# News

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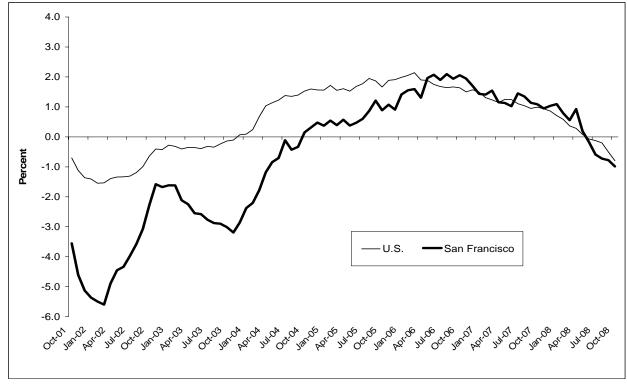
Internet address: <a href="http://www.bls.gov/ro9/news.htm">http://www.bls.gov/ro9/news.htm</a>

BLS 08-97 FOR RELEASE: Thursday, December 11, 2008

# SAN FRANCISCO AREA JOB COUNT IN OCTOBER 2008 DOWN 20,200 OVER THE YEAR

Total nonfarm employment for the San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont Metropolitan Statistical Area<sup>1</sup> stood at 2,029,500 in October 2008, down 20,200, or 1.0 percent, over the year, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. Nationally, nonfarm employment fell 0.8 percent from October 2007 to October 2008. Richard J. Holden, the Bureau's regional commissioner in San Francisco, noted that this was the fifth consecutive month of over-the-year declines in the Bay Area, following 44 consecutive months of over-the-year increases. (See chart A and table 1; Technical Note at end of release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over the year analysis is used throughout. Also, data in this release for October 2008 are preliminary.)

Chart A. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change in the United States and the San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont metropolitan area, October 2001-October 2008



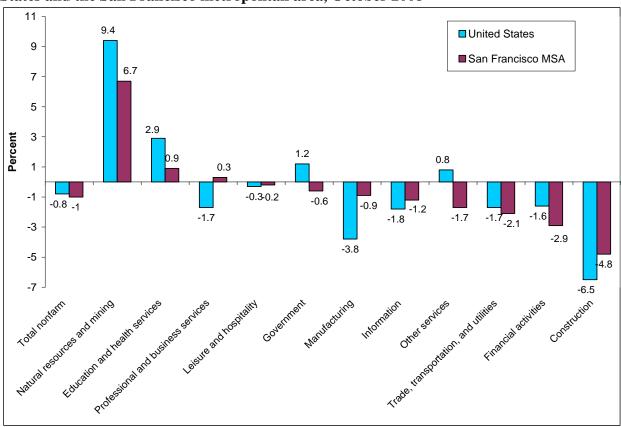
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, California Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties.

The San Francisco metropolitan area is comprised of two metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the larger metropolitan area. The two divisions each accounted for approximately half of the area's workforce in October 2008. While the Oakland-Fremont-Hayward Metropolitan Division lost 22,500 jobs from October a year ago, the San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City Metropolitan Division gained 2,300 jobs.

# **Industry Employment**

The trade, transportation, and utilities supersector and the construction supersector experienced the largest employment losses in the metropolitan area, down 7,600 and 5,800 over the year, respectively. The Oakland division was particularly hard hit, accounting for the majority of the job loss in trade, transportation and utilities and all of the job loss in construction. Overall, metropolitan area employment in the trade, transportation, and utilities activities supersector declined 2.1 percent and construction fell 4.8 percent. Nationally, employment in the two supersectors decreased 1.7 and 6.5 percent, respectively. (See table 1 and chart B.)

Chart B. Over-the-year percent change in employment by industry supersector, United States and the San Francisco metropolitan area, October 2008



Locally, employment in financial activities fell by 4,300 since last October, a 2.9-percent decrease. Additionally, government jobs fell by 2,100 or 0.6 percent over the past year. At the national level, financial activities declined more slowly at a 1.6-percent rate, while government added jobs, increasing at a 1.2-percent pace.

