

United States Department of Labor



Bureau of Labor Statistics

Chicago, III. 60604

General Information: (312) 353-1880 Media Contact: Paul LaPorte (312) 353-1138 www.bls.gov/ro5 For Immediate Release: Thursday, January 22, 2009

## HIGHLIGHTS OF ROCKFORD, IL NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY APRIL 2008

Workers in the Rockford, IL Metropolitan Statistical Area earned an average of \$19.26 per hour in April 2008, according to new survey results from the National Compensation Survey (NCS) released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Jay A. Mousa noted that wage data were reported for workers in a wide range of occupational groups, including average hourly earnings of \$20.36 for installation, maintenance and repair, and \$14.27 for transportation and material moving occupations. Another occupational group, healthcare support, had a mean hourly wage rate of \$12.34. The NCS data available for the Rockford area include earnings for 18 major occupational groups with additional detail for selected occupations within those groups. (See table 1.)

Industrial machinery mechanics, part of the installation, maintenance, and repair occupational group, were paid \$25.44 per hour. Within the transportation and material moving occupational group, heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers earned \$15.76 per hour. Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants, an occupation within the healthcare support occupational group, averaged \$10.65 per hour.

Broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics is available from NCS for the local area. Full-time workers averaged \$20.38 per hour while their part-time counterparts earned \$12.33. Union workers earned \$24.05 and non-union workers, \$18.26. Workers in establishments with 1-99 workers averaged \$17.70 per hour, those in establishments with 100-499 workers earned \$17.61, and those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$24.73.

The occupational wage data available from NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. NCS results also include the work level and respective earnings for occupations determined by a point factor leveling process. The four occupational leveling factors are: knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. Details on the NCS are available at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm">www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm</a>.

The NCS data provided here covered 233 establishments with one or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. Agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government - 2 -This sample of establ

were excluded from the survey. This sample of establishments represented 144,600 workers in the Rockford Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), which is comprised of Boone and Winnebago Counties in Illinois.

## Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in Rockford, IL National Compensation Survey April 2008. The bulletin is available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at <u>www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm</u>.

For additional information, please contact the Bureau of Labor Statistics Midwest Information Office in Chicago at (312) 353-1880 from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. CT.

Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent
II workers	\$19.26	2.9	\$20.38	3.1	\$12.33	13.1
Management occupations	35.37	6.8	35.28	7.0	_	_
Business and financial operations occupations	23.02	3.0	23.02	3.0	_	-
Architecture and engineering occupations	32.91	4.8	32.91	4.8	_	_
Engineers	35.75	3.3	35.75	3.3	-	-
Mechanical engineers	34.82	4.0	34.82	4.0	-	-
Engineering technicians, except drafters	25.27	8.4	25.27	8.4	-	-
Community and social services occupations	15.42	13.4	15.48	13.5	-	-
Education, training, and library occupations Primary, secondary, and special education school	29.19	9.6	30.41	8.4	12.81	6.3
teachers	35.10	8.7	36.95	8.8	-	-
Elementary and middle school teachers	34.37	12.5	37.12	13.6	-	-
Elementary school teachers, except special education	34.39	14.0	_	_	_	_
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	40.70	10.1				
occupations	16.70	12.1	_	_	_	_
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	32.56	8.5	31.71	5.9	35.55	15.9
Registered nurses	33.88	14.8	31.35	13.3	-	-
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	20.03	1.5	-	-	-	-
Healthcare support occupations	12.34	7.0	12.53	8.7	11.47	2.7
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	10.81	3.5	10.81	4.4	-	-
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	10.65	2.9	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations	14.78	7.3	15.22	5.2	-	-
Protective service occupations	16.20	14.0	17.08	14.4	-	-
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.77	3.2	11.30	7.8	7.66	2.6
Food service, tipped	6.37	13.6	_	-	6.37	13.6
Waiters and waitresses	5.73	6.9	_	_	5.73	6.9
Fast food and counter workers	8.04	2.7	_	_	7.79	.7
Combined food preparation and serving workers,	0.04	2.1			1.15	
including fast food	8.06	2.6	-	-	7.79	.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance						
occupations	10.55	5.9	11.49	6.2	7.68	1.8
Building cleaning workers Janitors and cleaners, except maids and	10.78	6.5	11.75	6.9	-	-
housekeeping cleaners	10.90	6.9	-	-	-	-
Personal care and service occupations	10.25	11.1	-	-	9.26	10.8
Sales and related occupations	14.55	8.1	17.09	9.0	8.73	5.2
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	21.30	19.8	21.94	9.0 19.9	0.75	5.2
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers	21.30 15.17	19.8	21.94	19.9	_	-
Retail sales workers	10.21	8.0		9.8	- 8.70	5.4
Cashiers, all workers	8.59	1.3	-	5.0	8.10	4.6
Cashiers	8.59	1.3	_		8.10	4.6
Retail salespersons	10.75	12.9	12.78	11.3	9.03	11.7
Office and administrative support occupations	14.28	2.4	14.62	2.1	12.14	14.5
First-line supervisors/managers of office and	00.00		20.00			
administrative support workers	20.80	9.1	20.80	9.1	-	-
Financial clerks	13.08	7.2	13.31	7.3	-	-
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	13.71	9.2	14.02	10.1	-	-
Tellers	10.73	7.0	-	- 10.1	_	-
Customer service representatives	15.50	10.1	15.50	10.1	-	-
Receptionists and information clerks	12.64	4.0 9.9	12.48	2.5	- 8 60	0
Stock clerks and order fillers Secretaries and administrative assistants	10.25 16.04	9.9 7.0	 15.95	7.0	8.60	0.
	10.04	1 7.0	10.90	1.0	-	I –

