Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and gender, All United States, private industry, 2004

Characteristic	Characteristic All cases		Female		Male	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total:	1,259,320	100.0	425,470	100.0	829,300	100.0
Age:						
Under 14						
14 to 15	200		90		110	
16 to 19	38,230	3.0	12,480	2.9	25,740	3.1
20 to 24	141,730	11.3	41,800	9.8	99,750	12.0
25 to 34	303,880	24.1	88,500	20.8	214,590	25.9
35 to 44	331,610	26.3	108,470	25.5		26.8
45 to 54	272,250	21.6	104,260	24.5	166,600	20.1
55 to 64	128,810	10.2	52,870	12.4	75,260	9.1
65 and over	23,950	1.9	10,600	2.5	13,330	1.6
Occupation:						
Management, business, financial	29,410	2.3	14,540	3.4	14,850	1.8
Professional and related	85,660	6.8	60,210	14.2	25,440	3.1
Service	257,580	20.5	159,790	37.6	97,410	11.7
Sales and related	82,000	6.5	48,830	11.5	33,020	4.0
Office and administrative support	89,540	7.1	51,170	12.0	38,210	4.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry	17,510	1.4	3,220	0.8	14,290	1.7
Construction and extractive	144,050	11.4	2,760	0.6		16.9
Installation, maintenance, and repair	107,940	8.6	3,250	0.8		12.6
Production	186,600	14.8	48,390	11.4	,	16.7
Transportation and material moving	257,210	20.4	32,680	7.7	222,170	26.8
Length of service with employer:						
Less than 3 months	162,410	12.9	46,110	10.8	116,230	14.0
3 months to 11 months	258,500	20.5	84,630	19.9	173,750	21.0
1 year to 5 years	446,820	35.5	160,860	37.8	285,810	34.5
More than 5 years	383,050	30.4	132,590	31.2	250,350	30.2
Race or ethnic origin:						
White	591,570	47.0	187,360	44.0	404,200	48.7
Black or African American	103,820	8.2	46,520	10.9	57,280	6.9
Hispanic or Latino	164,390	13.1	42,190	9.9	122,200	14.7
Asian	16,040	1.3	7,390	1.7	8,650	1.0
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	4,650	0.4	1,640	0.4	3,020	0.4
American Indian or Alaska Native	5,140	0.4	1,870	0.4	3,270	0.4
Hispanic and other	530		110		410	
Multi-race	1,260	0.1	460	0.1	800	0.1
Not reported	371,920	29.5	137,930	32.4	229,470	27.7
Number of days away from work:						
Cases involving 1 day	180,500	14.3	65,010	15.3	115,250	13.9
Cases involving 2 days	144,480	11.5	51,450	12.1	92,840	11.2
Cases involving 3-5 days	231,350	18.4	81,490	19.2	149,300	18.0
Cases involving 6-10 days	159,250	12.6	52,570	12.4	106,210	12.8
Cases involving 11-20 days	143,560	11.4	46,530	10.9	96,550	11.6
Cases involving 21-30 days	85,620	6.8	28,020	6.6	57,230	6.9
Cases involving 31 or more days	314,570	25.0	100,400	23.6	211,920	25.6
Median days away from work ⁵	7		7		8	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and gender, All United States, private industry, 2004

