).

⁵Tables for these areas appear only in the report for Hawaii.

Figure I-2.

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE

Table number and title: Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000

Headnote: For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text.

Spanner: Selected combinations of two races

Column head: Race alone or in combination with one or more other races

Boxhead: State, County, Place and (if Selected) State's County Subdivision

Stub: COUNTY

Sidehead: PLACE

Page number and state name: 16 Alabama

Report title: Summary Population and Housing Characteristics U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

State	White, Black or African American		White, Indian and Alaska Native		Black or African American, Indian and Alaska Native		American Indian and Alaska Native		Asian		Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander		Some other race
	White	Black or African American	White	Indian and Alaska Native	Black or African American	Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
Alabama	3,306	17,966	4,772	2,326	3,199,953	1,168,998	48,448	39,458	4,288	38,261			
Adams County	41	188	77	13	39,989	7,549	410	297		32	223		
Barbour County	155	725	191	37	123,709	14,722	1,614	795		89	1,000		
Bartow County	34	96	19	18	15,336	2,213	143	41		212			
Bell County	16	56	8	8	18,344	4,011	175	28					
Blount County	34	273	41	10	48,893	664	565	132		24	1,154		
Boone County	10	27	-	11	3,096	653	84	42		16			
Bullock County	21	23	7	10	12,598	8,713	84	47		3	20		
Burnett County	96	131	40	25	25,433	14,326	95	101		16	37		
Calhoun County	34	95	17	5	22,451	1,381	179	87		22	113		
Chambers County	34	137	21	7	24,376	4,299	289	712		16	887		
Choctaw County	19	23	2	3	8,832	7,066	53	11		7	28		
Clarke County	28	29	9	21	19,885	12,955	129	62		14	65		
Clay County	14	62	13	1	11,846	2,239	122	23		8	27		
Colbert County	108	265	166	45	34,239	8,234	737	875		100	534		
Coffee County	99	233	28	25	45,296	9,513	478	186		42	286		
Conecuh County	12	42	11	5	7,883	6,160	79	31		11	20		
Coosa County	6	46	10	1	7,893	6,847	100	13		4	111		
Covington County	27	129	26	5	32,666	4,686	323	95		12	99		
Crawford County	28	47	7	1	10,189	3,424	199	24		4	59		
Cullman County	60	442	95	1	79,743	929	899	224		51	671		
Dale County	155	317	124	52	37,454	10,259	721	603		164	889		
Dallas County	95	47	9	20	18,885	29,472	138	291		49	145		
DeKalb County	48	625	42	2	65,533	1,544	1,269	178		29	282		
DeKalb County	102	266	82	36	51,338	1,814	65	26		413			
Etowah County	48	295	30	19	25,143	11,922	1,441	161		29	219		
Fayette County	172	396	83	32	87,565	19,464	1,629	969		96	466		
Franklin County	20	41	6	7	18,180	2,237	83	37		3	74		
Fulton County	39	124	14	2	29,270	1,268	233	84		40	151		
Geneva County	13	113	15	6	22,611	2,772	316	53		16	186		
Greene County	7	6	-	-	1,616	8,622	48	17		8	16		
Hale County	21	16	-	13	6,910	10,183	65	47		2	172		
Henry County	24	65	19	3	12,812	2,258	90	24		7	153		
Houston County	145	298	82	54	65,588	22,119	724	899		63	525		
Jackson County	79	454	26	19	52,991	2,133	1,035	178		179	287		
Jackson County	811	1,422	629	416	368,887	202,626	3,352	719		611	2,346		
Jasper County	22	32	12	4	13,887	1,534	64	14		3	46		
Lauderdale County	102	321	42	19	79,380	9,442	651	261		40	427		
Lawrence County	53	931	16	25	28,102	4,736	2,836	81		6	149		
Lee County	160	369	180	29	89,172	20,368	729	2,165		119	617		
Limestone County	112	285	48	16	55,879	8,900	622	302		26	495		
Limestone County	8	4	-	11	3,816	8,829	42	11		11	19		
Madison County	38	116	5	81	7,440	20,950	114	129		28	37		
Madison County	766	1,978	748	324	323,732	84,546	4,498	6,926		464	2,650		
Marion County	18	24	2	19	10,732	11,712	79	53		15	172		
Marion County	12	121	22	6	19,779	1,832	1,162	101		101	101		
Marshall County	140	491	82	6	77,627	1,371	876	296		76	2,860		
Mobile County	557	1,292	510	326	255,515	134,981	4,573	6,526		358	2,600		
Monroe County	67	89	14	14	14,730	199	283	19		9	53		
Montgomery County	367	375	411	168	110,884	109,558	1,226	2,931		331	1,243		
Morgan County	226	669	73	37	99,898	12,813	1,543	646		118	1,703		
Morgan County	8	49	-	2	2,894	8,164	26	30		20	21		
Muscle Shoals City	-	-	-	-	18,180	10,988	450	165		34	140		
Okfuskee County	41	162	21	68	18,287	10,988	450	165		34	140		
Opalaca County	29	66	2	2	12,021	9,517	117	64		6	100		
Opalaca County	79	154	63	27	28,610	20,525	387	313		110	423		
Osborne County	127	263	49	3	28,836	10,544	699	172		83	1,247		
Ozark County	127	137	15	15	128,820	10,788	686	1,791		43	1,247		
Seale County	18	391	211	25	13,873	10,987	48	45		17	120		
Shelby County	149	188	48	21	54,377	25,978	427	267		69	284		
Tallapoosa County	51	186	6	11	30,654	10,610	223	103		24	158		
Tallapoosa County	209	424	163	73	113,445	48,780	957	1,304		172	1,246		
Tallapoosa County	17	239	47	12	65,786	4,847	466	298		49	438		
Tallapoosa County	4	8	11	6	3,839	4,984	34	22		6	16		
Tallapoosa County	11	128	13	-	24,368	110	343	83		17	285		
Union County	6	2	-	-	1,703	1,203	2	4		-	90		
Union County	8	1	-	-	9,790	1,147	11	2		-	20		
Union County	-	1	-	-	720	1	2	1		-	2		
Union County	-	-	-	-	80	438	11	1		-	2		
Union County	25	62	31	2	19,983	2,267	141	167		12	177		
Union County	31	64	31	5	18,086	456	143	62		62	1,762		
Union County	9	5	5	1	3,244	371	17	28		5	11		
Union County	7	4	-	-	440	1,723	12	11		-	9		
Union County	-	2	-	-	548	2	5	-		-	94		
Union County	-	6	1	-	949	25	10	1		-	9		
Union County	-	9	1	-	154	25	10	1		-	9		

The stub is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the stubhead. The stubhead is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the stub, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a sidehead. The sidehead, similar to a spanner, describes and classifies the stub entries following it. The use of indentation in a stub indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that, in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally

in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total.

The data field is that part of the statistical table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the boxhead to the bottom of the table and from the right of the stub to the right edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in Appendix A. Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percentages, and ratios. These and other subject-matter terms are defined in Appendix B.

Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in Census 2000 reports:

- A dash “-” represents zero or a derived measure that rounds to less than 0.1.
- (X) means not applicable. In the 1990 and earlier decennial census reports, three dots “...” meant not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.

-
- The superscript prefix “r” indicates that the count has been revised since the publication of the 1990 census reports, or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1990 census reports. This symbol appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series.
 - A dagger “†” next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information was published for the 1990 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series. The geographic change information for the entities in a state is shown in the “User Notes” section of the Census 2000 PHC-3 report for that state.
 - A plus sign “+” is appended to the lower bound of the highest interval when the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A minus sign “-” is appended to the upper bound of the lowest interval when the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution. For more information on medians, see the section on “Derived Measures” in Appendix B.
 - A minus sign “-” preceding a figure denotes decrease. The minus sign appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series.

The following geographic abbreviations and terms may be used in the tables in this report:

- A “(part)” next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is located only partially in the superior geographic entity. For example, a “(part)” next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be “split” by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be “split” by a higher level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- ANVSA is Alaska Native village statistical area.
- ANRC is Alaska Native Regional Corporation.
- CCD is census county division.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- OTSA is Oklahoma tribal statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- SDAISA is state designated American Indian statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- UT is unorganized territory.

GRAPHICS

Charts, statistical maps, and other graphic summaries are included in some Census 2000 reports.

USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. This section appears directly before the statistical tables in census reports. It presents information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves. However, sometimes this information becomes available too late to be

reflected even in the user notes. Census 2000 user updates are available on the Census Bureau's Internet site at www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. To receive notification of user notes, subscribe to the Census Product Update (<http://www.census.gov/mp/www/cpu.html>), a biweekly e-mail newsletter available from the Customer Services Center of the Marketing Services Office at the U.S. Census Bureau, or contact the Customer Services Center directly on 301-763-INFO (4636) or at webmaster@census.gov.

APPENDIXES

Appendix A, Geographic Terms and Concepts. Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census products.

Appendix B, Definitions of Subject Characteristics. Contains definitions for the subject-matter terms used in census products, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. Population characteristics are defined first, followed by the definitions of the housing subjects.

Appendix C, Collection and Processing Procedures. Explains the enumeration and residence rules used in counting the population and housing units in the United States and Puerto Rico. It also describes the major components of the operational plan for Census 2000, and includes a glossary of terms.

Appendix D, Questionnaire Facsimile. Presents a facsimile of the Census 2000 questionnaire used to collect the data in this report.

Appendix E, Data Products and User Assistance. Summarizes the Census 2000 data products by describing the information available in printed reports and through electronic media such as CD-ROM, DVD, and the Internet. It also describes Census 2000 maps and other geographic products, reference materials, and sources of assistance.

Appendix F, Maps. Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

Appendix G, Accuracy of the Data. Provides information on confidentiality of the data, imputation of housing unit status and population counts, sources of errors in the data, and editing of unacceptable data.

Appendix H, Acknowledgments. Lists many of the U.S. Census Bureau staff who participated in the various activities of Census 2000.

Table Finding Guide

SUBJECTS BY TYPE OF GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

Subjects covered in this guide are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. Table numbers shown in bold indicate that either all or part of the table is presented for the American Indian and Alaska Native population in American Indian and Alaska Native areas, or for the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population in Hawaiian home lands. For a description of area classifications, see Appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see Appendix B.

Subject	The state ¹	County ²	Place		County subdivision		American Indian and Alaska Native area ⁴	Hawaiian home land ⁵
			By county and county subdivision	Alphabetically for the state	By county	Alphabetically for the state ³		
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS								
Age	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
Average family size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Average household size	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Families and family characteristics ...	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Group quarters population	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Hispanic or Latino	3, 4	3, 4	3	4	3	4	18	26
Households and household characteristics	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 8, 9, 10	7, 9	8, 10	7, 9	8, 10	20, 21	28, 29
Nonfamily households	7, 8	7, 8	7	8	7	8	20	28
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Race	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 4, 5, 6	3, 5	4, 6	3, 5	4, 6	18, 19	26, 27
Relationship to householder	9, 10	9, 10	9	10	9	10	21	29
Sex	1, 2	1, 2	1	2	1	2	17	25
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS								
Average household size by tenure ...	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Hispanic or Latino origin of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Occupancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Race of householder	13, 14	13, 14	13	14	13	14	23	31
Tenure	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
Vacancy characteristics	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
GEOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Land area	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32
Population density	15, 16	15, 16	15	16	15	16	24	32

¹State, District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico.

²Parish in Louisiana; city and borough, municipality, borough, or census area in Alaska; and municipio in Puerto Rico; in Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia, one or more cities are independent of counties and are treated as statistical equivalents of counties; the entire District of Columbia, which has no counties, is treated as a county equivalent.

³County subdivisions within the state are shown alphabetically with places for the following 12 states: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

⁴American Indian and Alaska Native areas include state and federal American Indian reservations; Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs); tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) (federal areas); state designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) (state areas); Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs); and Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs).

⁵Tables for these areas appear only in the report for Hawaii.

User Notes

Additional information concerning this Census 2000 product and its source file, Summary File 1, may become available after this report is published. This information, called Notes and Errata, is available in portable document format (PDF) on the U.S. Census Bureau's Internet site at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html>. To receive notification of user notes, subscribe to the Census Product Update (<http://www.census.gov/mp/www/cpu.html>), a biweekly e-mail newsletter available from the Customer Services Center of the Marketing Services Office at the U.S. Census Bureau, or contact the Customer Services Center directly on 301-763-INFO (4636) or at webmaster@census.gov.

ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF THE DATA

User Note 1

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
The State	1 235 786	37.1	75 685	233 877	50 461	52 908	160 061	221 179	183 986	62 664	46 995
Belknap County	56 325	40.1	3 003	10 316	1 788	2 005	6 377	9 446	8 984	3 362	2 548
Alton town	4 502	41.4	273	799	118	125	475	726	746	288	257
Barnstead town	3 886	38.8	243	783	121	118	452	692	643	263	148
Belmont town	6 716	38.4	360	1 318	241	223	822	1 257	1 101	344	286
Center Harbor town	996	44.6	43	171	24	28	84	155	194	70	54
Gilford town	6 803	42.9	361	1 252	163	137	604	1 125	1 203	421	392
Gilmanston town	3 060	40.1	157	584	107	75	310	623	541	190	114
Laconia city	16 411	38.8	869	2 794	602	847	2 146	2 462	2 284	908	671
Meredith town	5 943	42.5	290	1 046	152	180	567	989	982	421	317
Meredith CDP	1 739	39.0	108	306	49	75	220	289	224	93	61
New Hampton town	1 950	38.3	112	411	56	65	236	349	307	104	69
Sanbornton town	2 581	40.1	132	521	81	85	256	490	482	146	106
Tilton town	3 477	39.6	163	637	123	122	425	578	501	207	134
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1 645	39.5	68	299	55	59	211	279	214	72	42
Carroll County	43 666	42.5	2 096	7 786	1 136	1 184	4 467	7 107	7 028	2 748	2 325
Albany town	654	37.4	48	125	19	21	90	150	79	33	37
Bartlett town	2 705	41.5	133	459	68	75	332	466	468	205	143
Brookfield town	604	43.0	24	117	18	15	61	92	114	41	21
Chatham town	260	40.8	11	53	3	8	32	46	56	13	10
Conway town	8 604	39.9	458	1 474	272	342	1 097	1 401	1 396	448	387
Conway CDP	1 692	40.3	88	303	65	66	218	253	270	90	80
North Conway CDP	2 069	38.0	110	314	61	109	336	328	320	92	86
Eaton town	375	45.3	8	80	9	6	21	60	100	29	17
Effingham town	1 273	38.5	57	274	45	39	147	225	190	76	60
Freedom town	1 303	48.6	52	167	21	19	120	193	223	82	113
Hale's location	58	64.4	1	1	-	-	1	3	2	8	16
Hart's Location town	37	39.3	2	7	1	1	4	9	2	-	1
Jackson town	835	45.6	40	110	6	12	92	148	122	70	53
Madison town	1 984	39.6	89	403	62	46	231	386	334	102	92
Moultonborough town	4 484	46.6	161	786	95	89	349	651	812	368	282
Ossipee town	4 211	41.5	201	805	133	130	393	697	618	261	225
Sandwich town	1 286	47.2	52	231	24	18	75	185	249	69	75
Tamworth town	2 510	40.6	138	456	69	89	267	445	379	157	116
Tuftonboro town	2 148	47.7	101	324	44	38	197	286	373	162	148
Wakefield town	4 252	40.1	250	842	109	114	458	749	629	255	209
Wolfeboro town	6 083	45.3	270	1 072	138	122	500	915	882	369	320
Wolfeboro CDP	2 979	47.2	111	485	76	72	243	422	420	172	170
Cheshire County	73 825	37.6	3 822	13 375	4 597	4 077	8 212	11 721	11 012	3 874	3 049
Alstead town	1 944	39.5	120	385	61	58	198	356	346	92	82
Chesterfield town	3 542	40.4	177	742	99	74	370	617	654	239	183
Dublin town	1 476	42.8	72	273	45	42	127	242	294	109	77
Fitzwilliam town	2 141	39.9	108	413	74	75	217	386	383	147	107
Gilsum town	777	41.0	35	138	23	16	94	139	163	50	35
Harrisville town	1 075	43.0	55	212	26	23	74	202	219	60	43
Hinsdale town	4 082	37.0	217	845	136	175	513	725	565	235	173
Hinsdale CDP	1 713	36.8	100	342	58	87	219	280	221	99	55
Jaffrey town	5 476	38.1	333	1 091	160	217	676	898	751	246	245
Jaffrey CDP	2 802	35.0	167	593	116	145	379	468	353	107	125
Keene city	22 563	35.3	944	3 472	2 304	1 964	2 501	3 073	2 980	1 046	854
Marlborough town	2 009	40.0	102	347	65	75	258	336	312	107	99
Marlborough CDP	1 089	39.4	51	180	40	54	138	179	150	51	55
Marlow town	747	39.6	52	134	13	31	88	118	127	59	27
Nelson town	634	38.7	44	128	15	24	73	115	99	41	27
Richmond town	1 077	37.9	65	250	29	29	115	193	166	61	48
Rindge town	5 451	24.5	315	999	895	541	443	758	691	241	149
Roxbury town	237	40.6	15	45	5	4	28	40	50	16	12
Stoddard town	928	42.8	39	148	25	18	114	160	161	63	60
Sullivan town	746	38.4	40	149	16	31	92	136	136	50	26
Surry town	673	43.6	29	115	22	9	61	117	126	46	41
Swanzey town	6 800	38.4	401	1 303	229	246	821	1 224	1 059	341	295
West Swanzey CDP	1 118	37.0	76	185	32	54	174	178	162	58	35
Troy town	1 962	36.3	117	422	62	82	255	353	290	107	74
Walpole town	3 594	40.6	216	685	97	110	378	570	555	185	157
Westmoreland town	1 747	43.3	67	281	61	54	159	310	304	102	72
Winchester town	4 144	37.0	259	798	135	179	557	653	581	231	163
Winchester CDP	1 832	34.2	136	391	57	107	260	287	215	85	70
Coos County	33 111	41.5	1 676	5 882	1 016	1 079	3 608	5 235	5 000	1 899	1 603
Atkinson and Gilmanston Academy grant	12	39.5	-	1	-	-	4	3	-	1	1
Beans grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beans purchase	4	60.0	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Berlin city	10 331	42.5	529	1 672	336	339	1 157	1 585	1 380	489	508
Cambridge township	10	44.0	1	1	-	-	1	2	4	-	-
Carroll town	663	42.9	31	108	22	20	61	116	111	71	25
Chandler's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clarksville town	294	44.5	18	49	11	1	19	50	64	25	23
Colebrook town	2 321	41.2	108	408	72	96	272	352	369	135	127
Columbia town	750	42.0	35	151	9	24	87	112	130	51	37
Crawfords purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cutts grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dalton town	927	40.6	50	176	31	29	99	153	150	53	51
Dix's grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dixville township	75	75.5	-	7	-	1	6	6	3	1	2
Dummer town	309	41.8	17	58	6	6	30	58	49	26	19
Errol town	298	47.2	9	40	6	4	27	55	43	35	27
Erving's location	1	53.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Gorham town	2 895	42.0	126	513	70	100	315	494	452	149	108
Gorham CDP	1 773	41.4	79	297	43	77	206	294	266	103	70
Greens grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hadley's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jefferson town	1 006	42.9	48	173	22	23	127	147	192	72	62
Kilkenny township	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
78 327	51 412	18 231	628 099	96.8	926 224	477 190	147 970	85 836	25.0	12.0	The State
4 505	3 018	973	28 583	97.1	43 006	22 042	8 496	4 734	23.6	15.1	Belknap County
410	223	62	2 264	98.9	3 430	1 743	695	374	23.8	15.4	Alton town
243	160	20	1 905	104.0	2 860	1 413	423	218	26.4	10.9	Barnstead town
467	250	47	3 403	97.4	5 038	2 599	764	418	25.0	11.4	Belmont town
105	55	13	497	100.4	782	389	173	85	21.5	17.4	Center Harbor town
675	380	90	3 544	92.0	5 190	2 735	1 145	619	23.7	16.8	Gilford town
207	123	29	1 508	102.9	2 319	1 159	359	186	24.2	11.7	Gilman town
1 340	1 025	463	8 442	94.4	12 748	6 634	2 828	1 725	22.3	17.2	Laconia city
497	356	146	3 005	97.8	4 607	2 340	999	544	22.5	16.8	Meredith town
119	129	66	917	89.6	1 325	710	314	194	23.8	18.1	Meredith CDP
123	106	12	981	98.8	1 427	719	241	125	26.8	12.4	New Hampton town
177	88	17	1 301	98.4	1 928	976	282	144	25.3	10.9	Sanbornton town
261	252	74	1 733	100.6	2 677	1 335	587	296	23.0	16.9	Tilton town
125	165	56	818	101.1	1 278	626	346	160	22.3	21.0	Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)
4 336	2 608	845	22 211	96.6	33 784	17 396	7 789	4 231	22.6	17.8	Carroll County
35	11	6	326	100.6	481	238	52	27	26.5	8.0	Albany town
234	103	19	1 349	100.5	2 113	1 056	356	168	21.9	13.2	Bartlett town
61	32	8	311	94.2	463	242	101	54	23.3	16.7	Brookfield town
21	6	1	126	106.3	196	95	28	11	24.6	10.8	Chatham town
670	461	198	4 435	94.0	6 672	3 492	1 329	779	22.5	15.4	Conway town
124	104	31	872	94.0	1 301	693	259	168	23.1	15.3	Conway CDP
151	115	47	1 073	92.8	1 645	860	313	198	20.5	15.1	North Conway CDP
26	16	3	191	96.3	287	149	45	23	23.5	12.0	Eaton town
87	61	12	616	106.7	942	457	160	79	26.0	12.6	Effingham town
194	104	15	668	95.1	1 084	553	313	160	16.8	24.0	Freedom town
22	4	-	30	93.3	56	28	26	10	3.4	44.8	Hale's location
8	1	1	19	94.7	28	14	10	5	24.3	27.0	Hart's Location town
115	56	11	419	99.3	685	344	182	87	18.0	21.8	Jackson town
126	86	27	971	104.3	1 492	749	239	128	24.8	12.0	Madison town
530	303	58	2 269	97.6	3 537	1 799	891	460	21.1	19.9	Moultonborough town
419	229	100	2 107	99.9	3 205	1 631	748	410	23.9	17.8	Ossipee town
166	109	33	685	87.7	1 003	536	308	171	22.0	24.0	Sandwich town
207	144	43	1 232	103.7	1 916	972	394	213	23.7	15.7	Tamworth town
271	167	37	1 089	97.2	1 723	873	475	230	19.8	22.1	Tuftsboro town
395	204	38	2 149	97.9	3 160	1 619	637	334	25.7	15.0	Wakefield town
749	511	235	3 219	89.0	4 741	2 549	1 495	882	22.1	24.6	Wolfeboro town
381	267	160	1 630	82.8	2 383	1 320	808	494	20.0	27.1	Wolfeboro CDP
5 306	3 502	1 278	37 881	94.9	56 628	29 544	10 086	5 826	23.3	13.7	Cheshire County
145	78	23	951	104.4	1 439	726	246	128	26.0	12.7	Alstead town
242	104	41	1 738	103.8	2 623	1 310	387	208	25.9	10.9	Chesterfield town
119	60	16	734	101.1	1 131	567	195	99	23.4	13.2	Dublin town
133	77	21	1 053	103.3	1 620	794	231	124	24.3	10.8	Fitzwilliam town
45	35	4	392	98.2	604	296	84	46	22.3	10.8	Gilsum town
91	55	15	559	92.3	808	432	161	94	24.8	15.0	Harrisville town
259	182	57	2 096	94.8	3 020	1 563	498	286	26.0	12.2	Hinsdale town
121	95	36	889	92.7	1 271	661	252	158	25.8	14.7	Hinsdale CDP
414	287	158	2 849	92.2	4 052	2 163	859	524	26.0	15.7	Jaffrey town
205	114	30	1 427	96.4	2 042	1 064	349	199	27.1	12.5	Jaffrey CDP
1 626	1 283	516	11 991	88.2	18 147	9 874	3 425	2 129	19.6	15.2	Keene city
154	114	40	1 038	93.5	1 560	812	308	169	22.3	15.3	Marlborough town
85	78	28	572	90.4	858	460	191	114	21.2	17.5	Marlborough CDP
67	21	10	363	105.8	561	277	98	44	24.9	13.1	Marlow town
45	18	5	309	105.2	462	229	68	36	27.1	10.7	Nelson town
69	44	8	524	105.5	762	376	121	57	29.2	11.2	Richmond town
267	124	28	2 678	103.5	4 137	2 044	419	212	24.1	7.7	Rindge town
12	8	2	119	99.2	177	94	22	12	25.3	9.3	Roxbury town
99	34	7	453	104.9	741	366	140	68	20.2	15.1	Stoddard town
45	22	3	371	101.1	557	278	70	36	25.3	9.4	Sullivan town
59	34	14	342	96.8	529	266	107	51	21.4	15.9	Surry town
522	286	73	3 446	97.3	5 096	2 651	881	492	25.1	13.0	Swanzey town
108	47	9	585	91.1	857	458	164	98	23.3	14.7	West Swanzey CDP
105	79	16	1 016	93.1	1 423	739	200	120	27.5	10.2	Troy town
348	224	69	1 869	92.3	2 693	1 406	641	364	25.1	17.8	Walpole town
149	111	77	884	97.6	1 399	701	337	208	19.9	19.3	Westmoreland town
291	222	75	2 106	96.8	3 087	1 580	588	319	25.5	14.2	Winchester town
112	88	24	940	94.9	1 305	675	224	123	28.8	12.2	Winchester CDP
3 127	2 183	803	16 926	95.6	25 553	13 264	6 113	3 575	22.8	18.5	Coos County
2	-	-	5	140.0	11	4	2	-	8.3	-	Atkinson and Gilman Academy grant
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Beans grant
-	-	2	3	33.3	4	3	2	2	-	50.0	Beans purchase
1 144	844	348	5 409	91.0	8 130	4 381	2 336	1 447	21.3	22.6	Berlin city
-	1	-	5	100.0	8	4	1	1	20.0	10.0	Cambridge township
68	21	9	326	103.4	524	252	98	51	21.0	14.8	Carroll town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Chandler's purchase
22	12	-	139	111.5	227	112	34	15	22.8	11.6	Clarksville town
225	118	39	1 184	96.0	1 805	934	382	215	22.2	16.5	Colebrook town
69	39	6	351	113.7	564	280	114	52	24.8	15.2	Columbia town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Crawfords purchase
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Cutts grant
78	49	8	450	106.0	701	343	135	79	24.4	14.6	Dalton town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Dix grant
11	18	20	43	74.4	68	42	49	32	9.3	65.3	Dixville township
25	12	3	152	103.3	234	117	40	21	24.3	12.9	Dummer town
29	19	4	143	108.4	249	116	52	25	16.4	17.4	Errol town
-	-	-	-	(X)	1	-	-	-	-	-	Erving's location
275	245	48	1 468	97.2	2 256	1 158	568	331	22.1	19.6	Gorham town
171	139	28	900	97.0	1 397	708	338	192	21.2	19.1	Gorham CDP
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Greens grant
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Hadley's purchase
74	48	18	494	103.6	785	383	140	71	22.0	13.9	Jefferson town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Kilkenny township

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Coos County—Con.												
Lancaster town	3 280	39.8	206	622	114	106	376	488	485	184	139	
Lancaster CDP	1 695	36.9	118	343	74	62	211	258	229	83	60	
Low and Burbanks grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Martins location	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Milan town	1 331	40.9	69	274	26	23	146	250	245	73	61	
Millsfield township	22	51.5	2	1	2	-	1	4	2	-	-	
Northumberland town	2 438	38.4	119	520	70	97	271	402	336	139	98	
Groveton CDP	1 197	39.1	54	245	40	42	134	193	140	66	50	
Odell township	5	50.5	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	
Pinkhams grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pittsburg town	867	46.0	34	130	26	21	84	122	142	77	66	
Randolph town	339	45.6	10	55	8	9	22	63	74	16	19	
Sargents purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Second College grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shelburne town	379	45.2	15	74	8	9	20	61	86	24	20	
Stark town	516	40.3	27	110	16	14	49	98	76	27	32	
Stewartstown town	1 012	39.4	55	179	32	44	121	155	138	56	53	
Stratford town	942	40.0	50	174	50	35	100	129	142	87	55	
Success township	2	49.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	
Thompson and Meserves purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wentworth location	44	45.0	1	6	1	3	7	4	11	3	3	
Whitefield town	2 038	39.7	116	380	78	74	203	326	312	105	67	
Whitefield CDP	1 089	38.9	71	193	45	50	116	168	135	49	28	
Grafton County	81 743	37.0	4 215	13 675	5 929	5 124	9 692	12 374	12 111	4 300	3 350	
Alexandria town	1 329	40.3	75	257	35	28	152	260	231	76	65	
Ashland town	1 955	36.8	140	318	74	126	266	321	266	102	76	
Bath town	893	41.5	35	182	29	31	84	132	161	64	36	
Benton town	314	48.0	15	44	5	9	32	38	32	13	24	
Bethlehem town	2 199	39.0	120	410	74	52	273	419	414	115	86	
Bridgewater town	974	45.4	33	159	25	19	102	143	174	64	67	
Bristol town	3 033	38.5	180	557	118	95	381	527	426	175	144	
Bristol CDP	1 670	37.6	111	303	73	65	210	277	217	93	70	
Campton town	2 719	39.0	156	490	87	110	353	464	476	149	110	
Canaan town	3 319	37.7	203	694	99	97	404	634	536	186	144	
Dorchester town	353	39.6	21	76	10	9	33	60	67	17	18	
Easton town	256	46.9	7	42	5	5	15	42	44	32	14	
Ellsworth town	87	41.2	2	24	1	2	9	11	13	9	3	
Enfield town	4 618	38.3	288	721	124	195	719	831	781	255	202	
Enfield CDP	1 698	37.1	96	284	64	86	266	251	255	97	76	
Franconia town	924	47.1	32	153	22	20	67	135	161	81	64	
Grafton town	1 138	38.8	72	213	38	36	144	214	192	75	39	
Groton town	456	39.9	21	97	14	16	48	88	69	29	22	
Hanover town	10 850	22.8	334	1 305	2 408	1 667	813	992	1 156	390	309	
Hanover CDP	8 162	21.9	190	715	2 361	1 636	621	561	594	203	179	
Haverhill town	4 416	39.7	217	826	148	185	536	640	651	248	187	
Woodsville CDP	1 081	37.5	59	201	43	54	144	160	158	51	32	
Hebron town	459	50.1	24	50	9	20	31	55	80	34	27	
Holderness town	1 930	42.1	96	375	62	71	183	289	387	122	97	
Landaff town	378	42.0	26	64	10	11	31	71	57	27	25	
Lebanon city	12 568	37.1	784	2 052	386	625	2 025	2 049	1 841	591	416	
Lincoln town	1 271	42.6	60	192	44	46	158	196	204	86	64	
Lisbon town	1 587	36.7	118	319	41	46	227	266	230	88	71	
Lisbon CDP	1 070	35.1	90	219	31	36	158	176	142	50	49	
Littleton town	5 845	39.2	333	1 107	182	214	714	882	950	347	272	
Littleton CDP	4 431	38.7	258	836	142	169	571	640	693	251	199	
Livermore town	3	41.5	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	
Lyman town	487	42.4	23	74	11	11	57	99	92	36	26	
Lyme town	1 679	42.6	92	336	35	20	155	271	308	115	110	
Monroe town	759	43.9	22	149	25	20	55	128	133	38	43	
Orange town	299	38.3	21	54	11	4	41	65	49	13	13	
Orford town	1 091	40.4	73	166	28	41	142	183	188	68	60	
Piermont town	709	40.8	43	124	21	23	83	116	118	44	37	
Plymouth town	5 892	22.0	234	721	1 534	1 022	503	554	525	192	149	
Plymouth CDP	3 528	21.0	78	241	1 450	922	216	186	190	72	45	
Rumney town	1 480	40.9	73	303	38	43	160	224	249	87	64	
Sugar Hill town	563	46.1	19	83	18	12	47	89	107	50	33	
Thornton town	1 843	38.4	77	336	62	77	260	350	297	93	63	
Warren town	873	37.9	44	170	30	33	116	139	123	54	49	
Waterville Valley town	257	45.3	13	44	4	13	17	36	52	19	24	
Wentworth town	798	39.6	23	183	18	28	93	143	101	54	42	
Woodstock town	1 139	37.1	66	205	44	41	163	217	169	62	55	
Hillsborough County	380 841	35.9	25 739	74 482	13 421	15 864	54 444	70 260	54 721	18 117	13 267	
Amherst town	10 769	38.7	664	2 746	301	185	821	2 143	2 007	678	440	
Antrim town	2 449	37.4	141	574	69	80	254	436	383	124	118	
Antrim CDP	1 389	36.2	90	342	40	48	145	241	202	52	55	
Bedford town	18 274	39.2	1 329	3 892	410	389	1 711	3 485	3 218	1 046	691	
Bennington town	1 401	35.1	84	316	51	47	200	270	216	65	39	
Brookline town	4 181	35.7	385	1 021	103	66	443	1 050	602	191	111	
Deering town	1 875	38.8	102	387	61	52	202	364	289	127	90	
Francestown town	1 480	40.2	86	319	31	29	159	266	268	86	60	
Goffstown town	16 929	35.4	895	2 942	1 491	1 083	1 937	2 992	2 251	736	559	
Pinardville CDP	5 779	31.6	240	755	965	491	678	869	697	257	195	
Greenfield town	1 657	34.5	87	423	82	39	215	317	268	72	37	
Greenville town	2 224	36.3	158	452	71	77	309	405	319	107	80	
Greenville CDP	1 131	36.6	81	214	43	41	159	194	164	39	35	
Hancock town	1 739	42.6	81	353	42	26	147	305	276	112	104	
Hillsborough town	4 928	37.6	301	1 004	164	166	617	878	764	237	169	
Hillsborough CDP	1 842	36.4	107	377	72	79	244	301	243	89	65	
Hollis town	7 015	39.6	459	1 619	156	113	510	1 490	1 329	484	276	
Hudson town	22 928	35.4	1 704	4 764	692	747	3 370	4 735	3 213	1 120	774	
Hudson CDP	7 814	35.4	506	1 417	255	339	1 310	1 485	1 007	394	299	
Litchfield town	7 360	33.2	682	1 774	212	187	1 118	1 664	1 053	253	156	
Lyndeborough town	1 585	37.9	97	329	50	50	189	328	268	104	60	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
247	215	98	1 736	88.9	2 452	1 331	560	349	25.2	17.1	Coos County—Con.
135	96	26	923	83.6	1 234	689	257	165	27.2	15.2	Lancaster town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Lancaster CDP
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Low and Burbanks grant
86	72	6	649	105.1	988	477	164	88	25.8	12.3	Martins location
1	3	6	16	37.5	19	13	10	9	13.6	45.5	Milan town
219	138	29	1 228	98.5	1 799	922	386	218	26.2	15.8	Millsfield township
121	89	23	626	91.2	898	483	233	145	25.0	19.5	Northumberland town
1	1	-	3	66.7	5	3	2	2	-	40.0	Groveton CDP
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Odell township
117	39	9	421	105.9	703	342	165	81	18.9	19.0	Pinkhams grant
28	26	9	166	104.2	274	133	63	31	19.2	18.6	Pittsburg town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Randolph town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Sargents purchase
40	15	7	184	106.0	290	140	62	31	23.5	16.4	Second College grant
47	14	6	259	99.2	379	189	67	31	26.6	13.0	Shelburne town
72	65	42	491	106.1	778	376	179	100	23.1	17.7	Stark town
66	37	17	507	85.8	718	381	120	67	23.8	12.7	Stewartstown town
-	-	-	1	100.0	2	1	-	-	-	-	Stratford town
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Success township
5	-	-	20	120.0	37	16	5	-	15.9	11.4	Thompson and Meserves purchase
176	132	69	1 073	89.9	1 542	811	377	226	24.3	18.5	Wentworth location
88	90	56	593	83.6	825	448	234	151	24.2	21.5	Whitefield town
5 701	3 889	1 383	41 557	96.7	63 853	32 855	10 973	6 217	21.9	13.4	Whitefield CDP
93	48	9	667	99.3	997	499	150	72	25.0	11.3	Grafton County
166	78	22	1 021	91.5	1 497	790	266	142	23.4	13.6	Alexandria town
86	37	16	452	97.6	676	343	139	73	24.3	15.6	Ashland town
44	45	13	176	78.4	255	145	102	68	18.8	32.5	Bath town
143	71	22	1 080	103.6	1 669	825	236	130	24.1	10.7	Benton town
97	72	19	495	96.8	782	412	188	95	19.7	19.3	Bethlehem town
253	128	49	1 537	97.3	2 296	1 199	430	238	24.3	14.2	Bridgewater town
142	78	31	857	94.9	1 256	668	251	151	24.8	15.0	Bristol town
197	109	18	1 360	99.9	2 073	1 036	324	173	23.8	11.9	Bristol CDP
197	94	31	1 693	96.0	2 422	1 250	322	175	27.0	9.7	Campton town
26	10	6	178	98.3	256	131	42	24	27.5	11.9	Canaan town
33	13	4	129	98.4	207	105	50	24	19.1	19.5	Dorchester town
9	3	1	43	102.3	61	29	13	6	29.9	14.9	Easton town
283	169	50	2 360	95.7	3 609	1 854	502	275	21.8	10.9	Ellsworth town
124	70	29	906	87.4	1 318	698	223	144	22.4	13.1	Enfield town
66	65	58	490	88.6	739	405	189	119	20.0	20.5	Enfield CDP
68	43	4	537	111.9	853	420	115	60	25.0	10.1	Franconia town
27	18	7	210	117.1	338	158	52	24	25.9	11.4	Grafton town
572	637	267	5 449	99.1	9 211	4 688	1 476	885	15.1	13.6	Grafton CDP
372	505	225	4 103	98.9	7 257	3 691	1 102	693	11.1	13.5	Groton town
377	280	121	2 214	99.5	3 373	1 738	778	459	23.6	17.6	Hanover town
93	72	14	564	91.7	821	441	179	104	24.1	16.6	Hanover CDP
83	33	13	233	97.0	385	201	129	66	16.1	28.1	Haverhill town
157	68	23	985	95.9	1 459	734	248	130	24.4	12.8	Woodsville CDP
31	20	5	195	93.8	288	147	56	27	23.8	14.8	Hebron town
876	645	278	6 632	89.5	9 732	5 211	1 799	1 088	22.6	14.3	Holderness town
112	86	23	638	99.2	1 019	518	221	132	19.8	17.4	Landaff town
100	67	14	804	97.4	1 150	590	181	102	27.5	11.4	Lebanon city
64	42	13	559	91.4	761	406	119	75	28.9	11.1	Lincoln town
418	325	101	3 080	89.8	4 405	2 371	844	521	24.6	14.4	Lisbon town
319	268	85	2 372	86.8	3 337	1 836	672	438	24.7	15.2	Lisbon CDP
-	-	-	1	200.0	3	-	-	-	-	-	Littleton town
36	21	1	241	102.1	390	190	58	27	19.9	11.9	Littleton CDP
135	73	29	850	97.5	1 251	645	237	127	25.5	14.1	Livermore town
87	49	10	379	100.3	588	292	146	70	22.5	19.2	Lyman town
15	12	1	142	110.6	224	110	28	16	25.1	9.4	Lyme town
69	53	20	559	95.2	852	438	142	74	21.9	13.0	Monroe town
54	32	14	347	104.3	542	275	100	59	23.6	14.1	Orange town
235	177	46	2 920	101.8	4 937	2 470	458	258	16.2	7.8	Orford town
63	43	22	1 735	103.3	3 209	1 573	128	74	9.0	3.6	Piermont town
127	87	25	730	102.7	1 104	546	239	130	25.4	16.1	Plymouth town
61	33	11	283	98.9	461	229	105	54	18.1	18.7	Plymouth CDP
147	69	12	925	99.2	1 430	706	228	105	22.4	12.4	Rumney town
62	36	17	440	98.4	659	334	115	65	24.5	13.2	Sugar Hill town
23	10	2	126	104.0	200	96	35	11	22.2	13.6	Thornton town
70	33	10	391	104.1	592	294	113	47	25.8	14.2	Warren town
66	40	11	565	101.6	868	430	117	66	23.8	10.3	Waterville Valley town
21 058	14 411	5 057	193 014	97.3	280 620	144 111	40 526	24 161	26.3	10.6	Wentworth town
505	224	55	5 351	101.3	7 359	3 709	784	400	31.7	7.3	Woodstock town
152	93	25	1 234	98.5	1 734	890	270	146	29.2	11.0	Hillsborough County
91	60	23	724	91.9	957	512	174	98	31.1	12.5	Amherst town
1 032	692	379	9 286	96.8	13 053	6 748	2 103	1 242	28.6	11.5	Antrim CDP
77	29	7	709	97.6	1 001	501	113	61	28.6	8.1	Antrim town
119	68	22	2 062	102.8	2 775	1 397	209	114	33.6	5.0	Bedford town
136	52	13	928	102.0	1 386	696	201	89	26.1	10.7	Bennington town
106	46	24	726	103.9	1 075	538	176	90	27.4	11.9	Brookline town
1 051	733	259	8 836	91.6	13 092	6 930	2 043	1 245	22.7	12.1	Deering town
374	202	56	2 991	93.2	4 784	2 492	632	389	17.2	10.9	Francestown town
70	33	14	812	104.1	1 147	557	117	63	30.8	7.1	Goffstown town
135	88	23	1 101	102.0	1 614	789	246	137	27.4	11.1	Pinarville CDP
76	70	15	571	98.1	836	415	161	96	26.1	14.2	Greenfield town
151	107	35	905	92.2	1 305	686	293	157	25.0	16.8	Greenfield CDP
346	213	69	2 519	95.6	3 623	1 864	628	347	26.5	12.7	Hancock town
120	99	46	978	88.3	1 358	724	265	165	26.3	14.4	Hillsborough town
346	166	67	3 526	99.0	4 937	2 493	579	300	29.6	8.3	Hillsborough CDP
1 051	561	197	11 584	97.9	16 460	8 413	1 809	1 064	28.2	7.9	Hollis town
472	259	71	3 950	97.8	5 891	3 015	802	470	24.6	10.3	Hudson town
174	73	14	3 660	101.1	4 904	2 475	261	138	33.4	3.5	Hudson CDP
51	47	12	781	102.9	1 159	580	110	60	26.9	6.9	Litchfield town
											Lyndeborough town

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
Hillsborough County—Con.											
Manchester city	107 006	34.9	7 162	18 196	4 110	6 041	18 106	17 636	13 832	4 506	3 588
Mason town	1 147	39.9	65	214	35	28	117	261	231	56	43
Merrimack town	25 119	36.0	1 731	5 562	744	706	3 317	5 264	3 919	1 374	901
East Merrimack CDP	3 784	36.7	216	641	110	149	676	668	509	192	160
Milford town	13 535	35.1	984	2 771	404	488	2 091	2 585	1 860	621	434
Milford CDP	8 293	35.1	565	1 593	256	360	1 355	1 485	1 098	367	259
Wilton CDP (part)	89	32.5	3	23	5	2	19	14	8	4	2
Mont Vernon town	2 034	38.5	117	487	54	35	188	439	347	107	75
Nashua city	86 605	35.8	5 644	15 710	2 934	4 092	13 733	15 242	11 813	4 185	3 210
New Boston town	4 138	36.2	316	942	97	98	513	873	770	203	118
New Ipswich town	4 289	31.8	379	1 101	173	158	521	759	586	155	135
Pelham town	10 914	36.0	804	2 345	319	346	1 391	2 319	1 569	554	413
Peterborough town	5 883	42.0	318	1 160	163	133	535	924	918	283	229
Peterborough CDP	2 944	42.9	149	520	81	81	303	443	419	123	109
Sharon town	360	41.3	18	70	15	5	42	57	80	17	16
Temple town	1 297	37.0	80	307	42	33	145	253	221	66	41
Weare town	7 776	34.1	616	1 876	229	218	1 067	1 798	1 191	255	161
Wilton town	3 743	37.4	239	769	108	126	457	695	629	184	131
Wilton CDP (part)	1 147	36.2	70	211	44	55	166	213	163	50	32
Windsor town	201	26.3	11	57	8	21	19	27	31	9	8
Merrimack County											
Allenstown town	136 225	37.7	8 112	25 828	5 610	5 447	16 902	24 771	20 800	6 847	4 985
Allenstown town	4 843	35.5	316	1 006	157	166	734	927	631	211	182
Suncook CDP (part)	1 944	39.1	105	313	66	77	284	330	249	84	81
Andover town	2 109	40.1	130	383	69	61	243	352	373	128	103
Boscawen town	3 672	39.4	207	633	141	142	433	639	481	188	127
Bow town	7 138	38.6	449	1 878	183	132	506	1 445	1 310	411	221
Bradford town	1 454	40.3	75	292	48	56	155	237	271	76	60
Canterbury town	1 979	42.4	108	376	51	45	160	346	461	147	80
Chichester town	2 236	38.0	136	434	69	59	292	449	379	115	80
Concord city	40 687	37.0	2 373	7 022	1 436	1 921	6 176	7 235	5 817	1 854	1 289
Danbury town	1 071	41.1	46	200	36	37	104	225	167	70	49
Dunbarton town	2 226	37.6	181	432	44	44	277	498	394	135	63
Epsom town	4 021	38.9	241	743	103	109	515	726	615	232	173
Franklin city	8 405	37.3	613	1 554	302	409	1 027	1 357	1 139	407	364
Henniker town	4 433	33.1	219	886	422	322	480	800	677	164	111
Henniker CDP	1 627	24.2	63	230	329	206	153	236	184	52	44
Hill town	992	38.7	46	219	39	22	117	193	165	56	34
Hooksett town	11 721	35.3	764	2 085	854	581	1 509	2 254	1 663	540	409
Hooksett CDP	3 609	37.8	234	671	82	91	531	730	568	202	149
South Hooksett CDP	5 282	31.0	335	844	691	425	636	911	605	207	161
Hopkinton town	5 399	41.8	281	1 151	125	104	445	925	1 055	337	256
Contoocook CDP	1 444	41.7	61	311	39	31	134	233	257	94	83
Loudon town	4 481	36.9	320	930	148	132	544	922	742	212	156
Newbury town	1 702	42.1	72	316	45	36	173	308	290	94	92
New London town	4 116	47.3	120	467	499	258	210	388	483	231	232
Northfield town	4 548	36.0	263	1 004	181	174	565	891	709	216	148
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1 586	34.2	113	315	66	79	237	256	205	58	58
Pembroke town	6 897	36.7	454	1 404	234	244	894	1 392	1 032	340	223
Suncook CDP (part)	3 418	36.1	246	617	100	145	534	630	453	164	132
Pittsfield town	3 931	35.1	269	841	154	163	527	741	516	178	134
Pittsfield CDP	1 669	34.2	117	357	61	84	235	275	221	68	53
Salisbury town	1 137	40.4	65	214	36	33	118	203	211	74	69
Sutton town	1 544	43.2	66	276	46	34	123	286	279	112	78
Warner town	2 760	39.5	140	535	119	99	276	521	463	154	115
Webster town	1 579	38.7	95	313	41	42	199	302	277	86	78
Wilmot town	1 144	41.6	63	234	28	22	100	209	200	79	59
Rockingham County											
Atkinson town	277 359	37.2	18 100	55 229	8 016	9 167	36 314	54 673	43 345	14 192	10 236
Auburn town	6 178	40.9	397	1 116	161	148	615	1 142	1 134	454	306
Brentwood town	4 682	36.8	327	1 028	172	116	499	1 046	825	253	130
Candia town	3 197	38.9	215	576	123	87	343	627	511	132	109
Chester town	3 911	37.6	265	777	128	107	488	826	726	196	115
Danville town	3 792	35.7	315	859	145	94	427	789	633	167	133
Deerfield town	4 023	35.4	329	847	84	95	619	869	565	184	145
Derry town	3 678	36.2	268	834	106	86	451	764	623	182	111
Derry CDP	34 021	33.6	2 436	7 818	1 156	1 366	5 122	6 963	4 853	1 332	872
Derry CDP	22 661	33.1	1 589	4 992	771	1 059	3 671	4 460	3 053	859	605
East Kingston town	1 784	38.2	112	375	41	31	211	381	322	115	64
Epping town	5 476	35.8	383	1 100	173	197	779	1 113	808	228	189
Epping CDP	1 673	37.7	104	296	42	80	230	274	223	71	67
Exeter town	14 058	40.0	771	2 638	359	345	1 729	2 455	2 070	761	543
Exeter CDP	9 759	39.0	550	1 766	248	264	1 355	1 717	1 392	531	401
Fremont town	3 510	35.5	308	712	98	87	506	828	457	148	113
Greenland town	3 208	38.1	222	629	69	72	389	665	481	191	167
Hampstead town	8 297	38.1	495	1 901	213	212	848	1 725	1 361	451	316
Hampton town	14 937	41.1	886	2 305	363	448	1 859	2 694	2 442	966	775
Hampton CDP	9 126	40.6	564	1 548	190	231	1 091	1 692	1 435	560	418
Hampton Falls town	1 880	41.9	128	356	44	31	168	341	355	142	74
Kensington town	1 893	38.7	144	383	56	39	193	412	326	98	56
Kingston town	5 862	38.0	351	1 154	208	175	698	1 211	993	331	226
Londonderry town	23 236	35.0	1 726	5 917	743	613	2 635	4 968	3 702	1 057	642
Londonderry CDP	11 417	35.1	838	2 812	382	352	1 301	2 327	1 805	605	329
New Castle town	1 010	49.6	43	137	24	10	67	143	173	92	78
Newfields town	1 551	36.5	146	337	39	33	155	403	210	63	49
Newington town	775	42.6	28	142	19	17	68	152	156	45	48
Newmarket town	8 027	32.6	499	1 278	339	732	1 513	1 471	1 038	264	218
Newmarket CDP	5 124	30.7	277	721	264	623	1 103	826	609	150	127
Newton town	4 289	35.3	328	906	126	123	632	922	617	194	116
North Hampton town	4 259	42.3	194	800	86	102	402	766	802	274	224
Northwood town	3 640	36.9	223	762	138	103	475	693	591	195	131
Nottingham town	3 701	38.2	244	784	79	80	426	823	664	216	119
Plaistow town	7 747	37.4	527	1 474	238	307	976	1 504	1 205	417	318
Portsmouth city	20 784	38.5	1 009	2 556	450	1 045	4 002	3 524	2 952	1 021	841
Raymond town	9 674	34.4	680	2 140	334	398	1 376	2 038	1 310	422	306

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
Hillsborough County—Con.											
6 564	5 415	1 850	54 612	95.9	81 648	42 245	13 829	8 565	23.7	12.9	Manchester city
63	25	9	556	106.3	868	420	97	44	24.3	8.5	Mason town
980	516	105	12 605	99.3	17 826	9 062	1 601	897	29.0	6.4	Merrimack town
257	164	42	1 971	92.0	2 927	1 545	463	305	22.6	12.2	East Merrimack CDP
659	439	199	6 893	96.4	9 780	5 095	1 297	804	27.7	9.6	Milford town
436	347	172	4 284	93.6	6 135	3 242	955	619	26.0	11.5	Milford CDP
5	3	1	52	71.2	63	36	9	5	29.2	10.1	Wilton CDP (part)
110	58	17	993	104.8	1 430	704	185	102	29.7	9.1	Mont Vernon town
5 296	3 511	1 235	43 830	97.6	65 251	33 435	10 042	6 095	24.7	11.6	Nashua city
132	59	17	2 067	100.2	2 880	1 443	208	117	30.4	5.0	New Boston town
190	106	26	2 094	104.8	2 809	1 393	322	170	34.5	7.5	New Ipswich town
504	292	58	5 491	98.8	7 765	3 896	854	463	28.9	7.8	Pelham town
510	471	239	3 198	84.0	4 405	2 479	1 220	757	25.1	20.7	Peterborough town
245	302	169	1 644	79.1	2 275	1 323	716	462	22.7	24.3	Peterborough CDP
18	16	6	157	129.3	272	125	40	17	24.4	11.1	Sharon town
68	28	13	640	102.7	910	441	109	64	29.8	8.4	Temple town
225	114	26	3 866	101.1	5 284	2 649	365	183	32.0	4.7	Weare town
230	136	39	1 922	94.7	2 735	1 396	405	226	26.9	10.8	Wilton town
85	43	15	591	94.1	866	451	143	86	24.5	12.5	Wilton CDP (part)
7	-	3	70	187.1	133	62	10	4	33.8	5.0	Windsor town
Merrimack County											
8 547	5 852	2 524	69 151	97.0	102 285	52 818	16 923	10 096	24.9	12.4	Allenstown town
262	189	62	2 500	93.7	3 521	1 853	513	335	27.3	10.6	Allenstown town
160	151	44	1 039	87.1	1 526	838	355	247	21.5	18.3	Suncook CDP (part)
156	84	27	1 052	100.5	1 596	803	267	137	24.3	12.7	Andover town
274	222	185	1 911	92.2	2 832	1 495	681	460	22.9	18.5	Boscawen town
382	182	39	3 578	99.5	4 811	2 484	603	325	32.6	8.4	Bow town
124	47	13	728	99.7	1 087	560	184	101	25.2	12.7	Bradford town
112	76	17	1 024	93.3	1 495	773	205	109	24.5	10.4	Canterbury town
142	63	18	1 108	101.8	1 666	828	223	112	25.5	10.0	Chichester town
2 355	2 086	1 123	20 538	98.1	31 292	16 044	5 564	3 582	23.1	13.7	Concord city
88	32	17	525	104.0	825	403	137	69	23.0	12.8	Danbury town
111	39	8	1 100	102.4	1 613	796	158	75	27.5	7.1	Dunbarton town
275	180	109	2 093	92.1	3 037	1 600	564	335	24.5	14.0	Epsom town
608	423	202	4 331	94.1	6 238	3 327	1 233	755	25.8	14.7	Franklin city
188	130	34	2 180	103.3	3 328	1 662	352	218	24.9	7.9	Henniker town
49	65	16	824	97.5	1 334	681	130	89	18.0	8.0	Henniker CDP
57	30	14	490	102.4	727	362	101	51	26.7	10.2	Hill town
608	391	63	5 863	99.9	8 872	4 487	1 062	603	24.3	9.1	Hooksett town
219	105	27	1 885	91.5	2 704	1 438	351	201	25.1	9.7	Hooksett CDP
252	202	13	2 545	107.5	4 103	1 993	467	243	22.3	8.8	South Hooksett CDP
395	257	68	2 786	93.8	3 967	2 084	720	397	26.5	13.3	Hopkinton town
111	69	21	754	91.5	1 072	573	201	117	25.8	13.9	Contoocook CDP
245	101	29	2 254	98.8	3 231	1 639	375	195	27.9	8.4	Loudon town
166	88	22	839	102.9	1 314	666	276	136	22.8	16.2	Newbury town
572	447	209	2 308	78.3	3 529	2 032	1 228	715	14.3	29.8	New London town
218	136	43	2 287	98.9	3 281	1 679	397	221	27.9	8.7	Northfield town
95	75	29	841	88.6	1 158	619	199	126	27.0	12.5	Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)
388	226	66	3 478	98.3	5 039	2 591	680	385	26.9	9.9	Pembroke town
209	142	46	1 745	95.9	2 555	1 340	397	228	25.2	11.6	Suncook CDP (part)
247	129	32	2 033	93.4	2 821	1 460	408	231	28.2	10.4	Pittsfield town
105	71	22	881	89.4	1 195	632	198	120	28.4	11.9	Pittsfield CDP
68	34	12	559	103.4	858	437	114	60	24.5	10.0	Salisbury town
154	68	22	792	94.9	1 202	623	244	140	22.2	15.8	Sutton town
174	103	61	1 389	98.7	2 085	1 086	338	199	24.5	12.2	Warner town
85	46	15	814	94.0	1 171	606	146	80	25.8	9.2	Webster town
93	43	14	591	93.6	847	438	150	70	26.0	13.1	Wilmot town
Rockingham County											
15 549	9 372	3 166	140 488	97.4	204 030	104 425	28 087	16 005	26.4	10.1	Atkinson town
453	190	62	3 170	94.9	4 665	2 379	705	368	24.5	11.4	Auburn town
163	95	28	2 300	103.6	3 327	1 637	286	144	28.9	6.1	Brentwood town
176	158	140	1 583	102.0	2 406	1 181	474	311	24.7	14.8	Candia town
181	84	18	1 935	102.1	2 869	1 420	283	150	26.6	7.2	Chester town
146	64	20	1 917	97.8	2 618	1 347	230	129	31.0	6.1	Danville town
182	80	24	1 965	104.7	2 847	1 413	286	149	29.2	7.1	Deerfield town
149	80	24	1 878	95.8	2 576	1 307	253	133	30.0	6.9	Derry town
1 212	635	256	17 128	98.6	23 767	12 086	2 103	1 238	30.1	6.2	Derry CDP
875	510	217	11 470	97.6	16 080	8 257	1 602	964	29.0	7.1	East Kingston town
80	38	14	925	92.9	1 297	663	132	72	27.3	7.4	Epping town
297	166	43	2 777	97.2	3 993	2 039	506	280	27.1	9.2	Epping CDP
166	92	28	861	94.3	1 273	662	286	155	23.9	17.1	Exeter town
1 013	905	469	7 404	89.9	10 649	5 776	2 387	1 480	24.2	17.0	Exeter CDP
762	544	229	5 144	89.7	7 443	4 037	1 535	950	23.7	15.7	Fremont town
144	79	30	1 787	96.4	2 490	1 268	253	138	29.1	7.2	Greenland town
191	109	23	1 670	92.1	2 357	1 244	323	178	26.5	10.1	Hampstead town
473	248	54	4 181	98.4	5 901	3 015	775	414	28.9	9.3	Hampton town
1 246	751	202	7 681	94.5	11 746	6 099	2 199	1 220	21.4	14.7	Hampton CDP
741	492	164	4 760	91.7	7 014	3 725	1 397	813	23.1	15.3	Hampton Falls town
146	77	18	927	102.8	1 396	711	241	121	25.7	12.8	Kensington town
120	53	13	958	97.6	1 366	683	186	94	27.8	9.8	Kingston town
287	175	53	2 975	97.0	4 357	2 207	515	295	25.7	8.8	Londonderry town
774	384	75	11 793	97.0	15 593	7 992	1 233	676	32.9	5.3	Londonderry CDP
419	207	40	5 856	95.0	7 767	4 028	666	357	32.0	5.8	New Castle town
150	77	16	516	95.7	830	421	243	125	17.8	24.1	Newfields town
74	31	11	787	97.1	1 068	553	116	62	31.1	7.5	Newington town
61	30	9	390	98.7	605	312	100	59	21.9	12.9	Newmarket town
357	252	66	4 045	98.4	6 250	3 204	675	402	22.1	8.4	Newmarket CDP
201	175	48	2 598	97.2	4 126	2 123	424	268	19.5	8.3	Newton town
180	118	27	2 154	99.1	3 055	1 542	325	191	28.8	7.6	North Hampton town
366	194	49	2 181	95.3	3 265	1 680	609	321	23.3	14.3	Northwood town
208	98	23	1 817	100.3	2 655	1 332	329	174	27.1	9.0	Nottingham town
171	76	19	1 824	102.9	2 673	1 325	266	132	27.8	7.2	Plaistow town
455	273	53	3 959	95.7	5 746	2 948	781	434	25.8	10.1	Portsmouth city
1 629	1 215	540	10 685	94.5	17 219	8 966	3 384	2 090	17.2	16.3	Raymond town
387	219	64	4 831	100.2	6 854	3 446	670	383	29.2	6.9	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Median age	Age									
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
Rockingham County—Con.												
Raymond—Con.												
Raymond CDP	2 839	34.3	201	545	122	143	436	521	362	137	104	
Rye town	5 182	44.4	247	904	93	90	419	890	922	348	283	
Salem town	28 112	38.1	1 783	5 328	786	951	3 571	5 330	4 254	1 648	1 221	
Sandown town	5 143	34.8	394	1 222	155	124	690	1 219	773	171	123	
Seabrook town	7 934	40.3	458	1 166	195	300	1 145	1 266	1 122	494	451	
South Hampton town	844	40.4	46	164	17	19	88	154	165	46	31	
Stratham town	6 355	37.9	432	1 416	156	110	689	1 369	1 125	278	216	
Windham town	10 709	37.8	741	2 388	300	274	1 041	2 187	2 079	616	377	
Strafford County	112 233	34.4	6 664	19 908	7 760	7 549	15 250	19 039	14 691	5 020	3 759	
Barrington town	7 475	36.6	476	1 581	212	211	1 015	1 610	1 174	426	245	
Dover city	26 884	35.5	1 527	4 075	904	2 096	4 633	4 495	3 385	1 134	943	
Durham town	12 664	21.2	306	1 214	4 498	2 657	696	982	966	334	237	
Durham CDP	9 024	20.8	135	480	4 244	2 204	422	430	402	146	95	
Farmington town	5 774	36.1	373	1 250	204	212	735	1 055	857	292	203	
Farmington CDP	3 468	35.3	234	754	136	139	451	596	470	158	126	
Lee town	4 145	35.4	270	1 009	125	179	459	855	663	177	112	
Madbury town	1 509	36.3	74	378	39	58	174	313	234	76	48	
Middleton town	1 440	36.6	108	306	55	39	164	327	179	66	47	
Milton town	3 910	37.4	234	823	115	145	471	767	572	220	164	
New Durham town	2 220	38.1	145	460	54	42	269	459	351	133	69	
Rochester city	28 461	36.7	1 929	5 266	975	1 205	4 033	4 941	3 828	1 358	1 092	
Rollinsford town	2 648	36.9	178	488	85	99	389	486	361	130	106	
Somersworth city	11 477	34.9	832	2 182	396	530	1 823	1 974	1 472	508	387	
Strafford town	3 626	37.4	212	876	98	76	389	775	649	166	106	
Sullivan County	40 458	40.0	2 258	7 396	1 188	1 412	4 795	6 553	6 294	2 305	1 873	
Acworth town	836	42.6	44	171	26	13	62	139	156	56	42	
Charlestown town	4 749	39.7	272	901	152	159	540	760	758	275	254	
Charlestown CDP	1 145	38.9	71	209	37	46	139	168	189	53	60	
Claremont city	13 151	38.8	775	2 291	449	571	1 700	2 051	1 827	715	555	
Cornish town	1 661	41.6	86	344	37	26	160	278	342	118	68	
Croydon town	661	40.9	32	118	13	18	88	113	115	43	40	
Goshen town	741	40.4	29	150	33	26	65	139	110	39	49	
Grantham town	2 167	46.0	107	325	21	42	230	328	339	154	150	
Langdon town	586	40.9	25	100	17	14	65	112	120	38	25	
Lempster town	971	41.4	52	184	26	25	106	170	182	54	35	
Newport town	6 269	37.1	398	1 261	189	259	835	998	847	290	231	
Newport CDP	4 008	35.6	275	807	122	188	583	613	497	165	143	
Plainfield town	2 241	40.0	137	432	51	60	237	446	424	132	94	
Springfield town	945	39.8	51	171	14	26	133	161	173	58	41	
Sunapee town	3 055	41.7	128	568	100	112	293	499	497	173	166	
Unity town	1 530	42.6	78	228	41	49	189	231	256	88	55	
Washington town	895	45.0	44	152	19	12	92	128	148	72	68	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County County Subdivision Place
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
150	96	22	1 407	101.8	2 093	1 046	268	155	26.3	9.4	Rockingham County—Con.
508	334	144	2 716	90.8	4 031	2 142	986	563	22.2	19.0	Raymond town—Con.
1 843	1 087	310	14 118	99.1	21 001	10 666	3 240	1 842	25.3	11.5	Raymond CDP
145	88	39	2 508	105.1	3 527	1 759	272	147	31.4	5.3	Rye town
780	457	100	3 974	99.6	6 310	3 180	1 337	732	20.5	16.9	Salem town
60	37	17	447	88.8	634	335	114	60	24.9	13.5	Sandown town
342	196	26	3 261	94.9	4 507	2 355	564	307	29.1	8.9	Seabrook town
400	219	87	5 321	101.3	7 580	3 792	706	391	29.2	6.6	South Hampton town
											Stratham town
											Windham town
6 760	4 364	1 469	57 758	94.3	85 661	44 814	12 593	7 371	23.7	11.2	Strafford County
316	173	36	3 662	104.1	5 418	2 686	525	277	27.5	7.0	Barrington town
1 738	1 337	617	13 970	92.4	21 282	11 167	3 692	2 292	20.8	13.7	Dover city
414	278	82	6 945	82.3	11 144	6 196	774	408	12.0	6.1	Durham town
217	194	55	5 041	79.0	8 409	4 748	466	256	6.8	5.2	Durham CDP
331	206	56	2 908	98.6	4 151	2 117	593	327	28.1	10.3	Farmington town
214	148	42	1 751	98.1	2 480	1 285	404	233	28.5	11.6	Farmington CDP
178	89	29	2 068	100.4	2 866	1 444	296	156	30.9	7.1	Lee town
65	42	8	756	99.6	1 057	536	115	63	30.0	7.6	Madbury town
105	36	8	683	110.8	1 026	497	149	66	28.8	10.3	Middleton town
264	100	35	1 967	98.8	2 853	1 430	399	208	27.0	10.2	Milton town
161	67	10	1 069	107.7	1 615	782	238	116	27.3	10.7	New Durham town
2 071	1 342	421	14 623	94.6	21 266	11 173	3 834	2 271	25.3	13.5	Rochester city
196	107	23	1 339	97.8	1 982	1 016	326	191	25.2	12.3	Rollinsford town
748	503	122	5 956	92.7	8 463	4 469	1 373	848	26.3	12.0	Somersworth city
173	84	22	1 812	100.1	2 538	1 301	279	148	30.0	7.7	Strafford town
3 438	2 213	733	20 530	97.1	30 804	15 921	6 384	3 620	23.9	15.8	Sullivan County
84	32	11	415	101.4	621	309	127	69	25.7	15.2	Acworth town
358	247	73	2 436	95.0	3 576	1 853	678	396	24.7	14.3	Charlestown town
78	61	34	597	91.8	865	459	173	106	24.5	15.1	Charlestown CDP
1 072	878	267	6 828	92.6	10 085	5 326	2 217	1 357	23.3	16.9	Claremont city
117	67	18	830	100.1	1 231	615	202	104	25.9	12.2	Cornish town
46	30	5	316	109.2	511	253	81	46	22.7	12.3	Croydon town
58	35	8	375	97.6	562	286	101	54	24.2	13.6	Goshen town
319	134	18	1 105	96.1	1 735	887	471	217	19.9	21.7	Grantham town
41	23	6	275	113.1	461	224	70	39	21.3	11.9	Langdon town
76	38	23	477	103.6	735	357	137	67	24.3	14.1	Lempster town
500	333	128	3 183	97.0	4 610	2 448	961	558	26.5	15.3	Newport town
302	220	93	2 069	93.7	2 926	1 584	615	379	27.0	15.3	Newport CDP
138	72	18	1 105	102.8	1 672	839	228	116	25.4	10.2	Plainfield town
71	31	15	479	97.3	723	368	117	63	23.5	12.4	Springfield town
323	156	40	1 511	102.2	2 359	1 189	519	254	22.8	17.0	Sunapee town
122	98	95	758	101.8	1 224	619	315	203	20.0	20.6	Unity town
113	39	8	437	104.8	699	348	160	77	21.9	17.9	Washington town

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
The State	1 235 786	37.1	75 685	233 877	50 461	52 908	160 061	221 179	183 986	62 664	46 995
COUNTY											
Belknap County	56 325	40.1	3 003	10 316	1 788	2 005	6 377	9 446	8 984	3 362	2 548
Carroll County	43 666	42.5	2 096	7 786	1 136	1 184	4 467	7 107	7 028	2 748	2 325
Cheshire County	73 825	37.6	3 822	13 375	4 597	4 077	8 212	11 721	11 012	3 874	3 049
Coos County	33 111	41.5	1 676	5 882	1 016	1 079	3 608	5 235	5 000	1 899	1 603
Grafton County	81 743	37.0	4 215	13 675	5 929	5 124	9 692	12 374	12 111	4 300	3 350
Hillsborough County	380 841	35.9	25 739	74 482	13 421	15 864	54 444	70 260	54 721	18 117	13 267
Merrimack County	136 225	37.7	8 112	25 828	5 610	5 447	16 902	24 771	20 800	6 847	4 985
Rockingham County	277 359	37.2	18 100	55 229	8 016	9 167	36 314	54 673	43 345	14 192	10 236
Strafford County	112 233	34.4	6 664	19 908	7 760	7 549	15 250	19 039	14 691	5 020	3 759
Sullivan County	40 458	40.0	2 258	7 396	1 188	1 412	4 795	6 553	6 294	2 305	1 873
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION											
Acworth town, Sullivan County	836	42.6	44	171	26	13	62	139	156	56	42
Albany town, Carroll County	654	37.4	48	125	19	21	90	150	79	33	37
Alexandria town, Grafton County	1 329	40.3	75	257	35	28	152	260	231	76	65
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	4 843	35.5	316	1 006	157	166	734	927	631	211	182
Alstead town, Cheshire County	1 944	39.5	120	385	61	58	198	356	346	92	82
Alton town, Belknap County	4 502	41.4	273	799	118	125	475	726	746	288	257
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	10 769	38.7	664	2 746	301	185	821	2 143	2 007	678	440
Andover town, Merrimack County	2 109	40.1	130	383	69	61	243	352	373	128	103
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	1 389	36.2	90	342	40	48	145	241	202	52	55
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	2 449	37.4	141	574	69	80	254	436	383	124	118
Ashland town, Grafton County	1 955	36.8	140	318	74	126	266	321	266	102	76
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	6 178	40.9	397	1 116	161	148	615	1 142	1 134	454	306
Atkinson and Gilman Academy grant, Coos County	12	39.5	-	1	-	-	4	3	-	1	1
Auburn town, Rockingham County	4 682	36.8	327	1 028	172	116	499	1 046	825	253	130
Barnstead town, Belknap County	3 886	38.8	243	783	121	118	452	692	643	263	148
Barrington town, Strafford County	7 475	36.6	476	1 581	212	211	1 015	1 610	1 174	426	245
Bartlett town, Carroll County	2 705	41.5	133	459	68	75	332	466	468	205	143
Bath town, Grafton County	893	41.5	35	182	29	31	84	132	161	64	36
Beans grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beans purchase, Coos County	4	60.0	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	18 274	39.2	1 329	3 892	410	389	1 711	3 485	3 218	1 046	691
Belmont town, Belknap County	6 716	38.4	360	1 318	241	223	822	1 257	1 101	344	286
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	1 401	35.1	84	316	51	47	200	270	216	65	39
Benton town, Grafton County	314	48.0	15	44	5	9	32	38	32	13	24
Berlin city, Coos County	10 331	42.5	529	1 672	336	339	1 157	1 585	1 380	489	508
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	2 199	39.0	120	410	74	52	273	419	414	115	86
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	3 672	39.4	207	633	141	142	433	639	481	188	127
Bow town, Merrimack County	7 138	38.6	449	1 878	183	132	506	1 445	1 310	411	221
Bradford town, Merrimack County	1 454	40.3	75	292	48	56	155	237	271	76	60
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	3 197	38.9	215	576	123	87	343	627	511	132	109
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	974	45.4	33	159	25	19	102	143	174	64	67
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	1 670	37.6	111	303	73	65	210	277	217	93	70
Bristol town, Grafton County	3 033	38.5	180	557	118	95	381	527	426	175	144
Brookfield town, Carroll County	604	43.0	24	117	18	15	61	92	114	41	21
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	4 181	35.7	385	1 021	103	66	443	1 050	602	191	111
Cambridge township, Coos County	10	44.0	1	1	-	-	1	2	4	-	-
Campton town, Grafton County	2 719	39.0	156	490	87	110	353	464	476	149	110
Canaan town, Grafton County	3 319	37.7	203	694	99	97	404	634	536	186	144
Candia town, Rockingham County	3 911	37.6	265	777	128	107	488	826	726	196	115
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	1 979	42.4	108	376	51	45	160	346	461	147	80
Carroll town, Coos County	663	42.9	31	108	22	20	61	116	111	71	25
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	996	44.6	43	171	24	28	84	155	194	70	54
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	1 145	38.9	71	209	37	46	139	168	189	53	60
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	4 749	39.7	272	901	152	159	540	760	758	275	254
Chatham town, Carroll County	260	40.8	11	53	3	8	32	46	56	13	10
Chester town, Rockingham County	3 792	35.7	315	859	145	94	427	789	633	167	133
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	3 542	40.4	177	742	99	74	370	617	654	239	183
Chichester town, Merrimack County	2 236	38.0	136	434	69	59	292	449	379	115	80
Claremont city, Sullivan County	13 151	38.8	775	2 291	449	571	1 700	2 051	1 827	715	555
Clarksville town, Coos County	294	44.5	18	49	11	1	19	50	64	25	23
Colebrook town, Coos County	2 321	41.2	108	408	72	96	272	352	369	135	127
Columbia town, Coos County	750	42.0	35	151	9	24	87	112	130	51	37
Concord city, Merrimack County	40 687	37.0	2 373	7 022	1 436	1 921	6 176	7 235	5 817	1 854	1 289
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	1 444	41.7	61	311	39	31	134	233	257	94	83
Conway CDP, Carroll County	1 692	40.3	88	303	65	66	218	253	270	90	80
Conway town, Carroll County	8 604	39.9	458	1 474	272	342	1 097	1 401	1 396	448	387
Cornish town, Sullivan County	1 661	41.6	86	344	37	26	160	278	342	118	68
Crawfords purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Croydon town, Sullivan County	661	40.9	32	118	13	18	88	113	115	43	40
Cutts grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dalton town, Coos County	927	40.6	50	176	31	29	99	153	150	53	51
Danbury town, Merrimack County	1 071	41.1	46	200	36	37	104	225	167	70	49
Danville town, Rockingham County	4 023	35.4	329	847	84	95	619	869	565	184	145
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	3 678	36.2	268	834	106	86	451	764	623	182	111
Deering town, Hillsborough County	1 875	38.8	102	387	61	52	202	364	289	127	90
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	22 661	33.1	1 589	4 992	771	1 059	3 671	4 460	3 053	859	605
Derry town, Rockingham County	34 021	33.6	2 436	7 818	1 156	1 366	5 122	6 963	4 853	1 332	872
Dix's grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dixville township, Coos County	75	75.5	-	7	-	1	6	6	3	1	2
Dorchester town, Grafton County	353	39.6	21	76	10	9	33	60	67	17	18
Dover city, Strafford County	26 884	35.5	1 527	4 075	904	2 096	4 633	4 495	3 385	1 134	943

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place and County Subdivision
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
78 327	51 412	18 231	628 099	96.8	926 224	477 190	147 970	85 836	25.0	12.0	The State
COUNTY											
4 505	3 018	973	28 583	97.1	43 006	22 042	8 496	4 734	23.6	15.1	Belknap County
4 336	2 608		22 211	96.6	33 784	17 396	7 789	4 231	22.6	17.8	Carroll County
5 306	3 502	1 278	37 881	94.9	56 628	29 544	10 086	5 826	23.3	13.7	Cheshire County
3 127	2 183	803	16 926	95.6	25 553	13 264	6 113	3 575	22.8	18.5	Coos County
5 701	3 889	1 383	41 557	96.7	63 853	32 855	10 973	6 217	21.9	13.4	Grafton County
21 058	14 411	5 057	193 014	97.3	280 620	144 111	40 526	24 161	26.3	10.6	Hillsborough County
8 547	5 852	2 524	69 151	97.0	102 285	52 818	16 923	10 096	24.9	12.4	Merrimack County
15 549	9 372	3 166	140 488	97.4	204 030	104 425	28 087	16 005	26.4	10.1	Rockingham County
6 760	4 364	1 469	57 758	94.3	85 661	44 814	12 593	7 371	23.7	11.2	Stafford County
3 438	2 213	733	20 530	97.1	30 804	15 921	6 384	3 620	23.9	15.8	Sullivan County
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION											
84	32	11	415	101.4	621	309	127	69	25.7	15.2	Acworth town, Sullivan County
35	11	6	326	100.6	481	238	52	27	26.5	8.0	Albany town, Carroll County
93	48	9	667	99.3	997	499	150	72	25.0	11.3	Alexandria town, Grafton County
262	189	62	2 500	93.7	3 521	1 853	513	335	27.3	10.6	Allenstown town, Merrimack County
145	78	23	951	104.4	1 439	726	246	128	26.0	12.7	Alstead town, Cheshire County
410	223	62	2 264	98.9	3 430	1 743	695	374	23.8	15.4	Alton town, Belknap County
505	224	55	5 351	101.3	7 359	3 709	784	400	31.7	7.3	Amherst town, Hillsborough County
156	84	27	1 052	100.5	1 596	803	267	137	24.3	12.7	Andover town, Merrimack County
91	60	23	724	91.9	957	512	174	98	31.1	12.5	Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County
152	93	25	1 234	98.5	1 734	890	270	146	29.2	11.0	Antrim town, Hillsborough County
166	78	22	1 021	91.5	1 497	790	266	142	23.4	13.6	Ashland town, Grafton County
453	190	62	3 170	94.9	4 665	2 379	705	368	24.5	11.4	Atkinson town, Rockingham County
2	-	-	5	140.0	11	4	2	-	8.3	16.7	Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County
163	95	28	2 300	103.6	3 327	1 637	286	144	28.9	6.1	Auburn town, Rockingham County
243	160	20	1 905	104.0	2 860	1 413	423	218	26.4	10.9	Barnstead town, Belknap County
316	173	36	3 662	104.1	5 418	2 686	525	277	27.5	7.0	Barrington town, Stafford County
234	103	19	1 349	100.5	2 113	1 056	356	168	21.9	13.2	Bartlett town, Carroll County
86	37	16	452	97.6	676	343	139	73	24.3	15.6	Bath town, Grafton County
-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Beans grant, Coos County
-	-	2	3	33.3	4	3	2	2	-	50.0	Beans purchase, Coos County
1 032	692	379	9 286	96.8	13 053	6 748	2 103	1 242	28.6	11.5	Bedford town, Hillsborough County
467	250	47	3 403	97.4	5 038	2 599	764	418	25.0	11.4	Belmont town, Belknap County
77	29	7	709	97.6	1 001	501	113	61	28.6	8.1	Bennington town, Hillsborough County
44	45	13	176	78.4	255	145	102	68	18.8	32.5	Benton town, Grafton County
1 144	844	348	5 409	91.0	8 130	4 381	2 336	1 447	21.3	22.6	Berlin city, Coos County
143	71	22	1 080	103.6	1 669	825	236	130	24.1	10.7	Bethlehem town, Grafton County
274	222	185	1 911	92.2	2 832	1 495	681	460	22.9	18.5	Boscawen town, Merrimack County
382	182	39	3 578	99.5	4 811	2 484	603	325	32.6	8.4	Bow town, Merrimack County
124	47	13	728	99.7	1 087	560	184	101	25.2	12.7	Bradford town, Merrimack County
176	158	140	1 583	102.0	2 406	1 181	474	311	24.7	14.8	Brentwood town, Rockingham County
97	72	19	495	96.8	782	412	188	95	19.7	19.3	Bridgewater town, Grafton County
142	78	31	857	94.9	1 256	668	251	151	24.8	15.0	Bristol CDP, Grafton County
253	128	49	1 537	97.3	2 296	1 199	430	238	24.3	14.2	Bristol town, Grafton County
61	32	8	311	94.2	463	242	101	54	23.3	16.7	Brookfield town, Carroll County
119	68	22	2 062	102.8	2 775	1 397	209	114	33.6	5.0	Brookline town, Hillsborough County
-	1	-	5	100.0	8	4	1	1	20.0	10.0	Cambridge township, Coos County
197	109	18	1 360	99.9	2 073	1 036	324	173	23.8	11.9	Campton town, Grafton County
197	94	31	1 693	96.0	2 422	1 250	322	175	27.0	9.7	Canaan town, Grafton County
181	84	18	1 935	102.1	2 869	1 420	283	150	26.6	7.2	Candia town, Rockingham County
112	76	17	1 024	93.3	1 495	773	205	109	24.5	10.4	Canterbury town, Merrimack County
68	21	9	326	103.4	524	252	98	51	21.0	14.8	Carroll town, Coos County
105	55	13	497	100.4	782	389	173	85	21.5	17.4	Center Harbor town, Belknap County
-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Chandler's purchase, Coos County
78	61	34	597	91.8	865	459	173	106	24.5	15.1	Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County
358	247	73	2 436	95.0	3 576	1 853	678	396	24.7	14.3	Charlestown town, Sullivan County
21	6	1	126	106.3	196	95	28	11	24.6	10.8	Chatham town, Carroll County
146	64	20	1 917	97.8	2 618	1 347	230	129	31.0	6.1	Chester town, Rockingham County
242	104	41	1 738	103.8	2 623	1 310	387	208	25.9	10.9	Chesterfield town, Cheshire County
142	63	18	1 108	101.8	1 666	828	223	112	25.5	10.0	Chicheston town, Merrimack County
1 072	878	267	6 828	92.6	10 085	5 326	2 217	1 357	23.3	16.9	Claremont city, Sullivan County
22	12	-	139	111.5	227	112	34	15	22.8	11.6	Clarksville town, Coos County
225	118	39	1 184	96.0	1 805	934	382	215	22.2	16.5	Colebrook town, Coos County
69	39	6	351	113.7	564	280	114	52	24.8	15.2	Columbia town, Coos County
2 355	2 086	1 123	20 538	98.1	31 292	16 044	5 564	3 582	23.1	13.7	Concord city, Merrimack County
111	69	21	754	91.5	1 072	573	201	117	25.8	13.9	Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County
124	104	31	872	94.0	1 301	693	259	168	23.1	15.3	Conway CDP, Carroll County
670	461	198	4 435	94.0	6 672	3 492	1 329	779	22.5	15.4	Conway town, Carroll County
117	67	18	830	100.1	1 231	615	202	104	25.9	12.2	Cornish town, Sullivan County
-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Crawfords purchase, Coos County
46	30	5	316	109.2	511	253	81	46	22.7	12.3	Croydon town, Sullivan County
-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Cutts grant, Coos County
78	49	8	450	106.0	701	343	135	79	24.4	14.6	Dalton town, Coos County
88	32	17	525	104.0	825	403	137	69	23.0	12.8	Danbury town, Merrimack County
182	80	24	1 965	104.7	2 847	1 413	286	149	29.2	7.1	Danville town, Rockingham County
149	80	24	1 878	95.8	2 576	1 307	253	133	30.0	6.9	Deerfield town, Rockingham County
136	52	13	928	102.0	1 386	696	201	89	26.1	10.7	Deering town, Hillsborough County
875	510	217	11 470	97.6	16 080	8 257	1 602	964	29.0	7.1	Derry CDP, Rockingham County
1 212	635	256	17 128	98.6	23 767	12 086	2 103	1 238	30.1	6.2	Derry town, Rockingham County
-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	Dix grant, Coos County
11	18	20	43	74.4	68	42	49	32	9.3	65.3	Dixville township, Coos County
26	10	6	178	98.3	256	131	42	24	27.5	11.9	Dorchester town, Grafton County
1 738	1 337	617	13 970	92.4	21 282	11 167	3 692	2 292	20.8	13.7	Dover city, Stafford County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Dublin town, Cheshire County	1 476	42.8	72	273	45	42	127	242	294	109	77
Dummer town, Coos County	309	41.8	17	58	6	6	30	58	49	26	19
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	2 226	37.6	181	432	44	44	277	498	394	135	63
Durham CDP, Strafford County	9 024	20.8	135	480	4 244	2 204	422	430	402	146	95
Durham town, Strafford County	12 664	21.2	306	1 214	4 498	2 657	696	982	966	334	237
East Kingston town, Rockingham County	1 784	38.2	112	375	41	31	211	381	322	115	64
East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	3 784	36.7	216	641	110	149	676	668	509	192	160
Easton town, Grafton County	256	46.9	7	42	5	5	15	42	44	32	14
Eaton town, Carroll County	375	45.3	8	80	9	6	21	60	100	29	17
Effingham town, Carroll County	1 273	38.5	57	274	45	39	147	225	190	76	60
Ellsworth town, Grafton County	87	41.2	2	24	1	2	9	11	13	9	3
Enfield CDP, Grafton County	1 698	37.1	96	284	64	86	266	251	255	97	76
Enfield town, Grafton County	4 618	38.3	288	721	124	195	719	831	781	255	202
Epping CDP, Rockingham County	1 673	37.7	104	296	42	80	230	274	223	71	67
Epping town, Rockingham County	5 476	35.8	383	1 100	173	197	779	1 113	808	228	189
Epsom town, Merrimack County	4 021	38.9	241	743	103	109	515	726	615	232	173
Errol town, Coos County	298	47.2	9	40	6	4	27	55	43	35	27
Erving's location, Coos County	1	53.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	9 759	39.0	550	1 766	248	264	1 355	1 717	1 392	531	401
Exeter town, Rockingham County	14 058	40.0	771	2 638	359	345	1 729	2 455	2 070	761	543
Farmington CDP, Strafford County	3 468	35.3	234	754	136	139	451	596	470	158	126
Farmington town, Strafford County	5 774	36.1	373	1 250	204	212	735	1 055	857	292	203
Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	2 141	39.9	108	413	74	75	217	386	383	147	107
Francestown town, Hillsborough County	1 480	40.2	86	319	31	29	159	266	268	86	60
Franconia town, Grafton County	924	47.1	32	153	22	20	67	135	161	81	64
Franklin city, Merrimack County	8 405	37.3	613	1 554	302	409	1 027	1 357	1 139	407	364
Freedom town, Carroll County	1 303	48.6	52	167	21	19	120	193	223	82	113
Fremont town, Rockingham County	3 510	35.5	308	712	98	87	506	828	457	148	113
Gilford town, Belknap County	6 803	42.9	361	1 252	163	137	604	1 125	1 203	421	392
Gilmanton town, Belknap County	3 060	40.1	157	584	107	75	310	623	541	190	114
Gilsun town, Cheshire County	777	41.0	35	138	23	16	94	139	163	50	35
Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	16 929	35.4	895	2 942	1 491	1 083	1 937	2 992	2 251	736	559
Gorham CDP, Coos County	1 773	41.4	79	297	43	77	206	294	266	103	70
Gorham town, Coos County	2 895	42.0	126	513	70	100	315	494	452	149	108
Goshen town, Sullivan County	741	40.4	29	150	33	26	65	139	110	39	49
Grafton town, Grafton County	1 138	38.8	72	213	38	36	144	214	192	75	39
Grantham town, Sullivan County	2 167	46.0	107	325	21	42	230	328	339	154	150
Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	1 657	34.5	87	423	82	39	215	317	268	72	37
Greenland town, Rockingham County	3 208	38.1	222	629	69	72	389	665	481	191	167
Greens grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	1 131	36.6	81	214	43	41	159	194	164	39	35
Greenville town, Hillsborough County	2 224	36.3	158	452	71	77	309	405	319	107	80
Groton town, Grafton County	456	39.9	21	97	14	16	48	88	69	29	22
Groveton CDP, Coos County	1 197	39.1	54	245	40	42	134	193	140	66	50
Hadleys purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hale's location, Carroll County	58	64.4	1	1	-	-	1	3	2	8	16
Hampstead town, Rockingham County	8 297	38.1	495	1 901	213	212	848	1 725	1 361	451	316
Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	9 126	40.6	564	1 548	190	231	1 091	1 692	1 435	560	418
Hampton town, Rockingham County	14 937	41.1	886	2 305	363	448	1 859	2 694	2 442	966	775
Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	1 880	41.9	128	356	44	31	168	341	355	142	74
Hancock town, Hillsborough County	1 739	42.6	81	353	42	26	147	305	276	112	104
Hanover CDP, Grafton County	8 162	21.9	190	715	2 361	1 636	621	561	594	203	179
Hanover town, Grafton County	10 850	22.8	334	1 305	2 408	1 667	813	992	1 156	390	309
Harrisville town, Cheshire County	1 075	43.0	55	212	26	23	74	202	219	60	43
Hart's Location town, Carroll County	37	39.3	2	7	1	1	4	9	2	-	1
Haverhill town, Grafton County	4 416	39.7	217	826	148	185	536	640	651	248	187
Hebron town, Grafton County	459	50.1	24	50	9	20	31	55	80	34	27
Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	1 627	24.2	63	230	329	206	153	236	184	52	44
Henniker town, Merrimack County	4 433	33.1	219	886	422	322	480	800	677	164	111
Hill town, Merrimack County	992	38.7	46	219	39	22	117	193	165	56	34
Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	1 842	36.4	107	377	72	79	244	301	243	89	65
Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	4 928	37.6	301	1 004	164	166	617	878	764	237	169
Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	1 713	36.8	100	342	58	87	219	280	221	99	55
Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	4 082	37.0	217	845	136	175	513	725	565	235	173
Holderness town, Grafton County	1 930	42.1	96	375	62	71	183	289	387	122	97
Hollis town, Hillsborough County	7 015	39.6	459	1 619	156	113	510	1 490	1 329	484	276
Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	3 609	37.8	234	671	82	91	531	730	568	202	149
Hooksett town, Merrimack County	11 721	35.3	764	2 085	854	581	1 509	2 254	1 663	540	409
Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	5 399	41.8	281	1 151	125	104	445	925	1 055	337	256
Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	7 814	35.4	506	1 417	255	339	1 310	1 485	1 007	394	299
Hudson town, Hillsborough County	22 928	35.4	1 704	4 764	692	747	3 370	4 735	3 213	1 120	774
Jackson town, Carroll County	835	45.6	40	110	6	12	92	148	122	70	53
Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	2 802	35.0	167	593	116	145	379	468	353	107	125
Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	5 476	38.1	333	1 091	160	217	676	898	751	246	245
Jefferson town, Coos County	1 006	42.9	48	173	22	23	127	147	192	72	62
Keene city, Cheshire County	22 563	35.3	944	3 472	2 304	1 964	2 501	3 073	2 980	1 046	854
Kensington town, Rockingham County	1 893	38.7	144	383	56	39	193	412	326	98	56
Kilkenny township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kingston town, Rockingham County	5 862	38.0	351	1 154	208	175	698	1 211	993	331	226
Laconia city, Belknap County	16 411	38.8	869	2 794	602	847	2 146	2 462	2 284	908	671
Lancaster CDP, Coos County	1 695	36.9	118	343	74	62	211	258	229	83	60
Lancaster town, Coos County	3 280	39.8	206	622	114	106	376	488	485	184	139
Landaff town, Grafton County	378	42.0	26	64	10	11	31	71	57	27	25
Langdon town, Sullivan County	586	40.9	25	100	17	14	65	112	120	38	25
Lebanon city, Grafton County	12 568	37.1	784	2 052	386	625	2 025	2 049	1 841	591	416
Lee town, Strafford County	4 145	35.4	270	1 009	125	179	459	855	663	177	112
Lempster town, Sullivan County	971	41.4	52	184	26	25	106	170	182	54	35

