Iln quadrillion Btu (6.71 represents 6.710.000.000.000.000) For definition of Btu, see source and text, this section, Renewable energy is obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible, unlike fossil fuels of which there is a finite supply. 2007 1 Source and sector 1995 2000 2003 2004 2005 2006 6.26

2.81

6.15

2.82

0.04

0.23

6.44

2.70

0.03

0.35

6.92

2.87

0.48

6.26

2.69

0.30

6.83

2.46

0.02

0.63

6.71

3.21

0.05

0.11

Consumption, total

Conventional hydroelectric power 2

Hydroelectric ²

Transportation:

Table 891. Renewable Energy Consumption Estimates by Source: 1995 to 2007

Geothermal energy ³ Biomass ⁴ Solar energy ⁵ Wind energy ⁶	0.29	0.32	0.33	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.35
	3.10	3.01	2.82	3.02	3.15	3.37	3.61
	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.72	0.08
	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.14	0.18	0.26	0.32
Residential ⁷	0.59	0.49	0.47	0.48	0.53	0.50	0.56
	0.52	0.42	0.40	0.41	0.45	0.41	0.46
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02
	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07
Commercial ⁹ Biomass ⁴ Geothermal ³ Hydroelectric ²	0.12	0.13	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
	0.11	0.12	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10
	(Z)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	(Z)						
Industrial ¹⁰	1.99	1.93	1.73	1.86	1.88	2.00	2.03
	1.93	1.88	1.68	1.82	1.85	1.97	2.00
	(Z)						

Alcohol fuels 11....... 0.11 0.14 0.23 0.29 0.33 0.45 0.56 Electric power 12 3.89 3.58 3.60 3.50 3 57 3.83 3.50 0.42 0.450.400.39 0.410.410.430.28 0.30 0.30 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.31 3 15 2 77 2 78 2 66 2 67 2 84 2 44 0.01 0.010.010.01 0.010.01 ¹ Preliminary. Z Less than 5 trillion Btu.

0.04

0.14

² Power produced from natural stream flow as regulated by available storage. 3 As used at electric power plants, hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the Earth's crust that is supplied to steam turbines at electric power plants that drive generators to produce electricity. 4 Wood and wood-derived fuels, biomass waste, fuel ethanol, and biodiesel. ⁵ Solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation and solar thermal direct use ⁶ Energy present in wind motion that can be converted to mechanical energy for driving pumps, mills, and electric power generators. Wind pushes against sails, vanes, or blades radiating from a central rotating shaft. 17 Consists of living quarters for ⁸ The radiant energy of the sun, which can be converted into other private households, but excludes institutional living quarters. forms of energy, such as heat or electricity. ⁹ Consists of service-providing facilities and equipment of businesses, governments, and other private and public organizations. Includes institutional living quarters and sewage treatment facilities. Includes

commercial combined-heat-and-power and commercial electricity-only plants. 10 Consists of all facilities and equipment used for producing, processing, or assembling goods. Includes industrial combined-heat-and-power and industrial electricity-only plants. and heat to the public.

Ethanol primarily derived from corn. 12 Consists of electricity only and combined-heat-and-power plants who sell electricity Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Review, 2007. See also http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/renew.html (released 23 June 2008).