Characteristic	All cases		Female		Male	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Industry sector:	400 400	00.4	00.000	444	0.40.000	40.0
Goods producing industries ²	408,400	32.4	60,030	14.1	348,220	42.0
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	29,100	2.3	3,700	0.9	25,410	3.1
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting ²	19,750	1.6	3,550	0.8	16,200	2.0
Mining ³	9,350	0.7	150		9,200	1.1
Construction	153,200	12.2	3,670	0.9	149,430	18.0
Manufacturing	226,090	18.0	52,660	12.4	173,380	20.9
Service providing industries	850,930	67.6	365,440	85.9	481,090	58.0
Trade, Transportation and Utilities ⁴	387,650	30.8	105,050	24.7	278,290	33.6
Wholesale Trade	81,140	6.4	9,720	2.3	71,420	8.6
Retail Trade	178,760	14.2	71,280	16.8	107,230	12.9
Transportation and Warehousing ⁴	120,010	9.5	23,190	5.5	92,760	11.2
Utilities	7,740	0.6	860	0.2	6,880	0.8
Information	21,150	1.7	6,260	1.5	14,890	1.8
Financial activities	34,930	2.8	15,350	3.6	19,580	2.4
Finance and Insurance	12,920	1.0	10,180	2.4	2,740	0.3
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	22,010	1.7	5,180	1.2	16,840	2.0
Professional and business services	90,500	7.2	30,390	7.1	60,100	7.2
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	20,370	1.6	9,930	2.3	10,440	1.3
Management of Companies and Enterprises	10,260	0.8	4,410	1.0	5,850	0.7
Administrative and Support and Waste	50.070	4.0	10.050	0.0	40.040	
Management and Remediation Services	59,870	4.8	16,050	3.8	43,810	5.3
Education and health services	189,980	15.1	150,550	35.4	39,410	4.8
Educational Services	10,070	0.8	5,330	1.3	4,740	0.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	179,910	14.3	145,220	34.1	34,670	4.2
Leisure and hospitality	95,380	7.6	48,270	11.3	47,040	5.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	17,750	1.4	6,410	1.5	11,340	1.4
Accommodation and Food Services	77,620	6.2	41,850	9.8	35,700	4.3
Other services	31,350	2.5	9,560	2.2	21,790	2.6
Other Services, except Public Administration	31,350	2.5	9,560	2.2	21,790	2.6
Nature of injury, illness:						
Sprains, strains	525,390	41.7	187,350	44.0	335,720	40.5
Fractures	94,040	7.5	27,230	6.4	66,410	8.0
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	114,140	9.1	22,880	5.4	90,960	11.0
Bruises, contusions	114,680	9.1	44,690	10.5	69,310	8.4
Heat burns	18,510	1.5	6,330	1.5	12,140	1.5
Chemical burns	7,360	0.6	1,890	0.4	5,460	0.7
Amputations	8,160	0.6	860	0.2	7,280	0.9
Carpal tunnel syndrome	18,710	1.5	12,580	3.0	6,130	0.7
Tendonitis	6,930	0.6	3,730	0.9	3,200	0.4
Multiple injuries	50,350	4.0	17,940	4.2	32,420	3.9
With fractures	9,960	0.8	2,520	0.6	7,440	0.9
With sprains	19,720	1.6	9,700	2.3	10,020	1.2
Soreness, Pain	104,560	8.3	40,220	9.5	64,250	7.7
Back pain	37,930	3.0	13,710	3.2	24,200	2.9
All other	196,480	15.6	59,780	14.1	136,030	16.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and gender, All United States, private industry, 2004

