Nonfatal occupational illnesses by category of illness, private industry, 1992-96

Category	Number (000's)					Percent of total illness cases					Incidence rate ¹				
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Total illness cases	. 457.4	482.1	514.7	494.8	439.0	100	100	100	100	100	59.8	61.1	63.7	60.7	52.2
Skin diseases or disorders	62.9	60.2	65.7	64.2	58.1	14	12	13	13	13	8.2	7.6	8.1	7.9	6.9
Dust diseases of the lungs	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	3.5	1	1	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Respiratory conditions due to toxic agents	. 23.5	24.2	25.3	24.4	21.7	5	5	5	5	5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.6
Poisoning	7.0	7.6	7.2	7.5	4.8	2	2	1	2	1	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.6
Disorders due to physical agents	. 22.2	20.1	21.7	22.4	16.8	5	4	4	5	4	2.9	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.0
Disorders associated with repeated trauma	. 281.8	302.4	332.1	308.2	281.1	62	63	65	62	64	36.8	38.3	41.1	37.8	33.5
All other occupational illnesses	57.3	64.8	60.0	65.3	53.0	12	13	12	13	12	7.5	8.2	7.4	8.4	6.3

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 20,000,000, where

N = number of illnesses EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

December 1997