The manufacturing and other services supersectors each lost 1,300 jobs locally, contracting 0.9 percent and 1.7 percent, respectively. Nationally, the manufacturing supersector declined 3.8 percent, but other services grew 0.8 percent.

Two industries in the San Francisco area experienced over-the-year employment gains of more than 1,000. The education and health services supersector added 2,200 jobs from October

2007, growing at a 0.9-percent pace. Nationally, the education and health services supersector grew 2.9 percent. Professional and business services added 1,200 jobs in the Bay Area. All of the local area's growth in professional and business services occurred in the San Francisco division which added 2,500 jobs; in contrast, the Oakland division lost 1,300 jobs. Nationally, the professional and business services supersector fell 1.7 percent.

# **Employment in the 12 Largest Metropolitan Areas**

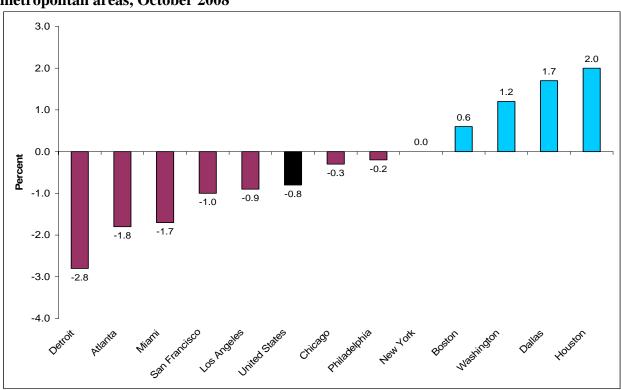
The San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont area is 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas. Seven of these 12 areas experienced over-the-year job losses, 4 added jobs, and 1 area registered no growth; nationally, employment declined 0.8 percent.

Those areas with over-the-year job losses were: Detroit-Warren-Livonia (-2.8 percent), Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta (-1.8 percent), Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach (-1.7 percent), San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont (-1.0 percent), Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana (-0.9 percent), Chicago-Naperville-Joliet (-0.3 percent), and Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington (-0.2 percent).

Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown registered the fastest rate of gain, up 2.0 percent, followed by Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, up 1.7 percent. The other two areas experiencing employment growth during the 12-month period were: Washington-Arlington-Alexandria (1.2 percent) and Boston-Cambridge-Quincy (0.6 percent). New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island registered no job growth. (See chart C.)

The largest declines in employment occurred in Detroit (-55,700) and Los Angeles (-50,600). Two other areas, Atlanta and Miami, lost more than 40,000 jobs. Houston, the area with the fastest rate of job growth in the nation in October 2008, also added the largest number of jobs over the year, 52,300, followed closely by Dallas with 50,000. Washington was third, adding 35,700 to its count.

Chart C. Over-the-year percent change in employment, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, October 2008



### **Technical Note**

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor in which State employment security agencies prepare the data using concepts, definitions, and technical procedures prescribed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## **Employment**

**Definitions.** Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

**Method of estimation.** The employment data are estimated using a "link relative" technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for the approximately 39 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

# Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

**Employment estimates.** Measures of sampling error are available for state CES data at the total nonfarm and supersector level and for metropolitan area CES data. Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/sae/.

**Area definitions**. The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on November 20, 2007. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at <a href="https://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/bulletins/fy2008/b08-01.pdf">www.whitehouse.gov/omb/bulletins/fy2008/b08-01.pdf</a>.

<u>The San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, Calif., Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)</u> includes Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties in California.

<u>The Oakland-Fremont-Hayward, Calif., Metropolitan Division (MD)</u> includes Alameda and Contra Costa Counties in California.

The San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City, Calif., Metropolitan Division (MD) includes Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties in California.

# **Additional information**

Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the CES program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/.