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place and County Subdivision
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
119	60	16	734	101.1	1 131	567	195	99	23.4	13.2	Dublin town, Cheshire County
25	12	3	152	103.3	234	117	40	21	24.3	12.9	Dummer town, Coos County
111	39	8	1 100	102.4	1 613	796	158	75	27.5	7.1	Dunbarton town, Merrimack County
217	194	55	5 041	79.0	8 409	4 748	466	256	6.8	5.2	Durham CDP, Strafford County
414	278	82	6 945	82.3	11 144	6 196	774	408	12.0	6.1	Durham town, Strafford County
80	38	14	925	92.9	1 297	663	132	72	27.3	7.4	East Kingston town, Rockingham County
257	164	42	1 971	92.0	2 927	1 545	463	305	22.6	12.2	East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County
33	13	4	129	98.4	207	105	50	24	19.1	19.5	Easton town, Grafton County
26	16	3	191	96.3	287	149	45	23	23.5	12.0	Eaton town, Carroll County
87	61	12	616	106.7	942	457	160	79	26.0	12.6	Effingham town, Carroll County
9	3	1	43	102.3	61	29	13	6	29.9	14.9	Ellsworth town, Grafton County
124	70	29	906	87.4	1 318	698	223	144	22.4	13.1	Enfield CDP, Grafton County
283	169	50	2 360	95.7	3 609	1 854	502	275	21.8	10.9	Enfield town, Grafton County
166	92	28	861	94.3	1 273	662	286	155	23.9	17.1	Epping CDP, Rockingham County
297	166	43	2 777	97.2	3 993	2 039	506	280	27.1	9.2	Epping town, Rockingham County
275	180	109	2 093	92.1	3 037	1 600	564	335	24.5	14.0	Epsom town, Merrimack County
29	19	4	143	108.4	249	116	52	25	16.4	17.4	Errol town, Coos County
-	-	-	-	(X)	1	-	-	-	-	-	Erving's location, Coos County
762	544	229	5 144	89.7	7 443	4 037	1 535	950	23.7	15.7	Exeter CDP, Rockingham County
1 013	905	469	7 404	89.9	10 649	5 776	2 387	1 480	24.2	17.0	Exeter town, Rockingham County
214	148	42	1 751	98.1	2 480	1 285	404	233	28.5	11.6	Farmington CDP, Strafford County
331	206	56	2 908	98.6	4 151	2 117	593	327	28.1	10.3	Farmington town, Strafford County
133	77	21	1 053	103.3	1 620	794	231	124	24.3	10.8	Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County
106	46	24	726	103.9	1 075	538	176	90	27.4	11.9	Francestown town, Hillsborough County
66	65	58	490	88.6	739	405	189	119	20.0	20.5	Franconia town, Grafton County
608	423	202	4 331	94.1	6 238	3 327	1 233	755	25.8	14.7	Franklin city, Merrimack County
194	104	15	668	95.1	1 084	553	313	160	16.8	24.0	Freedom town, Carroll County
144	79	30	1 787	96.4	2 490	1 268	253	138	29.1	7.2	Fremont town, Rockingham County
675	380	90	3 544	92.0	5 190	2 735	1 145	619	23.7	16.8	Gilford town, Belknap County
207	123	29	1 508	102.9	2 319	1 159	359	186	24.2	11.7	Gilmanton town, Belknap County
45	35	4	392	98.2	604	296	84	46	22.3	10.8	Gilsum town, Cheshire County
1 051	733	259	8 836	91.6	13 092	6 930	2 043	1 245	22.7	12.1	Goffstown town, Hillsborough County
171	139	28	900	97.0	1 397	708	338	192	21.2	19.1	Gorham CDP, Coos County
275	245	48	1 468	97.2	2 256	1 158	568	331	22.1	19.6	Gorham town, Coos County
58	35	8	375	97.6	562	286	101	54	24.2	13.6	Goshen town, Sullivan County
68	43	4	537	111.9	853	420	115	60	25.0	10.1	Grafton town, Grafton County
319	134	18	1 105	96.1	1 735	887	471	217	19.9	21.7	Grantham town, Sullivan County
70	33	14	812	104.1	1 147	557	117	63	30.8	7.1	Greenfield town, Hillsborough County
191	109	23	1 670	92.1	2 357	1 244	323	178	26.5	10.1	Greenland town, Rockingham County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Greens grant, Coos County
76	70	15	571	98.1	836	415	161	96	26.1	14.2	Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County
135	88	23	1 101	102.0	1 614	789	246	137	27.4	11.1	Greenville town, Hillsborough County
27	18	7	210	117.1	338	158	52	24	25.9	11.4	Groton town, Grafton County
121	89	23	626	91.2	898	483	233	145	25.0	19.5	Groveton CDP, Coos County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Hadleys purchase, Coos County
22	4	-	30	93.3	56	28	26	10	3.4	44.8	Hale's location, Carroll County
473	248	54	4 181	98.4	5 901	3 015	775	414	28.9	9.3	Hampstead town, Rockingham County
741	492	164	4 760	91.7	7 014	3 725	1 397	813	23.1	15.3	Hampton CDP, Rockingham County
1 246	751	202	7 681	94.5	11 746	6 099	2 199	1 220	21.4	14.7	Hampton town, Rockingham County
146	77	18	927	102.8	1 396	711	241	121	25.7	12.8	Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County
151	107	35	905	92.2	1 305	686	293	157	25.0	16.8	Hancock town, Hillsborough County
372	505	225	4 103	98.9	7 257	3 691	1 102	693	11.1	13.5	Hanover CDP, Grafton County
572	637	267	5 449	99.1	9 211	4 688	1 476	885	15.1	13.6	Hanover town, Grafton County
91	55	15	559	92.3	808	432	161	94	24.8	15.0	Harrisville town, Cheshire County
8	1	1	19	94.7	28	14	10	5	24.3	27.0	Hart's Location town, Carroll County
377	280	121	2 214	99.5	3 373	1 738	778	459	23.6	17.6	Haverhill town, Grafton County
83	33	13	233	97.0	385	201	129	66	16.1	28.1	Hebron town, Grafton County
49	65	16	824	97.5	1 334	681	130	89	18.0	8.0	Henniker CDP, Merrimack County
188	130	34	2 180	103.3	3 328	1 662	352	218	24.9	7.9	Henniker town, Merrimack County
57	30	14	490	102.4	727	362	101	51	26.7	10.2	Hill town, Merrimack County
120	99	46	978	88.3	1 358	724	265	165	26.3	14.4	Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County
346	213	69	2 519	95.6	3 623	1 864	628	347	26.5	12.7	Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County
121	95	36	889	92.7	1 271	661	252	158	25.8	14.7	Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County
259	182	57	2 096	94.8	3 020	1 563	498	286	26.0	12.2	Hinsdale town, Cheshire County
157	68	23	985	95.9	1 459	734	248	130	24.4	12.8	Holderness town, Grafton County
346	166	67	3 526	99.0	4 937	2 493	579	300	29.6	8.3	Hollis town, Hillsborough County
219	105	27	1 885	91.5	2 704	1 438	351	201	25.1	9.7	Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County
608	391	63	5 863	99.9	8 872	4 487	1 062	603	24.3	9.1	Hooksett town, Merrimack County
395	257	68	2 786	93.8	3 967	2 084	720	397	26.5	13.3	Hopkinton town, Merrimack County
472	259	71	3 950	97.8	5 891	3 015	802	470	24.6	10.3	Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County
1 051	561	197	11 584	97.9	16 460	8 413	1 809	1 064	28.2	7.9	Hudson town, Hillsborough County
115	56	11	419	99.3	685	344	182	87	18.0	21.8	Jackson town, Carroll County
205	114	30	1 427	96.4	2 042	1 064	349	199	27.1	12.5	Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County
414	287	158	2 849	92.2	4 052	2 163	859	524	26.0	15.7	Jaffrey town, Cheshire County
74	48	18	494	103.6	785	383	140	71	22.0	13.9	Jefferson town, Coos County
1 626	1 283	516	11 991	88.2	18 147	9 874	3 425	2 129	19.6	15.2	Keene city, Cheshire County
120	53	13	958	97.6	1 366	683	186	94	27.8	9.8	Kensington town, Rockingham County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Kilkenny township, Coos County
287	175	53	2 975	97.0	4 357	2 207	515	295	25.7	8.8	Kingston town, Rockingham County
1 340	1 025	463	8 442	94.4	12 748	6 634	2 828	1 725	22.3	17.2	Laconia city, Belknap County
135	96	26	923	83.6	1 234	689	257	165	27.2	15.2	Lancaster CDP, Coos County
247	215	98	1 736	88.9	2 452	1 331	560	349	25.2	17.1	Lancaster town, Coos County
31	20	5	195	93.8	288	147	56	27	23.8	14.8	Landaff town, Grafton County
41	23	6	275	113.1	461	224	70	39	21.3	11.9	Langdon town, Sullivan County
876	645	278	6 632	89.5	9 732	5 211	1 799	1 088	22.6	14.3	Lebanon city, Grafton County
178	89	29	2 068	100.4	2 866	1 444	296	156	30.9	7.1	Lee town, Strafford County
76	38	23	477	103.6	735	357	137	67	24.3	14.1	Lempster town, Sullivan County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Lincoln town, Grafton County	1 271	42.6	60	192	44	46	158	196	204	86	64
Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	1 070	35.1	90	219	31	36	158	176	142	50	49
Lisbon town, Grafton County	1 587	36.7	118	319	41	46	227	266	230	88	71
Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	7 360	33.2	682	1 774	212	187	1 118	1 664	1 053	253	156
Littleton CDP, Grafton County	4 431	38.7	258	836	142	169	571	640	693	251	199
Littleton town, Grafton County	5 845	39.2	333	1 107	182	214	714	882	950	347	272
Livermore town, Grafton County	3	41.5	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	11 417	35.1	838	2 812	382	352	1 301	2 327	1 805	605	329
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	23 236	35.0	1 726	5 917	743	613	2 635	4 968	3 702	1 057	642
Loudon town, Merrimack County	4 481	36.9	320	930	148	132	544	922	742	212	156
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lyman town, Grafton County	487	42.4	23	74	11	11	57	99	92	36	26
Lyme town, Grafton County	1 679	42.6	92	336	35	20	155	271	308	115	110
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	1 585	37.9	97	329	50	50	189	328	268	104	60
Madbury town, Strafford County	1 509	36.3	74	378	39	58	174	313	234	76	48
Madison town, Carroll County	1 984	39.6	89	403	62	46	231	386	334	102	92
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	107 006	34.9	7 162	18 196	4 110	6 041	18 106	17 636	13 832	4 506	3 588
Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	1 089	39.4	51	180	40	54	138	179	150	51	55
Marlborough town, Cheshire County	2 009	40.0	102	347	65	75	258	336	312	107	99
Marlow town, Cheshire County	747	39.6	52	134	13	31	88	118	127	59	27
Marfins location, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mason town, Hillsborough County	1 147	39.9	65	214	35	28	117	261	231	56	43
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	1 739	39.0	108	306	49	75	220	289	224	93	61
Meredith town, Belknap County	5 943	42.5	290	1 046	152	180	567	989	982	421	317
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	25 119	36.0	1 731	5 562	744	706	3 317	5 264	3 919	1 374	901
Middleton town, Strafford County	1 440	36.6	108	306	55	39	164	327	179	66	47
Milan town, Coos County	1 331	40.9	69	274	26	23	146	250	245	73	61
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	8 293	35.1	565	1 593	256	360	1 355	1 485	1 098	367	259
Milford town, Hillsborough County	13 535	35.1	984	2 771	404	488	2 091	2 585	1 860	621	434
Millsfield township, Coos County	22	51.5	2	1	2	2	1	4	2	-	-
Milton town, Strafford County	3 910	37.4	234	823	115	145	471	767	572	220	164
Monroe town, Grafton County	759	43.9	22	149	25	20	55	128	133	38	43
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	2 034	38.5	117	487	54	35	188	439	347	107	75
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	4 484	46.6	161	786	95	89	349	651	812	368	282
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	86 605	35.8	5 644	15 710	2 934	4 092	13 733	15 242	11 813	4 185	3 210
Nelson town, Cheshire County	634	38.7	44	128	15	24	73	115	99	41	27
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	4 138	36.2	316	942	97	98	513	873	770	203	118
Newbury town, Merrimack County	1 702	42.1	72	316	45	36	173	308	290	94	92
New Castle town, Rockingham County	1 010	49.6	43	137	24	10	67	143	173	92	78
New Durham town, Strafford County	2 220	38.1	145	460	54	42	269	459	351	133	69
Newfields town, Rockingham County	1 551	36.5	146	337	39	33	155	403	210	63	49
New Hampton town, Belknap County	1 950	38.3	112	411	56	65	236	349	307	104	69
Newington town, Rockingham County	775	42.6	28	142	19	17	68	152	156	45	48
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	4 289	31.8	379	1 101	173	158	521	759	586	155	135
New London town, Merrimack County	4 116	47.3	120	467	499	258	210	388	483	231	232
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	5 124	30.7	277	721	264	623	1 103	826	609	150	127
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	8 027	32.6	499	1 278	339	732	1 513	1 471	1 038	264	218
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	4 008	35.6	275	807	122	188	583	613	497	165	143
Newport town, Sullivan County	6 269	37.1	398	1 261	189	259	835	998	847	290	231
Newton town, Rockingham County	4 289	35.3	328	906	126	123	632	922	617	194	116
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	2 069	38.0	110	314	61	109	336	328	320	92	86
Northfield town, Merrimack County	4 548	36.0	263	1 004	181	174	565	891	709	216	148
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	4 259	42.3	194	800	86	102	402	766	802	274	224
Northumberland town, Coos County	2 438	38.4	119	520	70	97	271	402	336	139	98
Northwood town, Rockingham County	3 640	36.9	223	762	138	103	475	693	591	195	131
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	3 701	38.2	244	784	79	80	426	823	664	216	119
Odell township, Coos County	5	50.5	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-
Orange town, Grafton County	299	38.3	21	54	11	4	41	65	49	13	13
Orford town, Grafton County	1 091	40.4	73	166	28	41	142	183	188	68	60
Ossipee town, Carroll County	4 211	41.5	201	805	133	130	393	697	618	261	225
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	10 914	36.0	804	2 345	319	346	1 391	2 319	1 569	554	413
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	6 897	36.7	454	1 404	234	244	894	1 392	1 032	340	223
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	2 944	42.9	149	520	81	81	303	443	419	123	109
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	5 883	42.0	318	1 160	163	133	535	924	918	283	229
Piermont town, Grafton County	709	40.8	43	124	21	23	83	116	118	44	37
Pinarville CDP, Hillsborough County	5 779	31.6	240	755	965	491	678	869	697	257	195
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pittsburg town, Coos County	867	46.0	34	130	26	21	84	122	142	77	66
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	1 669	34.2	117	357	61	84	235	275	221	68	53
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	3 931	35.1	269	841	154	163	527	741	516	178	134
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	2 241	40.0	137	432	51	60	237	446	424	132	94
Plaistow town, Rockingham County	7 747	37.4	527	1 474	238	307	976	1 504	1 205	417	318
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	3 528	21.0	78	241	1 450	922	216	186	190	72	45
Plymouth town, Grafton County	5 892	22.0	234	721	1 534	1 022	503	554	525	192	149
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	20 784	38.5	1 009	2 556	450	1 045	4 002	3 524	2 952	1 021	841
Randolph town, Coos County	339	45.6	10	55	8	9	22	63	74	16	19
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	2 893	34.3	201	545	122	143	436	521	362	137	104
Raymond town, Rockingham County	9 674	34.4	680	2 140	334	398	1 376	2 038	1 310	422	306
Richmond town, Cheshire County	1 077	37.9	65	250	29	29	115	193	166	61	48
Rindge town, Cheshire County	5 451	24.5	315	999	895	541	443	758	691	241	149
Rochester city, Strafford County	28 461	36.7	1 929	5 266	975	1 205	4 033	4 941	3 828	1 358	1 092
Rollinsford town, Strafford County	2 648	36.9	178	488	85	99	389	486	361	130	106
Roxbury town, Cheshire County	237	40.6	15	45	5	4	28	40	50	16	12
Rumney town, Grafton County	1 480	40.9	73	303	38	43	160	224	249	87	64
Rye town, Rockingham County	5 182	44.4	247	904	93	90	419	890	922	348	283
Salem town, Rockingham County	28 112	38.1	1 783	5 328	786	951	3 571	5 330	4 254	1 648	1 221
Salisbury town, Merrimack County	1 137	40.4	65	214	36	33	118	203	211	74	69

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place and County Subdivision
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
112	86	23	638	99.2	1 019	518	221	132	19.8	17.4	Lincoln town, Grafton County
64	42	13	559	91.4	761	406	119	75	28.9	11.1	Lisbon CDP, Grafton County
100	67	14	804	97.4	1 150	590	181	102	27.5	11.4	Lisbon town, Grafton County
174	73	14	3 660	101.1	4 904	2 475	261	138	33.4	3.5	Litchfield town, Hillsborough County
319	268	85	2 372	86.8	3 337	1 836	672	438	24.7	15.2	Littleton CDP, Grafton County
418	325	101	3 080	89.8	4 405	2 371	844	521	24.6	14.4	Littleton town, Grafton County
-	-	-	1	200.0	3	1	-	-	-	-	Livermore town, Grafton County
419	207	40	5 856	95.0	7 767	4 028	666	357	32.0	5.8	Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County
774	384	75	11 793	97.0	15 593	7 992	1 233	676	32.9	5.3	Londonderry town, Rockingham County
245	101	29	2 254	98.8	3 231	1 639	375	195	27.9	8.4	Loudon town, Merrimack County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County
36	21	1	241	102.1	390	190	58	27	19.9	11.9	Lyman town, Grafton County
135	73	29	850	97.5	1 251	645	237	127	25.5	14.1	Lyme town, Grafton County
51	47	12	781	102.9	1 159	580	110	60	26.9	6.9	Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County
65	42	8	756	99.6	1 057	536	115	63	30.0	7.6	Madbury town, Strafford County
126	86	27	971	104.3	1 492	749	239	128	24.8	12.0	Madison town, Carroll County
6 564	5 415	1 850	54 612	95.9	81 648	42 245	13 829	8 565	23.7	12.9	Manchester city, Hillsborough County
85	78	28	572	90.4	858	460	191	114	21.2	17.5	Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County
154	114	40	1 038	93.5	1 560	812	308	169	22.3	15.3	Marlborough town, Cheshire County
67	21	10	363	105.8	561	277	98	44	24.9	13.1	Marlow town, Cheshire County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Martins location, Coos County
63	25	9	556	106.3	868	420	97	44	24.3	8.5	Mason town, Hillsborough County
119	129	66	917	89.6	1 325	710	314	194	23.8	18.1	Meredith CDP, Belknap County
497	356	146	3 005	97.8	4 607	2 340	999	544	22.5	16.8	Meredith town, Belknap County
980	516	105	12 605	99.3	17 826	9 062	1 601	897	29.0	6.4	Merrimack town, Hillsborough County
105	36	8	683	110.8	1 026	497	149	66	28.8	10.3	Middleton town, Strafford County
86	72	6	649	105.1	988	477	164	88	25.8	12.3	Milan town, Coos County
436	347	172	4 284	93.6	6 135	3 242	955	619	26.0	11.5	Milford CDP, Hillsborough County
659	439	199	6 893	96.4	9 780	5 095	1 297	804	27.7	9.6	Milford town, Hillsborough County
1	3	6	16	37.5	19	13	10	9	13.6	45.5	Millsfield township, Coos County
264	100	35	1 967	98.8	2 853	1 430	399	208	27.0	10.2	Milton town, Strafford County
87	49	10	379	100.3	588	292	146	70	22.5	19.2	Monroe town, Grafton County
110	58	17	993	104.8	1 430	704	185	102	29.7	9.1	Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County
530	303	58	2 269	97.6	3 537	1 799	891	460	21.1	19.9	Moultonborough town, Carroll County
5 296	3 511	1 235	43 830	97.6	65 251	33 435	10 042	6 095	24.7	11.6	Nashua city, Hillsborough County
45	18	5	309	105.2	462	229	68	36	27.1	10.7	Nelson town, Cheshire County
132	59	17	2 067	100.2	2 880	1 443	208	117	30.4	5.0	New Boston town, Hillsborough County
166	88	22	839	102.9	1 314	666	276	136	22.8	16.2	Newbury town, Merrimack County
150	77	16	516	95.7	830	421	243	125	17.8	24.1	New Castle town, Rockingham County
161	67	10	1 069	107.7	1 615	782	238	116	27.3	10.7	New Durham town, Strafford County
74	31	11	787	97.1	1 068	553	116	62	31.1	7.5	Newfields town, Rockingham County
123	106	12	981	98.8	1 427	719	241	125	26.8	12.4	New Hampton town, Belknap County
61	30	9	390	98.7	605	312	100	59	21.9	12.9	Newington town, Rockingham County
190	106	26	2 094	104.8	2 809	1 393	322	170	34.5	7.5	New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County
572	447	209	2 308	78.3	3 529	2 032	1 228	715	14.3	29.8	New London town, Merrimack County
201	175	48	2 598	97.2	4 126	2 123	424	268	19.5	8.3	Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County
357	252	66	4 045	98.4	6 250	3 204	675	402	22.1	8.4	Newmarket town, Rockingham County
302	220	93	2 069	93.7	2 926	1 584	615	379	27.0	15.3	Newport CDP, Sullivan County
500	333	128	3 183	97.0	4 610	2 448	961	558	26.5	15.3	Newport town, Sullivan County
180	118	27	2 154	99.1	3 055	1 542	325	191	28.8	7.6	Newton town, Rockingham County
151	115	47	1 073	92.8	1 645	860	313	198	20.5	15.1	North Conway CDP, Carroll County
218	136	43	2 287	98.9	3 281	1 679	397	221	27.9	8.7	Northfield town, Merrimack County
366	194	49	2 181	95.3	3 265	1 680	609	321	23.3	14.3	North Hampton town, Rockingham County
219	138	29	1 228	98.5	1 799	922	386	218	26.2	15.8	Northumberland town, Coos County
208	98	23	1 817	100.3	2 655	1 332	329	174	27.1	9.0	Northwood town, Rockingham County
171	76	19	1 824	102.9	2 673	1 325	266	132	27.8	7.2	Nottingham town, Rockingham County
1	1	-	3	66.7	5	3	2	2	-	40.0	Odell township, Coos County
15	12	1	142	110.6	224	110	28	16	25.1	9.4	Orange town, Grafton County
69	53	20	559	95.2	852	438	142	74	21.9	13.0	Orford town, Grafton County
419	229	100	2 107	99.9	3 205	1 631	748	410	23.9	17.8	Ossipee town, Carroll County
504	292	58	5 491	98.8	7 765	3 896	854	463	28.9	7.8	Pelham town, Hillsborough County
388	226	66	3 478	98.3	5 039	2 591	680	385	26.9	9.9	Pembroke town, Merrimack County
245	302	169	1 644	79.1	2 275	1 323	716	462	22.7	24.3	Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County
510	471	239	3 198	84.0	4 405	2 479	1 220	757	25.1	20.7	Peterborough town, Hillsborough County
54	32	14	347	104.3	542	275	100	59	23.6	14.1	Piermont town, Grafton County
374	202	56	2 991	93.2	4 784	2 492	632	389	17.2	10.9	Pinarville CDP, Hillsborough County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Pinkhams grant, Coos County
117	39	9	421	105.9	703	342	165	81	18.9	19.0	Pittsburg town, Coos County
105	71	22	881	89.4	1 195	632	198	120	28.4	11.9	Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County
247	129	32	2 033	93.4	2 821	1 460	408	231	28.2	10.4	Pittsfield town, Merrimack County
138	72	18	1 105	102.8	1 672	839	228	116	25.4	10.2	Plainfield town, Sullivan County
455	273	53	3 959	95.7	5 746	2 948	781	434	25.8	10.1	Plaistow town, Rockingham County
63	43	22	1 735	103.3	3 209	1 573	128	74	9.0	3.6	Plymouth CDP, Grafton County
235	177	46	2 920	101.8	4 937	2 470	458	258	16.2	7.8	Plymouth town, Grafton County
1 629	1 215	540	10 685	94.5	17 219	8 966	3 384	2 090	17.2	16.3	Portsmouth city, Rockingham County
28	26	9	166	104.2	274	133	63	31	19.2	18.6	Randolph town, Coos County
150	96	22	1 407	101.8	2 093	1 046	268	155	26.3	9.4	Raymond CDP, Rockingham County
387	219	64	4 831	100.2	6 854	3 446	670	383	29.2	6.9	Raymond town, Rockingham County
69	44	8	524	105.5	762	376	121	57	29.2	11.2	Richmond town, Cheshire County
267	124	28	2 678	103.5	4 137	2 044	419	212	24.1	7.7	Rindge town, Cheshire County
2 071	1 342	421	14 623	94.6	21 266	11 173	3 834	2 271	25.3	13.5	Rochester city, Strafford County
196	107	23	1 339	97.8	1 982	1 016	326	191	25.2	12.3	Rollinsford town, Strafford County
12	8	2	119	99.2	177	94	22	12	25.3	9.3	Roxbury town, Cheshire County
127	87	25	730	102.7	1 104	546	239	130	25.4	16.1	Rumney town, Grafton County
508	334	144	2 716	90.8	4 031	2 142	986	563	22.2	19.0	Rye town, Rockingham County
1 843	1 087	310	14 118	99.1	21 001	10 666	3 240	1 842	25.3	11.5	Salem town, Rockingham County
68	34	12	559	103.4	858	437	114	60	24.5	10.0	Salisbury town, Merrimack County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	Median age	Age								
			Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Sanbornton town, Belknap County	2 581	40.1	132	521	81	85	256	490	482	146	106
Sandown town, Rockingham County	5 143	34.8	394	1 222	155	124	690	1 219	773	171	123
Sandwich town, Carroll County	1 286	47.2	52	231	24	18	75	185	249	69	75
Sargents purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seabrook town, Rockingham County	7 934	40.3	458	1 166	195	300	1 145	1 266	1 122	494	451
Second College grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sharon town, Hillsborough County	360	41.3	18	70	15	5	42	57	80	17	16
Shelburne town, Coos County	379	45.2	15	74	8	9	20	61	86	24	20
Somersworth city, Strafford County	11 477	34.9	832	2 182	396	530	1 823	1 974	1 472	508	387
South Hampton town, Rockingham County	844	40.4	46	164	17	19	88	154	165	46	31
South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	5 282	31.0	335	844	691	425	636	911	605	207	161
Springfield town, Sullivan County	945	39.8	51	171	14	26	133	161	173	58	41
Stark town, Coos County	516	40.3	27	110	16	14	49	98	76	27	32
Stewartstown town, Coos County	1 012	39.4	55	179	32	44	121	155	138	56	53
Stoddard town, Cheshire County	928	42.8	39	148	25	18	114	160	161	63	60
Strafford town, Strafford County	3 626	37.4	212	876	98	76	389	775	649	166	106
Stratford town, Coos County	942	40.0	50	174	50	35	100	129	142	87	55
Stratham town, Rockingham County	6 355	37.9	432	1 416	156	110	689	1 369	1 125	278	216
Success township, Coos County	2	49.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	563	46.1	19	83	18	12	47	89	107	50	33
Sullivan town, Cheshire County	746	38.4	40	149	16	31	92	136	136	50	26
Sunapee town, Sullivan County	3 055	41.7	128	568	100	112	293	499	497	173	166
Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	5 362	37.2	351	930	166	222	818	960	702	248	213
Surry town, Cheshire County	673	43.6	29	115	22	9	61	117	126	46	41
Sutton town, Merrimack County	1 544	43.2	66	276	46	34	123	286	279	112	78
Swanzy town, Cheshire County	6 800	38.4	401	1 303	229	246	821	1 224	1 059	341	295
Tamworth town, Carroll County	2 510	40.6	138	456	69	89	267	445	379	157	116
Temple town, Hillsborough County	1 297	37.0	80	307	42	33	145	253	221	66	41
Thompson and Mervers purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thornton town, Grafton County	1 843	38.4	77	336	62	77	260	350	297	93	63
Tilton town, Belknap County	3 477	39.6	163	637	123	122	425	578	501	207	134
Tilton-Northfield CDP	3 231	36.8	181	614	121	138	448	535	419	130	100
Belknap County (part)	1 645	39.5	68	299	55	59	211	279	214	72	42
Merrimack County (part)	1 586	34.2	113	315	66	79	237	256	205	58	58
Troy town, Cheshire County	1 962	36.3	117	422	62	82	255	353	290	107	74
Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	2 148	47.7	101	324	44	38	197	286	373	162	148
Unity town, Sullivan County	1 530	42.6	78	228	41	49	189	231	256	88	55
Wakefield town, Carroll County	4 252	40.1	250	842	109	114	458	749	629	255	209
Walpole town, Cheshire County	3 594	40.6	216	685	97	110	378	570	555	185	157
Warner town, Merrimack County	2 760	39.5	140	535	119	99	276	521	463	154	115
Warren town, Grafton County	873	37.9	44	170	30	33	116	139	123	54	49
Washington town, Sullivan County	895	45.0	44	152	19	12	92	128	148	72	68
Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	257	45.3	13	44	4	13	17	36	52	19	24
Weare town, Hillsborough County	7 776	34.1	616	1 876	229	218	1 067	1 798	1 191	255	161
Webster town, Merrimack County	1 579	38.7	95	313	41	42	199	302	277	86	78
Wentworth town, Grafton County	798	39.6	23	183	18	28	93	143	101	54	42
Wentworth location, Coos County	44	45.0	1	6	1	3	7	4	11	3	3
Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	1 747	43.3	67	281	61	54	159	310	304	102	72
West Swanzy CDP, Cheshire County	1 118	37.0	76	185	32	54	174	178	162	58	35
Whitefield CDP, Coos County	1 089	38.9	71	193	45	50	116	168	135	49	28
Whitefield town, Coos County	2 038	39.7	116	380	78	74	203	326	312	105	67
Wilmot town, Merrimack County	1 144	41.6	63	234	28	22	100	209	200	79	59
Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	1 236	35.8	73	234	49	57	185	227	171	54	34
Wilton town, Hillsborough County	3 743	37.4	239	769	108	126	457	695	629	184	131
Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	1 832	34.2	136	391	57	107	260	287	215	85	70
Winchester town, Cheshire County	4 144	37.0	259	798	135	179	557	653	581	231	163
Windham town, Rockingham County	10 709	37.8	741	2 388	300	274	1 041	2 187	2 079	616	377
Windsor town, Hillsborough County	201	26.3	11	57	8	21	19	27	31	9	8
Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	2 979	47.2	111	485	76	72	243	422	420	172	170
Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	6 083	45.3	270	1 072	138	122	500	915	882	369	320
Woodstock town, Grafton County	1 139	37.1	66	205	44	41	163	217	169	62	55
Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	1 081	37.5	59	201	43	54	144	160	158	51	32

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Age—Con.			Age and sex						Percent of total population		State County Place and County Subdivision
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	All ages		18 years and over		65 years and over		Under 18 years	65 years and over	
			Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
177	88	17	1 301	98.4	1 928	976	282	144	25.3	10.9	Sanbornton town, Belknap County
145	88	39	2 508	105.1	3 527	1 759	272	147	31.4	5.3	Sandown town, Rockingham County
166	109	33	685	87.7	1 003	536	308	171	22.0	24.0	Sandwich town, Carroll County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Sargents purchase, Coos County
780	457	100	3 974	99.6	6 310	3 180	1 337	732	20.5	16.9	Seabrook town, Rockingham County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Second College grant, Coos County
18	16	6	157	129.3	272	125	40	17	24.4	11.1	Sharon town, Hillsborough County
40	15	7	184	106.0	290	140	62	31	23.5	16.4	Shelburne town, Coos County
748	503	122	5 956	92.7	8 463	4 469	1 373	848	26.3	12.0	Somersworth city, Strafford County
60	37	17	447	88.8	634	335	114	60	24.9	13.5	South Hampton town, Rockingham County
252	202	13	2 545	107.5	4 103	1 993	467	243	22.3	8.8	South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County
71	31	15	479	97.3	723	368	117	63	23.5	12.4	Springfield town, Sullivan County
47	14	6	259	99.2	379	189	67	31	26.6	13.0	Stark town, Coos County
72	65	42	491	106.1	778	376	179	100	23.1	17.7	Stewartstown town, Coos County
99	34	7	453	104.9	741	366	140	68	20.2	15.1	Stoddard town, Cheshire County
173	84	22	1 812	100.1	2 538	1 301	279	148	30.0	7.7	Strafford town, Strafford County
66	37	17	507	85.8	718	381	120	67	23.8	12.7	Stratford town, Coos County
342	196	26	3 261	94.9	4 507	2 355	564	307	29.1	8.9	Stratham town, Rockingham County
-	-	-	1	100.0	2	1	-	-	-	-	Success township, Coos County
61	33	11	283	98.9	461	229	105	54	18.1	18.7	Sugar Hill town, Grafton County
45	22	3	371	101.1	557	278	70	36	25.3	9.4	Sullivan town, Cheshire County
323	156	40	1 511	102.2	2 359	1 189	519	254	22.8	17.0	Sunapee town, Sullivan County
369	293	90	2 784	92.6	4 081	2 178	752	475	23.9	14.0	Suncook CDP, Merrimack County
59	34	14	342	96.8	529	266	107	51	21.4	15.9	Surry town, Cheshire County
154	68	22	792	94.9	1 202	623	244	140	22.2	15.8	Sutton town, Merrimack County
522	286	73	3 446	97.3	5 096	2 651	881	492	25.1	13.0	Swanzy town, Cheshire County
207	144	43	1 232	103.7	1 916	972	394	213	23.7	15.7	Tamworth town, Carroll County
68	28	13	640	102.7	910	441	109	64	29.8	8.4	Temple town, Hillsborough County
-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County
147	69	12	925	99.2	1 430	706	228	105	22.4	12.4	Thornton town, Grafton County
261	252	74	1 733	100.6	2 677	1 335	587	296	23.0	16.9	Tilton town, Belknap County
220	240	85	1 659	94.8	2 436	1 245	545	286	24.6	16.9	Tilton-Northfield CDP
125	165	56	818	101.1	1 278	626	346	160	22.3	21.0	Belknap County (part)
95	75	29	841	88.6	1 158	619	199	126	27.0	12.5	Merrimack County (part)
105	79	16	1 016	93.1	1 423	739	200	120	27.5	10.2	Troy town, Cheshire County
271	167	37	1 089	97.2	1 723	873	475	230	19.8	22.1	Tuftonboro town, Carroll County
122	98	95	758	101.8	1 224	619	315	203	20.0	20.6	Unity town, Sullivan County
395	204	38	2 149	97.9	3 160	1 619	637	334	25.7	15.0	Wakefield town, Carroll County
348	224	69	1 869	92.3	2 693	1 406	641	364	25.1	17.8	Walpole town, Cheshire County
174	103	61	1 389	98.7	2 085	1 086	338	199	24.5	12.2	Warner town, Merrimack County
62	36	17	440	98.4	659	334	115	65	24.5	13.2	Warren town, Grafton County
113	39	8	437	104.8	699	348	160	77	21.9	17.9	Washington town, Sullivan County
23	10	2	126	104.0	200	96	35	11	22.2	13.6	Waterville Valley town, Grafton County
225	114	26	3 866	101.1	5 284	2 649	365	183	32.0	4.7	Weare town, Hillsborough County
85	46	15	814	94.0	1 171	606	146	80	25.8	9.2	Webster town, Merrimack County
70	33	10	391	104.1	592	294	113	47	25.8	14.2	Wentworth town, Grafton County
5	-	-	20	120.0	37	16	5	-	15.9	11.4	Wentworth location, Coos County
149	111	77	884	97.6	1 399	701	337	208	19.9	19.3	Westmoreland town, Cheshire County
108	47	9	585	91.1	857	458	164	98	23.3	14.7	West Swanzy CDP, Cheshire County
88	90	56	593	83.6	825	448	234	151	24.2	21.5	Whitefield CDP, Coos County
176	132	69	1 073	89.9	1 542	811	377	226	24.3	18.5	Whitefield town, Coos County
93	43	14	591	93.6	847	438	150	70	26.0	13.1	Wilmot town, Merrimack County
90	46	16	643	92.2	929	487	152	91	24.8	12.3	Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County
230	136	39	1 922	94.7	2 735	1 396	405	226	26.9	10.8	Wilton town, Hillsborough County
112	88	24	940	94.9	1 305	675	224	123	28.8	12.2	Winchester CDP, Cheshire County
291	222	75	2 106	96.8	3 087	1 580	588	319	25.5	14.2	Winchester town, Cheshire County
400	219	87	5 321	101.3	7 580	3 792	706	391	29.2	6.6	Windham town, Rockingham County
7	-	3	70	187.1	133	62	10	4	33.8	5.0	Windsor town, Hillsborough County
381	267	160	1 630	82.8	2 383	1 320	808	494	20.0	27.1	Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County
749	511	235	3 219	89.0	4 741	2 549	1 495	882	22.1	24.6	Wolfeboro town, Carroll County
66	40	11	565	101.6	868	430	117	66	23.8	10.3	Woodstock town, Grafton County
93	72	14	564	91.7	821	441	179	104	24.1	16.6	Woodsville CDP, Grafton County

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Race										Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
	Total population	One race					Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total population	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
The State	1 235 786	1 186 851	9 035	2 964	15 931	371	7 420	13 214	1.1	9 998	20 489
Belknap County	56 325	54 979	165	170	311	13	92	595	1.1	453	418
Alton town	4 502	4 446	3	15	13	2	3	20	0.4	15	24
Barnstead town	3 886	3 798	24	12	23	-	2	27	0.7	23	23
Belmont town	6 716	6 550	10	22	35	-	11	88	1.3	57	64
Center Harbor town	996	984	-	-	8	-	1	3	0.3	2	10
Gilford town	6 803	6 689	13	10	35	-	5	51	0.7	28	39
Gilmanston town	3 060	3 017	3	6	4	-	-	30	1.0	23	9
Laconia city	16 411	15 885	90	68	120	4	44	200	1.2	150	162
Meredith town	5 943	5 819	10	10	34	4	13	53	0.9	46	30
Meredith CDP	1 739	1 689	7	8	10	-	3	22	1.3	18	9
New Hampton town	1 950	1 897	6	1	5	-	4	37	1.9	34	12
Sanbornton town	2 581	2 533	4	4	13	-	3	24	0.9	24	11
Tilton town	3 477	3 361	2	22	21	3	6	62	1.8	51	34
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1 645	1 577	2	10	8	-	3	45	2.7	36	9
Carroll County	43 666	42 890	73	122	167	4	75	335	0.8	284	209
Albany town	654	644	1	2	1	2	-	4	0.6	3	5
Bartlett town	2 705	2 655	4	8	11	-	17	10	0.4	8	11
Brookfield town	604	598	-	2	-	1	-	3	0.5	3	2
Chatham town	260	255	-	-	-	-	3	2	0.8	-	-
Conway town	8 604	8 383	21	27	67	-	21	85	1.0	70	36
Conway CDP	1 692	1 659	1	11	3	-	1	17	1.0	12	7
North Conway CDP	2 069	1 967	8	6	47	-	15	26	1.3	23	12
Eaton town	375	370	1	-	1	-	-	3	0.8	3	-
Effingham town	1 273	1 252	5	4	3	-	1	8	0.6	6	5
Freedom town	1 303	1 292	2	-	1	-	-	8	0.6	8	-
Hale's location	58	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hart's Location town	37	36	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.7	1	-
Jackson town	835	829	-	2	1	1	-	2	0.2	1	1
Madison town	1 984	1 940	1	13	4	-	8	18	0.9	15	15
Moultonborough town	4 484	4 416	6	10	25	-	1	26	0.6	23	28
Ossipee town	4 211	4 125	6	16	9	-	3	52	1.2	48	14
Sandwich town	1 286	1 258	8	4	4	-	-	12	0.9	12	6
Tamworth town	2 510	2 461	4	6	5	-	9	25	1.0	23	16
Tuftsboro town	2 148	2 112	-	5	5	-	1	25	1.2	20	9
Wakefield town	4 252	4 176	4	19	8	-	8	37	0.9	31	24
Wolfeboro town	6 083	6 030	10	4	22	-	3	14	0.2	9	37
Wolfeboro CDP	2 979	2 957	5	2	6	-	2	7	0.2	4	32
Cheshire County	73 825	72 167	271	226	350	26	131	654	0.9	535	529
Alstead town	1 944	1 909	4	12	10	-	-	9	0.5	7	10
Chesterfield town	3 464	3 464	8	20	6	-	3	41	1.2	35	20
Dublin town	1 476	1 436	5	8	14	-	6	7	0.5	7	17
Fitzwilliam town	2 141	2 088	8	7	4	4	1	29	1.4	23	16
Gilsum town	777	765	-	3	1	-	-	8	1.0	8	4
Harrisville town	1 075	1 051	1	6	3	-	-	14	1.3	9	6
Hinsdale town	4 082	3 980	17	8	13	12	9	43	1.1	39	19
Hinsdale CDP	1 713	1 670	6	7	5	5	7	13	0.8	12	4
Jaffrey town	5 476	5 329	23	19	38	-	2	65	1.2	57	31
Jaffrey CDP	2 802	2 729	8	7	19	-	-	39	1.4	34	18
Keene city	22 563	22 034	89	45	153	7	50	185	0.8	156	172
Marlborough town	2 009	1 979	4	1	7	-	-	18	0.9	17	12
Marlborough CDP	1 089	1 075	2	-	2	-	-	10	0.9	10	10
Marlow town	747	738	-	1	-	-	-	8	1.1	8	8
Nelson town	634	618	4	2	-	-	1	9	1.4	8	10
Richmond town	1 077	1 052	4	5	2	-	2	12	1.1	10	6
Rindge town	5 451	5 299	63	8	18	1	22	40	0.7	26	48
Roxbury town	237	234	-	-	1	-	-	2	0.8	1	-
Stoddard town	928	899	3	12	4	1	2	7	0.8	5	5
Sullivan town	746	734	1	7	2	-	-	2	0.3	1	3
Surry town	673	660	-	4	2	-	1	6	0.9	5	10
Swanzeney town	6 800	6 686	12	16	36	1	9	40	0.6	33	38
West Swanzeney CDP	1 118	1 096	2	4	2	-	3	11	1.0	10	4
Troy town	1 962	1 935	1	5	3	-	5	13	0.7	7	27
Walpole town	3 594	3 533	5	9	6	-	3	38	1.1	25	17
Westmoreland town	1 747	1 709	6	5	14	-	6	7	0.4	5	16
Winchester town	4 144	4 035	13	23	13	-	9	51	1.2	43	34
Winchester CDP	1 832	1 776	9	12	7	-	4	24	1.3	24	22
Coos County	33 111	32 466	40	93	123	5	53	331	1.0	247	201
Atkinson and Gilmanston Academy grant	12	11	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Beans grant	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Beans purchase	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Berlin city	10 331	10 150	19	24	38	1	16	83	0.8	73	68
Cambridge township	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carroll town	663	655	-	-	5	-	1	2	0.3	-	4
Chandler's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Clarksville town	294	282	-	3	-	-	-	9	3.1	-	5
Colebrook town	2 321	2 286	-	6	7	-	4	18	0.8	12	9
Columbia town	750	732	1	2	2	-	-	13	1.7	8	5
Crawfords purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Cutts grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Dalton town	927	897	7	5	2	-	2	14	1.5	14	18
Dix's grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Dixville township	75	74	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Dummer town	309	305	-	-	1	-	-	3	1.0	3	-
Errol town	298	294	-	-	-	1	2	1	0.3	1	3
Erving's location	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gorham town	2 895	2 818	2	6	35	1	4	29	1.0	19	9
Gorham CDP	1 773	1 723	1	3	18	-	4	24	1.4	17	7
Greens grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Hadley's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Jefferson town	1 006	989	-	1	1	1	-	14	1.4	1	1

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
1 215 297	1 175 252	95.1	8 354	2 698	15 803	330	1 254	11 606	9 539	The State	
55 907	54 685	97.1	151	164	306	8	30	563	442	Belknap County	
4 478	4 426	98.3	2	15	12	2	1	20	15	Alton town	
3 863	3 783	97.3	22	11	23	-	-	24	23	Barnstead town	
6 652	6 497	96.7	9	22	35	-	5	84	56	Belmont town	
986	975	97.9	-	-	8	-	-	3	2	Center Harbor town	
6 764	6 666	98.0	12	10	32	-	1	43	27	Gilford town	
3 051	3 008	98.3	3	6	4	-	-	30	23	Gilmanston town	
16 249	15 777	96.1	82	63	120	2	10	195	148	Laconia city	
5 913	5 803	97.6	10	10	34	4	7	45	43	Meredith town	
1 730	1 684	96.8	7	8	10	-	3	18	18	Meredith CDP	
1 938	1 886	96.7	6	1	5	-	3	37	34	New Hampton town	
2 570	2 525	97.8	4	4	13	-	-	24	24	Sanbornton town	
3 443	3 339	96.0	1	22	20	-	3	58	47	Tilton town	
1 636	1 575	95.7	1	10	8	-	-	42	33	Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	
43 457	42 741	97.9	69	120	164	4	41	318	277	Carroll County	
649	639	97.7	1	2	1	2	-	4	3	Albany town	
2 694	2 651	98.0	4	8	11	-	10	10	8	Bartlett town	
602	598	99.0	-	2	-	1	-	1	1	Brookfield town	
260	255	98.1	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	Chatham town	
8 568	8 360	97.2	21	27	66	-	10	84	70	Conway town	
1 685	1 652	97.6	1	11	3	-	1	17	12	Conway CDP	
2 057	1 964	94.9	8	6	47	-	7	25	23	North Conway CDP	
375	370	98.7	1	-	1	-	-	3	3	Eaton town	
1 268	1 249	98.1	5	4	3	-	-	7	6	Effingham town	
1 303	1 292	99.2	2	-	1	-	-	8	8	Freedom town	
58	58	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hale's location	
37	36	97.3	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Hart's Location town	
834	828	99.2	-	2	1	1	-	2	2	Jackson town	
1 969	1 928	97.2	1	12	4	-	6	18	15	Madison town	
4 456	4 396	98.0	4	9	23	-	-	24	23	Moultonborough town	
4 197	4 114	97.7	6	16	9	-	1	51	48	Ossipee town	
1 280	1 253	97.4	7	4	4	-	-	12	12	Sandwich town	
2 494	2 447	97.5	4	6	5	-	8	24	22	Tamworth town	
2 139	2 108	98.1	-	5	5	-	-	21	19	Tuftonboro town	
4 228	4 160	97.8	3	19	8	-	3	35	29	Wakefield town	
6 046	5 999	98.6	10	4	22	-	-	11	8	Wolfeboro town	
2 947	2 929	98.3	5	2	6	-	-	5	4	Wolfeboro CDP	
73 296	71 809	97.3	250	209	349	25	52	602	508	Cheshire County	
1 934	1 901	97.8	4	12	10	-	-	7	7	Alstead town	
3 522	3 449	97.4	6	19	6	-	2	40	35	Chesterfield town	
1 459	1 427	96.7	5	7	14	-	-	6	6	Dublin town	
2 125	2 074	96.9	8	7	4	4	-	28	22	Fitzwilliam town	
773	761	97.9	-	3	1	-	-	8	8	Gilsun town	
1 069	1 050	97.7	1	1	3	-	-	14	9	Harrisville town	
4 063	3 969	97.2	17	8	13	12	5	39	37	Hinsdale town	
1 709	1 668	97.4	6	7	5	5	5	13	12	Hinsdale CDP	
5 445	5 306	96.9	20	19	38	-	2	60	52	Jaffrey town	
2 784	2 714	96.9	5	7	19	-	-	39	34	Jaffrey CDP	
22 391	21 916	97.1	81	41	153	7	21	172	148	Keene city	
1 997	1 970	98.1	4	1	6	-	-	16	15	Marlborough town	
1 079	1 068	98.1	2	-	1	-	-	8	8	Marlborough CDP	
739	733	98.1	-	1	-	-	-	5	5	Marlow town	
624	612	96.5	1	2	-	-	-	9	8	Nelson town	
1 071	1 048	97.3	4	5	2	-	1	11	10	Richmond town	
5 403	5 269	96.7	61	8	18	1	12	34	25	Rindge town	
237	234	98.7	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	Roxbury town	
923	896	96.6	3	12	4	-	1	7	5	Stoddard town	
743	732	98.1	1	7	2	-	-	1	1	Sullivan town	
663	651	96.7	-	4	2	-	-	6	5	Surry town	
6 762	6 654	97.9	11	16	36	1	4	40	33	Swanzy town	
1 114	1 095	97.9	2	4	2	-	-	11	10	West Swanzy CDP	
1 935	1 920	97.9	1	5	3	-	-	6	6	Troy town	
3 577	3 516	97.8	5	9	6	-	3	38	25	Walpole town	
1 731	1 703	97.5	4	4	14	-	-	6	5	Westmoreland town	
4 110	4 018	97.0	13	18	13	-	1	47	40	Winchester town	
1 810	1 766	96.4	9	7	7	-	-	21	21	Winchester CDP	
32 910	32 337	97.7	36	88	122	1	13	313	241	Coos County	
11	11	91.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Atkinson and Gilmanston Academy grant	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Beans grant	
4	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Beans purchase	
10 263	10 105	97.8	19	24	38	-	1	76	71	Berlin city	
10	10	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cambridge township	
659	654	98.6	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	Carroll town	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Chandler's purchase	
289	281	95.6	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	Clarksville town	
2 312	2 281	98.3	-	6	7	-	-	18	12	Colebrook town	
745	731	97.5	1	2	2	-	-	9	7	Columbia town	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Crawfords purchase	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cutts grant	
909	884	95.4	4	5	2	-	-	14	14	Dalton town	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dix grant	
74	74	98.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dixville township	
309	305	98.7	-	-	1	-	-	3	3	Dummer town	
295	294	98.7	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Errol town	
1	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Erving's location	
2 886	2 815	97.2	1	6	35	-	1	28	19	Gorham town	
1 766	1 721	97.1	-	3	18	-	1	23	17	Gorham CDP	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Greens grant	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hadleys purchase	
1 005	988	98.2	-	1	1	1	-	14	1	Jefferson town	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popula- tion	Two races exclud- ing Some other race, and three or more races		
Coos County—Con.												
Kilkenny township	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-
Lancaster town	3 280	3 217	2	9	7	-	8	37	1.1	27	21	
Lancaster CDP	1 695	1 663	1	3	4	-	2	22	1.3	15	18	
Low and Burbanks grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-
Martins location	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-
Milan town	1 331	1 317	1	4	1	-	3	5	0.4	4	-	
Millsfield township	22	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northumberland town	2 438	2 400	-	6	8	-	-	24	1.0	22	13	
Groveton CDP	1 197	1 182	-	2	3	-	-	10	0.8	9	4	
Odell township	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pinkhams grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-
Pittsburg town	867	852	1	5	-	-	2	7	0.8	3	4	
Randolph town	339	327	3	1	1	-	1	6	1.8	4	2	
Sargents purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-
Second College grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-
Shelburne town	379	369	-	1	1	-	1	7	1.8	7	4	
Stark town	516	503	-	-	7	-	1	5	1.0	5	2	
Stewartstown town	1 012	1 003	-	1	-	-	-	8	0.8	2	1	
Stratford town	942	902	-	12	-	-	-	1	2.9	25	7	
Success township	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thompson and Meserves purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-
Wentworth location	44	40	-	-	-	-	-	4	9.1	4	-	-
Whitefield town	2 038	1 999	4	7	7	-	6	15	0.7	13	23	
Whitefield CDP	1 089	1 070	4	2	1	-	-	12	1.1	10	7	
Grafton County	81 743	78 276	435	255	1 414	22	315	1 026	1.3	848	914	
Alexandria town	1 329	1 300	1	4	5	-	-	19	1.4	19	3	
Ashland town	1 955	1 905	7	5	14	-	5	19	1.0	17	15	
Bath town	893	887	2	2	-	-	-	2	0.2	1	-	
Benton town	314	306	-	-	1	-	-	7	2.2	4	-	
Bethlehem town	2 199	2 132	3	12	6	-	3	43	2.0	26	17	
Bridgewater town	974	965	-	1	5	-	2	1	0.1	1	6	
Bristol town	3 033	2 914	8	12	42	1	15	41	1.4	33	29	
Bristol CDP	1 670	1 612	1	7	20	-	1	29	1.7	21	19	
Campton town	2 719	2 665	1	1	19	4	-	29	1.1	23	11	
Canaan town	3 319	3 257	4	4	12	-	7	35	1.1	35	17	
Dorchester town	353	343	1	1	3	-	3	2	0.6	2	2	
Easton town	256	247	-	2	-	-	-	7	2.7	6	2	
Ellsworth town	87	84	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enfield town	4 618	4 523	7	5	34	-	8	41	0.9	34	34	
Enfield CDP	1 698	1 660	3	2	18	-	3	12	0.7	7	16	
Franconia town	924	901	1	6	8	-	1	7	0.8	3	3	
Grafton town	1 138	1 115	3	4	3	-	1	12	1.1	11	6	
Groton town	456	446	-	1	4	-	-	5	1.1	5	-	
Hanover town	10 850	9 546	189	51	734	7	96	227	2.1	189	276	
Hanover CDP	8 162	6 960	184	50	668	7	92	201	2.5	166	259	
Haverhill town	4 416	4 338	20	11	16	1	9	21	0.5	19	27	
Woodsville CDP	1 081	1 060	9	5	1	1	-	5	0.5	3	5	
Hebron town	459	440	2	1	1	-	8	7	1.5	6	-	
Holderness town	1 930	1 889	9	1	7	-	2	22	1.1	20	8	
Landaff town	378	365	-	1	-	-	-	12	3.2	12	3	
Lebanon city	12 568	11 862	104	54	335	4	51	158	1.3	128	206	
Lincoln town	1 271	1 238	-	5	11	-	2	15	1.2	14	9	
Lisbon town	1 587	1 564	-	6	1	-	3	13	0.8	8	5	
Lisbon CDP	1 070	1 050	-	6	1	-	1	12	1.1	7	3	
Littleton town	5 845	5 643	22	33	49	3	35	60	1.0	57	85	
Littleton CDP	4 431	4 259	14	32	40	-	34	52	1.2	49	73	
Livermore town	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lyman town	487	479	1	1	1	-	2	3	0.6	3	1	
Lyme town	1 679	1 655	7	1	9	-	1	6	0.4	5	6	
Monroe town	759	741	-	-	1	-	-	17	2.2	17	-	
Orange town	299	298	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Orford town	1 091	1 058	1	3	7	-	12	10	0.9	4	10	
Piermont town	709	698	1	-	2	-	1	7	1.0	7	7	
Plymouth town	5 892	5 688	25	8	49	-	30	92	1.6	75	86	
Plymouth CDP	3 528	3 417	15	3	33	-	18	42	1.2	28	31	
Rumney town	1 480	1 451	6	8	6	1	3	5	0.3	5	9	
Sugar Hill town	563	554	-	-	7	-	-	2	0.4	-	1	
Thornton town	1 843	1 799	5	2	5	1	6	25	1.4	21	13	
Warren town	873	839	1	2	7	-	-	24	2.7	12	1	
Waterville Valley town	257	250	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Wentworth town	798	779	3	-	2	-	1	13	1.6	10	3	
Woodstock town	1 139	1 109	1	4	2	-	6	17	1.5	16	8	
Hillsborough County	380 841	357 615	4 904	943	7 601	112	5 006	4 660	1.2	3 179	12 166	
Amherst town	10 769	10 446	46	14	144	2	23	94	0.9	80	109	
Antrim town	2 449	2 401	6	9	9	-	1	23	0.9	16	19	
Antrim CDP	1 389	1 358	4	8	3	-	1	15	1.1	8	6	
Bedford town	18 274	17 801	59	11	234	4	23	142	0.8	129	165	
Bennington town	1 401	1 373	1	2	4	1	3	17	1.2	14	9	
Brookline town	4 181	4 092	6	8	26	2	9	38	0.9	29	38	
Deering town	1 875	1 846	5	2	-	1	4	17	0.9	17	20	
Francestown town	1 480	1 440	1	5	4	-	7	23	1.6	21	8	
Goffstown town	16 625	16 625	43	40	53	2	55	111	0.7	98	141	
Pinardville CDP	5 779	5 634	13	15	35	1	28	53	0.9	46	64	
Greenfield town	1 657	1 612	12	14	4	-	8	7	0.4	6	10	
Greenville town	2 224	2 176	6	4	8	1	3	26	1.2	24	14	
Greenville CDP	1 131	1 110	3	3	4	1	1	9	0.8	9	4	
Hancock town	1 739	1 711	4	5	7	-	1	11	0.6	10	7	
Hillsborough town	4 928	4 803	9	22	46	-	6	42	0.9	34	26	
Hillsborough CDP	1 842	1 792	2	3	27	-	3	15	0.8	11	6	
Hollis town	7 015	6 776	31	8	116	1	12	71	1.0	49	65	
Hudson town	22 928	22 091	193	34	255	13	125	217	0.9	167	356	
Hudson CDP	7 814	7 481	96	20	87	-	64	66	0.8	45	181	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place
Total	One race						Two or more races			
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation								
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Coos County—Con.
3 259	3 198	97.5	2	9	7	-	6	37	27	Kilkenny township
1 677	1 646	97.1	1	3	4	-	1	22	15	Lancaster town
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Lancaster CDP
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Low and Burbanks grant
1 331	1 317	98.9	1	4	1	-	3	5	4	Martins location
22	22	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Milan town
2 425	2 387	97.9	-	6	8	-	-	24	22	Millsfield township
1 193	1 178	98.4	-	2	3	-	-	10	9	Northumberland town
5	5	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Groveton CDP
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Odell township
863	849	97.9	1	5	-	-	1	7	3	Pinkhams grant
337	325	95.9	3	1	1	-	1	6	4	Pittsburg town
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Randolph town
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sargents purchase
375	367	96.8	-	1	-	-	-	7	7	Second College grant
514	502	97.3	-	-	7	-	-	5	5	Shelburne town
1 011	1 002	99.0	-	1	-	-	-	8	2	Stark town
935	901	95.6	-	10	-	-	-	24	22	Stewartstown town
2	2	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stratford town
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Success township
44	40	90.9	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	Thompson and Meserves purchase
2 015	1 982	97.3	4	7	7	-	-	15	13	Wentworth location
1 082	1 063	97.6	4	2	1	-	-	12	10	Whitefield town
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Whitefield CDP
80 829	77 730	95.1	419	240	1 399	21	88	932	815	Grafton County
1 326	1 298	97.7	-	4	5	-	-	19	19	Alexandria town
1 940	1 895	96.9	6	5	14	-	2	18	17	Ashland town
893	887	99.3	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	Bath town
314	306	97.5	-	-	1	-	-	7	4	Benton town
2 182	2 120	96.4	3	12	6	-	-	41	26	Bethlehem town
968	963	98.9	-	1	3	-	-	1	1	Bridgewater town
3 004	2 897	95.5	8	12	39	1	9	38	33	Bristol town
1 651	1 598	95.7	1	7	19	-	-	26	21	Bristol CDP
2 708	2 655	97.6	1	1	19	3	-	29	23	Campton town
3 302	3 241	97.6	4	4	12	-	7	34	34	Canaan town
351	341	96.6	1	1	3	-	3	2	2	Dorchester town
254	246	96.1	-	2	-	-	-	6	6	Easton town
87	84	96.6	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	Ellsworth town
4 584	4 496	97.4	7	5	34	-	4	38	32	Enfield town
1 682	1 646	96.9	3	2	18	-	2	11	6	Enfield CDP
921	901	97.5	1	6	8	-	-	5	3	Franconia town
1 132	1 110	97.5	3	4	3	-	-	12	11	Grafton town
456	446	97.8	-	1	4	-	-	5	5	Groton town
10 574	9 397	86.6	186	43	731	7	18	192	176	Hanover town
7 903	6 823	83.6	181	42	665	7	18	167	153	Hanover CDP
4 389	4 320	97.8	19	10	16	1	4	19	17	Haverhill town
1 076	1 056	97.7	9	4	1	1	-	5	3	Woodsville CDP
459	440	95.9	2	1	1	-	8	7	6	Hebron town
1 922	1 881	97.5	9	1	7	-	2	22	20	Holderness town
375	362	95.8	-	1	-	-	-	12	12	Landaff town
12 362	11 738	93.4	99	48	331	4	12	130	116	Lebanon city
1 262	1 230	96.8	-	5	10	-	2	15	14	Lincoln town
1 582	1 564	98.6	-	6	1	-	-	11	8	Lisbon town
1 067	1 050	98.1	-	6	1	-	-	10	7	Lisbon CDP
5 760	5 596	95.7	21	33	48	3	1	58	56	Littleton town
4 358	4 221	95.3	14	32	39	-	1	51	49	Littleton CDP
3	3	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Livermore town
486	478	98.2	1	1	1	-	2	3	3	Lyman town
1 673	1 653	98.5	5	1	9	-	-	5	5	Lyme town
759	741	97.6	-	-	1	-	-	17	17	Monroe town
298	297	99.3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	Orange town
1 081	1 054	96.6	1	3	7	-	9	7	3	Orford town
702	692	97.6	1	-	2	-	-	7	7	Piermont town
5 806	5 636	95.7	23	8	48	-	3	88	75	Plymouth town
3 497	3 406	96.5	13	3	32	-	3	40	28	Plymouth CDP
1 471	1 445	97.6	6	8	6	1	-	5	5	Rumney town
562	553	98.2	-	-	7	-	-	2	-	Sugar Hill town
1 830	1 795	97.4	5	2	5	1	-	22	21	Thornton town
872	838	96.0	1	2	7	-	-	24	12	Warren town
253	248	96.5	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	Waterville Valley town
795	778	97.5	3	-	2	-	-	12	9	Wentworth town
1 131	1 105	97.0	1	4	2	-	2	17	16	Woodstock town
368 675	351 337	92.3	4 493	824	7 554	102	559	3 806	2 990	Hillsborough County
10 660	10 365	96.2	38	13	144	2	12	86	80	Amherst town
2 430	2 383	97.3	5	9	9	-	1	23	16	Antrim town
1 383	1 352	97.3	4	8	3	-	1	15	8	Antrim CDP
18 109	17 669	96.7	56	11	232	4	4	133	127	Bedford town
1 392	1 371	97.9	-	2	4	1	-	14	12	Bennington town
4 143	4 060	97.1	6	8	26	2	5	36	27	Brookline town
1 855	1 827	97.4	5	2	-	1	3	17	17	Deering town
1 472	1 439	97.2	1	5	4	-	-	23	21	Francestown town
16 788	16 534	97.7	43	40	53	2	15	101	93	Goffstown town
5 715	5 596	96.8	13	15	35	1	6	49	45	Pineville CDP
1 647	1 605	96.9	12	13	4	-	6	7	6	Greenfield town
2 210	2 167	97.4	6	4	8	1	-	24	24	Greenville town
1 127	1 107	97.9	3	3	4	1	-	9	9	Greenville CDP
1 732	1 706	98.1	4	5	7	-	-	10	10	Hancock town
4 902	4 786	97.1	9	21	46	-	3	37	34	Hillsborough town
1 836	1 789	97.1	2	3	27	-	2	13	11	Hillsborough CDP
6 950	6 732	96.0	29	8	116	1	1	63	47	Hollis town
22 572	21 871	95.4	189	28	255	13	34	182	152	Hudson town
7 633	7 368	94.3	93	16	87	-	16	53	45	Hudson CDP

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, other race, and three or more races		
Hillsborough County—Con.												
Litchfield town	7 360	7 192	39	21	42	-	11	55	0.7	43	61	
Lyndeborough town	1 585	1 556	3	2	5	-	6	13	0.8	10	26	
Manchester city	107 006	98 178	2 246	326	2 487	38	1 880	1 851	1.7	1 130	4 944	
Mason town	1 147	1 125	2	1	5	5	-	9	0.8	8	11	
Merrimack town	25 119	24 260	184	48	378	10	54	185	0.7	156	272	
East Merrimack CDP	3 784	3 606	38	5	78	1	15	41	1.1	27	66	
Milford town	13 535	13 096	122	19	125	1	28	144	1.1	124	158	
Milford CDP	8 293	8 002	82	8	84	1	12	104	1.3	93	88	
Wilton CDP (part)	89	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mont Vernon town	2 034	2 005	3	3	5	-	2	16	0.8	15	11	
Nashua city	86 605	77 291	1 740	275	3 363	29	2 642	1 265	1.5	771	5 388	
New Boston town	4 138	4 056	15	4	15	-	13	35	0.8	33	26	
New Ipswich town	4 289	4 227	8	5	16	-	6	27	0.6	24	34	
Pelham town	10 914	10 624	48	24	114	-	27	77	0.7	62	105	
Peterborough town	5 883	5 705	37	9	76	2	16	38	0.6	24	49	
Peterborough CDP	2 944	2 874	12	7	26	1	5	19	0.6	14	23	
Sharon town	360	349	2	2	4	-	-	3	0.8	3	1	
Temple town	1 297	1 271	4	4	4	-	7	7	0.5	7	9	
Weare town	7 776	7 640	13	17	33	-	17	56	0.7	39	54	
Wilton town	3 743	3 652	13	5	19	-	17	37	1.0	33	29	
Wilton CDP (part)	1 147	1 120	1	1	8	-	4	13	1.1	10	12	
Windsor town	201	195	3	-	-	-	-	3	1.5	3	1	
Merrimack County	136 225	132 254	730	311	1 171	29	315	1 415	1.0	1 163	1 362	
Allenstown town	4 843	4 738	24	11	18	-	13	39	0.8	35	57	
Suncook CDP (part)	1 944	1 891	8	2	13	-	5	25	1.3	23	24	
Andover town	2 109	2 071	8	3	1	1	1	24	1.1	18	4	
Boscawen town	3 672	3 589	21	11	17	-	6	28	0.8	26	30	
Bow town	7 138	6 980	9	7	74	-	21	47	0.7	41	35	
Bradford town	1 454	1 414	4	5	2	-	4	25	1.7	18	16	
Canterbury town	1 979	1 951	5	-	5	1	2	15	0.8	11	10	
Chichester town	2 236	2 195	4	8	3	-	4	22	1.0	20	15	
Concord city	40 687	38 863	421	120	598	13	139	533	1.3	407	591	
Danbury town	1 071	1 066	2	1	-	-	-	2	0.2	2	5	
Dunbarton town	2 226	2 191	2	10	10	-	1	12	0.5	12	7	
Epsom town	4 021	3 966	4	4	13	-	4	30	0.7	24	18	
Franklin city	8 405	8 161	32	23	43	1	29	116	1.4	99	100	
Henniker town	4 433	4 284	20	8	44	1	17	59	1.3	50	37	
Henniker CDP	1 627	1 546	16	3	29	-	9	24	1.5	21	22	
Hill town	992	982	1	1	4	1	-	3	0.3	3	2	
Hooksett town	11 721	11 305	80	28	195	3	23	87	0.7	67	170	
Hooksett CDP	3 609	3 477	27	10	57	-	10	28	0.8	23	54	
South Hooksett CDP	5 282	5 054	42	8	119	3	11	45	0.9	32	73	
Hopkinton town	5 399	5 316	7	14	14	4	2	42	0.8	41	27	
Contoocook CDP	1 444	1 427	4	3	3	3	1	3	0.2	3	8	
Loudon town	4 481	4 402	11	9	20	-	5	34	0.8	25	27	
Newbury town	1 702	1 674	7	1	2	-	5	13	0.8	11	20	
New London town	4 116	4 048	9	2	30	1	8	18	0.4	17	26	
Northfield town	4 548	4 465	6	8	19	-	7	43	0.9	43	42	
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1 586	1 547	1	6	14	-	1	17	1.1	17	10	
Pembroke town	6 897	6 748	26	18	26	-	2	77	1.1	65	30	
Suncook CDP (part)	3 418	3 316	21	16	11	-	1	53	1.6	46	15	
Pittsfield town	3 931	3 828	15	5	4	-	10	69	1.8	60	45	
Pittsfield CDP	1 669	1 622	4	4	1	-	2	36	2.2	35	28	
Salisbury town	1 137	1 112	8	-	3	1	2	11	1.0	11	8	
Sutton town	1 544	1 506	1	5	7	1	6	18	1.2	13	15	
Warner town	2 760	2 714	1	7	6	-	3	29	1.1	27	20	
Webster town	1 579	1 561	1	1	6	-	1	9	0.6	8	2	
Wilmot town	1 144	1 124	1	1	7	1	-	10	0.9	9	3	
Rockingham County	277 359	268 486	1 619	487	3 084	98	1 042	2 543	0.9	1 934	3 314	
Atkinson town	6 178	6 031	16	4	73	-	13	41	0.7	26	43	
Auburn town	4 682	4 602	10	11	19	-	11	29	0.6	27	44	
Brentwood town	3 197	3 084	27	8	28	2	23	25	0.8	16	47	
Candia town	3 911	3 837	17	18	23	1	4	11	0.3	9	34	
Chester town	3 792	3 715	10	16	12	-	6	33	0.9	21	31	
Danville town	4 023	3 926	23	11	14	1	12	36	0.9	30	34	
Deerfield town	3 678	3 624	6	5	5	-	8	30	0.8	28	11	
Derry town	34 021	32 676	305	71	362	16	205	386	1.1	270	643	
Derry CDP	22 661	21 659	238	50	253	4	171	286	1.3	202	501	
East Kingston town	1 784	1 749	2	1	6	1	17	8	0.4	7	6	
Epping town	5 476	5 316	15	13	24	-	8	100	1.8	79	42	
Epping CDP	1 673	1 628	5	2	13	-	-	25	1.5	21	2	
Exeter town	14 058	13 662	59	24	132	-	41	140	1.0	113	122	
Exeter CDP	9 759	9 487	45	20	90	-	21	96	1.0	85	75	
Fremont town	3 510	3 445	2	2	12	-	18	31	0.9	23	27	
Greenland town	3 208	3 137	9	1	39	1	4	17	0.5	16	23	
Hampstead town	8 297	8 170	19	7	45	4	13	39	0.5	35	65	
Hampton town	14 937	14 574	59	26	129	10	37	102	0.7	88	135	
Hampton CDP	9 126	8 926	17	7	99	5	23	49	0.5	42	81	
Hampton Falls town	1 880	1 851	1	-	14	-	1	13	0.7	10	13	
Kensington town	1 893	1 861	2	4	12	-	-	14	0.7	14	-	
Kingston town	5 862	5 743	13	7	24	3	26	46	0.8	40	48	
Londonderry town	23 236	22 521	129	40	269	6	75	196	0.8	171	356	
Londonderry CDP	11 417	11 100	57	17	106	5	24	108	0.9	88	174	
New Castle town	1 010	988	6	-	5	-	-	11	1.1	10	5	
Newfields town	1 551	1 519	2	-	13	-	4	13	0.8	9	8	
Newington town	775	744	14	2	8	-	-	7	0.9	5	14	
Newmarket town	8 027	7 558	51	16	241	-	34	127	1.6	90	139	
Newmarket CDP	5 124	4 811	43	13	141	-	25	91	1.8	57	102	
Newton town	4 289	4 199	29	7	3	1	17	33	0.8	31	56	
North Hampton town	4 259	4 191	13	2	27	-	9	17	0.4	15	33	
Northwood town	3 640	3 550	11	11	24	5	7	32	0.9	28	20	
Nottingham town	3 701	3 641	7	7	21	1	10	14	0.4	12	26	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place
Total	One race						Two or more races			
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation								
7 299	7 147	97.1	35	21	42	-	3	51	41	Hillsborough County—Con.
1 559	1 544	97.4	2	2	5	-	1	5	5	Litchfield town
102 062	95 581	89.3	2 045	287	2 470	31	145	1 503	1 062	Lyndeborough town
1 136	1 115	97.2	2	1	5	5	-	8	8	Manchester city
24 847	24 035	95.7	181	44	377	10	32	168	152	Mason town
3 718	3 559	94.1	36	5	78	1	6	33	24	Merrimack town
13 377	12 986	95.9	115	15	124	1	5	131	122	East Merrimack CDP
8 205	7 938	95.7	77	5	83	1	3	98	92	Milford town
89	89	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Milford CDP
2 023	1 998	98.2	3	3	4	-	-	15	14	Wilton CDP (part)
81 217	74 907	86.5	1 571	220	3 339	26	247	907	698	Mont Vernon town
4 112	4 042	97.7	14	3	14	-	5	34	33	Nashua city
4 255	4 202	98.0	8	3	16	-	2	24	21	New Boston town
10 809	10 544	96.6	48	23	114	-	8	72	62	New Ipswich town
5 834	5 670	96.4	35	9	76	2	5	37	23	Pelham town
2 921	2 854	96.9	12	7	26	1	2	19	14	Peterborough town
359	348	96.7	2	2	4	-	-	3	3	Peterborough CDP
1 288	1 265	97.5	4	1	4	-	7	7	7	Sharon town
7 722	7 606	97.8	13	16	33	-	6	48	37	Temple town
3 714	3 637	97.2	10	5	19	-	9	34	33	Weare town
1 135	1 114	97.1	1	1	8	-	1	10	10	Wilton town
200	195	97.0	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	Wilton CDP (part)
134 863	131 343	96.4	688	286	1 158	28	91	1 269	1 115	Windsor town
4 786	4 699	97.0	24	10	17	-	2	34	30	Merrimack County
1 920	1 878	96.6	8	2	12	-	-	20	18	Allenstown town
2 105	2 068	98.1	8	3	1	1	-	24	20	Suncook CDP (part)
3 642	3 571	97.2	17	11	17	-	-	26	24	Andover town
7 103	6 961	97.5	9	2	74	-	11	46	41	Boscawen town
1 438	1 408	96.8	2	3	2	-	1	22	18	Bow town
1 969	1 943	98.2	5	-	5	1	1	14	10	Bradford town
2 221	2 187	97.8	4	5	3	-	2	20	19	Canterbury town
40 096	38 484	94.6	398	117	594	13	34	456	390	Chichester town
1 066	1 062	99.2	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	Concord city
2 219	2 185	98.2	2	9	10	-	1	12	12	Danbury town
4 003	3 953	98.3	4	3	13	-	2	28	24	Dunbarton town
8 305	8 089	96.2	30	23	43	1	6	113	99	Epsom town
4 396	4 260	96.1	20	7	44	1	9	55	47	Franklin city
1 605	1 534	94.3	16	2	29	-	2	22	19	Henniker town
990	980	98.8	1	1	4	1	1	3	3	Henniker CDP
11 551	11 188	95.5	77	21	190	3	5	67	58	Hill town
3 555	3 441	95.3	25	10	57	-	-	22	20	Hooksett town
5 209	5 001	94.7	41	5	119	3	5	35	28	Hooksett CDP
5 372	5 294	98.1	7	13	14	4	1	39	38	South Hooksett CDP
1 436	1 420	98.3	4	3	3	3	-	3	3	Hopkinton town
4 454	4 384	97.8	11	9	20	-	1	29	25	Contoocook CDP
1 682	1 659	97.5	7	1	2	-	-	13	11	Loudon town
4 090	4 027	97.8	9	2	30	1	3	18	17	Newbury town
4 506	4 434	97.5	6	8	16	-	-	42	42	New London town
1 576	1 541	97.2	1	6	11	-	-	17	17	Northfield town
6 867	6 729	97.6	25	18	26	-	1	68	64	Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)
3 403	3 308	96.8	20	16	11	-	-	48	45	Pembroke town
3 886	3 794	96.5	15	5	4	-	5	63	57	Suncook CDP (part)
1 641	1 598	95.7	4	4	1	-	1	33	32	Pittsfield town
1 129	1 111	97.7	-	4	3	1	-	10	10	Pittsfield CDP
1 529	1 496	96.9	-	5	7	-	3	18	13	Salisbury town
2 740	2 695	97.6	1	7	6	-	2	29	27	Sutton town
1 577	1 560	98.8	-	1	6	-	1	9	8	Warner town
1 141	1 122	98.1	1	1	7	1	-	9	8	Webster town
274 045	266 424	96.1	1 497	445	3 066	93	240	2 280	1 847	Wilmot town
6 135	6 004	97.2	16	4	71	-	4	36	26	Rockingham County
4 638	4 570	97.6	9	10	16	-	5	28	27	Atkinson town
3 150	3 068	96.0	20	6	28	2	5	21	14	Auburn town
3 877	3 810	97.4	17	14	23	1	1	11	9	Brentwood town
3 761	3 694	97.4	10	16	12	-	1	28	19	Candia town
3 989	3 912	97.2	18	11	14	1	3	30	29	Chester town
3 667	3 615	98.3	6	4	5	-	7	30	28	Danville town
33 378	32 292	94.9	287	65	353	15	31	335	256	Deerfield town
22 160	21 383	94.4	220	44	245	3	25	240	189	Derry town
1 778	1 743	97.7	2	1	6	1	17	8	7	Derry CDP
5 434	5 292	96.6	13	13	24	-	2	90	73	East Kingston town
1 671	1 626	97.2	5	2	13	-	-	25	21	Epping town
13 936	13 583	96.6	53	21	132	-	15	132	111	Epping CDP
9 684	9 436	96.7	44	20	90	-	5	89	83	Exeter town
3 483	3 436	97.9	2	2	12	-	8	23	23	Exeter CDP
3 185	3 118	97.2	8	1	39	1	2	16	15	Fremont town
8 232	8 114	97.8	19	7	45	4	6	37	35	Greenland town
14 802	14 490	97.0	53	25	129	10	5	90	79	Hampstead town
9 045	8 877	97.3	15	6	99	5	2	41	37	Hampton town
1 867	1 839	97.8	1	-	14	-	-	13	10	Hampton CDP
1 893	1 861	98.3	2	4	12	-	-	14	14	Hampton Falls town
5 814	5 720	97.6	13	7	24	-	6	44	38	Kensington town
22 880	22 268	95.8	125	39	269	6	4	169	158	Kingston town
11 243	10 965	96.0	57	16	106	5	1	93	82	Londonderry town
1 005	983	97.3	6	-	5	-	-	11	10	Londonderry CDP
1 543	1 515	97.7	2	-	13	-	-	13	9	New Castle town
761	738	95.2	8	2	8	-	-	5	5	Newfields town
7 888	7 465	93.0	46	10	239	-	14	114	85	Newington town
5 022	4 743	92.6	42	7	139	-	10	81	54	Newmarket town
4 233	4 171	97.2	17	6	3	1	3	32	31	Newmarket CDP
4 226	4 166	97.8	13	2	27	-	3	15	13	Newton town
3 620	3 536	97.1	11	11	23	5	4	30	27	North Hampton town
3 675	3 620	97.8	7	7	21	1	7	12	12	Northwood town
										Nottingham town

Table 3. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races		
Rockingham County—Con.												
Plaistow town	7 747	7 618	16	8	39	-	23	43	0.6	35	102	
Portsmouth city	20 784	19 443	442	44	508	5	59	283	1.4	242	280	
Raymond town	9 674	9 460	54	23	18	5	25	89	0.9	70	76	
Raymond CDP	2 839	2 772	11	9	8	-	3	36	1.3	27	26	
Rye town	5 182	5 115	7	4	24	-	5	27	0.5	25	32	
Salem town	28 112	26 708	156	59	639	18	232	300	1.1	157	552	
Sandown town	5 143	5 062	11	6	8	1	19	36	0.7	27	29	
Seabrook town	7 934	7 737	27	19	43	-	30	78	1.0	56	68	
South Hampton town	844	827	5	-	1	4	-	7	0.8	7	3	
Stratham town	6 355	6 226	10	3	53	-	9	54	0.8	37	41	
Windham town	10 709	10 376	34	7	167	13	37	75	0.7	55	106	
Strafford County	112 233	108 073	702	238	1 560	53	333	1 274	1.1	1 037	1 155	
Barrington town	7 475	7 334	19	10	31	4	17	60	0.8	44	69	
Dover city	26 884	25 396	301	53	635	15	93	391	1.5	314	306	
Durham town	12 664	11 974	98	27	392	16	34	123	1.0	110	157	
Durham CDP	9 024	8 417	75	26	357	16	29	104	1.2	93	118	
Farmington town	5 774	5 670	2	25	7	-	12	58	1.0	50	58	
Farmington CDP	3 468	3 403	-	19	4	-	9	33	1.0	27	38	
Lee town	4 145	3 980	23	9	65	8	16	44	1.1	38	49	
Madbury town	1 509	1 458	6	4	19	-	6	16	1.1	13	7	
Middleton town	1 440	1 419	2	3	8	-	-	8	0.6	7	5	
Milton town	3 910	3 826	8	12	10	-	3	51	1.3	45	16	
New Durham town	2 220	2 179	5	4	12	-	6	14	0.6	12	9	
Rochester city	28 461	27 640	149	62	248	9	74	279	1.0	225	255	
Rollinsford town	2 648	2 589	18	2	14	-	2	23	0.9	20	16	
Somersworth city	11 477	11 037	66	22	110	1	68	173	1.5	126	185	
Strafford town	3 626	3 571	5	5	9	-	2	34	0.9	33	23	
Sullivan County	40 458	39 645	96	119	150	9	58	381	0.9	318	221	
Acworth town	836	809	7	7	2	-	-	11	1.3	11	9	
Charlestown town	4 749	4 679	15	12	7	-	3	33	0.7	27	28	
Charlestown CDP	1 145	1 133	-	3	3	-	-	6	0.5	2	9	
Claremont city	13 151	12 845	41	43	81	4	16	121	0.9	100	66	
Cornish town	1 661	1 623	5	5	2	2	5	19	1.1	19	8	
Croydon town	661	644	-	3	1	-	5	8	1.2	7	4	
Goshen town	741	719	-	12	1	-	1	8	1.1	4	3	
Grantham town	2 167	2 130	6	2	9	-	2	18	0.8	17	12	
Langdon town	586	584	-	-	-	-	1	1	0.2	-	1	
Lempster town	971	944	-	1	1	1	-	24	2.5	23	2	
Newport town	6 269	6 144	9	13	22	-	7	74	1.2	64	35	
Newport CDP	4 008	3 933	9	9	7	-	3	47	1.2	41	18	
Plainfield town	2 241	2 198	6	9	9	1	6	12	0.5	7	8	
Springfield town	945	934	-	3	2	-	2	4	0.4	1	7	
Sunapee town	3 055	2 993	6	6	11	1	10	28	0.9	22	14	
Unity town	1 530	1 520	1	-	2	-	-	7	0.5	5	11	
Washington town	895	879	-	3	-	-	-	13	1.5	11	13	

Table 3. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County County Subdivision Place
Total	One race							Two or more races		
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation								
7 645	7 541	97.3	14	8	39	-	-	43	35	Rockingham County—Con.
20 504	19 263	92.7	416	42	507	5	12	259	228	Plaistow town
9 598	9 417	97.3	47	20	18	5	7	84	67	Portsmouth city
2 813	2 759	97.2	4	8	8	-	-	34	26	Raymond town
5 150	5 087	98.2	7	4	24	-	1	27	25	Raymond CDP
27 560	26 446	94.1	143	48	639	17	21	246	147	Rye town
5 114	5 049	98.2	11	6	8	1	6	33	27	Salem town
7 866	7 685	96.9	27	19	43	-	20	72	56	Sandown town
841	824	97.6	5	-	1	4	-	7	7	Seabrook town
6 314	6 194	97.5	10	3	53	-	4	50	37	South Hampton town
10 603	10 295	96.1	33	7	167	13	16	72	55	Stratham town
111 078	107 364	95.7	658	207	1 535	39	113	1 162	993	Strafford County
7 406	7 289	97.5	18	10	31	-	5	53	40	Barrington town
26 578	25 217	93.8	289	45	620	15	32	360	301	Dover city
12 507	11 868	93.7	84	14	389	11	22	119	109	Durham town
8 906	8 339	92.4	67	13	354	11	22	100	92	Durham CDP
5 716	5 626	97.4	2	24	7	-	2	55	50	Farmington town
3 430	3 375	97.3	-	18	4	-	2	31	27	Farmington CDP
4 096	3 946	95.2	22	9	65	4	12	38	36	Lee town
1 502	1 453	96.3	6	4	19	-	4	16	13	Madbury town
1 435	1 415	98.3	2	3	8	-	-	7	6	Middleton town
3 894	3 815	97.6	8	12	10	-	2	47	44	Milton town
2 211	2 174	97.9	4	4	12	-	3	14	12	New Durham town
28 206	27 501	96.6	140	54	242	9	14	246	206	Rochester city
2 632	2 579	97.4	15	2	14	-	-	22	20	Rollinsford town
11 292	10 929	95.2	63	22	109	-	17	152	123	Somersworth city
3 603	3 552	98.0	5	4	9	-	-	33	33	Strafford town
40 237	39 482	97.6	93	115	150	9	27	361	311	Sullivan County
827	802	95.9	7	7	2	-	-	9	9	Acworth town
4 721	4 657	98.1	12	12	7	-	-	33	27	Charlestown town
1 136	1 124	98.2	-	3	3	-	-	6	2	Charlestown CDP
13 085	12 798	97.3	41	42	81	4	5	114	96	Claremont city
1 653	1 620	97.5	5	5	2	2	-	19	19	Cornish town
657	643	97.3	-	3	1	-	2	8	7	Croydon town
738	719	97.0	-	12	1	-	-	6	4	Goshen town
2 155	2 120	97.8	6	2	9	-	1	17	17	Grantham town
585	583	99.5	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	Langdon town
969	943	97.1	-	1	1	1	-	23	23	Lempster town
6 234	6 113	97.5	9	13	22	-	3	74	64	Newport town
3 990	3 915	97.7	9	9	7	-	3	47	41	Newport CDP
2 233	2 192	97.8	6	9	9	1	5	11	6	Plainfield town
938	930	98.4	-	3	2	-	-	3	1	Springfield town
3 041	2 980	97.5	6	6	11	1	10	27	22	Sunapee town
1 519	1 511	98.8	1	-	2	-	-	5	5	Unity town
882	871	97.3	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	Washington town

