

Steller Sea Lions: Status, Trends, Vital Rates and Terrestrial Sites Lowell Fritz NOAA Fisheries National Marine Mammal Laboratory Seattle, WA

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Outline

Stock Structure, Population Status and Trends

- Pup and Non-Pup Counts
- Annual rates of change

Vital Rates

- Mark-recapture analysis for survivorship (branding)
- Population modeling (E. Holmes)

Terrestrial Sites

- Update list of rookeries
- Seasonal importance of major haul-outs







Steller Sea Lions in Asia: Non-Pup Counts





Western Steller Sea Lion Non-Pup Counts in Alaska





Western Steller Sea Lion Pup Counts in Alaska 1975-2005





Vital Rates Estimation Pup Branding Program

Objectives

Survival and reproductive rates by age and area Marmot Island (Western Stock) ■ 1987-88: 751 pups Forrester Island (Eastern Stock) 1994-95: 799 pups Since 2000, almost 6,000 pups have been branded ■ Eastern ~ 2,750 ■ Western ~ 1,500 Asian ~ 1,700 A179 Resighted 17 May 2004

A179 Resighted 17 May 2004 At Ugamak, ~ 1 year old



2000-2005 Pup Branding on Steller Sea Lion Rookeries in the US

Survival Estimation

		Resight Year			
	Release				
	Year	2	3	4	
	1	r ₁₂	r ₁₃	r ₁₄	
		$p_{12} \phi_{12}$	P ₁₃ Φ ₁₃	p_{14} ϕ_{14}	
Probabilities		1100	1010	1001	1000
p = resight		1101	1011	1011	
$\varphi = survival$		1110	1110	1101	
		1111	1111	1111	

Cormack-Jolly-Seber Models

$$1 \xrightarrow{\phi_{12}} 0 \xrightarrow{\phi_{13}} 0 \xrightarrow{\phi_{14}} 0$$
$$1 \xrightarrow{\phi_{12}} 0 \xrightarrow{\phi_{13}} 0 \xrightarrow{\phi_{14}} 0$$
$$1 \xrightarrow{1-p_{12}} 1 \xrightarrow{1-p_{13}} 1 \xrightarrow{1-p_{14}} 0$$

$$1 \xrightarrow{\phi_{12}} 0 \xrightarrow{\phi_{13}} 0 \xrightarrow{1-\phi_{14}} 0$$
$$1-p_{12} \qquad 1-p_{13}$$

$$1 \xrightarrow{\phi_{12}} 0 \xrightarrow{1-\phi_{13}} 0 \longrightarrow 0$$

1-p₁₂

$$1 \xrightarrow{1-\phi_{12}} 0 \longrightarrow 0 \longrightarrow 0$$



Comparison Steller Sea Lion Survival: East and West in 1970s-2000s



Implications of Changes in Western Steller Sea Lion Vital Rates

Factors currently affecting population are different from those that caused decline Survivorship likely has improved Reproductive Rate may have declined (Holmes et al) **Direct threats decreased relative to late 1980s** Predation, shooting, hunting, or incidental take Potential Indirect factor affecting birth rates Such as environmental variability, fishing, possible disease or contaminant

Rookery and Haulout Sites

Rookeries

ESA list

New list based on > 50 pups counted since 1975

Haul-outs

ESA list (> 200 non-pups)
 RFRPA list based on seasonal usage

 > 200 in summer or > 75 in winter (additional 19 sites)

 New list based on seasonal usage

 > 200 in summer or > 100 in winter since 1990

Steller Sea Lion Rookeries – ESA List (N = 38)



Steller Sea Lion Rookeries – Changes (-4 X, +5 \star)



Steller Sea Lion Rookeries – New List (N = 39)







E GULF: N = 4C GULF: N = 2WGULF: N = 4E ALEU: N = 7C ALEU: N = 2WALEU: N = 0BERING: N = 0 WDPS: N = 19 **RFRPA Haul-out Sites** Not Critical habitat but GLACIER CAPE HINCHINBROOK > 200 Non-pups in Breeding or \circ > 75 in Non-Breeding Seasons ORUGGED **O**STEEP POINT OSHAW OPERL OKAK MITROFANIA ORAT UNIMAK/CAPE SARICHEF SUSHILNOI ROCKS POLGA ROCKS NE UGAMAK/ROUND UNALASKA/BISHOP POINTO O OAIKTAK ROOTOK/EASTROOTOK UGAMAK/ROUND AMCHITKA/CAPE IVAKIN **OUNALASKA/CAPE IZIGAN** SAMALGA

E GULF: N = 0C GULF: N = 0WGULF: N = 0E ALEU: N = 1C ALEU: N = 1WALEU: N = 0BERING: N = 0 WDPS: N = 2**RFRPA Haulouts that Did Not Have** > 200 in Breeding Season > 100 in Non-Breeding Season Since 1990 AMCHITKA/CAPE IVAKIN SAMALGA

E GULF: N = 0C GULF: N = 2WGULF: N = 1 E ALEU: N = 0C ALEU: N = 2WALEU: N = 0BERING: N = 0 Non-RFRPA or Critical Habitat Haulouts WDPS: N = 5that Have Had > 200 in Breeding Season > 100 in Non-Breeding Season CELIZABETH/CAPE ELIZABET Since 1990 OUNGA/ACHEREDIN POINT **OSEMISOPOCHNOI/TUMAN POINT** and and the OTAGALAK

May - August (Breeding Season)





All Rookery and Haul-out Sites



Central Gulf of Alaska Survivorship and Fecundity Estimates

Model based on Pup/Non-pup Counts and Size Distribution



Central Gulf of Alaska Survivorship and Fecundity Estimates

- 12 different models using ivarious p life tables and assumptions regarding environmental variability
- Relative to 1976 rates (= 1) when population was stable or declining slightly has declined
- Estimates for other time periodsay [1983-87, d1988-92, -1993-97, fand 70s 1998-2004] relative to 1976

Adult survivorship increased