For personal assistance or further information on the Current Employment Statistics program, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the Western Information Office at 415-625-2270 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. PT.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry, United States and the San Francisco Oakland-Fremont metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Oct 2007	Aug 2008	Sept 2008	Oct 2008(p)	Change from Oct 2007 to October 2008	
				" /	Number	Percent
United States		-				
Total nonfarm	138,837	137,246	137,374	137,734	-1,103	-0.8
Natural resources and mining	736	806	807	805	69	9.4
Construction	7,767	7,465	7,350	7,264	-503	-6.
Manufacturing	13,821	13,519	13,440	13,291	-530	-3.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	26,690	26,331	26,194	26,226	-464	-1.7
Information	3,015	2,987	2,966	2,961	-54	-1.8
Financial activities	8,270	8,257	8,174	8,137	-133	-1.0
Professional and business services	18,232	18,022	17,938	17,930	-302	-1.
Education and health services	18,669	18,658	18,916	19,214	545	2.9
Leisure and hospitality	13,530	14,256	13,762	13,489	-41	-0.3
Other services	5,478	5,566	5,514	5,524	46	0.8
Government	22,629	21,379	22,313	22,893	264	1.3
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont MSA						
Total nonfarm	2049.7	2021.8	2026.6	2029.5	-20.2	-1.0
Natural resources and mining	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.1	6.7
Construction	120.9	116.9	116.1	115.1	-5.8	-4.8
Manufacturing	137.5	136.6	136.3	136.2	-1.3	-0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	360.8	353.4	353.3	353.2	-7.6	-2.
Information	68.2	67.9	67.5	67.4	-0.8	-1.2
Financial activities	150.5	146.9	146.4	146.2	-4.3	-2.9
Professional and business services	360.7	362.4	361.8	361.9	1.2	0.0
Education and health services	232.0	229.6	232.2	234.2	2.2	0.9
Leisure and hospitality	214.4	217.7	216.0	213.9	-0.5	-0.2
Other services	75.4	74.9	74.8	74.1	-1.3	-1.7
Government	327.8	313.9	320.6	325.7	-2.1	-0.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward, Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm	1052.7	1025.7	1028.7	1030.2	-22.5	-2.
	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.1	8.3
Natural resources and mining Construction	74.2	68.8	68.5	68.1	-6.1	-8.2
Manufacturing	93.3	92.2	91.9	91.7	-1.6	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	198.2	192.9	192.9	192.9	-5.3	-2.
Information	28.9	28.6	28.3	28.4	-0.5	-1.7
Financial activities	61.2	57.8	57.6	57.6	-3.6	-5.9
Professional and business services	156.3	155.5	155.2	155.0	-1.3	-0.8
Education and health services	125.6	124.6	125.8	126.3	0.7	0.0
Leisure and hospitality	87.2	88.2	87.2	86.4	-0.8	-0.9
Other services	36.5	35.9	35.7	35.1	-1.4	-3.8
Government	190.1	179.9	184.3	187.4	-2.7	-1.4
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City, Metropolitan Division						<u></u>
Total nonfarm	997.0	996.1	997.9	999.3	2.3	0.2
Natural resources and mining	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
Construction	46.7	48.1	47.6	47.0	0.3	0.0
Manufacturing	44.2	44.4	44.4	44.5	0.3	0.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	162.6	160.5	160.4	160.3	-2.3	-1.4
Information	39.3	39.3	39.2	39.0	-0.3	-0.8
Financial activities	89.3	89.1	88.8	88.6	-0.7	-0.8
Professional and business services	204.4	206.9	206.6	206.9	2.5	1.
Education and health services	106.4	105.0	106.4	107.9	1.5	1.
Leisure and hospitality	127.2	129.5	128.8	127.5	0.3	0.
Other services	38.9	39.0	39.1	39.0	0.3	0.
Government	137.7	134.0	136.3	138.3	0.6	0.