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Race										Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
	Total population	One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total population	Two races excluding some other race, and three or more races	
The State	1 235 786	1 186 851	9 035	2 964	15 931	371	7 420	13 214	1.1	9 998	20 489
COUNTY											
Belknap County	56 325	54 979	165	170	311	13	92	595	1.1	453	418
Carroll County	43 666	42 890	73	122	167	4	75	335	0.8	284	209
Cheshire County	73 825	72 167	271	226	350	26	131	654	0.9	535	529
Coos County	33 111	32 466	40	93	123	5	53	331	1.0	247	201
Grafton County	81 743	78 276	435	255	1 414	22	315	1 026	1.3	848	914
Hillsborough County	380 841	357 615	4 904	943	7 601	112	5 006	4 660	1.2	3 179	12 166
Merrimack County	136 225	132 254	730	311	1 171	29	315	1 415	1.0	1 163	1 362
Rockingham County	277 359	268 486	1 619	487	3 084	98	1 042	2 543	0.9	1 934	3 314
Strafford County	112 233	108 073	702	238	1 560	53	333	1 274	1.1	1 037	1 155
Sullivan County	40 458	39 645	96	119	150	9	58	381	0.9	318	221
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION											
Acworth town, Sullivan County	836	809	7	7	2	-	-	11	1.3	11	9
Albany town, Carroll County	654	644	1	2	1	2	-	4	0.6	3	5
Alexandria town, Grafton County	1 329	1 300	1	4	5	-	-	19	1.4	19	3
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	4 843	4 738	24	11	18	-	13	39	0.8	35	57
Alestead town, Cheshire County	1 944	1 909	4	12	10	-	-	9	0.5	7	10
Alton town, Belknap County	4 502	4 446	3	15	13	2	3	20	0.4	15	24
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	10 769	10 446	46	14	144	2	23	94	0.9	80	109
Andover town, Merrimack County	2 109	2 071	8	3	1	1	1	24	1.1	18	4
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	1 389	1 358	4	8	3	-	1	15	1.1	8	6
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	2 449	2 401	6	9	9	-	1	23	0.9	16	19
Ashland town, Grafton County	1 955	1 905	7	5	14	-	5	19	1.0	17	15
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	6 178	6 031	16	4	73	-	13	41	0.7	26	43
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County	12	11	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Auburn town, Rockingham County	4 682	4 602	10	11	19	-	11	29	0.6	27	44
Barnstead town, Belknap County	3 886	3 798	24	12	23	-	2	27	0.7	23	23
Barrington town, Strafford County	7 475	7 334	19	10	31	4	17	60	0.8	44	69
Bartlett town, Carroll County	2 705	2 655	4	8	11	-	17	10	0.4	8	11
Bath town, Grafton County	893	887	2	2	-	-	-	2	0.2	1	-
Beans grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Beans purchase, Coos County	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	18 274	17 801	59	11	234	4	23	142	0.8	129	165
Belmont town, Belknap County	6 716	6 550	10	22	35	-	11	88	1.3	57	64
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	1 401	1 373	1	2	4	1	3	17	1.2	14	9
Benton town, Grafton County	314	306	-	-	1	-	-	7	2.2	4	-
Berlin city, Coos County	10 331	10 150	19	24	38	1	16	83	0.8	73	68
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	2 199	2 132	3	12	6	-	3	43	2.0	26	17
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	3 672	3 589	21	11	17	-	6	28	0.8	26	30
Bow town, Merrimack County	7 138	6 980	9	7	74	-	21	47	0.7	41	35
Bradford town, Merrimack County	1 454	1 414	4	5	2	-	4	25	1.7	18	16
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	3 197	3 084	27	8	28	2	23	25	0.8	16	47
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	974	965	-	1	5	-	2	1	0.1	1	6
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	1 670	1 612	1	7	20	-	1	29	1.7	21	19
Bristol town, Grafton County	3 033	2 914	8	12	42	1	15	41	1.4	33	29
Brookfield town, Carroll County	604	598	-	2	-	1	-	3	0.5	3	2
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	4 181	4 092	6	8	26	2	9	38	0.9	29	38
Cambridge township, Coos County	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Campton town, Grafton County	2 719	2 665	1	1	19	4	-	29	1.1	23	11
Canaan town, Grafton County	3 319	3 257	4	4	12	-	7	35	1.1	35	17
Candia town, Rockingham County	3 911	3 837	17	18	23	1	4	11	0.3	9	34
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	1 979	1 951	5	-	5	1	2	15	0.8	11	10
Carroll town, Coos County	663	655	-	-	5	-	1	2	0.3	-	4
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	996	984	-	-	8	-	1	3	0.3	2	10
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	1 145	1 133	-	3	3	-	-	6	0.5	2	9
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	4 749	4 679	15	12	7	-	3	33	0.7	27	28
Chatham town, Carroll County	260	255	-	-	-	-	3	2	0.8	-	-
Chester town, Rockingham County	3 792	3 715	10	16	12	-	6	33	0.9	21	31
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	3 542	3 464	8	20	6	-	3	41	1.2	35	20
Chichester town, Merrimack County	2 236	2 195	4	8	3	-	4	22	1.0	20	15
Claremont city, Sullivan County	13 151	12 845	41	43	81	4	16	121	0.9	100	66
Clarksville town, Coos County	294	282	-	3	-	-	-	9	3.1	-	5
Colebrook town, Coos County	2 321	2 286	-	6	7	-	4	18	0.8	12	9
Columbia town, Coos County	750	732	1	2	2	-	-	13	1.7	8	5
Concord city, Merrimack County	40 687	38 863	421	120	598	13	139	533	1.3	407	591
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	1 444	1 427	4	3	3	3	1	3	0.2	3	8
Conway CDP, Carroll County	1 692	1 659	1	11	3	-	1	17	1.0	12	7
Conway town, Carroll County	8 604	8 383	21	27	67	-	21	85	1.0	70	36
Cornish town, Sullivan County	1 661	1 623	5	5	2	2	5	19	1.1	19	8
Crawfords purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Croydon town, Sullivan County	661	644	-	3	1	-	5	8	1.2	7	4
Cutts grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Dalton town, Coos County	927	897	7	5	2	-	2	14	1.5	14	18
Danbury town, Merrimack County	1 071	1 066	2	1	-	-	-	2	0.2	2	5
Danville town, Rockingham County	4 023	3 926	23	11	14	1	12	36	0.9	30	34
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	3 678	3 624	6	5	5	-	8	30	0.8	28	11
Deering town, Hillsborough County	1 875	1 846	5	2	-	1	4	17	0.9	17	20
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	22 661	21 659	238	50	253	4	171	286	1.3	202	501
Derry town, Rockingham County	34 021	32 676	305	71	362	16	205	386	1.1	270	643
Dix's grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-
Dixville township, Coos County	75	74	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Dorchester town, Grafton County	353	343	1	1	3	-	3	2	0.6	2	2

Table 4. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000**—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place and County Subdivision	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
1 215 297	1 175 252	95.1	8 354	2 698	15 803	330	1 254	11 606	9 539	The State	
COUNTY											
55 907	54 685	97.1	151	164	306	8	30	563	442	Belknap County	
43 457	42 741	97.9	69	120	164	4	41	318	277	Carroll County	
73 296	71 809	97.3	250	209	349	25	52	602	508	Cheshire County	
32 910	32 337	97.7	36	88	122	1	13	313	241	Coos County	
80 829	77 730	95.1	419	240	1 399	21	88	932	815	Grafton County	
368 675	351 337	92.3	4 493	824	7 554	102	559	3 806	2 990	Hillsborough County	
134 863	131 343	96.4	688	286	1 158	28	91	1 269	1 115	Merrimack County	
274 045	266 424	96.1	1 497	445	3 066	93	240	2 280	1 847	Rockingham County	
111 078	107 364	95.7	658	207	1 535	39	113	1 162	993	Strafford County	
40 237	39 482	97.6	93	115	150	9	27	361	311	Sullivan County	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION											
827	802	95.9	7	7	2	-	-	9	9	Acworth town, Sullivan County	
649	639	97.7	1	2	1	2	-	4	3	Albany town, Carroll County	
1 326	1 298	97.7	-	4	5	-	-	19	19	Alexandria town, Grafton County	
4 786	4 699	97.0	24	10	17	-	2	34	30	Allenstown town, Merrimack County	
1 934	1 901	97.8	4	12	10	-	-	7	7	Alstead town, Cheshire County	
4 478	4 426	98.3	2	15	12	2	1	20	15	Alton town, Belknap County	
10 660	10 365	96.2	38	13	144	2	12	86	80	Amherst town, Hillsborough County	
2 105	2 068	98.1	8	3	1	1	-	24	18	Andover town, Merrimack County	
1 383	1 352	97.3	4	8	3	-	1	15	8	Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	
2 430	2 383	97.3	5	9	9	-	1	23	16	Antrim town, Hillsborough County	
1 940	1 895	96.9	6	5	14	-	2	18	17	Ashland town, Grafton County	
6 135	6 004	97.2	16	4	71	-	4	36	26	Atkinson town, Rockingham County	
11	11	91.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County	
4 638	4 570	97.6	9	10	16	-	5	28	27	Auburn town, Rockingham County	
3 863	3 783	97.3	22	11	23	-	-	24	23	Barnstead town, Belknap County	
7 406	7 289	97.5	18	10	31	-	5	53	40	Barrington town, Strafford County	
2 694	2 651	98.0	4	8	11	-	10	10	8	Bartlett town, Carroll County	
893	887	99.3	2	2	-	-	-	2	1	Bath town, Grafton County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Beans grant, Coos County	
4	4	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Beans purchase, Coos County	
18 109	17 669	96.7	56	11	232	4	4	133	127	Bedford town, Hillsborough County	
6 652	6 497	96.7	9	22	35	-	5	84	56	Belmont town, Belknap County	
1 392	1 371	97.9	-	2	4	1	-	14	12	Bennington town, Hillsborough County	
314	306	97.5	-	-	1	-	-	7	4	Benton town, Grafton County	
10 263	10 105	97.8	19	24	38	-	1	76	71	Berlin city, Coos County	
2 182	2 120	96.4	3	12	6	-	-	41	26	Bethlehem town, Grafton County	
3 642	3 571	97.2	17	11	17	-	-	26	24	Boscawen town, Merrimack County	
7 103	6 961	97.5	9	2	74	-	11	46	41	Bow town, Merrimack County	
1 438	1 408	96.8	2	3	2	-	1	22	18	Bradford town, Merrimack County	
3 150	3 068	96.0	20	6	28	2	5	21	14	Brentwood town, Rockingham County	
968	963	98.9	-	1	3	-	-	1	1	Bridgewater town, Grafton County	
1 651	1 598	95.7	1	7	19	-	-	26	21	Bristol CDP, Grafton County	
3 004	2 897	95.5	8	12	39	1	9	38	33	Bristol town, Grafton County	
602	598	99.0	-	2	-	1	-	1	1	Brookfield town, Carroll County	
4 143	4 060	97.1	6	8	26	2	5	36	27	Brookline town, Hillsborough County	
10	10	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cambridge township, Coos County	
2 708	2 655	97.6	1	1	19	3	-	29	23	Campton town, Grafton County	
3 302	3 241	97.6	4	4	12	-	7	34	34	Canaan town, Grafton County	
3 877	3 810	97.4	17	14	23	1	1	11	9	Candia town, Rockingham County	
1 969	1 943	98.2	5	-	5	1	1	14	10	Canterbury town, Merrimack County	
659	654	98.6	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	Carroll town, Coos County	
986	975	97.9	-	-	8	-	-	3	2	Center Harbor town, Belknap County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Chandler's purchase, Coos County	
1 136	1 124	98.2	-	3	3	-	-	6	2	Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	
4 721	4 657	98.1	12	12	7	-	-	33	27	Charlestown town, Sullivan County	
260	255	98.1	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	Chatham town, Carroll County	
3 761	3 694	97.4	10	16	12	-	1	28	19	Chester town, Rockingham County	
3 522	3 449	97.4	6	19	6	-	2	40	35	Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	
2 221	2 187	97.8	4	5	3	-	2	20	19	Chichester town, Merrimack County	
13 085	12 798	97.3	41	42	81	4	5	114	96	Claremont city, Sullivan County	
289	281	95.6	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	Clarksville town, Coos County	
2 312	2 281	98.3	-	6	7	-	-	18	12	Colebrook town, Coos County	
745	731	97.5	1	2	2	-	-	9	7	Columbia town, Coos County	
40 096	38 484	94.6	398	117	594	13	34	456	390	Concord city, Merrimack County	
1 436	1 420	98.3	4	3	3	3	-	3	3	Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	
1 685	1 652	97.6	1	11	3	-	1	17	12	Conway CDP, Carroll County	
8 568	8 360	97.2	21	27	66	-	10	84	70	Conway town, Carroll County	
1 653	1 620	97.5	5	5	2	2	-	19	19	Cornish town, Sullivan County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Crawfords purchase, Coos County	
657	643	97.3	-	3	1	-	2	8	7	Croydon town, Sullivan County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cutts grant, Coos County	
909	884	95.4	4	5	2	-	-	14	14	Dalton town, Coos County	
1 066	1 062	99.2	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	Danbury town, Merrimack County	
3 989	3 912	97.2	18	11	14	1	3	30	29	Danville town, Rockingham County	
3 667	3 615	98.3	6	4	5	-	7	30	28	Deerfield town, Rockingham County	
1 855	1 827	97.4	5	2	-	1	3	17	17	Deering town, Hillsborough County	
22 160	21 383	94.4	220	44	245	3	25	240	189	Derry CDP, Rockingham County	
33 378	32 292	94.9	287	65	353	15	31	335	256	Derry town, Rockingham County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dix grant, Coos County	
74	74	98.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dixville township, Coos County	
351	341	96.6	1	1	3	-	3	2	2	Dorchester town, Grafton County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, and three or more races		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Dover city, Strafford County	26 884	25 396	301	53	635	15	93	391	1.5	314	306	
Dublin town, Cheshire County	1 476	1 436	5	8	14	-	6	7	0.5	7	17	
Dummer town, Coos County	309	305	-	-	1	-	-	3	1.0	3	-	
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	2 226	2 191	2	10	10	-	1	12	0.5	12	7	
Durham CDP, Strafford County	9 024	8 417	75	26	357	16	29	104	1.2	93	118	
Durham town, Strafford County	12 664	11 974	98	27	392	16	34	123	1.0	110	157	
East Kingston town, Rockingham County	1 784	1 749	2	1	6	1	17	8	0.4	7	6	
East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	3 784	3 606	38	5	78	1	15	41	1.1	27	66	
Easton town, Grafton County	256	247	-	2	-	-	-	7	2.7	6	2	
Eaton town, Carroll County	375	370	1	-	1	-	-	3	0.8	3	-	
Effingham town, Carroll County	1 273	1 252	5	4	3	-	1	8	0.6	6	5	
Ellsworth town, Grafton County	87	84	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Enfield CDP, Grafton County	1 698	1 660	3	2	18	-	3	12	0.7	7	16	
Enfield town, Grafton County	4 618	4 523	7	5	34	-	8	41	0.9	34	34	
Epping CDP, Rockingham County	1 673	1 628	5	2	13	-	-	25	1.5	21	2	
Epping town, Rockingham County	5 476	5 316	15	13	24	-	8	100	1.8	79	42	
Epsom town, Merrimack County	4 021	3 966	4	4	13	-	4	30	0.7	24	18	
Errol town, Coos County	298	294	-	-	-	1	2	1	0.3	1	3	
Erving location, Coos County	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	9 759	9 487	45	20	90	-	21	96	1.0	85	75	
Exeter town, Rockingham County	14 058	13 662	59	24	132	-	41	140	1.0	113	122	
Farmington CDP, Strafford County	3 468	3 403	-	19	4	-	9	33	1.0	27	38	
Farmington town, Strafford County	5 774	5 670	2	25	7	-	12	58	1.0	50	58	
Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	2 141	2 088	8	7	4	4	1	29	1.4	23	16	
Francestown town, Hillsborough County	1 480	1 440	1	5	4	-	7	23	1.6	21	8	
Franconia town, Grafton County	924	901	1	6	8	-	1	7	0.8	3	3	
Franklin city, Merrimack County	8 405	8 161	32	23	43	1	29	116	1.4	99	100	
Freedom town, Carroll County	1 303	1 292	2	-	1	-	-	8	0.6	8	-	
Fremont town, Rockingham County	3 510	3 445	2	2	12	-	18	31	0.9	23	27	
Gilford town, Belknap County	6 803	6 689	13	10	35	-	5	51	0.7	28	39	
Gilmanton town, Belknap County	3 060	3 017	3	6	4	-	-	30	1.0	23	9	
Gilsum town, Cheshire County	777	765	-	3	1	-	-	8	1.0	8	4	
Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	16 929	16 625	43	40	53	2	55	111	0.7	98	141	
Gorham CDP, Coos County	1 773	1 723	1	3	18	-	4	24	1.4	17	7	
Gorham town, Coos County	2 895	2 818	2	6	35	1	4	29	1.0	19	9	
Goshen town, Sullivan County	741	719	-	12	1	-	1	8	1.1	4	3	
Grafton town, Grafton County	1 138	1 115	3	4	3	-	1	12	1.1	11	6	
Grantham town, Sullivan County	2 167	2 130	6	2	9	-	2	18	0.8	17	12	
Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	1 657	1 612	12	14	4	-	8	7	0.4	6	10	
Greenland town, Rockingham County	3 208	3 137	9	1	39	1	4	17	0.5	16	23	
Greens grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	1 131	1 110	3	3	4	1	1	9	0.8	9	4	
Greenville town, Hillsborough County	2 224	2 176	6	4	8	1	3	26	1.2	24	14	
Groton town, Grafton County	456	446	-	1	4	-	-	5	1.1	5	-	
Groveton CDP, Coos County	1 197	1 182	-	2	3	-	-	10	0.8	9	4	
Hadleys purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Hale's location, Carroll County	58	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hampstead town, Rockingham County	8 297	8 170	19	7	45	4	13	39	0.5	35	65	
Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	9 126	8 926	17	7	99	5	23	49	0.5	42	81	
Hampton town, Rockingham County	14 937	14 574	59	26	129	10	37	102	0.7	88	135	
Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	1 880	1 851	1	-	14	-	1	13	0.7	10	13	
Hancock town, Hillsborough County	1 739	1 711	4	5	7	-	1	11	0.6	10	7	
Hanover CDP, Grafton County	8 162	6 960	184	50	668	7	92	201	2.5	166	259	
Hanover town, Grafton County	10 850	9 546	189	51	734	7	96	227	2.1	189	276	
Harrisville town, Cheshire County	1 075	1 051	1	6	3	-	-	14	1.3	9	6	
Hart's Location town, Carroll County	37	36	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.7	1	-	
Haverhill town, Grafton County	4 416	4 338	20	11	16	1	9	21	0.5	19	27	
Hebron town, Grafton County	459	440	2	1	1	-	8	7	1.5	6	-	
Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	1 627	1 546	16	3	29	-	9	24	1.5	21	22	
Henniker town, Merrimack County	4 433	4 284	20	8	44	1	17	59	1.3	50	37	
Hill town, Merrimack County	992	982	1	1	4	1	-	3	0.3	3	2	
Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	1 842	1 792	2	3	27	-	3	15	0.8	11	6	
Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	4 928	4 803	9	22	46	-	6	42	0.9	34	26	
Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	1 713	1 670	6	7	5	5	7	13	0.8	12	4	
Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	4 082	3 980	17	8	13	12	9	43	1.1	39	19	
Holderness town, Grafton County	1 930	1 889	9	1	7	-	2	22	1.1	20	8	
Hollis town, Hillsborough County	7 015	6 776	31	8	116	1	12	71	1.0	49	65	
Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	3 609	3 477	27	10	57	-	10	28	0.8	23	54	
Hooksett town, Merrimack County	11 721	11 305	80	28	195	3	23	87	0.7	67	170	
Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	5 399	5 316	7	14	14	4	2	42	0.8	41	27	
Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	7 814	7 481	96	20	87	-	64	66	0.8	45	181	
Hudson town, Hillsborough County	22 928	22 091	193	34	255	13	125	217	0.9	167	356	
Jackson town, Carroll County	835	829	-	2	1	1	-	2	0.2	1	1	
Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	2 802	2 729	8	7	19	-	-	39	1.4	34	18	
Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	5 476	5 329	23	19	38	-	2	65	1.2	57	31	
Jefferson town, Coos County	1 006	989	-	1	1	1	-	14	1.4	1	1	
Keene city, Cheshire County	22 563	22 034	89	45	153	7	50	185	0.8	156	172	
Kensington town, Rockingham County	1 893	1 861	2	4	12	-	-	14	0.7	14	-	
Kilkenny township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Kingston town, Rockingham County	5 862	5 743	13	7	24	3	26	46	0.8	40	48	
Laconia city, Belknap County	16 411	15 885	90	68	120	4	44	200	1.2	150	162	
Lancaster CDP, Coos County	1 695	1 663	1	3	4	-	2	22	1.3	15	18	
Lancaster town, Coos County	3 280	3 217	2	9	7	-	8	37	1.1	27	21	
Landaff town, Grafton County	378	365	-	1	-	-	-	12	3.2	12	3	
Langdon town, Sullivan County	586	584	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.2	-	1	
Lebanon city, Grafton County	12 568	11 862	104	54	335	4	51	158	1.3	128	206	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place and County Subdivision	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
26 578	25 217	93.8	289	45	620	15	32	360	301	Dover city, Strafford County	
1 459	1 427	96.7	5	7	14	-	-	6	6	Dublin town, Cheshire County	
309	305	98.7	-	-	1	-	-	3	3	Dummer town, Coos County	
2 219	2 185	98.2	2	9	10	-	1	12	12	Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	
8 906	8 339	92.4	67	13	354	11	22	100	92	Durham CDP, Strafford County	
12 507	11 868	93.7	84	14	389	11	22	119	109	Durham town, Strafford County	
1 778	1 743	97.7	2	1	6	1	17	8	7	East Kingstown, Rockingham County	
3 718	3 559	94.1	36	5	78	1	6	33	24	East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	
254	246	96.1	-	2	-	-	-	6	6	Easton town, Grafton County	
375	370	98.7	1	-	1	-	-	3	3	Eaton town, Carroll County	
1 268	1 249	98.1	5	4	3	-	-	7	6	Effingham town, Carroll County	
87	84	96.6	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	Ellsworth town, Grafton County	
1 682	1 646	96.9	3	2	18	-	2	11	6	Enfield CDP, Grafton County	
4 584	4 496	97.4	7	5	34	-	4	38	32	Enfield town, Grafton County	
1 671	1 626	97.2	5	2	13	-	-	25	21	Epping CDP, Rockingham County	
5 434	5 292	96.6	13	13	24	-	2	90	73	Epping town, Rockingham County	
4 003	3 953	98.3	4	3	13	-	2	28	24	Epsom town, Merrimack County	
295	294	98.7	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Errol town, Coos County	
1	1	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Erving's location, Coos County	
9 684	9 436	96.7	44	20	90	-	5	89	83	Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	
13 936	13 583	96.6	53	21	132	-	15	132	111	Exeter town, Rockingham County	
3 430	3 375	97.3	-	18	4	-	2	31	27	Farmington CDP, Strafford County	
5 716	5 626	97.4	2	24	7	-	2	55	50	Farmington town, Strafford County	
2 125	2 074	96.9	8	7	4	4	-	28	22	Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	
1 472	1 439	97.2	1	5	4	-	-	23	21	Francestown town, Hillsborough County	
921	901	97.5	1	6	8	-	-	5	3	Franconia town, Grafton County	
8 305	8 089	96.2	30	23	43	1	6	113	99	Franklin city, Merrimack County	
1 303	1 292	99.2	2	-	1	-	-	8	8	Freedom town, Carroll County	
3 483	3 436	97.9	2	2	12	-	8	23	23	Fremont town, Rockingham County	
6 764	6 666	98.0	12	10	32	-	1	43	27	Gilford town, Belknap County	
3 051	3 008	98.3	3	6	4	-	-	30	23	Gilmanton town, Belknap County	
773	761	97.9	-	3	1	-	-	8	8	Gilsum town, Cheshire County	
16 788	16 534	97.7	43	40	53	2	15	101	93	Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	
1 766	1 721	97.1	-	3	18	-	1	23	17	Gorham CDP, Coos County	
2 886	2 815	97.2	1	6	35	-	1	28	19	Gorham town, Coos County	
738	719	97.0	-	12	1	-	-	6	4	Goshen town, Sullivan County	
1 132	1 110	97.5	3	4	3	-	-	12	11	Grafton town, Grafton County	
2 155	2 120	97.8	6	2	9	-	1	17	17	Grafton town, Sullivan County	
1 647	1 605	96.9	12	13	4	-	6	7	6	Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	
3 185	3 118	97.2	8	1	39	1	2	16	15	Greenland town, Rockingham County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Greens grant, Coos County	
1 127	1 107	97.9	3	3	4	1	-	9	9	Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	
2 210	2 167	97.4	6	4	8	1	-	24	24	Greenville town, Hillsborough County	
456	446	97.8	-	1	4	-	-	5	5	Groton town, Grafton County	
1 193	1 178	98.4	-	2	3	-	-	10	9	Groveton CDP, Coos County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hadley's purchase, Coos County	
58	58	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hale's location, Carroll County	
8 232	8 114	97.8	19	7	45	4	6	37	35	Hampstead town, Rockingham County	
9 045	8 877	97.3	15	6	99	5	2	41	37	Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	
14 802	14 490	97.0	53	25	129	10	5	90	79	Hampton town, Rockingham County	
1 867	1 839	97.8	1	-	14	-	-	13	10	Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	
1 732	1 706	98.1	4	5	7	-	-	10	10	Hancock town, Hillsborough County	
7 903	6 823	83.6	181	42	665	7	18	167	153	Hanover CDP, Grafton County	
10 574	9 397	86.6	186	43	731	7	18	192	176	Hanover town, Grafton County	
1 069	1 050	97.7	1	1	3	-	-	14	9	Harrisville town, Cheshire County	
37	36	97.3	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Hart's Location town, Carroll County	
4 389	4 320	97.8	19	10	16	1	4	19	17	Haverhill town, Grafton County	
459	440	95.9	2	1	1	-	8	7	6	Hebron town, Grafton County	
1 605	1 534	94.3	16	2	29	-	2	22	19	Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	
4 396	4 260	96.1	20	7	44	1	9	55	47	Henniker town, Merrimack County	
990	980	98.8	1	1	4	1	3	3	3	Hill town, Merrimack County	
1 836	1 789	97.1	2	3	27	-	2	13	11	Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	
4 902	4 786	97.1	9	21	46	-	3	37	34	Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	
1 709	1 668	97.4	6	7	5	5	5	13	12	Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	
4 063	3 969	97.2	17	8	13	12	5	39	37	Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	
1 922	1 881	97.5	9	1	7	-	2	22	20	Holderness town, Grafton County	
6 950	6 732	96.0	29	8	116	1	1	63	47	Hollis town, Hillsborough County	
3 555	3 441	95.3	25	10	57	-	22	22	20	Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	
11 551	11 188	95.5	77	21	190	3	5	67	58	Hooksett town, Merrimack County	
5 372	5 294	98.1	7	13	14	4	1	39	38	Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	
7 633	7 368	94.3	93	16	87	-	16	53	45	Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	
22 572	21 871	95.4	189	28	255	13	34	182	152	Hudson town, Hillsborough County	
834	828	99.2	-	2	1	1	-	2	1	Jackson town, Carroll County	
2 784	2 714	96.9	5	7	19	-	-	39	34	Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	
5 445	5 306	96.9	20	19	38	-	2	60	52	Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	
1 005	988	98.2	-	1	1	1	-	14	1	Jefferson town, Coos County	
22 391	21 916	97.1	81	41	153	7	21	172	148	Keene city, Cheshire County	
1 893	1 861	98.3	2	4	12	-	-	14	14	Kensington town, Rockingham County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Kilkenny township, Coos County	
5 814	5 720	97.6	13	7	24	-	6	44	38	Kingston town, Rockingham County	
16 249	15 777	96.1	82	63	120	2	10	195	148	Laconia city, Belknap County	
1 677	1 646	97.1	1	3	4	-	1	22	15	Lancaster CDP, Coos County	
3 259	3 198	97.5	2	9	7	-	6	37	27	Lancaster town, Coos County	
375	362	95.8	-	1	-	-	-	12	12	Landaff town, Grafton County	
585	583	99.5	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	Langdon town, Sullivan County	
12 362	11 738	93.4	99	48	331	4	12	130	116	Lebanon city, Grafton County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races exclud- ing Some, or three or more races		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Lee town, Strafford County	4 145	3 980	23	9	65	8	16	44	1.1	38	49	
Lempster town, Sullivan County	971	944	-	1	1	1	-	24	2.5	23	2	
Lincoln town, Grafton County	1 271	1 238	-	5	11	-	2	15	1.2	14	9	
Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	1 070	1 050	-	6	1	-	1	12	1.1	7	3	
Lisbon town, Grafton County	1 587	1 564	-	6	1	-	3	13	0.8	8	5	
Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	7 360	7 192	39	21	42	-	11	55	0.7	43	61	
Littleton CDP, Grafton County	4 431	4 259	14	32	40	-	34	52	1.2	49	73	
Littleton town, Grafton County	5 845	5 643	22	33	49	3	35	60	1.0	57	85	
Livermore town, Grafton County	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	11 417	11 100	57	17	106	5	24	108	0.9	88	174	
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	23 236	22 521	129	40	269	6	75	196	0.8	171	356	
Loudon town, Merrimack County	4 481	4 402	11	9	20	-	5	34	0.8	25	27	
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Lyman town, Grafton County	487	479	1	1	1	-	2	3	0.6	3	1	
Lyme town, Grafton County	1 679	1 655	7	1	9	-	1	6	0.4	5	6	
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	1 585	1 556	3	2	5	-	6	13	0.8	10	26	
Madbury town, Strafford County	1 509	1 458	6	4	19	-	6	16	1.1	13	7	
Madison town, Carroll County	1 984	1 940	1	13	4	-	8	18	0.9	15	15	
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	107 006	98 178	2 246	326	2 487	38	1 880	1 851	1.7	1 130	4 944	
Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	1 089	1 075	2	-	2	-	-	10	0.9	10	10	
Marlborough town, Cheshire County	2 009	1 979	4	1	7	-	-	18	0.9	17	12	
Marlow town, Cheshire County	747	738	-	1	-	-	-	8	1.1	8	8	
Martins location, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Mason town, Hillsborough County	1 147	1 125	2	1	5	5	-	9	0.8	8	11	
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	1 739	1 689	7	8	10	-	3	22	1.3	18	9	
Meredith town, Belknap County	5 943	5 819	10	10	34	4	13	53	0.9	46	30	
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	25 119	24 260	184	48	378	10	54	185	0.7	156	272	
Middleton town, Strafford County	1 440	1 419	2	3	8	-	-	8	0.6	7	5	
Milan town, Coos County	1 331	1 317	1	4	1	-	3	5	0.4	4	-	
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	8 293	8 002	82	8	84	1	12	104	1.3	93	88	
Milford town, Hillsborough County	13 535	13 096	122	19	125	1	28	144	1.1	124	158	
Millsfield township, Coos County	22	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Milton town, Strafford County	3 910	3 826	8	12	10	-	3	51	1.3	45	16	
Monroe town, Grafton County	759	741	-	-	1	-	-	17	2.2	17	-	
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	2 034	2 005	3	3	5	-	2	16	0.8	15	11	
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	4 484	4 416	6	10	25	-	1	26	0.6	23	28	
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	86 605	77 291	1 740	275	3 363	29	2 642	1 265	1.5	771	5 388	
Nelson town, Cheshire County	634	618	4	2	-	-	1	9	1.4	8	10	
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	4 138	4 056	15	4	15	-	13	35	0.8	33	26	
Newbury town, Merrimack County	1 702	1 674	7	1	2	-	5	13	0.8	11	20	
New Castle town, Rockingham County	1 010	988	6	-	5	-	-	11	1.1	10	5	
New Durham town, Strafford County	2 220	2 179	5	4	12	-	6	14	0.6	12	9	
Newfields town, Rockingham County	1 551	1 519	2	-	13	-	4	13	0.8	9	8	
New Hampton town, Belknap County	1 950	1 897	6	1	5	-	4	37	1.9	34	12	
Newington town, Rockingham County	775	744	14	2	8	-	-	7	0.9	5	14	
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	4 289	4 227	8	5	16	-	6	27	0.6	24	34	
New London town, Merrimack County	4 116	4 048	9	2	30	1	8	18	0.4	17	26	
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	5 124	4 811	43	13	141	-	25	91	1.8	57	102	
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	8 027	7 558	51	16	241	-	34	127	1.6	90	139	
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	4 008	3 933	9	9	7	-	3	47	1.2	41	18	
Newport town, Sullivan County	6 269	6 144	9	13	22	-	7	74	1.2	64	35	
Newton town, Rockingham County	4 289	4 199	29	7	3	1	17	33	0.8	31	56	
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	2 069	1 967	8	6	47	-	15	26	1.3	23	12	
Northfield town, Merrimack County	4 548	4 465	6	8	19	-	7	43	0.9	43	42	
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	4 259	4 191	13	2	27	-	9	17	0.4	15	33	
Northumberland town, Coos County	2 438	2 400	-	6	8	-	-	24	1.0	22	13	
Northwood town, Rockingham County	3 640	3 550	11	11	24	5	7	32	0.9	28	20	
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	3 701	3 641	7	7	21	1	10	14	0.4	12	26	
Odell township, Coos County	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Orange town, Grafton County	299	298	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Orford town, Grafton County	1 091	1 058	1	3	7	-	12	10	0.9	4	10	
Ossipee town, Carroll County	4 211	4 125	6	16	9	-	3	52	1.2	48	14	
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	10 914	10 624	48	24	114	-	27	77	0.7	62	105	
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	6 897	6 748	26	18	26	-	2	77	1.1	65	30	
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	2 944	2 874	12	7	26	1	5	19	0.6	14	23	
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	5 883	5 705	37	9	76	2	16	38	0.6	24	49	
Piermont town, Grafton County	709	698	1	-	2	-	1	7	1.0	7	7	
Pineville CDP, Hillsborough County	5 779	5 634	13	15	35	1	28	53	0.9	46	64	
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Pittsburg town, Coos County	867	852	1	5	-	-	2	7	0.8	3	4	
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	1 669	1 622	4	4	1	-	2	36	2.2	35	28	
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	3 931	3 828	15	5	4	-	10	69	1.8	60	45	
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	2 241	2 198	6	9	9	1	6	12	0.5	7	8	
Plaiستow town, Rockingham County	7 747	7 618	16	8	39	-	23	43	0.6	35	102	
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	3 528	3 417	15	3	33	-	18	42	1.2	28	31	
Plymouth town, Grafton County	5 892	5 688	25	8	49	-	30	92	1.6	75	86	
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	20 784	19 443	442	44	508	5	59	283	1.4	242	280	
Randolph town, Coos County	339	327	3	1	1	-	1	6	1.8	4	2	
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	2 839	2 772	11	9	8	-	3	36	1.3	27	26	
Raymond town, Rockingham County	9 674	9 460	54	23	18	5	25	89	0.9	70	76	
Richmond town, Cheshire County	1 077	1 052	4	5	2	-	2	12	1.1	10	6	
Rindge town, Cheshire County	5 451	5 299	63	8	18	1	22	40	0.7	26	48	
Rochester city, Strafford County	28 461	27 640	149	62	248	9	74	279	1.0	225	255	
Rollinsford town, Strafford County	2 648	2 589	18	2	14	-	2	23	0.9	20	16	
Roxbury town, Cheshire County	237	234	-	-	1	-	-	2	0.8	1	-	
Rumney town, Grafton County	1 480	1 451	6	8	6	1	3	5	0.3	5	9	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place and County Subdivision	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total			
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
4 096	3 946	95.2	22	9	65	4	12	38	36	Lee town, Strafford County	
969	943	97.1	-	1	1	-	-	23	23	Lempster town, Sullivan County	
1 262	1 230	96.8	-	5	10	-	2	15	14	Lincoln town, Grafton County	
1 067	1 050	98.1	-	6	1	-	-	10	7	Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	
1 582	1 564	98.6	-	6	1	-	-	11	8	Lisbon town, Grafton County	
7 299	7 147	97.1	35	21	42	-	3	51	41	Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	
4 358	4 221	95.3	14	32	39	-	1	51	49	Littleton CDP, Grafton County	
5 760	5 596	95.7	21	33	48	3	1	58	56	Littleton town, Grafton County	
3	3	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Livermore town, Grafton County	
11 243	10 965	96.0	57	16	106	5	1	93	82	Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	
22 880	22 268	95.8	125	39	269	6	4	169	158	Londonderry town, Rockingham County	
4 454	4 384	97.8	11	9	20	-	1	29	25	Loudon town, Merrimack County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	
486	478	98.2	1	1	1	-	2	3	3	Lyman town, Grafton County	
1 673	1 653	98.5	5	1	9	-	-	5	5	Lyme town, Grafton County	
1 559	1 544	97.4	2	2	5	-	1	5	5	Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	
1 502	1 453	96.3	6	4	19	-	4	16	13	Madbury town, Strafford County	
1 969	1 928	97.2	1	12	4	-	6	18	15	Madison town, Carroll County	
102 062	95 581	89.3	2 045	287	2 470	31	145	1 503	1 062	Manchester city, Hillsborough County	
1 079	1 068	98.1	2	-	1	-	-	8	8	Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	
1 997	1 970	98.1	4	1	6	-	-	16	15	Marlborough town, Cheshire County	
739	733	98.1	-	1	-	-	-	5	5	Marlow town, Cheshire County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Martins location, Coos County	
1 136	1 115	97.2	2	1	5	5	-	8	8	Mason town, Hillsborough County	
1 730	1 684	96.8	7	8	10	-	3	18	18	Meredith CDP, Belknap County	
5 913	5 803	97.6	10	10	34	4	7	45	43	Meredith town, Belknap County	
24 847	24 035	95.7	181	44	377	10	32	168	152	Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	
1 435	1 415	98.3	2	3	8	-	-	7	6	Middleton town, Strafford County	
1 331	1 317	98.9	1	4	1	-	3	5	4	Milan town, Coos County	
8 205	7 938	95.7	77	5	83	1	3	98	92	Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	
13 377	12 986	95.9	115	15	124	1	5	131	122	Milford town, Hillsborough County	
22	22	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Millsfield township, Coos County	
3 894	3 815	97.6	8	12	10	-	2	47	44	Milton town, Strafford County	
759	741	97.6	-	-	1	-	-	17	17	Monroe town, Grafton County	
2 023	1 998	98.2	3	3	4	-	-	15	14	Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	
4 456	4 396	98.0	4	9	23	-	-	24	23	Moultonborough town, Carroll County	
81 217	74 907	86.5	1 571	220	3 339	26	247	907	698	Nashua city, Hillsborough County	
624	612	96.5	1	2	-	-	-	9	8	Nelson town, Cheshire County	
4 112	4 042	97.7	14	3	14	-	5	34	33	New Boston town, Hillsborough County	
1 682	1 659	97.5	7	1	2	-	-	13	11	Newbury town, Merrimack County	
1 005	983	97.3	6	-	5	-	-	11	10	New Castle town, Rockingham County	
2 211	2 174	97.9	4	4	12	-	3	14	12	New Durham town, Strafford County	
1 543	1 515	97.7	2	-	13	-	-	13	9	Newfields town, Rockingham County	
1 938	1 886	96.7	6	1	5	-	3	37	34	New Hampton town, Belknap County	
761	738	95.2	8	2	8	-	-	5	5	Newington town, Rockingham County	
4 255	4 202	98.0	8	3	16	-	2	24	21	New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	
4 090	4 027	97.8	9	2	30	1	3	18	17	New London town, Merrimack County	
5 022	4 743	92.6	42	7	139	-	10	81	54	Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	
7 888	7 465	93.0	46	10	239	-	14	114	85	Newmarket town, Rockingham County	
3 990	3 915	97.7	9	9	7	-	3	47	41	Newport CDP, Sullivan County	
6 234	6 113	97.5	9	13	22	-	3	74	64	Newport town, Sullivan County	
4 233	4 171	97.2	17	6	3	1	3	32	31	Newton town, Rockingham County	
2 057	1 964	94.9	8	6	47	-	7	25	23	North Conway CDP, Carroll County	
4 506	4 434	97.5	6	8	16	-	-	42	42	Northfield town, Merrimack County	
4 226	4 166	97.8	13	2	27	-	3	15	13	North Hampton town, Rockingham County	
2 425	2 387	97.9	-	6	8	-	-	24	22	Northumberland town, Coos County	
3 620	3 536	97.1	11	11	23	5	4	30	27	Northwood town, Rockingham County	
3 675	3 620	97.8	7	7	21	1	7	12	12	Nottingham town, Rockingham County	
5	5	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Odell township, Coos County	
298	297	99.3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	Orange town, Grafton County	
1 081	1 054	96.6	1	3	7	-	9	7	3	Orford town, Grafton County	
4 197	4 114	97.7	6	16	9	-	1	51	48	Ossipee town, Carroll County	
10 809	10 544	96.6	48	23	114	-	8	72	62	Pelham town, Hillsborough County	
6 867	6 729	97.6	25	18	26	-	1	68	64	Pembroke town, Merrimack County	
2 921	2 854	96.9	12	7	26	1	2	19	14	Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	
5 834	5 670	96.4	35	9	76	2	5	37	23	Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	
702	692	97.6	1	-	2	-	-	7	7	Piermont town, Grafton County	
5 715	5 596	96.8	13	15	35	1	6	49	45	Pinardville CDP, Hillsborough County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Pinkhams grant, Coos County	
863	849	97.9	1	5	-	-	1	7	3	Pittsburg town, Coos County	
1 641	1 598	95.7	4	4	1	-	1	33	32	Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	
3 886	3 794	96.5	15	5	4	-	5	63	57	Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	
2 233	2 192	97.8	6	9	9	1	5	11	6	Plainfield town, Sullivan County	
7 645	7 541	97.3	14	8	39	-	-	43	35	Plaistow town, Rockingham County	
3 497	3 406	96.5	13	3	32	-	3	40	28	Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	
5 806	5 636	95.7	23	8	48	-	3	88	75	Plymouth town, Grafton County	
20 504	19 263	92.7	416	42	507	5	12	259	228	Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	
337	325	95.9	3	1	1	-	1	6	4	Randolph town, Coos County	
2 813	2 759	97.2	4	8	8	-	-	34	26	Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	
9 598	9 417	97.3	47	20	18	5	7	84	67	Raymond town, Rockingham County	
1 071	1 048	97.3	4	5	2	-	1	11	10	Richmond town, Cheshire County	
5 403	5 269	96.7	61	8	18	1	12	34	25	Rindge town, Cheshire County	
28 206	27 501	96.6	140	54	242	9	14	246	206	Rochester city, Strafford County	
2 632	2 579	97.4	15	2	14	-	-	22	20	Rollinsford town, Strafford County	
237	234	98.7	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	Roxbury town, Cheshire County	
1 471	1 445	97.6	6	8	6	1	-	5	5	Rumney town, Grafton County	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	Race									Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
		One race						Two or more races				
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Rye town, Rockingham County	5 182	5 115	7	4	24	-	5	27	0.5	25	32	
Salem town, Rockingham County	28 112	26 708	156	59	639	18	232	300	1.1	157	552	
Salisbury town, Merrimack County	1 137	1 112	8	-	3	1	2	11	1.0	11	8	
Sanbornton town, Belknap County	2 581	2 533	4	4	13	-	3	24	0.9	24	11	
Sandown town, Rockingham County	5 143	5 062	11	6	8	1	19	36	0.7	27	29	
Sandwich town, Carroll County	1 286	1 258	8	4	4	-	-	12	0.9	12	6	
Sargents purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Seabrook town, Rockingham County	7 934	7 737	27	19	43	-	30	78	1.0	56	68	
Second College grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Sharon town, Hillsborough County	360	349	2	2	4	-	-	3	0.8	3	1	
Shelburne town, Coos County	379	369	-	1	1	-	1	7	1.8	7	4	
Somersworth city, Strafford County	11 477	11 037	66	22	110	1	68	173	1.5	126	185	
South Hampton town, Rockingham County	844	827	5	-	1	4	-	7	0.8	7	3	
South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	5 282	5 054	42	8	119	3	11	45	0.9	32	73	
Springfield town, Sullivan County	945	934	-	3	2	-	2	4	0.4	1	7	
Stark town, Coos County	516	503	-	-	7	-	1	5	1.0	5	2	
Stewartstown town, Coos County	1 012	1 003	-	1	-	-	-	8	0.8	2	1	
Stoddard town, Cheshire County	928	899	3	12	4	1	2	7	0.8	5	5	
Strafford town, Strafford County	3 626	3 571	5	5	9	-	2	34	0.9	33	23	
Stratford town, Coos County	942	902	-	12	-	-	1	27	2.9	25	7	
Stratham town, Rockingham County	6 355	6 226	10	3	53	-	9	54	0.8	37	41	
Success township, Coos County	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	563	554	-	-	7	-	-	2	0.4	-	1	
Sullivan town, Cheshire County	746	734	1	7	2	-	-	2	0.3	1	3	
Sunapee town, Sullivan County	3 055	2 993	6	6	11	1	10	28	0.9	22	14	
Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	5 362	5 207	29	18	24	-	6	78	1.5	69	39	
Surry town, Cheshire County	673	660	-	4	2	-	1	6	0.9	5	10	
Sutton town, Merrimack County	1 544	1 506	1	5	7	1	6	18	1.2	13	15	
Swanzy town, Cheshire County	6 800	6 686	12	16	36	1	9	40	0.6	33	38	
Tamworth town, Carroll County	2 510	2 461	4	6	5	-	9	25	1.0	23	16	
Temple town, Hillsborough County	1 297	1 271	4	4	4	-	7	7	0.5	7	9	
Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	
Thornton town, Grafton County	1 843	1 799	5	2	5	1	6	25	1.4	21	13	
Tilton town, Belknap County	3 477	3 361	2	22	21	3	6	62	1.8	51	34	
Tilton-Northfield CDP	3 231	3 124	3	16	22	-	4	62	1.9	53	19	
Belknap County (part)	1 645	1 577	2	10	8	-	3	45	2.7	36	9	
Merrimack County (part)	1 586	1 547	1	6	14	-	1	17	1.1	17	10	
Troy town, Cheshire County	1 962	1 935	1	5	3	-	5	13	0.7	7	27	
Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	2 148	2 112	-	5	5	-	1	25	1.2	20	9	
Unity town, Sullivan County	1 530	1 520	1	-	2	-	-	7	0.5	5	11	
Wakefield town, Carroll County	4 252	4 176	4	19	8	-	8	37	0.9	31	24	
Walpole town, Cheshire County	3 594	3 533	5	9	6	-	3	38	1.1	25	17	
Warner town, Merrimack County	2 760	2 714	1	7	6	-	3	29	1.1	27	20	
Warren town, Grafton County	873	839	1	2	7	-	-	24	2.7	12	1	
Washington town, Sullivan County	895	879	-	3	-	-	-	13	1.5	11	13	
Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	257	250	-	-	5	-	2	-	-	-	4	
Weare town, Hillsborough County	7 776	7 640	13	17	33	-	17	56	0.7	39	54	
Webster town, Merrimack County	1 579	1 561	1	1	6	-	1	9	0.6	8	2	
Wentworth town, Grafton County	798	779	3	-	2	-	1	13	1.6	10	3	
Wentworth location, Coos County	44	40	-	-	-	-	-	4	9.1	4	-	
Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	1 747	1 709	6	5	14	-	6	7	0.4	5	16	
West Swanzy CDP, Cheshire County	1 118	1 096	2	4	2	-	3	11	1.0	10	4	
Whitefield CDP, Coos County	1 089	1 070	4	2	1	-	-	12	1.1	10	7	
Whitefield town, Coos County	2 038	1 999	4	7	7	-	6	15	0.7	13	23	
Wilmot town, Merrimack County	1 144	1 124	1	1	7	1	-	10	0.9	9	3	
Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	1 236	1 209	1	1	8	-	4	13	1.1	10	12	
Wilton town, Hillsborough County	3 743	3 652	13	5	19	-	17	37	1.0	33	29	
Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	1 832	1 776	9	12	7	-	4	24	1.3	24	22	
Winchester town, Cheshire County	4 144	4 035	13	23	13	-	9	51	1.2	43	34	
Windham town, Rockingham County	10 709	10 376	34	7	167	13	37	75	0.7	55	106	
Windsor town, Hillsborough County	201	195	3	-	-	-	-	3	1.5	3	1	
Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	2 979	2 957	5	2	6	-	2	7	0.2	4	32	
Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	6 083	6 030	10	4	22	-	3	14	0.2	9	37	
Woodstock town, Grafton County	1 139	1 109	1	4	2	-	6	17	1.5	16	8	
Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	1 081	1 060	9	5	1	1	-	5	0.5	3	5	

Table 4. **Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Not Hispanic or Latino										State County Place and County Subdivision	
Total	One race						Two or more races		Total		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races
	White		Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
	Number	Percent of total popu- lation									
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
5 150	5 087	98.2	7	4	24	-	1	27	25	Rye town, Rockingham County	
27 560	26 446	94.1	143	48	639	17	21	246	147	Salem town, Rockingham County	
1 129	1 111	97.7	4	-	3	1	-	10	10	Salisbury town, Merrimack County	
2 570	2 525	97.8	4	4	13	-	-	24	24	Sanbornton town, Belknap County	
5 114	5 049	98.2	11	6	8	1	6	33	27	Sandown town, Rockingham County	
1 280	1 253	97.4	7	4	4	-	-	12	12	Sandwich town, Carroll County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sargents purchase, Coos County	
7 866	7 685	96.9	27	19	43	-	20	72	56	Seabrook town, Rockingham County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Second College grant, Coos County	
359	348	96.7	2	2	4	-	-	3	3	Sharon town, Hillsborough County	
375	367	96.8	-	1	-	-	-	7	7	Shelburne town, Coos County	
11 292	10 929	95.2	63	22	109	-	17	152	123	Somersworth city, Strafford County	
841	824	97.6	5	-	1	4	-	7	7	South Hampton town, Rockingham County	
5 209	5 001	94.7	41	5	119	3	5	35	28	South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	
938	930	98.4	-	3	2	-	-	3	1	Springfield town, Sullivan County	
514	502	97.3	-	-	7	-	-	5	5	Stark town, Coos County	
1 011	1 002	99.0	-	1	-	-	-	8	2	Stewartstown town, Coos County	
923	896	96.6	3	12	4	-	1	7	5	Stoddard town, Cheshire County	
3 603	3 552	98.0	5	4	9	-	-	33	33	Stratford town, Strafford County	
935	901	95.6	-	10	-	-	-	24	22	Stratford town, Coos County	
6 314	6 194	97.5	10	3	53	-	4	50	37	Stratham town, Rockingham County	
2	2	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Success township, Coos County	
562	553	98.2	-	-	7	-	-	2	-	Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	
743	732	98.1	1	7	2	-	-	1	1	Sullivan town, Cheshire County	
3 041	2 980	97.5	6	6	11	1	10	27	22	Sunapee town, Sullivan County	
5 323	5 186	96.7	28	18	23	-	-	68	63	Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	
663	651	96.7	-	4	2	-	-	6	6	Surry town, Cheshire County	
1 529	1 496	96.9	-	5	7	-	-	18	13	Sutton town, Merrimack County	
6 762	6 654	97.9	11	16	36	1	4	40	33	Swanzey town, Cheshire County	
2 494	2 447	97.5	4	6	5	-	8	24	22	Tamworth town, Carroll County	
1 288	1 265	97.5	4	1	4	-	7	7	7	Temple town, Hillsborough County	
-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	
1 830	1 795	97.4	5	2	5	1	-	22	21	Thornton town, Grafton County	
3 443	3 339	96.0	1	22	20	-	3	58	47	Tilton town, Belknap County	
3 212	3 116	96.4	2	16	19	-	-	59	50	Tilton-Northfield CDP	
1 636	1 575	95.7	1	10	8	-	-	42	33	Belknap County (part)	
1 576	1 541	97.2	1	6	11	-	-	17	17	Merrimack County (part)	
1 935	1 920	97.9	1	5	3	-	-	6	6	Troy town, Cheshire County	
2 139	2 108	98.1	-	5	5	-	-	21	19	Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	
1 519	1 511	98.8	1	-	2	-	-	5	5	Unity town, Sullivan County	
4 228	4 160	97.8	3	19	8	-	3	35	29	Wakefield town, Carroll County	
3 577	3 516	97.8	5	9	6	-	3	38	25	Walpole town, Cheshire County	
2 740	2 695	97.6	1	7	6	-	2	29	27	Warner town, Merrimack County	
872	838	96.0	1	2	7	-	-	24	12	Warren town, Grafton County	
882	871	97.3	-	-	-	-	-	11	11	Washington town, Sullivan County	
253	248	96.5	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	
7 722	7 606	97.8	13	16	33	-	6	48	37	Weare town, Hillsborough County	
1 577	1 560	98.8	-	1	6	-	1	9	8	Webster town, Merrimack County	
795	778	97.5	3	-	2	-	-	12	9	Wentworth town, Grafton County	
44	40	90.9	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	Wentworth location, Coos County	
1 731	1 703	97.5	4	4	14	-	-	6	5	Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	
1 114	1 095	97.9	2	4	2	-	-	11	10	West Swanzey CDP, Cheshire County	
1 082	1 063	97.6	4	2	1	-	-	12	10	Whitefield CDP, Coos County	
2 015	1 982	97.3	4	7	7	-	-	15	13	Whitefield town, Coos County	
1 141	1 122	98.1	1	1	7	1	-	9	8	Wilmot town, Merrimack County	
1 224	1 203	97.3	1	1	8	-	1	10	10	Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	
3 714	3 637	97.2	10	5	19	-	9	34	33	Wilton town, Hillsborough County	
1 810	1 766	96.4	9	7	7	-	-	21	21	Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	
4 110	4 018	97.0	13	18	13	-	1	47	40	Winchester town, Cheshire County	
10 603	10 295	96.1	33	7	167	13	16	72	55	Windham town, Rockingham County	
200	195	97.0	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	Windsor town, Hillsborough County	
2 947	2 929	98.3	5	2	6	-	-	5	4	Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	
6 046	5 999	98.6	10	4	22	-	-	11	8	Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	
1 131	1 105	97.0	1	4	2	-	2	17	16	Woodstock town, Grafton County	
1 076	1 056	97.7	9	4	1	1	-	5	3	Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
The State	2 086	4 107	2 435	154	1 198 927	12 218	7 885	19 219	777	10 895
Belknap County	52	275	70	3	55 538	245	479	422	30	251
Alton town	3	10	2	-	4 465	7	25	15	2	8
Barnstead town	3	12	3	1	3 822	29	30	29	-	6
Belmont town	3	42	5	-	6 638	14	67	42	1	48
Center Harbor town	-	1	1	-	987	-	1	9	-	2
Gilford town	5	15	4	-	6 739	18	30	40	-	31
Gilmanston town	5	16	1	-	3 047	8	22	5	1	7
Laconia city	24	80	34	2	16 063	128	152	170	8	95
Meredith town	2	29	5	-	5 870	22	45	41	4	22
Meredith CDP	1	9	3	-	1 709	13	20	15	-	7
New Hampton town	2	15	6	-	1 934	8	20	20	11	7
Sanbornton town	2	21	-	-	2 557	6	26	13	-	4
Tilton town	3	34	9	-	3 416	5	61	38	3	21
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1	24	7	-	1 615	3	38	23	-	15
Carroll County	39	186	41	1	43 208	125	319	219	13	129
Albany town	1	2	-	-	648	2	4	1	2	1
Bartlett town	1	7	-	-	2 664	5	15	12	-	19
Brookfield town	-	-	-	-	601	-	2	2	4	-
Chatham town	-	-	-	-	255	-	2	-	-	5
Conway town	11	40	15	-	8 462	37	68	85	2	37
Conway CDP	3	8	1	-	1 673	6	19	5	-	6
North Conway CDP	2	16	4	-	1 993	11	23	51	-	18
Eaton town	2	-	1	-	373	3	-	2	-	-
Effingham town	-	6	-	-	1 259	6	10	3	-	3
Freedom town	-	7	1	-	1 300	2	7	2	-	-
Hale's location	-	-	-	-	58	-	-	-	-	-
Hart's Location town	-	-	1	-	37	-	-	1	-	-
Jackson town	-	-	1	-	831	-	2	2	1	1
Madison town	-	14	1	-	1 958	1	27	5	-	11
Moultonborough town	3	12	5	-	4 442	11	23	30	1	5
Ossipee town	5	34	7	-	4 175	12	52	17	2	7
Sandwich town	1	11	-	-	1 270	9	15	4	-	-
Tamworth town	1	20	1	-	2 486	6	26	6	-	12
Tuftonboro town	3	10	3	-	2 136	3	19	11	1	6
Wakefield town	10	18	3	-	4 211	15	37	12	-	14
Wolfeboro town	1	5	2	1	6 042	13	10	24	-	8
Wolfeboro CDP	-	2	2	-	2 963	6	4	8	-	5
Cheshire County	93	260	102	6	72 763	421	536	508	47	258
Alstead town	-	6	1	-	1 918	4	18	11	-	2
Chesterfield town	9	21	3	1	3 502	19	42	11	-	10
Dublin town	3	2	2	-	1 443	8	10	16	-	6
Fitzwilliam town	7	14	1	-	2 117	16	22	5	4	7
Gilsum town	-	6	2	-	773	-	9	3	-	-
Harrisville town	-	8	1	-	1 064	1	14	5	-	5
Hinsdale town	3	23	8	1	4 018	28	35	22	12	13
Hinsdale CDP	2	6	4	-	1 682	9	13	9	5	8
Jaffrey town	14	28	6	-	5 383	40	52	54	2	12
Jaffrey CDP	5	17	3	-	2 759	15	29	31	2	7
Keene city	23	65	36	1	22 197	133	127	212	16	82
Marlborough town	3	6	4	-	1 997	11	11	14	-	1
Marlborough CDP	2	3	1	-	1 085	8	7	6	-	-
Marlow town	-	3	2	-	746	3	7	5	3	-
Nelson town	1	4	1	-	627	7	8	1	-	2
Richmond town	1	5	3	-	1 063	5	12	5	-	5
Rindge town	6	9	9	1	5 338	71	19	27	1	36
Roxbury town	1	-	-	-	236	1	-	7	-	1
Stoddard town	-	2	2	-	906	3	14	7	1	5
Sullivan town	-	1	-	-	736	1	8	2	-	1
Surry town	-	4	1	-	666	-	8	3	-	2
Swanzey town	10	10	7	1	6 719	27	28	48	2	16
West Swanzey CDP	2	4	-	-	1 103	8	8	6	-	4
Troy town	3	3	1	-	1 947	4	9	4	-	11
Walpole town	5	13	6	-	3 571	10	22	12	1	16
Westmoreland town	-	3	1	-	1 716	6	8	15	1	8
Winchester town	4	24	5	1	4 080	23	53	25	4	17
Winchester CDP	3	10	5	1	1 799	16	26	12	2	4
Coos County	25	156	46	4	32 783	77	267	178	7	147
Atkinson and Gilmanston Academy grant	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	1
Beans grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beans purchase	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Berlin city	12	42	11	2	10 229	37	71	54	3	26
Cambridge township	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Carroll town	-	-	-	-	655	-	2	5	-	3
Chandler's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clarksville town	-	-	-	-	291	-	3	-	-	9
Colebrook town	-	9	3	-	2 304	-	15	10	-	10
Columbia town	3	4	1	-	744	4	6	4	-	5
Crawfords purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cutts grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dalton town	-	11	3	-	911	7	16	5	-	2
Dix grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dixville township	-	-	-	-	74	-	-	-	1	-
Dummer town	-	1	2	-	308	-	1	3	-	-
Errol town	-	1	-	-	295	-	1	-	1	2
Erving's location	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Gorham town	-	6	10	-	2 847	2	15	45	1	17
Gorham CDP	-	5	9	-	1 747	1	11	27	-	14
Greens grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hadley's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jefferson town	-	1	-	-	1 003	-	2	1	1	13
Kilkenny township	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
Coos County—Con.										
Lancaster town	1	18	6	1	3 253	4	28	14	-	19
Lancaster CDP	1	14	-	-	1 685	2	17	4	-	9
Low and Burbanks grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Martins location	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milan town	-	4	-	-	1 321	2	8	1	-	4
Millsfield township	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-
Northumberland town	3	12	6	1	2 422	4	20	14	-	2
Groveton CDP	3	2	4	-	1 192	3	4	7	-	1
Odell township	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Pinkhams grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pittsburg town	2	-	1	-	859	3	5	1	-	6
Randolph town	-	2	2	-	332	3	3	4	-	3
Sargents purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Second College grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shelburne town	-	6	-	-	376	-	7	2	-	2
Stark town	-	5	-	-	508	-	5	7	-	1
Stewartstown town	-	1	1	-	1 011	-	2	1	-	6
Stratford town	-	20	-	-	927	3	37	-	-	8
Success township	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Thompson and Meserves purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wentworth location	4	-	-	-	44	4	-	-	-	-
Whitefield town	-	13	-	-	2 014	4	20	7	-	8
Whitefield CDP	-	10	-	-	1 082	4	12	1	-	2
Grafton County	140	377	227	7	79 227	650	701	1 701	44	505
Alexandria town	-	17	1	-	1 319	1	21	6	1	-
Ashland town	8	7	2	-	1 924	15	12	16	-	7
Bath town	-	1	-	-	889	2	3	-	-	1
Benton town	-	2	2	-	313	-	2	3	-	3
Bethlehem town	-	26	-	-	2 173	4	39	6	-	20
Bridgewater town	-	-	-	-	966	-	1	5	1	2
Bristol town	1	19	11	1	2 953	10	33	54	1	23
Bristol CDP	-	14	6	1	1 640	2	22	26	-	9
Campton town	8	10	2	1	2 693	12	14	21	4	6
Canaan town	1	22	11	-	3 292	5	27	24	-	7
Dorchester town	-	1	1	-	345	1	2	4	-	3
Easton town	1	4	1	-	254	1	6	1	-	1
Ellsworth town	-	-	-	-	84	-	3	-	-	-
Enfield town	4	10	18	-	4 561	13	17	55	-	15
Enfield CDP	2	3	1	-	1 669	6	6	22	-	8
Franconia town	-	3	-	-	908	1	9	8	-	5
Grafton town	1	5	5	-	1 127	4	9	8	-	2
Groton town	1	3	1	-	451	1	4	5	-	-
Hanover town	37	25	82	4	9 739	258	109	846	14	138
Hanover CDP	36	21	68	4	7 131	251	100	762	14	131
Haverhill town	5	5	5	-	4 358	26	16	22	4	11
Woodsville CDP	-	-	-	-	1 065	9	5	1	4	2
Hebron town	-	5	1	-	447	2	6	2	-	9
Holderness town	5	9	-	-	1 909	20	16	9	-	4
Landaff town	-	10	2	-	377	-	11	2	-	-
Lebanon city	26	42	41	1	12 003	147	107	387	8	83
Lincoln town	-	14	-	-	1 253	-	19	11	-	3
Lisbon town	1	7	-	-	1 577	1	13	1	-	8
Lisbon CDP	1	6	-	-	1 062	1	12	1	-	6
Littleton town	3	41	8	-	5 700	27	76	61	4	39
Littleton CDP	2	35	7	-	4 308	18	69	51	1	38
Livermore town	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Lyman town	-	2	-	-	481	2	4	1	-	2
Lyme town	1	2	2	-	1 661	8	3	11	-	3
Monroe town	6	7	4	-	758	6	7	5	-	-
Orange town	-	-	-	-	298	-	-	1	-	-
Orford town	-	4	-	-	1 068	1	7	7	-	18
Piermont town	1	6	-	-	705	2	6	2	-	1
Plymouth town	18	30	20	-	5 775	49	40	72	4	47
Plymouth CDP	6	8	10	-	3 455	24	11	45	4	32
Rumney town	2	1	2	-	1 456	8	9	8	1	3
Sugar Hill town	-	-	-	-	555	-	1	7	-	2
Thornton town	4	16	-	-	1 823	9	19	5	2	10
Warren town	3	5	-	-	863	6	10	8	-	14
Waterville Valley town	-	-	-	-	250	-	-	5	-	2
Wentworth town	1	7	2	-	791	5	7	4	-	4
Woodstock town	2	9	3	-	1 125	3	13	8	-	9
Hillsborough County	827	951	867	73	361 770	6 234	2 216	8 791	296	6 584
Amherst town	12	20	40	1	10 536	63	41	189	2	39
Antrim town	1	13	2	-	2 424	7	22	11	-	8
Antrim CDP	1	5	2	-	1 373	5	13	5	-	8
Bedford town	20	34	60	-	17 942	90	57	309	15	38
Bennington town	1	11	2	-	1 390	2	13	6	1	6
Brookline town	3	11	7	-	4 127	15	22	36	4	21
Deering town	5	12	-	-	1 863	10	14	-	1	4
Francestown town	-	13	5	-	1 463	2	19	9	2	9
Goffstown town	16	47	23	-	16 728	67	91	81	9	69
Pinardville CDP	6	25	9	-	5 682	23	41	46	6	35
Greenfield town	-	5	1	-	1 618	12	19	6	-	9
Greenville town	7	12	1	1	2 201	17	20	9	1	5
Greenville CDP	1	7	1	-	1 119	4	10	5	1	1
Hancock town	1	4	3	-	1 721	6	10	11	1	2
Hillsborough town	10	11	8	1	4 844	21	35	54	3	14
Hillsborough CDP	3	1	5	-	1 807	5	4	32	2	7
Hollis town	9	16	22	-	6 846	42	26	138	1	35
Hudson town	43	54	33	4	22 291	266	104	301	35	178
Hudson CDP	10	18	13	1	7 546	108	40	102	2	85
Litchfield town	3	12	24	2	7 244	46	35	67	-	24
Lyndeborough town	-	7	2	-	1 568	4	10	9	-	9

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
Hillsborough County—Con.										
Manchester city	359	335	238	31	99 784	2 820	782	2 857	102	2 640
Mason town	1	7	-	-	1 134	3	8	5	5	1
Merrimack town	32	31	70	2	24 434	235	86	458	15	91
East Merrimack CDP	9	5	5	-	3 641	56	11	88	1	36
Milford town	38	44	23	-	13 234	166	66	156	14	50
Milford CDP	34	27	19	-	8 103	120	36	107	10	25
Wilton CDP (part)	-	-	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	-
Mont Vernon town	3	8	4	-	2 021	6	11	9	-	3
Nashua city	232	153	228	19	78 393	2 131	527	3 695	73	3 167
New Boston town	7	7	14	1	4 090	27	16	29	-	15
New Ipswich town	4	4	10	-	4 254	18	15	32	5	9
Pelham town	8	22	24	4	10 689	62	59	142	-	43
Peterborough town	4	9	2	6	5 732	48	25	82	4	32
Peterborough CDP	2	6	-	6	2 882	20	20	30	1	10
Sharon town	-	-	2	-	351	2	2	7	1	-
Temple town	-	5	1	-	1 278	4	9	5	1	7
Weare town	5	26	6	-	7 687	20	43	47	1	35
Wilton town	3	16	11	1	3 685	19	27	30	-	21
Wilton CDP (part)	1	7	2	-	1 130	2	11	10	-	7
Windsor town	-	2	1	-	198	3	2	1	-	-
Merrimack County	202	566	238	14	133 572	1 052	959	1 484	68	602
Allenstown town	9	16	5	-	4 775	35	28	24	4	17
Suncook CDP (part)	5	8	5	-	1 914	15	11	19	4	7
Andover town	-	15	-	-	2 094	9	18	3	3	7
Boscawen town	3	17	-	1	3 614	26	29	20	4	9
Bow town	3	13	25	-	7 027	12	20	99	-	27
Bradford town	-	16	1	-	1 439	4	21	4	1	11
Canterbury town	-	9	2	-	1 966	5	9	7	1	6
Chichester town	5	13	1	-	2 217	9	22	4	-	7
Concord city	90	163	88	7	39 342	576	317	720	26	284
Danbury town	-	2	-	-	1 068	2	3	-	-	-
Dunbarton town	3	8	1	-	2 203	5	18	11	-	1
Epsom town	7	12	5	-	3 995	11	16	18	1	10
Franklin city	13	42	25	5	8 265	64	81	74	1	49
Henniker town	4	23	13	1	4 338	30	36	63	2	28
Henniker CDP	3	2	6	1	1 565	25	10	41	1	14
Hill town	-	3	-	-	985	1	4	4	1	-
Hooksett town	26	22	15	-	11 384	110	51	216	6	44
Hooksett CDP	12	7	2	-	3 504	40	17	60	2	15
South Hooksett CDP	11	8	12	-	5 095	53	16	136	4	24
Hopkinton town	1	15	16	-	5 357	9	34	35	8	3
Contoocook CDP	1	-	1	-	1 430	5	3	4	4	1
Loudon town	-	25	-	-	4 436	11	34	20	-	14
Newbury town	3	8	-	-	1 687	10	9	2	-	7
New London town	2	7	6	-	4 064	12	9	38	2	9
Northfield town	8	21	8	-	4 508	16	33	27	-	13
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	-	12	3	-	1 564	3	18	17	-	3
Pembroke town	10	33	13	-	6 823	42	59	41	-	16
Suncook CDP (part)	8	24	5	-	3 367	35	48	18	-	10
Pittsfield town	6	41	2	-	3 893	28	50	10	4	19
Pittsfield CDP	3	19	2	-	1 655	14	27	6	4	3
Salisbury town	2	7	-	-	1 122	11	7	5	2	2
Sutton town	-	12	-	-	1 524	2	18	7	1	11
Warner town	2	16	8	-	2 743	4	24	14	-	5
Webster town	3	3	1	-	1 569	5	4	8	-	2
Wilmot town	2	4	3	-	1 134	3	5	10	1	1
Rockingham County	416	711	563	36	270 800	2 209	1 343	3 830	169	1 699
Atkinson town	4	11	10	-	6 069	24	16	83	-	28
Auburn town	1	15	7	-	4 631	13	29	27	1	14
Brentwood town	6	7	1	-	3 105	34	16	32	4	32
Candia town	1	4	3	-	3 847	20	22	26	1	7
Chester town	1	11	5	4	3 744	15	31	17	-	18
Danville town	5	10	10	1	3 958	31	26	28	1	18
Deerfield town	1	14	6	7	3 647	14	26	11	-	10
Derry town	71	96	70	-	33 032	399	189	460	19	337
Derry CDP	52	78	51	-	21 921	306	145	320	6	265
East Kingston town	1	5	1	-	1 756	3	7	7	1	18
Epping town	9	50	17	-	5 409	31	64	42	1	30
Epping CDP	1	14	4	-	1 652	6	17	18	1	4
Exeter town	28	33	35	-	13 786	101	64	183	12	72
Exeter CDP	18	23	30	-	9 573	72	50	132	11	34
Fremont town	1	8	7	-	3 474	7	11	22	3	26
Greenland town	3	2	10	-	3 154	12	3	50	1	6
Hampstead town	3	18	10	-	8 208	24	28	58	6	17
Hampton town	23	34	18	-	14 670	84	63	154	19	52
Hampton CDP	10	14	12	-	8 971	29	22	116	9	30
Hampton Falls town	1	7	1	-	1 863	3	7	16	-	5
Kensington town	2	5	6	-	1 875	5	9	19	-	-
Kingston town	7	22	6	-	5 788	26	34	31	3	32
Londonderry town	46	49	54	4	22 706	184	103	334	10	104
Londonderry CDP	20	31	23	3	11 199	83	58	139	5	48
New Castle town	1	4	4	-	999	8	5	10	-	2
Newfields town	3	-	6	-	1 532	5	-	19	-	8
Newington town	2	1	1	1	750	17	4	9	-	2
Newmarket town	18	31	31	1	7 653	79	50	297	4	75
Newmarket CDP	13	20	17	1	4 871	66	35	182	2	63
Newton town	7	15	5	1	4 231	38	23	9	3	19
North Hampton town	1	6	5	-	4 205	18	9	34	1	11
Northwood town	3	17	7	-	3 581	14	29	32	5	11
Nottingham town	3	7	2	-	3 655	10	14	23	1	12
Plaistow town	11	8	10	3	7 658	31	19	49	2	32
Portsmouth city	83	53	62	6	19 683	554	123	607	19	102
Raymond town	8	42	16	-	9 548	65	69	36	5	44

Table 5. **Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
Rockingham County—Con.										
Raymond town—Con.										
Raymond CDP	1	16	9	-	2 807	12	26	19	-	12
Rye town	5	11	7	-	5 142	13	16	31	-	9
Salem town	35	55	54	2	26 981	202	124	710	24	377
Sandown town	2	21	3	-	5 098	14	28	11	1	28
Seabrook town	6	22	21	1	7 812	38	43	68	1	55
South Hampton town	4	3	-	-	834	9	3	1	4	-
Stratham town	2	10	13	5	6 269	20	23	74	4	26
Windham town	8	4	39	-	10 447	44	13	210	13	60
Strafford County	241	418	242	8	109 258	1 041	715	1 888	92	595
Barrington town	13	17	7	1	7 389	38	29	42	4	38
Dover city	82	111	80	3	25 756	414	185	738	29	175
Durham town	28	29	43	-	12 094	133	61	441	17	50
Durham CDP	22	26	37	-	8 518	104	57	398	17	41
Farmington town	6	37	6	-	5 726	8	62	15	1	20
Farmington CDP	4	18	4	-	3 435	4	37	9	1	15
Lee town	7	12	11	-	4 020	37	22	80	11	22
Madbury town	1	7	5	-	1 474	7	11	24	-	9
Middleton town	-	7	-	-	1 427	2	10	8	-	1
Milton town	4	22	10	-	3 877	15	39	22	4	11
New Durham town	1	11	-	-	2 193	6	15	12	-	8
Rochester city	53	94	54	3	27 899	215	171	320	20	129
Rollinsford town	5	8	5	-	2 611	26	10	19	-	7
Somersworth city	33	47	15	1	11 187	127	79	152	3	122
Strafford town	8	16	6	-	3 605	13	21	15	3	3
Sullivan County	51	207	39	2	40 008	164	350	198	11	125
Acworth town	3	3	2	-	819	12	12	6	-	-
Charlestown town	5	19	2	-	4 710	21	31	11	-	10
Charlestown CDP	1	1	-	-	1 137	1	4	5	-	4
Claremont city	23	57	16	1	12 961	68	107	99	5	37
Cornish town	3	9	7	-	1 642	8	14	9	2	5
Croydon town	1	5	1	-	651	1	9	2	-	6
Goshen town	-	4	-	-	726	-	17	1	-	5
Grantham town	3	14	-	-	2 148	9	16	9	-	3
Langdon town	-	-	-	-	585	-	-	-	-	2
Lempster town	1	20	2	-	968	1	21	3	1	1
Newport town	8	41	5	-	6 215	24	60	30	1	20
Newport CDP	6	26	3	-	3 979	20	39	11	1	10
Plainfield town	-	6	1	-	2 210	6	15	10	1	11
Springfield town	1	-	-	-	938	1	3	2	-	5
Sunapee town	1	17	2	-	3 017	9	29	13	1	16
Unity town	2	2	1	-	1 527	3	2	3	-	2
Washington town	-	10	-	1	891	1	14	-	-	2

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
The State	2 086	4 107	2 435	154	1 198 927	12 218	7 885	19 219	777	10 895
COUNTY										
Belknap County	52	275	70	3	55 538	245	479	422	30	251
Carroll County	39	186	41	1	43 208	125	319	219	13	129
Cheshire County	93	260	102	6	72 763	421	536	508	47	258
Coos County	25	156	46	4	32 783	77	267	178	7	147
Grafton County	140	377	227	7	79 227	650	701	1 701	44	505
Hillsborough County	827	951	867	73	361 770	6 234	2 216	8 791	296	6 584
Merrimack County	202	566	238	14	133 572	1 052	959	1 484	68	602
Rockingham County	416	711	563	36	270 800	2 209	1 343	3 830	169	1 699
Strafford County	241	418	242	8	109 258	1 041	715	1 888	92	595
Sullivan County	51	207	39	2	40 008	164	350	198	11	125
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION										
Acworth town, Sullivan County	3	3	2	-	819	12	12	6	-	-
Albany town, Carroll County	1	2	-	-	648	2	4	1	2	1
Alexandria town, Grafton County	-	17	1	-	1 319	1	21	6	1	-
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	9	16	5	-	4 775	35	28	24	4	17
Alstead town, Cheshire County	-	6	1	-	1 918	4	18	11	-	2
Alton town, Belknap County	3	10	2	-	4 465	7	25	15	2	8
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	12	20	40	1	10 536	63	41	189	2	39
Andover town, Merrimack County	-	15	-	-	2 094	9	18	3	3	7
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	1	5	2	-	1 373	5	13	5	-	8
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	1	13	2	-	2 424	7	22	11	-	8
Ashland town, Grafton County	8	7	2	-	1 924	15	12	16	-	7
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	4	11	10	-	6 069	24	16	83	-	28
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	1
Auburn town, Rockingham County	1	15	7	-	4 631	13	29	27	1	14
Barnstead town, Belknap County	3	12	3	1	3 822	29	30	29	-	6
Barrington town, Strafford County	13	17	7	1	7 389	38	29	42	4	38
Bartlett town, Carroll County	1	7	-	-	2 664	5	15	12	-	19
Bath town, Grafton County	-	1	-	-	889	2	3	-	-	1
Beans grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beans purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	20	34	60	-	17 942	90	57	309	15	38
Belmont town, Belknap County	3	42	5	-	6 638	14	67	42	1	48
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	1	11	2	-	1 390	2	13	6	1	6
Benton town, Grafton County	-	2	2	-	313	-	2	3	-	3
Berlin city, Coos County	12	42	11	2	10 229	37	71	54	3	26
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	-	26	-	-	2 173	4	39	6	-	20
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	3	17	-	1	3 614	26	29	20	4	9
Bow town, Merrimack County	3	13	25	-	7 027	12	20	99	-	27
Bradford town, Merrimack County	-	16	1	-	1 439	4	21	4	1	11
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	6	7	1	-	3 105	34	16	32	4	32
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	-	-	-	-	966	-	1	5	1	2
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	-	14	6	1	1 640	2	22	26	-	9
Bristol town, Grafton County	1	19	11	1	2 953	10	33	54	1	23
Brookfield town, Carroll County	-	-	-	-	601	-	2	2	4	-
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	3	11	7	-	4 127	15	22	36	4	21
Cambridge township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Campton town, Grafton County	8	10	2	1	2 693	12	14	21	4	6
Canaan town, Grafton County	1	22	11	-	3 292	5	27	24	-	7
Candia town, Rockingham County	1	4	3	-	3 847	20	22	26	1	7
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	-	9	2	-	1 966	5	9	7	1	6
Carroll town, Coos County	-	-	-	-	655	-	2	5	-	3
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	-	1	1	-	987	-	1	9	-	2
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	1	1	-	-	1 137	1	4	5	-	4
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	5	19	2	-	4 710	21	31	11	-	10
Chatham town, Carroll County	-	-	-	-	255	-	2	-	-	5
Chester town, Rockingham County	1	11	5	4	3 744	15	31	17	-	18
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	9	21	3	1	3 502	19	42	11	-	10
Chichester town, Merrimack County	5	13	1	-	2 217	9	22	4	-	7
Claremont city, Sullivan County	23	57	16	1	12 961	68	107	99	5	37
Clarksville town, Coos County	-	-	-	-	291	-	3	-	-	9
Colebrook town, Coos County	-	9	3	-	2 304	-	15	10	-	10
Columbia town, Coos County	3	4	1	-	744	4	6	4	-	5
Concord city, Merrimack County	90	163	88	7	39 342	576	317	720	26	284
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	1	-	1	-	1 430	5	3	4	4	1
Conway CDP, Carroll County	3	8	1	-	1 673	6	19	5	-	6
Conway town, Carroll County	11	40	15	-	8 462	37	68	85	2	37
Cornish town, Sullivan County	3	9	7	-	1 642	8	14	9	2	5
Crawfords purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Croydon town, Sullivan County	1	5	1	-	651	1	9	2	-	6
Cutts grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dalton town, Coos County	-	11	3	-	911	7	16	5	-	2
Danbury town, Merrimack County	-	2	-	-	1 068	2	3	-	-	-
Danville town, Rockingham County	5	10	10	1	3 958	31	26	28	1	18
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	1	14	6	7	3 647	14	26	11	-	10
Deering town, Hillsborough County	5	12	-	-	1 863	10	14	-	1	4
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	52	78	51	-	21 921	306	145	320	6	265
Derry town, Rockingham County	71	96	70	-	33 032	399	189	460	19	337
Dix's grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dixville township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	74	-	-	-	1	-
Dorchester town, Grafton County	1	1	1	-	345	1	2	4	-	3
Dover city, Strafford County	82	111	80	3	25 756	414	185	738	29	175

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races						
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Dublin town, Cheshire County	3	2	2	-	1 443	8	10	16	-	6	
Dummer town, Coos County	-	1	2	-	308	-	1	3	-	-	
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	3	8	1	-	2 203	5	18	11	-	1	
Durham CDP, Strafford County	22	26	37	-	8 518	104	57	398	17	41	
Durham town, Strafford County	28	29	43	-	12 094	133	61	441	17	50	
East Kingston town, Rockingham County	1	5	1	-	1 756	3	7	7	1	18	
East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	9	5	5	-	3 641	56	11	88	1	36	
Easton town, Grafton County	1	4	1	-	254	1	6	1	-	1	
Eaton town, Carroll County	2	-	1	-	373	3	-	2	-	-	
Effingham town, Carroll County	-	6	-	-	1 259	6	10	3	-	3	
Ellsworth town, Grafton County	-	-	-	-	84	-	3	-	-	-	
Enfield CDP, Grafton County	2	3	1	-	1 669	6	6	22	-	8	
Enfield town, Grafton County	4	10	18	-	4 561	13	17	55	-	15	
Epping CDP, Rockingham County	1	14	4	-	1 652	6	17	18	1	4	
Epping town, Rockingham County	9	50	17	-	5 409	31	64	42	1	30	
Epsom town, Merrimack County	7	12	5	-	3 995	11	16	18	1	10	
Errol town, Coos County	-	1	-	-	295	-	1	-	1	2	
Ervings location, Coos County	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	18	23	30	-	9 573	72	50	132	11	34	
Exeter town, Rockingham County	28	33	35	-	13 786	101	64	183	12	72	
Farmington CDP, Strafford County	4	18	4	-	3 435	4	37	9	1	15	
Farmington town, Strafford County	6	37	6	-	5 726	8	62	15	1	20	
Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	7	14	1	-	2 117	16	22	5	4	7	
Francestown town, Hillsborough County	-	13	5	-	1 463	2	19	9	2	9	
Franconia town, Grafton County	-	3	-	-	908	1	9	8	-	5	
Franklin city, Merrimack County	13	42	25	5	8 265	64	81	74	1	49	
Freedom town, Carroll County	-	7	1	-	1 300	2	7	2	-	-	
Fremont town, Rockingham County	1	8	7	-	3 474	7	11	22	3	26	
Gilford town, Belknap County	5	15	4	-	6 739	18	30	40	-	31	
Gilmanton town, Belknap County	5	16	1	-	3 047	8	22	5	1	7	
Gilsum town, Cheshire County	-	6	2	-	773	-	9	3	-	-	
Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	16	47	23	-	16 728	67	91	81	9	69	
Gorham CDP, Coos County	-	5	9	-	1 747	1	11	27	-	14	
Gorham town, Coos County	-	6	10	-	2 847	2	15	45	1	17	
Goshen town, Sullivan County	-	4	-	-	726	-	17	1	-	5	
Grafton town, Grafton County	1	5	5	-	1 127	4	9	8	-	2	
Grantham town, Sullivan County	3	14	-	-	2 148	9	16	9	-	3	
Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	-	5	1	-	1 618	12	19	6	-	9	
Greenland town, Rockingham County	3	2	10	-	3 154	12	3	50	1	6	
Greens grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	1	7	1	-	1 119	4	10	5	1	1	
Greenville town, Hillsborough County	7	12	1	1	2 201	17	20	9	1	5	
Groton town, Grafton County	1	3	1	-	451	1	4	5	-	-	
Groveton CDP, Coos County	3	2	4	-	1 192	3	4	7	-	1	
Hadleys purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hale's location, Carroll County	-	-	-	-	58	-	-	-	-	-	
Hampstead town, Rockingham County	3	18	10	-	8 208	24	28	58	6	17	
Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	10	14	12	-	8 971	29	22	116	9	30	
Hampton town, Rockingham County	23	34	18	-	14 670	84	63	154	19	52	
Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	1	7	1	-	1 863	3	7	16	-	5	
Hancock town, Hillsborough County	1	4	3	-	1 721	6	10	11	1	2	
Hanover CDP, Grafton County	36	21	68	4	7 131	251	100	762	14	131	
Hanover town, Grafton County	37	25	82	4	9 739	258	109	846	14	138	
Harrisville town, Cheshire County	-	8	1	-	1 064	1	14	5	-	5	
Hart's Location town, Carroll County	-	-	1	-	37	-	-	1	-	-	
Haverhill town, Grafton County	5	5	5	-	4 358	26	16	22	4	11	
Hebron town, Grafton County	-	5	1	-	447	2	6	2	-	9	
Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	3	2	6	1	1 565	25	10	41	1	14	
Henniker town, Merrimack County	4	23	13	1	4 338	30	36	63	2	28	
Hill town, Merrimack County	-	3	-	-	985	1	4	4	1	-	
Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	3	1	5	-	1 807	5	4	32	2	7	
Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	10	11	8	1	4 844	21	35	54	3	14	
Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	2	6	4	-	1 682	9	13	9	5	8	
Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	3	23	8	1	4 018	28	35	22	12	13	
Holderness town, Grafton County	5	9	-	-	1 909	20	16	9	-	4	
Hollis town, Hillsborough County	9	16	22	-	6 846	42	26	138	1	35	
Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	12	7	2	-	3 504	40	17	60	2	15	
Hooksett town, Merrimack County	26	22	15	-	11 384	110	51	216	6	44	
Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	1	15	16	-	5 357	9	34	35	8	3	
Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	10	18	13	1	7 546	108	40	102	2	85	
Hudson town, Hillsborough County	43	54	33	4	22 291	266	104	301	35	178	
Jackson town, Carroll County	-	-	1	-	831	-	2	2	1	1	
Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	5	17	3	-	2 759	15	29	31	2	7	
Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	14	28	6	-	5 383	40	52	54	2	12	
Jefferson town, Coos County	-	1	-	-	1 003	-	2	1	1	13	
Keene city, Cheshire County	23	65	36	1	22 197	133	127	212	16	82	
Kensington town, Rockingham County	2	5	6	-	1 875	5	9	19	-	-	
Kilkenny township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kingston town, Rockingham County	7	22	6	-	5 788	26	34	31	3	32	
Laconia city, Belknap County	24	80	34	2	16 063	128	152	170	8	95	
Lancaster CDP, Coos County	1	14	-	-	1 685	2	17	4	-	9	
Lancaster town, Coos County	1	18	6	1	3 253	4	28	14	-	19	
Landaff town, Grafton County	-	10	2	-	377	-	11	2	-	-	
Langdon town, Sullivan County	-	-	-	-	585	-	-	-	-	2	
Lebanon city, Grafton County	26	42	41	1	12 003	147	107	387	8	83	
Lee town, Strafford County	7	12	11	-	4 020	37	22	80	11	22	
Lempster town, Sullivan County	1	20	2	-	968	1	21	3	1	1	

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.										
Lincoln town, Grafton County	-	14	-	-	1 253	-	19	11	-	3
Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	1	6	-	-	1 062	1	12	1	-	6
Lisbon town, Grafton County	1	7	-	-	1 577	1	13	1	-	8
Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	3	12	24	2	7 244	46	35	67	-	24
Littleton CDP, Grafton County	2	35	7	-	4 308	18	69	51	1	38
Littleton town, Grafton County	3	41	8	-	5 700	27	76	61	4	39
Livermore town, Grafton County	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	20	31	23	3	11 199	83	58	139	5	48
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	46	49	54	4	22 706	184	103	334	10	104
Loudon town, Merrimack County	-	25	-	-	4 436	11	34	20	-	14
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lyman town, Grafton County	-	2	-	-	481	2	4	1	-	3
Lyme town, Grafton County	1	2	2	-	1 661	8	3	11	-	2
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	-	7	2	-	1 568	4	10	9	-	9
Madbury town, Strafford County	1	7	5	-	1 474	7	11	24	-	9
Madison town, Carroll County	-	14	1	-	1 958	1	27	5	-	11
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	359	335	238	31	99 784	2 820	782	2 857	102	2 640
Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	2	3	1	-	1 085	8	7	6	-	-
Marlborough town, Cheshire County	3	6	4	-	1 997	11	11	14	-	1
Marlow town, Cheshire County	-	3	2	-	746	3	7	5	3	-
Marfins location, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mason town, Hillsborough County	1	7	-	-	1 134	3	8	5	5	1
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	1	9	3	-	1 709	13	20	15	-	7
Meredith town, Belknap County	2	29	5	-	5 870	22	45	41	4	22
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	32	31	70	2	24 434	235	86	458	15	91
Middleton town, Strafford County	-	7	-	-	1 427	2	10	8	-	1
Milan town, Coos County	-	4	-	-	1 321	2	8	1	-	4
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	34	27	19	-	8 103	120	36	107	10	25
Milford town, Hillsborough County	38	44	23	-	13 234	166	66	156	14	50
Millsfield township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-
Milton town, Strafford County	4	22	10	-	3 877	15	39	22	4	11
Monroe town, Grafton County	6	7	4	-	758	6	7	5	-	-
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	3	8	4	-	2 021	6	11	9	-	3
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	3	12	5	-	4 442	11	23	30	1	5
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	232	153	228	19	78 393	2 131	527	3 695	73	3 167
Nelson town, Cheshire County	1	4	1	-	627	7	8	1	-	2
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	7	7	14	1	4 090	27	16	29	-	15
Newbury town, Merrimack County	3	8	-	-	1 687	10	9	2	-	7
New Castle town, Rockingham County	1	4	4	-	999	8	5	10	-	2
New Durham town, Strafford County	1	11	-	-	2 193	6	15	12	-	8
Newfields town, Rockingham County	3	-	6	-	1 532	5	-	19	-	8
New Hampton town, Belknap County	2	15	6	-	1 934	8	20	20	11	7
Newington town, Rockingham County	2	1	1	1	750	17	4	9	-	2
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	4	4	10	-	4 254	18	15	32	5	9
New London town, Merrimack County	2	7	6	-	4 064	12	9	38	2	9
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	13	20	17	1	4 871	66	35	182	2	63
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	18	31	31	1	7 653	79	50	297	4	75
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	6	26	3	-	3 979	20	39	11	1	10
Newport town, Sullivan County	8	41	5	-	6 215	24	60	30	1	20
Newton town, Rockingham County	7	15	5	1	4 231	38	23	9	3	19
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	2	16	4	-	1 993	11	23	51	-	18
Northfield town, Merrimack County	8	21	8	-	4 508	16	33	27	-	13
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	1	6	5	-	4 205	18	9	34	1	11
Northumberland town, Coos County	3	12	6	1	2 422	4	20	14	-	2
Northwood town, Rockingham County	3	17	7	-	3 581	14	29	32	5	11
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	3	7	2	-	3 655	10	14	23	1	12
Odell township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Orange town, Grafton County	-	-	-	-	298	-	-	1	-	-
Orford town, Grafton County	-	4	-	-	1 068	1	7	7	-	18
Ossipee town, Carroll County	5	34	7	-	4 175	12	52	17	2	7
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	8	22	24	4	10 689	62	59	142	-	43
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	10	33	13	-	6 823	42	59	41	-	16
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	2	6	-	6	2 882	20	20	30	1	10
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	4	9	2	6	5 732	48	25	82	4	32
Piermont town, Grafton County	1	6	-	-	705	2	6	2	-	1
Pinarville CDP, Hillsborough County	6	25	9	-	5 682	23	41	46	6	35
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pittsburg town, Coos County	2	-	1	-	859	3	5	1	-	6
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	3	19	2	-	1 655	14	27	6	4	3
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	6	41	2	-	3 893	28	50	10	4	19
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	-	6	1	-	2 210	6	15	10	1	11
Plaisow town, Rockingham County	11	8	10	3	7 658	31	19	49	2	32
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	6	8	10	-	3 455	24	11	45	4	32
Plymouth town, Grafton County	18	30	20	-	5 775	49	40	72	4	47
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	83	53	62	6	19 683	554	123	607	19	102
Randolph town, Coos County	-	2	-	-	332	3	3	4	-	3
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	1	16	9	-	2 807	12	26	19	-	12
Raymond town, Rockingham County	8	42	16	-	9 548	65	69	36	5	44
Richmond town, Cheshire County	1	5	3	-	1 063	5	12	5	-	5
Rindge town, Cheshire County	6	9	9	1	5 338	71	19	27	1	36
Rochester city, Strafford County	53	94	54	3	27 899	215	171	320	20	129
Rollinsford town, Strafford County	5	8	5	-	2 611	26	10	19	-	7
Roxbury town, Cheshire County	1	-	-	-	236	1	-	1	-	1
Rumney town, Grafton County	2	1	2	-	1 456	8	9	8	1	3
Rye town, Rockingham County	5	11	7	-	5 142	13	16	31	-	9
Salem town, Rockingham County	35	55	54	2	26 981	202	124	710	24	377
Salisbury town, Merrimack County	2	7	-	-	1 122	11	7	5	2	2

