# **Selected BLS Economic Indicators**

# Chicago



## **Selected Indicators**

This fact sheet presents recent **employment and unemployment** figures for the Chicago area, Illinois, and the United States. The **Consumer Price Index (CPI)** measures price changes or inflation for particular commodities and services at the retail level. The **Producer Price Index (PPI)** measures price changes or inflation for particular commodities and services at the wholesale level and is widely used by business firms as an escalator in long-term contracts. The **Employment Cost Index (ECI)** measures price changes or inflation of labor costs which includes wages and salaries and employer costs for employee benefits. An **occupational pay relative** is a calculation of pay—wages, salaries, commissions, and production bonuses—for a given metropolitan area relative to the nation as a whole; the calculation controls for differences among areas in occupational composition, establishment, and occupational characteristics, and the fact that data are collected for areas at different times during the year.

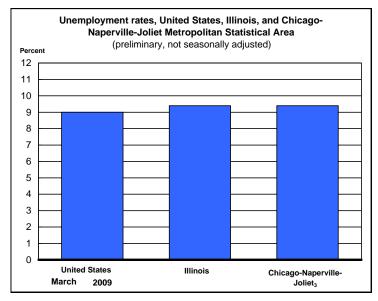
Consumer Price Index	Mar	Mar	Percent
(1982-84 = 100)	2008	2009	change
All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)			
U.S. City Average	213.528	212.709	-0.4
Midwest	203.723	202.021	-0.8
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha₁	211.542	207.462	-1.9
Wage Earners & Clerical Workers (CPI-W)			
U.S. City Average	209.147	207.218	-0.9
Midwest	198.989	196.453	-1.3
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha₁	204.742	200.218	-2.2
Producer Price Index, U.S.	Mar	Mar	Percent
(1982 = 100)	2008	2009(p)	change
Finished goods	175.1	168.9	-3.5
All commodities	187.9	168.1	-10.5
Industrial commodities	190.2	169.5	-10.9

p = preliminary

# Unemployment levels, age 16 years and over (not seasonally adjusted, in thousands)

Area	Mar 2008	Mar 2009 (p)	Net change
United States	8,027	13,895	5,868
Illinois	395.0	612.7	217.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet <sub>3</sub>	278.1	456.9	178.8

p = preliminary



#### **Employment Cost Index** Dec Percent (December 2005 = 100) 2007 2008 change **Total Compensation-Private Industry** United States 106.3 108.9 2.4 Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City, 2.5 Occupational pay relatives **July 2007** (U.S. = 100)Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City<sub>2</sub> All occupations 1083 Management, business, and financial 102 Professional and related 108\* Service 107 Sales and related 1093 Office and administrative support 1103 Construction and extraction 1313 Installation, maintenance, and repair 112' Production 105 Transportation and material moving 105

### Nonfarm payroll employment

(not seasonally adjusted, in thousands)

Area	Mar 2008	Mar 2009 (p)	Net change	Percent change
United States	136,944.0	132,072.0	-4,872.0	-3.6
Illinois	5,903.8	5,672.2	-231.6	-3.9
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet₃	4,489.0	4,331.4	-157.6	-3.5

p = preliminary

# Chicago-Naperville-Joliet MSA payroll employment by industry sector

(not seasonally adjusted, in thousands)

In Proceedings	Mar	Mar
Industry	2008	2009 (p)
Total nonfarm	4,489.0	4,331.4
Mining and logging	1.9	1.8
Construction	190.0	170.7
Manufacturing	474.7	438.6
Trade, transportation and utilities	920.5	888.1
Information	90.6	87.2
Financial activities	318.6	303.0
Professional and bus. services	724.4	683.5
Education and health services	603.2	611.8
Leisure and hospitality	394.0	381.3
Other services	198.4	196.7
Government	572.7	568.7

p = preliminary

### **Contact Information:**

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- 1. The **Chicago-Gary-Kenosha** Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, Will, Lake, Porter, and Kenosha counties.
- 2. The **Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City** Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, Will, Jasper, Lake, LaPorte, Newton, Porter, and Kenosha counties.
- The Chicago-Naperville-Joliet Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, McHenry, Will, Jasper, Lake, Newton, Porter, Lake, and Kenosha counties.

<sup>\*</sup>The pay relative for this occupation is significantly different from the national average at the 90-percent confidence level.