#### BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

#### STATISTICAL RESEARCH DIVISION REPORT SERIES

SRD Research Report Number: CENSUS/SRD/RR-82/09

EXAMPLES OF SOME ADJUSTMENT METHODOLOGIES

APPLIED TO THE 1980 CENSUS

by

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Statistical Research Division

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Recommended by: Myron J. Katzoff

Report completed: October 8, 1982

Report issued: October 8, 1982

DRAFT October 8, 1982

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#### Introduction

The goal of this project was to construct and implement several adjustment procedures on 1980 census data. Given the tight schedule of the project, it was arbitrarily decided to focus on adjustment of total population at the county level and to use simple methods of adjustment. These criteria led the group to the development of synthetic and regression methods of estimation and to the use of the particular data files to be described.

The project originated in mid-June, 1982 at which time the estimation methods were developed. However, it was not until mid-August that any of the data files were available for our use. One particular file, the PEP first-cut file, consists of the April CPS sample only and it was used in our work only because we were not certain when the final PEP file (April and August CPS samples) would be available.

This report consists of a section summarizing the adjustment methods used. It also contains four attachments. The summary section describes the adjustment methods and documents the data sources used. Briefly, method Al utilizes demographic estimates of the population at the U.S. level with three different assumptions as to the size of the illegal persons segment. Methods B1 and B4 utilize the PEP estimates at the state and regional levels. Both methods B1 and B4 as well as method A1 are synthetic estimators. Methods C1, C2, and C3 are variants of regression models. PEP state data are regressed on independent variables tabulated from the 1980 census as well as variables collected annually from the states.

Attachment I describes some estimation detail regarding methods B1 and B4 while Attachment II lists the regression variables available. Attachment III provides various summaries of the estimates by method and some summary statistics related to the variables used. Attachment IV consists of Minitab computer printouts that relate to methods C1 and C2.

#### Summary of Methodology

#### A. Summary of Method Al Methodology

The following is intended to describe and document the methodology and sources used to estimate total population by county in the 1980 census by utilizing 1980 demographic estimates at the U.S. level. The demographic estimates were available by age-race-sex cells for the legal population only. Assumptions as to the size of the illegal population as well as its age-race-sex distribution were made. Once the demographic estimates were adjusted to include the illegal population, a simple synthetic estimator was used to derive the required 1980 total population for each county.

#### I. Sources used

- A. 1980 Census publication PC 80-S1-1; At the U.S. level this publication provides an age-race-sex distribution into 18 five year age groups (<5, 5 to 9, 10 to 14,..., 80 to 84 and 85+) by five race groups (White, Black, American Indian, Eskimo and Aleut, Asian and Pacific Islander and Other) and by sex.
- B. Population Division's internal file (POP\*M1COUZ); at the county level this file contains an age-race/ethnicity-sex distribution in single year age groups by six race categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic and by sex. The data are special tabulations from the 1980 census and are consistent with tabulations in published volumes of the 1980 census.

The race categories in the file were White, Black, American Indian, India Indian, other specified and other non-specified.

- the cards contained an age-race-sex distribution of the total U.S. population excluding illegal aliens. There were 18 age categories (<5, 5 to 9,..., 80 to 84, 85<sup>+</sup>) by two race groups (Black, Non-Black) by sex.
- United States, Agenda Item B, November 1981, ASA Census Advisory Committee" by Robert Warren, Population Division; At the U.S. level the document provided an estimated distribution of illegal aliens by age-sex. The 14 age groupings were (<5, 5 to 9,..., 60 to 64 and 65<sup>+</sup>).

#### II. Modification of sources

Prior to implementing the synthetic estimation method, it was necessary to obtain an age-race-sex distribution of the illegal alien population at the U.S. level and merge the results with that in Source C (1980 Demographic estimates). The age-race-sex distribution of the illegal population was obtained in the following manner:

<sup>1.</sup> Using Source D, the distribution of the 65<sup>+</sup> illegal population was assumed to be similar to that of the 65<sup>+</sup> legal population by sex. Hence, if in Source C there were a, b, c, d and e numbers of males in age groups (65 to 69, 70 to 74, 75 to 79, 80 to 84 and 85<sup>+</sup>) respectively, and 24,000 males in the 65<sup>+</sup> age category in Source D,

the 24,000 illegal were assigned to their age groups by using the ratios a/(a+b+...+e), b/(a+b+...+e), etc.