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Selected combinations of two races				Race alone or in combination with one or more other races					
	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.										
Sanbornton town, Belknap County	2	21	-	-	2 557	6	26	13	-	4
Sandown town, Rockingham County	2	21	3	-	5 098	14	28	11	1	28
Sandwich town, Carroll County	1	11	-	-	1 270	9	15	4	-	-
Sargents purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seabrook town, Rockingham County	6	22	21	1	7 812	38	43	68	1	55
Second College grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sharon town, Hillsborough County	-	-	2	-	351	2	2	7	1	-
Shelburne town, Coos County	-	6	-	-	376	-	7	2	-	2
Somersworth city, Strafford County	33	47	15	1	11 187	127	79	152	3	122
South Hampton town, Rockingham County	4	3	-	-	834	9	3	1	4	-
South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	11	8	12	-	5 095	53	16	136	4	24
Springfield town, Sullivan County	1	-	-	-	938	1	3	2	-	5
Stark town, Coos County	-	5	-	-	508	-	5	7	-	1
Stewartstown town, Coos County	-	1	1	-	1 011	-	2	1	-	6
Stoddard town, Cheshire County	-	2	2	-	906	3	14	7	1	5
Strafford town, Strafford County	8	16	6	-	3 605	13	21	15	3	3
Strafford town, Coos County	-	20	-	-	927	3	37	-	-	8
Stratham town, Rockingham County	2	10	13	5	6 269	20	23	74	4	26
Success township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	-	-	-	-	555	-	-	7	-	2
Sullivan town, Cheshire County	-	1	-	-	736	1	8	2	-	1
Sunapee town, Sullivan County	1	17	2	-	3 017	9	29	13	1	16
Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	13	32	10	-	5 281	50	59	37	4	17
Surry town, Cheshire County	-	4	1	-	666	-	8	3	-	2
Sutton town, Merrimack County	-	12	-	-	1 524	2	18	7	1	11
Swanzy town, Cheshire County	10	10	7	1	6 719	27	28	48	2	16
Tamworth town, Carroll County	1	20	1	-	2 486	6	26	6	-	12
Temple town, Hillsborough County	-	5	1	-	1 278	4	9	5	1	7
Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thornton town, Grafton County	4	16	-	-	1 823	9	19	5	2	10
Tilton town, Belknap County	3	34	9	-	3 416	5	61	38	3	21
Tilton-Northfield CDP	1	36	10	-	3 179	6	56	40	-	18
Belknap County (part)	1	24	7	-	1 615	3	38	23	-	15
Merrimack County (part)	-	12	3	-	1 564	3	18	17	-	3
Troy town, Cheshire County	3	3	1	-	1 947	4	9	4	-	11
Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	3	10	3	-	2 136	3	19	11	1	6
Unity town, Sullivan County	2	2	1	-	1 527	3	2	3	-	2
Wakefield town, Carroll County	10	18	3	-	4 211	15	37	12	-	14
Walpole town, Cheshire County	5	13	6	-	3 571	10	22	12	1	16
Warner town, Merrimack County	2	16	8	-	2 743	4	24	14	-	5
Warren town, Grafton County	3	5	-	-	863	6	10	8	-	14
Washington town, Sullivan County	-	10	-	1	891	1	14	-	-	2
Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	-	-	-	-	250	-	-	5	-	2
Weare town, Hillsborough County	5	26	6	-	7 687	20	43	47	1	35
Webster town, Merrimack County	3	3	1	-	1 569	5	4	8	-	2
Wentworth town, Grafton County	1	7	2	-	791	5	7	4	-	4
Wentworth location, Coos County	4	-	-	-	44	4	-	-	-	-
Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	-	3	1	-	1 716	6	8	15	1	8
West Swanzy CDP, Cheshire County	2	4	-	-	1 103	8	8	6	-	4
Whitefield CDP, Coos County	-	10	-	-	1 082	4	12	1	-	2
Whitefield town, Coos County	-	13	-	-	2 014	4	20	7	-	8
Wilmot town, Merrimack County	2	4	3	-	1 134	3	5	10	1	1
Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	1	7	2	-	1 219	2	11	10	-	7
Wilton town, Hillsborough County	3	16	11	1	3 685	19	27	30	-	21
Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	3	10	5	1	1 799	16	26	12	2	4
Winchester town, Cheshire County	4	24	5	1	4 080	23	53	25	4	17
Windham town, Rockingham County	8	4	39	-	10 447	44	13	210	13	60
Windsor town, Hillsborough County	-	2	1	-	198	3	2	1	-	-
Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	-	2	2	-	2 963	6	4	8	-	5
Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	1	5	2	1	6 042	13	10	24	-	8
Woodstock town, Grafton County	2	9	3	-	1 125	3	13	8	-	9
Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	-	-	-	-	1 065	9	5	1	4	2

Table 7. Households and Families: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Family households							Nonfamily households			Average size	
	Total			Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Householder living alone			Households	Families
	Total households	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Total	65 years and over		
The State	474 606	323 651	48.9	262 438	45.9	42 952	63.5	150 955	116 014	40 484	2.53	3.03
Belknap County	22 459	15 501	44.0	12 499	39.4	2 074	65.0	6 958	5 480	2 188	2.45	2.91
Alton town	1 825	1 295	40.5	1 107	36.8	121	63.6	530	434	189	2.47	2.93
Barnstead town	1 422	1 096	45.3	942	42.8	89	53.9	326	242	75	2.73	3.08
Belmont town	2 641	1 868	46.5	1 481	42.2	268	66.0	773	582	212	2.54	2.95
Center Harbor town	414	293	40.3	239	35.1	39	61.5	121	91	39	2.38	2.75
Gilford town	2 766	2 018	42.2	1 712	38.3	225	61.3	748	599	249	2.46	2.85
Gilmanston town	1 165	900	42.9	801	41.1	64	54.7	265	200	67	2.62	2.96
Laconia city	6 724	4 170	45.2	3 122	38.7	751	68.4	2 554	2 036	824	2.32	2.87
Meredith town	2 447	1 697	41.8	1 354	36.0	238	67.2	750	615	264	2.38	2.80
Meredith CDP	710	446	49.8	306	40.5	106	68.9	264	215	83	2.31	2.83
New Hampton town	726	539	47.1	452	44.9	49	53.1	187	136	59	2.68	3.06
Sanbornton town	969	749	42.7	627	40.7	86	54.7	220	163	63	2.66	2.97
Tilton town	1 360	876	47.1	662	39.9	144	70.8	484	382	147	2.39	2.89
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	612	361	51.2	252	43.7	79	69.6	251	203	78	2.33	2.94
Carroll County	18 351	12 312	40.9	10 145	36.1	1 435	64.2	6 039	4 881	2 041	2.35	2.82
Albany town	262	183	49.7	135	40.0	28	82.1	79	61	19	2.48	2.85
Bartlett town	1 206	745	42.8	582	36.1	111	69.4	461	350	110	2.23	2.73
Brookfield town	236	180	40.0	157	37.6	6	62.5	56	43	17	2.56	2.93
Chatham town	107	71	43.7	61	39.3	6	100.0	36	29	9	2.43	2.94
Conway town	3 714	2 244	45.5	1 726	39.9	354	63.6	1 470	1 158	443	2.27	2.85
Conway CDP	754	435	45.7	321	38.6	71	67.6	319	273	119	2.23	2.90
North Conway CDP	1 002	488	45.1	333	35.7	113	68.1	514	411	157	2.02	2.75
Eaton town	157	112	42.0	96	40.6	12	58.3	45	37	11	2.38	2.85
Effingham town	490	336	42.3	262	37.4	52	55.8	154	114	37	2.43	2.88
Freedom town	602	402	29.4	356	25.6	29	58.6	200	169	73	2.15	2.60
Hale's location	29	27	3.7	26	3.8	1	-	2	2	1	2.00	2.07
Hart's Location town	15	10	50.0	10	50.0	-	(X)	5	4	1	2.47	3.10
Jackson town	377	241	32.8	218	30.7	19	52.6	136	102	39	2.18	2.67
Madison town	777	560	45.9	466	44.0	56	53.6	217	167	61	2.55	2.97
Moultonborough town	1 884	1 377	35.1	1 200	31.5	113	61.9	507	447	184	2.36	2.77
Ossipee town	1 672	1 154	42.9	915	37.5	153	68.0	518	423	192	2.43	2.90
Sandwich town	564	391	37.6	337	33.8	36	69.4	173	151	77	2.28	2.72
Tamworth town	1 074	676	46.3	544	41.5	82	61.0	398	308	120	2.33	2.86
Tuftonboro town	926	666	33.2	582	29.6	49	59.2	260	212	89	2.32	2.68
Wakefield town	1 685	1 214	43.1	1 012	38.7	134	63.4	471	368	173	2.52	2.92
Wolfeboro town	2 574	1 723	38.9	1 460	34.2	184	67.4	851	736	385	2.32	2.83
Wolfeboro CDP	1 304	793	37.3	661	31.9	97	69.1	511	439	229	2.20	2.78
Cheshire County	28 299	18 784	46.1	15 129	42.4	2 550	62.1	9 515	7 217	2 720	2.47	2.96
Alstead town	771	534	48.5	437	44.9	69	62.3	237	189	62	2.51	2.99
Chesterfield town	1 366	1 005	44.5	867	42.7	94	56.4	361	279	90	2.59	3.01
Dublin town	560	418	43.5	366	40.7	37	59.5	142	118	37	2.51	2.89
Fitzwilliam town	836	586	46.6	491	45.6	64	51.6	250	187	62	2.56	3.00
Gilsum town	310	220	37.3	182	34.6	27	44.4	90	74	20	2.48	2.90
Harrisville town	449	306	45.8	248	39.5	40	70.0	143	119	35	2.39	2.87
Hinsdale town	1 622	1 088	48.1	837	41.6	167	68.3	534	402	161	2.52	3.00
Hinsdale CDP	707	431	49.4	321	42.7	71	70.4	276	218	100	2.42	3.04
Jaffrey town	2 120	1 464	49.0	1 117	44.8	239	60.7	656	518	176	2.50	2.98
Jaffrey CDP	1 157	730	51.9	507	46.4	155	67.1	427	348	113	2.41	3.01
Keene city	8 955	5 083	45.7	3 920	40.6	872	65.1	3 872	2 819	1 112	2.27	2.86
Marlborough town	829	565	42.8	467	40.3	66	51.5	264	215	80	2.42	2.88
Marlborough CDP	467	295	42.4	230	39.1	47	53.2	172	143	54	2.33	2.86
Marlow town	292	222	43.7	196	41.8	16	62.5	70	50	20	2.56	2.89
Nelson town	247	162	51.2	147	50.3	10	60.0	85	65	16	2.57	3.19
Richmond town	379	285	46.7	256	44.9	17	58.8	94	73	22	2.82	3.22
Rindge town	1 502	1 139	50.5	982	48.8	99	58.6	363	280	80	2.87	3.30
Roxbury town	89	66	43.9	60	43.3	6	50.0	23	18	5	2.66	3.12
Stoddard town	400	268	34.0	234	30.8	17	64.7	132	101	37	2.32	2.76
Sullivan town	282	209	41.6	167	35.3	23	65.2	73	54	14	2.65	3.00
Surry town	268	207	39.6	187	36.4	16	68.8	61	50	21	2.51	2.84
Swanzey town	2 666	1 873	47.0	1 520	43.4	245	60.0	793	599	225	2.55	2.97
West Swanzey CDP	485	304	47.4	214	39.3	71	64.8	181	150	61	2.31	2.83
Troy town	733	528	48.9	408	47.8	82	56.1	205	146	56	2.68	3.09
Walpole town	1 490	1 016	45.4	816	41.7	137	57.7	474	398	183	2.41	2.90
Westmoreland town	576	445	40.9	401	40.6	22	59.1	131	100	45	2.57	2.92
Winchester town	1 557	1 095	47.6	823	42.4	185	66.5	462	363	161	2.61	3.03
Winchester CDP	690	467	53.5	327	46.8	104	70.2	223	180	90	2.63	3.12
Coos County	13 961	9 164	42.8	7 302	37.4	1 227	65.3	4 797	4 019	1 970	2.33	2.82
Atkinson and Gilmanston Academy grant	7	4	25.0	4	25.0	-	(X)	3	3	2	1.71	2.25
Beans grant	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Beans purchase	3	1	-	1	-	-	(X)	2	2	2	1.33	2.00
Berlin city	4 555	2 902	41.1	2 213	34.3	491	64.4	1 653	1 447	793	2.22	2.74
Cambridge township	5	3	66.7	3	66.7	-	(X)	2	2	1	2.00	2.67
Carroll town	279	190	35.8	157	29.9	22	72.7	89	71	28	2.34	2.76
Chandler's purchase	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Clarksville town	118	88	40.9	79	38.0	3	66.7	30	23	7	2.47	2.80
Colebrook town	1 035	608	42.8	478	35.4	84	76.2	427	352	148	2.20	2.76
Columbia town	300	218	43.6	180	37.8	23	69.6	82	64	24	2.49	2.82
Crawfords purchase	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Cutts grant	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Dalton town	374	254	42.5	210	38.1	25	56.0	120	90	50	2.48	2.95
Dix's grant	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Dixville township	10	10	40.0	10	40.0	-	(X)	-	-	-	2.80	2.80
Dummer town	128	102	38.2	83	33.7	14	50.0	26	25	7	2.40	2.73
Errol town	137	90	30.0	83	26.5	3	66.7	47	34	13	2.15	2.56
Erving's location	1	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	1	1	-	1.00	-
Gorham town	1 293	802	42.9	668	40.4	84	60.7	491	427	231	2.24	2.84
Gorham CDP	799	488	40.8	404	38.1	54	57.4	311	266	129	2.21	2.81
Greens grant	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Hadley's purchase	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Jefferson town	407	295	38.6	254	35.0	21	57.1	112	83	28	2.47	2.84

Table 7. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Family households							Nonfamily households			Average size	
	Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Total	Householder living alone		House- holds	Families	
	Total households	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years		Total	Total			65 years and over
Coos County—Con.												
Kilkenny township	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lancaster town	1 286	867	48.1	679	42.1	135	68.1	419	349	173	2.43	2.94
Lancaster CDP	706	429	53.6	306	45.1	99	73.7	277	237	119	2.34	3.00
Low and Burbanks grant	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Martins location	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milan town	532	389	43.4	332	39.5	29	72.4	143	114	42	2.50	2.92
Millsfield township	8	5	20.0	3	33.3	2	-	3	3	2	2.75	3.80
Northumberland town	989	667	47.8	507	41.4	100	64.0	322	264	134	2.47	2.91
Groveton CDP	514	324	48.8	236	41.9	62	64.5	190	166	96	2.33	2.90
Odell township	4	1	-	1	-	-	(X)	3	3	2	1.25	2.00
Pinkhams grant	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pittsburg town	386	264	32.6	228	28.9	17	41.2	122	103	57	2.24	2.67
Randolph town	146	105	36.2	101	34.7	2	100.0	41	35	13	2.31	2.74
Sargents purchase	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Second College grant	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shelburne town	156	114	43.0	106	44.3	4	50.0	42	32	10	2.43	2.85
Stark town	194	147	43.5	119	40.3	13	69.2	47	34	15	2.65	2.99
Stewartstown town	371	242	48.3	187	42.8	29	79.3	129	103	36	2.42	2.91
Stratford town	397	235	45.1	169	38.5	48	60.4	162	127	43	2.37	3.03
Success township	1	1	-	1	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	2.00	2.00
Thompson and Meserves purchase	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wentworth location	20	13	23.1	10	20.0	1	100.0	7	6	-	2.20	2.69
Whitefield town	819	547	47.9	436	43.8	77	66.2	272	222	109	2.40	2.90
Whitefield CDP	433	273	50.9	209	45.9	44	72.7	160	135	76	2.36	2.95
Grafton County	31 598	20 266	46.0	16 543	41.7	2 624	64.9	11 332	8 644	3 010	2.38	2.90
Alexandria town	504	386	41.2	326	37.1	38	52.6	118	85	30	2.64	2.94
Ashland town	853	515	47.8	379	39.6	99	66.7	338	265	83	2.29	2.85
Bath town	350	253	41.1	215	35.8	23	82.6	97	76	41	2.55	2.96
Benton town	91	60	46.7	51	45.1	6	50.0	31	26	10	2.43	2.95
Bethlehem town	924	589	49.7	471	43.5	84	72.6	335	257	73	2.35	2.88
Bridgewater town	414	290	35.5	255	32.9	27	48.1	124	99	51	2.35	2.78
Bristol town	1 219	830	45.9	650	39.5	134	67.2	389	302	111	2.47	2.94
Bristol CDP	692	458	48.3	333	39.0	98	72.4	234	196	83	2.39	2.90
Campton town	1 128	759	44.9	618	40.8	93	66.7	369	282	92	2.41	2.89
Canaan town	1 279	930	50.0	770	46.1	108	64.8	349	268	96	2.59	3.00
Dorchester town	132	99	47.5	79	43.0	13	69.2	33	26	8	2.67	3.02
Easton town	117	84	33.3	68	26.5	12	66.7	33	27	8	2.19	2.54
Ellsworth town	32	19	57.9	17	58.8	-	(X)	13	6	4	2.72	3.37
Enfield town	1 975	1 292	42.8	1 068	39.3	149	56.4	683	494	138	2.33	2.78
Enfield CDP	977	450	46.0	343	40.2	79	62.0	307	245	80	2.22	2.79
Franconia town	384	243	42.8	205	38.0	30	70.0	141	111	33	2.23	2.76
Grafton town	455	306	47.1	259	42.9	22	72.7	149	116	31	2.50	3.01
Groton town	175	127	41.7	114	37.7	5	100.0	48	37	10	2.61	2.98
Hanover town	2 832	1 761	50.1	1 577	47.9	135	73.3	1 071	734	267	2.47	2.96
Hanover CDP	1 829	967	49.6	856	47.5	87	70.1	862	565	206	2.37	2.95
Haverhill town	1 755	1 147	43.3	924	39.8	152	54.6	608	490	227	2.38	2.91
Woodsville CDP	457	284	45.1	201	38.8	61	60.7	173	141	56	2.36	2.90
Hebron town	206	146	28.8	130	23.8	12	83.3	60	48	21	2.23	2.60
Holderness town	768	546	43.2	470	39.8	45	66.7	222	165	56	2.48	2.91
Landaff town	154	108	41.7	95	40.0	10	50.0	46	33	17	2.45	2.88
Lebanon city	5 500	3 178	48.9	2 506	43.8	518	67.6	2 322	1 854	577	2.23	2.87
Lincoln town	583	324	41.0	253	37.2	52	55.8	259	208	74	2.18	2.83
Lisbon town	629	427	48.0	334	43.1	63	63.5	202	154	54	2.52	3.00
Lisbon CDP	420	284	50.0	219	44.3	44	65.9	136	104	37	2.55	3.04
Littleton town	2 514	1 588	47.5	1 206	41.5	289	66.1	926	783	318	2.31	2.87
Littleton CDP	1 956	1 170	48.7	853	41.5	245	68.2	786	680	272	2.25	2.88
Livermore town	1	-	-	1	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	3.00	3.00
Lyman town	211	150	34.7	129	31.0	10	60.0	61	44	9	2.31	2.64
Lyme town	678	475	44.6	414	42.0	43	60.5	203	168	59	2.46	2.96
Monroe town	310	232	37.1	204	33.8	17	58.8	78	65	36	2.45	2.82
Orange town	111	85	43.5	66	43.9	9	44.4	26	17	5	2.69	2.98
Orford town	470	309	40.5	261	37.5	33	51.5	161	129	43	2.32	2.84
Piermont town	294	199	40.7	165	38.2	23	47.8	75	56	23	2.41	2.90
Plymouth town	1 678	941	52.4	728	48.5	164	66.5	737	454	148	2.51	3.05
Plymouth CDP	723	310	52.9	246	52.4	50	58.0	413	199	36	2.58	3.12
Rumney town	569	394	43.1	327	41.0	36	58.3	175	132	50	2.55	3.00
Sugar Hill town	258	164	34.8	145	35.9	12	41.7	94	77	31	2.18	2.72
Thornton town	759	507	44.4	429	38.5	50	78.0	252	160	50	2.43	2.86
Warren town	355	228	44.7	183	39.9	33	66.7	127	100	39	2.46	2.98
Waterville Valley town	121	75	44.0	55	34.5	11	81.8	46	42	8	2.12	2.72
Wentworth town	310	220	45.0	186	42.5	23	56.5	90	66	26	2.57	3.04
Woodstock town	500	279	52.0	210	46.2	41	65.9	221	169	50	2.28	2.92
Hillsborough County	144 455	98 855	51.4	79 432	48.9	13 727	63.1	45 600	35 166	11 334	2.58	3.10
Amherst town	3 590	3 067	55.7	2 811	54.9	166	67.5	523	410	142	3.00	3.26
Antrim town	932	624	52.7	516	47.9	73	78.1	308	242	92	2.62	3.17
Antrim CDP	526	342	58.5	270	52.2	53	83.0	184	154	69	2.62	3.25
Bedford town	6 251	5 124	51.1	4 680	50.7	315	59.0	1 127	879	372	2.85	3.17
Bennington town	552	356	52.8	287	49.8	44	65.9	196	148	30	2.54	3.18
Brookline town	1 343	1 147	60.8	1 030	60.9	77	64.9	196	142	42	3.11	3.36
Deering town	713	518	47.3	437	43.7	50	72.0	195	163	67	2.52	2.95
Francestown town	552	419	45.6	369	45.0	33	48.5	133	94	35	2.68	3.04
Goffstown town	5 641	4 054	49.2	3 411	47.4	440	57.0	1 587	1 171	495	2.64	3.07
Pinardville CDP	1 932	1 234	43.5	969	39.9	186	57.0	698	499	207	2.44	2.91
Greenfield town	563	406	53.9	338	49.4	45	77.8	157	110	24	2.69	3.12
Greenville town	879	556	52.0	432	49.5	84	60.7	323	258	94	2.53	3.16
Greenville CDP	465	280	52.5	220	49.1	41	61.0	185	159	74	2.43	3.15
Hancock town	706	495	44.4	442	42.1	36	72.2	211	177	73	2.46	2.94
Hillsborough town	1 922	1 313	49.3	1 035	44.3	193	67.4	609	457	153	2.55	3.02
Hillsborough CDP	760	455	51.6	312	42.3	113	72.6	305	242	86	2.38	3.01
Hollis town	2 440	2 024	50.6	1 828	50.6	141	49.6	416	326	117	2.88	3.16
Hudson town	8 034	6 261	52.7	5 204	51.2	721	61.0	1 773	1 309	322	2.83	3.17
Hudson CDP	3 063	2 106	48.4	1 604	45.7	342	57.6	957	740	211	2.55	3.02

Table 7. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Family households							Nonfamily households			Average size	
	Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Householder living alone			House- holds	Families	
	Total households	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Total			65 years and over
										Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	
Hillsborough County—Con.												
Litchfield town	2 357	2 031	62.0	1 775	61.7	175	64.6	326	224	32	3.12	3.35
Lyndeborough town	560	420	49.5	379	47.5	27	66.7	140	92	32	2.83	3.20
Manchester city	44 247	26 114	49.8	18 843	45.2	5 193	64.3	18 133	14 042	4 569	2.36	3.00
Mason town	433	328	42.1	285	41.1	24	37.5	105	78	27	2.65	3.02
Merrimack town	8 832	6 982	53.0	6 019	51.8	685	63.5	1 850	1 398	335	2.84	3.19
East Merrimack CDP	1 667	990	47.8	706	41.1	200	66.5	677	536	172	2.26	2.86
Milford town	5 201	3 549	54.6	2 848	51.5	509	67.4	1 652	1 305	406	2.58	3.11
Milford CDP	3 379	2 098	54.3	1 618	49.8	350	70.0	1 281	1 024	333	2.42	3.05
Wilton CDP (part)	33	20	60.0	15	46.7	4	100.0	13	8	5	2.70	3.40
Mont Vernon town	693	576	52.1	511	51.3	39	56.4	117	84	42	2.90	3.17
Nashua city	34 614	22 083	49.5	17 079	46.2	3 606	62.0	12 531	9 797	3 022	2.46	3.05
New Boston town	1 434	1 163	54.7	1 008	53.8	107	57.9	271	178	38	2.88	3.15
New Ipswich town	1 350	1 090	56.5	939	57.0	97	56.7	260	205	75	3.16	3.55
Pelham town	3 606	2 983	52.8	2 588	52.9	272	53.7	623	464	204	3.03	3.33
Peterborough town	2 346	1 532	49.9	1 209	44.3	263	73.4	814	676	279	2.37	2.94
Peterborough CDP	1 225	719	48.5	537	41.7	151	70.9	506	423	176	2.21	2.88
Sharon town	138	113	45.1	101	45.5	8	50.0	25	20	5	2.61	2.88
Temple town	440	347	53.6	297	52.9	29	51.7	93	72	23	2.91	3.24
Weare town	2 618	2 119	59.6	1 860	58.8	147	68.0	499	352	67	2.97	3.28
Wilton town	1 410	1 023	50.5	840	48.7	126	65.9	387	278	115	2.65	3.06
Wilton CDP (part)	470	301	48.2	224	46.9	49	55.1	169	124	55	2.44	2.93
Windsor town	58	38	44.7	31	45.2	2	100.0	20	15	5	2.40	2.89
Merrimack County												
Allenstown town	1 902	1 254	52.5	965	49.2	190	62.6	648	517	215	2.53	3.06
Suncook CDP (part)	887	476	45.2	371	41.5	78	61.5	415	353	177	2.18	2.96
Andover town	823	609	45.5	508	42.3	63	61.9	214	169	61	2.55	2.90
Boscawen town	1 260	913	48.4	693	43.6	160	64.4	347	268	100	2.57	2.97
Bow town	2 304	2 045	55.4	1 866	54.9	135	59.3	259	197	84	3.10	3.28
Bradford town	559	403	47.6	322	42.9	63	63.5	156	113	43	2.56	2.96
Canterbury town	749	590	43.1	502	41.2	58	55.2	159	113	37	2.64	2.91
Chichester town	823	638	48.0	556	46.4	54	64.8	185	141	52	2.71	3.04
Concord city	16 281	9 630	51.7	7 215	46.2	1 857	70.3	6 651	5 324	1 820	2.30	2.95
Danbury town	435	310	43.5	251	37.8	38	65.8	125	91	30	2.46	2.84
Dunbarton town	814	649	49.6	601	48.6	29	65.5	165	115	26	2.73	3.03
Epsom town	1 491	1 104	46.2	954	42.8	103	68.0	387	294	111	2.62	3.01
Franklin city	3 319	2 195	48.9	1 538	40.1	471	70.7	1 124	896	354	2.47	2.95
Henniker town	1 585	1 019	58.0	798	54.4	145	70.3	566	416	141	2.53	3.09
Henniker CDP	541	292	56.8	217	50.7	56	75.0	249	188	74	2.23	2.91
Hill town	382	272	46.3	221	43.4	32	59.4	110	81	31	2.60	3.01
Hooksett town	4 147	3 033	49.5	2 514	47.6	362	59.7	1 114	812	276	2.63	3.04
Hooksett CDP	1 484	1 021	48.1	772	44.2	186	61.8	463	358	87	2.43	2.88
South Hooksett CDP	1 645	1 231	50.4	1 041	48.8	120	59.2	414	278	98	2.71	3.09
Hopkinton town	2 084	1 545	47.4	1 356	45.0	128	62.5	539	424	201	2.59	3.01
Contoocook CDP	590	394	48.0	328	44.2	44	70.5	196	162	74	2.45	3.04
Loudon town	1 611	1 257	49.8	1 046	47.4	146	61.0	354	245	58	2.78	3.08
Newbury town	691	508	41.7	439	39.4	48	62.5	183	143	55	2.46	2.84
New London town	1 574	1 052	28.9	954	27.6	78	41.0	522	462	295	2.16	2.63
Northfield town	1 706	1 212	53.6	914	49.1	196	66.3	494	345	121	2.63	3.03
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	629	398	54.3	263	47.9	91	63.7	231	169	80	2.51	3.03
Pembroke town	2 661	1 876	52.9	1 482	49.0	278	66.5	611	491	194	2.59	3.06
Suncook CDP (part)	1 451	910	51.4	655	44.3	188	71.3	541	432	130	2.36	2.93
Pittsfield town	1 498	1 056	50.6	779	42.7	201	73.6	442	338	115	2.62	3.05
Pittsfield CDP	671	434	54.6	292	44.2	103	76.7	237	190	70	2.49	3.02
Salisbury town	435	325	42.5	300	41.0	18	55.6	110	74	27	2.61	3.00
Sutton town	621	457	40.7	404	38.4	37	56.8	164	130	47	2.47	2.88
Warner town	1 048	728	47.8	593	43.7	93	63.4	320	263	86	2.51	3.01
Webster town	581	464	43.8	397	42.3	43	53.5	177	84	27	2.71	2.99
Wilmot town	459	329	47.7	278	43.5	34	79.4	130	103	34	2.49	2.93
Rockingham County												
Atkinson town	104 529	74 358	50.5	62 165	49.1	8 549	59.2	30 171	23 040	7 294	2.63	3.11
Auburn town	2 317	1 777	42.4	1 593	42.1	151	45.8	540	441	148	2.66	3.08
Brentwood town	1 580	1 322	53.0	1 186	53.3	82	50.0	258	186	52	2.96	3.22
Candia town	911	778	53.0	692	51.7	62	61.3	133	98	33	2.99	3.22
Chester town	1 359	1 109	49.1	979	49.1	71	53.5	250	172	43	2.88	3.14
Danville town	1 214	1 011	54.0	890	52.8	80	63.8	203	143	52	3.09	3.38
Deerfield town	1 428	1 123	53.8	976	53.7	97	58.8	305	236	59	2.82	3.18
Derry town	1 225	986	53.9	870	53.6	65	53.8	239	158	47	2.98	3.27
Derry CDP	12 327	8 785	59.7	6 948	57.5	1 312	70.4	3 542	2 668	610	2.74	3.24
Derry CDP	8 670	5 739	59.2	4 313	55.8	1 043	71.7	2 931	2 253	526	2.59	3.18
East Kingston town	629	508	47.4	465	47.5	29	48.3	121	85	27	2.84	3.13
Epping town	2 047	1 473	49.7	1 223	46.5	174	70.7	574	431	145	2.67	3.12
Epping CDP	703	440	46.1	350	40.0	63	74.6	263	215	88	2.37	2.97
Exeter town	5 898	3 718	49.2	3 006	45.9	522	64.4	2 180	1 842	808	2.32	2.94
Exeter CDP	4 233	2 540	49.6	1 995	45.5	401	65.8	1 693	1 429	556	2.25	2.92
Fremont town	1 165	983	52.2	863	51.7	67	53.7	182	121	41	2.99	3.20
Greenland town	1 204	892	48.9	752	48.8	98	52.0	312	231	77	2.65	3.07
Hampstead town	3 044	2 280	54.9	2 016	53.4	184	66.3	764	629	185	2.72	3.19
Hampton town	6 465	4 033	41.8	3 269	38.6	560	57.5	2 432	1 942	626	2.28	2.86
Hampton CDP	3 800	2 475	44.8	2 064	42.9	312	55.4	1 325	1 077	425	2.36	2.93
Hampton Falls town	704	546	44.7	496	44.4	36	52.8	158	116	55	2.67	3.03
Kensington town	657	533	49.7	479	50.3	38	44.7	124	88	32	2.88	3.18
Kingston town	2 122	1 635	47.3	1 404	46.2	162	51.2	487	370	138	2.76	3.13
Londonderry town	7 623	6 316	60.8	5 402	60.1	658	65.2	1 307	984	254	3.05	3.36
Londonderry CDP	3 832	3 131	59.2	2 596	57.6	395	68.6	1 701	1 528	133	2.98	3.30
New Castle town	443	314	31.2	273	29.7	22	45.5	129	106	51	2.26	2.65
Newfields town	516	432	58.1	392	57.9	29	69.0	84	51	22	3.01	3.23
Newington town	294	209	39.7	175	36.6	20	55.0	85	64	24	2.55	3.01
Newmarket town	3 379	1 949	50.4	1 541	47.5	280	63.9	1 430	929	217	2.37	2.94
Newmarket CDP	2 297	1 134	49.9	826	45.9	222	62.6	1 163	753	164	2.22	2.86
Newton town	1 518	1 170	52.8	1 003	52.1	110	56.4	348	240	85	2.83	3.19

Table 7. **Households and Families: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total households	Family households						Nonfamily households			Average size	
		Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Total	Householder living alone		House- holds	Families
		Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years		Total	Total		
								Number			Percent with own children under 18 years	Number
Rockingham County—Con.												
Plaistow town	2 871	2 149	47.5	1 725	46.0	308	54.2	722	548	172	2.69	3.10
Portsmouth city	9 875	4 862	40.5	3 730	36.0	850	59.1	5 013	3 846	1 132	2.04	2.75
Raymond town	3 493	2 566	53.9	2 066	51.5	331	60.1	927	663	205	2.77	3.18
Raymond CDP	1 116	739	52.6	567	47.6	111	63.1	377	274	99	2.54	3.06
Rye town	2 176	1 462	40.1	1 245	37.9	166	53.6	714	591	262	2.35	2.87
Salem town	10 402	7 602	47.0	6 303	46.8	907	49.1	2 800	2 201	783	2.69	3.16
Sandown town	1 694	1 382	59.7	1 202	59.4	116	56.9	312	219	53	3.02	3.32
Seabrook town	3 425	2 162	38.5	1 651	35.1	350	51.1	1 263	996	370	2.32	2.85
South Hampton town	301	244	43.0	208	45.2	23	34.8	57	39	19	2.80	3.07
Stratham town	2 306	1 744	53.8	1 556	53.1	139	61.2	562	426	112	2.76	3.18
Windham town	3 568	3 018	53.2	2 755	53.1	168	53.6	550	402	102	2.98	3.25
Strafford County	42 581	27 759	50.0	21 743	45.6	4 278	67.3	14 822	10 555	3 477	2.50	2.98
Barrington town	2 756	2 076	51.5	1 781	48.7	179	67.0	680	465	119	2.71	3.07
Dover city	11 573	6 496	46.9	4 920	42.3	1 195	63.3	5 077	3 593	1 069	2.26	2.87
Durham town	2 882	1 581	51.6	1 392	49.4	139	71.9	1 301	581	190	2.79	3.03
Durham CDP	1 703	728	48.9	634	45.6	71	78.9	975	430	150	2.59	2.91
Farmington town	2 146	1 529	52.3	1 156	47.9	244	69.7	617	458	167	2.68	3.09
Farmington CDP	1 332	904	53.9	642	48.4	180	70.6	428	338	135	2.59	3.07
Lee town	1 466	1 092	60.7	900	57.8	126	77.0	374	260	65	2.81	3.20
Madbury town	534	411	55.0	337	52.8	51	66.7	123	80	28	2.83	3.13
Middleton town	514	389	50.4	324	48.1	34	70.6	125	85	20	2.80	3.13
Milton town	1 456	1 084	49.6	857	44.9	139	66.9	372	272	84	2.69	3.03
New Durham town	819	631	46.9	550	43.6	40	70.0	188	139	46	2.71	3.05
Rochester city	11 434	7 648	49.1	5 819	43.3	1 302	68.6	3 786	2 936	1 099	2.46	2.95
Rollinsford town	1 033	721	48.8	603	48.3	78	50.0	312	230	87	2.56	3.03
Somersworth city	4 687	3 079	51.3	2 227	44.5	646	70.4	1 608	1 263	447	2.44	2.95
Strafford town	1 281	1 022	54.1	877	51.5	105	64.8	259	193	56	2.82	3.14
Sullivan County	16 530	11 179	43.5	9 034	38.4	1 428	65.0	5 351	4 243	1 809	2.41	2.88
Acworth town	318	234	41.9	193	41.5	19	42.1	84	63	24	2.63	3.06
Charlestown town	1 920	1 332	43.9	1 068	39.2	178	64.0	588	459	191	2.46	2.90
Charlestown CDP	468	302	48.3	225	41.3	56	69.6	166	133	53	2.42	2.87
Claremont city	5 685	3 428	45.5	2 587	38.4	587	67.6	2 257	1 831	838	2.28	2.86
Cornish town	645	466	44.6	406	43.3	35	42.9	179	137	48	2.57	3.02
Croydon town	264	194	39.7	153	30.7	22	72.7	70	51	23	2.50	2.71
Goshen town	279	219	42.5	180	40.0	27	59.3	60	48	20	2.63	2.96
Grantham town	924	708	31.5	649	29.6	43	58.1	216	177	66	2.35	2.67
Langdon town	237	175	40.0	155	38.1	13	38.5	62	50	20	2.47	2.85
Lempster town	387	276	42.8	232	39.7	28	53.6	111	85	37	2.51	2.90
Newport town	2 473	1 656	47.6	1 264	41.2	256	68.4	817	636	301	2.49	2.95
Newport CDP	1 581	1 019	49.4	761	43.0	170	68.2	562	440	214	2.47	3.00
Plainfield town	844	663	47.8	574	46.0	59	66.1	181	137	45	2.66	2.98
Springfield town	386	286	40.6	252	36.1	24	75.0	100	77	26	2.45	2.80
Sunapee town	1 294	879	41.5	735	35.8	101	68.3	415	334	113	2.36	2.83
Unity town	504	385	39.7	335	37.6	21	33.3	119	86	22	2.59	2.89
Washington town	370	278	32.0	251	28.3	15	60.0	92	72	35	2.42	2.73

Table 8. Households and Families: 2000

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Total households	Family households						Nonfamily households			Average size	
		Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Householder living alone			House- holds	Families
		Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Total	65 years and over		
											Number	Percent with own children under 18 years
The State	474 606	323 651	48.9	262 438	45.9	42 952	63.5	150 955	116 014	40 484	2.53	3.03
COUNTY												
Belknap County	22 459	15 501	44.0	12 499	39.4	2 074	65.0	6 958	5 480	2 188	2.45	2.91
Carroll County	18 351	12 312	40.9	10 145	36.1	1 435	64.2	6 039	4 881	2 041	2.35	2.82
Cheshire County	28 299	18 784	46.1	15 129	42.4	2 550	62.1	9 515	7 217	2 720	2.47	2.96
Coos County	13 961	9 164	42.8	7 302	37.4	1 227	65.3	4 792	4 019	1 970	2.33	2.82
Grafton County	31 598	20 266	46.0	16 543	41.7	2 624	64.9	11 332	8 644	3 010	2.38	2.90
Hillsborough County	144 455	98 855	51.4	79 432	48.9	13 727	63.1	45 600	35 166	11 334	2.58	3.10
Merrimack County	51 843	35 473	49.6	28 446	45.6	5 060	66.6	16 370	12 769	4 641	2.51	3.00
Rockingham County	104 529	74 358	50.5	62 165	49.1	8 549	59.2	30 171	23 040	7 294	2.63	3.11
Strafford County	42 581	27 759	50.0	21 743	45.6	4 278	67.3	14 822	10 555	3 477	2.50	2.98
Sullivan County	16 530	11 179	43.5	9 034	38.4	1 428	65.0	5 351	4 243	1 809	2.41	2.88
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION												
Acworth town, Sullivan County	318	234	41.9	193	41.5	19	42.1	84	63	24	2.63	3.06
Albany town, Carroll County	262	183	49.7	135	40.0	28	82.1	79	61	19	2.48	2.85
Alexandria town, Grafton County	504	386	41.2	326	37.1	38	52.6	118	85	30	2.64	2.94
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	1 902	1 254	52.5	965	49.2	190	62.6	648	517	215	2.53	3.06
Alstead town, Cheshire County	771	534	48.5	437	44.9	69	62.3	237	189	62	2.51	2.99
Alton town, Belknap County	1 825	1 295	40.5	1 107	36.8	121	63.6	530	434	189	2.47	2.93
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	3 590	3 067	55.7	2 811	54.9	166	67.5	523	410	142	3.00	3.26
Andover town, Merrimack County	823	609	45.5	508	42.3	63	61.9	214	169	61	2.55	2.90
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	526	342	58.5	270	52.2	53	83.0	184	154	69	2.62	3.25
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	932	624	52.7	516	47.9	73	78.1	308	242	92	2.62	3.17
Ashland town, Grafton County	853	515	47.8	379	39.6	99	66.7	338	265	83	2.29	2.85
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	2 317	1 777	42.4	1 593	42.1	131	45.8	540	441	148	2.66	3.08
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County	7	4	25.0	4	25.0	-	(X)	3	3	2	1.71	2.25
Auburn town, Rockingham County	1 580	1 322	53.0	1 186	53.3	82	50.0	258	186	52	2.96	3.22
Barnstead town, Belknap County	1 422	1 096	45.3	942	42.8	89	53.9	326	242	75	2.73	3.08
Barrington town, Strafford County	2 756	2 076	51.5	1 781	48.7	179	67.0	680	465	119	2.71	3.07
Bartlett town, Carroll County	1 206	745	42.8	582	36.1	111	69.4	461	350	110	2.23	2.73
Bath town, Grafton County	350	253	41.1	215	35.8	23	82.6	97	76	41	2.55	2.96
Beans grant, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Beans purchase, Coos County	3	-	-	1	-	-	(X)	2	-	2	1.33	2.00
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	6 251	5 124	51.1	4 680	50.7	315	59.0	1 127	879	372	2.85	3.17
Belmont town, Belknap County	2 641	1 868	46.5	1 481	42.2	268	66.0	773	582	212	2.54	2.95
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	552	356	52.8	287	49.8	44	65.9	196	148	30	2.54	3.18
Benton town, Grafton County	91	60	46.7	51	45.1	6	50.0	31	26	10	2.43	2.95
Berlin city, Coos County	4 555	2 902	41.1	2 213	34.3	491	64.4	1 653	1 447	793	2.22	2.74
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	924	589	49.7	471	43.5	84	72.6	335	257	73	2.35	2.88
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	1 260	913	48.4	693	43.6	160	64.4	347	268	100	2.57	2.97
Bow town, Merrimack County	2 304	2 045	55.4	1 866	54.9	135	59.3	259	197	84	3.10	3.28
Bradford town, Merrimack County	559	403	47.6	322	42.9	63	63.5	156	113	43	2.56	2.96
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	911	778	53.0	692	51.7	62	61.3	133	98	33	2.99	3.22
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	414	290	35.5	255	32.9	27	48.1	124	99	51	2.35	2.78
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	692	458	48.3	333	39.0	98	72.4	234	196	83	2.39	2.90
Bristol town, Grafton County	1 219	830	45.9	650	39.5	134	67.2	389	302	111	2.47	2.94
Brookfield town, Carroll County	236	180	40.0	157	37.6	16	62.5	56	43	17	2.56	2.93
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	1 343	1 147	60.8	1 030	60.9	77	64.9	196	142	42	3.11	3.36
Cambridge township, Coos County	5	3	66.7	3	66.7	-	(X)	2	2	1	2.00	2.67
Campton town, Grafton County	1 128	759	44.9	618	40.8	93	66.7	369	282	92	2.41	2.89
Canaan town, Grafton County	1 279	930	50.0	770	46.1	108	64.8	349	268	96	2.59	3.00
Candia town, Rockingham County	1 359	1 109	49.1	979	49.1	71	53.5	250	172	43	2.88	3.14
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	749	590	43.1	502	41.2	58	55.2	159	113	37	2.64	2.91
Carroll town, Coos County	279	190	35.8	157	29.9	22	72.7	89	71	28	2.34	2.76
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	414	293	40.3	239	35.1	39	61.5	121	91	39	2.38	2.75
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	468	302	48.3	225	41.3	56	69.6	166	133	53	2.42	2.87
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	1 920	1 332	43.9	1 068	39.2	178	64.0	588	459	191	2.46	2.90
Chatham town, Carroll County	107	71	43.7	61	39.3	6	100.0	36	29	9	2.43	2.94
Chester town, Rockingham County	1 214	1 011	54.0	890	52.8	80	63.8	203	143	52	3.09	3.38
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	1 366	1 005	44.5	867	42.7	94	56.4	361	279	90	2.59	3.01
Chichester town, Merrimack County	823	638	48.0	556	46.4	54	64.8	185	141	52	2.71	3.04
Claremont city, Sullivan County	5 685	3 428	45.5	2 587	38.4	587	67.6	2 257	1 831	838	2.28	2.86
Clarksville town, Coos County	118	88	40.9	79	38.0	3	66.7	30	23	7	2.47	2.80
Colebrook town, Coos County	1 035	608	42.8	478	35.4	84	76.2	427	352	148	2.20	2.76
Columbia town, Coos County	300	218	43.6	180	37.8	23	69.6	82	64	24	2.49	2.82
Concord city, Merrimack County	16 281	9 630	51.7	7 215	46.2	1 857	70.3	6 651	5 324	1 820	2.30	2.95
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	590	394	48.0	328	44.2	44	70.5	196	162	74	2.45	3.04
Conway CDP, Carroll County	754	435	45.7	321	38.6	71	67.6	319	273	119	2.23	2.90
Conway town, Carroll County	3 714	2 244	45.5	1 726	39.9	354	63.6	1 470	1 158	443	2.27	2.85
Cornish town, Sullivan County	645	466	44.6	406	43.3	35	42.9	179	137	48	2.57	3.02
Crawford's purchase, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Croydon town, Sullivan County	264	194	39.7	153	30.7	22	72.7	70	51	23	2.50	2.71
Cutts grant, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Dalton town, Coos County	374	254	42.5	210	38.1	25	56.0	120	90	50	2.48	2.95
Danbury town, Merrimack County	435	310	43.5	251	37.8	38	65.8	125	91	30	2.46	2.84
Danville town, Rockingham County	1 428	1 123	53.8	976	53.7	97	58.8	305	236	59	2.82	3.18
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	1 225	986	53.9	870	53.6	65	53.8	239	158	47	2.98	3.27
Deering town, Hillsborough County	713	518	47.3	437	43.7	50	72.0	195	163	67	2.52	2.95
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	8 670	5 739	59.2	4 313	55.8	1 043	71.7	2 931	2 253	526	2.59	3.18
Derry town, Rockingham County	12 327	8 785	59.7	6 948	57.5	1 312	70.4	3 542	2 668	610	2.74	3.24
Dix's grant, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Dixville township, Coos County	10	10	40.0	10	40.0	-	(X)	-	-	-	2.80	2.80
Dorchester town, Grafton County	132	99	47.5	79	43.0	13	69.2	33	26	8	2.67	3.02

Table 8. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Family households						Nonfamily households			Average size		
	Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Householder living alone			Households	Families	
	Total households	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Total			65 years and over
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Dover city, Strafford County	11 573	6 496	46.9	4 920	42.3	1 195	63.3	5 077	3 593	1 069	2.26	2.87
Dublin town, Cheshire County	560	418	43.5	366	40.7	37	59.5	142	118	37	2.51	2.89
Dummer town, Coos County	128	102	38.2	83	33.7	14	50.0	26	25	7	2.40	2.73
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	814	649	49.6	601	48.6	29	65.5	165	115	26	2.73	3.03
Durham CDP, Strafford County	1 703	728	48.9	634	45.6	71	78.9	975	430	150	2.59	2.91
Durham town, Strafford County	2 882	1 581	51.6	1 392	49.4	139	71.9	1 301	581	190	2.79	3.03
East Kingston town, Rockingham County	629	508	47.4	465	47.5	29	48.3	121	85	27	2.84	3.13
East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	1 667	990	47.8	706	41.1	200	66.5	677	536	172	2.26	2.86
Easton town, Grafton County	117	84	33.3	68	26.5	12	66.7	33	27	8	2.19	2.54
Eaton town, Carroll County	157	112	42.0	96	40.6	12	58.3	45	37	11	2.38	2.85
Effingham town, Carroll County	490	336	42.3	262	37.4	52	55.8	154	114	37	2.43	2.88
Ellsworth town, Grafton County	32	19	57.9	17	58.8	-	(X)	13	6	4	2.72	3.37
Enfield CDP, Grafton County	757	450	46.0	343	40.2	79	62.0	307	245	80	2.22	2.79
Enfield town, Grafton County	1 975	1 292	42.8	1 068	39.3	149	56.4	683	494	138	2.33	2.78
Epping CDP, Rockingham County	703	440	46.1	350	40.0	63	74.6	263	215	88	2.37	2.97
Epping town, Rockingham County	2 047	1 473	49.7	1 223	46.5	174	70.7	574	431	145	2.67	3.12
Epsom town, Merrimack County	1 491	1 104	46.2	954	42.8	103	68.0	387	294	111	2.62	3.01
Errol town, Coos County	137	90	30.0	83	26.5	3	66.7	47	34	13	2.15	2.56
Erving location, Coos County	1	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	1	1	-	1.00	-
Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	4 233	2 540	49.6	1 995	45.5	401	65.8	1 693	1 429	556	2.25	2.92
Exeter town, Rockingham County	5 898	3 718	49.2	3 006	45.9	522	64.4	2 180	1 842	808	2.32	2.94
Farmington CDP, Strafford County	1 332	904	53.9	642	48.4	180	70.6	428	338	135	2.59	3.07
Farmington town, Strafford County	2 146	1 529	52.3	1 156	47.9	244	69.7	617	458	167	2.68	3.09
Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	836	586	46.6	491	45.6	64	51.6	260	187	62	2.56	3.02
Francestown town, Hillsborough County	552	419	45.6	369	45.0	33	48.5	133	94	35	2.68	3.04
Franconia town, Grafton County	384	243	42.8	205	38.0	30	70.0	141	111	33	2.23	2.76
Franklin city, Merrimack County	3 319	2 195	48.9	1 538	40.1	471	70.7	1 124	896	354	2.47	2.95
Freedom town, Carroll County	602	402	29.4	356	25.6	29	58.6	200	169	73	2.15	2.60
Fremont town, Rockingham County	1 165	983	52.2	863	51.7	67	53.7	182	121	41	2.99	3.20
Gilford town, Belknap County	2 766	2 018	42.2	1 712	38.3	225	61.3	748	599	249	2.46	2.85
Gilmanton town, Belknap County	1 165	900	42.9	801	41.1	64	54.7	265	200	67	2.62	2.96
Gisum town, Cheshire County	310	220	37.3	182	34.6	27	44.4	90	74	20	2.48	2.90
Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	5 641	4 054	49.2	3 411	47.4	440	57.0	1 587	1 171	495	2.64	3.07
Gorham CDP, Coos County	799	488	40.8	404	38.1	54	57.4	311	266	129	2.21	2.81
Gorham town, Coos County	1 293	802	42.9	668	40.4	84	60.7	491	427	231	2.24	2.84
Goshen town, Sullivan County	279	219	42.5	180	40.0	27	59.3	60	48	20	2.63	2.96
Grafton town, Grafton County	455	306	47.1	259	42.9	22	72.7	149	116	31	2.50	3.01
Grantham town, Sullivan County	924	708	31.5	649	29.6	43	58.1	216	177	66	2.35	2.67
Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	563	406	53.9	338	49.4	45	77.8	157	110	24	2.69	3.12
Greenland town, Rockingham County	1 204	892	48.9	752	48.8	98	52.0	312	231	77	2.65	3.07
Greens grant, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	465	280	52.5	220	49.1	41	61.0	185	159	74	2.43	3.15
Greenville town, Hillsborough County	879	556	52.0	432	49.5	84	60.7	323	258	94	2.53	3.16
Groton town, Grafton County	175	127	41.7	114	37.7	5	100.0	48	37	10	2.61	2.98
Groveton CDP, Coos County	514	324	48.8	236	41.9	62	64.5	190	166	96	2.33	2.90
Hadleys purchase, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Hale's location, Carroll County	29	27	3.7	26	3.8	1	-	2	2	1	2.00	2.07
Hampstead town, Rockingham County	3 044	2 280	54.9	2 016	53.4	184	66.3	764	629	185	2.72	3.19
Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	3 800	2 475	44.8	2 064	42.9	312	55.4	1 325	1 077	425	2.36	2.93
Hampton town, Rockingham County	6 465	4 033	41.8	3 269	38.6	560	57.5	2 432	1 942	626	2.28	2.86
Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	704	546	44.7	496	44.4	36	52.8	158	116	55	2.67	3.03
Hancock town, Hillsborough County	706	495	44.4	442	42.1	36	72.2	211	177	73	2.46	2.94
Hanover CDP, Grafton County	1 829	967	49.6	856	47.5	87	70.1	862	565	206	2.37	2.95
Hanover town, Grafton County	2 832	1 761	50.1	1 577	47.9	135	73.3	1 071	734	267	2.47	2.96
Harrisville town, Cheshire County	449	306	45.8	248	39.5	40	70.0	143	119	35	2.39	2.87
Hart's Location town, Carroll County	15	10	50.0	10	50.0	-	(X)	5	4	1	2.47	3.10
Haverhill town, Grafton County	1 755	1 147	43.3	924	39.8	152	54.6	608	490	227	2.38	2.91
Hebron town, Grafton County	206	146	28.8	130	23.8	12	83.3	60	48	21	2.23	2.60
Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	541	292	56.8	217	50.7	56	75.0	249	188	74	2.23	2.91
Henniker town, Merrimack County	1 585	1 019	58.0	798	54.4	145	70.3	566	416	141	2.53	3.09
Hill town, Merrimack County	382	272	46.3	221	43.4	32	59.4	110	81	31	2.60	3.01
Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	760	455	51.6	312	42.3	113	72.6	305	242	86	2.38	3.01
Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	1 922	1 313	49.3	1 035	44.3	193	67.4	609	457	153	2.55	3.02
Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	707	431	49.4	321	42.7	71	70.4	276	218	100	2.42	3.04
Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	1 622	1 088	48.1	837	41.6	167	68.3	534	402	161	2.52	3.00
Holderness town, Grafton County	768	546	43.2	470	39.8	45	66.7	222	165	56	2.48	2.91
Hollis town, Hillsborough County	2 440	2 024	50.6	1 828	50.6	141	49.6	416	326	117	2.88	3.16
Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	1 484	1 021	48.1	772	44.2	186	61.8	463	358	87	2.43	2.88
Hooksett town, Merrimack County	4 147	3 033	49.5	2 514	47.6	362	59.7	1 114	812	276	2.63	3.04
Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	2 084	1 545	47.4	1 356	45.0	129	62.5	539	424	201	2.59	3.01
Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	3 063	2 106	48.4	1 604	45.7	342	57.6	957	740	211	2.55	3.02
Hudson town, Hillsborough County	8 034	6 261	52.7	5 204	51.2	721	61.0	1 773	1 309	322	2.83	3.17
Jackson town, Carroll County	377	241	32.8	218	30.7	19	52.6	136	102	39	2.18	2.67
Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	1 157	730	51.9	507	46.4	155	67.1	427	348	113	2.41	3.01
Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	2 120	1 464	49.0	1 117	44.8	239	60.7	656	518	176	2.50	2.98
Jefferson town, Coos County	407	295	38.6	254	35.0	21	57.1	112	83	28	2.47	2.84
Keene city, Cheshire County	8 955	5 083	45.7	3 920	40.6	872	65.1	3 872	2 819	1 112	2.27	2.86
Kensington town, Rockingham County	657	533	49.7	479	50.3	38	44.7	124	88	32	2.88	3.18
Kilkenny township, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Kingston town, Rockingham County	2 122	1 635	47.3	1 404	46.2	162	51.2	487	370	138	2.76	3.13
Laconia city, Belknap County	6 724	4 170	45.2	3 122	38.7	751	68.4	2 554	2 036	824	2.32	2.87
Lancaster CDP, Coos County	706	429	53.6	306	45.1	99	73.7	277	237	119	2.34	3.00
Lancaster town, Coos County	1 286	867	48.1	679	42.1	135	68.1	419	349	173	2.43	2.94
Landaff town, Grafton County	154	108	41.7	95	40.0	10	50.0	46	33	17	2.45	2.88
Langdon town, Sullivan County	237	175	40.0	155	38.1	13	38.5	62	50	20	2.47	2.85
Lebanon city, Grafton County	5 500	3 178	48.9	2 506	43.8	518	67.6	2 322	1 854	577	2.23	2.87

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Family households							Nonfamily households			Average size	
	Total			Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Householder living alone			House- holds	Families
	Total households	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Total	65 years and over		
											Number	Percent with own children under 18 years
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Lee town, Strafford County	1 466	1 092	60.7	900	57.8	126	77.0	374	260	65	2.81	3.20
Lempster town, Sullivan County	387	276	42.8	232	39.7	28	53.6	111	85	37	2.51	2.90
Lincoln town, Grafton County	583	324	41.0	253	37.2	52	55.8	259	208	74	2.18	2.83
Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	420	284	50.0	219	44.3	44	65.9	136	104	37	2.55	3.04
Lisbon town, Grafton County	629	427	48.0	334	43.1	63	63.5	202	154	54	2.52	3.00
Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	2 357	2 031	62.0	1 775	61.7	175	64.6	326	224	32	3.12	3.35
Littleton CDP, Grafton County	1 956	1 170	48.7	853	41.5	245	68.2	786	680	272	2.25	2.88
Littleton town, Grafton County	2 514	1 588	47.5	1 206	41.5	289	66.1	926	783	318	2.31	2.87
Livermore town, Grafton County	1	1	-	1	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	3.00	3.00
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	3 832	3 131	59.2	2 596	57.6	395	68.6	701	528	133	2.98	3.30
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	7 623	6 316	60.8	5 402	60.1	658	65.2	1 307	984	254	3.05	3.36
Loudon town, Merrimack County	1 611	1 257	49.8	1 046	47.4	146	61.0	354	245	58	2.78	3.08
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Lyman town, Grafton County	211	150	34.7	129	31.0	10	60.0	61	44	9	2.31	2.64
Lyme town, Grafton County	678	475	44.6	414	42.0	43	60.5	203	168	59	2.46	2.96
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	560	420	49.5	379	47.5	27	66.7	140	92	32	2.83	3.20
Madbury town, Strafford County	534	411	55.0	337	52.8	51	66.7	123	80	28	2.83	3.13
Madison town, Carroll County	777	560	45.9	466	44.0	56	53.6	217	167	61	2.55	2.97
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	44 247	26 114	49.8	18 843	45.2	5 193	64.3	18 133	14 042	4 569	2.36	3.00
Marborough CDP, Cheshire County	467	295	42.4	230	39.1	47	53.2	172	143	54	2.33	2.86
Marborough town, Cheshire County	829	565	42.8	467	40.3	66	51.5	264	215	80	2.42	2.88
Marlow town, Cheshire County	292	222	43.7	196	41.8	16	62.5	70	50	20	2.56	2.89
Martins location, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Mason town, Hillsborough County	433	328	42.1	285	41.1	24	37.5	105	78	27	2.65	3.02
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	710	446	49.8	306	40.5	106	68.9	264	215	83	2.31	2.83
Meredith town, Belknap County	2 447	1 697	41.8	1 354	36.0	238	67.2	750	615	264	2.38	2.80
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	8 832	6 982	53.0	6 019	51.8	685	63.5	1 850	1 398	335	2.84	3.19
Middleton town, Strafford County	514	389	50.4	324	48.1	34	70.6	125	85	20	2.80	3.13
Milan town, Coos County	532	389	43.4	332	39.5	29	72.4	143	114	42	2.50	2.92
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	3 379	2 098	54.3	1 618	49.8	350	70.0	1 281	1 024	333	2.42	3.05
Milford town, Hillsborough County	5 201	3 549	54.6	2 848	51.5	509	67.4	1 652	1 305	406	2.58	3.11
Millsfield township, Coos County	8	5	20.0	3	33.3	2	-	3	3	2	2.75	3.80
Milton town, Strafford County	1 456	1 084	49.6	857	44.9	139	66.9	372	272	84	2.69	3.03
Monroe town, Grafton County	310	232	37.1	204	33.8	17	58.8	78	65	36	2.45	2.82
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	693	576	52.1	511	51.3	39	56.4	117	84	42	2.90	3.17
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	1 884	1 377	35.1	1 200	31.5	113	61.9	507	447	184	2.36	2.77
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	34 614	22 083	49.5	17 079	46.2	3 606	62.0	12 531	9 797	3 022	2.46	3.05
Nelson town, Cheshire County	247	162	51.2	147	50.3	10	60.0	85	65	16	2.57	3.19
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	1 434	1 163	54.7	1 008	53.8	107	57.9	271	178	38	2.88	3.15
Newbury town, Merrimack County	691	508	41.7	439	39.4	48	62.5	183	143	55	2.46	2.84
New Castle town, Rockingham County	443	314	31.2	273	29.7	22	45.5	129	106	51	2.26	2.65
New Durham town, Strafford County	819	631	46.9	550	43.6	40	70.0	188	139	46	2.71	3.05
Newfields town, Rockingham County	516	432	58.1	392	57.9	29	69.0	84	51	22	3.01	3.23
New Hampton town, Belknap County	726	539	47.1	452	44.9	49	53.1	187	136	59	2.68	3.06
Newington town, Rockingham County	294	209	39.7	175	36.6	20	55.0	85	64	24	2.55	3.01
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	1 350	1 090	56.5	939	57.0	97	56.7	265	205	75	3.16	3.55
New London town, Merrimack County	1 574	1 052	28.9	954	27.6	78	41.0	522	462	295	2.16	2.63
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	2 297	1 134	49.9	826	45.9	222	62.6	1 163	763	164	2.22	2.86
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	3 379	1 949	50.4	1 541	47.5	280	63.9	1 430	929	217	2.37	2.94
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	1 581	1 019	49.4	761	43.0	170	68.2	562	440	214	2.47	3.00
Newport town, Sullivan County	2 473	1 656	47.6	1 284	41.2	256	68.4	817	636	301	2.49	2.95
Newton town, Rockingham County	1 518	1 170	52.8	1 003	52.1	110	56.4	348	240	85	2.83	3.19
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	1 002	488	45.1	333	35.7	113	68.1	411	157	27	2.02	2.75
Northfield town, Merrimack County	1 706	1 212	53.6	914	49.1	196	66.3	494	345	121	2.63	3.03
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	1 671	1 235	40.3	1 079	40.1	117	42.7	436	335	138	2.55	2.96
Northumberland town, Coos County	989	667	47.8	507	41.4	100	64.0	322	264	134	2.47	2.91
Northwood town, Rockingham County	1 347	1 001	49.4	835	47.1	104	60.6	346	243	69	2.70	3.07
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	1 331	1 049	51.2	917	50.6	81	51.9	282	200	46	2.78	3.09
Odell township, Coos County	4	1	-	1	-	-	(X)	3	3	2	1.25	2.00
Orange town, Grafton County	111	85	43.5	66	43.9	9	44.4	26	17	5	2.69	2.98
Orford town, Grafton County	470	309	40.5	261	37.5	33	51.5	161	129	43	2.32	2.84
Ossipee town, Carroll County	1 672	1 154	42.9	915	37.5	153	68.0	518	423	192	2.43	2.90
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	3 606	2 983	52.8	2 588	52.9	272	53.7	623	464	204	3.03	3.33
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	2 661	1 876	52.9	1 482	49.0	278	66.5	785	611	194	2.59	3.06
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	1 225	719	48.5	537	41.7	151	70.9	506	423	176	2.21	2.88
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	2 346	1 532	49.9	1 209	44.3	263	73.4	814	676	279	2.37	2.94
Piermont town, Grafton County	294	199	40.7	165	38.2	23	47.8	95	75	26	2.41	2.90
Pineville CDP, Hillsborough County	1 932	1 234	43.5	969	39.9	186	57.0	698	499	207	2.44	2.91
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Pittsburg town, Coos County	386	264	32.6	228	28.9	17	41.2	122	103	57	2.24	2.67
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	671	434	54.6	292	44.2	103	76.7	237	190	70	2.49	3.02
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	1 498	1 056	50.6	779	42.7	201	73.6	442	338	115	2.62	3.05
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	844	663	47.8	574	46.0	59	66.1	181	137	45	2.66	2.98
Plaislow town, Rockingham County	2 871	2 149	47.5	1 725	46.0	308	54.2	722	488	172	2.69	3.10
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	723	310	52.9	246	52.4	50	58.0	413	199	36	2.58	3.12
Plymouth town, Grafton County	1 678	941	52.4	728	48.5	164	66.5	737	454	148	2.51	3.05
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	9 875	4 862	40.5	3 730	36.0	850	59.1	5 013	3 846	1 132	2.04	2.75
Randolph town, Coos County	146	105	36.2	101	34.7	2	100.0	41	35	13	2.31	2.74
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	1 116	739	52.6	567	47.6	111	63.1	377	274	99	2.54	3.06
Raymond town, Rockingham County	3 493	2 566	53.9	2 066	51.5	331	60.1	927	663	205	2.77	3.18
Richmond town, Cheshire County	379	285	46.7	256	44.9	17	58.8	94	73	22	2.82	3.22
Rindge town, Cheshire County	1 502	1 139	50.5	982	48.8	99	58.6	363	280	80	2.87	3.30
Rochester city, Strafford County	11 434	7 648	49.1	5 819	43.3	1 302	68.6	3 786	2 936	1 099	2.46	2.95
Rollinsford town, Strafford County	1 033	721	48.8	603	48.3	78	50.0	312	230	87	2.56	3.03
Roxbury town, Cheshire County	89	66	43.9	60	43.3	6	50.0	23	18	5	2.66	3.12
Rumney town, Grafton County	569	394	43.1	327	41.0	36	58.3	175	132	50	2.55	3.00

Table 8. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Family households						Nonfamily households			Average size		
	Total		Married-couple family		Female householder, no husband present		Total	Householder living alone		House- holds	Families	
	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years		Total	65 years and over			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Rye town, Rockingham County	2 176	1 462	40.1	1 245	37.9	166	53.6	714	591	262	2.35	2.87
Salem town, Rockingham County	10 402	7 602	47.0	6 303	46.8	907	49.1	2 800	2 201	783	2.69	3.16
Salisbury town, Merrimack County	435	325	42.5	300	41.0	18	55.6	110	74	27	2.61	3.00
Sanbornton town, Belknap County	969	749	42.7	627	40.7	86	54.7	220	163	63	2.66	2.97
Sandwich town, Rockingham County	1 694	1 382	59.7	1 202	59.4	116	56.9	312	219	53	3.02	3.32
Sandwich town, Carroll County	564	391	37.6	337	33.8	36	69.4	173	151	77	2.28	2.72
Sargents purchase, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Seabrook town, Rockingham County	3 425	2 162	38.5	1 651	35.1	350	51.1	1 263	996	370	2.32	2.85
Second College grant, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Sharon town, Hillsborough County	138	113	45.1	101	45.5	8	50.0	25	20	5	2.61	2.88
Shelburne town, Coos County	156	114	43.0	106	44.3	4	50.0	42	32	10	2.43	2.85
Somersworth city, Strafford County	4 687	3 079	51.3	2 227	44.5	646	70.4	1 608	1 263	447	2.44	2.95
South Hampton town, Rockingham County	301	244	43.0	208	45.2	23	34.8	57	39	19	2.80	3.07
South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	1 645	1 231	50.4	1 041	48.8	120	59.2	414	278	98	2.71	3.09
Springfield town, Sullivan County	386	286	40.6	252	36.1	24	75.0	100	77	26	2.45	2.80
Stark town, Coos County	194	147	43.5	119	40.3	13	69.2	47	34	15	2.65	2.99
Stewartstown town, Coos County	371	242	48.3	187	42.8	29	79.3	129	103	36	2.42	2.91
Stoddard town, Cheshire County	400	268	34.0	234	30.8	17	64.7	132	101	37	2.32	2.76
Strafford town, Strafford County	1 281	1 022	54.1	877	51.5	105	64.8	259	193	56	2.82	3.14
Strafford town, Coos County	397	235	45.1	169	38.5	48	60.4	162	127	43	2.37	3.03
Stratham town, Rockingham County	2 306	1 744	53.8	1 556	53.1	139	61.2	562	426	112	2.76	3.18
Success township, Coos County	1	1	-	1	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	2.00	2.00
Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	258	164	34.8	145	35.9	12	41.7	94	77	31	2.18	2.72
Sullivan town, Cheshire County	282	209	41.6	167	35.3	23	65.2	73	54	14	2.65	3.00
Sunapee town, Sullivan County	1 294	879	41.5	735	35.8	101	68.3	415	334	113	2.36	2.83
Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	2 338	1 386	49.3	1 026	43.3	266	68.4	952	785	307	2.29	2.94
Surry town, Cheshire County	268	207	39.6	187	36.4	16	68.8	61	50	21	2.51	2.84
Sutton town, Merrimack County	621	457	40.7	404	38.4	37	56.8	164	130	47	2.47	2.88
Swanzy town, Cheshire County	2 666	1 873	47.0	1 520	43.4	245	60.0	793	599	225	2.55	2.97
Tamworth town, Carroll County	1 074	676	46.3	544	41.5	82	61.0	398	308	120	2.33	2.86
Temple town, Hillsborough County	440	347	53.6	297	52.9	29	51.7	93	72	23	2.91	3.24
Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	-	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-
Thornton town, Grafton County	759	507	44.4	429	38.5	50	78.0	252	160	50	2.43	2.86
Tilton town, Belknap County	1 360	876	47.1	662	39.9	144	70.8	484	382	147	2.39	2.89
Tilton-Northfield CDP	1 241	759	52.8	515	45.8	170	66.5	482	372	158	2.42	2.98
Belknap County (part)	612	361	51.2	252	43.7	79	69.6	251	203	78	2.33	2.94
Merrimack County (part)	629	398	54.3	263	47.9	91	63.7	231	169	80	2.51	3.03
Troy town, Cheshire County	733	528	48.9	408	47.8	82	56.1	205	146	56	2.68	3.09
Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	926	666	33.2	582	29.6	49	59.2	260	212	89	2.32	2.68
Unity town, Sullivan County	504	385	39.7	335	37.6	21	33.3	119	86	22	2.59	2.89
Wakefield town, Carroll County	1 685	1 214	43.1	1 012	38.7	134	63.4	471	368	173	2.52	2.92
Walpole town, Cheshire County	1 490	1 016	45.4	816	41.7	137	57.7	474	398	183	2.41	2.90
Warner town, Merrimack County	1 048	728	47.8	593	43.7	93	63.4	320	263	86	2.51	3.01
Warren town, Grafton County	355	228	44.7	183	39.9	33	66.7	127	100	39	2.46	2.98
Washington town, Sullivan County	370	278	32.0	251	28.3	15	60.0	92	72	35	2.42	2.73
Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	121	75	44.0	55	34.5	11	81.8	46	42	8	2.12	2.72
Weare town, Hillsborough County	2 119	2 119	59.6	1 860	58.8	147	68.0	499	352	67	2.97	3.28
Webster town, Merrimack County	581	464	43.8	397	42.3	43	53.5	117	84	27	2.71	2.99
Wentworth town, Grafton County	310	220	45.0	186	42.5	23	56.5	90	66	26	2.57	3.04
Wentworth location, Coos County	20	13	23.1	10	20.0	1	100.0	7	6	-	2.20	2.69
Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	576	445	40.9	401	40.6	22	59.1	131	100	45	2.57	2.92
West Swanzy CDP, Cheshire County	485	304	47.4	214	39.3	71	64.8	181	150	61	2.31	2.83
Whitefield CDP, Coos County	433	273	50.9	209	45.9	44	72.7	160	135	76	2.36	2.95
Whitefield town, Coos County	819	547	47.9	436	43.8	77	66.2	272	222	109	2.40	2.90
Wilmot town, Merrimack County	459	329	47.7	278	43.5	34	79.4	130	103	34	2.49	2.93
Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	503	321	48.9	239	46.9	53	58.5	182	132	60	2.46	2.96
Wilton town, Hillsborough County	1 410	1 023	50.5	840	48.7	126	65.9	387	278	115	2.65	3.06
Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	690	467	53.5	327	46.8	104	70.2	223	180	90	2.63	3.12
Winchester town, Cheshire County	1 557	1 095	47.6	823	42.4	185	66.5	462	363	161	2.61	3.03
Windham town, Rockingham County	3 568	3 018	53.2	2 755	53.1	168	53.6	550	402	102	2.98	3.25
Windsor town, Hillsborough County	58	38	44.7	31	45.2	2	100.0	20	15	5	2.40	2.89
Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	1 304	793	37.3	661	31.9	97	69.1	511	439	229	2.20	2.78
Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	2 574	1 723	38.9	1 460	34.2	184	67.4	851	736	385	2.32	2.83
Woodstock town, Grafton County	500	279	52.0	210	46.2	41	65.9	221	169	50	2.28	2.92
Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	457	284	45.1	201	38.8	61	60.7	173	141	56	2.36	2.90

Table 9. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Household population							Group quarters population			
	Total	Householder	Relationship to householder					Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institutionalized population	Non-institutionalized population
			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
The State	1 200 247	474 606	262 438	356 277	37 319	69 607	301 754	35 539	13 784	21 755	
Belknap County	55 112	22 459	12 499	15 366	1 679	3 109	12 985	1 213	1 068	145	
Alton town	4 502	1 825	1 107	1 262	132	176	1 057	-	-	-	
Barnstead town	3 886	1 422	942	1 187	146	189	1 000	-	-	-	
Belmont town	6 705	2 641	1 481	1 918	248	417	1 627	11	-	11	
Center Harbor town	987	414	239	248	25	61	210	9	-	9	
Gilford town	6 801	2 766	1 712	1 850	178	295	1 587	2	-	2	
Gilmanton town	3 053	1 165	801	877	83	127	728	7	-	7	
Laconia city	15 591	6 724	3 122	4 219	464	1 062	3 567	820	766	54	
Meredith town	5 813	2 447	1 354	1 556	152	304	1 299	130	130	-	
Meredith CDP	1 638	710	306	464	48	110	396	101	101	-	
New Hampton town	1 947	726	452	579	81	109	508	3	-	3	
Sanbornton town	2 581	969	627	769	81	135	635	-	-	-	
Tilton town	3 246	1 360	662	901	89	234	767	231	172	59	
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1 427	612	252	410	38	115	346	218	172	46	
Carroll County	43 097	18 351	10 145	11 148	1 169	2 284	9 566	569	338	231	
Albany town	651	262	135	187	16	51	168	3	-	3	
Bartlett town	2 689	1 206	582	646	64	191	577	16	-	16	
Brookfield town	604	236	157	166	24	21	140	-	-	-	
Chatham town	260	107	61	68	9	15	62	-	-	-	
Conway town	8 444	3 714	1 726	2 174	249	581	1 864	160	96	64	
Conway CDP	1 684	754	321	450	57	102	381	8	-	8	
North Conway CDP	2 027	1 002	333	450	70	172	399	42	-	42	
Eaton town	373	157	96	102	9	9	87	2	-	2	
Effingham town	1 193	490	262	328	43	70	284	80	-	80	
Freedom town	1 297	602	356	264	23	52	211	6	-	6	
Hale's location	58	29	26	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	
Hart's Location town	37	15	10	11	-	1	9	-	-	-	
Jackson town	822	377	218	162	22	43	146	13	-	13	
Madison town	1 984	777	466	572	65	104	485	-	-	-	
Moultonborough town	4 453	1 884	1 200	1 113	120	136	930	31	-	31	
Ossipee town	4 064	1 672	915	1 151	123	203	981	147	138	9	
Sandwich town	1 286	564	337	310	25	50	278	-	-	-	
Tamworth town	2 504	1 074	544	664	48	174	570	6	-	6	
Tuftonboro town	2 148	926	582	488	52	100	417	-	-	-	
Wakefield town	4 252	1 685	1 012	1 204	120	231	1 051	-	-	-	
Wolfeboro town	5 978	2 574	1 460	1 535	157	252	1 304	105	104	1	
Wolfeboro CDP	2 874	1 304	661	675	72	162	564	105	104	1	
Cheshire County	69 795	28 299	15 129	19 705	2 059	4 603	16 709	4 030	797	3 233	
Alstead town	1 932	771	437	560	68	96	492	12	-	12	
Chesterfield town	3 542	1 366	867	1 056	97	156	905	-	-	-	
Dublin town	1 404	560	366	386	36	56	336	72	15	57	
Fitzwilliam town	2 140	836	491	630	65	118	512	1	-	1	
Gilsum town	770	310	182	204	32	42	160	7	-	7	
Harrisville town	1 075	449	248	292	33	53	261	-	-	-	
Hinsdale town	4 082	1 622	837	1 202	138	283	1 031	-	-	-	
Hinsdale CDP	1 713	707	321	493	65	127	425	-	-	-	
Jaffrey town	5 303	2 120	1 117	1 625	153	288	1 401	173	157	16	
Jaffrey CDP	2 786	1 157	507	876	86	160	750	16	-	16	
Keene city	20 315	8 955	3 920	5 074	464	1 902	4 248	2 248	295	1 953	
Marlborough town	2 009	829	467	533	62	118	441	-	-	-	
Marlborough CDP	1 089	467	230	274	46	72	226	-	-	-	
Marlow town	747	292	196	202	22	35	183	-	-	-	
Nelson town	634	247	147	197	10	33	171	-	-	-	
Richmond town	1 068	379	256	338	40	55	299	9	-	9	
Rindge town	4 306	1 502	982	1 504	134	184	1 288	1 145	9	1 136	
Roxbury town	237	89	60	64	16	8	60	-	-	-	
Stoddard town	928	400	234	225	14	55	185	-	-	-	
Sullivan town	746	282	167	214	38	45	180	-	-	-	
Surry town	673	268	187	176	18	24	141	-	-	-	
Swansey town	6 789	2 666	1 520	1 971	203	429	1 642	11	-	11	
West Swansey CDP	1 118	485	214	299	43	77	250	-	-	-	
Troy town	1 962	733	408	608	88	125	523	-	-	-	
Walpole town	3 593	1 490	816	1 022	97	168	879	1	-	1	
Westmoreland town	1 483	576	401	411	42	53	340	264	253	11	
Winchester town	4 057	1 557	823	1 211	189	277	1 031	87	68	19	
Winchester CDP	1 813	690	327	567	95	134	511	19	-	19	
Coos County	32 465	13 961	7 302	8 589	829	1 784	7 256	646	467	179	
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant	12	7	4	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Beans grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Beans purchase	4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Berlin city	10 133	4 555	2 213	2 581	260	524	2 126	198	180	18	
Cambridge township	10	5	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	
Carroll town	654	279	157	153	24	41	128	9	-	9	
Chandler's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Clarksville town	292	118	79	73	6	16	64	2	-	2	
Colebrook town	2 282	1 035	478	539	55	175	475	39	-	39	
Columbia town	747	300	180	201	16	50	174	3	-	3	
Crawfords purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cutts grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dalton town	927	374	210	256	30	57	218	-	-	-	
Dix's grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dixville township	28	10	10	8	-	-	7	47	45	2	
Dummer town	307	128	83	84	9	3	74	2	-	2	
Errol town	295	137	83	55	2	18	44	3	-	3	
Erving's location	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gorham town	2 890	1 293	668	763	46	120	626	5	-	5	
Gorham CDP	1 768	799	404	461	19	85	365	5	-	5	
Greens grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hadley's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Jefferson town	1 006	407	254	256	32	57	213	-	-	-	
Kilkenny township	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lancaster town	3 128	1 286	679	918	86	159	790	152	96	56	

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State County County Subdivision Place	Household population							Group quarters population			
	Total	Householder	Relationship to householder					Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institutionalized population	Non-institutionalized population
			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
Coos County—Con.											
Lancaster town—Con.											
Lancaster CDP	1 652	706	306	507	45	88	433	43	-	43	
Low and Burbanks grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Martins location	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Milan town	1 331	532	332	381	32	54	340	-	-	-	
Millsfield township	22	8	3	4	7	-	3	-	-	-	
Northumberland town	2 438	989	507	694	72	176	603	-	-	-	
Groveton CDP	1 197	514	236	344	35	68	292	-	-	-	
Odell township	5	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pinkhams grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pittsburg town	866	386	228	194	18	40	159	1	-	1	
Randolph town	337	146	101	78	4	8	65	2	-	2	
Sargents purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Second College grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Shelburne town	379	156	106	98	7	12	88	-	-	-	
Stark town	515	194	119	154	19	29	134	1	-	1	
Stewartstown town	899	371	187	249	27	65	223	113	77	36	
Stratford town	942	397	169	270	37	69	218	-	-	-	
Success township	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Thompson and Meserves purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wentworth location	44	20	10	12	-	2	7	-	-	-	
Whitefield town	1 969	819	436	565	40	109	474	69	69	-	
Whitefield CDP	1 020	433	209	302	21	55	260	69	69	-	
Grafton County	75 355	31 598	16 543	20 153	1 818	5 243	17 306	6 388	941	5 447	
Alexandria town	1 329	504	326	371	50	78	321	-	-	-	
Ashland town	1 955	853	379	517	59	147	446	-	-	-	
Bath town	893	350	215	251	30	47	207	-	-	-	
Benton town	221	91	51	58	8	13	56	93	89	4	
Bethlehem town	2 174	924	471	588	48	143	512	25	-	25	
Bridgewater town	974	414	255	226	36	43	187	-	-	-	
Bristol town	3 006	1 219	650	863	94	180	709	27	-	27	
Bristol CDP	1 656	692	333	482	54	95	396	14	-	14	
Campton town	2 719	1 128	618	752	67	154	633	-	-	-	
Canaan town	3 319	1 279	770	991	100	179	873	-	-	-	
Dorchester town	353	132	79	108	13	21	94	-	-	-	
Easton town	256	117	68	57	4	10	47	-	-	-	
Ellsworth town	87	32	17	27	1	10	24	-	-	-	
Enfield town	4 593	1 975	1 068	1 140	97	313	971	25	-	25	
Enfield CDP	1 683	757	343	425	36	122	359	15	-	15	
Franconia town	855	384	205	209	13	44	181	69	69	-	
Grafton town	1 138	455	259	322	33	69	279	-	-	-	
Groton town	456	175	114	124	14	29	113	-	-	-	
Hanover town	7 001	2 832	1 577	1 796	77	719	1 621	3 849	438	3 411	
Hanover CDP	4 337	1 829	856	982	44	626	890	3 825	438	3 387	
Haverhill town	4 178	1 755	924	1 145	118	236	953	238	173	65	
Woodsville CDP	1 077	457	201	303	37	79	247	4	-	4	
Hebron town	459	206	130	96	7	20	74	-	-	-	
Holderness town	1 908	768	470	529	44	97	453	22	-	22	
Landaff town	378	154	95	104	4	21	85	-	-	-	
Lebanon city	12 278	5 500	2 506	3 191	242	839	2 753	290	144	146	
Lincoln town	1 271	583	253	298	41	96	246	-	-	-	
Lisbon town	1 587	629	334	463	59	102	418	-	-	-	
Lisbon CDP	1 070	420	219	321	38	72	294	-	-	-	
Littleton town	5 807	2 514	1 206	1 624	143	320	1 389	38	-	38	
Littleton CDP	4 393	1 956	853	1 241	110	233	1 057	38	-	38	
Livermore town	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lyman town	487	211	129	108	9	30	92	-	-	-	
Lyme town	1 669	678	414	487	29	61	425	10	-	10	
Monroe town	759	310	204	203	15	27	164	-	-	-	
Orange town	299	111	66	89	13	20	73	-	-	-	
Orford town	1 091	470	261	268	39	53	235	-	-	-	
Piermont town	709	294	165	195	18	37	162	-	-	-	
Plymouth town	4 219	1 678	728	1 099	106	608	928	1 673	-	1 673	
Plymouth CDP	1 864	723	246	379	31	485	305	1 664	-	1 664	
Rumney town	1 452	569	327	402	58	96	351	28	28	-	
Sugar Hill town	563	258	145	119	18	23	98	-	-	-	
Thornton town	1 842	759	429	481	32	141	403	1	-	1	
Warren town	873	355	183	243	25	67	207	-	-	-	
Waterville Valley town	257	121	55	68	6	7	57	-	-	-	
Wentworth town	798	310	186	239	23	40	204	-	-	-	
Woodstock town	1 139	500	210	301	25	103	262	-	-	-	
Hillsborough County	373 172	144 455	79 432	115 960	12 558	20 767	97 850	7 669	3 609	4 060	
Amherst town	10 769	3 590	2 811	3 930	191	247	3 379	-	-	-	
Antrim town	2 439	932	516	757	81	153	684	10	-	10	
Antrim CDP	1 379	526	270	453	47	83	411	10	-	10	
Bedford town	17 829	6 251	4 680	6 044	403	451	5 184	445	375	70	
Bennington town	1 401	552	287	455	34	73	395	-	-	-	
Brookline town	4 181	1 343	1 030	1 552	124	132	1 390	-	-	-	
Deering town	1 796	713	437	530	42	74	462	79	-	79	
Francestown town	1 480	552	369	461	24	74	394	-	-	-	
Goffstown town	14 910	5 641	3 411	4 533	465	860	3 762	2 019	417	1 602	
Pinarville CDP	4 705	1 932	969	1 245	148	411	965	1 074	113	961	
Greenfield town	1 515	563	338	499	24	91	443	142	121	21	
Greenville town	2 224	879	432	685	84	144	591	-	-	-	
Greenville CDP	1 131	465	220	349	34	63	286	-	-	-	
Hancock town	1 739	706	442	480	38	73	419	-	-	-	
Hillsborough town	4 893	1 922	1 035	1 443	180	313	1 264	35	32	3	
Hillsborough CDP	1 810	760	312	520	83	135	469	32	32	-	
Hollis town	7 015	2 440	1 828	2 390	162	195	2 050	-	-	-	
Hudson town	22 743	8 034	5 204	7 554	857	1 094	6 333	185	118	67	
Hudson CDP	7 814	3 063	1 604	2 326	317	504	1 866	-	-	-	
Litchfield town	7 360	2 357	1 775	2 792	203	233	2 426	-	-	-	
Lyndeborough town	1 584	560	379	482	62	101	412	1	-	1	
Manchester city	104 314	44 247	18 843	29 345	4 036	7 843	24 473	2 692	1 442	1 250	