<sup>(</sup>p) Preliminary.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Oct 2007	Aug 2008	Sept 2008	Oct 2008(p)	Change from Oct 2007 to October 2008	
					Number	Percent
United States						
Total nonfarm	138,837	137,246	137,374	137,734	-1,103	-0.8
Natural resources and mining	736	806	807	805	69	9.
Construction	7,767	7,465	7,350	7,264	-503	-6.
Manufacturing	13,821	13,519	13,440	13,291	-530	-3.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	26,690	26,331	26,194	26,226	-464	-1.
Information	3,015	2,987	2,966	2,961	-54	-1.
Financial activities	8,270	8,257	8,174	8,137	-133	-1.
Professional and business services	18,232	18,022	17,938	17,930	-302	-1.
Education and health services	18,669	18,658	18,916	19,214	545	2.9
Leisure and hospitality	13,530	14,256	13,762	13,489	-41	-0.
Other services	5,478	5,566	5,514	5,524	46	0.
Government	22,629	21,379	22,313	22,893	264	1.:
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-						
NJ-PA					1	
Total nonfarm	8,647.6	8,587.5	8,602.4	8,648.8	1.2	0.
Natural resources, mining, and construction	374.8	378.8	377.9	373.0	-1.8	-0.
Manufacturing	448.3	429.7	431.8	428.8	-19.5	-4.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,627.8	1,601.5	1,614.2	1,622.7	-5.1	-0.
Information	291.3	295.6	293.4	293.0	1.7	0.0
Financial activities	795.9	791.6	780.4	776.4	-19.5	-2.
Professional and business services	1,316.7	1,323.5	1,316.2	1,319.4	2.7	0.
Education and health services	1,464.9	1,430.1	1,458.4	1,484.7	19.8	1.
Leisure and hospitality	652.5	695.3	678.1	661.8	9.3	1.
Other services	371.8	376.4	376.0	376.2	4.4	1.:
Government	1,303.6	1,265.0	1,276.0	1,312.8	9.2	0.
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA						
Total nonfarm	5,639.9	5,543.8	5,572.7	5,589.3	-50.6	-0.9
Natural resources and mining	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.
Construction	259.2	250.0	248.8	246.7	-12.5	-4.
Manufacturing	622.2	614.0	612.2	608.7	-13.5	-2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,101.7	1,080.9	1,081.4	1,081.6	-20.1	-1.
Information	236.9	238.6	242.0	242.4	5.5	2.3
Financial activities	365.6	351.7	348.9	348.1	-17.5	-4.
Professional and business services	880.7	870.7	868.0	866.9	-13.8	-1.
Education and health services	641.1	627.3	645.4	655.1	14.0	2.
Leisure and hospitality	572.0	580.9	575.5	573.4	1.4	0.
Other services	195.9	196.0	196.8	196.5	0.6	0.3
Government	759.6	728.7	748.7	764.9	5.3	0.
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI						
Total nonfarm	4,588.5	4,585.0	4,587.6	4,576.1	-12.4	-0.
Natural resources and mining	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.1	4.
Construction	222.1	218.4	215.8	212.6	-9.5	-4.:
Manufacturing	481.9	477.2	476.1	474.0	-7.9	-1.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	931.6	933.5	931.7	931.1	-0.5	-0.
Information	91.1	90.9	90.2	90.1	-1.0	-1.
Financial activities	327.4	326.6	324.1	323.2	-4.2	-1.
Professional and business services	755.8	759.5	759.9	756.1	0.3	0.
Education and health services	597.4	593.3	600.5	605.8	8.4	1.
Leisure and hospitality	407.2	426.0	417.9	408.5	1.3	0.
		222 =	400.0	400.0	0.0	
Other services	198.6	203.7	199.6	199.2	0.6	0.

(p) Preliminary.

 $Table\ 2.\ Employees\ on\ nonfarm\ payrolls\ by\ industry,\ 12\ largest\ metropolitan\ areas,\ not$ 

seasonally adjusted (continued)

