

Industries with the highest number of nonfatal illness cases of disorders associated with repeated trauma, private industry, 1997

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1997 Annual average employment ³ (000's)	Number of cases (000's)	
			1996	1997
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	984.4	44.4	43.9
Meat products	201	489.9	30.2	33.8
Aircraft and parts	372	496.7	5.5	7.1
Hospitals	806	3,824.3	7.3	6.4
Grocery stores	541	3,061.2	6.2	5.6
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	205.4	5.1	4.7
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	308	730.2	5.0	4.5
Electronic components and accessories	367	648.0	4.0	4.0
Telephone communications	481	970.3	3.6	3.8
Metal forgings and stampings	346	256.3	4.8	3.7
Medical instruments and supplies	384	274.6	2.6	3.3
Household appliances	363	115.7	3.3	3.1
Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplies	369	149.8	3.4	3.1
Air transportation, scheduled ⁴	451	982.2	2.8	2.7
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	202.6	2.8	2.6
Measuring and controlling devices	382	300.1	2.6	2.5
Knitting mills	225	174.7	3.4	2.4
Nonstore retailers	596	340.1	2.1	2.4
Computer and office equipment	357	371.6	2.1	2.4
Commercial banks	602	1,457.8	2.8	2.4
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	535.7	2.2	2.4
Miscellaneous fabricated textile products	239	219.1	2.7	2.3
Eating and drinking places	581	7,643.4	1.6	2.3
Commercial printing	275	571.0	2.2	2.2
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	154.5	2.4	2.0
Private industry⁵		101,666.5	281.1	276.6

¹ Industries with the highest number of illness cases of disorders associated with repeated trauma were determined by analysis of the number of cases at the 3-digit SIC code level. The analysis included those 3-digit industries which reported at least 2,000 cases of disorders associated with repeated trauma.

² *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

⁴ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry

Group 451. As a result, the 1996 and 1997 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor January 1999 - Updated from December 1998 to reflect additional published estimates.