- 2. It was somewhat arbitrarily decided to assume that there were five million illegal aliens in 1980 and that five percent were Black and 95 percent Non-Black. As Source D illustrated a level of 2.5 million illegal, the age-sex cell entries were ratio adjusted to reflect the five million level. In Attachment III, other levels of illegal aliens are also assumed.
- 3. Finally, assuming that the age-race-sex distribution of the illegal population was similar to that in Source C, the age-race-sex distribution in Source C was raked to the age-sex and race marginals provided in step 2 above.

Once step 3 was completed a merged age-race-sex table consisting of Source C and the output of step 3 was obtained. We refer to this table as the adjusted 1980 demographic analysis estimates. The detail in this table is that of Source C. In order to apply the synthetic method, Source B county level age groups were collapsed to comparable five year intervals and age/ethnicity groups were collapsed so that the Hispanic-Black and Non-Hispanic-Black categories jointly comprised the Black group and the remaining categories were collapsed and designated as the Non-Black group.

#### III. Synthetic estimator Al

Let

D(i,j,k) = number of persons in age group i, race j and sex k in the adjusted 1980 demographic analysis estimate.

 $C_m(i,j,k)$  = number of persons in age group i, race j and sex k in the related Source B collapsed file for county m.

(The index i ranges from age groups <5, 5 to 9,..., 80 to 84 and  $85^+$ . The index j ranges over Black and Non-Black).

The synthetic estimator of total population for county m under method Al is  $\tilde{P}_{m} = \sum_{(i,j,k)} C_{m}(i,j,k) \left[ D(i,j,k) / \sum_{m \in U.S.} C_{m}(i,j,k) \right]$ 

where

and

#### B. Summary of methods B1 and B4

The following is intended to describe and document the methodology and sources used to estimate total population by county in the 1980 census by utilizing the 1980 Post Enumeration Program (PEP) estimates at the regional and state level. The PEP provided 1980 estimates of the institutional (prisons, mental institutions, etc.) population by age-sex and by race at the U.S. level and 1980 estimates of the non-institutional population by age-race-sex at the state level. While the U.S. level was used as a geographic control in Method Al, in methods Bl and B4 the state was used as the geographic control. Both methods Bl and B4 require the PEP estimate of institutional population be allocated to the state level.

#### I. Sources used

A. 1980 PEP First cut estimates (April CPS); This data file provides an age-race/ethnicity-sex distribution of the non-institutional population by state. There are 18 age groups (0 to 4, 5 to 9,..., 80 to 84, 85†) and 10 race/ethnicity categories (Hispanic by White, Black, Asian and Pacific Islander, American Indian, Eskimo-Aleut, and other; Non-Hispanic by White, Black,..., Other). As a part of the PEP, estimates of the age-sex and race distributions of the institutional population at the U.S. level were obtained. The distributions did not have the level of detail required and adjustments were made to obtain the detail necessary at the regional level. In addition, the file contains an age-race/ethnicity-sex distribution of the non-institutionalized population by state derived from the 1980 Population Census.

B. 1980 Census STF2B (internal file); At the county level this file contains an age-race/ethnicity-sex distribution in single year age groups by 8 race/ethnicity groups (Hispanic by White, Black, American Indian etc. and Asian and Pacific combined and other; Non-Hispanic by White, Black, etc.) by sex.

#### II. Modification of sources

Method B1 parallels method A1 in that it is a synthetic method of estimation and that a component of the population must first be included in the margin controls (institutional population versus illegal aliens). In method B1, 1980 Census county population estimates are derived by controlling to PEP state estimates of age-race/ethnicity-sex. The 10 race/ethnicity categories in the non-institutional population under PEP are collapsed to 8 by combining the Asian, etc. category with the American Indian, etc. category within both Hispanic and non-Hispanic. This is done so that the race/ethnicity categories in both sources (PEP non-institutional and 1980 census) are compatible. Single year age categories on source B are grouped to be equivalent to the 18 age categories in source A. Given the above, the following modification of sources was completed.

- 1. For each state and age-race/ethnicity-sex cell the difference between the total population in source B and the 1980 census non-institutional population data in source A was obtained. Refer to the data in the cells as differences and denote by  $D_1(i,j,k)$ , (see below).
- 1a. At this stage the PEP estimates of the institutional population at the U.S. level are broken down by age-race/ethnicity-sex within each region. The method used is detailed in Attachment I.

- 2. For each region, the differences by age-race/ethnicity-sex cells of each state in the region obtained in step 1 above are ratio adjusted to the regional PEP estimates of the institutional population by age-race/ethnicity-sex cell (derived in step 1a. above). For example, if
  - $D_1(i,j,k)$  denotes the differences for state 1 in cell (i,j,k)
  - $PEP_{R}(i,j,k)$  denote the PEP regional estimates of the institutional population in cell (i,j,k) (derived in step la. above) and
    - $\sum\limits_{l \in R} \ D_1(i,j,k)$  denotes the sum over all states 1 in region R, leR

the ration adjusted difference for cell (i,j,k) in state 1 is  $RD_1(i,j,k) = D_1(i,j,k) \left[ PEP_R(i,j,k) \right] / \left[ \sum_{l \in R} D_1(i,j,k) \right].$ 

3. Obtain a combined total population PEP estimate for cell (i,j,k) for state 1 by adding RD<sub>1</sub>(i,j,k) obtained above to the non-institutional PEP estimate for cell (i,j,k) for state 1.
Denote this combined variable CPEP<sub>1</sub>(i,j,k).

Method B4 utilizes a combined total population (institutional and non-institutional) regional distribution by age-race-ethnicity-sex from PEP.

For each state 1, the cells in the regional table are raked to age, race, ethnicity, and sex marginals defined respectively as

and 
$$\sum CPEP_{1}(i,j,j,k)$$
.  $(i,j,j)$ 

Hence, in B4, the age/ethnicity category j was split into the separate categories race (White, Black, Asian and Pacific Islander, Eskimo, etc. and Other) and ethnicity (Hispanic, non-Hispanic). Denote the resulting raked cells by  $RPEP_1(i,j,j,k)$ . The county estimates of total population are obtained synthetically by ratio adjustment of the 1980 census count to the  $RPEP_1(i,j,j,k)$  and summation over cells (i,j,j,k).

#### III. Synthetic estimators B1 and B4

The estimator of total population for county m in state 1 under method B1 is  $\tilde{P}_{m},_{1},$  where

$$\bar{P}_{m,1} = \sum_{(i,j,k)} C_m(i,j,k) [CPEP_1(i,j,k)/\sum_{m \in I} C_m(i,j,k)]$$

and

denotes summation over all counties m in state 1 for a mel fixed cell (i,j,k).

The estimator of total population for county m in state 1 under method B4 is  $\tilde{P}_{m,1}$ , where

$$\tilde{P}_{m,1} = \sum_{(i,j,j,k)} C_m(i,j,j,k) [RPEP_1(i,j,j,k)/\sum_{m \in I} C_m(i,j,j,k)].$$

#### C. Summary of methods C1, C2, and C3

The following is intended to describe and document the methodology and sources used to estimate total population by county in the 1980 census by utilizing 1980 Post Enumeration Program (PEP) estimates at the state level. The three methods C1, C2, and C3 are the results of variants in regression models assumed. All county estimates resulting from C1, C2 and C3 are raked to their respective PEP estimated state population estimates.

#### I. Sources used

A. 1980 PEP first cut estimates (April CPS) of state total non-institutional population. To the state estimate was added a synthetically derived state total institutional population based on PEP estimates by age-sex, race, regional, etc., at the U.S. level. Essentially, this sum was the state PEP estimate of total population used in method B1.

Variance estimates of PEP state estimates were also used.

- B. 1980 census STF2B (internal file); 1980 census state and county information was obtained from this file and used in constructing the variables given in Attachment II.
- C. Population Division's internal file; this file provided county level data such as births, deaths, medicare, that are usually obtained from the individual states.

#### II. Regression estimators C1, C2 and C3

All three regression methods outlined below assume a linear model

 $y = X\beta + e$ 

where the dependent variable y is the ratio of the PEP estimate of state total population to the corresponding 1980 census population. The set of potential independent variables considered are given in Attachment II. In developing the first two methods, C1 and C2, the step-wise regression subroutine in Minitab was used. The output is attached. The third method, C3, uses the same independent variables in methods C1 and C2 and assumes a normal distribution on e with a different variance-covariance structure than C1 or C2.

All three methods assume that the regression equation developed with respect to "state ratios" will apply to predicting county ratios. No finer geographic detail in the PEP estimates (state level) were available to us. Due to the high correlation among some of the independent variables it was necessary to remove some of the variables from model C1 below. No other attempt was made to investigate for further multi-collinearity. The variables removed were C4, C5, C10, C11, C12, and C14-C18. These variables are defined in Attachment II.