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			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
Hillsborough County—Con.											
Mason town	1 147	433	285	343	33	53	276	-	-	-	
Merrimack town	25 053	8 832	6 019	8 569	736	897	7 178	66	-	66	
East Merrimack CDP	3 760	1 667	706	1 006	133	248	838	24	-	24	
Milford town	13 403	5 201	2 848	4 297	348	709	3 666	132	121	11	
Milford CDP	8 161	3 379	1 618	2 479	203	482	2 107	132	121	11	
Wilton CDP (part)	89	33	15	33	-	8	26	-	-	-	
Mont Vernon town	2 011	693	511	690	48	59	590	23	-	23	
Nashua city	85 202	34 614	17 079	24 939	3 226	5 344	20 869	1 403	639	764	
New Boston town	4 131	1 434	1 008	1 413	80	196	1 231	7	-	7	
New Ipswich town	4 266	1 350	939	1 705	136	136	1 467	23	-	23	
Pelham town	10 914	3 606	2 588	3 881	490	349	3 126	-	-	-	
Peterborough town	5 557	2 346	1 209	1 649	117	236	1 450	326	298	28	
Peterborough CDP	2 711	1 225	537	756	57	136	653	233	211	22	
Sharon town	360	138	101	106	5	10	88	-	-	-	
Temple town	1 279	440	297	446	36	60	381	18	-	18	
Weare town	7 775	2 618	1 860	2 798	180	319	2 449	1	-	1	
Wilton town	3 743	1 410	840	1 154	110	229	986	-	-	-	
Wilton CDP (part)	1 147	470	224	326	30	97	269	-	-	-	
Windsor town	139	58	31	38	3	9	32	62	46	16	
Merrimack County											
Allenstown town	4 808	1 902	965	1 441	171	329	1 244	35	19	16	
Suncook CDP (part)	1 933	887	371	503	61	111	406	11	-	11	
Andover town	2 095	823	508	597	54	113	498	14	-	14	
Boscawen town	3 239	1 260	693	982	127	177	824	433	424	9	
Bow town	7 138	2 304	1 866	2 635	168	165	2 295	-	-	-	
Bradford town	1 433	559	322	434	33	85	355	21	-	21	
Canterbury town	1 976	749	502	571	56	98	475	3	-	3	
Chichester town	2 228	823	556	681	62	106	563	8	8	-	
Concord city	37 420	16 281	7 215	10 475	1 042	2 407	9 053	3 267	2 819	448	
Danbury town	1 071	435	251	288	30	67	237	-	-	-	
Dunbarton town	2 226	814	601	662	53	96	595	-	-	-	
Epsom town	3 904	1 491	954	1 131	138	190	966	117	117	-	
Franklin city	8 188	3 319	1 538	2 438	315	578	2 087	217	119	98	
Henniker town	4 003	1 585	798	1 232	104	284	1 078	430	-	430	
Henniker CDP	1 205	541	217	316	24	107	282	422	-	422	
Hill town	992	382	221	296	31	62	255	-	-	-	
Hooksett town	10 897	4 147	2 514	3 324	350	562	2 805	824	-	824	
Hooksett CDP	3 609	1 484	772	1 043	109	201	888	-	-	-	
South Hooksett CDP	4 458	1 645	1 041	1 381	149	242	1 165	824	-	824	
Hopkinton town	5 399	2 084	1 356	1 649	107	203	1 410	-	-	-	
Contoocook CDP	1 444	590	328	440	34	52	368	-	-	-	
Loudon town	4 479	1 611	1 046	1 413	153	256	1 206	2	-	2	
Newbury town	1 702	691	439	447	47	78	384	-	-	-	
New London town	3 403	1 574	954	694	66	115	579	713	56	657	
Northfield town	4 489	1 706	914	1 371	174	324	1 181	59	49	10	
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1 576	629	263	461	82	141	417	10	-	10	
Pembroke town	6 897	2 661	1 482	2 200	184	370	1 819	-	-	-	
Suncook CDP (part)	3 418	1 451	655	1 007	90	215	844	-	-	-	
Pittsfield town	3 925	1 498	779	1 245	146	257	1 069	6	-	6	
Pittsfield CDP	1 669	671	292	523	60	123	456	-	-	-	
Salisbury town	1 137	435	300	318	31	53	266	-	-	-	
Sutton town	1 531	621	404	413	40	53	336	13	-	13	
Warner town	2 633	1 048	593	796	73	123	659	127	61	66	
Webster town	1 575	581	397	458	67	72	396	4	-	4	
Wilmot town	1 144	459	278	331	25	51	293	-	-	-	
Rockingham County											
Atkinson town	6 174	2 317	1 593	1 908	196	160	1 506	4	-	4	
Auburn town	4 675	1 580	1 186	1 627	125	157	1 332	7	-	7	
Brentwood town	2 728	911	692	938	98	89	779	469	469	-	
Candia town	3 911	1 359	979	1 245	153	175	1 018	-	-	-	
Chester town	3 756	1 214	890	1 366	146	140	1 158	36	-	36	
Danville town	4 020	1 428	976	1 345	130	141	1 162	3	-	3	
Deerfield town	3 656	1 225	870	1 220	151	190	1 062	22	-	22	
Derry town	33 790	12 327	6 948	11 701	1 049	1 765	10 032	231	160	71	
Derry CDP	22 472	8 670	4 313	7 460	710	1 319	6 432	189	160	29	
East Kingston town	1 784	629	465	565	50	75	474	-	-	-	
Epping town	5 468	2 047	1 223	1 699	201	298	1 442	8	-	8	
Epping CDP	1 665	703	350	467	50	95	386	8	-	8	
Exeter town	13 687	5 898	3 006	3 908	316	559	3 338	371	283	88	
Exeter CDP	9 537	4 233	1 995	2 642	230	437	2 257	222	134	88	
Fremont town	3 479	1 165	863	1 159	139	153	1 005	31	31	-	
Greenland town	3 188	1 204	752	990	102	140	838	20	-	20	
Hampstead town	8 294	3 044	2 016	2 753	222	259	2 365	3	-	3	
Hampton town	14 768	6 465	3 269	3 790	428	816	3 103	169	101	68	
Hampton CDP	8 961	3 800	2 064	2 472	234	391	2 051	165	97	68	
Hampton Falls town	1 880	704	496	556	57	67	477	-	-	-	
Kensington town	1 893	657	479	615	69	73	514	-	-	-	
Kingston town	5 862	2 122	1 404	1 856	224	256	1 483	-	-	-	
Londonderry town	23 226	7 623	5 402	8 841	640	720	7 567	10	-	10	
Londonderry CDP	11 408	3 832	2 596	4 276	315	389	3 614	9	-	9	
New Castle town	999	443	273	219	27	37	180	11	-	11	
Newfields town	1 551	516	392	535	38	70	473	-	-	-	
Newington town	749	294	175	199	47	34	169	26	-	26	
Newmarket town	7 993	3 379	1 541	2 028	205	840	1 732	34	-	34	
Newmarket CDP	5 095	2 297	826	1 150	137	167	967	29	-	29	
Newton town	4 289	1 518	1 003	1 416	138	214	1 211	-	-	-	
North Hampton town	4 259	1 671	1 079	1 215	122	172	983	-	-	-	
Northwood town	3 637	1 347	835	1 135	102	218	952	3	-	3	
Nottingham town	3 701	1 331	917	1 153	125	175	1 013	-	-	-	
Plaistow town	7 736	2 871	1 725	2 484	297	359	1 968	11	-	11	
Portsmouth city	20 177	9 875	3 730	4 210	588	1 774	3 463	607	377	230	
Raymond town	9 664	3 493	2 066	3 148	391	566	2 759	10	-	10	
Raymond CDP	2 839	1 116	567	838	120	198	727	-	-	-	
Rye town	5 104	2 176	1 245	1 359	130	194	1 134	78	48	30	

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			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
Rockingham County—Con.											
Salem town	27 971	10 402	6 303	8 887	1 256	1 123	7 029	141	107	34	
Sandown town	5 110	1 694	1 202	1 822	181	211	1 580	33	-	33	
Seabrook town	7 934	3 425	1 651	1 922	424	512	1 574	-	-	-	
South Hampton town	844	301	208	254	43	38	202	-	-	-	
Stratham town	6 355	2 306	1 556	2 101	140	252	1 826	-	-	-	
Windham town	10 638	3 568	2 755	3 739	294	282	3 098	71	57	14	
Strafford County	106 468	42 581	21 743	30 190	3 081	8 873	25 882	5 765	893	4 872	
Barrington town	7 467	2 756	1 781	2 322	195	413	2 027	8	8	-	
Dover city	26 127	11 573	4 920	6 441	770	2 423	5 469	757	646	111	
Durham town	8 048	2 882	1 392	1 712	101	1 961	1 505	4 616	-	4 616	
Durham CDP	4 418	1 703	634	705	53	1 323	605	4 606	-	4 606	
Farmington town	5 747	2 146	1 156	1 821	225	399	1 559	27	-	27	
Farmington CDP	3 449	1 332	642	1 099	130	246	951	19	-	19	
Lee town	4 126	1 466	900	1 413	91	256	1 249	19	-	19	
Madbury town	1 509	534	337	497	43	98	440	-	-	-	
Middleton town	1 438	514	324	445	61	94	390	2	-	2	
Milton town	3 910	1 456	857	1 193	151	253	1 022	-	-	-	
New Durham town	2 219	819	550	671	70	109	589	1	-	1	
Rochester city	28 168	11 434	5 819	8 267	850	1 798	6 997	293	221	72	
Rollinsford town	2 648	1 033	603	778	86	148	656	-	-	-	
Somersworth city	11 444	4 687	2 227	3 408	354	768	2 917	33	18	15	
Strafford town	3 617	1 281	877	1 222	84	153	1 062	9	-	9	
Sullivan County	39 901	16 530	9 034	10 736	1 235	2 366	9 271	557	366	191	
Acworth town	836	318	193	256	33	36	212	-	-	-	
Charlestown town	4 729	1 920	1 068	1 296	163	282	1 137	20	12	8	
Charlestown CDP	1 133	468	225	304	36	100	263	12	12	-	
Claremont city	12 970	5 685	2 587	3 404	391	903	2 925	181	59	122	
Cornish town	1 660	645	406	488	46	75	420	1	-	1	
Croydon town	660	264	153	157	22	64	133	1	-	1	
Goshen town	733	279	180	218	31	25	176	8	-	8	
Grantham town	2 167	924	649	479	53	62	431	-	-	-	
Langdon town	586	237	155	155	14	25	124	-	-	-	
Lempster town	971	387	232	267	25	60	229	-	-	-	
Newport town	6 150	2 473	1 264	1 759	213	441	1 555	119	68	51	
Newport CDP	3 906	1 581	761	1 133	140	291	1 014	102	52	50	
Plainfield town	2 241	844	574	669	69	85	562	-	-	-	
Springfield town	945	386	252	242	22	43	216	-	-	-	
Sunapee town	3 055	1 294	735	805	70	151	673	-	-	-	
Unity town	1 303	504	335	338	55	71	291	227	227	-	
Washington town	895	370	251	203	28	43	187	-	-	-	

Table 10. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Household population							Group quarters population			
	Total	Householder	Relationship to householder					Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institutionalized population	Non-institutionalized population
			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
The State	1 200 247	474 606	262 438	356 277	37 319	69 607	301 754	35 539	13 784	21 755	
COUNTY											
Belknap County	55 112	22 459	12 499	15 366	1 679	3 109	12 985	1 213	1 068	145	
Carroll County	43 097	18 351	10 145	11 148	1 169	2 284	9 566	569	338	231	
Cheshire County	69 795	28 299	15 129	19 705	2 059	4 603	16 709	4 030	797	3 233	
Coos County	32 465	13 961	7 302	8 589	829	1 784	7 256	646	467	179	
Grafton County	75 355	31 598	16 543	20 153	1 818	5 243	17 306	6 388	941	5 447	
Hillsborough County	373 172	144 455	79 432	115 960	12 558	20 767	97 850	7 669	3 609	4 060	
Merrimack County	129 932	51 843	28 446	38 522	3 847	7 274	32 928	6 293	3 672	2 621	
Rockingham County	274 950	104 529	62 165	85 908	9 044	13 304	72 001	2 409	1 633	776	
Strafford County	106 468	42 581	21 743	30 190	3 081	8 873	25 882	5 765	893	4 872	
Sullivan County	39 901	16 530	9 034	10 736	1 235	2 366	9 271	557	366	191	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION											
Acworth town, Sullivan County	836	318	193	256	33	36	212	-	-	-	
Albany town, Carroll County	651	262	135	187	16	51	168	3	-	3	
Alexandria town, Grafton County	1 329	504	326	371	50	78	321	-	-	-	
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	4 808	1 902	965	1 441	171	329	1 244	35	19	16	
Alestead town, Cheshire County	1 932	771	437	560	68	96	492	12	-	12	
Alton town, Belknap County	4 502	1 825	1 107	1 262	132	176	1 057	-	-	-	
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	10 769	3 590	2 811	3 930	191	247	3 379	-	-	-	
Andover town, Merrimack County	2 095	823	508	597	54	113	498	14	-	14	
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	1 379	526	270	453	47	83	411	10	-	10	
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	2 439	932	516	757	81	153	684	10	-	10	
Ashland town, Grafton County	1 955	853	379	517	59	147	446	-	-	-	
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	6 174	2 317	1 593	1 908	196	160	1 506	4	-	4	
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County	12	7	4	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Auburn town, Rockingham County	4 675	1 580	1 186	1 627	125	157	1 332	7	-	7	
Barnstead town, Belknap County	3 886	1 422	942	1 187	146	189	1 000	-	-	-	
Barrington town, Strafford County	7 467	2 756	1 781	2 322	195	413	2 027	8	8	-	
Bartlett town, Carroll County	2 689	1 206	582	646	64	191	577	16	-	16	
Bath town, Grafton County	893	350	215	251	30	47	207	-	-	-	
Beans grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Beans purchase, Coos County	4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	17 829	6 251	4 680	6 044	403	451	5 184	445	375	70	
Belmont town, Belknap County	6 705	2 641	1 481	1 918	248	417	1 627	11	-	11	
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	1 401	552	287	455	34	73	395	-	-	-	
Benton town, Grafton County	221	91	51	58	8	13	56	93	89	4	
Berlin city, Coos County	10 133	4 555	2 213	2 581	260	524	2 126	198	180	18	
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	2 174	924	471	588	48	143	512	25	-	25	
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	3 239	1 260	693	982	127	177	824	433	424	9	
Bow town, Merrimack County	7 138	2 304	1 866	2 635	168	165	2 295	-	-	-	
Bradford town, Merrimack County	1 433	559	322	434	33	85	355	21	-	21	
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	2 728	911	692	938	98	89	779	469	469	-	
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	974	414	255	226	36	43	187	-	-	-	
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	1 656	692	333	482	54	95	396	14	-	14	
Bristol town, Grafton County	3 006	1 219	650	863	94	180	709	27	-	27	
Brookfield town, Carroll County	604	236	157	166	24	21	140	-	-	-	
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	4 181	1 343	1 030	1 552	124	132	1 390	-	-	-	
Cambridge township, Coos County	10	5	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	
Campton town, Grafton County	2 719	1 128	618	752	67	154	633	-	-	-	
Canaan town, Grafton County	3 319	1 279	770	991	100	179	873	-	-	-	
Candia town, Rockingham County	3 911	1 359	979	1 245	153	175	1 018	-	-	-	
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	1 976	749	502	571	56	98	475	3	-	3	
Carroll town, Coos County	654	279	157	153	24	41	128	9	-	9	
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	987	414	239	248	25	61	210	9	-	9	
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	1 133	468	225	304	36	100	263	12	12	-	
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	4 729	1 920	1 068	1 296	163	282	1 137	20	12	8	
Chatham town, Carroll County	260	107	61	68	9	15	62	-	-	-	
Chester town, Rockingham County	3 756	1 214	890	1 366	146	140	1 158	36	-	36	
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	3 542	1 366	867	1 056	97	156	905	-	-	-	
Chichester town, Merrimack County	2 228	823	556	681	62	106	563	8	8	-	
Claremont city, Sullivan County	12 970	5 685	2 587	3 404	391	903	2 925	181	59	122	
Clarksville town, Coos County	292	118	79	73	6	16	64	2	-	2	
Colebrook town, Coos County	2 282	1 035	478	539	55	175	475	39	-	39	
Columbia town, Coos County	747	300	180	201	16	50	174	3	-	3	
Concord city, Merrimack County	37 420	16 281	7 215	10 475	1 042	2 407	9 053	3 267	2 819	448	
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	1 444	590	328	440	34	52	368	-	-	-	
Conway CDP, Carroll County	1 684	754	321	450	57	102	381	8	-	8	
Conway town, Carroll County	8 444	3 714	1 726	2 174	249	581	1 864	160	96	64	
Cornish town, Sullivan County	1 660	645	406	488	46	75	420	1	-	1	
Crawfords purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Croydon town, Sullivan County	660	264	153	157	22	64	133	1	-	1	
Cutts grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dalton town, Coos County	927	374	210	256	30	57	218	-	-	-	
Danbury town, Merrimack County	1 071	435	251	288	30	67	237	-	-	-	
Danville town, Rockingham County	4 020	1 428	976	1 345	130	141	1 162	3	-	3	
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	3 656	1 225	870	1 220	151	190	1 062	22	-	22	
Deering town, Hillsborough County	1 796	713	437	530	42	74	462	79	-	79	
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	22 472	8 670	4 313	7 460	710	1 319	6 432	189	160	29	
Derry town, Rockingham County	33 790	12 327	6 948	11 701	1 049	1 765	10 032	231	160	71	
Dix's grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dixville township, Coos County	28	10	10	8	-	-	7	47	45	2	
Dorchester town, Grafton County	353	132	79	108	13	21	94	-	-	-	
Dover city, Strafford County	26 127	11 573	4 920	6 441	770	2 423	5 469	757	646	111	
Dublin town, Cheshire County	1 404	560	366	386	36	56	336	72	15	57	

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Household population							Group quarters population			
	Total	Householder	Relationship to householder					Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institutionalized population	Non-institutionalized population
			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Dummer town, Coos County	307	128	83	84	9	3	74	2	-	2	
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	2 226	814	601	662	53	96	595	-	-	-	
Durham CDP, Strafford County	4 418	1 703	634	705	53	1 323	605	4 606	-	4 606	
Durham town, Strafford County	8 048	2 882	1 392	1 712	101	1 961	1 505	4 616	-	4 616	
East Kingston town, Rockingham County	1 784	629	465	565	50	75	474	-	-	-	
East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	3 760	1 667	706	1 006	133	248	838	24	-	24	
Easton town, Grafton County	256	117	68	57	4	10	47	-	-	-	
Eaton town, Carroll County	373	157	96	102	9	9	87	2	-	2	
Effingham town, Carroll County	1 193	490	262	328	43	70	284	80	-	80	
Ellsworth town, Grafton County	87	32	17	27	1	10	24	-	-	-	
Enfield CDP, Grafton County	1 683	757	343	425	36	122	359	15	-	15	
Enfield town, Grafton County	4 593	1 975	1 068	1 140	97	313	971	25	-	25	
Epping CDP, Rockingham County	1 665	703	350	467	50	95	386	8	-	8	
Epping town, Rockingham County	5 468	2 047	1 223	1 699	201	298	1 442	8	-	8	
Epsom town, Merrimack County	3 904	1 491	954	1 131	138	190	966	117	117	-	
Errol town, Coos County	295	137	83	55	2	18	44	3	-	3	
Erving location, Coos County	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	9 537	4 233	1 995	2 642	230	437	2 257	222	134	88	
Exeter town, Rockingham County	13 687	5 898	3 006	3 908	316	559	3 338	371	283	88	
Farmington CDP, Strafford County	3 449	1 332	642	1 099	130	246	951	19	-	19	
Farmington town, Strafford County	5 747	2 146	1 156	1 821	225	399	1 559	27	-	27	
Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	2 140	836	491	630	65	118	512	1	-	1	
Francestown town, Hillsborough County	1 480	552	369	461	24	74	394	-	-	-	
Franconia town, Grafton County	855	384	205	209	13	44	181	69	69	-	
Franklin city, Merrimack County	8 188	3 319	1 538	2 438	315	578	2 087	217	119	98	
Freedom town, Carroll County	1 297	602	356	264	23	52	211	6	-	6	
Fremont town, Rockingham County	3 479	1 165	863	1 159	139	153	1 005	31	31	-	
Gilford town, Belknap County	6 801	2 766	1 712	1 850	178	295	1 587	2	-	2	
Gilmanton town, Belknap County	3 053	1 165	801	877	83	127	728	7	-	7	
Gilsun town, Cheshire County	770	310	182	204	32	42	160	7	-	7	
Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	14 910	5 641	3 411	4 533	465	860	3 762	2 019	417	1 602	
Gorham CDP, Coos County	1 768	799	404	461	19	85	365	5	-	5	
Gorham town, Coos County	2 890	1 293	668	763	46	120	626	5	-	5	
Goshen town, Sullivan County	733	279	180	218	31	25	176	8	-	8	
Grafton town, Grafton County	1 138	455	259	322	33	69	279	-	-	-	
Grantham town, Sullivan County	2 167	924	649	479	53	62	431	-	-	-	
Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	1 515	563	338	499	24	91	443	142	121	21	
Greenland town, Rockingham County	3 188	1 204	752	990	102	140	838	20	-	20	
Greens grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	1 131	465	220	349	34	63	286	-	-	-	
Greenville town, Hillsborough County	2 224	879	432	685	84	144	591	-	-	-	
Groton town, Grafton County	456	175	114	124	14	29	113	-	-	-	
Groveton CDP, Coos County	1 197	514	236	344	35	68	292	-	-	-	
Hadleys purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hale's location, Carroll County	58	29	26	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	
Hampstead town, Rockingham County	8 294	3 044	2 016	2 753	222	259	2 365	3	-	3	
Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	8 961	3 800	2 064	2 472	234	391	2 051	165	97	68	
Hampton town, Rockingham County	14 768	6 465	3 269	3 790	428	816	3 103	169	101	68	
Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	1 880	704	496	556	57	67	477	-	-	-	
Hancock town, Hillsborough County	1 739	706	442	480	38	73	419	-	-	-	
Hanover CDP, Grafton County	4 337	1 829	856	982	44	626	890	3 825	438	3 387	
Hanover town, Grafton County	7 001	2 832	1 577	1 796	77	719	1 621	3 849	438	3 411	
Harrisville town, Cheshire County	1 075	449	248	292	33	53	261	-	-	-	
Hart's Location town, Carroll County	37	15	10	11	-	1	9	-	-	-	
Haverhill town, Grafton County	4 178	1 755	924	1 145	118	236	953	238	173	65	
Hebron town, Grafton County	459	206	130	96	7	20	74	-	-	-	
Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	1 205	541	217	316	24	107	282	422	-	422	
Henniker town, Merrimack County	4 003	1 585	798	1 232	104	284	1 078	430	-	430	
Hill town, Merrimack County	992	382	221	296	31	62	255	-	-	-	
Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	1 810	760	312	520	83	135	469	32	32	-	
Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	4 893	1 922	1 035	1 443	180	313	1 264	35	32	3	
Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	1 713	707	321	493	65	127	425	-	-	-	
Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	4 082	1 622	837	1 202	138	283	1 031	-	-	-	
Holderness town, Grafton County	1 908	768	470	529	44	97	453	22	-	22	
Hollis town, Hillsborough County	7 015	2 440	1 828	2 390	162	195	2 050	-	-	-	
Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	3 609	1 484	772	1 043	109	201	888	-	-	-	
Hooksett town, Merrimack County	10 897	4 147	2 514	3 324	350	562	2 805	824	-	824	
Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	5 399	2 084	1 356	1 649	107	203	1 410	-	-	-	
Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	7 814	3 063	1 604	2 326	317	504	1 866	-	-	-	
Hudson town, Hillsborough County	22 743	8 034	5 204	7 554	857	1 094	6 333	185	118	67	
Jackson town, Carroll County	822	377	218	162	22	43	146	13	-	13	
Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	2 786	1 157	507	876	86	160	750	16	-	16	
Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	5 303	2 120	1 117	1 625	153	288	1 401	173	157	16	
Jefferson town, Coos County	1 006	407	254	256	32	57	213	-	-	-	
Keene city, Cheshire County	20 315	8 955	3 920	5 074	464	1 902	4 248	2 248	295	1 953	
Kensington town, Rockingham County	1 893	657	479	615	69	73	514	-	-	-	
Kilkenny township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kingston town, Rockingham County	5 862	2 122	1 404	1 856	224	256	1 483	-	-	-	
Laconia city, Belknap County	15 591	6 724	3 122	4 219	464	1 062	3 567	820	766	54	
Lancaster CDP, Coos County	1 652	706	306	507	45	88	433	43	-	43	
Lancaster town, Coos County	3 128	1 286	679	918	86	159	790	152	96	56	
Landaff town, Grafton County	378	154	95	104	4	21	85	-	-	-	
Langdon town, Sullivan County	586	237	155	155	14	25	124	-	-	-	
Lebanon city, Grafton County	12 278	5 500	2 506	3 191	242	839	2 753	290	144	146	
Lee town, Strafford County	4 126	1 466	900	1 413	91	256	1 249	19	-	19	
Lempster town, Sullivan County	971	387	232	267	25	60	229	-	-	-	
Lincoln town, Grafton County	1 271	583	253	298	41	96	246	-	-	-	
Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	1 070	420	219	321	38	72	294	-	-	-	

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			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Lisbon town, Grafton County	1 587	629	334	463	59	102	418	-	-	-	
Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	7 360	2 357	1 775	2 792	203	233	2 426	-	-	-	
Littleton CDP, Grafton County	4 393	1 956	853	1 241	110	233	1 057	38	-	38	
Littleton town, Grafton County	5 807	2 514	1 206	1 624	143	320	1 389	38	-	38	
Livermore town, Grafton County	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	11 408	3 832	2 596	4 276	315	389	3 614	9	-	9	
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	23 226	7 623	5 402	8 841	640	720	7 567	10	-	10	
Loudon town, Merrimack County	4 479	1 611	1 046	1 413	153	256	1 206	2	-	2	
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lyman town, Grafton County	487	211	129	108	9	30	92	-	-	-	
Lyme town, Grafton County	1 669	678	414	487	29	61	425	10	-	10	
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	1 584	560	379	482	62	101	412	1	-	1	
Madbury town, Strafford County	1 509	534	337	497	43	98	440	-	-	-	
Madison town, Carroll County	1 984	777	466	572	65	104	485	-	-	-	
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	104 314	44 247	18 843	29 345	4 036	7 843	24 473	2 692	1 442	1 250	
Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	1 089	467	230	274	46	72	226	-	-	-	
Marlborough town, Cheshire County	2 009	829	467	533	62	118	441	-	-	-	
Marlow town, Cheshire County	747	292	196	202	22	35	183	-	-	-	
Martins location, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mason town, Hillsborough County	1 147	433	285	343	33	53	276	-	-	-	
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	1 638	710	306	464	48	110	396	101	101	-	
Meredith town, Belknap County	5 813	2 447	1 354	1 556	152	304	1 299	130	130	-	
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	25 053	8 832	6 019	8 569	736	897	7 178	66	-	66	
Middleton town, Strafford County	1 438	514	324	445	61	94	390	2	-	2	
Milan town, Coos County	1 331	532	332	381	32	54	340	-	-	-	
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	8 161	3 379	1 618	2 479	203	482	2 107	132	121	11	
Milford town, Hillsborough County	13 403	5 201	2 848	4 297	348	709	3 666	132	121	11	
Millsfield township, Coos County	22	8	3	4	7	-	3	-	-	-	
Milton town, Strafford County	3 910	1 456	857	1 193	151	253	1 022	-	-	-	
Monroe town, Grafton County	759	310	204	203	15	27	164	-	-	-	
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	2 011	693	511	690	48	69	590	23	-	23	
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	4 453	1 884	1 200	1 113	120	136	930	31	-	31	
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	85 202	34 614	17 079	24 939	3 226	5 344	20 869	1 403	639	764	
Nelson town, Cheshire County	634	247	147	197	10	33	171	-	-	-	
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	4 131	1 434	1 008	1 413	80	196	1 231	7	-	7	
Newbury town, Merrimack County	1 702	691	439	447	47	78	384	-	-	-	
New Castle town, Rockingham County	999	443	273	219	27	37	180	11	-	11	
New Durham town, Strafford County	2 219	819	550	671	70	109	589	1	-	1	
Newfields town, Rockingham County	1 551	516	392	535	38	70	473	-	-	-	
New Hampton town, Belknap County	1 947	726	452	579	81	109	508	3	-	3	
Newington town, Rockingham County	749	294	175	199	47	34	169	26	-	26	
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	4 266	1 350	939	1 705	136	136	1 467	23	-	23	
New London town, Merrimack County	3 403	1 574	954	694	66	115	579	713	56	657	
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	5 095	2 297	826	1 150	137	685	967	29	-	29	
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	7 993	3 379	1 541	2 028	205	840	1 732	34	-	34	
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	3 906	1 581	761	1 133	140	291	1 014	102	52	50	
Newport town, Sullivan County	6 150	2 473	1 264	1 759	213	441	1 555	119	68	51	
Newtown town, Rockingham County	4 289	1 518	1 003	1 416	138	214	1 211	-	-	-	
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	2 027	1 002	333	450	70	172	399	42	-	42	
Northfield town, Merrimack County	4 489	1 706	914	1 371	174	324	1 181	59	49	10	
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	4 259	1 671	1 079	1 215	122	172	983	-	-	-	
Northumberland town, Coos County	2 438	989	507	694	72	176	603	-	-	-	
Northwood town, Rockingham County	3 637	1 347	835	1 135	102	218	952	3	-	3	
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	3 701	1 331	917	1 153	125	175	1 013	-	-	-	
Odell township, Coos County	5	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Orange town, Grafton County	299	111	66	89	13	20	73	-	-	-	
Orford town, Grafton County	1 091	470	261	268	39	53	235	-	-	-	
Ossipee town, Carroll County	4 064	1 672	915	1 151	123	203	981	147	138	9	
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	10 914	3 606	2 588	3 881	490	349	3 126	-	-	-	
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	6 897	2 661	1 482	2 200	184	370	1 819	-	-	-	
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	2 711	1 225	537	756	57	136	653	233	211	22	
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	5 557	2 346	1 209	1 649	117	236	1 450	326	298	28	
Piermont town, Grafton County	709	294	165	195	18	37	162	-	-	-	
Pinardville CDP, Hillsborough County	4 705	1 932	969	1 245	148	411	965	1 074	113	961	
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pittsburg town, Coos County	866	386	228	194	18	40	159	1	-	1	
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	1 669	671	292	523	60	123	456	-	-	-	
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	3 925	1 498	779	1 245	146	257	1 069	6	-	6	
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	2 241	844	574	669	69	85	562	-	-	-	
Plaistow town, Rockingham County	7 736	2 871	1 725	2 484	297	359	1 968	11	-	11	
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	1 864	723	246	379	31	485	305	1 664	-	1 664	
Plymouth town, Grafton County	4 219	1 678	728	1 099	106	608	928	1 673	-	1 673	
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	20 177	9 875	3 370	4 210	588	1 774	3 463	607	377	230	
Randolph town, Coos County	337	146	101	78	4	8	65	2	-	2	
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	2 839	1 116	567	838	120	198	727	-	-	-	
Raymond town, Rockingham County	9 664	3 493	2 066	3 148	391	566	2 759	10	-	10	
Richmond town, Cheshire County	1 068	379	256	338	40	55	299	9	-	9	
Rindge town, Cheshire County	4 306	1 502	982	1 504	134	184	1 288	1 145	9	1 136	
Rochester city, Strafford County	28 168	11 434	5 819	8 267	850	1 798	6 997	293	221	72	
Rollinsford town, Strafford County	2 648	1 033	603	778	86	148	656	-	-	-	
Roxbury town, Cheshire County	237	89	60	64	16	8	60	-	-	-	
Rumney town, Grafton County	1 452	569	327	402	58	96	351	28	28	-	
Rye town, Rockingham County	5 104	2 176	1 245	1 359	130	194	1 134	78	48	30	
Salem town, Rockingham County	27 971	10 402	6 303	8 887	1 256	1 123	7 029	141	107	34	
Salisbury town, Merrimack County	1 137	435	300	318	31	53	266	-	-	-	
Sanbornton town, Belknap County	2 581	969	627	769	81	135	635	-	-	-	
Sandown town, Rockingham County	5 110	1 694	1 202	1 822	181	211	1 580	33	-	33	
Sandwich town, Carroll County	1 286	564	337	310	25	50	278	-	-	-	

Table 10. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Household population							Group quarters population			
	Total	Householder	Relationship to householder					Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institutionalized population	Non-institutionalized population
			Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non-relatives					
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Sargents purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Seabrook town, Rockingham County	7 934	3 425	1 651	1 922	424	512	1 574	-	-	-	
Second College grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sharon town, Hillsborough County	360	138	101	106	5	10	88	-	-	-	
Shelburne town, Coos County	379	156	106	98	7	12	88	-	-	-	
Somersworth city, Strafford County	11 444	4 687	2 227	3 408	354	768	2 917	33	18	15	
South Hampton town, Rockingham County	844	301	208	254	43	38	202	-	-	-	
South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	4 458	1 645	1 041	1 381	149	242	1 165	824	-	824	
Springfield town, Sullivan County	945	386	252	242	22	43	216	-	-	-	
Stark town, Coos County	515	194	119	154	19	29	134	1	-	1	
Stewartstown town, Coos County	899	371	187	249	27	65	223	113	77	36	
Stoddard town, Cheshire County	928	400	234	225	14	55	185	-	-	-	
Strafford town, Strafford County	3 617	1 281	877	1 222	84	153	1 062	9	-	9	
Stratford town, Coos County	942	397	169	270	37	69	218	-	-	-	
Stratham town, Rockingham County	6 355	2 306	1 556	2 101	140	252	1 826	-	-	-	
Success township, Coos County	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	563	258	145	119	18	23	98	-	-	-	
Sullivan town, Cheshire County	746	282	167	214	38	45	180	-	-	-	
Sunapee town, Sullivan County	3 055	1 294	735	805	70	151	673	-	-	-	
Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	5 351	2 338	1 026	1 510	151	326	1 250	11	-	11	
Surry town, Cheshire County	673	268	187	176	18	24	141	-	-	-	
Sutton town, Merrimack County	1 531	621	404	413	40	53	336	13	-	13	
Swanzy town, Cheshire County	6 789	2 666	1 520	1 971	203	429	1 642	11	-	11	
Tamworth town, Carroll County	2 504	1 074	544	664	48	174	570	6	-	6	
Temple town, Hillsborough County	1 279	440	297	446	36	60	381	18	-	18	
Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Thornton town, Grafton County	1 842	759	429	481	32	141	403	1	-	1	
Tilton town, Belknap County	3 246	1 360	662	901	89	234	767	231	172	59	
Tilton-Northfield CDP	3 003	1 241	515	871	120	256	763	228	172	56	
Belknap County (part)	1 427	612	252	410	38	115	346	218	172	46	
Merrimack County (part)	1 576	629	263	461	82	141	417	10	-	10	
Troy town, Cheshire County	1 962	733	408	608	88	125	523	-	-	-	
Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	2 148	926	582	488	52	100	417	-	-	-	
Unity town, Sullivan County	1 303	504	335	338	55	71	291	227	227	-	
Wakefield town, Carroll County	4 252	1 685	1 012	1 204	120	231	1 051	-	-	-	
Walpole town, Cheshire County	3 593	1 490	816	1 022	97	168	879	1	-	1	
Warner town, Merrimack County	2 633	1 048	593	796	73	123	659	127	61	66	
Warren town, Grafton County	873	355	183	243	25	67	207	-	-	-	
Washington town, Sullivan County	895	370	251	203	28	43	187	-	-	-	
Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	257	121	55	68	6	7	57	-	-	-	
Weare town, Hillsborough County	7 775	2 618	1 860	2 798	180	319	2 449	1	-	1	
Webster town, Merrimack County	1 575	581	397	458	67	72	396	4	-	4	
Wentworth town, Grafton County	798	310	186	239	23	40	204	-	-	-	
Wentworth location, Coos County	44	20	10	12	-	2	7	-	-	-	
Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	1 483	576	401	411	42	53	340	264	253	11	
West Swanzy CDP, Cheshire County	1 118	485	214	299	43	77	250	-	-	-	
Whitefield CDP, Coos County	1 020	433	209	302	21	55	260	69	69	-	
Whitefield town, Coos County	1 969	819	436	565	40	109	474	69	69	-	
Wilmot town, Merrimack County	1 144	459	278	331	25	51	293	-	-	-	
Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	1 236	503	239	359	30	105	295	-	-	-	
Wilton town, Hillsborough County	3 743	1 410	840	1 154	110	229	986	-	-	-	
Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	1 813	690	327	567	95	134	511	19	-	19	
Winchester town, Cheshire County	4 057	1 557	823	1 211	189	277	1 031	87	68	19	
Windham town, Rockingham County	10 638	3 568	2 755	3 739	294	282	3 098	71	57	14	
Windsor town, Hillsborough County	139	58	31	38	3	9	32	62	46	16	
Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	2 874	1 304	661	675	72	162	564	105	104	1	
Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	5 978	2 574	1 460	1 535	157	252	1 304	105	104	1	
Woodstock town, Grafton County	1 139	500	210	301	25	103	262	-	-	-	
Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	1 077	457	201	303	37	79	247	4	-	4	

Table 11. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units				
	Total housing units	Total	Owner occupied		Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
			Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
The State	547 024	474 606	330 700	69.7	143 906	2.70	2.14	72 418	56 413	1.8	1.0	3.5
Belknap County	32 121	22 459	16 634	74.1	5 825	2.55	2.19	9 662	8 569	2.8	1.4	6.5
Alton town	3 522	1 825	1 478	81.0	347	2.53	2.20	1 697	1 610	2.7	1.6	7.0
Barnstead town	1 994	1 422	1 260	88.6	162	2.73	2.78	572	528	1.4	0.6	7.4
Belmont town	3 113	2 641	2 076	78.6	565	2.61	2.29	472	351	2.5	1.9	4.6
Center Harbor town	653	414	353	85.3	61	2.40	2.28	239	208	2.4	1.4	7.6
Gilford town	4 312	2 766	2 385	86.2	381	2.48	2.30	1 546	1 427	2.8	1.9	8.2
Gilmanston town	1 848	1 165	1 042	89.4	123	2.66	2.31	683	648	1.0	0.7	3.9
Laconia city	8 554	6 724	3 819	56.8	2 905	2.48	2.11	1 830	1 477	3.6	1.0	6.7
Meredith town	4 191	2 447	1 891	77.3	556	2.46	2.10	1 744	1 611	2.3	1.6	4.6
Meredith CDP	832	710	448	63.1	262	2.41	2.13	122	93	2.2	1.5	3.3
New Hampton town	944	726	624	86.0	102	2.68	2.70	218	180	1.6	1.1	4.7
Sanbornton town	1 359	969	848	87.5	121	2.69	2.49	390	343	2.4	1.2	10.4
Tilton town	1 631	1 360	858	63.1	502	2.54	2.13	271	186	4.2	2.5	7.0
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	654	612	275	44.9	337	2.75	1.99	42	8	3.3	1.8	4.5
Carroll County	34 750	18 351	14 278	77.8	4 073	2.41	2.15	16 399	14 887	3.5	2.3	7.6
Albany town	506	262	221	84.4	41	2.44	2.73	244	201	4.7	3.1	12.8
Bartlett town	3 589	1 206	870	72.1	336	2.27	2.12	2 383	2 261	5.5	3.7	9.9
Brookfield town	280	236	223	94.5	13	2.56	2.54	44	34	1.3	1.3	-
Chatham town	253	107	92	86.0	15	2.50	2.00	146	86	1.8	2.1	-
Conway town	5 927	3 714	2 447	65.9	1 267	2.42	1.99	2 213	1 797	5.6	2.0	11.8
Conway CDP	974	754	433	57.4	321	2.47	1.91	220	156	4.7	1.8	8.3
North Conway CDP	1 602	1 002	457	45.6	545	2.30	1.79	600	500	6.1	2.6	8.9
Eaton town	239	157	123	78.3	34	2.49	1.97	82	72	6.0	2.4	17.1
Effingham town	791	490	396	80.8	94	2.52	2.07	301	260	2.6	2.9	1.1
Freedom town	1 406	602	536	89.0	66	2.18	1.91	804	771	3.4	3.1	5.7
Hale's location	65	29	28	96.6	1	1.93	4.00	36	27	17.1	6.7	80.0
Hart's Location town	50	15	12	80.0	3	2.50	2.33	35	35	-	-	-
Jackson town	910	377	297	78.8	80	2.24	1.96	533	428	2.1	1.7	3.6
Madison town	1 589	777	633	81.5	144	2.61	2.33	812	765	1.9	1.7	2.7
Moultonborough town	4 523	1 884	1 636	86.8	248	2.35	2.43	2 639	2 519	3.0	2.4	7.1
Ossipee town	2 742	1 672	1 323	79.1	349	2.41	2.53	1 070	920	3.7	2.4	8.6
Sandwich town	965	564	451	80.0	113	2.31	2.18	401	360	3.4	3.8	1.7
Tamworth town	1 662	1 074	791	73.6	283	2.45	1.99	588	526	2.8	2.5	3.7
Tuftonboro town	2 019	926	808	87.3	118	2.34	2.16	1 093	1 043	2.3	2.3	2.5
Wakefield town	3 331	1 685	1 404	83.3	281	2.52	2.53	1 646	1 588	1.6	1.4	2.4
Wolfeboro town	3 903	2 574	1 987	77.2	587	2.41	2.03	1 329	1 194	2.4	2.0	3.9
Wolfeboro CDP	1 722	1 304	883	67.7	421	2.36	1.89	418	337	2.3	1.9	3.2
Cheshire County	31 876	28 299	20 049	70.8	8 250	2.62	2.09	3 577	2 532	1.9	1.2	3.5
Alstead town	941	771	611	79.2	160	2.58	2.21	170	125	2.3	1.5	5.3
Chesterfield town	1 632	1 366	1 148	84.0	218	2.64	2.33	266	216	1.5	1.4	2.2
Dublin town	686	560	454	81.1	106	2.50	2.55	126	94	1.4	1.7	-
Fitzwilliam town	1 074	836	694	83.0	142	2.62	2.28	238	208	1.2	1.1	1.4
Gilsum town	343	310	270	87.1	40	2.51	2.30	33	18	3.1	3.2	2.4
Harrisville town	698	449	363	80.8	86	2.38	2.45	249	221	1.1	0.5	3.4
Hinsdale town	1 714	1 622	1 188	73.2	434	2.70	2.03	92	24	2.3	1.7	4.2
Hinsdale CDP	746	707	408	57.7	299	2.81	1.90	39	3	3.0	1.4	5.1
Jaffrey town	2 352	2 120	1 422	67.1	698	2.66	2.18	232	164	2.3	0.7	5.5
Jaffrey CDP	1 217	1 157	633	54.7	524	2.66	2.11	60	13	3.0	0.8	5.6
Keene city	9 295	8 955	5 120	57.2	3 835	2.51	1.94	340	67	1.7	1.0	2.6
Marlborough town	896	829	609	73.5	220	2.57	2.01	67	33	2.6	0.8	7.2
Marlborough CDP	494	467	291	62.3	176	2.57	1.94	27	3	3.7	1.0	7.9
Marlow town	396	292	246	84.2	46	2.61	2.28	104	86	2.0	2.0	2.1
Nelson town	400	247	195	78.9	52	2.68	2.15	153	128	7.5	1.5	24.6
Richmond town	432	379	341	90.0	38	2.83	2.68	53	40	1.0	0.6	5.0
Rindge town	1 863	1 502	1 259	83.8	243	2.96	2.37	361	326	1.4	0.9	4.0
Roxbury town	90	89	76	85.4	13	2.70	2.46	1	-	1.1	1.3	-
Stoddard town	939	400	349	87.3	51	2.33	2.27	539	514	2.2	2.2	1.9
Sullivan town	299	282	232	82.3	50	2.69	2.42	17	5	2.1	2.5	-
Surry town	282	268	238	88.8	30	2.53	2.37	14	5	0.4	0.4	-
Swanzey town	2 818	2 666	2 013	75.5	653	2.70	2.08	152	78	1.3	0.8	2.8
West Swanzey CDP	506	485	270	55.7	215	2.45	2.12	21	3	2.0	1.5	2.7
Troy town	775	733	533	72.7	200	2.87	2.17	42	16	2.8	1.7	5.7
Walpole town	1 592	1 490	1 064	71.4	426	2.51	2.16	102	44	1.7	1.3	2.7
Westmoreland town	618	576	497	86.3	79	2.63	2.24	42	17	2.5	2.7	1.3
Winchester town	1 741	1 557	1 127	72.4	430	2.66	2.46	184	103	2.7	1.2	6.3
Winchester CDP	727	690	429	62.2	261	2.80	2.34	37	1	4.0	1.8	7.4
Coos County	19 623	13 961	9 942	71.2	4 019	2.45	2.01	5 662	4 203	5.3	2.7	11.2
Atkinson and Gilmanston Academy grant	15	7	2	28.6	5	1.50	1.80	8	3	22.2	50.0	-
Beans grant	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Beans purchase	3	3	3	100.0	-	1.33	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Berlin city	5 111	4 555	2 790	61.3	1 765	2.39	1.96	556	37	6.2	3.0	10.9
Cambridge township	39	5	4	80.0	1	2.00	2.00	34	33	16.7	20.0	-
Carroll town	740	279	219	78.5	60	2.38	2.22	461	427	6.1	3.1	15.5
Chandler's purchase	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Clarksville town	307	118	106	89.8	12	2.51	2.17	189	184	1.7	0.9	7.7
Colebrook town	1 312	1 035	681	65.8	354	2.36	1.92	277	142	9.0	2.3	19.5
Columbia town	449	300	254	84.7	46	2.52	2.33	149	130	2.6	1.2	9.8
Crawfords purchase	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Cutts grant	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Dalton town	520	374	322	86.1	52	2.51	2.27	146	114	4.6	4.5	5.5
Dix's grant	16	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	16	15	(X)	(X)	(X)
Dixville township	36	10	7	70.0	3	2.86	2.67	26	26	-	-	-
Dummer town	252	128	110	85.9	18	2.43	2.22	124	114	4.5	2.7	14.3
Errol town	447	137	120	87.6	17	2.18	2.00	310	280	8.7	7.7	15.0
Ervings location	1	1	-	-	1	-	1.00	-	-	-	(X)	-
Gorham town	1 482	1 293	923	71.4	370	2.41	1.81	189	59	4.6	2.0	10.6
Gorham CDP	912	799	550	68.8	249	2.40	1.79	113	20	5.8	2.3	12.6
Greens grant	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Hadleys purchase	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Jefferson town	582	407	343	84.3	64	2.57	1.95	175	143	3.6	3.7	3.0
Kilkenny township	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)

Table 11. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units					
	Total housing units	Owner occupied			Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	Vacancy rate			
		Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental	
													Total
Coos County—Con.													
Lancaster town	1 501	1 286	892	69.4	394	2.61	2.04	215	109	3.6	1.4	8.2	
Lancaster CDP	803	706	382	54.1	324	2.70	1.92	97	24	5.0	1.5	8.7	
Low and Burbanks grant	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Martins location	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Milan town	756	532	485	91.2	47	2.48	2.70	224	192	3.1	2.8	6.0	
Millsfield township	62	8	6	75.0	2	3.33	1.00	54	53	11.1	14.3	-	
Northumberland town	1 112	989	751	75.9	238	2.55	2.18	123	44	4.3	1.7	11.5	
Groveton CDP	558	514	341	66.3	173	2.50	1.99	44	6	3.7	1.7	7.5	
Odell township	73	4	1	25.0	3	2.00	1.00	69	69	-	-	-	
Pinkhams grant	1	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	1	1	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Pittsburg town	1 281	386	333	86.3	53	2.25	2.21	895	850	3.5	3.5	3.6	
Randolph town	298	146	127	87.0	19	2.36	1.95	152	137	1.4	0.8	5.0	
Sargents purchase	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Second College grant	8	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	8	-	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Shelburne town	197	156	136	87.2	20	2.51	1.90	41	35	2.5	1.4	9.1	
Stark town	384	194	173	89.2	21	2.72	2.14	190	169	3.5	3.4	4.5	
Stewartstown town	760	371	283	76.3	88	2.48	2.24	389	343	7.0	3.1	17.8	
Stratford town	540	397	269	67.8	128	2.44	2.23	143	107	2.9	1.8	5.2	
Success township	71	1	1	100.0	-	2.00	-	70	70	-	-	(X)	
Thompson and Meserves purchase	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Wentworth location	109	20	15	75.0	5	2.53	1.20	89	85	4.8	-	16.7	
Whitefield town	1 158	819	586	71.6	233	2.51	2.13	339	232	5.4	3.0	11.1	
Whitefield CDP	525	433	250	57.7	183	2.60	2.03	92	18	7.9	3.5	13.3	
Grafton County	43 729	31 598	21 677	68.6	9 921	2.51	2.11	12 131	10 428	2.5	2.0	3.7	
Alexandria town	783	504	436	86.5	68	2.64	2.65	279	260	2.1	2.2	1.4	
Ashland town	1 149	853	483	56.6	370	2.43	2.12	296	249	3.6	2.2	5.4	
Bath town	450	350	285	81.4	65	2.58	2.43	100	72	4.4	5.0	1.5	
Benton town	155	91	79	86.8	12	2.43	2.42	64	60	2.2	2.5	-	
Bethlehem town	1 307	924	646	69.9	278	2.51	1.99	383	251	6.6	5.8	8.3	
Bridgewater town	850	414	352	85.0	62	2.35	2.37	436	420	2.6	3.0	-	
Bristol town	2 073	1 219	820	67.3	399	2.58	2.23	854	772	3.4	1.7	6.8	
Bristol CDP	928	692	410	59.2	282	2.55	2.16	236	188	3.9	2.1	6.3	
Campton town	1 759	1 128	849	75.3	279	2.45	2.29	631	574	2.5	2.7	1.8	
Canaan town	1 588	1 279	1 064	83.2	215	2.64	2.37	309	239	1.1	0.7	3.2	
Dorchester town	236	132	114	86.4	18	2.62	3.00	104	88	4.3	3.4	10.0	
Easton town	187	117	96	82.1	21	2.19	2.19	70	60	2.5	1.0	8.7	
Ellsworth town	72	32	29	90.6	3	2.72	2.67	40	36	5.9	6.5	-	
Enfield town	2 372	1 975	1 426	72.2	549	2.42	2.07	397	343	1.1	0.8	2.0	
Enfield CDP	792	757	479	63.3	278	2.33	2.03	35	17	1.3	0.4	2.8	
Franconia town	702	384	273	71.1	111	2.31	2.03	318	291	3.3	1.1	8.3	
Grafton town	698	455	392	86.2	63	2.51	2.46	243	195	5.2	4.9	7.4	
Groton town	342	175	157	89.7	18	2.58	2.83	167	161	1.1	1.3	-	
Hanover town	2 989	2 832	1 869	66.0	963	2.59	2.25	157	111	0.9	0.8	0.9	
Hanover CDP	1 891	1 829	998	54.6	831	2.49	2.23	62	34	0.9	1.0	0.7	
Haverhill town	2 148	1 755	1 255	71.5	500	2.53	2.01	393	257	3.6	2.2	7.1	
Woodsville CDP	517	457	232	50.8	225	2.66	2.04	60	10	6.2	3.7	8.5	
Hebron town	517	206	169	82.0	37	2.25	2.14	311	294	1.9	2.3	-	
Holderness town	1 208	768	602	78.4	166	2.50	2.43	440	404	1.4	1.0	2.9	
Landaff town	214	154	131	85.1	23	2.32	3.22	60	35	2.5	2.2	4.2	
Lebanon city	5 707	5 500	2 893	52.6	2 607	2.50	1.93	207	52	1.3	0.5	2.1	
Lincoln town	2 339	583	370	63.5	213	2.36	1.86	1 756	1 707	5.7	4.9	7.0	
Lisbon town	727	629	442	70.3	187	2.60	2.35	98	55	3.8	2.2	7.4	
Lisbon CDP	469	420	268	63.8	152	2.69	2.29	49	21	4.3	1.8	8.4	
Littleton town	2 746	2 514	1 580	62.8	934	2.53	1.94	232	93	2.8	1.3	5.3	
Littleton CDP	2 093	1 956	1 102	56.3	854	2.50	1.91	137	18	3.2	1.3	5.5	
Livermore town	1	1	1	100.0	-	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	
Lyman town	280	211	187	88.6	24	2.30	2.33	69	58	1.4	1.6	-	
Lyme town	752	678	550	81.1	128	2.58	1.95	74	44	2.2	2.5	0.8	
Monroe town	333	310	277	89.4	33	2.46	2.33	23	12	1.6	1.8	-	
Orange town	134	111	105	94.6	6	2.65	3.50	23	21	-	-	-	
Orford town	561	470	376	80.0	94	2.43	1.89	91	66	2.1	2.1	2.1	
Piermont town	394	294	242	82.3	52	2.41	2.42	100	85	2.6	2.4	3.7	
Plymouth town	1 901	1 678	944	56.3	734	2.68	2.30	223	138	2.7	2.4	3.2	
Plymouth CDP	772	723	312	43.2	411	2.79	2.41	49	9	3.2	1.3	4.6	
Rumney town	879	569	449	78.9	120	2.58	2.46	310	274	3.7	3.2	5.5	
Sugar Hill town	385	258	208	80.6	50	2.20	2.12	127	87	2.6	0.5	10.7	
Thornton town	1 487	759	556	73.3	203	2.51	2.19	728	671	3.7	3.1	5.1	
Warren town	506	355	285	80.3	70	2.40	2.70	151	122	3.8	4.0	2.8	
Waterville Valley town	1 097	121	89	73.6	32	2.20	1.91	976	962	2.4	3.3	-	
Wentworth town	437	310	264	85.2	46	2.59	2.48	127	101	3.7	3.3	6.1	
Woodstock town	1 264	500	332	66.4	168	2.33	2.17	764	708	6.7	5.1	9.7	
Hillsborough County	149 961	144 455	93 748	64.9	50 707	2.80	2.19	5 506	2 283	1.2	0.5	2.5	
Amherst town	3 752	3 590	3 317	92.4	273	3.04	2.49	162	84	1.0	0.8	3.5	
Antrim town	1 160	932	690	74.0	242	2.72	2.32	228	207	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Antrim CDP	541	526	338	64.3	188	2.81	2.28	15	8	0.9	0.6	1.6	
Bedford town	6 401	6 251	5 507	88.1	744	2.97	1.96	150	34	1.0	0.8	3.0	
Bennington town	635	552	378	68.5	174	2.80	1.97	83	50	3.5	1.0	8.4	
Brookline town	1 384	1 343	1 235	92.0	108	3.17	2.43	41	27	0.7	0.4	3.6	
Deering town	933	713	647	90.7	66	2.54	2.33	220	183	2.7	2.6	4.3	
Francestown town	656	552	478	86.6	74	2.74	2.30	104	84	2.3	0.8	10.8	
Goffstown town	5 798	5 641	4 505	79.9	1 136	2.78	2.11	157	70	0.9	0.6	2.1	
Pinardville CDP	1 969	1 932	1 384	71.6	548	2.56	2.12	37	16	0.7	0.6	0.9	
Greenfield town	640	563	458	81.3	105	2.72	2.56	77	62	0.7	0.9	-	
Greenville town	918	879	594	67.6	285	2.72	2.14	39	1	2.5	1.0	5.6	
Greenville CDP	487	465	250	53.8	215	2.82	1.99	22	-	2.7	0.4	5.3	
Hancock town	814	706	575	81.4	131	2.55	2.10	108	91	1.3	0.5	4.4	
Hillsborough town	2 326	1 922	1 380	71.8	542	2.69	2.18	404	324	1.9	1.0	4.1	
Hillsborough CDP	809	760	358	47.1	402	2.71	2.09	49	3	3.3	1.1	5.2	
Hollis town	2 491	2 440	2 261	92.7	179	2.95	1.99	51	22	0.5	0.3	3.2	
Hudson town	8 165	8 034	6 249	77.8	1 785	2.95	2.41	131	36	0.5	0.2	1.3	
Hudson CDP	3 125	3 063	2 001	65.3	1 062	2.72	2.24	62	16	0.6	0.2	1.2	
Litchfield town	2 389	2 357	2 060	87.4	297	3.19	2.63	32	8	0.6	0.4	2.0	
Lyndeborough town	587	560	492	87.9	68	2.88	2.44	27	14	0.9	1.0	-	

Table 11. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units				
	Total housing units	Owner occupied			Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
		Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
Hillsborough County—Con.												
Manchester city	45 892	44 247	20 367	46.0	23 880	2.61	2.14	1 645	244	1.9	0.5	3.1
Mason town	455	433	412	95.2	21	2.65	2.67	22	10	0.5	0.5	-
Merrimack town	8 959	8 832	7 601	86.1	1 231	2.92	2.34	127	44	0.5	0.2	1.8
East Merrimack CDP	1 709	1 667	939	56.3	728	2.39	2.08	42	8	1.4	0.6	2.3
Milford town	5 316	5 201	3 294	63.3	1 907	2.82	2.16	115	19	0.9	0.4	1.7
Milford CDP	3 463	3 379	1 818	53.8	1 561	2.69	2.09	84	10	1.0	0.3	1.8
Wilton CDP (part)	35	33	18	54.5	15	2.72	2.67	2	-	5.7	-	11.8
Mont Vernon town	720	693	639	92.2	54	2.93	2.57	27	10	1.6	1.1	6.9
Nashua city	35 387	34 614	19 703	56.9	14 911	2.66	2.20	773	188	0.9	0.4	1.6
New Boston town	1 462	1 434	1 244	86.8	190	2.94	2.48	28	11	0.9	0.6	2.6
New Ipswich town	1 449	1 350	1 147	85.0	203	3.23	2.75	99	71	0.9	0.3	3.8
Pelham town	3 740	3 606	3 088	85.6	518	3.14	2.37	134	78	0.3	0.3	0.8
Peterborough town	2 509	2 346	1 558	66.4	788	2.51	2.10	163	57	2.8	1.0	6.2
Peterborough CDP	1 289	1 225	677	55.3	548	2.43	1.94	64	15	1.9	1.6	2.3
Sharon town	159	138	121	87.7	17	2.60	2.71	21	12	2.1	1.6	5.6
Temple town	465	440	369	83.9	71	2.92	2.82	25	9	0.9	0.8	1.4
Weare town	2 828	2 618	2 278	87.0	340	3.03	2.59	210	153	1.4	1.0	4.2
Wilton town	1 451	1 410	1 052	74.6	358	2.77	2.32	41	19	0.5	0.3	1.1
Wilton CDP (part)	485	470	261	55.5	209	2.56	2.30	15	5	1.1	1.1	0.9
Windsor town	120	58	49	84.5	9	2.33	2.78	62	61	-	-	-
Merrimack County	56 244	51 843	36 019	69.5	15 824	2.69	2.08	4 401	2 892	1.5	0.9	2.8
Allenstown town	1 962	1 902	1 356	71.3	546	2.76	1.96	60	23	0.7	0.5	1.1
Suncook CDP (part)	912	887	482	54.3	405	2.58	1.70	25	9	0.8	0.2	1.5
Andover town	1 038	823	685	83.2	138	2.60	2.27	215	176	1.9	1.7	2.8
Boscawen town	1 295	1 260	946	75.1	314	2.68	2.25	35	12	0.9	0.3	2.5
Bow town	2 330	2 304	2 195	95.3	109	3.11	2.94	26	3	0.4	0.4	-
Bradford town	762	559	444	79.4	115	2.65	2.24	203	183	1.9	2.0	1.7
Canterbury town	838	749	674	90.0	75	2.69	2.17	89	77	0.5	0.3	2.6
Chichester town	849	823	728	88.5	95	2.77	2.25	26	10	0.6	0.5	1.0
Concord city	16 881	16 281	8 373	51.4	7 908	2.62	1.96	600	126	1.8	0.8	2.9
Danbury town	596	435	375	86.2	60	2.45	2.55	161	121	3.5	3.8	1.6
Dunbarton town	858	814	729	89.6	85	2.75	2.60	44	33	0.5	0.4	1.2
Epsom town	1 592	1 491	1 209	81.1	282	2.72	2.19	101	65	0.7	0.6	1.1
Franklin city	3 676	3 319	1 911	57.6	1 408	2.63	2.25	357	215	2.5	1.2	4.3
Henniker town	1 679	1 585	1 083	68.3	502	2.80	1.94	94	54	1.4	0.6	3.1
Henniker CDP	558	541	261	48.2	280	2.66	1.83	17	4	2.0	1.1	2.8
Hill town	436	382	332	86.9	50	2.55	2.88	54	47	0.8	0.9	-
Hooksett town	4 307	4 147	3 304	79.7	843	2.72	2.26	160	17	1.9	1.2	4.4
Hooksett CDP	1 547	1 484	1 130	76.1	354	2.44	2.40	63	4	2.2	1.3	5.1
South Hooksett CDP	1 717	1 645	1 309	79.6	336	2.83	2.25	72	9	2.3	1.4	5.6
Hopkinton town	2 210	2 084	1 799	86.3	285	2.70	1.92	126	77	1.2	1.0	2.4
Contoocook CDP	614	590	434	73.6	156	2.66	1.85	24	10	1.5	0.7	3.7
Loudon town	1 684	1 611	1 448	89.9	163	2.80	2.58	73	47	0.7	0.6	1.8
Newbury town	1 311	691	602	87.1	89	2.49	2.30	620	585	2.1	1.6	5.3
New London town	2 085	1 574	1 297	82.4	277	2.23	1.85	511	418	2.4	1.6	5.8
Northfield town	1 782	1 706	1 159	67.9	547	2.78	2.32	76	41	0.9	0.8	1.3
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	657	629	276	43.9	353	2.71	2.35	28	6	1.6	1.8	1.4
Pembroke town	2 734	2 661	1 807	67.9	854	2.80	2.16	73	16	0.7	0.6	1.0
Suncook CDP (part)	1 497	1 451	752	51.8	699	2.58	2.12	46	7	0.9	0.5	1.3
Pittsfield town	1 569	1 498	915	61.1	583	2.83	2.29	71	16	1.6	1.1	2.5
Pittsfield CDP	699	671	282	42.0	389	2.78	2.27	28	2	2.0	1.4	2.5
Salisbury town	514	435	401	92.2	34	2.62	2.53	79	69	1.4	1.0	5.6
Sutton town	826	621	527	84.9	94	2.50	2.29	205	172	2.1	1.9	3.1
Warner town	1 228	1 048	797	76.0	251	2.68	1.98	180	152	1.8	1.4	3.1
Webster town	672	581	531	91.4	50	2.71	2.74	91	81	0.5	0.6	-
Wilmot town	530	459	392	85.4	67	2.57	2.03	71	56	1.3	1.3	1.5
Rockingham County	113 023	104 529	78 992	75.6	25 537	2.81	2.08	8 494	6 031	1.3	0.6	3.3
Atkinson town	2 431	2 317	2 060	88.9	257	2.80	1.59	114	67	1.4	1.4	1.5
Auburn town	1 622	1 580	1 460	92.4	120	3.01	2.33	42	15	0.5	0.2	4.0
Brentwood town	920	911	849	93.2	62	3.03	2.47	9	1	0.4	0.2	3.1
Candia town	1 384	1 359	1 255	92.3	104	2.92	2.42	25	5	0.5	0.2	3.7
Chester town	1 247	1 214	1 129	93.0	85	3.13	2.64	33	11	1.1	0.8	4.5
Danville town	1 479	1 428	1 302	91.2	126	2.88	2.16	51	12	0.8	0.7	1.6
Deerfield town	1 406	1 225	1 098	89.6	127	3.04	2.54	181	120	2.7	2.1	7.3
Derry town	12 735	12 327	7 978	64.7	4 349	3.03	2.22	408	151	1.2	0.5	2.3
Derry CDP	8 942	8 670	4 806	55.4	3 864	2.93	2.17	272	68	1.3	0.5	2.2
East Kingston town	648	629	582	92.5	47	2.90	2.09	19	9	0.6	0.3	4.1
Epping town	2 215	2 047	1 574	76.9	473	2.79	2.27	168	130	0.5	0.4	1.0
Epping CDP	723	703	440	62.6	263	2.54	2.09	20	5	0.7	0.5	1.1
Exeter town	6 107	5 898	3 980	67.5	1 918	2.53	1.89	209	50	1.5	1.2	2.2
Exeter CDP	4 376	4 233	2 660	62.8	1 573	2.46	1.90	143	27	1.5	1.2	2.0
Fremont town	1 201	1 165	1 030	88.4	135	3.00	2.86	36	8	0.9	0.9	0.7
Greenland town	1 244	1 204	983	81.6	221	2.77	2.11	40	19	1.0	0.4	3.5
Hampstead town	3 276	3 044	2 530	83.1	514	2.91	1.80	232	184	0.9	0.6	2.1
Hampton town	9 349	6 465	4 402	68.1	2 063	2.45	1.93	2 884	2 471	4.4	0.9	11.0
Hampton CDP	4 020	3 800	2 745	72.2	1 055	2.59	1.75	220	149	1.0	0.4	2.8
Hampton Falls town	729	704	629	89.3	75	2.74	2.09	25	8	1.1	0.8	3.8
Kensington town	672	657	597	90.9	60	2.95	2.15	15	8	0.6	0.3	3.2
Kingston town	2 265	2 122	1 825	86.0	297	2.86	2.18	143	91	1.2	0.8	3.9
Londonderry town	7 718	7 623	6 637	87.1	986	3.13	2.51	95	17	0.4	0.2	2.2
Londonderry CDP	3 881	3 832	3 198	83.5	634	3.07	2.51	49	10	0.5	0.2	1.9
New Castle town	488	443	367	82.8	76	2.26	2.22	45	29	2.2	1.9	3.8
Newfields town	532	516	463	89.7	53	3.08	2.38	16	3	1.0	0.6	3.6
Newington town	305	294	229	77.9	65	2.65	2.20	11	5	0.7	-	3.0
Newmarket town	3 457	3 379	1 779	52.6	1 600	2.62	2.08	78	20	1.1	0.3	1.8
Newmarket CDP	2 359	2 297	898	39.1	1 399	2.47	2.06	62	17	1.2	0.4	1.8
Newton town	1 552	1 518	1 279	84.3	239	2.94	2.23	34	21	0.4	0.2	1.2
North Hampton town	1 782	1 671	1 456	87.1	215	2.61	2.11	111	52	1.8	1.4	4.9
Northwood town	1 905	1 347	1 140	84.6	207	2.76	2.36	558	485	2.4	1.6	6.3
Nottingham town	1 592	1 331	1 214	91.2	117	2.82	2.39	261	239	0.4	0.2	2.5
Plaistow town	2 927	2 871										

Table 11. **Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total housing units	Occupied housing units						Vacant housing units				
		Total	Owner occupied		Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
			Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
Rockingham County—Con.												
Raymond CDP	1 167	1 116	666	59.7	450	2.78	2.20	51	18	1.8	0.6	3.6
Rye town	2 645	2 176	1 756	80.7	420	2.45	1.89	469	386	1.8	0.7	6.3
Salem town	10 866	10 402	8 132	78.2	2 270	2.86	2.06	464	273	1.0	0.5	2.6
Sandown town	1 777	1 694	1 523	89.9	171	3.05	2.73	83	70	0.1	0.1	-
Seabrook town	4 066	3 425	2 154	62.9	1 271	2.42	2.14	641	508	2.3	1.0	4.4
South Hampton town	308	301	270	89.7	31	2.88	2.13	7	5	0.3	-	3.1
Stratham town	2 371	2 306	2 057	89.2	249	2.81	2.28	65	20	1.0	0.7	3.1
Windham town	3 906	3 568	3 353	94.0	215	3.01	2.52	338	301	0.3	0.3	0.9
Strafford County	45 539	42 581	27 458	64.5	15 123	2.66	2.21	2 958	1 823	1.3	0.7	2.4
Barrington town	3 147	2 756	2 349	85.2	407	2.77	2.34	391	310	1.0	0.8	2.2
Dover city	11 924	11 573	5 920	51.2	5 653	2.54	1.96	351	69	1.3	0.7	1.8
Durham town	2 923	2 882	1 628	56.5	1 254	2.78	2.81	41	17	0.4	0.4	0.3
Durham CDP	1 718	1 703	713	41.9	990	2.59	2.60	15	3	0.3	0.7	-
Farmington town	2 337	2 146	1 516	70.6	630	2.78	2.43	191	82	2.1	0.8	5.3
Farmington CDP	1 440	1 332	829	62.2	503	2.73	2.36	108	22	3.1	1.2	6.0
Lee town	1 534	1 466	1 104	75.3	362	2.93	2.47	68	40	0.9	0.5	2.2
Madbury town	543	534	412	77.2	122	2.96	2.39	9	3	0.6	0.2	1.6
Middleton town	706	514	466	90.7	48	2.83	2.46	192	175	1.3	1.5	-
Milton town	1 815	1 456	1 160	79.7	296	2.72	2.55	359	310	1.8	1.1	4.2
New Durham town	1 309	819	740	90.4	79	2.69	2.91	490	460	1.7	0.9	8.1
Rochester city	11 836	11 434	7 643	66.8	3 791	2.56	2.26	402	77	1.5	0.9	2.8
Rollinsford town	1 060	1 033	722	69.9	311	2.71	2.22	27	3	1.5	0.4	4.0
Somersworth city	4 841	4 687	2 659	56.7	2 028	2.61	2.22	154	22	1.5	0.6	2.7
Strafford town	1 564	1 281	1 139	88.9	142	2.89	2.25	283	255	0.9	0.3	4.7
Sullivan County	20 158	16 530	11 903	72.0	4 627	2.51	2.16	3 628	2 765	2.7	1.6	5.4
Acworth town	512	318	267	84.0	51	2.55	3.02	194	172	2.2	0.4	10.5
Charlestown town	2 067	1 920	1 469	76.5	451	2.58	2.08	147	49	3.2	1.4	8.7
Charlestown CDP	503	468	284	60.7	184	2.65	2.07	35	8	4.3	1.0	8.9
Claremont city	6 074	5 685	3 271	57.5	2 414	2.46	2.03	389	64	3.3	2.0	5.1
Cornish town	697	645	563	87.3	82	2.62	2.24	52	35	1.1	0.4	5.7
Croydon town	354	264	237	89.8	27	2.50	2.52	90	72	3.6	3.7	3.6
Goshen town	389	279	251	90.0	28	2.61	2.75	110	97	2.1	2.3	-
Grantham town	1 513	924	819	88.6	105	2.34	2.40	589	533	3.3	3.0	6.3
Langdon town	269	237	210	88.6	27	2.53	2.00	32	25	1.7	1.4	3.6
Lempster town	577	387	345	89.1	42	2.51	2.50	190	159	4.4	2.8	16.0
Newport town	2 633	2 473	1 637	66.2	836	2.52	2.42	160	46	1.7	1.1	2.8
Newport CDP	1 676	1 581	907	57.4	674	2.54	2.38	95	18	1.8	1.0	2.9
Plainfield town	877	844	729	86.4	115	2.71	2.33	33	19	0.6	0.3	2.5
Springfield town	534	386	328	85.0	58	2.48	2.26	148	129	2.0	1.8	3.3
Sunapee town	2 143	1 294	972	75.1	322	2.46	2.07	849	783	2.4	0.7	7.2
Unity town	594	504	467	92.7	37	2.59	2.54	90	71	1.9	1.3	9.8
Washington town	925	370	338	91.4	32	2.41	2.50	555	511	4.4	4.0	8.6

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units				
	Total housing units	Owner occupied			Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
		Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
The State	547 024	474 606	330 700	69.7	143 906	2.70	2.14	72 418	56 413	1.8	1.0	3.5
COUNTY												
Belknap County	32 121	22 459	16 634	74.1	5 825	2.55	2.19	9 662	8 569	2.8	1.4	6.5
Carroll County	34 750	18 351	14 278	77.8	4 073	2.41	2.15	16 399	14 887	3.5	2.3	7.6
Cheshire County	31 876	28 299	20 049	70.8	8 250	2.62	2.09	3 577	2 532	1.9	1.2	3.5
Coos County	19 623	13 961	9 942	71.2	4 019	2.45	2.01	5 662	4 203	5.3	2.7	11.2
Grafton County	43 729	31 598	21 677	68.6	9 921	2.51	2.11	12 131	10 428	2.5	2.0	3.7
Hillsborough County	149 961	144 455	93 748	64.9	50 707	2.80	2.19	5 506	2 283	1.2	0.5	2.5
Merrimack County	56 244	51 843	36 019	69.5	15 824	2.69	2.08	4 401	2 892	1.5	0.9	2.8
Rockingham County	113 023	104 529	78 992	75.6	25 537	2.81	2.08	8 494	6 031	1.3	0.6	3.3
Strafford County	45 539	42 581	27 458	64.5	15 123	2.66	2.21	2 958	1 823	1.3	0.7	2.4
Sullivan County	20 158	16 530	11 903	72.0	4 627	2.51	2.16	3 628	2 765	2.7	1.6	5.4
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION												
Acworth town, Sullivan County	512	318	267	84.0	51	2.55	3.02	194	172	2.2	0.4	10.5
Albany town, Carroll County	506	262	221	84.4	41	2.44	2.73	244	201	4.7	3.1	12.8
Alexandria town, Grafton County	783	504	436	86.5	68	2.64	2.65	279	260	2.1	2.2	1.4
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	1 962	1 902	1 356	71.3	546	2.76	1.96	60	23	0.7	0.5	1.1
Alstead town, Cheshire County	941	771	611	79.2	160	2.58	2.21	170	125	2.3	1.5	5.3
Alton town, Belknap County	3 522	1 825	1 478	81.0	347	2.53	2.20	1 697	1 610	2.7	1.6	7.0
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	3 752	3 590	3 317	92.4	273	3.04	2.49	162	84	1.0	0.8	3.5
Andover town, Merrimack County	1 038	823	685	83.2	138	2.60	2.27	215	176	1.9	1.7	2.8
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	541	526	338	64.3	188	2.81	2.28	15	8	0.9	0.6	1.6
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	1 160	932	690	74.0	242	2.72	2.32	228	207	1.6	1.6	1.6
Ashland town, Grafton County	1 149	853	483	56.6	370	2.43	2.12	296	249	3.6	2.2	5.4
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	2 431	2 317	2 060	88.9	257	2.80	1.59	114	67	1.4	1.4	1.5
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County	15	7	2	28.6	5	1.50	1.80	8	3	22.2	50.0	-
Auburn town, Rockingham County	1 622	1 580	1 460	92.4	120	3.01	2.33	42	15	0.5	0.2	4.0
Barnstead town, Belknap County	1 994	1 422	1 260	88.6	162	2.73	2.78	572	528	1.4	0.6	7.4
Barrington town, Strafford County	3 147	2 756	2 349	85.2	407	2.77	2.34	391	310	1.0	0.8	2.2
Bartlett town, Carroll County	3 589	1 206	870	72.1	336	2.27	2.12	2 383	2 261	5.5	3.7	9.9
Bath town, Grafton County	450	350	285	81.4	65	2.58	2.43	100	72	4.4	5.0	1.5
Beans grant, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Beans purchase, Coos County	3	3	3	100.0	-	1.33	-	-	-	-	-	(X)
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	6 401	6 251	5 507	88.1	744	2.97	1.96	150	34	1.0	0.8	3.0
Belmont town, Belknap County	3 113	2 641	2 076	78.6	565	2.61	2.29	472	351	2.5	1.9	4.6
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	635	552	378	68.5	174	2.80	1.97	83	50	3.5	1.0	8.4
Benton town, Grafton County	155	91	79	86.8	12	2.43	2.42	64	60	2.2	2.5	-
Berlin city, Coos County	5 111	4 555	2 790	61.3	1 765	2.39	1.96	556	37	6.2	3.0	10.9
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	1 307	924	646	69.9	278	2.51	1.99	383	251	6.6	5.8	8.3
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	1 295	1 260	946	75.1	314	2.68	2.25	35	12	0.9	0.3	2.5
Bow town, Merrimack County	2 330	2 304	2 195	95.3	109	3.11	2.94	26	3	0.4	0.4	-
Bradford town, Merrimack County	762	559	444	79.4	115	2.65	2.24	203	183	1.9	2.0	1.7
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	920	911	849	93.2	62	3.03	2.47	9	1	0.4	0.2	3.1
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	850	414	352	85.0	62	2.35	2.37	436	420	2.6	3.0	-
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	928	692	410	59.2	282	2.55	2.16	236	188	3.9	2.1	6.3
Bristol town, Grafton County	2 073	1 219	820	67.3	399	2.58	2.23	854	772	3.4	1.7	6.8
Brookfield town, Carroll County	280	236	223	94.5	13	2.56	2.54	44	34	1.3	1.3	-
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	1 384	1 343	1 235	92.0	108	3.17	2.43	41	27	0.7	0.4	3.6
Cambridge township, Coos County	39	5	4	80.0	1	2.00	2.00	34	33	16.7	20.0	-
Campton town, Grafton County	1 759	1 128	849	75.3	279	2.45	2.29	631	574	2.5	2.7	1.8
Canaan town, Grafton County	1 588	1 279	1 064	83.2	215	2.64	2.37	309	239	1.1	0.7	3.2
Candia town, Rockingham County	1 384	1 359	1 255	92.3	104	2.92	2.42	25	5	0.5	0.2	3.7
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	838	749	674	90.0	75	2.69	2.17	89	77	0.5	0.3	2.6
Carroll town, Coos County	740	279	219	78.5	60	2.38	2.22	461	427	6.1	3.1	15.5
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	653	414	353	85.3	61	2.40	2.28	239	208	2.4	1.4	7.6
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	503	468	284	60.7	184	2.65	2.07	35	8	4.3	1.0	8.9
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	2 067	1 920	1 469	76.5	451	2.58	2.08	147	49	3.2	1.4	8.7
Chatham town, Carroll County	253	107	92	86.0	15	2.50	2.00	146	86	1.8	2.1	-
Chester town, Rockingham County	1 247	1 214	1 129	93.0	85	3.13	2.64	33	11	1.1	0.8	4.5
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	1 632	1 366	1 148	84.0	218	2.64	2.33	266	216	1.5	1.4	2.2
Chichester town, Merrimack County	849	823	728	88.5	95	2.77	2.25	26	10	0.6	0.5	1.0
Claremont city, Sullivan County	6 074	5 685	3 271	57.5	2 414	2.46	2.03	389	64	3.3	2.0	5.1
Clarksville town, Coos County	307	118	106	89.8	12	2.51	2.17	189	184	1.7	0.9	7.7
Colebrook town, Coos County	1 312	1 035	681	65.8	354	2.36	1.92	277	142	9.0	2.3	19.5
Columbia town, Coos County	449	300	254	84.7	46	2.52	2.33	149	130	2.6	1.2	9.8
Concord city, Merrimack County	16 881	16 281	8 373	51.4	7 908	2.62	1.96	600	126	1.8	0.8	2.9
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	614	590	434	73.6	156	2.66	1.85	24	10	1.5	0.7	3.7
Conway CDP, Carroll County	974	754	433	57.4	321	2.47	1.91	220	156	4.7	1.8	8.3
Conway town, Carroll County	5 927	3 714	2 447	65.9	1 267	2.42	1.99	2 213	1 797	5.6	2.0	11.8
Cornish town, Sullivan County	697	645	563	87.3	82	2.62	2.24	52	35	1.1	0.4	5.7
Crawfords purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Croydon town, Sullivan County	354	264	237	89.8	27	2.50	2.52	90	72	3.6	3.7	3.6
Cutts grant, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Dalton town, Coos County	520	374	322	86.1	52	2.51	2.27	146	114	4.6	4.5	5.5
Danbury town, Merrimack County	596	435	375	86.2	60	2.45	2.55	161	121	3.5	3.8	1.6
Danville town, Rockingham County	1 479	1 428	1 302	91.2	126	2.88	2.16	51	12	0.8	0.7	1.6
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	1 406	1 225	1 098	89.6	127	3.04	2.54	181	120	2.7	2.1	7.3
Deering town, Hillsborough County	933	713	647	90.7	66	2.54	2.33	220	183	2.7	2.6	4.3
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	8 942	8 670	4 806	55.4	3 864	2.93	2.17	272	68	1.3	0.5	2.2
Derry town, Rockingham County	12 735	12 327	7 978	64.7	4 349	3.03	2.22	408	151	1.2	0.5	2.3
Dix's grant, Coos County	16	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	16	15	(X)	(X)	(X)
Dixville township, Coos County	36	10	7	70.0	3	2.86	2.67	26	26	-	-	-
Dorchester town, Grafton County	236	132	114	86.4	18	2.62	3.00	104	88	4.3	3.4	10.0
Dover city, Strafford County	11 924	11 573	5 920	51.2	5 653	2.54	1.96	351	69	1.3	0.7	1.8

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units				
	Total housing units	Owner occupied			Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
		Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Dublin town, Cheshire County	686	560	454	81.1	106	2.50	2.55	126	94	1.4	1.7	-
Dummer town, Coos County	252	128	110	85.9	18	2.43	2.22	124	114	4.5	2.7	14.3
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	858	814	729	89.6	85	2.75	2.60	44	33	0.5	0.4	1.2
Durham CDP, Strafford County	1 718	1 703	713	41.9	990	2.59	2.60	15	3	0.3	0.7	-
Durham town, Strafford County	2 923	2 882	1 628	56.5	1 254	2.78	2.81	41	17	0.4	0.4	0.3
East Kingston town, Rockingham County	648	629	582	92.5	47	2.90	2.09	19	9	0.6	0.3	4.1
East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	1 709	1 667	939	56.3	728	2.39	2.08	42	8	1.4	0.6	2.3
Easton town, Grafton County	187	117	96	82.1	21	2.19	2.19	70	60	2.5	1.0	8.7
Eaton town, Carroll County	239	157	123	78.3	34	2.49	1.97	82	72	6.0	2.4	17.1
Effingham town, Carroll County	791	490	396	80.8	94	2.52	2.07	301	260	2.6	2.9	1.1
Ellsworth town, Grafton County	72	32	29	90.6	3	2.72	2.67	40	36	5.9	6.5	-
Enfield CDP, Grafton County	792	757	479	63.3	278	2.33	2.03	35	17	1.3	0.4	2.8
Enfield town, Grafton County	2 372	1 975	1 426	72.2	549	2.42	2.07	397	343	1.1	0.8	2.0
Epping CDP, Rockingham County	723	703	440	62.6	263	2.54	2.09	20	5	0.7	0.5	1.1
Epping town, Rockingham County	2 215	2 047	1 574	76.9	473	2.79	2.27	168	130	0.5	0.4	1.0
Epsom town, Merrimack County	1 592	1 491	1 209	81.1	282	2.72	2.19	101	65	0.7	0.6	1.1
Errol town, Coos County	447	137	120	87.6	17	2.18	2.00	310	280	8.7	7.7	15.0
Erving location, Coos County	1	1	-	-	1	-	1.00	-	-	-	(X)	-
Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	4 376	4 233	2 660	62.8	1 573	2.46	1.90	143	27	1.5	1.2	2.0
Exeter town, Rockingham County	6 107	5 898	3 980	67.5	1 918	2.53	1.89	209	50	1.5	1.2	2.2
Farmington CDP, Strafford County	1 440	1 332	829	62.2	503	2.73	2.36	108	22	3.1	1.2	6.0
Farmington town, Strafford County	2 337	2 146	1 516	70.6	630	2.78	2.43	191	82	2.1	0.8	5.3
Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	1 074	836	694	83.0	142	2.62	2.28	238	208	1.2	1.1	1.4
Francestown town, Hillsborough County	656	552	478	86.6	74	2.74	2.30	104	84	2.3	0.8	10.8
Franconia town, Grafton County	702	384	273	71.1	111	2.31	2.03	318	291	3.3	1.1	8.3
Franklin city, Merrimack County	3 676	3 319	1 911	57.6	1 408	2.63	2.25	357	215	2.5	1.2	4.3
Freedom town, Carroll County	1 406	602	536	89.0	66	2.18	1.91	804	771	3.4	3.1	5.7
Fremont town, Rockingham County	1 201	1 165	1 030	88.4	135	3.00	2.86	36	8	0.9	0.9	0.7
Gilford town, Belknap County	4 312	2 766	2 385	86.2	381	2.48	2.30	1 546	1 427	2.8	1.9	8.2
Gilmanton town, Belknap County	1 848	1 165	1 042	89.4	123	2.66	2.31	683	648	1.0	0.7	3.9
Gilsun town, Cheshire County	343	310	270	87.1	40	2.51	2.30	33	18	3.1	3.2	2.4
Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	5 798	5 641	4 505	79.9	1 136	2.78	2.11	157	70	0.9	0.6	2.1
Gorham CDP, Coos County	912	799	550	68.8	249	2.40	1.79	113	20	5.8	2.3	12.6
Gorham town, Coos County	1 482	1 293	923	71.4	370	2.41	1.81	189	59	4.6	2.0	10.6
Goshen town, Sullivan County	389	279	251	90.0	28	2.81	2.75	110	97	2.1	2.3	-
Grafton town, Grafton County	698	455	392	86.2	63	2.51	2.46	243	195	5.2	4.9	7.4
Grantham town, Sullivan County	1 513	924	819	88.6	105	2.34	2.40	589	533	3.3	3.0	6.3
Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	640	563	458	81.3	105	2.72	2.56	77	62	0.7	0.9	-
Greenland town, Rockingham County	1 244	1 204	983	81.6	221	2.77	2.11	40	19	1.0	0.4	3.5
Greens grant, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	487	465	250	53.8	215	2.82	1.99	22	-	2.7	0.4	5.3
Greenville town, Hillsborough County	918	879	594	67.6	285	2.72	2.14	39	1	2.5	1.0	5.6
Groton town, Grafton County	342	175	157	89.7	18	2.58	2.83	167	161	1.1	1.3	-
Groveton CDP, Coos County	558	514	341	66.3	173	2.50	1.99	44	6	3.7	1.7	7.5
Hadleys purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Hale's location, Carroll County	65	29	28	96.6	1	1.93	4.00	36	27	17.1	6.7	80.0
Hampstead town, Rockingham County	3 276	3 044	2 530	83.1	514	2.91	1.80	232	184	0.9	0.6	2.1
Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	4 020	3 800	2 745	72.2	1 055	2.59	1.75	220	149	1.0	0.4	2.8
Hampton town, Rockingham County	9 349	6 465	4 402	68.1	2 063	2.45	1.93	2 884	2 471	4.4	0.9	11.0
Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	729	704	629	89.3	75	2.74	2.09	25	8	1.1	0.8	3.8
Hancock town, Hillsborough County	814	706	575	81.4	131	2.55	2.10	108	91	1.3	0.5	4.4
Hanover CDP, Grafton County	1 891	1 829	998	54.6	831	2.49	2.23	62	34	0.9	1.0	0.7
Hanover town, Grafton County	2 989	2 832	1 869	66.0	963	2.59	2.25	157	111	0.9	0.8	0.9
Harrisville town, Cheshire County	698	449	363	80.8	86	2.38	2.45	249	221	1.1	0.5	3.4
Hart's Location town, Carroll County	50	15	12	80.0	3	2.50	2.33	35	35	-	-	-
Haverhill town, Grafton County	2 148	1 755	1 255	71.5	500	2.53	2.01	393	257	3.6	2.2	7.1
Hebron town, Grafton County	517	206	169	82.0	37	2.25	2.14	311	294	1.9	2.3	-
Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	558	541	261	48.2	280	2.66	1.83	17	4	2.0	1.1	2.8
Henniker town, Merrimack County	1 679	1 585	1 083	68.3	502	2.80	1.94	94	54	1.4	0.6	3.1
Hill town, Merrimack County	436	382	332	86.9	50	2.55	2.88	54	47	0.8	0.9	-
Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	809	760	358	47.1	402	2.71	2.09	49	3	3.3	1.1	5.2
Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	2 326	1 922	1 380	71.8	542	2.69	2.18	404	324	1.9	1.0	4.1
Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	746	707	408	57.7	299	2.81	1.90	39	3	3.0	1.4	5.1
Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	1 714	1 622	1 188	73.2	434	2.70	2.03	92	24	2.3	1.7	4.2
Holderness town, Grafton County	1 208	768	602	78.4	166	2.50	2.43	440	404	1.4	1.0	2.9
Hollis town, Hillsborough County	2 491	2 440	2 261	92.7	179	2.95	1.99	51	22	0.5	0.3	3.2
Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	1 547	1 484	1 130	76.1	354	2.44	2.40	63	4	2.2	1.3	5.1
Hooksett town, Merrimack County	4 307	4 147	3 304	79.7	843	2.72	2.26	160	17	1.9	1.2	4.4
Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	2 210	2 084	1 799	86.3	285	2.70	1.92	126	77	1.2	1.0	2.4
Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	3 125	3 063	2 001	65.3	1 062	2.72	2.24	62	16	0.6	0.2	1.2
Hudson town, Hillsborough County	8 165	8 034	6 249	77.8	1 785	2.95	2.41	131	36	0.5	0.2	1.3
Jackson town, Carroll County	910	377	297	78.8	80	2.24	1.96	533	428	2.1	1.7	3.6
Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	1 217	1 157	633	54.7	524	2.66	2.11	60	13	3.0	0.8	5.6
Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	2 352	2 120	1 422	67.1	698	2.66	2.18	232	164	2.3	0.7	5.5
Jefferson town, Coos County	582	407	343	84.3	64	2.57	1.95	175	143	3.6	3.7	3.0
Keene city, Cheshire County	9 295	8 955	5 120	57.2	3 835	2.51	1.94	340	67	1.7	1.0	2.6
Kensington town, Rockingham County	672	657	597	90.9	60	2.95	2.15	15	8	0.6	0.3	3.2
Kilkenny township, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Kingston town, Rockingham County	2 265	2 122	1 825	86.0	297	2.86	2.18	143	91	1.2	0.8	3.9
Laconia city, Belknap County	8 554	6 724	3 819	56.8	2 905	2.48	2.11	1 830	1 477	3.6	1.0	6.7
Lancaster CDP, Coos County	803	706	382	54.1	324	2.70	1.92	97	24	5.0	1.5	8.7
Lancaster town, Coos County	1 501	1 286	892	69.4	394	2.61	2.04	215	109	3.6	1.4	8.2
Landaff town, Grafton County	214	154	131	85.1	23	2.32	3.22	60	35	2.5	2.2	4.2
Langdon town, Sullivan County	269	237	210	88.6	27	2.53	2.00	32	25	1.7	1.4	3.6
Lebanon city, Grafton County	5 707	5 500	2 893	52.6	2 607	2.50	1.93	207	52	1.3	0.5	2.1
Lee town, Strafford County	1 534	1 466	1 104	75.3	362	2.93	2.47	68	40	0.9	0.5	2.2
Lempster town, Sullivan County	577	387	345	89.1	42	2.51	2.50	190	159	4.4	2.8	16.0

