Table 904. Total Electric Net Summer Capacity, All Sectors: 1990 to 2007

1995

99.5

21.4

93.9

78.6

10.3

6.7

3.5

1990

99.6

19.5

86.8

73.9

8.1

5.5

2.5

Source

Hydroelectric pumped storage . . . . . . .

Renewable energy, total . . . . . . . . . . .

/elect.html> (released 23 June 2008).

Conventional hydroelectric power . . .

[In million kilowatts (734.1 represents 734,100,000). Data are at end of year. For plants that use multiple sources of energy, capacity is assigned to the predominant energy sourcel

2000

97.9

19.5

94.9

79.4

10.0

6.1

3.9

2002

98 7

30.4

96.1

79.4

9.6

5.8

3.8

2003

99.2

20.5

96.8

78.7

9.6

5.9

3.8

2005

100.0

21.3

98.7

77.5

9.8

6.2

3.6

2004

996

20.8

96.4

77.6

9.7

6.2

3.5

2007 1

100.6

21.8

106.6

77.8

10.4

6.4

3.9

2006

100.3

21.5

101.9

77.8

10.1

6.4

3.7

Net summer capacity, total	734.1	769.5	811.7	905.3	948.4	962.9	978.0	986.2	998.8
Fossil fuels, total	527.8	554.2	598.9	689.5	731.2	745.4	757.1	761.6	769.0
Coal 2		311.4	315.1	315.4	313.0	313.0	313.4	313.0	313.6
Petroleum <sup>3</sup>	49.4	44.7	61.8	59.7	60.7	59.1	58.5	58.1	58.3
Natural gas 4	169.3	196.4	219.6	312.5	355.4	371.0	383.1	388.3	394.9
Dual fired <sup>5</sup>	113.6	122.0	149.8	162.3	171.3	172.2	174.7	(NA)	(NA)
Other gases 6	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	` 2.3	` 2.3

Geothermal...... 2.7 2.3 3.0 2.8 2.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.3 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.40.4 0.4 0.40.4 0.5 1.8 1.7 2.4 44 60 6.5 87 11.3 15.6 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.90.9 0.8 <sup>1</sup> Preliminary. <sup>2</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel. <sup>3</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil. 4 includes a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. <sup>5</sup> Petroleum and natural gas. <sup>6</sup> Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. 7 Wood and wood-derived fuels. 8 Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Also includes nonrenewable waste

<sup>(</sup>municipal solid waste from nonbiogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). 9 Solar thermal and photovoltaic energy, <sup>10</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies. Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Review 2007. See also <a href="http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer">http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer</a>