Table 8a. Number and incidence rate of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected worker and case characteristics and selected natures of injury or illness, All United States, private industry, 2007

Characteristic	Private industry ^{3,4,5}		Sprains, strains, tears ⁷		Carpal tunnel syndrome		Tendonitis	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Total:	1,158,870	122.2	448,380	47.3	11,940	1.3	4,380	0.5
Gender:								
Male	744,860	134.1	280,670	50.5	3,750	0.7	1,690	0.3
Female	409,040	105.2	165,550	42.6	8,180	2.1	2,680	0.7
Age:								
Under 14	20							
14 to 15	400		30					
16 to 19	35,250	124.0	9,790	34.4	30	0.1	80	0.3
20 to 24	124,550	134.4	43,740	47.2	380	0.4	340	0.4
25 to 34	260,080	118.4	101,840	46.4	1,710	0.8	1,320	0.6
35 to 44	283,660	123.9	118,550	51.8	3,300	1.4	890	0.4
45 to 54	271,300	123.0	109,730	49.7	4,170	1.9	1,010	0.5
55 to 64	138,960	119.9	50,220	43.3	2,170	1.9	570	0.5
65 and over	25,140	96.2	7,400	28.3	90	0.4	60	0.2
Occupation:								
Management, business, financial	29,600	30.5	9,770	10.1	890	0.9	260	0.3
Professional and related	79,260	54.7	38,240	26.4	650	0.5	330	0.2
Service	251,490	162.9	102,060	66.1	980	0.6	520	0.3
Sales and related	78,070	70.1	30,610	27.5	560	0.5	290	0.3
Office and administrative support	85,190	54.2	33,760	21.5	2,860	1.8	430	0.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry	13,950	149.8	4,390	47.2	20	0.3	40	0.4
Construction and extraction	134,010	238.7	44,150	78.6	420	0.7	330	0.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair	98,390	217.5	35,590	78.7	670	1.5	120	0.3
Production	160,350	175.7	51,860	56.8	3,700	4.1	1,340	1.5
Transportation and material moving	225,780	285.0	97,240	122.7	1,170	1.5	720	0.9
Industry sector:								
Goods producing industries ³	349,450	152.9	115,870	50.7	4,510	2.0	1,750	0.8
Natural resources and mining 3,4	26,900	163.3	8,650	52.5	60	0.4	60	0.4
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting ³	16,980	181.0	5,460	58.2	40	0.4	40	0.5
Mining⁴	9,920	139.8	3,190	45.0	20	0.3		
Construction	135,350	190.3	44,380	62.4	280	0.4	320	0.5
Manufacturing	187,200	132.8	62,840	44.6	4,170	3.0	1,370	1.0
Service providing industries	809,420	112.4	332,510	46.2	7,420	1.0	2,630	0.4
Trade, Transportation and Utilities 5	359,770	158.4	150,290	66.2	3,100	1.4	900	0.4
Wholesale Trade	75,230	129.4	32,050	55.1	1,080	1.8	230	0.4
Retail Trade Transportation and Warehousing ⁵	166,790 111,130	137.1 265.3	64,530 50,880	53.0 121.5	1,300 640	1.1 1.5	410 250	0.3 0.6
Utilities	6,620	122.2	2,820	52.1	80	1.5	250	0.6
Information	18,560	69.3	7,340	27.4	300	1.1	80	0.3
Financial activities	35,450	47.0		16.6		1.1	90	0.3
Finance and Insurance	16,130	28.3	4,650	8.2	770	1.3	80	0.1
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	19,320	104.4	7,870	42.5	60	0.3		0.1
Professional and business services	88,260	64.9	33,040	24.3	1,430	1.0	470	0.3
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	20,240	29.0	7,120	10.2	780	1.1	130	0.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	8,230	47.4	2,900	16.7	130	0.8	190	1.1
Administrative and Support and Waste	3,230		2,000		.50	3.0		
Management and Remediation Services	59,790	122.7	23,020	47.2	520	1.1	150	0.3
Education and health services	181,700	134.2	90,710	67.0	1,310	1.0	660	0.5
Educational Services	10,680	65.7	4,640	28.6	60	0.4	20	0.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	171,020	143.5	86,060	72.2	1,250	1.0	640	0.5
Leisure and hospitality	94,160	106.5	29,320	33.1	290	0.3	340	0.4
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	17,650	137.2	6,170	47.9	60	0.5	90	0.7
Accommodation and Food Services	76,510	101.2	23,150	30.6	230	0.3	250	0.3
Other services	31,520	102.3	9,290	30.2	180	0.6	90	0.3
Other Services, except Public Administration	31,520	102.3	9,290	30.2	180	0.6	90	0.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8a. Number and incidence rate of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected worker and case characteristics and selected natures of injury or illness, All United States, private industry, 2007

Characteristic	Private industry ^{3,4,5}		Sprains, strains, tears ⁷		Carpal tunnel syndrome		Tendonitis	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Number of days away from work:								
Cases involving 1 day	171,170	18.0	52,570	5.5	310		310	
Cases involving 2 days	131,830	13.9	49,990	5.3	500	0.1	420	
Cases involving 3-5 days	212,020	22.4	86,770	9.1	1,000	0.1	720	0.1
Cases involving 6-10 days	143,040	15.1	60,390	6.4	950	0.1	750	0.1
Cases involving 11-20 days	128,650	13.6	51,420	5.4	2,060	0.2	590	0.1
Cases involving 21-30 days	74,980	7.9	29,170	3.1	1,660	0.2	390	
Cases involving 31 or more days	297,180	31.3	118,080	12.4	5,450	0.6	1,200	0.1
Median days away from work ⁶	7		8		28		10	
Part of body affected:								
Head	78,370	8.3	220					
Eye	33,010	3.5	110					
Neck	17,050	1.8	11,730	1.2				
Trunk	384,650	40.6	248,480	26.2			1,100	0.1
Back	235,960	24.9	177,480	18.7				
Shoulder	75,580	8.0	51,180	5.4			1,100	0.1
Upper extremities	269,240	28.4	40,740	4.3	11,940	1.3	2,910	0.3
Arm	54,260	5.7	13,590	1.4			840	0.1
Finger	101,650	10.7	4,510	0.5			170	
Hand, except finger	47,920	5.1	3,680	0.4			170	
Wrist	51,620	5.4	15,710	1.7	11,940	1.3	1,460	0.2
Lower extremities	260,580	27.5	112,980	11.9			260	
Knee	94,500	10.0	52,340	5.5			80	
Ankle	62,660	6.6	41,730	4.4			60	
Foot, toe	55,600	5.9	7,160	0.8			90	
Body systems	17,710	1.9						
Multiple	120,950	12.8	33,050	3.5			80	
All other	10,330	1.1	1,170	0.1			20	
Source of injury, illness:								
Chemicals, chemical products	17,340	1.8	160					
Containers	136,750	14.4	78,660	8.3			380	
Furniture, fixtures	46,220	4.9	17,280	1.8			80	
Machinery	69,160	7.3	15,180	1.6			100	
Parts and materials	116,570	12.3	35,740	3.8			190	
Person, injured or ill worker '	169,920	17.9	108,120	11.4	11,920	1.3	2,830	0.3
Worker motion or position '	165,110	17.4	107,340	11.3	11,920	1.3	2,830	0.3
Floor, ground surfaces '	230,550	24.3	74,730	7.9			140	
Handtools	54,490	5.7	9,690	1.0			190	
Vehicles	97,920	10.3	32,430	3.4			100	
Person, other than worker	64,290	6.8	41,700	4.4			140	
Health care patient	50,810	5.4	36,890	3.9			140	
All other'	155,660	16.4	34,690	3.7			220	

See footnotes at the end of table.

Table 8a. Number and incidence rate of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected worker and case characteristics and selected natures of injury or illness, All United States, private industry, 2007

Characteristic	Private ind	Private industry ^{3,4,5}		Sprains, strains, tears ⁷		Carpal tunnel syndrome		Tendonitis	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	
Event or exposure:									
Contact with object, equipment	317,550	33.5	31,220	3.3			180	-	
Struck by object	162,840	17.2	13,370	1.4			80	-	
Struck against object	75,730	8.0	12,070	1.3			70		
Caught in object, equipment, material	54,100	5.7	3,440	0.4			20		
Fall to lower level	77,300	8.1	23,040	2.4			40		
Fall on same level	166,560	17.6	49,620	5.2			120		
Slips, trips'	37,780	4.0	29,780	3.1					
Overexertion	264,930	27.9	202,680	21.4			1,140	0.1	
Overexertion in lifting	140,330	14.8	106,650	11.2			380		
Repetitive motion	36,700	3.9	10,200	1.1	11,910	1.3	2,280	0.2	
Exposed to harmful substance	52,950	5.6							
Transportation accidents	53,320	5.6	16,500	1.7					
Highway accident	33,360	3.5	12,590	1.3					
Fires, explosions	1,870	0.2	20						
Assault, violent act	24,230	2.6	4,120	0.4			20		
by person	16,840	1.8	3,880	0.4			20		
by other	7,400	0.8	230						
by animal	7,280	0.8	200					-	
All other ⁷	125,680	13.3	81,220	8.6			600	0.1	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than 0.05 per 10,000 full-time workers.

The scientifically selected probability sample used in each year was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

This table was reissued March 2009 to revise selected estimates within the Mining (NAICS 21) and Railroad Transportation (NAICS 482) industries, and in their respective higher level industry sectors. Characteristic categories affected by the revisions, that appear in this table, are footnoted.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, March, 2009

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days-away-from-work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

Selected estimates for this category were affected by the March 2009 revision, see note below.