Area and Industry	Oct Aug		Sept	Oct	Change from Oct	
	2007	2008	2008	2008(p)	2007 to October 2008	
					Number	Percent
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-		•	*	•		
WV						
Total nonfarm	3,005.2	3,025.7	3,030.7	3,040.9	35.7	1.2
Natural resources, mining, and construction	185.0	183.4	181.5	180.0	-5.0	-2.
Manufacturing	61.9	61.9	61.8	61.2	-0.7	-1.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	403.8	404.3	401.7	404.3	0.5	0.
Information	92.4	91.9	91.1	90.0	-2.4	-2.0
Financial activities	157.0	156.7	155.2	153.8	-3.2	-2.0
Professional and business services	681.3	695.4	691.4	692.3	11.0	1.0
Education and health services	334.6	328.8	340.1	344.5	9.9	3.0
Leisure and hospitality	254.0	266.0	259.0	255.4	1.4	0.0
Other services	180.9	187.9	188.2	189.1	8.2	4.
Government	654.3	649.4	660.7	670.3	16.0	2.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX						
Total nonfarm	2,976.5	3,013.3	3,019.6	3,026.5	50.0	1.7
Natural resources, mining, and construction	193.2	201.0	200.9	197.4	4.2	2.2
Manufacturing	296.6	293.4	292.6	291.1	-5.5	-1.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	628.4	635.5	635.5	639.4	11.0	1.8
Information	89.9	88.9	87.5	87.9	-2.0	-2.2
Financial activities	233.9	238.2	237.5	237.2	3.3	1.4
Professional and business services	446.1	447.9	446.1	448.2	2.1	0.9
Education and health services	323.5	333.2	335.5	337.7	14.2	4.4
Leisure and hospitality	280.5	294.8	291.6	290.8	10.3	3.7
Other services	107.7	111.3	110.5	109.9	2.2	2.0
Government	376.7	369.1	381.9	386.9	10.2	2.
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmingon, PA-NJ-DE-MD	•	•	•	•	•	
Total nonfarm	2,835.6	2,796.7	2,809.3	2,830.3	-5.3	-0.2
Natural resources, mining, and construction	132.2	130.4	128.5	127.1	-5.1	-3.9
Manufacturing	218.8	215.0	213.9	213.3	-5.5	-2.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	535.3	526.9	527.1	530.3	-5.0	-0.9
Information	57.9	57.5	57.6	57.3	-0.6	-1.0
Financial activities	218.5	217.0	213.8	213.6	-4.9	-2.2
Professional and business services	434.0	436.1	434.5	437.7	3.7	0.9
Education and health services	534.2	523.9	534.0	542.7	8.5	1.6
Leisure and hospitality	222.8	233.7	226.5	223.9	1.1	0.9
Other services	125.1	124.9	124.1	124.8	-0.3	-0.2
Government	356.8	331.3	349.3	359.6	2.8	0.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX					- 1	-
Total nonfarm	2,582.6	2,617.1	2,627.3	2,634.9	52.3	2.0
Natural resources and mining	86.0	91.9	91.4	92.4	6.4	7.4
Construction	199.0	203.1	202.9	204.1	5.1	2.0
Manufacturing	235.1	237.5	236.9	235.3	0.2	0.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	524.8	533.7	531.2	533.1	8.3	1.6
Information	36.8	36.9	36.5	36.4	-0.4	-1.1
Financial activities	145.9	148.7	148.8	148.4	2.5	1.
Professional and business services	388.8	395.4	395.4	397.1	8.3	2.
Education and health services	288.0	292.6	294.4	295.4	7.4	2.
Leisure and hospitality	228.7	237.4	233.3	230.9	2.2	1.
Other services	93.8	96.5	95.9	95.0	1.2	1.3
Government	355.7	343.4	360.6	366.8	11.1	3.

(p) Preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not

seasonally adjusted (continued)