## Table 1. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings<sup>1</sup> for full-time and part-time workers<sup>2</sup>, Rockford, IL, April 2008

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings<sup>1</sup> for full-time and part-time workers<sup>2</sup>, Rockford, IL, April 2008 — Continued

Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)
Office and administrative support occupations -Continued						
Office clerks, general	\$13.02	6.3	\$13.61	8.5	\$10.48	6.4
Construction and extraction occupations	24.48	6.2	25.12	5.5	-	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	20.36	9.1	20.47	9.3	_	_
Automotive technicians and repairers Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance	14.25	21.1	14.25	21.1	-	-
workers	22.39	6.4	22.39	6.4	_	_
Industrial machinery mechanics	25.44	5.0	25.44	5.0	-	-
Production occupations	15.58	4.0	15.67	4.3	13.13	11.1
First-line supervisors/managers of production and						
operating workers Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical	25.88	13.1	25.88	13.1	-	-
assemblers	13.91	13.0	13.91	13.0	_	-
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	19.14	13.3	18.95	13.9	-	-
Computer control programmers and operators Computer-controlled machine tool operators, metal	17.17	10.5	17.17	10.5	-	-
and plastic	17.17	10.5	17.17	10.5	-	-
Machine tool cutting setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	12.69	8.3	12.69	8.3	_	_
Grinding, lapping, polishing, and buffing machine tool						
setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	11.04 14.06	6.3 4.4	11.04 14.06	6.3 4.4	-	-
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	16.08	12.3	14.08	12.3	-	_
Miscellaneous production workers	12.98	12.3	13.24	12.3	-	-
Helpersproduction workers	11.81	8.7	12.10	8.8	-	_
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.27	5.3	14.92	5.7	9.84	3.5
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	14.88	2.5	15.56	4.0	-	-
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	15.76	4.7	15.76	4.7	_	-
Truck drivers, light or delivery services	13.69	13.6	-	_	-	-
Industrial truck and tractor operators	13.83	4.9	13.83	4.9	-	-
Laborers and material movers, hand	12.35	7.9	12.96	8.7	8.84	5.9
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,		-		-		
hand	14.00	15.0	16.03	17.8	8.55	7.1
Packers and packagers, hand	11.19	3.0	11.28	3.1	-	-

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.. <sup>2</sup> Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. <sup>3</sup> Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard

Occupational Classification (SOC) system.  $^{4}$  The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately