Table 16. Life insurance plans: Flat-dollar amount benefit formulas, ${ }^{1}$ private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008
(Includes workers participating in life insurance plans with flat-dollar amount formulas)

| Characteristics | Flat dollar amounts ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10th percentile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 25th } \\ & \text { percentile } \end{aligned}$ | 50th percentile (median) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 75th } \\ \text { percentile } \end{gathered}$ | 90th percentile |
| All workers | \$6,000 | \$10,000 | \$15,000 | \$25,000 | \$50,000 |
| Worker characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |
| Management, professional, and related | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Management, business, and financial ..... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Professional and related ....................... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Service.. | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 30,000 |
| Sales and office | 6,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Sales and related. | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 | 40,000 |
| Office and administrative support | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| forestry | 7,500 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair ............... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving ... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 46,000 |
| Production ................................................ | 10,000 | 10,000 | 19,000 | 25,000 | 46,000 |
| Transportation and material moving ................ | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 45,000 |
| Full time | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Part time . | 5,000 | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 |
| Union .... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 26,000 | 50,000 |
| Nonunion ................................................ | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Establishment characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods-producing industries | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Construction | 7,500 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Manufacturing | 10,000 | 10,500 | 20,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. Life insurance plans: Flat-dollar amount benefit formulas, ${ }^{1}$ private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008-Continued
(Includes workers participating in life insurance plans with flat-dollar amount formulas)

| Characteristics | Flat dollar amounts ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10th } \\ & \text { percentile } \end{aligned}$ | 25th percentile | 50th percentile (median) | 75th percentile | 90th percentile |
| Service-providing industries | \$5,000 | \$10,000 | \$15,000 | \$25,000 | \$50,000 |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities ... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Wholesale trade | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 |
| Retail trade | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 |
| Transportation and warehousing ..... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Utilities .. | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 45,000 | 50,000 |
| Information. | 1,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Financial activities | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Finance and insurance | 10,000 | 15,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Credit intermediation and related activities | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 75,000 |
| Insurance carriers and related activities .... | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 |
| Professional and business services ...... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 |
| Professional and technical services ..... | 15,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Administrative and waste services ......... | 5,000 | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 30,000 |
| Education and health services ............. | 6,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Educational services. | 10,000 | 12,000 | 25,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 |
| Junior colleges, colleges, and universities | 5,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Health care and social assistance ............... | 6,000 | 10,000 | 12,500 | 20,000 | 50,000 |
| Leisure and hospitality ... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 |
| Accommodation and food services | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 25,000 |
| Other services ... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 1 to 99 workers | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 1 to 49 workers | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 50 to 99 workers | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 100 workers or more | 6,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 100 to 499 workers | 7,500 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 500 workers or more | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 32,000 | 50,000 |
| Geographic areas |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metropolitan areas | 6,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Nonmetropolitan areas | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| New England | 10,000 | 12,000 | 21,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Middle Atlantic | 5,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 26,000 | 50,000 |
| East North Central | 7,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| West North Central | 10,000 | 10,000 | 19,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 |
| South Atlantic | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| East South Central | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 |
| West South Central | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Mountain. | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 30,000 |
| Pacific ... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |

[^0]same as or more than the amount shown, and half receive the same as or less than the amount shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of participating workers receive the same or less than the amount shown. The remaining percentiles follow the same logic.

## Table 17. Long-term disability plans: Employee contribution requirement, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008

(All workers with long-term disability coverage $=100$ percent)

| Characteristics | Employee contribution required | Employee contribution not required |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All workers | 10 | 90 |
| Worker characteristics |  |  |
| Management, professional, and related | 10 | 90 |
| Management, business, and financial .............. | 9 | 91 |
| Professional and related | 10 | 90 |
| Service | 6 | 94 |
| Sales and office | 10 | 90 |
| Sales and related | 12 | 88 |
| Office and administrative support | 10 | 90 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance | 10 | 90 |
| Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry $\qquad$ | 5 | 95 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair ................ | 12 | 88 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving ... | 10 | 90 |
| Production ................................................... | 11 | 89 |
| Transportation and material moving ................ | 9 | 91 |
| Full time | 10 | 90 |
| Part time | 10 | 90 |
| Union | 6 | 94 |
| Nonunion | 10 | 90 |
| Average wage within the following percentiles: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| 10 to under 25 ............................................ | 7 | 93 |
| 25 to under 50 | 9 | 91 |
| 50 to under 75 | 10 | 90 |
| 75 to under 90 | 10 | 90 |
| 90 or greater ................................................ | 11 | 89 |
| Establishment characteristics |  |  |
| Goods-producing industries ............................... | 10 | 90 |
| Construction ................................................ | 5 | 95 |
| Manufacturing .............................................. | 11 | 89 |

Table 16. Life insurance plans: Flat-dollar amount benefit formulas, ${ }^{1}$ private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008-Continued
(Includes workers participating in life insurance plans with flat-dollar amount formulas)

| Characteristics | Flat dollar amounts ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10th } \\ & \text { percentile } \end{aligned}$ | 25th percentile | 50th percentile (median) | 75th percentile | 90th percentile |
| Service-providing industries | \$5,000 | \$10,000 | \$15,000 | \$25,000 | \$50,000 |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities ... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Wholesale trade | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 |
| Retail trade | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 |
| Transportation and warehousing ..... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Utilities .. | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 45,000 | 50,000 |
| Information. | 1,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Financial activities | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Finance and insurance | 10,000 | 15,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Credit intermediation and related activities | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 75,000 |
| Insurance carriers and related activities .... | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 |
| Professional and business services ...... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 |
| Professional and technical services ..... | 15,000 | 20,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Administrative and waste services ......... | 5,000 | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 30,000 |
| Education and health services ............. | 6,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Educational services. | 10,000 | 12,000 | 25,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 |
| Junior colleges, colleges, and universities | 5,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Health care and social assistance ............... | 6,000 | 10,000 | 12,500 | 20,000 | 50,000 |
| Leisure and hospitality ... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 |
| Accommodation and food services | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 25,000 |
| Other services ... | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 1 to 99 workers | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 1 to 49 workers | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 50 to 99 workers | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 100 workers or more | 6,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 100 to 499 workers | 7,500 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| 500 workers or more | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 32,000 | 50,000 |
| Geographic areas |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metropolitan areas | 6,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Nonmetropolitan areas | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| New England | 10,000 | 12,000 | 21,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Middle Atlantic | 5,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 26,000 | 50,000 |
| East North Central | 7,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| West North Central | 10,000 | 10,000 | 19,000 | 30,000 | 50,000 |
| South Atlantic | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| East South Central | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 |
| West South Central | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |
| Mountain. | 10,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 30,000 |
| Pacific ... | 5,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 |

[^1]same as or more than the amount shown, and half receive the same as or less than the amount shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of participating workers receive the same or less than the amount shown. The remaining percentiles follow the same logic.


[^0]:    1 Includes participants in plans providing a fixed benefit amount. Dollar amounts can-be-a flat amount or can vary by the employee's earnings or length of service.

    2 The 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position within each published series. For example, at the 50th percentile or median, half of participating workers receive the

[^1]:    1 Includes participants in plans providing a fixed benefit amount. Dollar amounts can-be-a flat amount or can vary by the employee's earnings or length of service.

    2 The 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position within each published series. For example, at the 50th percentile or median, half of participating workers receive the