Characteristic	All cases		Female		Male	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Boot of house off out of						
Part of body affected:	04 500	۰. ۲	22.222	5 0	50.040	7.4
Head	81,530	6.5	22,380	5.3	58,840	7.1
Eye	36,680	2.9	7,140	1.7	29,460	3.6
Neck	21,130	1.7	8,590	2.0	12,360	1.5
Trunk	447,140	35.5	146,230	34.4	299,270	36.1
Back	282,240	22.4	96,750	22.7	184,530	22.3
Shoulder	82,220	6.5	29,610	7.0	52,210	6.3
Upper extremities	290,460	23.1	95,950	22.6	193,710	23.4
Finger	107,860	8.6	25,270	5.9	82,320	9.9
Hand, except finger	50,190	4.0	14,440	3.4	35,640	4.3
Wrist	58,510	4.6	30,480	7.2	27,880	3.4
Lower extremities	269,490	21.4	84,670	19.9	183,470	22.1
Knee	99,720	7.9	33,490	7.9	65,640	7.9
Foot, toe	57,940	4.6	16,530	3.9	41,220	5.0
Body systems	14,300	1.1	7,250	1.7	7,010	0.8
Multiple	126,530	10.0	57,390	13.5	69,070	8.3
All other	8,750	0.7	3,020	0.7	5,570	0.7
Source of injury, illness:						
Chemicals, chemical products	17,880	1.4	6,240	1.5	11,630	1.4
Containers	161,370	12.8	51,950	12.2	109,280	13.2
Furniture, fixtures	44,790	3.6	20,770	4.9	24,000	2.9
Machinery	82,160	6.5	17,460	4.1	64,650	7.8
Parts and materials	127,790	10.1	11,310	2.7	116,250	14.0
Worker motion or position	182,820	14.5	72,860	17.1	109,900	13.3
Floor, ground surfaces	234,010	18.6	101,770	23.9	131,360	15.8
Handtools	58,410	4.6	9,180	2.2	49,020	5.9
Vehicles	111,270	8.8	24,970	5.9	85,840	10.4
Health care patient	57,230	4.5	48,970	11.5	8,260	1.0
All other	181,590	14.4	60,020	14.1	119,120	14.4
Event or exposure:						
Contact with object, equipment	335,160	26.6	77,080	18.1	257,230	31.0
Struck by object	170,080	13.5	39,640	9.3	130,000	15.7
Struck against object	83,330	6.6	22,940	5.4	60,100	7.2
Caught in object, equipment, material	55,510	4.4	10,170	2.4		5.5
Fall to lower level	79,800	6.3	18,730	4.4	60,260	7.3
Fall on same level	167,010	13.3	87,880	20.7	79,060	9.5
Slips, trips	37,500	3.0	13,350	3.1	24,050	2.9
Overexertion	316,670	25.1	108,110	25.4	207,830	25.1
Overexertion in lifting	173,400	13.8	56,700	13.3	116,660	14.1
Repetitive motion	48,710	3.9	28,780	6.8	19,900	2.4
Exposed to harmful substance	52,830	4.2	19,510	4.6	33,150	4.0
Transportation accidents	62,860	5.0	14,830	3.5	47,550	5.7
Fires, explosions	2,420	0.2	90		2,330	0.3
Assault, violent act	24,880	2.0	15,260	3.6	9,580	1.2
by person	17,670	1.4	11,240	2.6	6,390	0.8
by other	7,220	0.6	4,020	0.9	3,190	0.4
All other	131,480		41,840	9.8	88,370	10.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and gender, All United States, private industry, 2004

Characteristic	All cases		Female		Male	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Day of Week: Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday	70,630 231,260 228,760 218,330 220,400 196,780	18.4 18.2 17.3 17.5 15.6	33,570 72,440 72,730 69,430 73,260 64,940	7.9 17.0 17.1 16.3 17.2 15.3	158,090 155,560 148,280 145,930 131,460	4.4 19.1 18.8 17.9 17.6 15.9
Saturday Time of Day: 12:01 AM - 4:00 AM 4:01 AM - 8:00 AM 8:01 AM - 12:00 PM 12:01 PM - 4:00 PM 4:01 PM - 8:00 PM 8:01 PM - 12:00 AM Not reported	93,160 41,600 119,610 374,760 286,410 136,400 74,640 225,910	3.3 9.5 29.8 22.7 10.8 5.9	39,110 13,450 40,720 112,820 93,970 54,570 29,740 80,200	9.2 3.2 9.6 26.5 22.1 12.8 7.0 18.8	53,720 27,600 78,400 260,770 191,530 81,130 44,390 145,480	3.3 9.5 31.4 23.1 9.8 5.4
Hours Worked: Occurred before shift began Less than 1 hour 1 - 2 hours 2 - 4 hours 4 - 6 hours 6 - 8 hours 8 - 10 hours 10 - 12 hours 12 - 16 hours More than 16 hours Not reported	6,740 101,550 121,830 275,580 203,830 186,580 92,210 23,490 7,820 470 239,230	8.1 9.7 21.9 16.2 14.8 7.3 1.9 0.6	4,430 39,940 43,340 88,530 72,210 58,510 26,360 5,670 2,400 170 83,920	1.0 9.4 10.2 20.8 17.0 13.8 6.2 1.3 0.6	131,520 128,040 65,840	22.5

¹ Days away from work include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, December, 2005

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System --* United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁵ Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.