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units				
	Total housing units	Owner occupied			Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
		Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Lincoln town, Grafton County	2 339	583	370	63.5	213	2.36	1.86	1 756	1 707	5.7	4.9	7.0
Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	469	420	268	63.8	152	2.69	2.29	49	21	4.3	1.8	8.4
Lisbon town, Grafton County	727	629	442	70.3	187	2.60	2.35	98	55	3.8	2.2	7.4
Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	2 389	2 357	2 060	87.4	297	3.19	2.63	32	8	0.6	0.4	2.0
Littleton CDP, Grafton County	2 093	1 956	1 102	56.3	854	2.50	1.91	137	18	3.2	1.3	5.5
Littleton town, Grafton County	2 746	2 514	1 580	62.8	934	2.53	1.94	232	93	2.8	1.3	5.3
Livermore town, Grafton County	1	1	1	100.0	-	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	(X)
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	3 881	3 832	3 198	83.5	634	3.07	2.51	49	10	0.5	0.2	1.9
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	7 718	7 623	6 637	87.1	986	3.13	2.51	95	17	0.4	0.2	2.2
Loudon town, Merrimack County	1 684	1 611	1 448	89.9	163	2.80	2.58	73	47	0.7	0.6	1.8
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Lyman town, Grafton County	280	211	187	88.6	24	2.30	2.33	69	58	1.4	1.6	-
Lyme town, Grafton County	752	678	550	81.1	128	2.58	1.95	74	44	2.2	2.5	0.8
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	587	560	492	87.9	68	2.88	2.44	27	14	0.9	1.0	-
Madbury town, Strafford County	543	534	412	77.2	122	2.96	2.39	9	3	0.6	0.2	1.6
Madison town, Carroll County	1 589	777	633	81.5	144	2.61	2.33	812	765	1.9	1.7	2.7
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	45 892	44 247	20 367	46.0	23 880	2.61	2.14	1 645	244	1.9	0.5	3.1
Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	494	467	291	62.3	176	2.57	1.94	27	3	3.7	1.0	7.9
Marlborough town, Rockingham County	896	829	609	73.5	220	2.57	2.01	67	33	2.6	0.8	7.2
Marlow town, Cheshire County	396	292	246	84.2	46	2.61	2.28	104	86	2.0	2.0	2.1
Marlins location, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Mason town, Hillsborough County	455	433	412	95.2	21	2.65	2.67	22	10	0.5	0.5	-
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	832	710	448	63.1	262	2.41	2.13	122	93	2.2	1.5	3.3
Meredith town, Belknap County	4 191	2 447	1 891	77.3	556	2.46	2.10	1 744	1 611	2.3	1.6	4.6
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	8 959	8 832	7 601	86.1	1 231	2.92	2.34	127	44	0.5	0.2	1.8
Middleton town, Strafford County	706	514	466	90.7	48	2.83	2.46	192	175	1.3	1.5	-
Milan town, Coos County	756	532	485	91.2	47	2.48	2.70	224	192	3.1	2.8	6.0
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	3 463	3 379	1 818	53.8	1 561	2.69	2.09	84	10	1.0	0.3	1.8
Milford town, Hillsborough County	5 316	5 201	3 294	63.3	1 907	2.82	2.16	115	19	0.9	0.4	1.7
Millsfield township, Coos County	62	8	6	75.0	2	3.33	1.00	54	53	11.1	14.3	-
Milton town, Strafford County	1 815	1 456	1 160	79.7	296	2.72	2.55	359	310	1.8	1.1	4.2
Monroe town, Grafton County	333	310	277	89.4	33	2.46	2.33	23	12	1.6	1.8	-
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	720	693	639	92.2	54	2.93	2.57	27	10	1.6	1.1	6.9
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	4 523	1 884	1 636	86.8	248	2.35	2.43	2 639	2 519	3.0	2.4	7.1
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	35 387	34 614	19 703	56.9	14 911	2.66	2.20	773	188	0.9	0.4	1.6
Nelson town, Cheshire County	400	247	195	78.9	52	2.68	2.15	153	128	7.5	1.5	24.6
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	1 462	1 434	1 244	86.8	190	2.94	2.48	28	11	0.9	0.6	2.6
Newbury town, Merrimack County	1 311	691	602	87.1	89	2.49	2.30	620	585	2.1	1.6	5.3
New Castle town, Rockingham County	488	443	367	82.8	76	2.26	2.22	45	29	2.2	1.9	3.8
New Durham town, Strafford County	1 309	819	740	90.4	79	2.69	2.91	490	460	1.7	0.9	8.1
Newfields town, Rockingham County	532	516	463	89.7	53	3.08	2.38	16	3	1.0	0.6	3.6
New Hampton town, Belknap County	944	726	624	86.0	102	2.68	2.70	218	180	1.6	1.1	4.7
Newington town, Rockingham County	305	294	229	77.9	65	2.65	2.20	11	5	0.7	-	3.0
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	1 449	1 350	1 147	85.0	203	3.23	2.75	99	71	0.9	0.3	3.8
New London town, Merrimack County	2 085	1 574	1 297	82.4	277	2.23	1.85	511	418	2.4	1.6	5.8
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	2 359	2 297	898	39.1	1 399	2.47	2.06	62	17	1.2	0.4	1.8
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	3 457	3 379	1 779	52.6	1 600	2.62	2.08	78	20	1.1	0.3	1.8
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	1 676	1 581	907	57.4	674	2.54	2.38	95	18	1.8	1.0	2.9
Newport town, Sullivan County	2 633	2 473	1 637	66.2	836	2.52	2.42	160	46	1.7	1.1	2.8
Newton town, Rockingham County	1 552	1 518	1 279	84.3	239	2.94	2.23	34	21	0.4	0.2	1.2
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	1 602	1 002	457	45.6	545	2.30	1.79	600	500	6.1	2.6	8.9
Northfield town, Merrimack County	1 782	1 706	1 159	67.9	547	2.78	2.32	76	41	0.9	0.8	1.3
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	1 782	1 671	1 456	87.1	215	2.61	2.11	111	52	1.8	1.4	4.9
Northumberland town, Coos County	1 112	989	751	75.9	238	2.55	2.18	123	44	4.3	1.7	11.5
Northwood town, Rockingham County	1 905	1 347	1 140	84.6	207	2.76	2.36	558	485	2.4	1.6	6.3
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	1 592	1 331	1 214	91.2	117	2.82	2.39	261	239	0.4	0.2	2.5
Odell township, Coos County	73	4	1	25.0	3	2.00	1.00	69	69	-	-	-
Orange town, Grafton County	134	111	105	94.6	6	2.65	3.50	23	21	-	-	-
Orford town, Grafton County	561	470	376	80.0	94	2.43	1.89	91	66	2.1	2.1	2.1
Ossipee town, Carroll County	2 742	1 672	1 323	79.1	349	2.41	2.53	1 070	920	3.7	2.4	8.6
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	3 740	3 606	3 088	85.6	518	3.14	2.37	134	78	0.3	0.3	0.8
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	2 734	2 661	1 807	67.9	854	2.80	2.16	73	16	0.7	0.6	1.0
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	1 289	1 225	677	55.3	548	2.43	1.94	64	15	1.9	1.6	2.3
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	2 509	2 346	1 558	66.4	788	2.51	2.10	163	57	2.8	1.0	6.2
Piermont town, Grafton County	394	294	242	82.3	52	2.41	2.42	100	85	2.6	2.4	3.7
Pinarville CDP, Hillsborough County	1 969	1 932	1 384	71.6	548	2.56	2.12	37	16	0.7	0.6	0.9
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	1	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	1	1	(X)	(X)	(X)
Pittsburg town, Coos County	1 281	386	333	86.3	53	2.25	2.21	895	850	3.5	3.5	3.6
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	699	671	282	42.0	389	2.78	2.27	28	2	2.0	1.4	2.5
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	1 569	1 498	915	61.1	583	2.83	2.29	71	16	1.6	1.1	2.5
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	877	844	729	86.4	115	2.71	2.33	33	19	0.6	0.3	2.5
Plaistow town, Rockingham County	2 927	2 871	2 260	78.7	611	2.81	2.28	56	22	0.5	0.2	1.5
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	772	723	312	43.2	419	2.79	2.41	49	9	3.2	1.3	4.6
Plymouth town, Grafton County	1 901	1 678	944	56.3	734	2.68	2.30	223	138	2.7	2.4	3.2
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	10 186	9 875	4 936	50.0	4 939	2.27	1.81	311	80	1.6	0.9	2.3
Randolph town, Coos County	298	146	127	87.0	19	2.36	1.95	152	137	1.4	0.8	5.0
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	1 167	1 116	666	59.7	450	2.78	2.20	51	18	1.8	0.6	3.6
Raymond town, Rockingham County	3 710	3 493	2 724	78.0	769	2.87	2.39	217	135	1.3	0.8	3.0
Richmond town, Cheshire County	432	379	341	90.0	38	2.83	2.68	53	40	1.0	0.6	5.0
Rindge town, Cheshire County	1 863	1 502	1 259	83.8	243	2.96	2.37	361	326	1.4	0.9	4.0
Rochester city, Strafford County	11 836	11 434	7 643	66.8	3 791	2.56	2.26	402	77	1.5	0.9	2.8
Rollinsford town, Strafford County	1 060	1 033	722	69.9	311	2.71	2.22	27	3	1.5	0.4	4.0
Roxbury town, Cheshire County	90	89	76	85.4	13	2.70	2.46	1	-	1.1	1.3	-
Rumney town, Grafton County	879	569	449	78.9	120	2.58	2.46	310	274	3.7	3.2	5.5
Rye town, Rockingham County	2 645	2 176	1 756	80.7	420	2.45	1.89	469	386	1.8	0.7	6.3
Salem town, Rockingham County	10 866	10 402	8 132	78.2	2 270	2.86	2.06	464	273	1.0	0.5	2.6
Salisbury town, Merrimack County	514	435	401	92.2	34	2.62	2.53	79	69	1.4	1.0	5.6

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

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State County Place and County Subdivision	Occupied housing units							Vacant housing units				
	Total housing units	Owner occupied			Renter occupied	Average household size		Total	For seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Vacancy rate		
		Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units		Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units			Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Sanbornton town, Belknap County	1 359	969	848	87.5	121	2.69	2.49	390	343	2.4	1.2	10.4
Sandown town, Rockingham County	1 777	1 694	1 523	89.9	171	3.05	2.73	83	70	0.1	0.1	-
Sandwich town, Carroll County	965	564	451	80.0	113	2.31	2.18	401	360	3.4	3.8	1.7
Sargents purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Seabrook town, Rockingham County	4 066	3 425	2 154	62.9	1 271	2.42	2.14	641	508	2.3	1.0	4.4
Second College grant, Coos County	8	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	8	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Sharon town, Hillsborough County	159	138	121	87.7	17	2.60	2.71	21	12	2.1	1.6	5.6
Shelburne town, Coos County	197	156	136	87.2	20	2.51	1.90	41	35	2.5	1.4	9.1
Somersworth city, Strafford County	4 841	4 687	2 659	56.7	2 028	2.61	2.22	154	22	1.5	0.6	2.7
South Hampton town, Rockingham County	308	301	270	89.7	31	2.88	2.13	7	5	0.3	-	3.1
South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	1 717	1 645	1 309	79.6	336	2.83	2.25	72	9	2.3	1.4	5.6
Springfield town, Sullivan County	534	386	328	85.0	58	2.48	2.26	148	129	2.0	1.8	3.3
Stark town, Coos County	384	194	173	89.2	21	2.72	2.14	190	169	3.5	3.4	4.5
Stewartstown town, Coos County	760	371	283	76.3	88	2.48	2.24	389	343	7.0	3.1	17.8
Stoddard town, Cheshire County	939	400	349	87.3	51	2.33	2.27	539	514	2.2	2.2	1.9
Strafford town, Strafford County	1 564	1 281	1 139	88.9	142	2.89	2.25	283	255	0.9	0.3	4.7
Stratford town, Coos County	540	397	269	67.8	128	2.44	2.23	143	107	2.9	1.8	5.2
Stratham town, Rockingham County	2 371	2 306	2 057	89.2	249	2.81	2.28	65	20	1.0	0.7	3.1
Success township, Coos County	71	1	1	100.0	-	2.00	-	70	70	-	-	(X)
Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	385	258	208	80.6	50	2.20	2.12	127	87	2.6	0.5	10.7
Sullivan town, Cheshire County	299	282	232	82.3	50	2.69	2.42	17	5	2.1	2.5	-
Sunapee town, Sullivan County	2 143	1 294	972	75.1	322	2.46	2.07	849	783	2.4	0.7	7.2
Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	2 409	2 338	1 234	52.8	1 104	2.58	1.97	71	16	0.8	0.4	1.3
Surry town, Cheshire County	282	268	238	88.8	30	2.53	2.37	14	5	0.4	0.4	-
Sutton town, Merrimack County	826	621	527	84.9	94	2.50	2.29	205	172	2.1	1.9	3.1
Swanzy town, Cheshire County	2 818	2 666	2 013	75.5	653	2.70	2.08	152	78	1.3	0.8	2.8
Tamworth town, Carroll County	1 662	1 074	791	73.6	283	2.45	1.99	588	526	2.8	2.5	3.7
Temple town, Hillsborough County	465	440	369	83.9	71	2.92	2.82	25	9	0.9	0.8	1.4
Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	(X)	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)
Thornton town, Grafton County	1 487	759	556	73.3	203	2.51	2.19	728	671	3.7	3.1	5.1
Tilton town, Belknap County	1 631	1 360	858	63.1	502	2.54	2.13	271	186	4.2	2.5	7.0
Tilton-Northfield CDP	1 311	1 241	551	44.4	690	2.73	2.18	70	14	2.4	1.8	3.0
Belknap County (part)	654	612	275	44.9	337	2.75	1.99	42	8	3.3	1.8	4.5
Merrimack County (part)	657	629	276	43.9	353	2.71	2.35	28	6	1.6	1.8	1.4
Troy town, Cheshire County	775	733	533	72.7	200	2.87	2.17	42	16	2.8	1.7	5.7
Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	2 019	926	808	87.3	118	2.34	2.16	1 093	1 043	2.3	2.3	2.5
Unity town, Sullivan County	594	504	467	92.7	37	2.59	2.54	90	71	1.9	1.3	9.8
Wakefield town, Carroll County	3 331	1 685	1 404	83.3	281	2.52	2.53	1 646	1 588	1.6	1.4	2.4
Walpole town, Cheshire County	1 592	1 490	1 064	71.4	426	2.51	2.16	102	44	1.7	1.3	2.7
Warner town, Merrimack County	1 228	1 048	797	76.0	251	2.68	1.98	180	152	1.8	1.4	3.1
Warren town, Grafton County	506	355	285	80.3	70	2.40	2.70	151	122	3.8	4.0	2.8
Washington town, Sullivan County	925	370	338	91.4	32	2.41	2.50	555	511	4.4	4.0	8.6
Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	1 097	121	89	73.6	32	2.20	1.91	976	962	2.4	3.3	-
Weare town, Hillsborough County	2 828	2 618	2 278	87.0	340	3.03	2.59	210	153	1.4	1.0	4.2
Webster town, Merrimack County	672	581	531	91.4	50	2.71	2.74	91	81	0.5	0.6	-
Wentworth town, Grafton County	437	310	264	85.2	46	2.59	2.48	127	101	3.7	3.3	6.1
Wentworth location, Coos County	109	20	15	75.0	5	2.53	1.20	89	85	4.8	-	16.7
Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	618	576	497	86.3	79	2.63	2.24	42	17	2.5	2.7	1.3
West Swanzy CDP, Cheshire County	506	485	270	55.7	215	2.45	2.12	21	3	2.0	1.5	2.7
Whitefield CDP, Coos County	525	433	250	57.7	183	2.60	2.03	92	18	7.9	3.5	13.3
Whitefield town, Coos County	1 158	819	586	71.6	233	2.51	2.13	339	232	5.4	3.0	11.1
Wilmot town, Merrimack County	530	459	392	85.4	67	2.57	2.03	71	56	1.3	1.3	1.5
Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	520	503	279	55.5	224	2.57	2.32	17	5	1.4	1.1	1.8
Wilton town, Hillsborough County	1 451	1 410	1 052	74.6	358	2.77	2.32	41	19	0.5	0.3	1.1
Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	727	690	429	62.2	261	2.80	2.34	37	1	4.0	1.8	7.4
Winchester town, Cheshire County	1 741	1 557	1 127	72.4	430	2.66	2.46	184	103	2.7	1.2	6.3
Windham town, Rockingham County	3 906	3 568	3 353	94.0	215	3.01	2.52	338	301	0.3	0.3	0.9
Windsor town, Hillsborough County	120	58	49	84.5	9	2.33	2.78	62	61	-	-	-
Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	1 722	1 304	883	67.7	421	2.36	1.89	418	337	2.3	1.9	3.2
Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	3 903	2 574	1 987	77.2	587	2.41	2.03	1 329	1 194	2.4	2.0	3.9
Woodstock town, Grafton County	1 264	500	332	66.4	168	2.33	2.17	764	708	6.7	5.1	9.7
Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	517	457	232	50.8	225	2.66	2.04	60	10	6.2	3.7	8.5

Table 13. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder							Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race									
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
The State	474 606	459 808	3 059	1 054	4 857	96	1 954	3 778	5 356	456 731	
Belknap County	22 459	22 045	42	61	85	2	23	201	90	21 975	
Alton town	1 825	1 809	2	5	3	-	1	5	8	1 803	
Barnstead town	1 422	1 398	5	4	5	-	1	9	7	1 392	
Belmont town	2 641	2 584	5	6	12	-	4	30	17	2 569	
Center Harbor town	414	411	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	411	
Gilford town	2 766	2 726	4	7	10	-	1	18	7	2 721	
Gilmanston town	1 165	1 148	2	3	1	-	-	11	5	1 143	
Laconia city	6 724	6 561	19	26	32	1	10	75	29	6 540	
Meredith town	2 447	2 414	2	4	12	-	3	12	7	2 409	
Meredith CDP	710	701	1	3	5	-	-	-	3	698	
New Hampton town	726	718	-	-	-	-	2	6	1	717	
Sanbornton town	969	953	2	1	2	-	-	11	3	950	
Tilton town	1 360	1 323	1	5	7	1	1	22	6	1 320	
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	612	589	1	2	3	-	1	16	1	589	
Carroll County	18 351	18 098	16	43	47	2	22	123	51	18 059	
Albany town	262	255	1	1	1	1	-	3	1	254	
Bartlett town	1 206	1 187	2	4	4	-	1	8	-	1 187	
Brookfield town	236	236	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	236	
Chatham town	107	104	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	104	
Conway town	3 714	3 638	5	11	19	-	7	34	13	3 628	
Conway CDP	754	744	1	4	1	-	-	4	5	739	
North Conway CDP	1 002	965	1	1	16	-	6	13	4	963	
Eaton town	157	157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	157	
Effingham town	490	479	1	2	3	-	-	5	1	479	
Freedom town	602	600	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	600	
Hale's location	29	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	
Hart's Location town	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
Jackson town	377	374	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	374	
Madison town	777	764	-	3	1	-	4	5	4	761	
Moultonborough town	1 884	1 865	2	2	9	-	-	6	8	1 859	
Ossipee town	1 672	1 643	-	4	3	-	2	20	4	1 640	
Sandwich town	564	558	1	-	-	-	-	5	2	556	
Tamworth town	1 074	1 052	-	3	1	-	5	13	5	1 048	
Tuftsboro town	926	920	-	3	-	-	-	3	1	919	
Wakefield town	1 685	1 661	1	8	2	-	1	12	6	1 656	
Wolfeboro town	2 574	2 561	3	1	4	-	1	4	6	2 557	
Wolfeboro CDP	1 304	1 298	2	1	1	-	1	1	4	1 296	
Cheshire County	28 299	27 835	69	75	99	6	29	186	131	27 739	
Alstead town	771	756	-	8	3	-	-	4	2	754	
Chesterfield town	1 366	1 343	4	5	2	-	1	11	11	1 334	
Dublin town	560	551	2	2	4	-	-	-	2	550	
Fitzwilliam town	836	819	2	3	1	1	-	10	3	816	
Gilsum town	310	307	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	307	
Harrisville town	449	444	-	2	1	-	-	2	2	443	
Hinsdale town	1 622	1 593	3	3	4	3	2	14	8	1 588	
Hinsdale CDP	707	694	1	3	1	2	1	5	2	693	
Jaffrey town	2 120	2 078	10	7	12	-	-	13	6	2 074	
Jaffrey CDP	1 157	1 136	3	2	6	-	-	10	4	1 134	
Keene city	8 955	8 795	27	13	46	1	15	58	53	8 759	
Marlborough town	829	820	1	1	1	-	-	6	2	819	
Marlborough CDP	467	462	1	-	-	-	-	4	2	461	
Marlow town	292	289	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	289	
Nelson town	247	239	1	-	-	-	1	6	2	238	
Richmond town	379	374	-	2	-	-	-	3	2	372	
Rindge town	1 502	1 481	6	2	3	-	3	7	4	1 477	
Roxbury town	89	88	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	88	
Stoddard town	400	391	-	3	1	1	1	3	2	390	
Sullivan town	282	277	-	4	-	-	-	1	1	276	
Surry town	268	263	-	-	1	-	1	3	4	260	
Swanzey town	2 666	2 629	7	7	11	-	-	12	6	2 624	
West Swanzey CDP	485	477	2	2	1	-	-	3	-	477	
Troy town	733	724	-	3	2	-	1	3	6	719	
Walpole town	1 490	1 469	1	4	1	-	1	14	2	1 467	
Westmoreland town	576	571	-	-	3	-	1	1	5	567	
Winchester town	1 557	1 534	5	4	2	-	1	11	7	1 528	
Winchester CDP	690	679	3	-	2	-	-	6	5	674	
Coos County	13 961	13 737	9	45	32	2	11	125	48	13 705	
Atkinson and Gilmanston Academy grant	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
Beans grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Beans purchase	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Berlin city	4 555	4 490	4	10	17	-	4	30	18	4 477	
Cambridge township	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Carroll town	279	277	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	277	
Chandler's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Clarksville town	118	114	-	1	-	-	-	3	2	114	
Colebrook town	1 035	1 018	-	5	2	-	-	10	2	1 016	
Columbia town	300	295	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	295	
Crawfords purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cutts grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dalton town	374	365	1	3	-	-	-	5	3	363	
Dix's grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dixville township	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
Dummer town	128	126	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	126	
Errol town	137	136	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	136	
Ervings location	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Gorham town	1 293	1 270	1	3	7	1	1	10	4	1 269	
Gorham CDP	799	785	1	1	4	-	1	7	2	785	
Greens grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hadley's purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 13. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder						Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race								
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race			
Coos County—Con.										
Jefferson town	407	396	-	1	-	1	-	9	-	396
Kilkenny township	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lancaster town	1 286	1 263	1	4	1	-	3	14	8	1 256
Lancaster CDP	706	692	1	2	-	-	-	11	7	685
Low and Burbanks grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Martins location	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Milan town	532	525	1	3	-	-	-	3	-	525
Millsfield township	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Northumberland town	989	978	-	4	1	-	-	6	2	976
Groveton CDP	514	510	-	1	1	-	-	2	2	508
Odell township	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Pinkhams grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pittsburg town	386	383	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	381
Randolph town	146	142	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	142
Sargents purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Second College grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shelburne town	156	153	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	153
Stark town	194	190	-	-	1	-	-	3	1	189
Stewartstown town	371	367	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	366
Stratford town	397	383	-	5	-	-	-	9	1	383
Success township	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Thompson and Meserves purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wentworth location	20	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Whitefield town	819	807	-	3	1	-	1	7	2	806
Whitefield CDP	433	428	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	427
Grafton County	31 598	30 627	124	106	357	8	93	283	243	30 483
Alexandria town	504	496	1	1	1	-	-	5	1	496
Ashland town	853	843	1	1	5	-	2	1	4	840
Bath town	350	346	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	346
Benton town	91	88	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	88
Bethlehem town	924	900	2	4	3	-	1	14	9	893
Bridgewater town	414	410	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	410
Bristol town	1 219	1 183	5	7	9	1	4	10	6	1 181
Bristol CDP	692	670	1	5	6	-	1	9	5	668
Campton town	1 128	1 111	-	-	6	1	-	10	1	1 110
Canaan town	1 279	1 256	4	3	3	-	2	11	5	1 251
Dorchester town	132	126	-	1	1	-	2	2	1	125
Easton town	117	114	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	113
Ellsworth town	32	31	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	31
Enfield town	1 975	1 938	5	3	11	-	2	16	11	1 929
Enfield CDP	757	742	1	2	5	-	2	5	7	736
Franconia town	384	372	1	1	4	-	-	6	1	372
Grafton town	455	445	1	2	2	-	-	5	-	445
Groton town	175	171	-	1	1	-	-	2	-	171
Hanover town	2 832	2 621	31	8	124	2	20	26	53	2 591
Hanover CDP	1 829	1 648	28	7	103	2	19	22	47	1 623
Haverhill town	1 755	1 735	4	6	2	1	1	6	5	1 732
Woodsville CDP	457	451	2	2	-	1	-	1	1	450
Hebron town	206	199	-	1	1	-	2	3	-	199
Holderness town	768	758	1	1	1	-	1	6	2	756
Landaff town	154	151	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	150
Lebanon city	5 500	5 216	49	26	133	1	26	49	79	5 172
Lincoln town	583	569	-	5	1	-	-	8	-	569
Lisbon town	629	624	-	1	-	-	1	3	1	624
Lisbon CDP	420	415	-	1	-	-	1	3	1	415
Littleton town	2 514	2 438	2	12	18	1	16	27	32	2 424
Littleton CDP	1 956	1 889	1	12	15	-	15	24	27	1 878
Livermore town	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Lyman town	211	208	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	208
Lyme town	678	670	4	1	3	-	-	-	-	670
Monroe town	310	305	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	305
Orange town	111	111	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	110
Orford town	470	460	-	3	2	-	2	3	1	459
Piermont town	294	292	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	291
Plymouth town	1 678	1 625	5	5	13	-	5	25	17	1 613
Plymouth CDP	723	700	2	2	7	-	2	10	3	699
Rumney town	569	557	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	557
Sugar Hill town	258	256	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	256
Thornton town	759	741	1	2	3	-	1	11	3	739
Warren town	355	346	1	1	1	-	-	6	1	345
Waterville Valley town	121	119	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	118
Wentworth town	310	304	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	304
Woodstock town	500	491	1	3	-	-	2	3	3	489
Hillsborough County	144 455	137 310	1 697	317	2 515	30	1 306	1 280	3 216	135 645
Amherst town	3 590	3 517	14	4	38	1	2	14	21	3 498
Antrim town	932	922	3	2	1	-	-	4	6	917
Antrim CDP	526	520	2	2	-	-	-	2	3	517
Bedford town	6 251	6 108	23	5	74	2	6	33	42	6 074
Bennington town	552	542	-	2	3	-	1	4	1	542
Brookline town	1 343	1 318	4	2	7	2	3	7	10	1 311
Deering town	713	703	-	1	-	-	2	7	6	698
Francestown town	552	539	-	3	-	-	-	10	-	539
Goffstown town	5 641	5 555	15	13	15	1	10	32	38	5 526
Pinardville CDP	1 932	1 890	3	6	11	-	3	19	14	1 878
Greenfield town	563	546	4	5	3	-	1	4	1	545
Greenville town	879	865	5	1	2	-	1	5	3	863
Greenville CDP	465	457	2	-	1	-	1	4	2	456
Hancock town	706	700	2	1	2	-	-	1	2	698
Hillsborough town	1 922	1 886	3	6	12	-	1	14	6	1 881
Hillsborough CDP	760	741	2	1	9	-	1	6	3	739
Hollis town	2 440	2 380	5	2	32	-	5	16	20	2 367

Table 13. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder							Two or more races	Householder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	Householder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race									
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
Hillsborough County—Con.											
Hudson town	8 034	7 781	72	11	77	1	36	56	93	7 724	
Hudson CDP	3 063	2 949	36	7	27	-	19	25	48	2 921	
Litchfield town	2 357	2 313	10	7	10	-	4	13	17	2 300	
Lyndeborough town	560	550	1	1	2	-	2	4	5	547	
Manchester city	44 247	41 529	741	121	813	11	488	544	1 312	40 850	
Mason town	433	424	1	1	3	1	-	3	3	421	
Merrimack town	8 832	8 607	63	13	102	2	10	35	71	8 545	
East Merrimack CDP	1 667	1 607	17	2	26	-	4	11	17	1 595	
Milford town	5 201	5 078	40	9	42	-	4	28	37	5 049	
Milford CDP	3 379	3 288	32	4	32	-	2	21	26	3 268	
Wilton CDP (part)	33	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	
Mont Vernon town	693	687	-	-	1	-	-	5	5	683	
Nashua city	34 614	31 580	645	90	1 216	9	704	370	1 433	30 946	
New Boston town	1 434	1 409	8	1	3	-	2	11	8	1 404	
New Ipswich town	1 350	1 336	1	2	2	-	3	6	8	1 330	
Pelham town	3 606	3 537	16	4	26	-	7	16	24	3 520	
Peterborough town	2 346	2 294	10	2	19	-	6	15	17	2 283	
Peterborough CDP	1 225	1 205	5	1	5	-	2	7	9	1 197	
Sharon town	138	135	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	135	
Temple town	440	433	1	1	1	-	-	4	2	431	
Weare town	2 618	2 585	5	4	5	-	5	14	17	2 572	
Wilton town	1 410	1 395	4	2	4	-	3	2	8	1 390	
Wilton CDP (part)	470	465	1	-	1	-	2	1	3	463	
Windsor town	58	56	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	56	
Merrimack County	51 843	50 689	220	95	367	9	79	384	334	50 455	
Allenstown town	1 902	1 867	6	5	8	-	3	13	15	1 856	
Suncook CDP (part)	887	863	3	2	7	-	2	10	7	859	
Andover town	823	810	2	2	1	-	-	8	1	809	
Boscawen town	1 260	1 239	5	4	2	-	1	9	5	1 236	
Bow town	2 304	2 273	1	2	16	-	5	7	10	2 269	
Bradford town	559	552	2	1	-	-	-	4	3	550	
Canterbury town	749	738	2	-	1	1	1	6	2	737	
Chichester town	823	816	1	2	-	-	-	4	2	815	
Concord city	16 281	15 721	124	36	224	3	35	138	141	15 625	
Danbury town	435	433	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	432	
Dunbarton town	814	804	1	3	2	-	-	4	2	802	
Epsom town	1 491	1 470	3	2	4	-	-	12	7	1 464	
Franklin city	3 319	3 254	8	6	10	-	9	32	36	3 225	
Henniker town	1 585	1 556	2	3	5	-	2	17	6	1 551	
Henniker CDP	541	530	-	1	4	-	1	5	3	528	
Hill town	382	381	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	381	
Hooksett town	4 147	4 012	30	9	60	-	10	26	43	3 985	
Hooksett CDP	1 484	1 439	12	3	19	-	4	7	16	1 429	
South Hooksett CDP	1 645	1 573	14	4	37	-	5	12	20	1 560	
Hopkinton town	2 084	2 058	2	5	5	3	1	10	6	2 054	
Contoocook CDP	590	579	1	3	2	2	2	2	2	578	
Loudon town	1 611	1 588	1	2	5	-	1	13	6	1 583	
Newbury town	691	684	1	-	1	-	-	5	3	681	
New London town	1 574	1 561	3	-	6	1	-	3	3	1 558	
Northfield town	1 706	1 683	3	4	4	-	1	11	9	1 676	
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	629	615	1	3	3	-	1	6	4	613	
Pembroke town	2 661	2 618	13	3	6	-	1	20	11	2 611	
Suncook CDP (part)	1 451	1 416	10	2	4	-	1	18	8	1 412	
Pittsfield town	1 498	1 469	5	1	1	-	5	17	12	1 461	
Pittsfield CDP	671	653	3	1	1	-	2	11	8	647	
Salisbury town	435	430	2	-	-	-	-	3	1	430	
Sutton town	621	609	-	1	2	-	2	7	2	607	
Warner town	1 048	1 038	-	1	1	-	1	7	6	1 032	
Webster town	581	573	-	1	3	-	-	4	-	573	
Wilmot town	459	452	1	1	1	1	-	4	1	452	
Rockingham County	104 529	101 830	598	184	875	27	299	716	886	101 270	
Atkinson town	2 317	2 281	7	1	15	-	4	9	18	2 270	
Auburn town	1 580	1 563	2	1	4	-	3	7	7	1 558	
Brentwood town	911	895	2	1	5	1	1	6	-	895	
Candia town	1 359	1 342	5	4	3	-	1	6	8	1 335	
Chester town	1 214	1 194	2	6	2	-	1	9	6	1 189	
Danville town	1 428	1 406	6	3	3	-	3	7	6	1 404	
Deerfield town	1 225	1 209	2	1	-	-	1	12	-	1 209	
Derry town	12 327	11 933	101	24	102	3	65	99	187	11 822	
Derry CDP	8 670	8 363	79	14	77	1	58	78	152	8 279	
East Kingston town	629	617	1	-	-	1	6	4	-	617	
Epping town	2 047	1 996	6	2	7	-	4	32	10	1 991	
Epping CDP	703	686	2	-	4	-	-	11	-	686	
Exeter town	5 898	5 775	22	8	42	-	11	40	32	5 752	
Exeter CDP	4 233	4 144	15	7	31	-	6	30	22	4 127	
Fremont town	1 165	1 150	1	1	2	-	4	7	5	1 147	
Greenland town	1 204	1 186	3	1	9	-	1	4	6	1 180	
Hampstead town	3 044	3 002	8	6	13	2	4	9	23	2 983	
Hampton town	6 465	6 337	22	16	36	6	13	35	36	6 313	
Hampton CDP	3 800	3 739	5	4	27	2	4	19	18	3 725	
Hampton Falls town	704	697	-	-	4	-	-	3	7	690	
Kensington town	657	649	-	4	3	-	-	1	-	649	
Kingston town	2 122	2 086	4	3	6	1	7	15	12	2 081	
Londonderry town	7 623	7 439	49	8	68	1	14	44	87	7 371	
Londonderry CDP	3 832	3 745	21	1	30	1	5	29	45	3 708	
New Castle town	443	433	1	-	4	-	-	5	1	432	
Newfields town	516	509	1	-	3	-	1	2	2	508	
Newington town	294	287	4	1	1	-	-	1	2	286	
Newmarket town	3 379	3 237	20	7	69	-	15	31	43	3 210	
Newmarket CDP	2 297	2 196	17	7	44	-	10	23	30	2 177	
Newton town	1 518	1 488	11	4	1	1	3	10	12	1 480	

Table 13. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder						Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race								
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race			
Rockingham County—Con.										
North Hampton town	1 671	1 657	1	-	7	-	2	4	7	1 652
Northwood town	1 347	1 319	3	6	7	-	2	10	3	1 317
Nottingham town	1 331	1 314	3	5	3	-	2	4	9	1 305
Plaistow town	2 871	2 835	9	2	9	-	8	8	22	2 821
Portsmouth city	9 875	9 394	184	21	164	2	20	90	99	9 331
Raymond town	3 493	3 414	17	12	7	1	6	36	20	3 405
Raymond CDP	1 116	1 086	4	4	3	-	2	17	8	1 084
Rye town	2 176	2 153	2	1	6	-	2	12	9	2 145
Salem town	10 402	9 967	64	19	193	4	65	90	145	9 903
Sandown town	1 694	1 671	2	2	-	-	4	13	6	1 669
Seabrook town	3 425	3 348	16	11	11	-	13	26	19	3 333
South Hampton town	301	297	1	-	-	1	-	2	1	296
Stratham town	2 306	2 272	5	1	13	-	5	10	14	2 261
Windham town	3 568	3 478	11	2	51	3	8	15	22	3 460
Strafford County	42 581	41 367	248	89	442	9	79	347	290	41 182
Barrington town	2 756	2 713	7	2	7	1	6	20	15	2 704
Dover city	11 573	11 102	116	22	199	3	20	111	89	11 044
Durham town	2 882	2 744	18	1	92	2	5	20	27	2 725
Durham CDP	1 703	1 583	12	1	84	2	5	16	24	1 565
Farmington town	2 146	2 113	1	10	1	-	2	19	13	2 103
Farmington CDP	1 332	1 310	-	7	-	-	2	13	7	1 306
Lee town	1 466	1 423	8	2	21	2	4	6	9	1 417
Madbury town	534	523	1	1	6	-	-	3	1	522
Middleton town	514	509	-	-	1	-	-	4	2	508
Milton town	1 456	1 428	2	9	3	-	1	13	5	1 425
New Durham town	819	810	1	1	1	-	1	5	-	810
Rochester city	11 434	11 185	55	30	71	1	21	71	65	11 147
Rollinsford town	1 033	1 014	9	1	2	-	-	7	8	1 009
Somersworth city	4 687	4 538	27	9	36	-	18	59	51	4 506
Strafford town	1 281	1 265	3	1	2	-	1	9	5	1 262
Sullivan County	16 530	16 270	36	39	38	1	13	133	67	16 218
Acworth town	318	308	1	2	2	-	-	5	1	308
Charlestown town	1 920	1 901	5	5	2	-	-	7	8	1 893
Charlestown CDP	468	463	-	2	1	-	-	2	4	459
Claremont city	5 685	5 578	18	19	18	-	6	46	26	5 558
Cornish town	645	637	1	1	-	1	-	5	1	636
Croydon town	264	259	-	1	-	-	1	3	2	258
Goshen town	279	272	-	2	-	-	1	4	1	272
Grantham town	924	913	3	-	4	-	-	4	5	909
Langdon town	237	236	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	236
Lempster town	387	378	-	-	1	-	-	8	-	378
Newport town	2 473	2 434	4	4	7	-	1	23	8	2 426
Newport CDP	1 581	1 558	4	3	2	-	1	13	5	1 553
Plainfield town	844	828	2	2	2	-	2	8	3	827
Springfield town	386	385	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	383
Sunapee town	1 294	1 274	2	1	2	-	1	14	6	1 269
Unity town	504	503	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	503
Washington town	370	364	-	1	-	-	-	5	3	362

Table 14. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder								House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race						Two or more races			
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
The State	474 606	459 808	3 059	1 054	4 857	96	1 954	3 778	5 356	456 731	
COUNTY											
Belknap County	22 459	22 045	42	61	85	2	23	201	90	21 975	
Carroll County	18 351	18 098	16	43	47	2	22	123	51	18 059	
Cheshire County	28 299	27 835	69	75	99	6	29	186	131	27 739	
Coos County	13 961	13 737	9	45	32	2	11	125	48	13 705	
Grafton County	31 598	30 627	124	106	357	8	93	283	243	30 483	
Hillsborough County	144 455	137 310	1 697	317	2 515	30	1 306	1 280	3 216	135 645	
Merrimack County	51 843	50 689	220	95	367	9	79	384	334	50 455	
Rockingham County	104 529	101 830	598	184	875	27	299	716	886	101 270	
Strafford County	42 581	41 367	248	89	442	9	79	347	290	41 182	
Sullivan County	16 530	16 270	36	39	38	1	13	133	67	16 218	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION											
Acworth town, Sullivan County	318	308	1	2	2	-	-	5	1	308	
Albany town, Carroll County	262	255	1	1	1	1	-	3	1	254	
Alexandria town, Grafton County	504	496	1	1	1	-	-	5	1	496	
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	1 902	1 867	6	5	8	-	3	13	15	1 856	
Alstead town, Cheshire County	771	756	-	8	3	-	-	4	2	754	
Alton town, Belknap County	1 825	1 809	2	5	3	-	-	5	8	1 803	
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	3 590	3 517	14	4	38	1	2	14	21	3 498	
Andover town, Merrimack County	823	810	2	2	1	-	-	8	-	809	
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	526	520	2	2	-	-	-	2	3	517	
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	932	922	3	2	1	-	-	4	6	917	
Ashland town, Grafton County	853	843	1	1	5	-	2	1	4	840	
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	2 317	2 281	7	1	15	-	4	9	18	2 270	
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant, Coos County	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	
Auburn town, Rockingham County	1 580	1 563	2	1	4	-	3	7	7	1 558	
Barnstead town, Belknap County	1 422	1 398	5	4	5	-	1	9	7	1 392	
Barrington town, Strafford County	2 756	2 713	7	2	7	1	6	20	15	2 704	
Bartlett town, Carroll County	1 206	1 187	2	4	4	-	1	8	-	1 187	
Bath town, Grafton County	350	346	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	346	
Beans grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Beans purchase, Coos County	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	6 251	6 108	23	5	74	2	6	33	42	6 074	
Belmont town, Belknap County	2 641	2 584	5	6	12	-	4	30	17	2 569	
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	552	542	-	2	3	-	1	4	1	542	
Benton town, Grafton County	91	88	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	88	
Berlin city, Coos County	4 555	4 490	4	10	17	-	4	30	18	4 477	
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	924	900	2	4	3	-	1	14	9	893	
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	1 260	1 239	5	4	2	-	1	9	5	1 236	
Bow town, Merrimack County	2 304	2 273	1	2	16	-	5	7	10	2 269	
Bradford town, Merrimack County	559	552	2	1	-	-	-	4	3	550	
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	911	895	2	1	5	1	1	6	-	895	
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	414	410	-	1	1	-	1	1	1	410	
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	692	670	1	5	6	-	1	9	5	668	
Bristol town, Grafton County	1 219	1 183	5	7	9	1	4	10	6	1 181	
Brookfield town, Carroll County	236	236	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	236	
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	1 343	1 318	4	2	7	2	3	7	10	1 311	
Cambridge township, Coos County	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Campton town, Grafton County	1 128	1 111	-	-	6	1	-	10	1	1 110	
Canaan town, Grafton County	1 279	1 256	4	3	3	-	2	11	5	1 251	
Candia town, Rockingham County	1 359	1 342	5	4	3	-	1	4	8	1 335	
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	749	738	2	-	1	1	1	6	2	737	
Carroll town, Coos County	279	277	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	277	
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	414	411	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	411	
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	468	463	-	2	1	-	-	2	4	459	
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	1 920	1 901	5	5	2	-	-	7	8	1 893	
Chatham town, Carroll County	107	104	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	104	
Chester town, Rockingham County	1 214	1 194	2	6	2	-	1	9	6	1 189	
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	1 366	1 343	4	5	2	-	1	11	11	1 334	
Chichester town, Merrimack County	823	816	1	2	-	-	-	4	2	815	
Claremont city, Sullivan County	5 685	5 578	18	19	18	-	6	46	26	5 558	
Clarksville town, Coos County	118	114	-	1	-	-	-	3	2	114	
Colebrook town, Coos County	1 035	1 018	-	5	2	-	-	10	2	1 016	
Columbia town, Coos County	300	295	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	295	
Concord city, Merrimack County	16 281	15 721	124	36	224	3	35	138	141	15 625	
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	590	579	1	3	2	2	1	2	2	578	
Conway CDP, Carroll County	754	744	1	4	1	-	-	4	5	739	
Conway town, Carroll County	3 714	3 638	5	11	19	-	7	34	13	3 628	
Cornish town, Sullivan County	645	637	1	1	-	1	-	5	1	636	
Crawfords purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Croydon town, Sullivan County	264	259	-	1	-	-	1	3	2	258	
Cutts grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dalton town, Coos County	374	365	1	3	-	-	-	5	3	363	
Danbury town, Merrimack County	435	433	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	432	
Danville town, Rockingham County	1 428	1 406	6	3	3	-	3	7	6	1 404	
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	1 225	1 209	2	1	-	-	1	12	-	1 209	
Deering town, Hillsborough County	713	703	-	1	-	-	2	7	6	698	
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	8 670	8 363	79	14	77	1	58	78	152	8 279	
Derry town, Rockingham County	12 327	11 933	101	24	102	3	65	99	187	11 822	
Dix's grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dixville township, Coos County	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	

Table 14. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder						Two or more races	Householder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	Householder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race								
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.										
Dorchester town, Grafton County	132	126	-	1	1	-	2	2	1	125
Dover city, Strafford County	11 573	11 102	116	22	199	3	20	111	89	11 044
Dublin town, Cheshire County	560	551	2	2	4	-	1	-	2	550
Dummer town, Coos County	128	126	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	126
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	814	804	1	3	2	-	4	4	2	802
Durham CDP, Strafford County	1 703	1 583	12	1	84	2	5	16	24	1 565
Durham town, Strafford County	2 882	2 744	18	1	92	2	5	20	27	2 725
East Kingston town, Rockingham County	629	617	1	-	-	1	6	4	-	617
East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	1 667	1 607	17	2	26	-	4	11	17	1 595
Easton town, Grafton County	117	114	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	113
Eaton town, Carroll County	157	157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	157
Effingham town, Carroll County	490	479	1	2	3	-	-	5	1	479
Ellsworth town, Grafton County	32	31	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	31
Enfield CDP, Grafton County	757	742	1	2	5	-	2	5	7	736
Enfield town, Grafton County	1 975	1 938	5	3	11	-	2	16	11	1 929
Epping CDP, Rockingham County	703	686	2	-	4	-	-	11	-	686
Epping town, Rockingham County	2 047	1 996	6	2	7	-	4	32	10	1 991
Epsom town, Merrimack County	1 491	1 470	3	2	4	-	-	12	7	1 464
Errol town, Coos County	137	136	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	136
Erving location, Coos County	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	4 233	4 144	15	7	31	-	6	30	22	4 127
Exeter town, Rockingham County	5 898	5 775	22	8	42	-	11	40	32	5 752
Farmington CDP, Strafford County	1 332	1 310	-	7	-	-	2	13	7	1 306
Farmington town, Strafford County	2 146	2 113	1	10	1	-	2	19	13	2 103
Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	836	819	2	3	1	1	-	10	3	816
Francestown town, Hillsborough County	552	539	-	3	-	-	-	10	-	539
Franconia town, Grafton County	384	372	1	1	4	-	-	6	1	372
Franklin city, Merrimack County	3 319	3 254	8	6	10	-	9	32	36	3 225
Freedom town, Carroll County	602	600	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	600
Fremont town, Rockingham County	1 165	1 150	1	1	2	-	4	7	5	1 147
Gilford town, Belknap County	2 766	2 726	4	7	10	-	1	18	7	2 721
Gilmanton town, Belknap County	1 165	1 148	2	3	1	-	11	5	5	1 143
Gilsum town, Cheshire County	310	307	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	307
Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	5 641	5 555	15	13	15	1	10	32	38	5 526
Gorham CDP, Coos County	799	785	1	1	4	-	1	7	2	785
Gorham town, Coos County	1 293	1 270	1	3	7	1	1	10	4	1 269
Goshen town, Sullivan County	279	272	-	2	-	-	1	4	1	272
Grafton town, Grafton County	455	445	1	2	2	-	-	5	-	445
Grantham town, Sullivan County	924	913	3	-	4	-	-	4	5	909
Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	563	546	4	5	3	-	1	4	1	545
Greenland town, Rockingham County	1 204	1 186	3	1	9	-	1	4	6	1 180
Greens grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	465	457	2	-	1	-	1	4	2	456
Greenville town, Hillsborough County	879	865	5	1	2	-	1	5	3	863
Groton town, Grafton County	175	171	-	1	1	-	-	2	-	171
Groveton CDP, Coos County	514	510	-	1	1	-	-	2	2	508
Hadleys purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hale's location, Carroll County	29	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
Hampstead town, Rockingham County	3 044	3 002	8	6	13	2	4	9	23	2 983
Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	3 800	3 739	5	4	27	2	4	19	18	3 725
Hampton town, Rockingham County	6 465	6 337	22	16	36	6	13	35	36	6 313
Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	704	697	-	-	4	-	-	3	7	690
Hancock town, Hillsborough County	706	700	2	1	2	-	-	1	2	698
Hanover CDP, Grafton County	1 829	1 648	28	7	103	2	19	22	47	1 623
Hanover town, Grafton County	2 832	2 621	31	8	124	2	20	26	53	2 591
Harrisville town, Cheshire County	449	444	-	2	1	-	-	2	2	443
Hart's Location town, Carroll County	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Haverhill town, Grafton County	1 755	1 735	4	6	2	1	1	6	5	1 732
Hebron town, Grafton County	206	199	-	1	1	-	2	3	-	199
Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	541	530	-	1	4	-	1	5	3	528
Henniker town, Merrimack County	1 585	1 556	2	3	5	-	2	17	6	1 551
Hill town, Merrimack County	382	381	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	381
Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	760	741	2	1	9	-	1	6	3	739
Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	1 922	1 886	3	6	12	-	1	14	6	1 881
Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	707	694	1	3	1	2	-	5	2	693
Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	1 622	1 593	3	3	4	3	2	14	8	1 588
Holderness town, Grafton County	768	758	1	1	1	-	1	6	2	756
Hollis town, Hillsborough County	2 440	2 380	5	2	32	-	5	16	20	2 367
Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	1 484	1 439	12	3	19	-	4	7	16	1 429
Hooksett town, Merrimack County	4 147	4 012	30	9	60	-	10	26	43	3 985
Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	2 084	2 058	2	5	5	3	1	10	6	2 054
Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	3 063	2 949	36	7	27	-	19	25	48	2 921
Hudson town, Hillsborough County	8 034	7 781	72	11	77	1	36	56	93	7 724
Jackson town, Carroll County	377	374	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	374
Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	1 157	1 136	3	2	6	-	-	10	4	1 134
Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	2 120	2 078	10	7	12	-	-	13	6	2 074
Jefferson town, Coos County	407	396	-	1	-	1	-	9	-	396
Keene city, Cheshire County	8 955	8 795	27	13	46	1	15	58	53	8 759
Kensington town, Rockingham County	657	649	-	4	3	-	-	1	-	649
Kilkenny township, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kingston town, Rockingham County	2 122	2 086	4	3	6	1	7	15	12	2 081
Laconia city, Belknap County	6 724	6 561	19	26	32	1	10	75	29	6 540
Lancaster CDP, Coos County	706	692	1	2	-	-	-	11	7	685
Lancaster town, Coos County	1 286	1 263	1	4	1	-	3	14	8	1 256
Landaff town, Grafton County	154	151	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	150

Table 14. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder						Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race								
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.										
Langdon town, Sullivan County	237	236	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	236
Lebanon city, Grafton County	5 500	5 216	49	26	133	1	26	49	79	5 172
Lee town, Strafford County	1 466	1 423	8	2	21	2	4	6	9	1 417
Lempster town, Sullivan County	387	378	-	-	1	-	-	8	-	378
Lincoln town, Grafton County	583	569	-	5	1	-	-	8	-	569
Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	420	415	-	1	-	-	1	3	1	415
Lisbon town, Grafton County	629	624	-	1	-	-	1	3	1	624
Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	2 357	2 313	10	7	10	-	4	13	17	2 300
Littleton CDP, Grafton County	1 956	1 889	1	12	15	-	15	24	27	1 878
Littleton town, Grafton County	2 514	2 438	2	12	18	1	16	27	32	2 424
Livermore town, Grafton County	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	3 832	3 745	21	1	30	1	5	29	45	3 708
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	7 623	7 439	49	8	68	1	14	44	87	7 371
Loudon town, Merrimack County	1 611	1 588	1	2	5	-	2	13	6	1 583
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lyman town, Grafton County	211	208	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	208
Lyme town, Grafton County	678	670	4	1	3	-	-	-	-	670
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	560	550	1	1	2	-	2	4	5	547
Madbury town, Strafford County	534	523	1	1	6	-	-	3	1	522
Madison town, Carroll County	777	764	-	3	1	-	-	5	4	761
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	44 247	41 529	741	121	813	11	488	544	1 312	40 850
Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	467	462	1	-	-	-	-	4	2	461
Marlborough town, Cheshire County	829	820	1	1	1	-	-	6	2	819
Marlow town, Cheshire County	292	289	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	289
Martins location, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mason town, Hillsborough County	433	424	1	1	3	1	-	3	3	421
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	710	701	1	3	5	-	-	-	3	698
Meredith town, Belknap County	2 447	2 414	2	4	12	-	3	12	7	2 409
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	8 832	8 607	63	13	102	2	10	35	71	8 545
Middleton town, Strafford County	514	509	-	-	1	-	-	4	2	508
Milan town, Coos County	532	525	1	3	-	-	-	3	-	525
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	3 379	3 288	32	4	32	-	2	21	26	3 268
Milford town, Hillsborough County	5 201	5 078	40	9	42	-	4	28	37	5 049
Millsfield township, Coos County	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Milton town, Strafford County	1 456	1 428	2	9	3	-	1	13	5	1 425
Monroe town, Grafton County	310	305	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	305
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	693	687	-	-	1	-	-	5	5	683
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	1 884	1 865	2	2	9	-	-	6	8	1 859
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	34 614	31 580	645	90	1 216	9	704	370	1 433	30 946
Nelson town, Cheshire County	247	239	1	-	-	-	1	6	2	238
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	1 434	1 409	8	1	3	-	2	11	8	1 404
Newbury town, Merrimack County	691	684	1	-	1	-	-	5	3	681
New Castle town, Rockingham County	443	433	1	-	4	-	-	5	1	432
New Durham town, Strafford County	819	810	1	1	1	-	1	5	-	810
Newfields town, Rockingham County	516	509	1	-	3	-	1	2	2	508
New Hampton town, Belknap County	726	718	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	717
Newington town, Rockingham County	294	287	4	1	1	-	-	1	2	286
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	1 350	1 336	1	2	2	-	3	6	8	1 330
New London town, Merrimack County	1 574	1 561	3	-	6	1	-	3	3	1 558
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	2 297	2 196	17	7	44	-	10	23	30	2 177
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	3 379	3 237	20	7	69	-	15	31	43	3 210
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	1 581	1 558	4	3	2	-	1	13	5	1 553
Newport town, Sullivan County	2 473	2 434	4	4	7	-	1	23	8	2 426
Newton town, Rockingham County	1 518	1 488	11	4	1	1	3	10	12	1 480
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	1 002	965	1	1	16	-	6	13	4	963
Northfield town, Merrimack County	1 706	1 683	3	4	4	-	-	11	9	1 676
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	1 671	1 657	1	-	7	-	2	4	7	1 652
Northumberland town, Coos County	989	978	-	4	1	-	-	6	2	976
Northwood town, Rockingham County	1 347	1 319	3	6	7	-	2	10	3	1 317
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	1 331	1 314	3	5	3	-	2	4	9	1 305
Odell township, Coos County	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Orange town, Grafton County	111	111	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	110
Orford town, Grafton County	470	460	-	3	2	-	2	3	1	459
Ossipee town, Carroll County	1 672	1 643	-	4	3	-	-	20	4	1 640
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	3 606	3 537	16	4	26	-	7	16	24	3 520
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	2 661	2 618	13	3	6	-	1	20	11	2 611
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	1 225	1 205	5	1	5	-	2	7	9	1 197
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	2 346	2 294	10	2	19	-	6	15	17	2 283
Piermont town, Grafton County	294	292	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	291
Pinarville CDP, Hillsborough County	1 932	1 890	3	6	11	-	3	19	14	1 878
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pittsburg town, Coos County	386	383	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	381
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	671	653	3	1	1	-	2	11	8	647
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	1 498	1 469	5	1	1	-	5	17	12	1 461
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	844	828	2	2	2	-	2	8	3	827
Plaistow town, Rockingham County	2 871	2 835	9	2	9	-	8	8	22	2 821
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	723	700	2	2	7	-	2	10	3	699
Plymouth town, Grafton County	1 678	1 625	5	5	13	-	5	25	17	1 613
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	9 875	9 394	184	21	164	2	20	90	99	9 331
Randolph town, Coos County	146	142	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	142
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	1 116	1 086	4	4	3	-	2	17	8	1 084
Raymond town, Rockingham County	3 493	3 414	17	12	7	1	6	36	20	3 405
Richmond town, Cheshire County	379	374	-	2	-	-	-	3	2	372
Rindge town, Cheshire County	1 502	1 481	6	2	3	-	3	7	4	1 477
Rochester city, Strafford County	11 434	11 185	55	30	71	1	21	71	65	11 147

Table 14. **Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.**

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Total occupied housing units	Race of householder							Two or more races	House- holder Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	House- holder White alone, not Hispanic or Latino
		One race									
		White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race				
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Rollinsford town, Strafford County	1 033	1 014	9	1	2	-	-	7	8	1 009	
Roxbury town, Cheshire County	89	88	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	88	
Rumney town, Grafton County	569	557	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	557	
Rye town, Rockingham County	2 176	2 153	2	1	6	-	2	12	9	2 145	
Salem town, Rockingham County	10 402	9 967	64	19	193	4	65	90	145	9 903	
Salisbury town, Merrimack County	435	430	2	-	-	-	-	3	1	430	
Sanbornton town, Belknap County	969	953	2	1	2	-	-	11	3	950	
Sandown town, Rockingham County	1 694	1 671	2	2	2	-	4	13	6	1 669	
Sandwich town, Carroll County	564	558	1	-	-	-	-	5	2	556	
Sargents purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Seabrook town, Rockingham County	3 425	3 348	16	11	11	-	13	26	19	3 333	
Second College grant, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sharon town, Hillsborough County	138	135	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	135	
Shelburne town, Coos County	156	153	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	153	
Somersworth city, Strafford County	4 687	4 538	27	9	36	-	18	59	51	4 506	
South Hampton town, Rockingham County	301	297	1	-	-	1	-	2	1	296	
South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	1 645	1 573	14	4	37	-	5	12	20	1 560	
Springfield town, Sullivan County	386	385	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	383	
Stark town, Coos County	194	190	-	-	1	-	-	3	1	189	
Stewartstown town, Coos County	371	367	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	366	
Stoddard town, Cheshire County	400	391	-	3	1	1	1	3	2	390	
Strafford town, Strafford County	1 281	1 265	3	1	2	-	1	9	5	1 262	
Stratford town, Coos County	397	383	-	5	-	-	-	9	1	383	
Stratham town, Rockingham County	2 306	2 272	5	1	13	-	5	10	14	2 261	
Success township, Coos County	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	258	256	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	256	
Sullivan town, Cheshire County	282	277	-	4	-	-	-	1	1	276	
Sunapee town, Sullivan County	1 294	1 274	2	1	2	-	1	14	6	1 269	
Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	2 338	2 279	13	4	11	-	3	28	15	2 271	
Surry town, Cheshire County	268	263	-	-	1	-	1	3	4	260	
Sutton town, Merrimack County	621	609	-	1	2	-	2	7	2	607	
Swanzey town, Cheshire County	2 666	2 629	7	7	11	-	-	12	6	2 624	
Tamworth town, Carroll County	1 074	1 052	-	3	1	-	5	13	5	1 048	
Temple town, Hillsborough County	440	433	1	1	1	-	-	4	2	431	
Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Thornton town, Grafton County	759	741	1	2	3	-	1	11	3	739	
Tilton town, Belknap County	1 360	1 323	1	5	7	1	1	22	6	1 320	
Tilton-Northfield CDP	1 241	1 204	2	5	6	-	2	22	5	1 202	
Belknap County (part)	612	589	1	2	3	-	1	16	1	589	
Merrimack County (part)	629	615	1	3	3	-	1	6	4	613	
Troy town, Cheshire County	733	724	-	3	2	-	1	3	6	719	
Tuftonboro town, Carroll County	926	920	-	3	-	-	-	3	1	919	
Unity town, Sullivan County	504	503	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	503	
Wakefield town, Carroll County	1 685	1 661	1	8	2	-	1	12	6	1 656	
Walpole town, Cheshire County	1 490	1 469	1	4	1	-	1	14	2	1 467	
Warner town, Merrimack County	1 048	1 038	-	1	1	-	1	7	6	1 032	
Warren town, Grafton County	355	346	1	1	1	-	-	6	1	345	
Washington town, Sullivan County	370	364	-	1	-	-	-	5	3	362	
Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	121	119	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	118	
Weare town, Hillsborough County	2 618	2 585	5	4	5	-	5	14	17	2 572	
Webster town, Merrimack County	581	573	-	1	3	-	-	4	-	573	
Wentworth town, Grafton County	310	304	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	304	
Wentworth location, Coos County	20	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	
Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	576	571	-	-	3	-	1	1	5	567	
West Swanzey CDP, Cheshire County	485	477	2	2	1	-	-	3	-	477	
Whitefield CDP, Coos County	433	428	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	427	
Whitefield town, Coos County	819	807	-	3	1	-	1	7	2	806	
Wilmot town, Merrimack County	459	452	1	1	-	1	-	4	1	452	
Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	503	498	1	-	1	-	2	1	3	496	
Wilton town, Hillsborough County	1 410	1 395	4	2	4	-	3	2	8	1 390	
Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	690	679	3	-	2	-	-	6	5	674	
Winchester town, Cheshire County	1 557	1 534	5	4	2	-	1	11	7	1 528	
Windham town, Rockingham County	3 568	3 478	11	2	51	3	8	15	22	3 460	
Windsor town, Hillsborough County	58	56	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	56	
Wolfeboro CDP, Carroll County	1 304	1 298	2	1	1	-	1	1	4	1 296	
Wolfeboro town, Carroll County	2 574	2 561	3	1	4	-	1	4	6	2 557	
Woodstock town, Grafton County	500	491	1	3	-	-	2	3	3	489	
Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	457	451	2	2	-	1	-	1	1	450	

Table 15. Land Area and Population Density: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square miles	Total population		State County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile			Number	Average per square mile
The State	8 968.10	1 235 786	137.8	Coos County—Con.			
Belknap County	401.29	56 325	140.4	Martins location	3.76	-	-
Alton town	63.13	4 502	71.3	Milan town	61.74	1 331	21.6
Barnstead town	41.92	3 886	92.7	Millsfield township	44.96	22	0.5
Belmont town	30.61	6 716	219.4	Northumberland town	36.18	2 438	67.4
Center Harbor town	13.39	996	74.4	Groveton CDP	2.17	1 197	550.6
Gilford town	38.97	6 803	174.6	Odell township	44.49	5	0.1
Gilmanton town	57.11	3 060	53.6	Pinkhams grant	3.77	-	-
Laconia city	20.28	16 411	809.3	Pittsburg town	282.30	867	3.1
Meredith town	40.19	5 943	147.9	Randolph town	47.11	339	7.2
Meredith CDP	1.51	1 739	1 148.0	Sargents purchase	25.85	-	-
New Hampton town	36.70	1 950	53.1	Second College grant	41.63	-	-
Sanbornton town	47.54	2 581	54.3	Shelburne town	47.89	379	7.9
Tilton town	11.44	3 477	303.8	Stark town	59.10	516	8.7
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1.98	1 645	830.3	Stewartstown town	46.38	1 012	21.8
Carroll County	933.80	43 666	46.8	Stratford town	79.85	942	11.8
Albany town	74.74	654	8.7	Success township	58.76	2	-
Bartlett town	75.28	2 705	35.9	Thompson and Meserves purchase	18.50	-	-
Brookfield town	22.86	604	26.4	Wentworth location	18.76	44	2.3
Chatham town	56.71	260	4.6	Whitefield town	34.25	2 038	59.5
Conway town	69.66	8 604	123.5	Whitefield CDP	1.29	1 089	845.9
Conway CDP	2.88	1 692	587.6	Grafton County	1 713.33	81 743	47.7
North Conway CDP	4.28	2 069	483.9	Alexandria town	43.00	1 329	30.9
Eaton town	24.39	375	15.4	Ashland town	11.25	1 955	173.7
Effingham town	38.55	1 273	33.0	Bath town	38.19	893	23.4
Freedom town	34.65	1 303	37.6	Benton town	48.15	314	6.5
Hale's location	2.43	58	23.9	Bethlehem town	90.94	2 199	24.2
Hart's Location town	18.60	37	2.0	Bridgewater town	21.27	974	45.8
Jackson town	66.93	835	12.5	Bristol town	17.34	3 033	174.9
Madison town	38.73	1 984	51.2	Bristol CDP	4.74	1 670	352.1
Moultonborough town	59.84	4 484	74.9	Campton town	51.93	2 719	52.4
Ossipee town	71.15	4 211	59.2	Canaan town	53.22	3 319	62.4
Sandwich town	90.60	1 286	14.2	Dorchester town	44.69	353	7.9
Tamworth town	59.93	2 510	41.9	Easton town	31.18	256	8.2
Tuftonboro town	41.13	2 148	52.2	Ellsworth town	21.39	87	4.1
Wakefield town	39.32	4 252	108.1	Enfield town	40.25	4 618	114.7
Wolfeboro town	48.31	6 083	125.9	Enfield CDP	2.29	1 698	742.9
Wolfeboro CDP	7.03	2 979	423.5	Franconia town	65.88	924	14.0
Cheshire County	707.40	73 825	104.4	Grafton town	41.83	1 138	27.2
Alstead town	38.90	1 944	50.0	Groton town	40.78	456	11.2
Chesterfield town	45.56	3 542	77.7	Hanover town	49.09	10 850	221.0
Dublin town	27.98	1 476	52.7	Hanover CDP	4.55	8 162	1 792.2
Fitzwilliam town	34.62	2 141	61.8	Haverhill town	51.08	4 416	86.5
Gilsum town	16.66	777	46.6	Woodsville CDP	0.89	1 081	1 209.4
Harrisville town	18.74	1 075	57.4	Hebron town	16.83	459	27.3
Hinsdale town	20.68	4 082	197.4	Holderness town	30.38	1 930	63.5
Hinsdale CDP	2.43	1 713	703.7	Landaff town	28.39	378	13.3
Jaffrey town	38.30	5 476	143.0	Lebanon city	40.36	12 568	311.4
Jaffrey CDP	2.51	2 802	1 114.2	Lincoln town	130.70	1 271	9.7
Keene city	37.31	22 563	604.8	Lisbon town	26.51	1 587	59.9
Marlborough town	20.41	2 009	98.5	Lisbon CDP	3.35	1 070	319.8
Marlborough CDP	1.69	1 089	643.8	Littleton town	50.24	5 845	116.3
Marlow town	25.95	747	28.8	Littleton CDP	8.61	4 431	514.8
Nelson town	21.87	634	29.0	Livermore town	63.63	3	-
Richmond town	37.57	1 077	28.7	Lyman town	28.46	487	17.1
Rindge town	37.19	5 451	146.6	Lyme town	53.85	1 679	31.2
Roxbury town	11.90	237	19.9	Monroe town	22.38	759	33.9
Stoddard town	50.88	928	18.2	Orange town	23.22	299	12.9
Sullivan town	18.51	746	40.3	Orford town	46.67	1 091	23.4
Surry town	15.58	673	43.2	Piermont town	38.49	709	18.4
Swansey town	44.99	6 800	151.1	Plymouth town	28.39	5 892	207.5
West Swansey CDP	2.55	1 118	437.6	Plymouth CDP	3.71	3 528	951.3
Troy town	17.42	1 962	112.6	Rumney town	41.92	1 480	35.3
Walpole town	35.57	3 594	101.0	Sugar Hill town	17.11	563	32.9
Westmoreland town	35.88	1 747	48.7	Thornton town	50.40	1 843	36.6
Winchester town	54.94	4 144	75.4	Warren town	48.66	873	17.9
Winchester CDP	2.98	1 832	615.7	Waterville Valley town	64.89	257	4.0
Coos County	1 800.39	33 111	18.4	Wentworth town	41.66	798	19.2
Atkinson and Gilmanton Academy grant	19.66	12	0.6	Woodstock town	58.72	1 139	19.4
Beans grant	9.70	-	-	Hillsborough County	876.36	380 841	434.6
Beans purchase	65.25	4	0.1	Amherst town	34.29	10 769	314.1
Berlin city	61.73	10 331	167.4	Antrim town	35.67	2 449	68.7
Cambridge township	50.81	10	0.2	Antrim CDP	4.50	1 389	308.9
Carroll town	50.19	663	13.2	Bedford town	32.83	18 274	556.6
Chandler's purchase	2.13	-	-	Bennington town	11.06	1 401	126.7
Clarksville town	60.24	294	4.9	Brookline town	19.77	4 181	211.5
Colebrook town	40.99	2 321	56.6	Deering town	30.80	1 875	60.9
Columbia town	60.83	750	12.3	Francestown town	30.16	1 480	49.1
Crawfords purchase	8.19	-	-	Goffstown town	36.89	16 929	458.9
Cutts grant	11.44	-	-	Pinardville CDP	1.65	5 779	3 499.2
Dalton town	27.49	927	33.7	Greenfield town	25.45	1 657	65.1
Dix grant	20.18	-	-	Greenville town	6.87	2 224	323.8
Dixville township	48.86	75	1.5	Greenville CDP	3.39	1 131	333.7
Dummer town	47.75	309	6.5	Hancock town	29.97	1 739	58.0
Errol town	60.97	298	4.9	Hillsborough town	43.63	4 928	112.9
Erving's location	3.68	1	0.3	Hillsborough CDP	1.63	1 842	1 130.5
Gorham town	31.91	2 895	90.7	Hollis town	31.75	7 015	221.0
Gorham CDP	0.86	1 773	2 073.5	Hudson town	28.27	22 928	811.2
Greens grant	3.66	-	-	Hudson CDP	3.06	7 814	2 549.5
Hadleys purchase	7.41	-	-	Litchfield town	15.10	7 360	487.5
Jefferson town	50.16	1 006	20.1	Lyndeborough town	31.09	1 585	51.0
Kilkenny township	25.64	-	-	Manchester city	33.01	107 006	3 241.4
Lancaster town	50.10	3 280	65.5	Mason town	23.90	1 147	48.0
Lancaster CDP	2.05	1 695	825.0	Merrimack town	32.60	25 119	770.6
Low and Burbanks grant	26.14	-	-	East Merrimack CDP	3.02	3 784	1 253.0
				Milford town	25.23	13 535	536.5
				Milford CDP	5.72	8 293	1 450.3

Table 15. Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square miles	Total population		State County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile			Number	Average per square mile
Hillsborough County—Con.				Rockingham County—Con.			
Milford town—Con.				Fremont town	17.16	3 510	204.6
Wilton CDP (part)	0.51	89	176.0	Greenland town	10.49	3 208	305.9
Mont Vernon town	16.62	2 034	122.4	Hampstead town	13.32	8 297	623.0
Nashua city	30.89	86 605	2 803.5	Hampton town	13.03	14 937	1 146.0
New Boston town	42.84	4 138	96.6	Hampton CDP	5.36	9 126	1 701.4
New Ipswich town	32.75	4 289	131.0	Hampton Falls town	12.22	1 880	153.9
Peiham town	26.43	10 914	412.9	Kensington town	11.95	1 893	158.4
Peterborough town	37.71	5 883	156.0	Kingston town	19.62	5 862	298.7
Peterborough CDP	4.74	2 944	621.4	Londonderry town	41.81	23 236	555.8
Sharon town	14.60	360	24.7	Londonderry CDP	12.20	11 417	936.0
Temple town	23.24	1 297	55.8	New Castle town	0.83	1 010	1 222.6
Weare town	58.85	7 776	132.1	Newfields town	7.02	1 551	220.9
Wilton town	25.76	3 743	145.3	Newington town	8.36	775	92.7
Wilton CDP (part)	1.43	1 147	800.1	Newmarket town	12.55	8 027	639.5
Windsor town	8.34	201	24.1	Newmarket CDP	1.94	5 124	2 645.1
				Newton town	9.91	4 289	433.0
Merrimack County	934.43	136 225	145.8	North Hampton town	13.91	4 259	306.3
Allenstown town	20.53	4 843	235.9	Northwood town	27.99	3 640	130.1
Suncook CDP (part)	1.02	1 944	1 904.3	Nottingham town	46.47	3 701	79.6
Andover town	40.46	2 109	52.1	Plaistow town	10.63	7 747	728.8
Boscawen town	24.73	3 672	148.5	Portsmouth city	15.61	20 784	1 331.3
Bow town	28.07	7 138	254.3	Raymond town	28.78	9 674	336.1
Bradford town	35.32	1 454	41.2	Raymond CDP	4.62	2 839	614.9
Canterbury town	43.84	1 979	45.1	Rye town	12.62	5 182	410.7
Chichester town	21.07	2 236	106.1	Salem town	24.70	28 112	1 138.0
Concord city	64.29	40 687	632.9	Sandown town	13.91	5 143	369.8
Danbury town	37.45	1 071	28.6	Seabrook town	8.86	7 934	895.0
Dunbarton town	30.89	2 226	72.1	South Hampton town	7.87	844	107.2
Epsom town	34.17	4 021	117.7	Stratham town	15.11	6 355	420.6
Franklin city	27.57	8 405	304.9	Windham town	26.80	10 709	399.6
Henniker town	44.13	4 433	100.5				
Henniker CDP	1.40	1 627	1 164.1	Strafford County	368.76	112 233	304.4
Hill town	26.71	992	37.1	Barrington town	46.59	7 475	160.5
Hooksett town	36.22	11 721	323.6	Dover city	26.72	26 884	1 006.2
Hooksett CDP	4.73	3 609	762.7	Durham town	22.39	12 664	565.5
South Hooksett CDP	5.26	5 282	1 003.4	Durham CDP	2.66	9 024	3 398.7
Hopkinton town	43.29	5 399	124.7	Farmington town	37.15	5 774	155.4
Contoocook CDP	2.26	1 444	637.7	Farmington CDP	6.40	3 468	541.6
Loudon town	46.81	4 481	95.7	Lee town	19.95	4 145	207.8
Newbury town	35.80	1 702	47.5	Madbury town	11.68	1 509	129.2
New London town	22.51	4 116	182.9	Middleton town	18.09	1 440	79.6
Northfield town	28.79	4 548	158.0	Milton town	33.11	3 910	118.1
Tilton-Northfield CDP (part)	1.02	1 586	1 557.9	New Durham town	41.69	2 220	53.2
Pembroke town	22.83	6 897	302.1	Rochester city	45.15	28 461	630.3
Suncook CDP (part)	2.67	3 418	1 279.3	Rollinsford town	7.29	2 648	363.0
Pittsfield town	23.57	3 931	166.8	Somersworth city	9.78	11 477	1 173.4
Pittsfield CDP	1.62	1 669	1 029.3	Strafford town	49.17	3 626	73.7
Salisbury town	39.96	1 137	28.5				
Sutton town	42.34	1 544	36.5	Sullivan County	537.38	40 458	75.3
Warner town	55.65	2 760	49.6	Acworth town	38.89	836	21.5
Webster town	27.90	1 579	56.6	Charlestown town	35.81	4 749	132.6
Wilmot town	29.54	1 144	38.7	Charlestown CDP	0.84	1 145	1 357.6
				Claremont city	43.12	13 151	305.0
Rockingham County	694.96	277 359	399.1	Cornish town	42.12	1 661	39.4
Atkinson town	11.13	6 178	555.2	Croydon town	37.08	661	17.8
Auburn town	25.21	4 682	185.7	Goshen town	22.49	741	32.9
Brentwood town	16.82	3 197	190.1	Grantham town	26.78	2 167	80.9
Candia town	30.32	3 911	129.0	Langdon town	16.27	586	36.0
Chester town	25.91	3 792	146.4	Lempster town	32.34	971	30.0
Danville town	11.71	4 023	343.6	Newport town	43.57	6 269	143.9
Deerfield town	50.91	3 678	72.2	Newport CDP	10.93	4 008	366.5
Derry town	35.79	34 021	950.7	Plainfield town	52.16	2 241	43.0
Derry CDP	15.42	22 661	1 469.3	Springfield town	43.25	945	21.8
East Kingston town	9.99	1 784	178.6	Sunapee town	21.12	3 055	144.7
Epping town	26.03	5 476	210.4	Unity town	36.94	1 530	41.4
Epping CDP	2.69	1 673	622.5	Washington town	45.43	895	19.7
Exeter town	19.64	14 058	715.9				
Exeter CDP	4.38	9 759	2 230.4				

Table 16. Land Area and Population Density: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Land area in square miles	Total population		Average per square mile	State County Place and County Subdivision	Land area in square miles	Total population		Average per square mile
		Number					Number		
The State	8 968.10	1 235 786		137.8	PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.				
COUNTY					Durham CDP, Strafford County	2.66	9 024		3 398.7
Belknap County	401.29	56 325		140.4	Durham town, Strafford County	22.39	12 664		565.5
Carroll County	933.80	43 666		46.8	East Kingston town, Rockingham County	9.99	1 784		178.6
Cheshire County	707.40	73 825		104.4	East Merrimack CDP, Hillsborough County	3.02	3 784		1 253.0
Coos County	1 800.39	33 111		18.4	Easton town, Grafton County	31.18	256		8.2
Grafton County	1 713.33	81 743		47.7	Eaton town, Carroll County	24.39	375		15.4
Hillsborough County	876.36	380 841		434.6	Effingham town, Carroll County	38.55	1 273		33.0
Merrimack County	934.43	136 225		145.8	Ellsworth town, Grafton County	21.39	87		4.1
Rockingham County	694.96	277 359		399.1	Enfield CDP, Grafton County	2.29	1 698		742.9
Strafford County	368.76	112 233		304.4	Enfield town, Grafton County	40.25	4 618		114.7
Sullivan County	537.38	40 458		75.3	Epping CDP, Rockingham County	2.69	1 673		622.5
					Epping town, Rockingham County	26.03	5 476		210.4
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION					Epsom town, Merrimack County	34.17	4 021		117.7
Acworth town, Sullivan County	38.89	836		21.5	Errol town, Coos County	60.97	298		4.9
Albany town, Carroll County	74.74	654		8.7	Erving location, Coos County	3.68	1		0.3
Alexandria town, Grafton County	43.00	1 329		30.9	Exeter CDP, Rockingham County	4.38	9 759		2 230.4
Allenstown town, Merrimack County	20.53	4 843		235.9	Exeter town, Rockingham County	19.64	14 058		715.9
Alstead town, Cheshire County	38.90	1 944		50.0	Farmington CDP, Strafford County	6.40	3 468		541.6
Alton town, Belknap County	63.13	4 502		71.3	Farmington town, Strafford County	37.15	5 774		155.4
Amherst town, Hillsborough County	34.29	10 769		314.1	Fitzwilliam town, Cheshire County	34.62	2 141		61.8
Andover town, Merrimack County	40.46	2 109		52.1	Francestown town, Hillsborough County	30.16	1 480		49.1
Antrim CDP, Hillsborough County	4.50	1 389		308.9	Franconia town, Grafton County	65.88	924		14.0
Antrim town, Hillsborough County	35.67	2 449		68.7	Franklin city, Merrimack County	27.57	8 405		304.9
Ashland town, Grafton County	11.25	1 955		173.7	Freedom town, Carroll County	34.65	1 303		37.6
					Fremont town, Rockingham County	17.16	3 510		204.6
Atkinson town, Rockingham County	11.13	6 178		555.2	Gilford town, Belknap County	38.97	6 803		174.6
Atkinson and Gilman Academy grant, Coos County	19.66	12		0.6	Gilman town, Belknap County	57.11	3 060		53.6
Auburn town, Rockingham County	25.21	4 682		185.7	Gilsum town, Cheshire County	16.66	777		46.6
Barnstead town, Belknap County	41.92	3 886		92.7	Goffstown town, Hillsborough County	36.89	16 929		458.9
Barrington town, Strafford County	46.59	7 475		160.5	Gorham CDP, Coos County	0.86	1 773		2 073.5
Bartlett town, Carroll County	75.28	2 705		35.9	Gorham town, Coos County	31.91	2 895		90.7
Bath town, Grafton County	38.19	893		23.4	Goshen town, Sullivan County	22.49	741		32.9
Beans grant, Coos County	9.70	-		-	Grafton town, Grafton County	41.83	1 138		27.2
Beans purchase, Coos County	65.25	4		0.1	Grantham town, Sullivan County	26.78	2 167		80.9
Bedford town, Hillsborough County	32.83	18 274		556.6	Greenfield town, Hillsborough County	25.45	1 657		65.1
Belmont town, Belknap County	30.61	6 716		219.4	Greenland town, Rockingham County	10.49	3 208		305.9
					Greens grant, Coos County	3.66	-		-
Bennington town, Hillsborough County	11.06	1 401		126.7	Greenville CDP, Hillsborough County	3.39	1 131		333.7
Benton town, Grafton County	48.15	314		6.5	Greenville town, Hillsborough County	6.87	2 224		323.8
Berlin city, Coos County	61.73	10 331		167.4	Groton town, Grafton County	40.78	456		11.2
Bethlehem town, Grafton County	90.94	2 199		24.2	Groveton CDP, Coos County	2.17	1 197		550.6
Boscawen town, Merrimack County	24.73	3 672		148.5	Hadleys purchase, Coos County	7.41	-		-
Bow town, Merrimack County	28.07	7 138		254.3	Hale's location, Carroll County	2.43	58		23.9
Bradford town, Merrimack County	35.32	1 454		41.2	Hampstead town, Rockingham County	13.32	8 297		623.0
Brentwood town, Rockingham County	16.82	3 197		190.1	Hampton CDP, Rockingham County	5.36	9 126		1 701.4
Bridgewater town, Grafton County	21.27	974		45.8	Hampton town, Rockingham County	13.03	14 937		1 146.0
Bristol CDP, Grafton County	4.74	1 670		352.1	Hampton Falls town, Rockingham County	12.22	1 880		153.9
Bristol town, Grafton County	17.34	3 033		174.9	Hancock town, Hillsborough County	29.97	1 739		58.0
					Hanover CDP, Grafton County	4.55	8 162		1 792.2
Brookfield town, Carroll County	22.86	604		26.4	Hanover town, Grafton County	49.09	10 850		221.0
Brookline town, Hillsborough County	19.77	4 181		211.5	Harrisville town, Cheshire County	18.74	1 075		57.4
Cambridge township, Coos County	50.81	10		0.2	Hart's Location town, Carroll County	18.60	37		2.0
Campton town, Grafton County	51.93	2 719		52.4	Haverhill town, Grafton County	51.08	4 416		86.5
Canaan town, Grafton County	53.22	3 319		62.4	Hebron town, Grafton County	16.83	459		27.3
Candia town, Rockingham County	30.32	3 911		129.0	Henniker CDP, Merrimack County	1.40	1 627		1 164.1
Canterbury town, Merrimack County	43.84	1 979		45.1	Henniker town, Merrimack County	44.13	4 433		100.5
Carroll town, Coos County	50.19	663		13.2	Hill town, Merrimack County	26.71	992		37.1
Center Harbor town, Belknap County	13.39	996		74.4	Hillsborough CDP, Hillsborough County	1.63	1 842		1 130.5
Chandler's purchase, Coos County	2.13	-		-	Hillsborough town, Hillsborough County	43.63	4 928		112.9
Charlestown CDP, Sullivan County	0.84	1 145		1 357.6	Hinsdale CDP, Cheshire County	2.43	1 713		703.7
					Hinsdale town, Cheshire County	20.68	4 082		197.4
Charlestown town, Sullivan County	35.81	4 749		132.6	Holderness town, Grafton County	30.38	1 930		63.5
Chatham town, Carroll County	56.71	260		4.6	Hollis town, Hillsborough County	31.75	7 015		221.0
Chester town, Rockingham County	25.91	3 792		146.4	Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	4.73	3 609		762.7
Chesterfield town, Cheshire County	45.56	3 542		77.7	Hooksett town, Merrimack County	36.22	11 721		323.6
Chichester town, Merrimack County	21.07	2 236		106.1	Hopkinton town, Merrimack County	43.29	5 399		124.7
Claremont city, Sullivan County	43.12	13 151		305.0	Hudson CDP, Hillsborough County	3.06	7 814		2 549.5
Clarksville town, Coos County	60.24	294		4.9	Hudson town, Hillsborough County	28.27	22 928		811.2
Colebrook town, Coos County	40.99	2 321		56.6	Jackson town, Carroll County	66.93	835		12.5
Columbia town, Coos County	60.83	750		12.3	Jaffrey CDP, Cheshire County	2.51	2 802		1 114.2
Concord city, Merrimack County	64.29	40 687		632.9	Jaffrey town, Cheshire County	38.30	5 476		143.0
Contoocook CDP, Merrimack County	2.26	1 444		637.7	Jefferson town, Coos County	50.16	1 006		20.1
					Keene city, Cheshire County	37.31	22 563		604.8
Conway CDP, Carroll County	2.88	1 692		587.6	- Kensington town, Rockingham County	11.95	1 893		158.4
Conway town, Carroll County	69.66	8 604		123.5	Kilkenny township, Coos County	25.64	-		-
Cornish town, Sullivan County	42.12	1 661		39.4	- Kingston town, Rockingham County	19.62	5 862		298.7
Crawfords purchase, Coos County	8.19	-		-	Laconia city, Belknap County	20.28	16 411		809.3
Croydon town, Sullivan County	37.08	661		17.8	Lancaster CDP, Coos County	2.05	1 695		825.0
Cutts grant, Coos County	11.44	-		-	Lancaster town, Coos County	50.10	3 280		65.5
Dalton town, Coos County	27.49	927		33.7	Landaff town, Grafton County	28.39	378		13.3
Danbury town, Merrimack County	37.45	1 071		28.6	Langdon town, Sullivan County	16.27	586		36.0
Danville town, Rockingham County	11.71	4 023		343.6	Lebanon city, Grafton County	40.36	12 568		311.4
Deerfield town, Rockingham County	50.91	3 678		72.2	Lee town, Strafford County	19.95	4 145		207.8
					- Lempsster town, Sullivan County	32.34	971		30.0
Deering town, Hillsborough County	30.80	1 875		60.9	- Lincoln town, Grafton County	130.70	1 271		9.7
Derry CDP, Rockingham County	15.42	22 661		1 469.3	Lisbon CDP, Grafton County	3.35	1 070		319.8
Derry town, Rockingham County	35.79	34 021		950.7	Lisbon town, Grafton County	26.51	1 587		59.9
Dix grant, Coos County	20.18	-		-	Litchfield town, Hillsborough County	15.10	7 360		487.5
Dixville township, Coos County	48.86	75		1.5	Littleton CDP, Grafton County	8.61	4 431		514.8
Dorchester town, Grafton County	44.69	353		7.9					
Dover city, Strafford County	26.72	26 884		1 006.2					
Dublin town, Cheshire County	27.98	1 476		52.7					
Dummer town, Coos County	47.75	309		6.5					
Dunbarton town, Merrimack County	30.89	2 226		72.1					

Table 16. Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

State County Place and County Subdivision	Land area in square miles	Total population		State County Place and County Subdivision	Land area in square miles	Total population	
		Number	Average per square mile			Number	Average per square mile
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.				PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.			
Littleton town, Grafton County	50.24	5 845	116.3	Richmond town, Cheshire County	37.57	1 077	28.7
Livermore town, Grafton County	63.63	3	-	Rindge town, Cheshire County	37.19	5 451	146.6
Londonderry CDP, Rockingham County	12.20	11 417	936.0	Rochester city, Strafford County	45.15	28 461	630.3
Londonderry town, Rockingham County	41.81	23 236	555.8	Rollinsford town, Strafford County	7.29	2 648	363.0
Loudon town, Merrimack County	46.81	4 481	95.7	Roxbury town, Cheshire County	11.90	237	19.9
Low and Burbanks grant, Coos County	26.14	-	-	Rumney town, Grafton County	41.92	1 480	35.3
Lyman town, Grafton County	28.46	487	17.1	Rye town, Rockingham County	12.62	5 182	410.7
Lyme town, Grafton County	53.85	1 679	31.2	Salem town, Rockingham County	24.70	28 112	1 138.0
Lyndeborough town, Hillsborough County	31.09	1 585	51.0	Salisbury town, Merrimack County	39.96	1 137	28.5
Madbury town, Strafford County	11.68	1 509	129.2	Sanbornton town, Belknap County	47.54	2 581	54.3
Madison town, Carroll County	38.73	1 984	51.2	Sandown town, Rockingham County	13.91	5 143	369.8
Manchester city, Hillsborough County	33.01	107 006	3 241.4	Sandwich town, Carroll County	90.60	1 286	14.2
Marlborough CDP, Cheshire County	1.69	1 089	643.8	Sargents purchase, Coos County	25.85	-	-
Marlborough town, Cheshire County	20.41	2 009	98.5	Seabrook town, Rockingham County	8.86	7 934	895.0
Marlow town, Cheshire County	25.95	747	28.8	Second College grant, Coos County	41.63	-	-
Martins location, Coos County	3.76	-	-	Sharon town, Hillsborough County	14.60	360	24.7
Mason town, Hillsborough County	23.90	1 147	48.0	Shelburne town, Coos County	47.89	379	7.9
Meredith CDP, Belknap County	1.51	1 739	1 148.0	Somersworth city, Strafford County	9.78	11 477	1 173.4
Meredith town, Belknap County	40.19	5 943	147.9	South Hampton town, Rockingham County	7.87	844	107.2
Merrimack town, Hillsborough County	32.60	25 119	770.6	South Hooksett CDP, Merrimack County	5.26	5 282	1 003.4
Middleton town, Strafford County	18.09	1 440	79.6	Springfield town, Sullivan County	43.25	945	21.8
Milan town, Coos County	61.74	1 331	21.6	Stark town, Coos County	59.10	516	8.7
Milford CDP, Hillsborough County	5.72	8 293	1 450.3	Stewartstown town, Coos County	46.38	1 012	21.8
Milford town, Hillsborough County	25.23	13 535	536.5	Stoddard town, Cheshire County	50.88	928	18.2
Millsfield township, Coos County	44.96	22	0.5	Strafford town, Strafford County	49.17	3 626	73.7
Milton town, Strafford County	33.11	3 910	118.1	Strafford town, Coos County	79.85	942	11.8
Monroe town, Grafton County	22.38	759	33.9	Stratham town, Rockingham County	15.11	6 355	420.6
Mont Vernon town, Hillsborough County	16.62	2 034	122.4	Success township, Coos County	58.76	2	-
Moultonborough town, Carroll County	59.84	4 484	74.9	Sugar Hill town, Grafton County	17.11	563	32.9
Nashua city, Hillsborough County	30.89	86 605	2 803.5	Sullivan town, Cheshire County	18.51	746	40.3
Nelson town, Cheshire County	21.87	634	29.0	Sunapee town, Sullivan County	21.12	3 055	144.7
New Boston town, Hillsborough County	42.84	4 138	96.6	Suncook CDP, Merrimack County	3.69	5 362	1 452.1
Newbury town, Merrimack County	35.80	1 702	47.5	Surry town, Cheshire County	15.58	673	43.2
New Castle town, Rockingham County	0.83	1 010	1 222.6	Sutton town, Merrimack County	42.34	1 544	36.5
New Durham town, Strafford County	41.69	2 220	53.2	Swanzey town, Cheshire County	44.99	6 800	151.1
Newfields town, Rockingham County	7.02	1 551	220.9	Tamworth town, Carroll County	59.93	2 510	41.9
New Hampton town, Belknap County	36.70	1 950	53.1	Temple town, Hillsborough County	23.24	1 297	55.8
Newington town, Rockingham County	8.36	775	92.7	Thompson and Meserves purchase, Coos County	18.50	-	-
New Ipswich town, Hillsborough County	32.75	4 289	131.0	Thornton town, Grafton County	50.40	1 843	36.6
New London town, Merrimack County	22.51	4 116	182.9	Tilton town, Belknap County	11.44	3 477	303.8
Newmarket CDP, Rockingham County	1.94	5 124	2 645.1	Tilton-Northfield CDP	3.00	3 231	1 077.2
Newmarket town, Rockingham County	12.55	8 027	639.5	Belknap County (part)	1.98	1 645	830.3
Newport CDP, Sullivan County	10.93	4 008	366.5	Merrimack County (part)	1.02	1 586	1 557.9
Newport town, Sullivan County	43.57	6 269	143.9	Troy town, Cheshire County	17.42	1 962	112.6
Newton town, Rockingham County	9.91	4 289	433.0	Tuftsboro town, Carroll County	41.13	2 148	52.2
North Conway CDP, Carroll County	4.28	2 069	483.9	Unity town, Sullivan County	36.94	1 530	41.4
Northfield town, Merrimack County	28.79	4 548	158.0	Wakefield town, Carroll County	39.32	4 252	108.1
North Hampton town, Rockingham County	13.91	4 259	306.3	Walpole town, Cheshire County	35.57	3 594	101.0
Northumberland town, Coos County	36.18	2 438	67.4	Warner town, Merrimack County	55.65	2 760	49.6
Northwood town, Rockingham County	27.99	3 640	130.1	Warren town, Grafton County	48.66	873	17.9
Nottingham town, Rockingham County	46.47	3 701	79.6	Washington town, Sullivan County	45.43	895	19.7
Odell township, Coos County	44.49	5	0.1	Waterville Valley town, Grafton County	64.89	257	4.0
Orange town, Grafton County	23.22	299	12.9	Weare town, Hillsborough County	58.85	7 776	132.1
Orford town, Grafton County	46.67	1 091	23.4	Webster town, Merrimack County	27.90	1 579	56.6
Ossipee town, Carroll County	71.15	4 211	59.2	Wentworth town, Grafton County	41.66	798	19.2
Pelham town, Hillsborough County	26.43	10 914	412.9	Wentworth location, Coos County	18.76	44	2.3
Pembroke town, Merrimack County	22.83	6 897	302.1	Westmoreland town, Cheshire County	35.88	1 747	48.7
Peterborough CDP, Hillsborough County	4.74	2 944	621.4	West Swanzey CDP, Cheshire County	2.55	1 118	437.6
Peterborough town, Hillsborough County	37.71	5 883	156.0	Whitefield CDP, Coos County	1.29	1 089	845.9
Piermont town, Grafton County	38.49	709	18.4	Whitefield town, Coos County	34.25	2 038	59.5
Pinardville CDP, Hillsborough County	1.65	5 779	3 499.2	Wilton town, Merrimack County	29.54	1 144	38.7
Pinkhams grant, Coos County	3.77	-	-	Wilton CDP, Hillsborough County	1.94	1 236	637.4
Pittsburg town, Coos County	282.30	867	3.1	Wilton town, Hillsborough County	25.76	3 743	145.3
Pittsfield CDP, Merrimack County	1.62	1 669	1 029.3	Winchester CDP, Cheshire County	2.98	1 832	615.7
Pittsfield town, Merrimack County	23.57	3 931	166.8	Winchester town, Cheshire County	54.94	4 144	75.4
Plainfield town, Sullivan County	52.16	2 241	43.0	Windham town, Rockingham County	26.80	10 709	399.6
Plaisiow town, Rockingham County	10.63	7 747	728.8	Windsor town, Hillsborough County	8.34	201	24.1
Plymouth CDP, Grafton County	3.71	3 528	951.3	Wolfboro CDP, Carroll County	7.03	2 979	423.5
Plymouth town, Grafton County	28.39	5 892	207.5	Wolfboro town, Carroll County	48.31	6 083	125.9
Portsmouth city, Rockingham County	15.61	20 784	1 331.3	Woodstock town, Grafton County	58.72	1 139	19.4
Randolph town, Coos County	47.11	339	7.2	Woodsville CDP, Grafton County	0.89	1 081	1 209.4
Raymond CDP, Rockingham County	4.62	2 839	614.9				
Raymond town, Rockingham County	28.78	9 674	336.1				

Table 17. Age and Sex for the American Indian and Alaska Native Population (One Race): 2000

[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

Table 18. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

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[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

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[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

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[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

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[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

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[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

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[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]

Appendix A.

