

United States Department of Labor



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Highlights of Reading, PA National Compensation Survey January 2008

Workers in the Reading metropolitan area averaged \$18.31 per hour during January 2008, according to new survey results from the National Compensation Survey (NCS) released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) of the U.S. Department of Labor. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that wage data were reported for workers in a wide range of occupational groups, including average hourly earnings of \$15.44 for production occupations and \$14.98 for transportation and material moving occupations. Another occupational group, office and administrative support, had a mean hourly wage rate of \$14.69. The January 2008 NCS data available for the Reading area include earnings for 17 major occupational groups with additional detail for selected occupations within those groups. (See table 1.)

Within the production occupational group, printing machine operators earned \$18.32 per hour, while cutting and slicing machine setters, operators, and tenders were paid \$13.88. The average hourly wage for truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer, part of the transportation and material moving occupational group, was \$17.24; laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand earned \$15.44 per hour. In the office and administrative support occupations, executive secretaries and administrative assistants were paid \$18.80 per hour. (See table 1.)

Broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics is available from the NCS for the local area. Full-time workers were paid an average of \$19.51 per hour and part-time workers earned \$9.42. Hourly wages for union and non-union workers were \$22.21 and \$17.60, respectively. Workers in establishments with 1-99 workers earned \$16.33, those in establishments with 100-499 workers earned \$19.89, and those in establishments with 500 or more workers earned \$20.44 per hour.

The occupational wage data available from NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. NCS results also include the work level and respective earnings for occupations determined by a point factor leveling process. The four occupational leveling factors are: knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. Details on the NCS are available at www.bls.gov/ncs/.

The NCS data reported here covered 190 establishments with one or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. Agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government were excluded from the survey. This sample of establishments represented 167,800 workers in the Reading, Pa. Metropolitan Statistical Area which consists of Berks County in Pennsylvania.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the Reading, PA National Compensation Survey January 2008 which is available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey data, as well as other Bureau data, contact the Mid-Atlantic Information Office by calling (215) 597-3282 from 8:30 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 1:00 p.m. to 3:30 p.m. ET.

Table 1. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings¹ for full-time and part-time workers², Reading, PA, January 2008

	Total		Full-time workers		Part-time workers	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All workers	\$18.31	3.1	\$19.51	3.0	\$9.42	9.1
Management occupations	43.01	14.4	43.16	14.6	-	_
Business and financial operations occupations	28.87	8.5	28.87	8.5	-	_
Computer and mathematical science occupations	28.42	5.9	28.42	5.9	_	_
Community and social services occupations	21.88	22.3	21.88	22.3	-	_
Education, training, and library occupations	32.38 41.62	7.8 3.9	34.47 41.87	7.5 4.2	13.92 –	24.0
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	34.37	7.9	36.25	6.7	_	_
Elementary and middle school teachers Elementary school teachers, except special	36.73	5.6	36.79	5.7	_	_
education	38.44	2.9	38.59	2.5	_	_
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations Registered nurses Therapists	25.96 33.27 32.00	10.9 27.7 5.6	26.71 37.23 32.00	9.8 27.3 5.6	21.87 - -	15.3 — —
Healthcare support occupations Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	12.80 11.88	4.6 2.2	12.98 11.88	4.7 2.2	_ _	
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	11.51 14.01	2.2 5.3	_ _	_ _	_ _	
Protective service occupations	17.92	15.4	18.32	17.2	-	-
Food preparation and serving related occupations Food service, tipped	7.73 3.91	4.0 17.4	9.72	3.9	6.25 4.23	6.8 17.4
Waiters and waitresses Fast food and counter workers Combined food preparation and serving workers,	3.49 10.25	18.5 13.3	_ _	_ _	3.72 8.26	20.2
including fast food	10.52	13.2	_	_	_	_
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	12.07	6.2	12.82	2.8	8.36	11.1
Building cleaning workers	11.08	8.4	12.61	5.2	_	-
housekeeping cleaners	12.29	5.2	12.98	5.1	_	_
Personal care and service occupations	11.03	16.8	_	_	8.91	6.5
Sales and related occupations	14.70 11.77	11.8 14.3	19.64 15.28	17.0 20.9	7.70 7.65	9.6 11.6
Cashiers, all workers	7.40	4.6		-	6.87	3.2
Cashiers Retail salespersons	7.40 16.87	4.6 33.9	- 18.52	- 32.2	6.87 -	3.2
Office and administrative support occupations	14.69	3.2	14.97	3.2	12.27	9.4
Financial clerks	16.56	8.6	16.80	8.5	_	_
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks Customer service representatives	16.64 15.26	16.5 5.5	_ 15.61	- 5.6	_	_
Receptionists and information clerks	12.17	3.1	- 15.61	5.6	_	
Production, planning, and expediting clerks	15.92	5.7	15.92	5.7	_	_
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	13.11	5.7	13.23	6.5	_	_
Stock clerks and order fillers	9.62	11.6	_	_	-	_
Secretaries and administrative assistants	16.18	6.1	16.30	6.6	-	-
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	18.80	4.9	18.80	4.9	_	-
Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive Office clerks, general	15.39 14.16	8.8 10.4	15.38 14.16	8.8 10.5	_ _	_
Construction and extraction occupations	17.36	3.0	17.37	3.0	_	_
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	20.43	13.4	20.51	13.4	_	_

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Civilian workers: Mean hourly earnings for full-time and part-time workers, Reading, PA, January 2008 — Continued

Occupation ³ Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations —Continued Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance workers		Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
-Continued Industrial machinery installation, repair, and maintenance						
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workers						
		1.8	\$20.39	1.8	_	-
Maintenance workers, machinery	19.84	6.5	20.46	4.6	_	_
Production occupations	15.44	1.7	15.69	1.6	_	_
Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators		2.8	14.41	2.4	_	_
Miscellaneous food processing workers		3.3	11.63	3.3	_	_
Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and						1
tenders, metal and plastic	19.40	3.9	19.40	3.9	_	-
Molding, coremaking, and casting machine setters,						1
operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	19.40	3.9	19.40	3.9	_	-
Printers	18.20	2.0	18.20	2.0	_	-
Printing machine operators	18.32	1.5	18.32	1.5	_	-
Cutting workers	13.88	8.9	13.88	8.9	_	-
Cutting and slicing machine setters, operators, and						1
tenders	13.88	8.9	13.88	8.9	_	-
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	14.06	9.0	14.06	9.0	_	-
Miscellaneous production workers	13.92	7.7	13.92	7.7	_	_
Transportation and material moving occupations	14.98	4.4	15.10	4.6		
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers		4.4	16.10	4.6	_	_
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer		2.8	17.24	2.8	_	_
Laborers and material movers, hand	14.64	3.7	14.69	3.8	_	_
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers,	14.04	3.7	14.03	5.0	_	_
hand	15.44	7.5	15.44	7.5	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

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3 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard

Occupational Classification (SOC) system. 4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.