Area and Industry	Oct 2007	Aug 2008	Sept 2008	Oct 2008(p)	Change from Oct 2007 to October 2008	
					Number	Percent
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH						
Total nonfarm	2,504.7	2,491.8	2,513.7	2,519.6	14.9	0.
Natural resources and mining	1.1 102.9	1.2 103.4	1.1 101.3	1.1 98.8	0.0 -4.1	0. -4.
Construction Manufacturing	221.1	220.1	219.4	218.7	-4.1	-4. -1.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	419.4	416.8	416.5	418.0	-1.4	-0.
Information	75.2	74.8	74.1	74.3	-0.9	-1.:
Financial activities	188.7	190.0	186.9	186.3	-2.4	-1.3
Professional and business services	413.3	424.6	422.0	422.6	9.3	2.
Education and health services	472.1	463.2	475.3	483.6	11.5	2.
Leisure and hospitality Other services	219.1 88.1	233.9 90.2	226.5 87.6	221.7 87.3	2.6 -0.8	1.: -0.:
Government	303.7	273.6	303.0	307.2	3.5	1.:
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	000.1	270.0	000.0	001.2	0.0	
Total nonfarm	2,479.5	2,450.5	2,434.1	2,434.7	-44.8	-1.3
Natural resources and mining	2,479.5	2,430.3	2,434.1	2,434.7	-0.1	-4.0
Construction	140.1	132.0	128.1	126.7	-13.4	-9.0
Manufacturing	175.3	168.0	166.7	164.8	-10.5	-6.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	566.1	560.2	556.6	557.3	-8.8	-1.0
Information	88.0	88.3	88.0	88.1	0.1	0.
Financial activities	161.8 414.3	159.9 410.9	158.7 406.0	159.3 404.5	-2.5 -9.8	-1.5 -2.4
Professional and business services Education and health services	259.0	261.2	262.6	267.1	-9.6 8.1	3.
Leisure and hospitality	236.5	240.4	236.8	233.2	-3.3	-1. <sub>4</sub>
Other services	99.3	98.4	97.1	97.2	-2.1	-2.
Government	336.6	328.8	331.1	334.1	-2.5	-0.
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL						
Total nonfarm	2,431.6	2,390.3	2,388.1	2,391.1	-40.5	-1.
Natural resources and mining	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Construction	155.1	137.7	137.3	135.6	-19.5	-12.6
Manufacturing	95.1	91.4	91.4	90.9	-4.2	-4.4 -2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities Information	545.1 51.7	536.4 50.8	532.7 50.3	534.3 50.1	-10.8 -1.6	-2.0 -3.
Financial activities	180.0	172.9	171.7	171.9	-8.1	-4.
Professional and business services	397.7	389.5	387.9	387.2	-10.5	-2.
Education and health services	323.4	327.2	331.1	332.6	9.2	2.0
Leisure and hospitality	251.8	251.5	250.6	253.1	1.3	0.
Other services	101.0	101.1	101.5	101.7	0.7	0.7
Government	330.0	331.1	332.9	333.0	3.0	0.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA  Total nonfarm	2.049.7	2.021.8	2.026.6	2.029.5	-20.2	-1.0
Natural resources and mining	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.1	6.
Construction	120.9	116.9	116.1	115.1	-5.8	-4.
Manufacturing	137.5	136.6	136.3	136.2	-1.3	-0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	360.8	353.4	353.3	353.2	-7.6	-2.
Information	68.2	67.9	67.5	67.4	-0.8	-1.2
Financial activities Professional and business services	150.5 360.7	146.9 362.4	146.4 361.8	146.2 361.9	-4.3 1.2	-2.9 0.0
Education and health services	232.0	229.6	232.2	234.2	2.2	0.9
Leisure and hospitality	214.4	217.7	216.0	213.9	-0.5	-0.2
Other services	75.4	74.9	74.8	74.1	-1.3	-1.
Government	327.8	313.9	320.6	325.7	-2.1	-0.0
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	4.004.4	4 000 0	4.005.4	4 000 =	I	
Total nonfarm	1,964.4 74.7	1,896.3 67.1	1,905.1 65.0	1,908.7	-55.7	-2. -13
Natural resources, mining, and construction  Manufacturing	246.2	229.3	229.4	64.5 230.2	-10.2 -16.0	-13. <sup>-</sup>
Trade, transportation, and utilities	366.1	357.6	356.6	357.0	-10.0	-0. -2.
Information	33.6	32.7	32.4	32.3	-1.3	-3.
Financial activities	109.5	108.9	106.6	105.6	-3.9	-3.
Professional and business services	351.1	343.7	341.7	339.1	-12.0	-3.
Education and health services	281.2	281.2	282.5	284.9	3.7	1.
Leisure and hospitality	183.2	187.1	183.2	181.1	-2.1	-1.
Other services	87.4	86.3	85.8	85.6	-1.8	-2.
Government	231.4	202.4	221.9	228.4	-3.0	-1.

<sup>(</sup>p) Preliminary.