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INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA

In decennial census data products, geographic entities usually are presented in an hierarchical arrangement or as an inventory listing.

Hierarchical Presentation

An hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation and is explained for computer-readable media in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the “standard census geographic hierarchy”: census block, within block group, within census tract, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within state, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

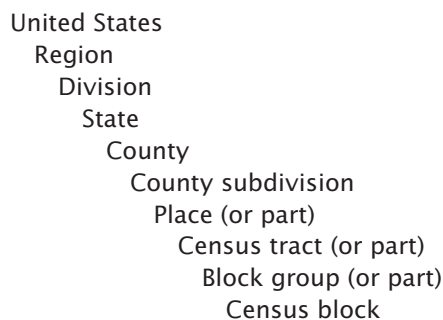


Figure A-1, which is a diagram of the geographic hierarchy, presents this information as a series of “nesting” relationships. For example, a line joining the lower-level entity “place” and the higher-level entity “state” means that a place cannot cross a state boundary; a line linking “census tract” and “county” means that a census tract cannot cross a county line; and so forth.

Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical, code, or geographic sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract, or block group. An example of a series of

inventory presentations is state, followed by all the counties in that state, followed by all the places in that state. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County A

County B

County C

Place X

Place Y

Place Z

American Indian/Alaska Native Area/Hawaiian Home Land (AIANA/HHL) Entities

Exceptions to the standard hierarchical presentation occur in the case of some American Indian/Alaska Native area (AIANA) entities, which do not necessarily “nest” within states and counties. For instance, the following American Indian entities can cross state lines: federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal subdivisions, and tribal designated statistical areas. National summary data for American Indian reservations may be presented as an alphabetical listing of reservation names followed by the state portions of each reservation. Also, a census tract or block group delineated by American Indian tribal authorities may be located in more than one state or county (see CENSUS TRACT, TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP, and TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT) for the purpose of presenting census data in the American Indian/Alaska Native area/Hawaiian home land (AIANA/HHL) hierarchy.

The diagram in Figure A-2 shows geographic relationships among geographic entities in the AIANA/HHL hierarchy. It does not show the geographic levels “county,” “county subdivision,” and “place” because AIANA/HHL entities do not necessarily nest within them.

The definitions below are for geographic entities and concepts that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in its standard data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one data product.

AMERICAN INDIAN AREA, ALASKA NATIVE AREA, HAWAIIAN HOME LAND

There are both legal and statistical American Indian, Alaska Native, and native Hawaiian entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides data for Census 2000. The legal entities consist of federally recognized American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land areas, the tribal subdivisions that can divide these entities, state recognized American Indian reservations, Alaska Native Regional Corporations, and Hawaiian home lands. The statistical entities are Alaska Native village statistical areas, Oklahoma tribal statistical areas, tribal designated statistical areas, and state designated American Indian statistical areas. Tribal subdivisions can exist within the statistical Oklahoma tribal statistical areas.

In all cases, these areas are mutually exclusive in that no American Indian, Alaska Native, or Hawaiian home land can overlap another tribal entity, except for tribal subdivisions, which subdivide some American Indian entities, and Alaska Native village statistical areas, which exist within Alaska Native Regional Corporations. In some cases where more than one tribe claims jurisdiction over an area, the U.S. Census Bureau creates a joint use area as a separate entity to define this area of dual claims. The following provides more detail about each of the various American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands.

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs) are corporate entities established to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). Twelve ANRCs are geographic entities that cover most of the state of Alaska (the Annette Island Reserve—an American Indian reservation—is excluded from any ANRC). (A thirteenth ANRC represents Alaska Natives who do not live in Alaska and do not identify with any of the 12 corporations; the U.S. Census Bureau does not provide data for this ANRC because it has no geographic extent.) The boundaries of ANRCs have been legally established.

The U.S. Census Bureau offers representatives of the 12 nonprofit ANRCs the opportunity to review and update the ANRC boundaries. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANRCs for the 1990 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, which is assigned in alphabetical order by ANRC name.

Alaska Native Village Statistical Area (ANVSA)

Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs) are statistical entities that represent the densely settled portion of Alaska Native villages (ANVs), which constitute associations, bands, clans, communities, groups, tribes or villages, recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). ANVSAs are reviewed and delineated by officials of the ANV (or officials of the Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC) in which the ANV is located if no ANV official chooses to participate in the delineation process) solely for data presentation purposes.

An ANVSA may not overlap the boundary of another ANVSA, an American Indian reservation, or a tribal designated statistical area. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANVSAs for the 1990 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 6000 through 7999. Each ANVSA also is assigned a state-based five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order by ANVSA name.

American Indian Reservation

Federal American Indian reservations are areas that have been set aside by the United States for the use of tribes, the exterior boundaries of which are more particularly defined in the final tribal treaties, agreements, executive orders, federal statutes, secretarial orders, or judicial determinations. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes federal reservations as territory over which American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority. These entities are known as colonies, communities, pueblos, rancherias, ranches, reservations, reserves, villages, Indian communities, and Indian villages. The Bureau of Indian Affairs maintains a list of federally recognized tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau contacts representatives of American Indian tribal governments to identify the boundaries for federal reservations.

Some state governments have established reservations for tribes recognized by the state. A governor-appointed state liaison provides the names and boundaries for state recognized American Indian reservations to the U.S. Census Bureau. The names of these reservations are followed by "(State)" in census data presentations.

Federal reservations may cross state boundaries, and federal and state reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross state boundaries, only the portions of the reservations in a given state are shown in the data products for that state. Lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two tribes, whether federally or state recognized, are called "joint use areas," and are treated as if they are separate American Indian reservations for data presentation purposes. The entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian reservations in the 1970 census.

Each federal American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4999. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservation names nationwide, except that joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each state American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9000 through 9499. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code; because FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for reservations that include territory in more than one state.

American Indian Off-Reservation Trust Land

Trust lands are areas for which the United States holds title in trust for the benefit of a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual Indian (individual trust land). Trust lands can be alienated or encumbered only by the owner with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior or his/her authorized representative. Trust lands may be located on or off of a reservation. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes and tabulates data for reservations and off-reservation trust lands because American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority over these lands. Primary tribal governmental authority generally is not attached to tribal lands located off the reservation until the lands are placed in trust.

In the U.S. Census Bureau's data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands always are associated with a specific federally recognized reservation and/or tribal government. Such trust lands may be located in more than one state. Only the portions of off-reservation trust lands in a given state are shown in the data products for that state; all off-reservation trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided trust land data for off-reservation tribal trust lands in the 1980 census; in 1990, the trust land data included both tribal and individual trust lands. The U.S. Census Bureau does not identify restricted fee land or land in fee simple status as a specific geographic category.

In decennial census data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. As with reservations, FIPS codes for off-reservation trust lands are unique within state, so they will differ if they extend into more than one state. The FIPS codes for such off-reservation trust lands are the same as those for the associated reservation. In the TIGER/Line® products, a letter code—"T" for tribal and "I" for individual—identifies off-reservation trust lands. In decennial census data tabulations, a trust land flag uniquely identifies off-reservation trust lands. Printed reports show separate tabulations for all off-reservation trust land areas, but do not provide separate tabulations for the tribal versus individual trust lands. Trust lands associated with tribes that do not have a reservation are presented and coded by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservation names.

American Indian Tribal Subdivision

American Indian tribal subdivisions are administrative subdivisions of federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs), known as areas, chapters, communities, or districts. These entities are internal units of self-government or administration that serve social, cultural, and/or economic purposes for the American Indians on the reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or OTSAs.

The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundary and name information for tribal subdivisions from tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian tribal subdivisions in the 1980 census when it identified them as "American Indian subreservation areas." It did not provide data for these entities in conjunction with the 1990 census.

Each American Indian tribal subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code that is alphabetically in order and unique within each reservation, associated off-reservation trust land, and OTSA. Each tribal subdivision also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. FIPS codes are assigned alphabetically within state; the FIPS codes are different in each state for tribal subdivisions that extend into more than one state.

Hawaiian Home Land (HHL)

Hawaiian home lands (HHLs) are areas held in trust for native Hawaiians by the state of Hawaii, pursuant to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended. The U.S. Census Bureau obtained the names and boundaries of HHLs from state officials. HHLs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each HHL area is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5000 through 5499 based on the alphabetical sequence of each HHL name. Each HHL also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within the state of Hawaii.

Oklahoma Tribal Statistical Area (OTSA)

Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau in consultation with federally recognized American Indian tribes in Oklahoma that do not currently have a reservation, but once had a reservation in that state. Boundaries of OTSAs will be those of the former reservations in Oklahoma, except where modified by agreements with neighboring tribes for data presentation purposes. OTSAs replace the “tribal jurisdiction statistical areas” of the 1990 census. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for the former Oklahoma reservations in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it defined a single all-encompassing geographic entity called the “Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas).”

Each OTSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5500 through 5999 based on the alphabetical sequence of each OTSA’s name, except that the joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each OTSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order in Oklahoma.

State Designated American Indian Statistical Area (SDAISA)

State designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) are statistical entities for state recognized American Indian tribes that do not have a state recognized land base (reservation). SDAISAs are identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by a state liaison identified by the governor’s office in each state. SDAISAs generally encompass a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a state recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A SDAISA may not be located in more than one state unless the tribe is recognized by both states, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, tribal designated statistical area (TDSA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau established SDAISAs as a new geographic statistical entity for Census 2000, to differentiate between state recognized tribes without a land base and federally recognized tribes without a land base. For the 1990 census, all such tribal entities had been identified as TDSAs.

Each SDAISA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9500 through 9999 in alphabetical sequence of SDAISA names nationwide. Each SDAISA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state.

Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by federally recognized American Indian tribes that do not currently have a federally recognized land base (reservation or off-reservation trust land). A TDSA generally encompasses a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a federally recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A TDSA may be located in more than one state, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, state designated American Indian statistical area (SDAISA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for TDSAs in conjunction with the 1990 census, when both federally and state recognized tribes could identify and delineate TDSAs. TDSAs now apply only to federally recognized tribes. State recognized tribes without a land base, including those that were TDSAs in 1990, are identified as SDAISAs, a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 8000 through 8999 in alphabetical sequence of TDSA names nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state; because FIPS codes are assigned within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for TDSAs that extend into more than one state.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement data provide the size, in square units (metric and nonmetric) of geographic entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and disseminates data. Area is calculated from the specific boundary recorded for each entity in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database (see TIGER® database). These area measurements are recorded as whole square meters. (To convert square meters to square kilometers, divide by 1,000,000; to convert square kilometers to square miles, divide by 2.589988; to convert square meters to square miles, divide by 2,589,988.)

The U.S. Census Bureau provides area measurement data for both land area and total water area. The water area figures include inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and total water; water area for each of the four water classifications was available in the Geographic Identification Code Scheme (GICS) product only.) "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that database as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are classified as "coastal" and "territorial" waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, territorial, and Great Lakes waters is for data presentation purposes only and does not necessarily reflect their legal definitions.

Land and water area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on U.S. Census Bureau maps and in the TIGER® database because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division. Crews-of-vessels entities (see CENSUS TRACT and CENSUS BLOCK) do not encompass territory and, therefore, have no area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement data is limited by the accuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary information in the TIGER® database, (2) the location and shapes of the shorelines of water bodies in that database, and (3) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

BLOCK GROUP (BG)

A block group (BG) is a cluster of census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers within a census tract. For example, block group 3 (BG 3) within a census tract includes all blocks numbered from 3000 to 3999. BGs generally contain between 600 and 3,000 people, with an optimum size of 1,500 people. BGs on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 300 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, worker's dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.)

Most BGs were delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau's Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated BGs only where a local, state, or tribal government declined to participate or where the U.S. Census Bureau could not identify a potential local or tribal participant.

BGs never cross the boundaries of states, counties, or statistically equivalent entities, except for a BG delineated by American Indian tribal authorities, and then only when tabulated within the American Indian hierarchy (see TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP). BGs never cross the boundaries of census tracts, but may cross the boundary of any other geographic entity required as a census block boundary (see CENSUS BLOCK).

In decennial census data tabulations, a BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county subdivision, place, voting district, or other tabulation entity shown in the data products. For example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there are separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BGs are used in tabulating data nationwide, as was done for the 1990 census, for all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and for selected areas in the 1970 census. For data presentation purposes, BGs are a substitute for the enumeration districts (EDs) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses and in all areas before 1970. Also, BGs are the lowest level of the geographic hierarchy for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and presents sample data.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

Many of the legal and statistical entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates decennial census data have had boundary changes between the 1990 census and Census 2000; that is, between January 2, 1990, and January 1, 2000. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties or executive orders, and governmental action placing additional lands in trust.
6. Decisions by federal, state, and local courts.
7. Redistricting for congressional districts or county subdivisions that represent single-member districts for election to a county governing board.

Statistical entity boundaries generally are reviewed by local, state, or tribal governments and can have changes to adjust boundaries to visible features to better define the geographic area each encompasses or to account for shifts and changes in the population distribution within an area.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian areas are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in each entity as delineated at the time of each decennial census. Boundary changes are not reported for some entities, such as census designated places and block groups.

Changes to the boundaries for census tracts and, for the first time, for census blocks are available in relationship files, which are only available in computer-readable form. The census tract relationship files feature the relationship of census tracts/block numbering areas at the time of the 1990 census to census tracts for Census 2000, and vice versa, including partial relationships. For the first time, the census tract relationship files show a measure of the magnitude of change using the proportion of the length of roads and sides of roads contained in partial census tracts. This information can be used to proportion the data for the areas where census tracts have changed.

The census block relationship files, which are available only in computer-readable form, present relationships of the 1990 census and Census 2000 blocks on the basis of whole blocks or part blocks ("P"). The following relationships can be derived:

	1990 census block	2000 census block
One to one	601	1017
One to many	101 P	3028
	101 P	2834
Many to one	410	2554 P
	503	2554 P
Many to many	404	1007 P
	501 P	1007 P
	502 P	1008 P

Block relationship files are available to compare the following sets of census blocks:

- 1990 tabulation block to 2000 collection block,
- 2000 collection block to 2000 tabulation block, and
- 1990 tabulation block to 2000 tabulation block.

Census tract relationship files and block relationship files are not geographic equivalency files. For a true areal comparison between the census tracts/block numbering areas and blocks used for the 1990 census and the census tracts and blocks used for Census 2000 (as well as other geographic areas), it is necessary to use the 2000 TIGER/Line® files. The 2000 TIGER/Line files will contain 1990 and 2000 boundaries for counties and statistically equivalent entities, county subdivisions, places, American Indian areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, census tracts, census blocks, and, by derivation from the census blocks, block groups.

CENSUS BLOCK

Census blocks are areas bounded on all sides by visible features, such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries, such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads. Generally, census blocks are small in area; for example, a block bounded by city streets. However, census blocks in sparsely settled areas may contain many square miles of territory.

All territory in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas has been assigned block numbers, as was the case for the 1990 census. To improve operational efficiency and geographic identifications, the U.S. Census Bureau has introduced different numbering systems for tabulation blocks used in decennial census data products, and for collection blocks, used in administering the census. (In 1990, there generally was a single numbering system.) Collection block numbers are available only in the TIGER/Line® data products; the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for collection blocks.

Many tabulation blocks, used in decennial census data products, represent the same geographic area as the collection blocks used in the Census 2000 enumeration process. Where the collection blocks include territory in two or more geographic entities, each unique piece required for data tabulation is identified as a separate tabulation block with a separate block number. It is possible for two or more collection blocks to be combined into a single tabulation block. This situation can occur when a visible feature established as a collection block boundary is deleted during the field update operation. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of any entity for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates data, including American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, census tracts, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, state legislative districts, urban and rural areas, school districts, voting districts, and ZIP Code® tabulation areas. Tabulation blocks also generally do not cross the boundaries of certain landmarks, including military installations, national parks, and national monuments.

Tabulation blocks are identified uniquely within census tract by means of a four-digit number. (The 1990 census block numbers had three digits, with a potential alphabetic suffix.) The Census 2000 collection blocks are numbered uniquely within county (or statistically equivalent entity), and consist of four or five digits. For its Census 2000 data tabulations, the U.S. Census Bureau created a unique set of census block numbers immediately before beginning the tabulation process. These

are the census block numbers seen in the data presentations. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau created a separate block with a suffix of “Z” to identify crews-of-vessels population. For Census 2000, crews-of-vessels population is assigned to the land block identified by the U.S. Census Bureau as associated with the home port of the vessel.

Participants in certain U.S. Census Bureau-sponsored programs were able to request that line features in the TIGER® database be held as tabulation block boundaries, provided that these conformed to U.S. Census Bureau criteria. This option was available to participants in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (the Block Boundary Suggestion Project), American Indian and Alaska Native Area Tribal Review (Block Definition Project), and the District of Columbia and the Puerto Rico Block Boundary Definition Project.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced a different method for identifying the water areas of census blocks. For the 1990 census, water was not uniquely identified within a census block; instead, all water area internal to a block group was given a single block number ending in “99” (for example, in block group 1, all water was identified as block 199). A suffix was added to each water block number where the block existed in more than one tabulation entity within its block group. For Census 2000, water area located completely within the boundary of a single land tabulation block has the same block number as that land block. Water area that touches more than one land block is assigned a unique block number not associated with any adjacent land block. The water block numbers begin with the block group number followed by “999” and proceed in descending order (for example, in block group 3, the numbers assigned to water areas that border multiple land blocks are 3999, 3998, etc.). In some block groups, the numbering of land blocks might use enough of the available numbers to reach beyond the 900 range within the block group. For this reason, and because some land blocks include water (ponds and small lakes), no conclusions about whether a block is all land or all water can be made by looking at the block number. The land/water flag, set at the polygon level in the TIGER® database and shown in TIGER/Line® and statistical data tabulation files, is the only way to know if a block is all water when viewing the computer files. On maps, water areas are shown with a screen symbol.

CENSUS DIVISION

Census divisions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine census divisions, which the U.S. Census Bureau established in 1910 for the presentation of census data. Each census division is identified by a one-digit census code; the same number appears as the first digit in the two-digit census state code (see STATE).

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

CENSUS REGION

Census regions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that subdivide the United States for the presentation of census data. There are four census regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Before 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940s, there were three census regions—North, South, and West. Each census region is identified by a single-digit census code.

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

CENSUS TRACT

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county or statistically equivalent entity delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau’s Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated census tracts where no local participant existed or where a local or tribal government declined to participate. The primary purpose of

census tracts is to provide a stable set of geographic units for the presentation of decennial census data. This is the first decennial census for which the entire United States is covered by census tracts. For the 1990 census, some counties had census tracts and others had block numbering areas (BNAs). For Census 2000, all BNAs were replaced by census tracts, which may or may not represent the same areas.

Census tracts in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States generally have between 1,500 and 8,000 people, with an optimum size of 4,000 people. For American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam, the optimum size is 2,500 people. Counties and statistically equivalent entities with fewer than 1,500 people have a single census tract. Census tracts on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, workers' dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.) When first delineated, census tracts are designed to be relatively homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over many decades so that statistical comparisons can be made from decennial census to decennial census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new developments, and so forth, may require occasional boundary revisions. In addition, census tracts occasionally are split due to population growth or combined as a result of substantial population decline.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit numeric suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in the printed reports and on census maps. In computer-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is either left blank or is zero-filled. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only in computer-readable files. Census tract suffixes may range from .01 to .98. For the 1990 census, the .99 suffix was reserved for census tracts/block numbering areas (BNAs) that contained only crews-of-vessels population; for Census 2000, the crews-of-vessels population is included with the related census tract.

Census tract numbers range from 1 to 9999 and are unique within a county or statistically equivalent entity. The U.S. Census Bureau reserves the basic census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for census tracts delineated within or to encompass American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that exist in multiple states or counties (see TRIBAL CENSUS TRACTS). The number 0000 in computer-readable files identifies a census tract delineated to provide complete coverage of water area in territorial seas and the Great Lakes.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CDs) are the 435 areas from which people are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the states, based on census population counts, each state is responsible for establishing CDs for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CDs in the state as practicable.

The CDs in effect at the time of Census 2000 are those of the 106th Congress, whose session began in January 1999. The CDs of the 103rd Congress (January 1993 to 1995) were the first to reflect redistricting based on the 1990 census. These CD boundaries and numbers remained in effect until after Census 2000, except where a state initiative or a court-ordered redistricting had required a change. Six states redistricted for the 104th Congress (Georgia, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, South Carolina, and Virginia), five states redistricted for the 105th Congress (Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, and Texas), and three states (New York, North Carolina, and Virginia) redistricted for the 106th Congress. The 108th Congress will be the first to reflect reapportionment and redistricting based on Census 2000 data.

CDs are identified with a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. The code "00" is used for states with a single representative.

American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and the District of Columbia are represented in the House of Representatives by a delegate, and Puerto Rico by a resident commissioner, all of whom may not vote on the floor of the House of Representatives, but may vote on legislation as it is considered by committees to which they have been named. In computer-readable data products that display a congressional district field, the two-digit FIPS code “98” is used to identify such representational areas. The Northern Mariana Islands does not have representation in Congress. The FIPS code “99” identifies areas with no representation in Congress.

COUNTY (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

The primary legal divisions of most states are termed “counties.” In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In Alaska, which has no counties, the statistically equivalent entities are census areas, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), a municipality (Anchorage), and organized boroughs. Census areas are delineated cooperatively for data presentation purposes by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their states; these incorporated places are known as “independent cities” and are treated as equivalent to counties for data presentation purposes. (In some data presentations, they may be treated as county subdivisions and places.) The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes. In American Samoa, the primary divisions are districts and islands; in the Northern Mariana Islands, municipalities; in the Virgin Islands of the United States, the principal islands of St. Croix, St. John, and St. Thomas. Guam has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes.

Each county and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards code that is unique within state. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within state, except for the independent cities, which are assigned codes higher than and following the listing of counties.

COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary divisions of counties and statistically equivalent entities for data presentation purposes. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions (MCDs), unorganized territories, and incorporated places that are independent of any MCD.

Each county subdivision is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within each state.

Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCDs) are county subdivisions that were delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local government officials for data presentation purposes. CCDs have been established in 21 states where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCDs), where the MCDs do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCDs are ambiguous or change frequently, and/or where the MCDs generally are not known to the public. CCDs have no legal functions and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCDs usually are delineated to follow visible features and coincide with census tracts where applicable. (In a few instances, two CCDs may constitute a single census tract.) The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCDs have been established in the following 21 states: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Census Subarea

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs, census areas, city and boroughs, and the municipality (entities that are statistically equivalent to counties) in Alaska. Census subareas are delineated cooperatively by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. They were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1980 census.

Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCDs) are the primary governmental or administrative divisions of a county in many states (parish in Louisiana). MCDs represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCDs are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, charter townships, election districts, election precincts, gores, grants, locations, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, road districts, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some states, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD (independent places) and thus serve as MCDs in their own right. In other states, incorporated places are part of the MCDs in which they are located (dependent places), or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCDs and others are included within one or more MCDs. Independent cities, which are statistically equivalent to a county, also are treated as a separate MCD equivalent in states containing MCDs. In Maine and New York, there are American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that serve as MCD equivalents; a separate MCD is created in each case where the American Indian area crosses a county boundary.

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes MCDs in the following 28 states: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the city of Washington is considered equivalent to an MCD for data presentation purposes. Arlington County, VA, also has no MCDs and the entire county is designated as an MCD with the name Arlington.

In the Island Areas, the U.S. Census Bureau recognizes the following entities as MCDs:

- American Samoa: Counties (within the three districts; the two islands have no legal subdivisions).
- Northern Mariana Islands: Municipal districts.
- Guam: Election districts.
- Virgin Islands of the United States: Census subdistricts.

The MCDs in 12 states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments that generally can perform the same governmental functions as incorporated places. The U.S. Census Bureau presents data for these MCDs in all data products in which it provides data for places.

In eight MCD states (Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) the MCD townships serve as general-purpose local governments but do not have the ability to perform all the governmental functions as incorporated places. This category also includes the counties in American Samoa. Missouri is exceptional in that it has a minority of townships that serve as general-purpose governments (the majority of townships in Missouri fall into the category described below).

In the remaining eight MCD states (Arkansas, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia); the counties containing precincts in Illinois and Nebraska; the townships in Williamson County, Illinois; and the majority of townships in Missouri, the MCDs are geographic subdivisions of the counties and are not governmental units. The MCDs in Puerto Rico and the Island Areas (except American Samoa) also fall into this classification.

Unorganized Territory

Unorganized territories occur in 10 minor civil division (MCD) states (Arkansas, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) where portions of counties are not included in any legally established MCD or independent incorporated place. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes such areas as one or more separate county subdivisions

for purposes of data presentation. It assigns each unorganized territory a descriptive name, followed by the designation “unorganized territory” or “UT.” Unorganized territories were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1960 census.

GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily in computer-readable data products, such as computer tape and CD-ROM/DVD media, including data tabulations and data tables associated with computer-readable boundary files, but they also are shown on some U.S. Census Bureau maps. Census codes are used only if there is no Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity or if the FIPS code is not adequate for data presentation. A code that is not identified as either “census” or “FIPS” is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent. Entities that use only FIPS codes in U.S. Census Bureau products are congressional district, county and statistically equivalent entity, county subdivision, subbarrio, Alaska Native Regional Corporation, metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, primary metropolitan statistical area, and New England county metropolitan area), place, and state. (A census code exists for each state, but was not assigned in alphabetical sequence and serves to organize the states by census region and census division.)

Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native village statistical area, Hawaiian home land, census division, census region, urbanized area, urban cluster, state legislative district, school district, urban growth area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and state. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

The objective of FIPS codes is to improve the ability to use the data resources of the federal government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. The FIPS codes and FIPS code documentation are available online at <http://www.itl.nist.gov/fipspubs/index.htm>. Further information about the FIPS 5-2, 6-4, and 9-1 publications (states, counties, and congressional districts, respectively) is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400, telephone 301-457-1099. Further information about the FIPS 55-DC3 publication (places, consolidated cities, county subdivisions, and noncensus locational entities) is available from the Geographic Names Office, National Mapping Division, U.S. Geological Survey, 523 National Center, Reston, VA 20192, telephone 703-648-4544.

United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for states are used in all decennial census data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity causes this point to be located outside the boundary of the entity or in a water body, it is relocated to land area within the entity. In computer-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

The first character of the latitude or longitude is a plus (+) or a minus (–) sign. A plus sign in the latitude identifies the point as being in the Northern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Southern Hemisphere. For longitude, a plus sign identifies the point as being in the Eastern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Western Hemisphere.

ISLAND AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Island Areas of the United States are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), and the Virgin Islands of the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Island Areas as entities that are statistically equivalent to states for data presentation purposes. Geographic definitions specific to the Island Areas are shown in the appropriate publications and documentation that accompany the data products for the Island Areas.

Sometimes the Island Areas are referred to as “Island Territories” or “Insular Areas.” For the 1990 and previous censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau referred to the entities as “Outlying Areas.” The term “U.S. Minor Outlying Islands” refers to certain small islands under U.S. jurisdiction in the Caribbean and Pacific: Baker Island, Howland Island, Jarvis Island, Johnston Atoll, Kingman Reef, Midway Islands, Navassa Island, Palmyra Atoll, and Wake Island.

METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MAs are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MAs and the central cities within an MA are designated and defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official standards that are published in a Federal Register Notice. These standards were developed by the interagency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MAs nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a U.S. Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA contains one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MAs consist of groupings of cities and county subdivisions (mostly towns) rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MAs are referred to as “metropolitan.” The metropolitan category is subdivided into “inside central city” and “outside central city.” The territory, population, and housing units located outside territory designated “metropolitan” are referred to as “nonmetropolitan.” The metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, generally there are both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify each MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas. In New England, there also is an alternative county-based definition of MSAs known as the New England County Metropolitan Areas. (See definitions below.) Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Population Distribution Branch, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8800.

Central City

In each metropolitan statistical area and consolidated metropolitan statistical area, the largest place and, in some cases, one or more additional places are designated as “central cities” under the official standards. A few primary metropolitan statistical areas do not have central cities. The

largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities, are included in the title of the metropolitan area (MA); there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that place that extends outside the MA boundary.

Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as a metropolitan area (MA) has 1 million people or more, two or more primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs) may be defined within it. Each PMSA consists of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties (cities and towns in New England) that demonstrate very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSAs are established, the larger MA of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA). CMSAs and PMSAs are established only where local governments favor such designations for a large MA.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) are metropolitan areas (MAs) that are not closely associated with other MAs. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties (county subdivisions in New England).

Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional central city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a place with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a primary metropolitan statistical area (PMSA) may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population size, from largest to smallest. A consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if local opinion supports such a designation and the federal Office of Management and Budget deems it to be unambiguous and suitable.

The titles for all metropolitan areas (MAs) also contain the U.S. Postal Service's abbreviation for the name of each state in which the MA is located. Each MA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit FIPS codes for CMSAs, also assigned alphabetically.

New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA)

New England county metropolitan areas (NECMAs) are defined as a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based New England metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) and consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs). The NECMA defined for an MSA or a CMSA includes:

- The county containing the first-named city in that MSA/CMSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSAs/CMSAs as well), and
- Each additional county having at least half its population in the MSAs/CMSAs whose first-named cities are in the previously identified county. NECMAs are not identified for individual primary metropolitan statistical areas.

Central cities of a NECMA are those places in the NECMA that qualify as central cities of an MSA or a CMSA. NECMA titles derive from the names of these central cities. Each NECMA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code.

PLACE

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places, consolidated cities, and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, based on the alphabetical order of the place name within each state. If place names are duplicated within a state and they represent distinctly different areas, a separate code is assigned to each place name alphabetically by primary county in which each place is located, or if both places are in the same county, alphabetically by their legal description (for example, “city” before “village”).

Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDPs) are delineated for each decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDPs are delineated to provide census data for concentrations of population, housing, and commercial structures that are identifiable by name but are not within an incorporated place. CDP boundaries usually are defined in cooperation with state, local, and tribal officials. These boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place or other legal entity boundary, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change from one decennial census to the next with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in an earlier census does not necessarily have the same boundary.

For Census 2000, for the first time, CDPs did not need to meet a minimum population threshold to qualify for tabulation of census data. For the 1990 census and earlier censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau required CDPs to qualify on the basis of various minimum population size criteria.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local governments (and American Indian tribal officials starting with the 1990 census), identified and delineated boundaries and names for CDPs. In the data products issued in conjunction with Census 2000, the name of each such place is followed by “CDP,” as was the case for the 1990 and 1980 censuses. In the data products issued in conjunction with the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, these places were identified by “(U),” meaning “unincorporated place.”

Hawaii is the only state that has no incorporated places recognized by the U.S. Census Bureau. All places shown in the data products for Hawaii are CDPs. By agreement with the state of Hawaii, the U.S. Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

All places in the Northern Mariana Islands and Guam are CDPs. The Virgin Islands of the United States has both CDPs and incorporated places. There are no CDPs in American Samoa; the U.S. Census Bureau treats the traditional villages as statistically equivalent to incorporated places.

Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a consolidated city.

The presentation of data for consolidated cities varies depending on the geographic presentation. In some hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the places within the consolidated city and the “consolidated city (balance).” Although hierarchical presentations do not show the consolidated city, the data for it are the same as the county or county subdivision with which it is coextensive. Other hierarchical presentations do show the consolidated city, county or county subdivision, and (balance) as separate entities.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears alphabetically sequenced within the listing of places; in 1990, consolidated places appeared at the end of the listing. The data for the consolidated city include the data for all places that are part of and within the consolidated city. The “consolidated city (balance)” entry shows the data for the portion of the consolidated government minus the separately incorporated places within the consolidated city, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places that comprise the consolidated city. For data presentation purposes these “balance” entities are treated as statistically equivalent to a place; they have no legal basis or functions.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places within consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the “consolidated city (balance).” A few incorporated places are partially inside and partially outside a consolidated city. Data tabulations by place will include all territory within the place, while the tabulation for the place within a consolidated city is only for part of the place.

Each consolidated city is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is unique within state. The places within consolidated cities and the “consolidated city (balance)” also are assigned five-digit FIPS place codes that are unique within state. The code assigned to each place within a consolidated city is the same as its regular place code; a place that is partially included in a consolidated city does not have a different code for the portions inside and outside the consolidated city. FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical sequence within each state.

Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in decennial census data products are those reported to the U.S. Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 2000, under the laws of their respective states, as cities, boroughs, city and boroughs, municipalities, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for decennial census purposes; the boroughs, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), and municipality (Anchorage) in Alaska are county equivalents for decennial census statistical presentation purposes. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places known as “independent cities” that are primary divisions of a state and legally not part of any county. For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau may treat an independent city as a county equivalent, county subdivision, and place.

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the villages in American Samoa as incorporated places because they have their own officials, who have specific legal powers as authorized in the American Samoa Code. The village boundaries are traditional rather than being specific, legally defined locations. There are no incorporated places in Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the three towns in the Virgin Islands of the United States as incorporated places.

There are a few incorporated places that do not have a legal description. An incorporated place is established to provide governmental functions for a concentration of people as opposed to a minor civil division, which generally is created to provide services or administer an area without regard, necessarily, to population.

POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population and housing unit density are computed by dividing the total population or number of housing units within a geographic entity (for example, United States, state, county, place) by the land area of that entity measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both “people (or housing units) per square kilometer” and “people (or housing units) per square mile” of land area.

PUBLIC USE MICRODATA AREA (PUMA)

A public use microdata area (PUMA) is a decennial census area for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides specially selected extracts of raw data from a small sample of long-form census records that are screened to protect confidentiality. These extracts are referred to as “public use microdata sample (PUMS)” files. Since 1960, data users have been using these files to create their own statistical tabulations and data summaries.

For Census 2000, state, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Island Area participants, following U.S. Census Bureau criteria, delineated two types of PUMAs within their states. PUMAs of one type comprise areas that contain at least 100,000 people. The PUMS files for these PUMAs contain a 5-percent sample of the long-form records. The other type of PUMAs, super-PUMAs, comprise areas of at least 400,000 people. The sample size is 1 percent for the PUMS files for super-PUMAs.

PUMAs cannot be in more than one state or statistically equivalent entity. The larger 1-percent PUMAs are aggregations of the smaller 5-percent PUMAs. PUMAs of both types, wherever the population size criteria permit, comprise areas that are entirely within or outside metropolitan areas or the central cities of metropolitan areas.

PUERTO RICO

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico as the statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code.

Municipio

The primary legal divisions of Puerto Rico are termed “municipios.” For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau treats a municipio as the equivalent of a county in the United States.

Each municipio is assigned a unique three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Barrio, Barrio-Pueblo, and Subbarrio

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes barrios and barrios-pueblo as the primary legal divisions of municipios. These entities are similar to the minor civil divisions (MCDs) used for reporting decennial census data in 28 states of the United States. Subbarrios in 23 municipios are the primary legal subdivisions of the barrios-pueblo and some barrios. The U.S. Census Bureau presents the same types of Census 2000 data for these “sub-MCDs” as it does for the barrios and barrios-pueblo. (There is no geographic entity in the United States equivalent to the subbarrio.)

Each barrio, barrio-pueblo, and subbarrio is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Zona Urbana and Comunidad

There are no incorporated places in Puerto Rico; instead, the U.S. Census Bureau provides decennial census data for two types of census designated places (CDPs): (1) zonas urbanas, representing the governmental center of each municipio, and (2) comunidades, representing other settlements. For Census 2000, there are no minimum population size requirements for CDPs. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau had required comunidades to have at least 1,000 people.)

Each zona urbana and comunidad is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Some types of geographic entities do not apply in Puerto Rico. For instance, Puerto Rico is not in any census region or census division. In addition, the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for state legislative districts and traffic analysis zones in Puerto Rico. (See also CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD).)

SCHOOL DISTRICT

School districts are geographic entities within which state, county, or local officials or the Department of Defense provide public educational services for the areas residents. The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundaries and names for school districts from state officials. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for school districts in conjunction with the 1970 census. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau tabulated data for three types of school districts: elementary, secondary, and unified.

Each school district is assigned a five-digit code that is unique within state. School district codes are assigned by the Department of Education and are not necessarily in alphabetical order by school district name.

STATE (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau also treats a number of entities that are not legal divisions of the United States as statistically equivalent to a state: American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned a two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code and a two-digit census code. The census code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each state within each census division; the first digit of the code identifies the respective division, except for Puerto Rico and the Island Areas, which are not assigned to any region or division. The census regions, census divisions, and their component states are listed in Figure A-3.

STATE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT (SLD)

State legislative districts (SLDs) are the areas from which members are elected to state legislatures. The SLDs embody the upper (senate) and lower (house) chambers of the state legislature. (Nebraska has a unicameral legislature that the U.S. Census Bureau treats as an upper-chamber legislative area for data presentation purposes. There are, therefore, no data by lower chamber.) A unique census code of up to three characters, identified by state participants, is assigned to each SLD within state. The code “ZZZ” identifies parts of a county in which no SLDs were identified.

As an option in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (Public Law 94-171), participating states receive P.L. 94-171 census data for their SLDs (see VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)). Not all states delineated SLDs for the purpose of presenting Census 2000 data, in which case the entire state is treated as a single SLD coded with blanks at both levels.

TIGER® DATABASE

TIGER® is an acronym for the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (System or database). It is a digital (computer-readable) geographic database that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the U.S. Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The U.S. Census Bureau developed the TIGER® System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map presentations, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and dissemination of the collected statistical data, assigning residential and employer addresses to the correct geographic location and relating those locations to the geographic entities used for data tabulation, and so forth. The content of the TIGER database is undergoing continuous updates and is made available to the public through a variety of TIGER/Line® files that may be obtained free of charge from the Internet or packaged on CD-ROM or DVD from Customer Services, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-1900; telephone 301-763-INFO (4636); Internet <http://www.census.gov/geo/www/tiger>.

TRAFFIC ANALYSIS ZONE (TAZ)

A traffic analysis zone (TAZ) is a statistical entity delineated by state and/or local transportation officials for tabulating traffic-related census data—especially journey-to-work and place-of-work statistics. A TAZ usually consists of one or more census blocks, block groups, or census tracts. For the 1990 census, TAZs were defined as part of the Census Transportation Planning Package (CTPP). The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for TAZs in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it identified them as “traffic zones.”

Each TAZ is identified by a six-character alphanumeric code that is unique within county or statistically equivalent entity. For the 1990 census, TAZ codes were unique within CTPP area, which generally conformed to a metropolitan area.

TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP

A tribal block group (BG) is a cluster of census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers and are within a single tribal census tract. For example, tribal BG 3 consists of all blocks within tribal tract 9406 numbered from 3000 to 3999. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land crosses county and/or state lines, the same tribal BG may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary within a tribal census tract that is numbered from 9400 to 9499. The optimum size for a tribal BG is 1,000 people; it must contain a minimum of 300 people. (See also BLOCK GROUP (BG).)

The difference between a tribal BG and a nontribal BG is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal BG is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal BG is within a tribal census tract that is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT

Tribal census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. The optimum size for a tribal census tract is 2,500 people; it must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation or off-reservation trust land crosses county or state lines, the same tribal census tract number may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary. The U.S. Census Bureau uses the census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for tribal census tracts that cross state/county boundaries and are within or encompassing American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land. (See also CENSUS TRACT.)

The difference between a tribal census tract and a nontribal census tract is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal census tract is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal census tract is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

UNITED STATES

The United States consists of the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

URBAN AND RURAL

The U.S. Census Bureau classifies as urban all territory, population, and housing units located within urbanized areas (UAs) and urban clusters (UCs). It delineates UA and UC boundaries to encompass densely settled territory, which generally consists of:

- A cluster of one or more block groups or census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile at the time.
- Surrounding block groups and census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 500 people per square mile at the time.
- Less densely settled blocks that form enclaves or indentations, or are used to connect discontinuous areas with qualifying densities.

Rural consists of all territory, population, and housing units located outside of UAs and UCs.

Geographic entities, such as metropolitan areas, counties, minor civil divisions, and places, often contain both urban and rural territory, population, and housing units.

This urban and rural classification applies to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Urbanized Area (UA)

An urbanized area (UA) consists of densely settled territory that contains 50,000 or more people. The U.S. Census Bureau delineates UAs to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places.

For Census 2000, the UA criteria were extensively revised and the delineations were performed using a zero-based approach. Because of more stringent density requirements, some territory that was classified as urbanized for the 1990 census has been reclassified as rural. (Area that was part of a 1990 UA has not been automatically grandfathered into the 2000 UA.) In addition, some areas that were identified as UAs for the 1990 census have been reclassified as urban clusters.

Urban Cluster (UC)

An urban cluster (UC) consists of densely settled territory that has at least 2,500 people but fewer than 50,000 people.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced the UC for Census 2000 to provide a more consistent and accurate measure of the population concentration in and around places. UCs are defined using the same criteria that are used to define UAs. UCs replace the provision in the 1990 and previous censuses that defined as urban only those places with 2,500 or more people located outside of urbanized areas.

Urban Area Title and Code

The title of each urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) may contain up to three incorporated place names, and will include the two-letter U.S. Postal Service abbreviation for each state into which the UA or UC extends. However, if the UA or UC does not contain an incorporated place, the urban area title will include the single name of a census designated place, minor civil division, or populated place recognized by the U.S. Geological Survey's Geographic Names Information System.

Each UA and UC is assigned a five-digit numeric code, based on a national alphabetical sequence of all urban area names. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau assigned a four-digit UA code based on the metropolitan area codes. A separate flag is included in data tabulation files to differentiate between UAs and UCs. In printed reports, this differentiation is included in the name.

Urban Area Central Place

A central place functions as the dominant center of an urban area. The U.S. Census Bureau identifies one or more central places for each urbanized area (UA) or urban cluster (UC) that contains a place. Any incorporated place or census designated place (CDP) that is in the title of the urban area is a central place of that UA or UC. In addition, any other incorporated place or CDP that has an urban population of 50,000 or an urban population of at least 2,500 people and is at least 2/3 the size of the largest place within the urban area also is a central place.

Extended Place

As a result of the urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) delineations, an incorporated place or census designated place may be partially within and partially outside of a UA or UC. Any place that is split by a UA or UC is referred to as an extended place.

Documentation of the UA, UC, and extended place criteria is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400; telephone 301-457-1099.

URBAN GROWTH AREA (UGA)

An urban growth area (UGA) is a legally defined geographic entity in Oregon that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in the TIGER® database in agreement with the state. UGAs, which are defined around incorporated places, are used to control urban growth. UGA boundaries, which need not follow visible features, are delineated cooperatively by state and local officials and then confirmed in state law. UGAs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each UGA is identified by a five-digit census code, which generally is the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the incorporated place for which the UGA is named. The codes are assigned alphabetically within Oregon.

VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)

Voting district (VTD) is the generic name for geographic entities, such as precincts, wards, and election districts, established by state, local, and tribal governments for the purpose of conducting elections. States participating in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program as part of Public Law 94-171 (1975) may provide boundaries, codes, and names for their VTDs to the U.S. Census Bureau. The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for VTDs following the 1980 census. Because the U.S. Census Bureau requires that VTDs follow boundaries of census blocks, participating states often adjusted the boundaries of the VTDs they submit to conform to census block boundaries for data presentation purposes. If requested by the participating state, the U.S. Census Bureau identifies the VTDs that have not been adjusted as an “A” for actual in the VTD indicator field of the PL data file. The VTD indicator for all other VTDs is shown as “P” for pseudo.

For Census 2000, each VTD is identified by a one- to six-character alphanumeric census code that is unique within county. The code “ZZZZZ” identifies parts of a county in which no VTDs were identified. For a state or county that did not participate in the VTD project, the code fields are blank.

ZIP CODE® TABULATION AREA (ZCTA™)

A ZIP Code® tabulation area (ZCTA™) is a statistical geographic entity that approximates the delivery area for a U.S. Postal Service five-digit or three-digit ZIP Code. ZCTAs are aggregations of census blocks that have the same predominant ZIP Code associated with the residential mailing addresses in the U.S. Census Bureau’s Master Address File. Three-digit ZCTA codes are applied to large contiguous areas for which the U.S. Census Bureau does not have five-digit ZIP Code information in its Master Address File. ZCTAs do not precisely depict ZIP Code delivery areas, and do not include all ZIP Codes used for mail delivery. The U.S. Census Bureau has established ZCTAs as a new geographic entity similar to, but replacing, data tabulations for ZIP Codes undertaken in conjunction with the 1990 and earlier censuses.

Figure A-1. **Standard Hierarchy of Census Geographic Entities**

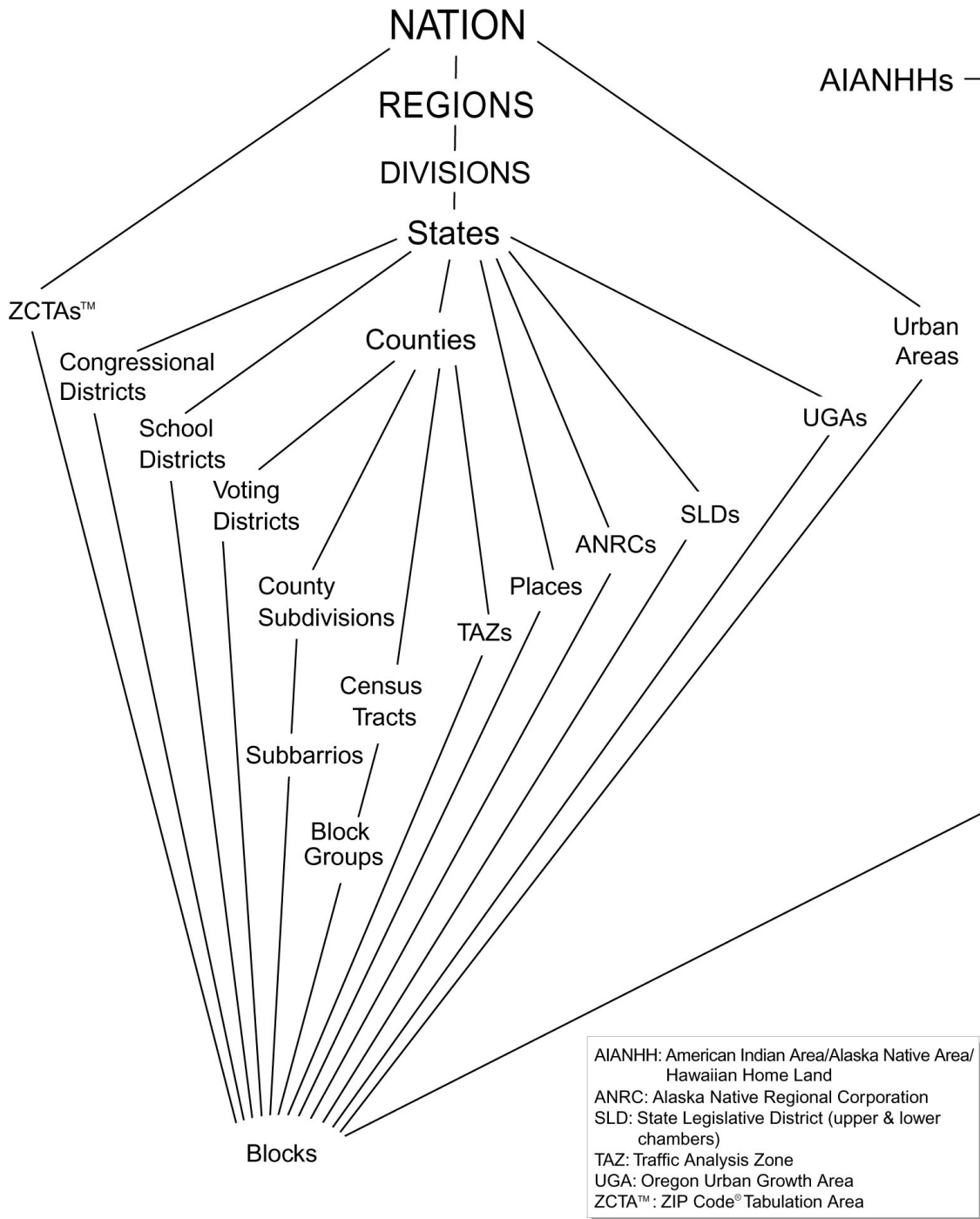


Figure A-2. **Hierarchy of American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian Entities**

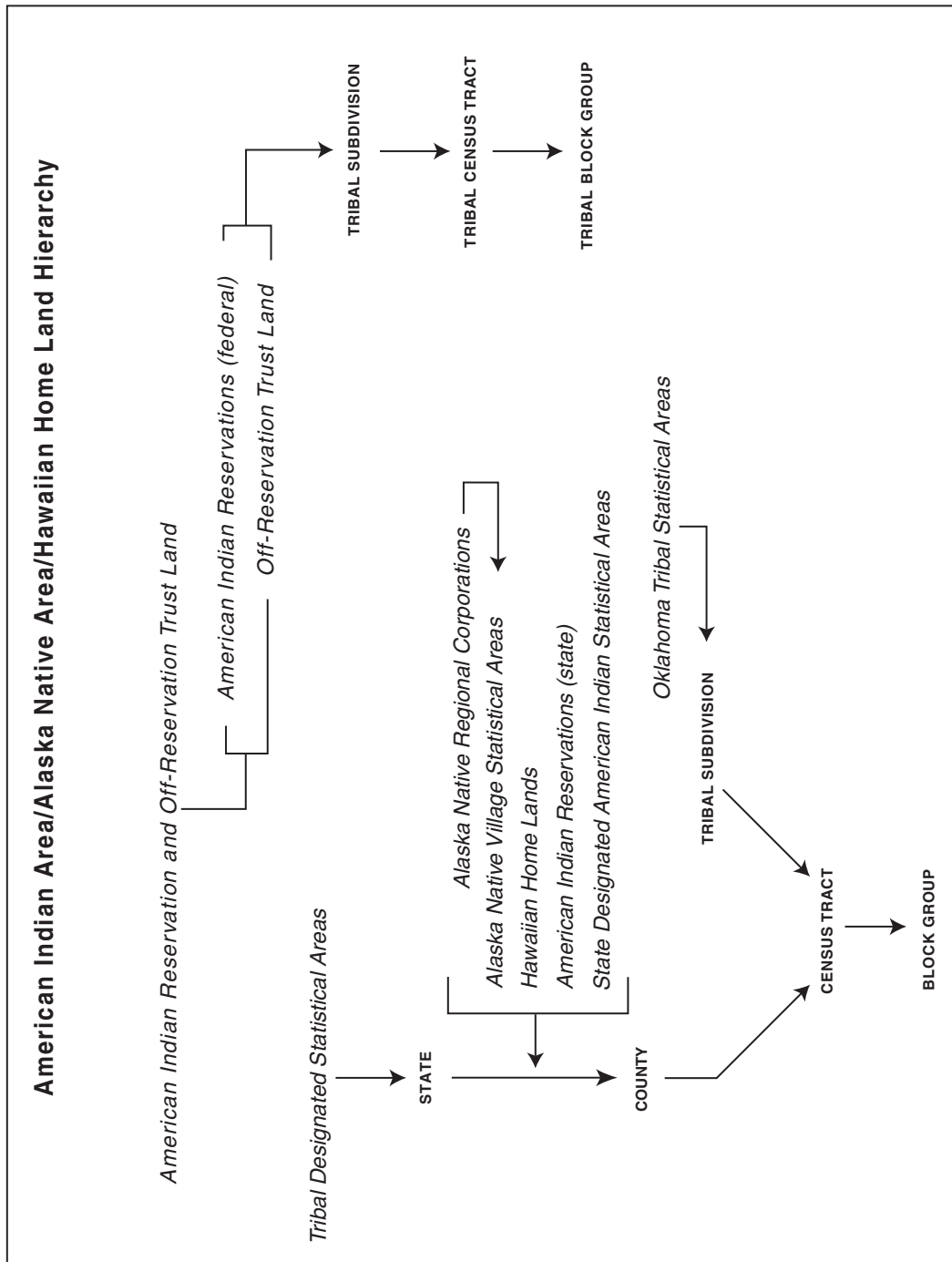


Figure A-3. **Census Regions, Census Divisions, and Their Constituent States**

Northeast Region

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

Midwest Region

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

West Region

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Appendix B.

Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age

The data on age were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2000. The age of the person was usually derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of some of the sample questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies.

Median age. This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Median age is computed on the basis of a single year of age distribution.

Limitation of the data. The most general limitation for many decades has been the tendency of people to overreport ages or years of birth that end in zero or five. This phenomenon is called “age heaping.” In addition, the counts in the 1970 and 1980 censuses for people 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. So also were the counts of people aged 69 in 1970 and aged 79 in 1980. Improvements have been made since then in the questionnaire design, and in the allocation procedures which have further minimized these problems. The count of people aged 89 in the 1990 census was not overstated.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date they completed the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. One reason this happened was that respondents were not specifically instructed to provide their age as of April 1, 1990. Another reason was that data collection efforts continued well past the census date. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of people in most age groups were actually one year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements were largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age zero because people lost to age one probably were not fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990. Also, there may have been more rounding up to age one to avoid reporting age as zero years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age one.)

The reporting of age one year older than true age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in calendar year 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the 1960, 1970, and 1980 censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth.

These shortcomings were minimized in Census 2000 because age was usually calculated from exact date of birth and because respondents were specifically asked to provide their age as of April 1, 2000. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses “Comparability.”)

Comparability. Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data were not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In 2000, each individual has both an age and an exact date of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, people of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as “imputation.” The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see “Accuracy of the Data.”)

Group Quarters

All people not living in housing units are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. We recognize two general categories of people in group quarters: (1) institutionalized population and (2) noninstitutionalized population.

Institutionalized population. Includes people under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such people are classified as “patients or inmates” of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of people in the institution. Generally, the institutionalized population is restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Type of institution. The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions that specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions that had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans’ Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in “mental (psychiatric) hospitals”; in general hospital wards for people with chronic diseases, patients were classified in “other hospitals for the chronically ill.” Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

Correctional institutions. Includes prisons, federal detention centers, military disciplinary barracks and jails, police lockups, halfway houses used for correctional purposes, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

Prisons. Where people convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) “federal” (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) “state.” In census products this category includes federal detention centers. Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards) operated by departments of correction or similar agencies, or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

Federal detention centers. Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include: detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and state and federal prisons.

Military disciplinary barracks and jails. Operated by military police and used to hold people awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

Local jails and other confinement facilities. Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold people beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours and police lockups operated by county and city police that hold people for 48 hours or less only if they

have not been formally charged in court. Also, includes work farms used to hold people awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but not by state governments).

Halfway houses. Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, prerelease centers, and community-residential centers.

Other types of correctional institutions. Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol or drug abuse.

Nursing homes. Comprises a heterogeneous group of places providing continuous nursing and other services to patients. The majority of patients are elderly, although people who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with nursing care.

Mental (psychiatric) hospitals. Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally trained staff.

Hospitals or wards for chronically ill. Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards; wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill; neurological wards; hospices and homes for chronically ill patients; wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases; and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. In some census products, patients in hospitals or wards for the chronically ill are classified in three categories: (1) military hospitals or wards for chronically ill, (2) other hospitals or wards for chronically ill, and (3) hospices or homes for chronically ill.

Schools, hospitals, or wards for the mentally retarded. Includes those institutions, such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally trained staff.

Schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped. Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for people with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims and to people with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy.

Hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse. Includes hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally trained staff.

Wards in general hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere. Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), and surgical wards of hospitals and wards for people with infectious diseases. If not shown separately, this category includes wards in military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere.

Wards in military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere. (See above definition for "Wards in general hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere.")

Juvenile institutions. Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

Homes for abused, dependent, and neglected children. Includes orphanages and other institutions that provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children.

Residential treatment centers. Includes those institutions that primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

Training schools for juvenile delinquents. Includes residential training schools or homes and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

Public training schools for juvenile delinquents. Usually operated by a state agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

Private training schools. Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

Detention centers. Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

Noninstitutionalized population. Includes people who live in group quarters other than institutions. Includes staff residing in military and nonmilitary group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Group homes. Includes “community-based homes” that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses not operated for correctional purposes; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

Homes for the mentally ill. Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

Homes for the mentally retarded. Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded.

Homes for the physically handicapped. Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. People with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded.

Homes or halfway houses for drug/alcohol abuse. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to people suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be reentering the work force.

Other group homes. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and maternity homes for unwed mothers. Most of these types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for people who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly. The maternity homes for unwed mothers provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their children. These homes may provide social services and postnatal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

Religious group quarters. Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

College quarters off campus. Includes university-owned off-campus housing, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students who do not have their families living with them. In census products, people in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

College dormitories. Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. College dormitory housing includes university-owned, on-campus and off-campus housing for unmarried residents.

Military quarters. Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and people being held in military disciplinary barracks were included as part of the institutionalized population.

Agriculture workers' dormitories. Includes people in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms." (A tree farm is an area of forest land managed to ensure continuous commercial production.)

Other workers' dormitories. Includes people in logging camps, construction workers' camps, fire-house dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

Dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals. Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members, excluding patients. If not shown separately, dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals are included in the category "Staff Residents of Institutions."

Job corps and vocational training facilities. Includes facilities that provide a full-time, year-round residential program offering a comprehensive array of training, education, and supportive services, including supervised dormitory housing, meals, and counseling for at-risk youth ages 16 through 24.

Emergency and transitional shelters (with sleeping facilities). Includes people without conventional housing who stayed overnight on March 27, 2000, in permanent and emergency housing, missions, Salvation Army shelters, transitional shelters, hotels and motels used to shelter people without conventional housing, and similar places known to have people without conventional housing staying overnight. Also included are shelters that operate on a first come, first-serve basis where people must leave in the morning and have no guaranteed bed for the next night OR where people know that they have a bed for a specified period of time (even if they leave the building every day). Shelters also include facilities that provide temporary shelter during extremely cold weather (such as churches). If shown, this category also includes shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing.

Shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing. Includes shelters/group homes that provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles. In census products, this category is included with emergency and transitional housing.

Shelters for abused women (shelters against domestic violence or family crisis centers). Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In census products, this category is included with “other non-institutional group quarters.”

Soup kitchens. Includes soup kitchens, food lines, and programs distributing prepared breakfasts, lunches, or dinners on March 28, 2000. These programs may be organized as food service lines, bag or box lunches, or tables where people are seated, then served by program personnel. These programs may or may not have a place for clients to sit and eat the meal. In census products, this category is included with “other noninstitutional group quarters.” This category excludes regularly scheduled mobile food vans.

Regularly scheduled mobile food vans. Includes mobile food vans that are regularly scheduled to visit designated street locations for the primary purpose of providing food to people without conventional housing. In census products, this category is included with “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

Targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations. Includes geographically identifiable outdoor locations open to the elements where there is evidence that people who do not usually receive services at soup kitchens, shelters, and mobile food vans lived on March 29, 2000, without paying to stay there. Sites must have a specific location description that allowed a census enumeration team to physically locate the site; for example, “the Brooklyn Bridge at the corner of Bristol Drive” or “the 700 block of Taylor Street behind the old warehouse.” Excludes pay-for-use campgrounds; drop-in centers; post offices; hospital emergency rooms; and commercial sites, including all-night theaters and all-night diners. In census products, this category is included with “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

Crews of maritime vessels. Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

Residential facilities providing “protective oversight.” Includes facilities providing assistance to people with disabilities.

Staff residents of institutions. Includes staff residing in military and nonmilitary group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Other nonhousehold living situations. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere enumerated at locations, such as YMCAs, YWCAs, and hostels. People enumerated at those places that did not have a usual home elsewhere are included in this category.

Living quarters for victims of natural disasters. Includes living quarters for people temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

Comparability. For Census 2000, the definition of the institutionalized population was consistent with the definition used in the 1990 census. As in 1990, the definition of “care” only includes people under organized medical or formally authorized, supervised care or custody.

In Census 2000, the 1990 and 1980 rule of classifying ten or more unrelated people living together as living in noninstitutional group quarters was dropped. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated people.

Several changes have occurred in the tabulation of specific types of group quarters. In Census 2000, police lockups were included with local jails and other confinement facilities, and homes for unwed mothers were included in "Other group homes"; in 1990, these categories were shown separately. For the first time, Census 2000 tabulates separately the following types of group quarters: military hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, hospices or homes for the chronically ill, wards in military hospitals with patients who have no usual home elsewhere, wards in general hospitals with patients who have no usual home elsewhere, and job corps and vocational training facilities. For Census 2000, rooming and boarding houses were classified as housing units rather than group quarters as in 1990.

As in 1990, workers' dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of people sharing the dormitory. In 1980, ten or more unrelated people had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on people in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

The phrase "institutionalized persons" in 1990 data products was changed to "institutionalized population" for Census 2000. In 1990, the Census Bureau used the phrase "other persons in group quarters" for people living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 2000, this group is referred to as the "noninstitutionalized population." The phrase "staff residents" was used for staff living in institutions in both 1990 and 2000.

In Census 2000, the category "emergency and transitional shelters" includes emergency shelters, transitional shelters, and shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing. Those people tabulated at shelters for abused women, soup kitchens, regularly scheduled mobile food vans, and targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations were included in the category "other noninstitutional group quarters." Each of these categories were enumerated from March 27-29, 2000, during Service-Based Enumeration. (For more information on the "Service-Based Enumeration" operation, see "Collection and Processing Procedures.")

Hispanic or Latino

The data on the Hispanic or Latino population were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. The terms "Spanish," "Hispanic origin," and "Latino" are used interchangeably. Some respondents identify with all three terms while others may identify with only one of these three specific terms. Hispanics or Latinos who identify with the terms "Spanish," "Hispanic," or "Latino" are those who classify themselves in one of the specific Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino categories listed on the questionnaire ("Mexican," "Puerto Rican," or "Cuban") as well as those who indicate that they are "other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino." People who do not identify with one of the specific origins listed on the questionnaire but indicate that they are "other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino" are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, the Dominican Republic, or people identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. All write-in responses to the "other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino" category were coded.

Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the origin of the householder. In all cases where the origin of households, families, or occupied housing units is classified as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino, the origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under "Household Type and Relationship.")

If an individual could not provide a Hispanic origin response, their origin was assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if origin was missing for a natural-born daughter in the household, then either the origin of the householder, another natural-born child, or spouse of the householder was assigned. If Hispanic origin was not reported for anyone in the household, the Hispanic origin of a householder in a previously processed household with the same race was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in "Accuracy of the Data" and is similar to those used in 1990, except for Census 2000 race and Spanish surnames were used to assist in assigning an origin (see the "Comparability" section below also).

Comparability. There are two important changes to the Hispanic origin question for Census 2000. First, the sequence of the race and Hispanic origin questions for Census 2000 differs from that in 1990; in 1990, the race question preceded the Hispanic origin question. Testing prior to Census 2000 indicated that response to the Hispanic origin question could be improved by placing it before the race question without affecting the response to the race question. Second, there is an instruction preceding the Hispanic origin question indicating that respondents should answer both the Hispanic origin and the race questions. This instruction was added to give emphasis to the distinct concepts of the Hispanic origin and race questions, and to emphasize the need for both pieces of information.

Furthermore, there has been a change in the processing of the Hispanic origin and race responses. In the 1990 census, respondents provided Hispanic origin responses in the race question and race responses in the Hispanic origin question. In 1990, the Hispanic origin question and the race question had separate edits; therefore, although information may have been present on the questionnaire, it was not fully utilized due to the discrete nature of the edits. However, for Census 2000 there is a joint race and Hispanic origin edit, which can utilize Hispanic origin and race information that was reported in the inappropriate question.

Household Type and Relationship

Household

A household includes all of the people who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied (or if vacant, intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other people in the building and that have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Average household size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where household members are tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, household members are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Relationship to Householder

The phrase “Coverage Improvement Adjustment” was included in the table outlines and the technical documentation before the review, analysis, and recommendation on whether to adjust Census 2000 data for coverage improvement was completed. As the data are not adjusted, a zero (0) will appear. This phrase does not refer to any other outreach or collection operations that were introduced to improve coverage in Census 2000.

Householder. The data on relationship to householder were derived from the question “How is this person related to Person 1,” which was asked of Persons 2 and higher in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder (Person 1). In most cases, this is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person in the household, any household member 15 years old or over could be designated as the householder (that is, Person 1).

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: family householders and nonfamily householders. A family householder is a householder living with one or more people related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all of the people in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse (husband/wife). Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes people in formal marriages, as well as people in common-law marriages. The number of spouses is equal to the number of “married-couple families” or “married-couple households” in 100-percent tabulations. Marital status categories cannot be inferred from the 100-percent tabulations since the marital status item was not included on the 100-percent form.

Child. Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child’s age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-born son/daughter. A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child.

Adopted son/daughter. A son or daughter of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Stepson/stepdaughter. A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Own child. A child under 18 years old who is a son or daughter by birth, marriage (a stepchild), or adoption. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. For 100-percent tabulations, own children consist of all sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age. For sample data, own children consist of sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age and who have never been married, therefore, numbers of own children of householders may be different in these two tabulations.

“Related children” in a family include own children and all other people under 18 years of age in the household, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other relatives. Includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

Grandchild. The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

Brother/sister. The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

Parent. The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the “Parent-in-law” category on the questionnaire.

Parent-in-law. Includes the mother-in-law or father-in-law of the householder.

Son-in-law/daughter-in-law. By definition, these are spouses of the children of the householder.

Other relatives. Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, cousin, and so forth).

Nonrelatives. Includes any household member who is not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, boarder. Includes roomers or boarders, who live in a room in the household of Person 1 (householder). Some sort of cash or noncash payment (e.g., chores) is usually made for their living accommodations.

Housemate or roommate. A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily to share expenses.

Unmarried partner. A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Foster child. Foster children are people under 18 placed by the local government in a household to receive parental care. They may be living in the household for just a brief period or for several years. Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder. If the foster child is also related to the householder, the child should be classified as that specific relative.

Other nonrelatives. A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for the age and sex for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household.

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family Type

A family includes a householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may be a group of unrelated people or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a “married-couple family” or an “other family” according to the presence of a spouse. “Other family” is further broken out according to the sex of the householder. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship that were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-couple family. A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Other family

Male householder, no wife present. A family with a male householder and no spouse of the householder present.

Female householder, no husband present. A family with a female householder and no spouse of the householder present.

Nonfamily household. A householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Average family size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where this measure is tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to that of the householder rather than to the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a “married-couple household” that includes a householder and an “unmarried partner.” An “unmarried partner” can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An “unmarried partner” in an “unmarried-partner household” is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Comparability. The 1990 relationship category “Natural-born or adopted son/daughter” has been replaced by “Natural-born son/daughter” and “Adopted son/daughter.” The following categories have been added: “Parent-in-law” and “Son-in-law/daughter-in-law.” The 1990 nonrelative category, “Roomer, boarder, foster child” has been replaced by two categories, “Roomer, boarder” and “Foster child.” In 2000, foster children had to be in the local governments’ foster care system to be so classified. In 1990, foster children were estimated to be those children in households who were not related to the householder nor who had any people over 18 who may have been their parents. In 1990, stepchildren who were adopted by the householder were still classified as stepchildren. In 2000, stepchildren who were legally adopted by the householder were classified as adopted children.

Race

The data on race were derived from answers to the question on race that was asked of all people. The concept of race, as used by the Census Bureau, reflects self-identification by people according to the race or races with which they most closely identify. These categories are socio-political constructs and should not be interpreted as being scientific or anthropological in nature. Furthermore, the race categories include both racial and national-origin groups.

The racial classifications used by the Census Bureau adhere to the October 30, 1997, Federal Register Notice entitled, “Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity” issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). These standards govern the categories used to collect and present federal data on race and ethnicity. The OMB requires five minimum categories (White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander) for race. The race categories are described below with a sixth category, “Some other race,” added with OMB approval. In addition to the five race groups, the OMB also states that respondents should be offered the option of selecting one or more races.

If an individual did not provide a race response, the race or races of the householder or other household members were assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for a natural-born child in the household, then either the race or races of the householder, another natural-born child, or the spouse of the householder were assigned. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race or races of a householder in a previously processed household were assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in “Accuracy of the Data.”

White. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “White” or report entries, such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black or African American. A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as “Black, African Am., or Negro,” or provide written entries, such as African American, Afro American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.

American Indian or Alaska Native. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. It includes people who classified themselves as described below.

American Indian. Includes people who indicated their race as “American Indian,” entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

American Indian tribe. Respondents who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flathead) represent nations or reservations. The information on tribe is based on self identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of federally or state-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary files. The information for Census 2000 is derived from the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census that was updated based on a December 1997 Federal Register Notice, entitled "Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible to Receive Service From the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs," Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Alaska Native. Includes written responses of Eskimos, Aleuts, and Alaska Indians as well as entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, Yupik, Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian. The Alaska tribes are the Alaskan Athabascan, Tlingit, and Haida. The information for Census 2000 is based on the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census, which was expanded to list the individual Alaska Native Villages when provided as a written response for race.

Asian. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. It includes "Asian Indian," "Chinese," "Filipino," "Korean," "Japanese," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian."

Asian Indian. Includes people who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" or identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Chinese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Chinese" or who identify themselves as Cantonese, or Chinese American. In some census tabulations, written entries of Taiwanese are included with Chinese while in others they are shown separately.

Filipino. Includes people who indicate their race as "Filipino" or who report entries such as Filipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

Japanese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Japanese" or who report entries such as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Korean. Includes people who indicate their race as "Korean" or who provide a response of Korean American.

Vietnamese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Vietnamese" or who provide a response of Vietnamese American.

Cambodian. Includes people who provide a response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong. Includes people who provide a response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian. Includes people who provide a response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai. Includes people who provide a response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian. Includes people who provide a response of Bangladeshi; Bhutanese; Burmese; Indochinese; Indonesian; Iwo Jiman; Madagascar; Malaysian; Maldivian; Nepalese; Okinawan; Pakistani; Singaporean; Sri Lankan; or Other Asian, specified and Other Asian, not specified.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian," "Guamanian or Chamorro," "Samoan," and "Other Pacific Islander."

Native Hawaiian. Includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian" or who identify themselves as "Part Hawaiian" or "Hawaiian."

Guamanian or Chamorro. Includes people who indicate their race as such, including written entries of Chamorro or Guam.

Samoan. Includes people who indicate their race as “Samoan” or who identify themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Other Pacific Islander. Includes people who provide a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group, such as Carolinian, Chuukese (Trukese), Fijian, Kosraean, Melanesian, Micronesian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Papua New Guinean, Pohnpeian, Polynesian, Solomon Islander, Tahitian, Tokelauan, Tongan, Yapese, or Pacific Islander, not specified.

Some other race. Includes all other responses not included in the “White,” “Black or African American,” “American Indian or Alaska Native,” “Asian,” and “Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander” race categories described above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multi-racial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) in the “Some other race” write-in space are included in this category.

Two or more races. People may have chosen to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of check boxes and write-in responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum race groups identified by the OMB, and the Census Bureau “Some other race” category. For data product purposes, “Two or more races” refers to combinations of two or more of the following race categories:

1. White
2. Black or African American
3. American Indian and Alaska Native
4. Asian
5. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
6. Some other race

There are 57 possible combinations (see Figure B-1) involving the race categories shown above. Thus, according to this approach, a response of “White” and “Asian” was tallied as two or more races, while a response of “Japanese” and “Chinese” was not because “Japanese” and “Chinese” are both Asian responses. Tabulations of responses involving reporting of two or more races within the American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories are available in other data products.

Given the many possible ways of displaying data on two or more races, data products will provide varying levels of detail. The most common presentation shows a single line indicating “Two or more races.” Some data products provide totals of all 57 possible combinations of two or more races, as well as subtotals of people reporting a specific number of races, such as people reporting two races, people reporting three races, and so on.

In other presentations on race, data are shown for the total number of people who reported one of the six categories alone or in combination with one or more other race categories. For example, the category “Asian alone or in combination with one or more other races” includes people who reported Asian alone and people who reported Asian in combination with White, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. This number, therefore, represents the maximum number of people who reported as Asian in the question on race. When this data presentation is used, the individual race categories will add to more than the total population because people may be included in more than one category.

Coding of write-in entries. During 100-percent processing of Census 2000 questionnaires, subject-matter specialists reviewed and coded written entries from four response categories on the race item American Indian or Alaska Native, Other Asian, Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. The Other Asian and Other Pacific Islander response categories shared the same write-in area on the questionnaire.

Comparability. The data on race in Census 2000 are not directly comparable to those collected in previous censuses. The October 1997 revised standards issued by the OMB led to changes in the question on race for Census 2000. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal data were the first to reflect these changes. First, respondents were allowed to select more than one category for race. Second, the sequence of the questions on race and Hispanic origin changed. In 1990, the question on race (Item 4) preceded the question on Hispanic origin (Item 7) with two intervening questions. For Census 2000, the question on race immediately follows the question on Hispanic origin. Third, there were terminology changes to the response categories, such as spelling out “American” instead of “Amer.” for the American Indian or Alaska Native category; and adding “Native” to the Hawaiian response category. The 1990 category “Other race” was renamed “Some other race.”

Other differences that may affect comparability involve the individual categories on the Census 2000 questionnaire. The 1990 category, “Asian and Pacific Islander” was separated into two categories, “Asian” and “Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.” Accordingly, on the Census 2000 questionnaire, there were seven Asian categories and four Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories. The two residual categories, “Other Asian” and “Other Pacific Islander,” replaced the 1990 single category “Other API.” The 1990 categories “American Indian,” “Eskimo,” and “Aleut” were combined into “American Indian and Alaska Native.” American Indians and Alaska Natives can report one or more tribes.

As in 1990, people who reported a Hispanic or Latino ethnicity in the question on race and did not mark a specific race category were classified in the “Some other race” category (“Other race” in 1990). They commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Latino. In the 1970 census, most of these responses were included in the “White” category. In addition, some ethnic entries that in 1990 may have been coded as White or Black are now shown in the “Some other race” group.

For Puerto Rico, separate questions on race and Hispanic origin were included on their Census 2000 questionnaire, identical to the questions used in the United States. The 1950 census was the last census to include these questions on the Puerto Rico questionnaire.

Census 2000 included an automated review, computer edit, and coding operation on a 100-percent basis for the write-in responses to the race question, similar to that used in the 1990 census. Write-in responses such as Laotian or Thai, and Guamanian or Tongan were reviewed, coded, and tabulated as “Other Asian” and “Other Pacific Islander,” respectively, in the census. All tribal entries were coded as either American Indian or as Alaska Native.

Figure B-1. Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)

1. White; Black or African American
2. White; American Indian and Alaska Native
3. White; Asian
4. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
5. White; Some other race
6. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native
7. Black; Asian
8. Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
9. Black; Some other race
10. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
11. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
12. American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
13. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
14. Asian; Some other race
15. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
16. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native
17. White; Black; Asian
18. White; Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander

Figure B-1. **Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)**—Con.

19. White; Black; Some other race
20. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
21. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
22. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
23. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
24. White; Asian; Some other race
25. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
26. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
27. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
28. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
29. Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
30. Black; Asian; Some other race
31. Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
32. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
33. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
34. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
35. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
36. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
37. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
38. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
39. White; Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
40. White; Black; Asian; Some other race
41. White; Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
42. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
43. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
44. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
45. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
46. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
47. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
48. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
49. Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
50. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
51. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
52. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
53. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
54. White; Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
55. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
56. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
57. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race

Sex

The data on sex were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. Individuals were asked to mark either “male” or “female” to indicate their sex. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person’s given (i.e., first) name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see “Accuracy of the Data.”)

Sex ratio. A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

Comparability. A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Living Quarters

Living quarters are either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of “Group Quarters” under “Population Characteristics.”) Living quarters are usually found in structures intended for residential use, but also may be found in structures intended for nonresidential use as well as in places such as tents, vans, emergency and transition shelters, dormitories, and barracks.

Housing unit. A housing unit may be a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or, if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and that have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory. Boats, recreational vehicles (RVs), vans, tents, and the like are housing units only if they are occupied as someone’s usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers’ lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory. Also excluded from the housing inventory are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Occupied housing unit. A housing unit is occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of people living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, people who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere.

If any of the occupants in rooming or boarding houses, congregate housing, or continuing care facilities live separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Vacant housing unit. A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by people who have a usual residence elsewhere are classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place.

Vacant units are excluded from the housing inventory if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements. Also excluded are vacant units with a sign that they are condemned or they are to be demolished.

Comparability. The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the “dwelling unit” concept. Although the term became “housing unit” and the definition was modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the housing unit definition remained essentially comparable between 1940 and 1990. Since 1990, two changes were made to the housing unit definition.

The first change eliminated the concept of “eating separately.” The elimination of the eating criterion is more in keeping with the United Nations’ definition of a housing unit that stresses the entire concept of separateness rather than the specific “eating” element. Although we previously included the “eating separately” criterion in the definition of a housing unit, data were not collected that allowed us to distinguish whether the occupants ate separately from any other people in the building. (Questions that asked households about their eating arrangements have not been included in the census after 1970.) Therefore, the current definition better reflects the information that is used in the determination of a housing unit.

The second change for Census 2000 eliminated the “number of nonrelatives” criterion; that is, “9 or more people unrelated to the householder” which caused a conversion of housing units to group quarters. This change was prompted by the following considerations: (1) there were relatively few such conversions made as a result of this rule in 1990; (2) household relationship and housing data were lost by converting these units to group quarters; and (3) there was no empirical support for establishing a particular number of nonrelatives as a threshold for these conversions.

In 1960, 1970, and 1980, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and other similar places where 75 percent or more of the accommodations were occupied by permanent residents were counted as part of the housing inventory. We intended to classify these vacant units as housing units in the 1990 census. However, an evaluation of the data collection procedures prior to the 1990 census indicated that the concept of permanency was a difficult and confusing procedure for enumerators to apply correctly. Consequently, in the 1990 census, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places were not counted as housing units. In Census 2000, we continued the procedure adopted in 1990.

Average Household Size of Owner-Occupied Unit

A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in owner-occupied housing units by the number of owner-occupied housing units.

Average Household Size of Renter-Occupied Unit

A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in renter-occupied housing units by the number of renter-occupied housing units.

Tenure

Tenure was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

Owner occupied. A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is Person 1 on the questionnaire. The unit is “Owned by you or someone in this household

with a mortgage or loan” if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement, such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is “Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)” if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information is collected on the long-form questionnaire.

Renter occupied. All occupied housing units that are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. “No cash rent” units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services, such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the “No cash rent” category. “Rented for cash rent” includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a service provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability. Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or loan, or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage. In Census 2000, we continued with the same tenure categories used in the 1990 census.

Vacancy Status

The data on vacancy status were obtained from Enumerator Questionnaire, Item C. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by census enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For rent. These are vacant units offered “for rent” and vacant units offered either “for rent or for sale.”

For sale only. These are vacant units offered “for sale only,” including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered “for sale only.”

Rented or sold, not occupied. If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as “rented or sold, not occupied.”

For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use. These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons, for weekends, or other occasional use throughout the year. Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included in this category.

For migrant workers. These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

Other vacant. If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as “other vacant.” For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Available housing. Available housing units are vacant units that are for sale only or for rent.

Available housing vacancy rate. The proportion of the housing inventory that is available for sale only or for rent. It is computed by dividing the number of available units by the sum of the occupied units and the number of available units, and then multiplying by 100.

Homeowner vacancy rate. The proportion of the homeowner housing inventory that is vacant for sale. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and vacant units that are for sale only, and then multiplying by 100.

Rental vacancy rate. The proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant for rent. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent, and then multiplying by 100.

Comparability. Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. Since 1990, we have used the category “For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.” In earlier censuses, separate categories were used to collect data on these types of vacant units. Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. Beginning in 1990 and continuing into Census 2000, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero.

Average

See Mean.

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. This is the form of interpolation used to calculate median age.

Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum (or aggregate) of a group of numerical items by the total number of items in that group. For example, average family size is obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders). (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many of the population and housing subjects.)

Median

This measure represents the middle value (if n is odd) or the average of the two middle values (if n is even) in an ordered list of n data values. The median divides the total frequency distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. Each median is calculated using a standard distribution. (See also “Interpolation.”)

For data products in publication or display table format, if the median falls within the upper interval of an open-ended distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+), or if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-).

For products on CD-ROM and products that can be downloaded by a user as data files (no text, just numbers), if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value, but with no plus or minus symbol.

Percentage

This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.

Rate

This is a measure of occurrences in a given period of time divided by the possible number of occurrences during that period. Rates are sometimes presented as percentages.

Appendix C.

Data Collection and Processing Procedures

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ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her “usual residence” in Census 2000. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person’s legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of people whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that people were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 2000).

United States

Enumeration rules. Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person’s legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in the United States who had not established a residence.

Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States. With some exceptions, Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in Census 2000. U.S. military personnel and federal civilian employees stationed outside the United States, and their dependents living with them, are included in the population counts for the 50 states for purposes of Congressional apportionment but are excluded from all other tabulations for states and their subdivisions. The counts of overseas U.S. military personnel,

federal civilian employees, and their dependents were obtained from administrative records maintained by the employing federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas who were not affiliated with the U.S. government were not included in the census.

Residence rules. Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence on Census Day, such as on a vacation or business trip, were to be counted at their usual residence.

Armed forces personnel in the United States. Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a U.S. homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels. Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a U.S. port, sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or sailing from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were assigned as follows:

- The U.S. port, if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure, if the ship was sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from one foreign port to another foreign port, sailing from a U.S. port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a U.S. port were not included in the census.

People away at school. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

People in institutions. People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

People in general hospitals. People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

People in shelters. People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

People with multiple residences. People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week. Likewise, people who lived in one state but spent the winter in another state with a warmer climate (“snowbirds”) were to be counted at the residence where they lived most of the year.

People away from their usual residence on Census Day. Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual U.S. residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

Puerto Rico

Enumeration rules. Each person whose usual residence was in Puerto Rico was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in Puerto Rico who had not established a residence.

Americans usually living in Puerto Rico but temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in Puerto Rico. Americans with a usual residence outside Puerto Rico were not counted as part of the Puerto Rico resident population.

Residence rules. Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence on Census Day were to be counted at their usual residence.

Armed forces personnel in Puerto Rico. Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a Puerto Rico homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels. Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a Puerto Rico port, sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port, or sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were assigned as follows:

- The Puerto Rico port if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure if the ship was sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port or from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a Puerto Rico port were not included in the census.

People away at school. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

People in institutions. People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

People in general hospitals. People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

People in shelters. People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

People with multiple residences. People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week.

People away from their usual residence on Census Day. Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual Puerto Rico residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

MAJOR COMPONENTS OF THE CENSUS 2000 PLAN

The Census Bureau prepared the Census 2000 plan to ensure the most accurate decennial census legally possible. This plan included data collection from 100 percent of households and housing units. In addition, the plan included an extensive statistical operation to measure and correct overall and differential coverage of U.S. residents in Census 2000. This operation consisted of a scientific sample of approximately 300,000 housing units and used regional groupings to generate corrected counts. To ensure that Census 2000 will be both more accurate and more cost-effective than the 1990 Census, the Census Bureau reviewed its procedures with input from a wide array of experts. In addition, the Census Bureau and Department of Commerce officials held more than 100 briefings for the members of Congress and their staff on the plan for Census 2000. The result has been an innovative departure from past practices that substantially increased overall accuracy and addressed the differential undercount of children, renters, and minorities. At the same time, the new methods of enumeration saved money and delivered results more quickly. The major components of the plan for Census 2000 included:

1. The Master Address File

To conduct Census 2000, the Census Bureau needed to identify and locate an estimated 118 million housing units in the Nation. The Census Bureau accomplished this goal by developing and maintaining the Master Address File (MAF). This vital operation took place with the assistance of the U.S. Postal Service (USPS); other federal agencies; tribal, state and local governments; community organizations; and by an intensive canvass of selected areas. The resulting file was more comprehensive than ever before.

In 1990, the Census Bureau relied on address lists purchased from vendors. As these lists were originally generated for marketing purposes, they proved to be less accurate in low-income areas. As a result, during the 1990 census, housing units were missed often enough to contribute notably to the undercount problem. Plans for Census 2000 were designed to address weaknesses found in the 1990 address list. The Census 2000 MAF started with the USPS address list, a list that

does not discriminate against certain areas because of their marketing potential. Partnerships with state and local officials, community organizations, and tribal governments also played an important role in making sure the MAF is accurate; the local officials who knew the areas best helped develop the MAF. Finally, the Bureau made intensive efforts to create address lists in rural areas well in advance of the census.

City-style addresses. The USPS uses the term “city-style” for an address such as “123 Main Street,” even though such an address may occur in small towns and increasingly along country roads. In areas where the USPS delivers mail primarily to city-style addresses, the Census Bureau created the MAF by combining addresses from the 1990 Census Address Control File with those addresses in the USPS Delivery Sequence File (DSF). The DSF is a national file of individual delivery point addresses. As part of a cooperative agreement, the USPS provided the Census Bureau with updated DSFs on a regular basis. The Bureau then located these addresses in its computer mapping system called TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing). If an address could not be located, the location was researched and resolved through an office operation or through assistance from local partners. As a result of this research, the Bureau identified new features and corrected and added address ranges to the TIGER® database.

Noncity-style addresses. In late 1998 and early 1999, the Census Bureau launched a comprehensive effort to canvass areas where most residences did not have city-style addresses. Over 30,000 canvassers visited approximately 22 million residences without a street address to enter their locations in the TIGER® system. The combination of innovative use of computer data and technology along with these visits allowed the Bureau to construct the most accurate address list ever, giving field enumerators more time to meet other challenges presented by the 2000 count.

Remote areas. In a few extremely remote and sparsely settled areas, census enumerators created the address list at the time of the initial census data collection while canvassing their assignment area and picking up or completing unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously had delivered to each household.

Nontraditional living quarters. A separate operation built an inventory of all facilities that were not traditional living quarters; for example, prisons and hospitals. The Bureau interviewed an official at each location using a Facility Questionnaire. The responses to the questionnaire identified each group quarters and any housing units associated with the location. The Bureau classified each group quarters and its associated housing units at the location according to whether they would be enumerated as part of special place enumeration or through regular enumeration. The Bureau added these group quarters and housing units to the MAF and linked them to the TIGER® database.

Local government partnerships. The Bureau relied on local knowledge to build the MAF. State, local, and tribal governments; regional and metropolitan planning agencies; and related nongovernmental organizations were encouraged to submit locally developed and maintained city-style address lists to the Census Bureau to enhance the MAF. The Bureau matched the local lists both to the MAF and TIGER® database and verified the status of each newly identified address through ongoing matches to updated address information from the USPS, other independent sources, and its own field operations. The Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program was a partnership that allowed local and tribal governments to designate a liaison to review the portion of the MAF that covered their jurisdiction to help ensure its completeness. After processing the LUCA input, the Census Bureau provided feedback on the status of the adds, deletes, and corrections of addresses to the liaisons. The updated address list then was used to deliver census questionnaires.

2. Public Outreach and Marketing

In 1990, the mail response rate dropped in spite of the Census Bureau’s support of a public service announcement (PSA) effort that aired donated advertisements. Part of this drop was caused by the Bureau’s inability to ensure that PSAs were broadcast at optimum times and in appropriate

markets. An evaluation of the 1990 PSA campaign noted that the ads were seldom placed at optimal times because decisions about when to air PSAs rested with local radio and television stations. Sixty percent of the U.S. population received 91 percent of the census advertising impact; 40 percent received only 9 percent. Based on its studies of prior outreach campaigns, the Bureau concluded that the professional control of a paid media campaign would produce the best results. Census 2000 launched a vigorous public outreach campaign to educate everyone about the importance of being counted. Among the improvements in public outreach and marketing were:

Partnerships/targeted community outreach. The Census Bureau built partnerships with local and tribal governments, businesses, and community groups to get the word out, to endorse the census, and to encourage constituents to respond. Beginning in 1996 and expanding in 1998, the Bureau hired government and community specialists to build relationships with local community and service-based organizations, focusing on groups representing traditionally undercounted populations. The Bureau deployed an extensive outreach program to reach schools, public sector employees, American Indians, and religious organizations. Businesses, nonprofit groups, and labor organizations also were asked to endorse participation and to publicize the census through employee newsletters, inserts with paychecks, and through communications with members and local chapters.

Direct mail. The census questionnaire and related materials delivered to individual addresses carried the same themes and messages as the overall campaign.

Public relations. The Census Bureau used public meetings and the news media to inform the public about the value of the census and to encourage response. Communications specialists were assigned to each field office to perform media outreach, to respond to media inquiries, and to coordinate the dissemination of the Census 2000 message. In many communities, the Census Bureau established local broadcaster/news director committees to emphasize Census 2000 to television viewers and radio listeners through broadcast segments and editorials in newspapers.

Paid advertising. The Census Bureau planned a targeted campaign to reach everyone through ads in newspapers, magazines, billboards, posters, radio, and television. A private advertising firm designed and implemented the Census 2000 advertising campaign. The Census Bureau conducted a first-ever paid advertising campaign, including a national media campaign aimed at increasing mail response. The campaign included advertising directed at raising mail response rates among historically undercounted populations, with special messages targeted to hard-to-enumerate populations. Advertising also focused on encouraging cooperation during the nonresponse follow-up procedures.

Media public relations. The Census Bureau assigned media specialists to the regional census centers to cultivate local press contacts and respond to local media inquiries.

Promotion and special events. A variety of special events, including parades, athletic events and public services television documentaries were cosponsored by state, local, and tribal governments and by community organizations and businesses to motivate people to respond.

More ways to respond. In 2000, in addition to mailing the census questionnaires, the Census Bureau made the forms available in stores and malls, in civic or community centers, in schools, and in other locations frequented by the public. A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available for those who wished to respond to the census by telephone. People also had the option to respond to the short form via the Internet.

Multiple languages. In 2000, as in all prior decennial censuses, questionnaires were in English (the Census Bureau has made Spanish-language questionnaires available in the past). However, for the first time in a decennial census, households had the option to request and receive questionnaires in five other languages (Spanish, Chinese, Korean, Tagalog, and Vietnamese). In addition, questionnaire assistance booklets were available in 49 languages.

3. Questionnaire Mailout/Mailback

In Census 2000, the questionnaire mailout/mailback system was the primary means of census-taking, as it has been since 1970. The short form was delivered to approximately 83 percent of all housing units. The short form asked only the basic population and housing questions, while the long form included additional questions on the characteristics of each person and of the housing unit. The long form was delivered to a sample of approximately 17 percent of all housing units.

USPS letter carriers delivered questionnaires to the vast majority of housing units that had city-style addresses. In areas without such addresses, enumerators hand delivered addressed census questionnaires to each housing unit. In very remote or sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited each housing unit and picked up or completed unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously delivered to each unit.

4. Collecting Data on Populations Living in Nontraditional Households

During a decennial census, the Census Bureau not only counts people living in houses and apartments, but also must count people who live in group quarters and other nontraditional housing units, as well as people with no usual residence. These units include nursing homes, group homes, college dormitories, migrant and seasonal farm worker camps, military barracks or installations, American Indian reservations, and remote areas in Alaska.

Some of the methods that were used for these special populations are listed below:

- The Census Bureau designed an operation for Census 2000 called Service-Based Enumeration (SBE) to improve the count of individuals who might not be included through standard enumeration methods. The SBE operation was conducted in selected service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens, and at targeted outdoor locations.
- Another special operation counted highly transient individuals living at recreational vehicle campgrounds and parks, commercial or public campgrounds, marinas, and even workers' quarters at fairs and carnivals.
- The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodologies for American Indian reservations.
- Remote areas of Alaska, often accessible only by small airplanes, snowmobiles, four wheel-drive vehicles, or dogsleds, were enumerated beginning in mid-February. This special timing permitted travel to these areas while conditions are most favorable.
- The Census Bureau worked with the Department of Defense and the U.S. Coast Guard to count individuals living on military installations, and with the U.S. Maritime Administration to identify maritime vessels for enumeration.

5. Collecting Long Form Data to Meet Federal Requirements

The census is the only data gathering effort that collects the same information from enough people to get comparable data for every geographic area in the United States. The Census Bureau has used the long form on a sample basis since 1940 to collect more data, while reducing overall respondent burden. The Census 2000 long form asked questions addressing the same 7 subjects that appeared on the short form, plus an additional 27 subjects which were either specifically required by law to be included in the census or were required in order to implement other federal programs.

6. Retrieving and Processing the Data From the Returned Forms

The Census Bureau contracted with the private sector to secure the best available data capture technology. This technology allowed the Census Bureau to control, manage, and process Census 2000 data more efficiently.

The Census 2000 Data Capture System has been a complex network of operational controls and processing routines. The Census Bureau recorded a full electronic image of many of the questionnaires, sorted mail-return questionnaires automatically, used optical mark recognition for all check-box items, and used optical character recognition to capture write-in character based data

items. The system allowed the Census Bureau to reduce the logistical burdens associated with handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Once forms were checked in, prepared, and scanned, all subsequent operations were accomplished using the electronic image and data capture.

7. Matching and Unduplication

One of the main goals of Census 2000 was to make it simpler for people to be counted by having census forms available in public locations and providing multiple language translations. Responses also were accepted over the telephone and, for the short form only, on the Internet. These options made it easier for everyone to be counted, but increased the possibility of multiple responses for a given person and household. Advances in computer technology in the areas of computer storage, retrieval, and matching, along with image capture and recognition, gave the Census Bureau the flexibility to provide multiple response options without incurring undue risk to the accuracy of the resulting census data. Unduplication of multiple responses in past censuses required massive clerical operations. Modern technology allowed the Census Bureau to spot and eliminate multiple responses from the same household.

8. Geographic Database Development—TIGER®

The Census Bureau's TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) system provided the geographic structure for the control of the data collection, tabulation, and dissemination operations for Census 2000. The TIGER® system links each living quarter to a spatial location, each location to a specific geographic area, and each geographic area to the correct name or number and attributes. The database constantly changes; for example, when new streets are built and the names and address ranges of existing streets change. To ensure that the TIGER® database is complete and correct, the Census Bureau works with other federal agencies; state, local and tribal governments; and other public and private groups to update both its inventory of geographic features and its depiction of the boundaries, names, and attributes of the various geographic entities for which the Census Bureau tabulates data.

The Census Bureau obtains updates to the features in the TIGER® system, including associated address ranges, from its various address list improvement activities, from partnership efforts like the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, from digital files provided by some local and tribal governments, and from local and tribal governments in response to a preview of the census map of their jurisdictions.

As a part of updating the TIGER® system, the Census Bureau conducted boundary surveys in 1998 and 1999 to determine the boundaries that were in effect on January 1, 2000, which were the official Census 2000 boundaries for functioning governments. The Census Bureau also relied on other programs to update the TIGER® boundaries data, including a program that allowed local or tribal officials to review proposed Census 2000 boundaries a program that allowed local and tribal participants the opportunity to delineate Census 2000 participant statistical areas (block groups, census county divisions, census designated places, and census tracts) and additional programs that offered participants the opportunity to identify other areas for which the Census Bureau would tabulate data (for example, traffic analysis zones).

9. Field Offices and Staffing

The Census Bureau opened a national network of temporary offices from which employees collected and processed the data for Census 2000. Establishing the office network required, for most offices, the leasing of office space, purchasing furniture and equipment, purchasing and installing computer hardware and software, and establishing voice and data line connections. The plan for the office structure included:

- **12 Regional Census Centers (RCCs).** Through a network of Census Field Offices, the RCCs managed all census field data collections operations, address listings, and address list enhancement for city-style address areas; coordinated the LUCA program; produced maps; updated TIGER®; worked with local participants in the Public Law 94–171 Redistricting Data Program; and recruited temporary staff.

- **402 Census Field Offices (CFOs).** Opened in September 1998, these offices helped with address listing; conducted local recruiting; and performed clerical review of completed field address listing work.
- **520 Local Census Offices (LCOs).** These offices produced enumerator maps and assignments; conducted local recruiting; conducted outreach and promotion; conducted group quarters and service-based enumeration activities; conducted update/leave and list/enumerate operations; conducted nonresponse follow-up, coverage improvement follow-up, and address verifications; and performed the block canvass operations.
- **3 New Data Capture Centers (DCCs).** These centers checked in mail returns, prepared questionnaires, and conducted data capture.
- **1 National Processing Center (NPC).** In addition to performing the functions of a Data Processing Center, it processed address listing data and performed coding of questionnaire data.

To conduct a successful Census 2000, the Census Bureau recruited and tested hundreds of thousands of applicants for a wide range of positions, such as local census office managers, enumerators, partnership specialists, media specialists, and clerks. This required an extraordinary recruiting effort throughout the country. Every job applicant was required to pass a written test and was screened for criminal history. Applicants selected for employment had to take an oath of office and sign an affidavit agreeing not to disclose census information.

Many factors converged to present the Census Bureau with unprecedented challenges in hiring, retraining, and training the necessary employees for Census 2000. To address this challenge, the Census Bureau implemented several new approaches:

- Innovative methods of setting pay and incentives.
- Expanding the potential labor force by working with other federal agencies and state agencies to reduce barriers presented by various income transfer programs, and encouraging recipients of these programs to work for the Census Bureau. Consistent with these efforts, the Census Bureau hired more welfare-to-work employees than any other federal agency.
- Earlier and expanded training for enumerators.

10. Data Collection: Basic Enumeration Strategy

To ensure that the Census Bureau obtained a completed questionnaire from every household, or as close to that as possible, the Census Bureau developed a ten-part, integrated enumeration strategy.

- The first part of this strategy ensured that a questionnaire was delivered to every housing unit, by one of three data collection methods:
 - **Mailout/mailback.** U.S. Postal Service delivered questionnaires to every “city style” housing unit with a street name and house number.
 - **Update/leave.** Census enumerators delivered questionnaires to housing units without street names and house numbers to be mailed back, mainly in rural areas, and corrected and updated the address list and maps for any additions or errors.
 - **List/enumerate.** In remote and sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited every housing unit and completed the enumeration as delivered.
- The second part of this strategy provided people with assistance, as needed, to complete and return their questionnaires.
 - **Telephone questionnaire assistance (TQA).** The Census Bureau operated a toll-free TQA system, in English, Spanish, and several other languages, providing automated touch-tone answers to common questions, personal operator answers to those requesting it, and special service for the hearing impaired to assist them in completing a short form. Callers also could request a questionnaire.

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- **Internet.** Respondents were able to access an Internet Web site to both receive assistance and, for short forms, submit their responses.
 - **Questionnaire assistance centers.** The Census Bureau opened Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in convenient locations to assist respondents with filling out questionnaires in person. Bilingual staff was available in these centers.
 - **Questionnaire assistance guides.** Questionnaire Assistance Guides were available in 49 languages.
 - The third part of this strategy provided a means for people who believed they had not received a questionnaire or were not included on one. Part of this operation was targeted to members of historically undercounted groups. The major element of this operation was the distribution of “Be Counted Questionnaires.” The Census Bureau distributed these questionnaires at public locations, such as Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and some public and private facilities, staffed with bilingual competencies when appropriate. These forms were available in English, Spanish, Korean, Chinese, Vietnamese, and Tagalog.
 - The fourth part of this strategy was designed to enumerate people who did not live in traditional housing units, including group quarters situations, such as nursing homes and college dormitories; people living in migrant farm worker camps, on boats, on military installations; and federal employees living overseas. This part of the strategy was expanded further because the Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal results indicated that, compared to 1990, many more people did not live in traditional housing units.
 - **Group quarters enumeration.** This operation identified the location of all group living quarters and made advance visits to each group quarter. Census staff listed all residents in April 2000 and distributed questionnaire packets.
 - **Transient night operation.** Transient night enumerated people living a mobile lifestyle by visiting and interviewing people at racetracks, commercial or public campgrounds and those for recreational vehicles, fairs and carnivals, and marinas.
 - **Remote Alaska enumeration.** This operation sent out enumerators to deliver and complete questionnaires for people living in outlying or remote settlements in Alaska.
 - **Domestic military/maritime enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and U.S. Coast Guard, identified living quarters and housing units on military installations and ships assigned to a U.S. home port and used appropriate enumeration methods.
 - **Overseas enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and other departments, counted federal employees assigned overseas (including members of the armed forces) and their dependents, for apportionment purposes.
 - The fifth part of this strategy targeted people with no usual residence or address. This operation was conducted at selective service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens and non-sheltered outdoor locations.
 - The sixth part of this strategy deployed special data collection methods to improve cooperation and enumeration in certain hard-to-enumerate areas.
 - Regional Census Centers used the planning database and their knowledge of local conditions to identify appropriate areas for targeted methods. A team of enumerators then went to targeted areas, such as areas with high concentrations of multiunit buildings, safety concerns or low enumerator production rates, and conducted team enumerations.
 - Mail response rates and maps were available to local and tribal officials so they could work with Census Bureau staff to identify low-response areas and implement additional outreach and publicity efforts and targeted enumeration efforts.

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- In partnership with local and tribal governments and community-based organizations, local census offices established Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in locations, such as community centers and large apartment buildings, to provide assistance in English, Spanish, and other and foreign languages.
 - The Be Counted Program made unaddressed questionnaires available in the Walk-In Assistance Centers and other locations.
 - Letters were mailed to managers of large multiunit structures and gated communities informing them of upcoming census operations.
 - In preidentified census blocks, census enumerators canvassed the blocks, updated the address list, and delivered and completed census questionnaires for all housing units.
 - In preidentified blocks originally classified as “Mailout/Mailback” areas, enumerators delivered the questionnaire and updated the address list (Urban Update/Leave).
 - The seventh part of this strategy, coverage-edit and telephone follow-up, reviewed completed questionnaires for potential missing, incomplete, or inconsistent data.
 - **Coverage edit.** The Census Bureau checked completed questionnaires for discrepancies between the number of persons reported and the number of persons for whom information was provided, forms returned where population count was blank, and forms for certain households that contained complex living arrangements.
 - **Follow-up.** Telephone clerks contacted and reinterviewed the households with discrepancies identified after mail returns were data captured; field staff resolved discrepancies found on enumerator returned questionnaires.
 - **Content edit.** Computer operations identified missing or incomplete responses to population or housing units and used statistical imputation to complete the information.
 - The eighth part of this strategy, nonresponse follow-up (NRFU), was the effort to secure a response in Census 2000 from every housing unit and resident. One hundred percent of nonresponding households were followed up.
 - In the initial period, the Census Bureau used reminder publicity urging people to return their questionnaires.
 - Following the period of mail response, nonresponding households were identified and listed.
 - Enumerators visited all nonresponding addresses to obtain a completed questionnaire for each household.
 - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators also followed up 100 percent of housing units identified as nonexistent or vacant by the U.S. Postal Service.
 - In update/leave areas, enumerators followed up 100 percent of housing units where the Census Bureau was unable to deliver questionnaires.
 - The Census Bureau conducted quality assurance checks of NRFU to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the operations.
 - The ninth part of strategy involved additional operations to improve the coverage of Census 2000.
 - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which questionnaires were returned in NRFU reporting the housing unit as vacant or delete and which were not initially identified by the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable as addressed.
 - In update/leave areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which a questionnaire was returned as vacant or nonexistent in NRFU, but the questionnaire was not returned as undeliverable during the update/leave operation.
 - In both mailout/mailback and update/leave areas, mail returns checked in but not data captured were rechecked and, if necessary, revisited.

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- The tenth part of this strategy was unduplication, which involved reviewing and selecting person information when more than one questionnaire data set was reported for a single address. Dress Rehearsal results showed that the multiple ways in which people could respond to the census increased the possibility of more than one response being submitted for a given person or household. Automated matching technologies allowed the Census Bureau to resolve situations where more than one form was received for an address.

11. Special Populations

American Indian and Alaska Native Areas and Hawaiian Home Lands

The Census Bureau based its strategy for enumerating the populations in the American Indian and Alaska Native Areas (AIANAs) and Hawaiian home lands on building partnerships for:

- **Address list development.** The Census Bureau used U.S. Postal Service's Delivery Sequence Files in AIANAs and Hawaiian home lands where there were city-style addresses. In other areas, the census enumerators used the "update/leave" method where a form is left with the respondent for return by mail. In more remote areas, the census enumerator actually delivered the form and conducted the census interview all in one visit. Tribal governments had an opportunity to participate in the LUCA program. The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodology for each area.
- **Geographic programs.** There were many programs available to review and define geographic areas (see Appendix A for more details).
- **Marketing.** Census Bureau staff and tribal liaisons compiled lists of available media for paid advertising and promotion. The Census Bureau also enlisted the help of tribal liaisons and locally established "Complete Count Committees" to assist with promotional activities.
- **Field operations.** The Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to assist in all levels of field operations, including training local staff in cultural awareness, assisting in recruiting efforts, and identifying locations for census questionnaire assistance centers.
- **Data dissemination.** While most data were processed in the same way as data for rest of the nation, the Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to meet their data needs.

Puerto Rico

The Census 2000 operations in Puerto Rico were comparable to activities in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The Census Bureau worked in partnership with the government of Puerto Rico to ensure that Census 2000 data met the federal legal requirements.

- **Build partnerships at every stage of the process.** The Census Bureau entered a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of Puerto Rico which outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the government of Puerto Rico, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of Puerto Rico. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was conducted in Puerto Rico to build awareness of the census and boost participation. Address list development allowed Puerto Rico to participate in the LUCA program.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires were readily available in Spanish and also in English, if requested. In Puerto Rico, only update/leave method was used to distribute questionnaires. However, questionnaires also were placed in Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and other locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made use of the same technological advances that were used in the United States. Many operations performed clerically in 1990 were automated. Data users have access to Census 2000 data products through the Internet using the American FactFinder® (AFF) system. The AFF offers a separate user interface utilizing the Spanish language for Census 2000 Puerto Rico data.

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- **Special techniques to improve coverage.** The update/leave methodology for census data collection was used for the first time in Puerto Rico. Census enumerators updated the Master Address File for Puerto Rico while delivering questionnaires. Respondents had the opportunity to complete the census questionnaires and return them by mail.

Island Areas

The Census Bureau conducted the Census 2000 operations in American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands (collectively referred to as the “Island Areas”) in partnerships with the government of each area. These partnerships ensured that Census 2000 data met federal legal requirements, as well as the specific needs of each area. The Census 2000 operations in the Island Areas were built around the following:

- **Data collection.** Data collection in the Island Areas used the list/enumerate method. This decision was based on recommendations from Island Area representatives and an analysis of the various data collection methodologies. Unlike stateside list/enumerate procedures, the Census Bureau delivered Advance Census Reports before the list/enumerate operation and asked respondents to complete the form and hold it for enumerator to pick up.
- **Build partnerships at every stage of the process.** The Census Bureau developed and signed a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of each Island Area that outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the governments of the Island Areas, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of each Island Area. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was developed for each Island Area to build awareness of the census and boost participation.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires and other forms were readily available to respondents in convenient locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made greater use of the telephone to provide assistance to respondents with questions about Census 2000. Data users have access to Census 2000 data and products through the Internet using the American FactFinder system.

12. Telecommunications Support and Automated Data Processing

Using dedicated links and other secure lines, the Census 2000 telecommunications network linked all census offices including: Census Headquarters in Suitland, Maryland, the 520 Local Census Offices, the 12 Regional Census Offices, the 12 Regional Census Centers, the Puerto Rico Area Office, the Maryland Computer Center in Bowie, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana, and the three contracted Data Capture Centers (Phoenix, AZ, Pomona, CA, and Essex, MD). The Census Bureau also established communication links with planned commercial telephone centers to assist with the Telephone Questionnaire Assistance program and the coverage edit follow-up program.

The use of electronic imaging reduced the logistical and staffing requirements of handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Some components of data capture were performed by private-sector partners. The Census Bureau used commercially available advanced hardware and software rather than limiting itself to creating in-house solutions.

The most significant features of the Data Capture System included (1) work divided among four centers, (2) full electronic imaging and processing of questionnaires, (3) automated sorting of mailed responses, (4) optical mark recognition for check-box data, (5) optical character recognition for write-in data with automated processes to resolve difficult cases, and (6) quality assurance checks.

13. Quality Assurance

To detect, correct, and minimize performance errors in critical census operations, the Census Bureau developed individual quality assurance plans for all activities that could contribute to errors in outcome, such as misprinted census forms, inaccurate maps or address lists, faulty intelligent character recognition, inadequate training of enumerators, and miskeyed entries.

14. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in 1998

A good dress rehearsal is crucial to a successful census, and the key to any dress rehearsal is making it as much like the actual event as possible. The Census Bureau conducted Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in three sites: Sacramento, California; Columbia, South Carolina along with 11 surrounding counties in north central South Carolina; and the Menominee American Indian Reservation in northeastern Wisconsin.

Since the summer of 1996, the Census Bureau worked closely with local officials and community-based organizations in each of the three sites to plan and build the various infrastructures needed to ensure a successful dress rehearsal. These joint activities included refining the geographic database, building and refining the address list, and working with community and tribal organizations to plan effective outreach and promotion efforts. Also, the Census Bureau recruited staff in all three sites to complete address list development and verification.

The dress rehearsal allowed for a thorough demonstration of the most critical procedures for Census 2000. These procedures included address list development; marketing and promotion; and data collection, processing, and tabulation. The dress rehearsal plan also demonstrated the use of statistical sampling in four major census operations: nonresponse follow-up, housing units designated as undeliverable as addressed by the U.S. Postal Service, integrated coverage measurement (ICM), and the long form survey.

15. Data Dissemination Through the Internet

The census provides a wealth of data that researchers, businesses, and government agencies are eager to use. Taking advantage of modern computer and Internet capabilities, the Census Bureau planned to make data from Census 2000 more readily available than any previous decennial census data. The Census 2000 data are tabulated using the Data Products Production (DPP) system and disseminated using the American FactFinder (AFF) system on the Internet, in addition to CD-ROMs and DVDs. The AFF provides an interactive electronic system to allow data users to access data products, documents, and online help, as well as to build custom data products.

The Census Bureau solicited the advice and recommendations of data users throughout the planning, design, and testing stages of the AFF system (initially known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)). The system is accessible to the widest possible array of users through the Internet and all available intermediaries, including the nearly 1,800 data centers and affiliates, the 1,400 Federal Depository libraries and other libraries, universities, and private organizations. It also allows users to create customized products, such as tables, charts, graphs, and maps for census geographic areas of their choice, and access metadata that provide documentation and explanatory information for data subjects and geographic areas.

16. Evaluation and Preparation for 2010

After the completion of Census 2000, the Census Bureau plans to conduct a variety of post census evaluation studies, as it has after all the previous censuses. These studies will help data users, both within and outside the Census Bureau, to assess the data and plan for the 2010 Census. The evaluation studies generally rely on demographic analysis, statistical methods, and ethnographic analyses.

GLOSSARY

100-Percent Data

Information based on a limited number of basic population and housing questions collected from both the short form and the long form for every inhabitant and housing unit in the United States.

100-Percent Edited Detail File (HEDF)

Files composed of individual records of information on people and housing units for the 100-percent census data items from the census questionnaires. Estimation is included in these files. These files are used for tabulation purposes and are not released to the public.

Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.)

The Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) is a survey designed to measure the undercount/overcount of the census. The A.C.E. was designed to assess the size and characteristics of the population missed or double-counted in Census 2000, similar to the originally planned Integrated Coverage Measurement (ICM) Survey.

Advance Notice Letter/Reminder Card (ANL/RC)

These are part of the questionnaire mailing strategy. In every area except list/enumerate, the Census Bureau sends an advance notice letter to every mailout address to alert households that the census form will be sent to them soon. Reminder Card is a postcard that is sent to addresses on the decennial Master Address File (see definition below) to remind respondents to return their census questionnaires or to thank them if they already have. All addresses in mailout/mailback areas receive a postcard. The Census Bureau also mails these postcards to postal patrons in update/leave areas.

American FactFinder® (AFF)

An electronic system for access and dissemination of Census Bureau data. The system is available through the Internet and offers prepackaged data products and the ability to build custom products. The system serves as the vehicle for accessing and disseminating data from Census 2000 (as well as economic censuses and the American Community Survey). The system was formerly known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS).

Apportionment

Apportionment is the process of dividing up the 435 memberships, or seats, in the House of Representatives among the 50 states. The Census Bureau has a dual responsibility in this connection. It conducts the census at 10-year intervals. At the conclusion of each census, the Census Bureau uses the results for calculating the number of House memberships each state is entitled to have. The latter process is the initial use of the basic results of each census.

Be Counted Enumeration and Be Counted Form

The Be Counted enumeration procedure targets areas that are traditionally undercounted. Unaddressed census questionnaires (Be Counted forms) are placed at selected sites where people who believe they were not counted can pick them up, complete them, and mail them to the Census Bureau. The sites are in targeted areas that local governments and community groups, in conjunction with the Census Bureau, identify as traditionally undercounted.

Census 2000 Publicity Office (C2PO)

An office at the Census Bureau which developed, implemented, and coordinated an integrated marketing program for Census 2000, including paid advertising, direct mail, public relations, partnerships, and local outreach.

Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994

See Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS) below.

Census Edited File (CEF)

This file contains the 100-percent edited characteristics/records for all households and people in the census. The edits include consistency edits and imputation for items or persons where the data are insufficient. See descriptions for 100-percent data and census unedited file.

Census Information Center (CIC)

The Census Information Center Program (CIC) is the community-based component of the Census Bureau's data dissemination network. While census data are readily available on CD-ROM, the Census Bureau's Web site on the Internet, in its 12 Regional Offices, 1,400 Federal Depository Libraries, and 1,800 state and local government agencies participating in the State Data Center Program, the CICs provide access to local communities that might not have access through these traditional channels. CIC's goal is to provide efficient access to Census Bureau data and data products to organizations representing populations that have been traditionally undercounted in censuses and surveys.

Census Unedited File (CUF)

A file created by merging the control file for the decennial master address file with the decennial response file of unedited data after the primary selection algorithm has been applied. This file contains the final housing unit and person counts. It is used to generate apportionment data as well as related “raw” or unedited census data.

Computer-Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI)

A method of data collection consisting of the interviewer asking questions displayed on a laptop computer screen and entering the answers directly into the computer.

Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)

A method of data collection using telephone interviews in which the questions to be asked are displayed on a computer screen and responses are entered directly into the computer.

Confidentiality

The guarantee made by law (Title 13, United States Code) to individuals who provide census information regarding nondisclosure of that information to others.

Confidentiality Edit

The name for the Census 2000 disclosure avoidance procedure.

Coverage Edit/Coverage Edit Follow-Up (CEFU)

An edit performed on the mailback census response universe. Census staff make telephone calls to resolve forms that are incomplete or have other coverage discrepancies, such as a difference between the number of people reported in that household and the number of people for whom census information was provided on the form. This edit includes the large household follow-up.

Coverage Improvement Adjustment

This phrase was included in the table outlines and the technical documentation before the review, analysis, and recommendation on whether to adjust Census 2000 data for coverage improvement was completed. As the data are not adjusted, a zero (0) will appear. This phrase does not refer to any other outreach or collection operations which were introduced to improve coverage in Census 2000.

Coverage Improvement Follow-Up (CIFU)

A procedure for the traditional census in which housing units with conflicting status information are followed up.

Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)

The system is now known as the American FactFinder (AFF).

Data Capture Center (DCC)

A decentralized facility that checks in questionnaires returned by mail, creates images of all questionnaire pages, and converts data to computer readable format. The DCCs also perform other computer processing activities, including automated questionnaire edits, work flow management, and data storage. There is one permanent DCC, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana. For Census 2000, the Census Bureau set up three temporary DCCs. The temporary facilities were provided and operated by a private contractor through the Data Capture Services contract.

Data Capture System 2000 (DCS 2000)

The DCS 2000 is a data capture system that is used to capture information from census forms. For Census 2000, this system processed more than 150 million incoming forms, digitally captured and processed billions of bits of information on the forms, converted automatically the image of the form to text-based data, and edited/repairs data that the system was unable to decipher automatically.

Decennial Census

The census of population and housing, taken by the Census Bureau in years ending in 0 (zero). Article I of the Constitution requires that a census be taken every 10 years for the purpose of reapportioning the U.S. House of Representatives.

Decennial Master Address File (DMAF)

The decennial version of the Master Address File has features for controlling and tracking the long- and short-term operations and programs of the Census 2000. The DMAF contains the processing status information to support document mailouts; data capture progress control, tracking, and reporting; and field enumeration processes (notably follow-ups). The DMAF is limited to addresses that the Census Bureau has successfully linked to the TIGER® database. See Master Address File.

Decennial Response File (DRF)

Contains every response to the census from all sources. The primary selection algorithm is applied to this file to unduplicate people between multiple returns for a housing unit and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. The DRF is then combined with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file (CUF).

Delivery Sequence File (DSF)

A computerized file containing all delivery point addresses serviced by the U.S. Postal Service (USPS). The USPS updates the DSF continuously as its letter carriers identify addresses for new delivery points or changes in the status of existing addresses.

Demographic Analysis (DA)

A method the Census Bureau uses to measure coverage at the national level. It differs from survey coverage estimates, such as Post-Enumeration Survey, Integrated Coverage Measurement, or Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation, in that it does not rely on case-by-case matching of census records. To produce an estimate of the total population, DA relies on administrative records to provide estimates of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration. DA provides estimates on the national level only.

Derived Measures

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are normally indicated as 0.

Disclosure Avoidance (DA)

Statistical methods used in the tabulation of data prior to releasing data products to ensure the confidentiality of responses.

Dual-System Estimation (DSE)

The estimation methodology used for the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). This operation uses a geographic sample of block clusters to find people missed by the census or A.C.E. and any errors from the census. The information is then processed using computer matching, clerical matching, and field follow-up to resolve discrepancies.

Family

A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Geocoding

A code assigned to identify a geographic entity; to assign an address (such as housing unit, business, industry, farm) to the full set of geographic code(s) applicable to the location of that address on the surface of Earth.

Group Quarters

A facility where people live that is not a typical household-type living arrangement. The Census Bureau classifies all individuals not living in households as living in group quarters. There are two types of group quarters institutional (for example, correctional facilities, nursing homes, and mental hospitals) and noninstitutional (for example, college dormitories, military bases and ships, hotels, motels, rooming houses, group homes, missions, shelters, and flophouses).

Heterogeneity

Heterogeneity occurs when blocks of housing units assigned to sampling strata or groupings are not similar in terms of the likelihood of being included or missed by the census. Heterogeneity creates difficulty for the small area estimation process because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that sampling poststratum, even though some of them do not actually have the coverage characteristics.

Homogeneity

The assumption of homogeneity expects that all people in a particular sampling stratum or grouping will be very much alike in terms of their likelihood of being included or missed by the census. The grouping of people in a particular stratum is called poststratum, such as all White, non-Hispanic male renters ages 18-22 in a rural area. A lack of homogeneity in a particular sample block is not an error, but it does create difficulty for the small area estimation process. This happens because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that poststratum, even though some of them do not exhibit the same coverage characteristics.

Household

Household refers to all of the people who occupy a housing unit.

Housing Unit

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters, or if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

Imputation

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau uses a method called imputation to assign values. Imputation relies on the statistical principle of “homogeneity,” or the tendency of households within a small geographic area to be similar in most characteristics. For example, the value of “rented” is likely to be imputed for a housing unit not reporting on owner/renter status in a neighborhood with multiunits or apartments where other respondents reported “rented” on the census questionnaire. In past censuses, when the occupancy status or the number of residents was not known for a housing unit, this information was imputed.

Internet Questionnaire Assistance (IQA)

An operation which allows respondents to use the Census Bureau's Internet site to (1) ask questions and receive answers about the census form, job opportunities, or the purpose of the census and (2) provide responses to the short form.

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. Pareto interpolation is an alternative to linear interpolation. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500.

List/Enumerate

A method of data collection in which temporary field staff, called enumerators, list each residential address, spot the location of each on a census map, and interview the residents of the household during a single visit. This completes the census address list for these areas and provides the information needed to update the TIGER® database and Master Address File (see definitions below).

Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA)

A Census 2000 program, established in response to requirements of P. L. 103-430. It provided an opportunity for state, local, and tribal governments to review and update individual address information in the Master Address File and associated geographic information in the TIGER® database before using the addresses for questionnaire delivery. This improved the completeness and accuracy of both computer files and the census.

Long Form

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately one in six households, contains all questions on the short form, as well as additional detailed questions relating to the social, economic, and housing characteristics of each individual and household. Information derived from the long form is referred to as sample data and is tabulated for geographic entities as small as the block group level.

Mailout/Mailback (MO/MB)

A method of data collection in which the U.S. Postal Service delivers addressed questionnaires to residents who are asked to complete and mail back the questionnaire to the appropriate Census Bureau office. This method is used for more than 80 percent of all households (usually with city-style addresses).

Master Address File (MAF)

A computer file based on a combination of the addresses in the 1990 census address file and current versions, supplemented by address information provided by state, local, and tribal governments. The MAF is continually updated to provide a basis for creating the Census 2000 address list, the address list for the American Community Survey, and the address list for the Census Bureau's other demographic surveys.

Metadata

Information about the content, quality, condition, and other characteristics of data.

Microdata

Nonaggregated data about the units sampled. For surveys of individuals, microdata contain records for each individual interviewed; for surveys of organizations, the microdata contain records for each organization.

Nongovernment Organization

The partnerships developed during Census 2000 planning include national and local organizations and community groups that are not governmental entities.

Nonresponse Follow-up

A census follow-up operation in which temporary field staff, known as enumerators, visit addresses from which no response was received.

Nonsampling Error

Errors that occur during the measuring or data collection process. Nonsampling errors can be the most serious types of errors because they yield biased results when most of the errors distort the results in the same direction. Unfortunately, the full extent of nonsampling error is unknown. Decennial censuses traditionally have experienced nonsampling errors, most notably undercount, resulting from people being missed in the enumeration processes.

Optical Character Recognition (OCR)

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to “read” human handwriting.

Optical Mark Recognition (OMR)

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to scan a page, recognize the presence of marks in predesignated areas, and assign a value to the mark depending on its specific location and intensity on a page.

Poststratum

Information about the current occupants of each housing unit in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) survey found during the A.C.E. interview is used to form groupings called “poststrata.” This information, including the age of respondent, current owner/renter status, etc., is used to form homogeneous groupings and improve the estimation process. By contrast, the initial A.C.E. strata are formed using aggregate information about each block as of the 1990 census.

Primary Selection Algorithm (PSA)

Computer program applied to the decennial response file (DRF) to eliminate duplicate responses and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. After this procedure, the DRF is merged with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file.

Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS)

A program providing all governmental units and regional and metropolitan agencies the opportunity to submit lists of individual addresses for their community to the Census Bureau for use in building the MAF. Ongoing submissions and feedback between the Census Bureau and local governments on this program, enabled by the Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-430) help ensure the completeness and accuracy of the Master Address File and the TIGER® database.

Public Law (P.L.) 94-171

Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, enacted in 1975, directs the Census Bureau to make special preparations to provide redistricting data needed by the 50 states. Within a year following Census Day, the Census Bureau must send the data agreed upon to redraw districts for the state legislature to each state’s governor and majority and minority legislative leaders.

To meet this legal requirement, the Census Bureau set up a voluntary program that enables participating states to receive data for voting districts (e.g., election precincts, wards, state house, and senate districts) in addition to standard census geographic areas, such as counties, cities, census tracts, and blocks.

Public Law (P.L.) 103-430

Public Law (P.L.) 103-430, enacted in 1994, amends Title 13, United States Code, to allow designated local and tribal officials access to the address information in the Master Address File to verify its accuracy and completeness. This law also requires the U.S. Postal Service to provide its address information to the Census Bureau to improve the Master Address File.

Public Law (P.L.) 105-119

Public Law (P.L.) 105-119, enacted in 1997, directs the Census Bureau to make publicly available a second version of Census 2000 data that does not include the corrections for overcounts and undercounts measured in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). The format, timing, geographic levels, and price of the P.L. 94-171 and these data are identical.

Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA)

An area that defines the extent of territory for which the Census Bureau tabulates public use microdata sample (PUMS) data.

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS)

Hierarchical files containing small samples (5% and 1%) of individual records from the census long form showing characteristics of the housing units and people included on those forms.

Quality Assurance (QA)

Quality assurance represents a broad philosophy and specific procedures that are designed to build quality into the system, constantly improve the system, and integrate responsibility for quality with production.

Questionnaire Mailing Strategy

For Census 2000, an advance notice letter, a questionnaire, and a reminder/thank you postcard were sent to every mailout address.

Reapportionment

The redistribution of seats in the U.S. House of Representatives among several states on the basis of the most recent decennial census as required by Article 1, Section 2 of the Constitution. See apportionment and redistricting.

Redistricting

The process of revising the geographic boundaries of areas from which people elect representatives to the U.S. Congress, a state legislature, a county or city council, a school board, and the like to meet the legal requirement that such areas be as equal in population as possible following a census. See apportionment and reapportionment.

Sample Census Edited File (SCEF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. Processing for the SCEF includes merging the results of industry and occupation coding and place of work and migration coding, coding several other items, and weighting the long forms.

Sample Edited Detail File (SEDF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. The file is used for tabulation purposes only and is not released to the public.

Sampling Error

Errors that occur because only a part of the population is being contacted directly. With any sample, differences are likely to exist between the characteristics of the sampled population and the larger group from which the sample was chosen. However, sampling error, unlike nonsampling error, is readily measured.

Sampling Stratum

A sampling stratum, as used in the A.C.E., is a grouping or classification that has a similar set of characteristics, based on the 1990 census. For example, one might define a stratum as all blocks in large central cities with a 1990 census population that was 30 percent or more Black renters.

Scanner

Equipment used to capture images from documents for the purpose of entering the information into an electronic format. For Census 2000, scanners replaced some keying operations.

Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use

A housing unit held for occupancy only during limited portions of the year, such as a beach cottage, ski cabin, or time-share condominium.

Separate Living Quarters

Those living quarters in which the occupants live separately from any other individual in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

Service-Based Enumeration (SBE)

An operation designed to enumerate people at facilities where they might receive services, such as shelters, soup kitchens, healthcare facilities, and other selected locations. This operation targets the types of services that primarily serve people who have no usual residence.

Service Locations

Locations where clients are enumerated during the service-based enumeration operation, such as emergency or transitional shelters, soup kitchens, regularly scheduled mobile food vans, and targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations.

Short Form

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately 5 of 6 households, that contains population questions related to household relationship, age, sex, relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and tenure (i.e., whether home is owned or rented). The questions contained on the short form also are asked, along with additional questions, on the long form.

Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire (SEQ)

A questionnaire that enumerators use for transient, or T-night, enumeration and when conducting the nonresponse follow-up after the decennial census.

Soup Kitchens

Includes soup kitchens, food lines, and programs distributing prepared breakfasts, lunches, or dinners. These programs may be organized as food service lines, bag or box lunches, or tables where people are seated, then served by program personnel. These programs may or may not have a place for clients to sit and eat the meal. These are service locations.

Special Place

An institution that includes facilities where people live or stay other than the usual house, apartment, or mobile home. Examples are colleges and universities, nursing homes, hospitals, and prisons. Often the facilities that house people are group quarters, but they may include standard houses or apartments as well.

Special Place Facility Questionnaire (SPFQ)

A questionnaire used to interview an official at a special place for the purpose of collecting/updating address information for the special place and any associated group quarters and housing units, determining the type of special place/group quarters, and collecting additional administrative information about each group quarters at the special place.

State Data Center (SDC)

A state agency or university facility identified by the governor of each state and state equivalent to participate in the Census Bureau's cooperative network for the dissemination of census data. SDCs also provide demographic data to local agencies participating in the Census Bureau's statistical areas programs and assist the Census Bureau in the delineation and identification of statistical areas.

Summary File (SF)

A series of census summary tabulations of 100-percent and sample population and housing data available for public use on CD-ROM and the Internet. In 1990, these files were available on computer tapes and, as a result, were known as summary tape files (STF).

Summary Table

A collection of one or more data elements that are classified into some logical structure either as dimensions or data points.

Tabulation Block

A physical block that does not have any legal or statistical boundaries passing through it; or each portion of a physical block after the Census Bureau recognizes any legal or statistical boundaries that pass through it.

Targeted Nonsheltered Outdoor Location (TNSOL)

A geographically identifiable outdoor location open to the elements where there is evidence that people might be living without paying and who also do not usually receive services at soup kitchens, shelters, and mobile food vans. These sites must have a specific location description that allows a census enumeration team to physically locate the site and excludes pay-for-use campgrounds, drop-in centers, post offices, hospital emergency rooms, and commercial sites (including all-night theaters and all-night diners).

Telephone Questionnaire Assistance (TQA)

A toll-free service that was provided by a commercial phone center to answer questions about Census 2000 and the Census 2000 questionnaire and to take interviews from people who prefer to be interviewed over the telephone.

Thematic Map

A map that reveals the geographic patterns in statistical data.

Title 13 (United States Code)

The law under which the Census Bureau operates and that guarantees the confidentiality of census information and establishes penalties for disclosing this information.

Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER®)

A computer database that contains a digital representation of all census-required map features (streets, roads, rivers, railroads, lakes, and so forth), the related attributes for each (street names, address ranges, etc.), and the geographic identification codes for all entities used by the Census Bureau to tabulate data for the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas. The TIGER® database records the interrelationships among these features, attributes, and geographic codes and provides a resource for the production of maps, entity headers for data tabulations, and automated assignment of addresses to a geographic location in a process known as “geocoding.”

Transient Night (T-Night)/T-Night Enumeration (TNE)

A method of enumeration in which Census Bureau staff enumerate people at transient locations, such as campgrounds at race tracks, recreational vehicle campgrounds or parks, commercial or public campgrounds, fairs and carnivals, and marinas. Enumerators conduct a personal interview using Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire. No vacant units are generated by this operation.

Type of Enumeration Area (TEA)

A classification identifying how the Census Bureau takes the decennial census of a geographic area. Examples of TEAs include (1) the area inside the “blue line” - this is the mailout/mailback and urban update/leave operations area, (2) address listing areas, (3) list/enumerate areas, and (4) remote areas of Alaska.

Urban Update/Leave (UU/L)

Update/leave procedures are used in targeted urban areas where mail delivery may be a problem, such as an apartment building where the mail carrier may leave the forms in a common area. Enumerators deliver census questionnaires for residents to complete and mail back, update the address register, and update the census maps.

Usual Home Elsewhere (UHE)

A housing unit that is temporarily occupied by a person(s) who has a usual home elsewhere.

Usual Residence

The living quarters where a person spends more nights during a year than any other place.


Voting District (VTD)


Any of a variety of areas, such as election districts, precincts, legislative districts, or wards, established by states and local governments for voting purposes.

Whole Household Usual Home Elsewhere (WHUHE)

See Usual Home Elsewhere.

Appendix D. Questionnaire





This is the official form for all the people at this address. It is quick and easy, and your answers are protected by law. Complete the Census and help your community get what it needs — today and in the future!

Start Here

Please use a black or blue pen.

1. How many people were living or staying in this house, apartment, or mobile home on April 1, 2000?

Number of people

INCLUDE in this number:

- foster children, roomers, or housemates
- people staying here on April 1, 2000 who have no other permanent place to stay
- people living here most of the time while working, even if they have another place to live

DO NOT INCLUDE in this number:

- college students living away while attending college
- people in a correctional facility, nursing home, or mental hospital on April 1, 2000
- Armed Forces personnel living somewhere else
- people who live or stay at another place most of the time

2. Is this house, apartment, or mobile home —
Mark **ONE** box.

Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan?

Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)?

Rented for cash rent?

Occupied without payment of cash rent?

3. Please answer the following questions for each person living in this house, apartment, or mobile home. Start with the name of one of the people living here who owns, is buying, or rents this house, apartment, or mobile home. If there is no such person, start with any adult living or staying here. We will refer to this person as Person 1.

What is this person's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name MI

4. What is Person 1's telephone number? *We may call this person if we don't understand an answer.*

Area Code + Number

5. What is Person 1's sex? Mark **ONE** box.

Male Female

6. What is Person 1's age and what is Person 1's date of birth?

Age on April 1, 2000

Print numbers in boxes.

Month	Day	Year of birth

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 7 and 8.

7. Is Person 1 Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if **not** Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican

Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban

Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↴

8. What is Person 1's race? Mark **one or more races** to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

White

Black, African Am., or Negro

American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↴

<input type="checkbox"/> Asian Indian	<input type="checkbox"/> Japanese	<input type="checkbox"/> Native Hawaiian
<input type="checkbox"/> Chinese	<input type="checkbox"/> Korean	<input type="checkbox"/> Guamanian or Chamorro
<input type="checkbox"/> Filipino	<input type="checkbox"/> Vietnamese	<input type="checkbox"/> Samoan
<input type="checkbox"/> Other Asian — <i>Print race.</i> ↴	<input type="checkbox"/> Other Pacific Islander — <i>Print race.</i> ↴	

Some other race — *Print race.* ↴

OMB No. 0607-0856: Approval Expires 12/31/2000

Form **D-1**

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 2.

Person 2

Your answers are important!
Every person in the Census counts.



1. What is Person 2's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- Husband/wife
 Natural-born son/daughter
 Adopted son/daughter
 Stepson/stepdaughter
 Brother/sister
 Father/mother
 Grandchild
 Parent-in-law
 Son-in-law/daughter-in-law
 Other relative — *Print exact relationship.* →
- If NOT RELATED to Person 1:
 Roomer, boarder
 Housemate, roommate
 Unmarried partner
 Foster child
 Other nonrelative

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000 Month Day Year of birth

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if **not** Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↴

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↴

- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↴ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↴

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↴

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 3.

Person 3

Census information helps your
community get financial
assistance for roads, hospitals,
schools, and more.



1. What is Person 3's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- Husband/wife
 Natural-born son/daughter
 Adopted son/daughter
 Stepson/stepdaughter
 Brother/sister
 Father/mother
 Grandchild
 Parent-in-law
 Son-in-law/daughter-in-law
 Other relative — *Print exact relationship.* →
- If NOT RELATED to Person 1:
 Roomer, boarder
 Housemate, roommate
 Unmarried partner
 Foster child
 Other nonrelative

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000 Month Day Year of birth

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if **not** Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↴

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↴

- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↴ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↴

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↴

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 4.

Person 4

Information about children helps your community plan for child care, education, and recreation.



1. What is Person 4's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife | If NOT RELATED to Person 1: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adopted son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister | <input type="checkbox"/> Foster child |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parent-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Son-in-law/daughter-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative — <i>Print exact relationship.</i> → | <input type="text"/> |

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000	Month	Day	Year of birth
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if **not** Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↗

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↗
- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↗ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↗

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↗

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 5.

Person 5

Knowing about age, race, and sex helps your community better meet the needs of everyone.



1. What is Person 5's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife | If NOT RELATED to Person 1: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adopted son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister | <input type="checkbox"/> Foster child |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parent-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Son-in-law/daughter-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative — <i>Print exact relationship.</i> → | <input type="text"/> |

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000	Month	Day	Year of birth
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if **not** Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — *Print group.* ↗

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
 Black, African Am., or Negro
 American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↗
- Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian
 Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro
 Filipino Vietnamese Samoan
 Other Asian — *Print race.* ↗ Other Pacific Islander — *Print race.* ↗

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↗

→ If more people live here, continue with Person 6.



Person 6

Your answers help
your community plan
for the future.



1. What is Person 6's name? *Print name below.*

Last Name

First Name

MI

2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife | If NOT RELATED to Person 1: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adopted son/daughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter | <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister | <input type="checkbox"/> Foster child |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother | <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Parent-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Son-in-law/daughter-in-law | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative — <i>Print exact relationship.</i> → | <input type="text"/> |

3. What is this person's sex? Mark ONE box.

- Male Female

4. What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? *Print numbers in boxes.*

Age on April 1, 2000	Month	Day	Year of birth
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

→ NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.

5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if *not* Spanish/Hispanic/Latino.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Puerto Rican |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Cuban |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — <i>Print group.</i> ↘ | |

6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be.

- White
- Black, African Am., or Negro
- American Indian or Alaska Native — *Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.* ↘

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Asian Indian | <input type="checkbox"/> Japanese | <input type="checkbox"/> Native Hawaiian |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Chinese | <input type="checkbox"/> Korean | <input type="checkbox"/> Guamanian or Chamorro |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Filipino | <input type="checkbox"/> Vietnamese | <input type="checkbox"/> Samoan |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other Asian — <i>Print race.</i> ↘ | | <input type="checkbox"/> Other Pacific Islander — <i>Print race.</i> ↘ |

- Some other race — *Print race.* ↘

→ If more people live here, list their names on the back of this page in the spaces provided.

**Please turn
to go to last
page.**

Persons 7 – 12

If you didn't have room to list everyone who lives in this house or apartment, please list the others below. You may be contacted by the Census Bureau for the same information about these people.

Person 7 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 8 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 9 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 10 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 11 — Last Name

First Name

MI

Person 12 — Last Name

First Name

MI

The Census Bureau estimates that, for the average household, this form will take about 10 minutes to complete, including the time for reviewing the instructions and answers. Comments about the estimate should be directed to the Associate Director for Finance and Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0856, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number from the Office of Management and Budget.

**Thank you for
completing your official
U.S. Census 2000 form.**

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

A. JIC1

B. JIC2

C. JIC3

D. JIC4



If you need help completing this form, call 1-800-471-9424 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

TDD — Telephone display device for the hearing impaired. Call 1-800-582-8330 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

¿NECESITA AYUDA? *Si usted necesita ayuda para completar este cuestionario llame al 1-800-471-8642 entre las 8:00 a.m. y las 9:00 p.m., 7 días a la semana. La llamada telefónica es gratis.*



Appendix E.

Data Products and User Assistance

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Census 2000 Data Products.....	E-1
Census 2000 Maps and Geographic Products	E-3
Reference Materials.....	E-4
Sources of Assistance	E-4

CENSUS 2000 DATA PRODUCTS

The decennial census yields a wealth of data, which have virtually unlimited applications. A comprehensive data program offers census information on the Internet, in electronic media (CD-ROM/DVD), and in print. A complete list of Census 2000 data products, with their release status, is available at <http://www.census.gov/population/www/censusdata/c2kproducts.html>.

Detailed results of Census 2000 are contained in a series of five summary files. These are available on the Internet and on CD-ROM or DVD. In addition, three series of reports derived from these files are available in print and in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the Internet.

Internet and CD-ROM/DVD Products

Census 2000 data are available at several locations on the Census Bureau's Web site. The Census 2000 Gateway page provides links to Census 2000 data, information, and reference materials. It is accessed from the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov) or at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html>. Links from the Gateway page include American FactFinder®; State and County QuickFacts; other prepared Census 2000 tables, including rankings and comparisons; reference materials; user updates; and Census in the Schools.

American Factfinder (factfinder.census.gov) is the most comprehensive source of Census 2000 data, providing all summary file tables for all levels of census geography. Quick tables (single geography tables) and geographic comparison tables (data for more than one geographic area) are also available on American FactFinder.

Most Census 2000 tabulations are also available on CD-ROM and/or DVD. Software is included on the DVDs and most CDs. These may be ordered by phone through the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center on 301-763-4636, or via e-commerce by selecting Catalog from the Census Bureau's home page. For more information on the products and ordering options, access the Census Catalog's product order form at <https://catalog.mso.census.gov>.

Census 2000 Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File. The first Census 2000 data files released provide the data required for local redistricting. The data include tabulations of 63 race categories, cross-tabulated by Hispanic or Latino and not Hispanic or Latino for the total population and the population 18 years old and over. These tabulations are presented for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts. They are available through the Internet (American FactFinder) and as a CD-ROM series (state files). In American FactFinder (factfinder.census.gov), all redistricting data tables are available by selecting Data Sets on the FactFinder main page. FactFinder also has one quick table and one geographic comparison table based on this file.

Summary File 1 (SF 1). This file presents counts and basic cross-tabulations of information collected from all people and housing units. This information includes age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, and whether the residence is owned or rented. Data are available down to the block level for many tabulations, but only to the census-tract level for others. Summaries are included for other geographic areas, such as ZIP Code® Tabulation Areas

(ZCTAs™) and Congressional Districts (106th Congress). There are individual state files and two national files in this series. The final national file provides the first available urban and rural data. The complete Summary File 1 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD.

Additional tables derived from this summary file are also available on the Census Bureau's Internet site. These can be located through the Census 2000 Gateway page at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html>. Related products include a demographic profile that provides a snapshot of the geographic area, quick tables, geographic comparison tables, and two printed report series, *Summary Population and Housing Characteristics* (PHC-1) and *Population and Housing Unit Counts* (PHC-3).

Summary File 2 (SF 2). This file presents data similar to the information included in Summary File 1, but the tables in this file are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino categories and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. These data are shown down to the census tract level for up to 250 race and ethnic categories that meet a specified minimum population size threshold of 100 in a geographic area. The complete SF 2 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from SF 2.

Summary File 3 (SF 3). This file is the first release of the information collected on a sample basis. It includes data on income, educational attainment, poverty status, home value, and population totals for foreign born and ancestry groups. Data are provided down to the block group level for many tabulations but only to the census tract level for others. SF 3 also includes data by ZCTAs and Congressional Districts (106th Congress).

Data for each state and a national file are available on the American Factfinder and on CD-ROM/DVD. Related products include a three-page demographic profile available on the Internet, various quick tables and geographic comparison tables available through American Factfinder, and a printed report series, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics* (PHC-2).

Summary File 4 (SF 4). This file includes tabulations of the population and housing data collected from a sample of the population. Just as in Summary File 2, the tables in SF 4 are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino origin groups and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. Tables are also iterated for 86 ancestry groups. The file is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from Summary File 4.

Microdata. Microdata products allow users to prepare their own customized tabulations and cross tabulations of most population and housing subjects, using specially prepared microdata files. These files are the actual responses to census questionnaires, but with names or addresses removed and the geography sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. Microdata are available on CD-ROM/DVD and may be available for query via the Internet.

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files. There are two PUMS files: a 1-percent sample for developing tabulations for metropolitan areas and a 5-percent sample that provides tabulations for state and substate areas. Both files are available on CD-ROM/DVD.

Advanced Query Function. Tabulations can be prepared online using the full database of individual responses, subject to restrictions and filters required to protect the confidentiality of individual responses. The Internet availability of this function is subject to policy decisions on access and confidentiality.

Printed Reports and Profiles

There are three series of printed reports with one report per state and a national summary volume. These reports are sold through the U.S. Government Printing Office. Much of the information in these series is available earlier in other data products. For release and ordering information, see the Census Catalog (<https://catalog.mso.census.gov/>).

Profiles and other data tables are generally available on the Internet. Printed copies of the profiles are offered as a print-on-demand product. Contact the Customer Services Center (301-763-4636) for pricing and availability.

Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1). This publication series includes information on the 100-percent population and housing subjects. The data are available for the United States, regions, divisions, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, metropolitan areas, urbanized areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-1 report series, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics. The series is also available in PDF format on the Internet.

Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics (PHC-2). This publication series includes information on the sample population and housing subjects. Data are shown for the same geographic areas as Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1) described above. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-5 report series, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

Population and Housing Unit Counts (PHC-3). This publication series includes population and housing unit counts for Census 2000 as well as the 1990 and earlier censuses. Information on area measurements and population density is included. There is one printed report for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico plus a national report. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

Profiles and Other Data Tables. Demographic profiles, quick tables, and geographic comparison tables include predefined sets of data to meet the needs of the majority of data users. They are convenient and readily available sources when moderate subject and geographic detail is needed. Demographic profiles (PDF) are available on the Census Bureau's Web site. Demographic profiles as well as quick tables and geographic comparison tables are available through American FactFinder.

CENSUS 2000 MAPS AND GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

A variety of maps, boundary files, and other geographic products are available to help users locate and identify geographic areas. These products are available in various media, such as the Internet, CD-ROM, DVD, and, for maps, as print-on-demand products. A complete description of Census 2000 geographic products and resources is available at www.census.gov/geo/www/.

TIGER/Line Files. These files contain geographic boundaries and codes, streets, address ranges, and coordinates for use with commercially available geographic information systems (GIS) for mapping and other applications.

Census Block Maps. These maps show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian and Alaska Native areas and Hawaiian home lands, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, and census blocks. This map series is also produced by specified governmental units (e.g., American Indian/Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, counties, incorporated places, and functioning minor civil divisions).

Census Tract Outline Maps. These county maps provide the boundaries and numbers of census tracts and names of features underlying the boundaries. They also show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian/Alaska Native areas, counties, county subdivisions, and places.

Reference Maps. This series shows the boundaries for tabulation areas including states, counties, American Indian reservations, county subdivisions (minor civil divisions (MCDs)/census county divisions (CCDs)), incorporated places, and census designated places. This series includes the state and county subdivision outline maps, urbanized area maps, and metropolitan area maps. These maps vary from page size to wall size.

Generalized Boundary Files. These files are designed for use in a geographic information system (GIS) or similar computer mapping software. Boundary files are available for most levels of census geography.

Thematic Maps. These colorful maps display Census 2000 data on such topics as population density and population distribution.

REFERENCE MATERIALS

The reference materials for Census 2000 are available at the Census Bureau's Internet site (www.census.gov) or, in the case of CD-ROMs/DVD, on the product itself.

Census 2000 Gateway. This page provides descriptions and links to Internet tables and reference materials relating to Census 2000. It is available at <http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html> or by selecting the Census 2000 logo on the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov).

Census Online Catalog. Census 2000 data products, their availability, and their prices are described in the Catalog portion of the Web site. The catalog can be reached from the Census Bureau home page by selecting Catalog from the side bar or at <https://catalog.mso.census.gov>.

American FactFinder®. American FactFinder (AFF) is the system that presents, via the Internet, comprehensive data from Census 2000 and other Census Bureau data programs. Reference materials about the data, including subject and geographic glossaries, are included. In addition, AFF presents reference maps, which provide boundaries and features for the requested geography, and thematic maps, which offer data in a map presentation.

All data and all geography available in the Census 2000 Summary Files are accessible through AFF. FactFinder is available through the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov) or from factfinder.census.gov.

Technical Documentation. Technical documentation includes an abstract, a how-to-use chapter, the table layouts, the summary level sequence chart, the subject and geographic glossaries, accuracy of the data, and the data dictionary. CD-ROM and DVD products include the relevant technical documentation file on the disc. Technical documentation for files released on CD-ROM/DVD is also available on the Web site at <http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/>.

SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

U.S. Census Bureau. Census 2000 CD-ROM and DVD products are available through the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center. These can be ordered via e-commerce from the Census Catalog at <https://catalog.mso.census.gov/> or by telephoning Customer Services at 301-763-4636.

The Census Bureau also has an active customer information program in each of its 12 regions. This program, called the Partnership and Data Services (PDS) program, provides information about Census Bureau statistics and offers training and assistance to data users. The Partnership and Data Services specialists in the Census Bureau's 12 Regional Offices answer thousands of questions each year. State coverage for each region as well as contact information is available at <http://www.census.gov/contacts/www/c-regoff.html>.

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO). The GPO (www.gpo.gov) handles the sale of most of the federal government's publications, including Census 2000 reports. For the current information on ordering publications from GPO, see <http://bookstore.gpo.gov/prf/ordinfo.html>.

State Data Centers. The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. State Data Centers (SDCs) offer publications for reference, specially prepared reports, maps, other

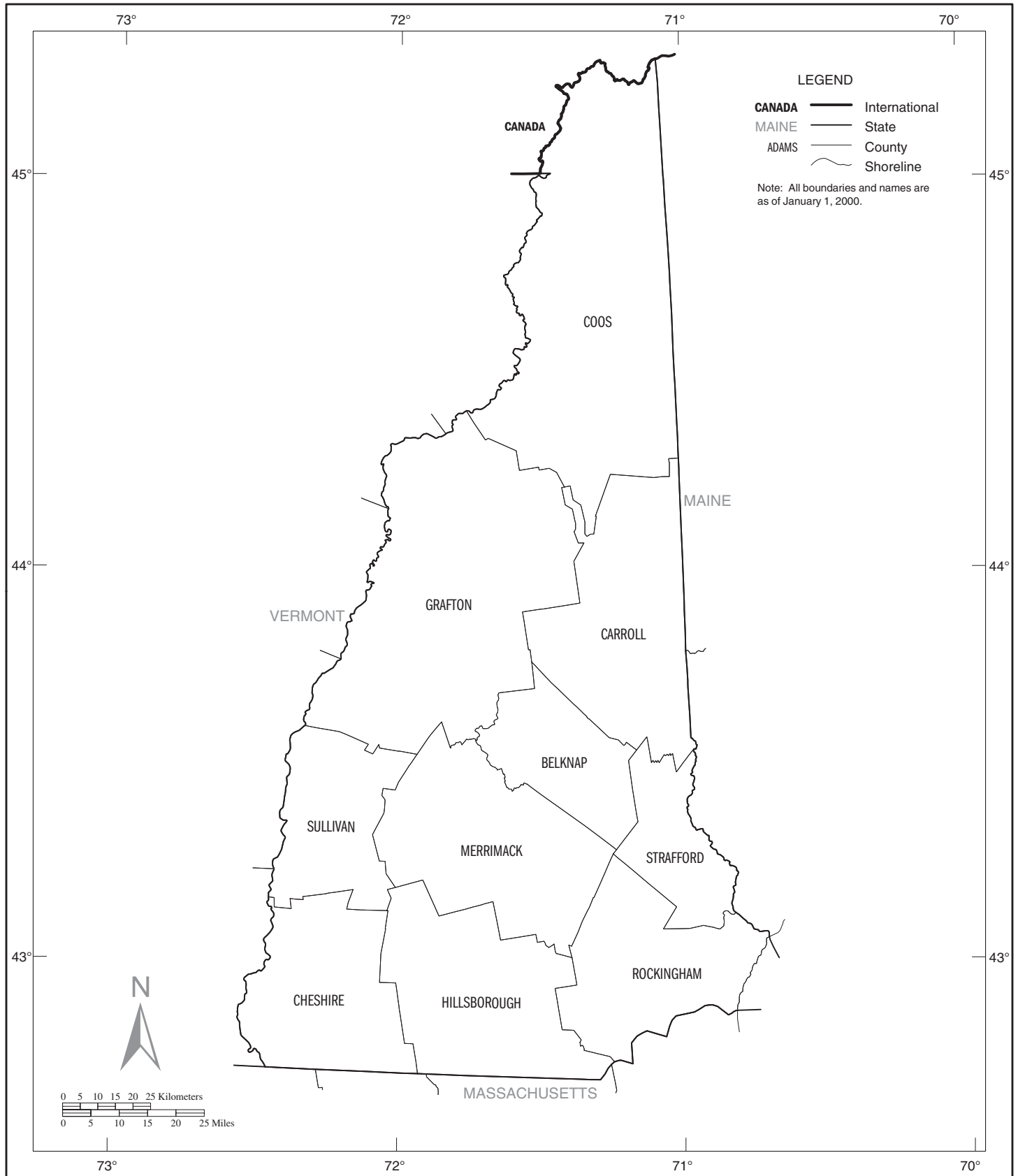
products, and assistance to data users. A component of the program is the Business and Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program, which supports the business community by expanding SDC services to government, academic, and nonprofit organizations that directly serve businesses. For a list of SDC/BIDCs, including their services and their Web sites, access <http://www.census.gov/sdc/www/>.

Census Information Centers. The Census Information Center (CIC) program is a cooperative activity between the Census Bureau and national nonprofit organizations representing interests of racial and ethnic communities. The program objective is to make census information and data available to the participating organizations for analysis, policy planning, and for further dissemination through a network of regional and local affiliates. For a listing of the organizations and the contacts, access <http://www.census.gov/clo/www/cic.html>.

The Census Bureau's Customer Liaison Office administers both the SDC and CIC programs. For more information on programs of that office, access <http://www.census.gov/clo/www/clo.html>.

Appendix F. Maps

Counties

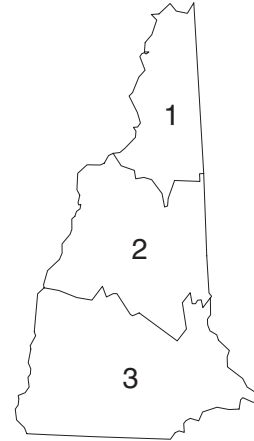


County Subdivision Outline Map Legend and County Location Index

Map Legend

.....	International
-----	State
———— ERIE	County
————	YORK County Subdivision ¹
-----	ROME Incorporated Place ¹
-----	Zena Census Designated Place
————	Lake Erie Large River, Lake, Water Body, or Shoreline
↪	A fishhook joins contiguous and/or discontinuous parts of the same geographic entity

Map Sections



¹ A '1' following a place name indicates that the place is an independent place or independent city. An independent place is not part of any legal county subdivision and thus serves as the statistical equivalent of a legal county subdivision. An independent city is not part of any county or legal county subdivision and thus serves as both the statistical equivalent of a county and a legal county subdivision. The name for the county subdivision is always the same as that of the place and never shown separately on the map.

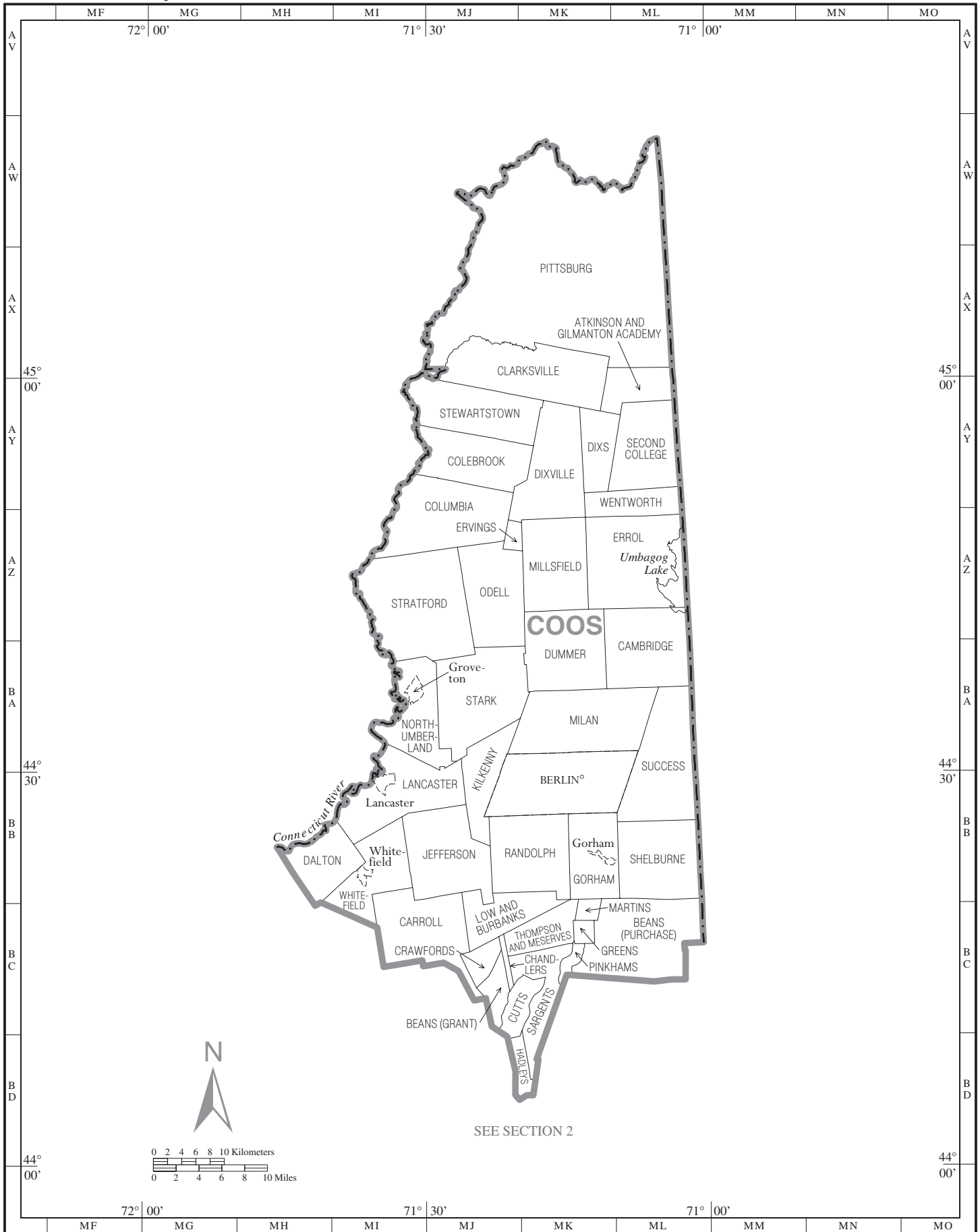
Note: All legal boundaries and names are as of January 1, 2000. Where international, state, county, and/or county subdivision boundaries coincide, the map shows the boundary symbol for the highest level of these geographic entities. The county boundary is always shown. Where a county subdivision boundary coincides with a place boundary, the map does not show the place boundary symbol. Any geographic entity name may include '(pt.)' if some portion of the entity extends beyond the limits of the map area displayed on the page, or if multiple discontinuous pieces of the entity have been discretely labeled on the page. A geographic entity name may include '(pts.)' if many discontinuous pieces exist for that entity that cannot be discretely labeled. The boundaries shown on this map are for Census Bureau statistical data collection and tabulation purposes only; their depiction and designation for statistical purposes does not constitute a determination of jurisdictional authority or rights of ownership or entitlement.

County Location Index

This list presents the reference coordinates for each county on the county subdivision outline map. Map section numbers refer to the county subdivision outline maps only.

COUNTY	MAP SEC	MAP REF
Belknap.....	2	MJ-BG
Carroll.....	2	MK-BE
Cheshire.....	3	ME-BK
Coos.....	1	MK-AZ
Grafton.....	2	MH-BE
Hillsborough.....	3	MH-BK
Merrimack.....	3	MH-BI
Rockingham.....	3	ML-BK
Strafford.....	3	ML-BI
Sullivan.....	3	ME-BH

Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places – Section 1

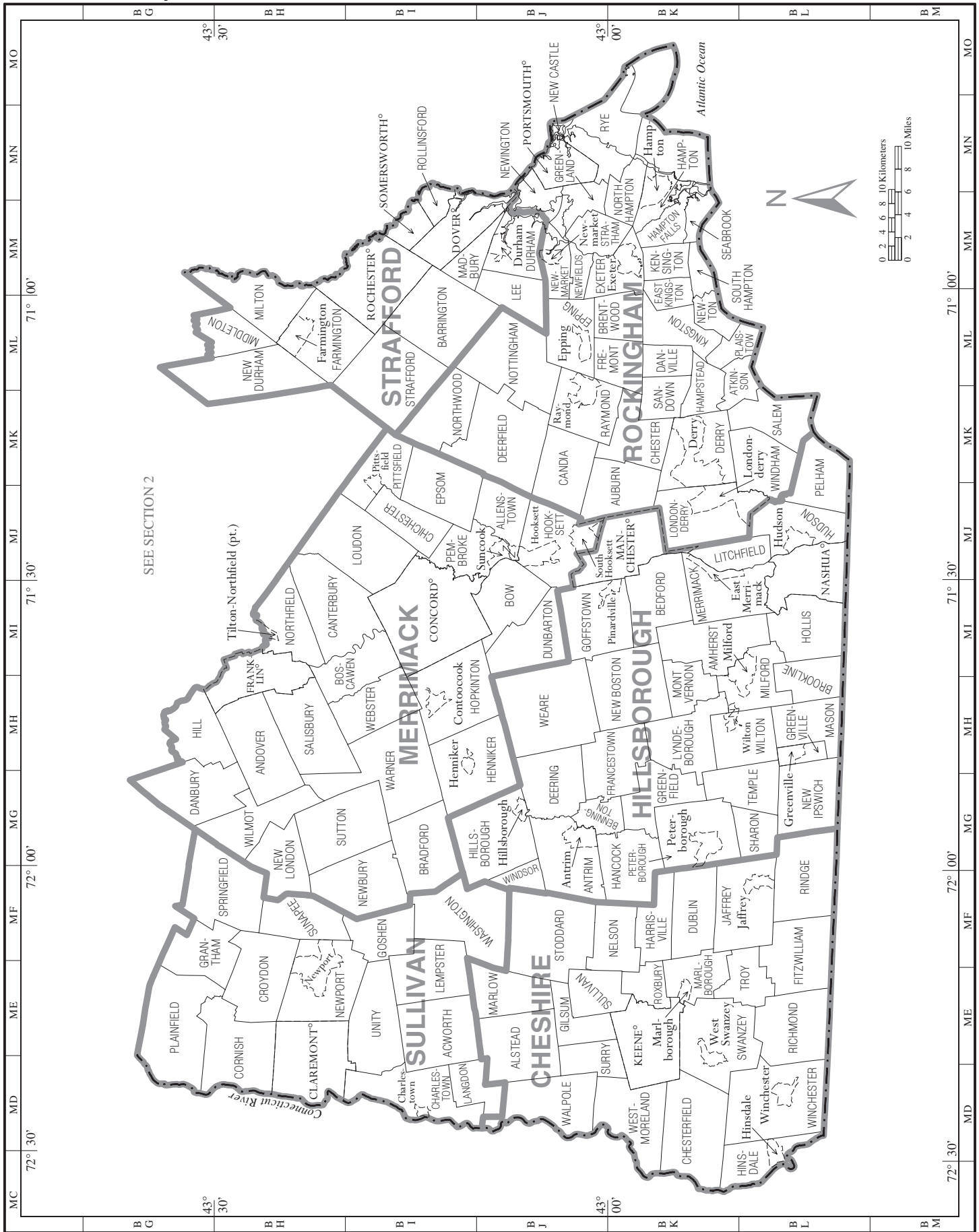


SEE SECTION 2

Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places – Section 2



Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places - Section 3



Appendix G.

Accuracy of the Data

MASTER ADDRESS FILE AND ENUMERATION PROCEDURES

The majority of addresses in the United States are in what is known for census purposes as the mailout/mailback area, which in general consists of areas with predominantly city-style mailing addresses. The original source of addresses on the Master Address File (MAF) for the mailout/mailback areas was the 1990 Census address file, the Address Control File (ACF). The first update to the ACF addresses is a U.S. Postal Service (USPS) Delivery Sequence File (DSF) of addresses. The November 1997, September 1998, November 1999, and April 2000 DSFs were incorporated into the MAF.

Until shortly before the census, the ACF addresses and the November 1997 and September 1998 residential DSF addresses constituted the MAF. These addresses were tested against Census Bureau geographic information to determine their location at the census block level. The geographic information is maintained in the Census Bureau's Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding Referencing (TIGER®) system. When an address on the MAF can be uniquely matched to the address range in TIGER® for a street segment that forms one of the boundaries of a particular block, the address is said to be geocoded to that block. Valid and geocoded addresses appeared on each address list used for a field operation.

The Block Canvass operation was the next major address list operation in the mailout/mailback areas for Census 2000, taking place in January through May 1999. There was a 100-percent canvass of every block. Every geocoded address was printed in a block-by-block address register, and Block Canvassing listers identified the addresses as verified as a housing unit (with possible corrections to the address); a delete (no such address); a duplicate, implying the unit exists elsewhere on the list with a different, unmatchable designation, such as a different street name or building name; uninhabitable; or nonresidential.

Occurring in approximately the same time frame as Block Canvassing was a cooperative address list check with local governmental units throughout the country, called Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) 98. In LUCA 98, the participating governmental units received an address list and were asked for input mostly on added units but also on deleted units and corrected street names or directionals. The outcome of this operation was similar to that of Block Canvassing; units were added to and deleted from blocks, and address corrections were made.

The Decennial Master Address File (DMAF) was created in July 1999. This was the file used for printing most of the Census 2000 questionnaires. In the mailout/mailback areas, the operations that had yielded housing units and their status before this initial printing stage were the ACF, the November 1997 DSF, the September 1998 DSF, LUCA 98, and Block Canvassing.

Following the creation of the initial DMAF, there were updates to the DMAF. Addresses were added by the November 1999, February 2000, and April 2000 DSFs. Address update operations that occurred subsequent to the creation of the initial DMAF were the LUCA 98 field verification and appeal processes. Units receiving a conflicting status from the Block Canvassing and the LUCA 98 operation were sent for field verification by the Census Bureau; the results of the field verification were sent to the governmental units. At this stage the governmental unit could appeal the Census Bureau's findings for particular units. At an appeal, the Census Bureau and the governmental unit submitted their evidence of the status of a housing unit for independent review, and a ruling was issued. Both the field verification and the appeal process had the potential to change the status of a housing unit.

A final operation in mailout/mailback areas that added addresses before Census Day was the New Construction operation, another cooperative effort with participating governmental units. This operation used governmental units' local knowledge to identify new housing units in February and March of 2000.

After mailout/mailback, the second most common method of questionnaire delivery was update/leave. The address list for update/leave areas was constructed during a Census Bureau field operation called Address Listing rather than from the ACF and DSF, because the addresses are primarily noncity-style. Census employees were sent to the field with maps of their assignment areas and were instructed to record the city-style address, noncity-style address or location description, or possibly some combination of the above, for every housing unit. In addition, the location of the unit was noted on the census map with what is known as a map spot. This operation took place in the fall of 1998.

At the completion of the processing of the address listing data, it was possible to tabulate the number of housing units in each block. Because the housing units in these areas may have non-standard mailing addresses and may be recorded in census files solely with a location description, the governmental units participating in the local review operation in these areas were sent lists of housing unit counts by block. This operation was called LUCA 99. When the LUCA 99 participant disagreed with a Census block count, that block was sent out for LUCA 99 recanvassing, in which census employees were redeployed to make updates to the address list. There was also a LUCA 99 appeal process for settling housing unit status discrepancies, which has the potential to add units to the address list. The LUCA 99 recanvassing and LUCA 99 appeal process took place at various times during the updating of the DMAF. Most of the LUCA 99 entities had their recanvassing results processed before creation of the initial DMAF, but many did not. There were DMAF updates designed specifically for getting late recanvassing and appeal results added into the census files in time for USPS delivery of a questionnaire.

The last address list-building operation in the update/leave areas was the Update/Leave operation itself. This operation was responsible for having a census questionnaire hand-delivered at every housing unit. In the process the MAF and the maps were updated.

In the most remote areas of the United States, the housing units were listed at the time of Census 2000 as the persons within them were enumerated. These operations were called List/Enumerate and Remote Alaska enumeration. This was the only source of addresses in these areas. All housing units were map spotted at the time of enumeration.

For some other regions of the country, where the address list had already been created, it was thought that an enumeration of the population would be more successful than mailback of the forms. Here an update/enumerate operation was instituted. There are two types of update/enumerate areas. The urban areas had passed through all the mailout/mailback operations up through the point of the creation of the initial DMAF, and the rural areas had passed through Address Listing, and sometimes LUCA 99, by the time of the creation of the initial DMAF. Because of these separate paths taken, it was necessary to distinguish between the urban and rural update/enumerate areas.

Another special enumeration is urban update/leave, which took place in areas where mail delivery was considered to be problematic. The addresses had passed through all the operations of the mailout/mailback areas up through the creation of the initial DMAF, but the area was visited by enumerators during the census, and, therefore, additions, deletions, and corrections to the address list were made.

People who did not receive a questionnaire at their house could submit a Be Counted Form, or they could call Telephone Questionnaire Assistance and have their information collected over the phone. Addresses from these operations that did not match those already on the DMAF were visited in a Field Verification operation to determine if they exist. Verified addresses were added to the address list.

One more source of information about housing units listed on the DMAF is the Nonresponse Follow-up (NRFU) operation. During NRFU, enumerators follow up on units that had not returned a

preaddressed census form. Units in NRFU can possibly be deleted or deemed vacant. At the same time, units that do not appear on the address list or maps could be added and enumerated concurrently. This operation occurs in mailout/mailback, update/leave, and urban update/leave areas.

SERVICE-BASED ENUMERATION

Service-Based Enumeration (SBE) was designed to account for persons without usual residence that use service facilities (i.e., shelters, soup kitchens, and mobile food vans). Only people using the service facility on the interview day were enumerated. In addition, people enumerated in targeted nonshelter outdoor locations and persons without usual residence that filed Be-Counted Forms (BCF) augmented the SBE count. The final total was included in the total population. This component of the enumeration should *not* be interpreted as a complete count of the homeless population.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

The Census Bureau has modified some data in this data release to protect confidentiality. Title 13, United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual's data can be identified.

The Census Bureau's internal Disclosure Review Board sets the confidentiality rules for all data releases. A checklist approach is used to ensure that all potential risks to the confidentiality of the data are considered and addressed. Questions about confidentiality may be addressed to: webmaster@census.gov Attention Policy.

Title 13, United States Code

Title 13 of the United States Code authorizes the Census Bureau to conduct censuses and surveys. Section 9 of the same Title requires that any information collected from the public under the authority of Title 13 be maintained as confidential. Section 214 of Title 13 and Sections 3559 and 3571 of Title 18 of the United States Code provide for the imposition of penalties of up to 5 years in prison and up to \$250,000 in fines for wrongful disclosure of confidential census information.

Disclosure Limitation

Disclosure limitation is the process for protecting the confidentiality of data. A disclosure of data occurs when someone can use published statistical information to identify an individual that has provided information under a pledge of confidentiality. Using disclosure limitation procedures, the Census Bureau modifies or removes the characteristics that put confidential information at risk for disclosure. Although it may appear that a table shows information about a specific individual, the Census Bureau has taken steps to disguise the original data while making sure the results are still useful.

Data Swapping

Data swapping is a method of disclosure limitation designed to protect confidentiality in tables of frequency data (the number or percentage of the population with certain characteristics). Data swapping is done by editing the source data or exchanging records for a sample of cases when creating a table. A sample of households is selected and matched on a set of selected key variables with households in neighboring geographic areas that have similar characteristics (such as the same number of adults and same number of children). Because the swap often occurs within a neighboring area, there is no effect on the marginal totals for the area or for totals that include data from multiple areas. Because of data swapping, users should not assume that tables with cells having a value of one or two reveal information about specific individuals.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as Census 2000, human- and computer-related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include not enumerating every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Census Bureau attempts to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted to control this error in Census 2000. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the Census 2000 evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Types of Nonsampling Error

Nonresponse. Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire or the failure to obtain any information for a housing unit allows for the introduction of bias into the data because the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect these differences either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. Characteristics for the nonresponses were imputed by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

Respondent and enumerator error. The person answering the mail questionnaire for a household or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error. Although the question wording was extensively tested in several experimental studies prior to the census, the mail respondent may overlook or misunderstand a question, or answer a question in a way that cannot be interpreted correctly by the data capture system. The enumerator may also misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent, may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household, or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control problems such as these with the field enumeration, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by each enumerator was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated data being submitted by an enumerator.

Processing error. The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires completed by enumerators included field review by the crew leader, check-in, and transmittal of completed questionnaires. No field reviews were done on the mail return questionnaires for this census. Error may also be introduced by the misinterpretation of data by the data capture system or the failure to capture all the information that the respondents or enumerators provided on the forms. Write-in entries go through coding operations, which may also be a source of processing error in the data. Many of the various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a number of quality assurance and quality control checks to help ensure their accurate application.

Reduction of Nonsampling Error

To reduce various types of nonsampling errors, a number of techniques were implemented during the planning, development of the mailing address list, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. A reinterview program was implemented to minimize the errors in the data collection phase for enumerator-filled questionnaires.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1990 census and results from the Census 2000 testing cycle.

- Be Counted questionnaires, unaddressed forms requesting all short form items, plus a few additional items were available in public locations for people who believed they were not otherwise counted.

-
- An introductory letter was sent to all mailout/mailback addresses and many addresses in update/leave areas prior to the mailing of the census form. A reminder postcard was also sent to these addresses.
 - Forms in Spanish or other languages were mailed to those who requested them by returning the introductory letter.
 - A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available to answer questions about the forms. Also, responses of households who had received a short form could be taken over the phone.
 - Under the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, many local governments had the opportunity to address specific concerns about the accuracy and completeness of the Master Address File before mailings began.

Resolving Multiple Responses

With multiple ways for people to initiate their enumeration, as well as the field follow-up operations, it was very likely that some people would be enumerated more than once. A special computer process was implemented to control the extent of this type of nonsampling error by resolving situations where more than one form was received from an address. The process consisted of several steps. Addresses that had more than one viable return were analyzed. Housing data from one form were chosen as the housing data to use in subsequent census processing. Within each of these addresses, comparisons of the person records on each return were made against the person records on the other returns at the same address. People found to have been included on two or more different returns were marked as such, and only one of the person records was used in subsequent processing.

IMPUTING HOUSING UNIT STATUS AND POPULATION COUNTS

Following the completion of all data collection activities for Census 2000, a computer file of census housing units was created. For some housing units, information about whether the housing unit was occupied, vacant, or nonexistent was not available. These housing units were defined as “unclassified.” Unclassified housing units were assigned a housing unit status of occupied, vacant, or nonexistent by assigning the status of a nearby housing unit to the unclassified unit. Additionally, the number of persons living in some housing units known to be occupied was unknown. Housing units with unknown population were assigned the population count of a nearby occupied housing unit. All other data for these housing units was assigned via substitution or allocation during the editing of unacceptable data described in the next section.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation was to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. In a major change from past practice, the information on Census 2000 questionnaires generally was not edited during field data collection nor during data capture operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Enumerator-filled questionnaires were reviewed by census crew leaders and local office clerks for adherence to specified procedures. No clerical review of mail return questionnaires was done to ensure that the information on the form could be data captured, nor were households contacted as in previous censuses to collect data that were missing from census returns.

Most census questionnaires received by mail from respondents as well as those filled by enumerators were processed through a new contractor-built image scanning system that used optical mark and character recognition to convert the responses into computer files. The optical character recognition, or OCR, process used several pattern and context checks to estimate accuracy thresholds for each write-in field. The system also used “soft edits” on most interpreted numeric write-in responses to decide whether the field values read by the machine interpretation were acceptable. If the value read had a lower than acceptable accuracy threshold or was outside of the soft edit range, the image of the item was displayed to a keyer, who then entered the response.

To control the creation of possibly erroneous people from questionnaires completed incorrectly or containing stray marks, an edit on the number of people indicated on each mail return and enumerator-filled questionnaire was implemented as part of the data capture system. Failure of this edit resulted in the review of the questionnaire image at a workstation by an operator, that identified erroneous person records and corrected OCR interpretation errors in the population count field.

At Census Bureau headquarters, the mail response data records were subjected to a computer edit that identified households exhibiting a possible coverage problem and those with more than six household members—the maximum number of persons who could be enumerated on a mail questionnaire. Attempts were made to contact these households on the telephone to correct the count inconsistency and to collect the census data for those people for whom there was no room on the questionnaire.

Incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaire data records was assigned acceptable values using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person on that item is inconsistent with other information for that person. This process is known as allocation. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person that was consistent with entries for persons with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data. Allocation rates for census items are made available with the published census data.

Another way corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for people in a household. When there was an indication that a household was occupied by a specified number of people, but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household of the same size was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. Housing characteristics are not substituted. Table H18 in Summary File 1, Occupied Housing Units Substituted, represents a count of occupied housing units into which all persons have been substituted.

Appendix H.

Acknowledgments

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Gloria Gutierrez, Assistant Director for Marketing and Customer Liaison; **LaVerne V. Collins**, Assistant to the Associate Director for Communications; **Kenneth C. Meyer**, Special Assistant, Office of the Associate Director for Communications.

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New Hampshire: 2000 **2000 Census of Population and Housing**
Summary Population and Housing Characteristics