#### 1. Method C1

Under this method, the linear model assumed is  $y = X\beta + e$  where  $e \sim (0, \sigma^2 I)$ . Using the step-wise regression subroutine with an F to enter and F to remove value of 1.5 (see Attachment IV), five variables were allowed to enter. Given the observations by E. Ericksen (JASA, 1974) that a reasonable number of independent variables to use in his sample regression method was about three or four, it was decided to use the prediction equation

$$Y_i = .807 + 1.19 X_{1i} - 5.17 X_{2i} + .216 X_{3i}$$
 (a) (C24).

where  $6^2 = .000225$ .

Various summary measures via Minitab are appended to this report including the step-wise regression report and the usual analysis of variance tables for the three independent variables model above. Using (a) above, county predicted total population estimates were derived and are summarized under "method C1."

#### 2. Method C2

Under this method, the linear model assumed is

$$y = XB + e$$
 where  $e \sim (0, \sigma^2D)$ 

where  $\underline{D}$  is a diagonal variance-covariance matrix whose elements are the estimated variances of y from the PEP.

Transforming the elements of  $\chi$  and  $\chi$  by dividing each by the appropriate diagonal element (to its one half power), the step-wise regression routine with the same F to enter and F to remove value of 1.5 was used. The step-wise regression routine of Minitab does not allow weighted regression. Consequently, the step-wise routine was applied using the transformed data under a model in which the constant term in the original linear model above was the regression coefficient of the transformed column of ones. (In Attachment IV, step-wise regression, the transformed variable is denoted C35.) The resulting estimated  $\beta$  are the weighted least squares estimates. The following prediction equation

$$Y_i = 1.048 + 4.296 X_{1i} - .464 X_{2i} - 3.284 X_{3i} - .268 X_{4i}$$
(C14) (C1) (C23) (C17) (b)

where  $\sigma^2 = 1.647$ 

was decided upon for reasons listed for model C1.

Various summary measures via Minitab are appended to this report and the results pertaining to method C2 are presented under the section termed weighted regression. The equation in (b) was used to produce county predicted total population estimates and summarized under "method C2."

#### Method C3

Under this method, the linear model assumed is

$$y = XB + g$$
 where  $g \sim (0, \sigma^2I + D)$ 

where  $\underline{D}$  is as described in the section on method C2. Furthermore, it is assumed that  $\underline{e}$  has a multivariate normal distribution. An iterative procedure was used to obtain maximum likelihood estimators of  $\underline{\beta}$  and  $\sigma^2$  given the independent variables C14, C1, C23, C17, C7 and C24. These variables were used because no step-wise procedure was available for this estimation method. The resulting prediction equation is

$$y_i = .816 - .503 X_{1i} + .594 X_{2i} + 4.596 X_{3i} - .221 X_{4i}$$
 $(C1)$ 
 $(C7)$ 
 $(C14)$ 
 $(C17)$ 
 $(C17)$ 
 $(C17)$ 

and  $^{\circ}2 = .0000191$ .

The range of the elements of  $\underline{D}$  is .0000134 to .000665. The equation in (c) was used to produce county predicted total population estimates and summarized under "method C3".

#### Attachment I.

#### Modification of PEP Institutional Population Estimates

Dual system estimates (PEP) of the institutional population are available at the following level of detail --

- I. Sex by 6 age group categories (<15, 15 to 24, 25 to 34, 35 to 44, 45 to 64 and 65  $^+$ ) for the U.S.
- II. 3 race groups (White, Black, Other) for the U.S.
- III. 4 regions (Northeast, West, North Central, South)

The dual system estimates for the above categories are given at the end of this attachment.

We require the following level of detail -- region by sex by 18 age groups by 8 race/ethnicity cells.

To obtain the level of detail, the census institutional population was used in a manner similar to the use of the census population in obtaining the distribution of illegal persons in Method Al.

The appropriate total population by age-race-sex cells from the STF2B file was diminished by the 1980 Population Census non-institutionalized population count on the PEP file. Some of the resulting entries were negative. This was felt to be caused by the 1980 Population Census non-institutionalized population count on the PEP file. The count on the PEP

file were preliminary numbers while the data on STF2B were final published figures. Given the tight schedule at hand, it was decided to convert all negative counts to zero. Using the resulting Census distribution (region x age-race-sex) detailed PEP marginal data was obtained in the following manner --

Let the derived distribution above of institutionalized persons be denoted  $IC_r(i,j,k)$  for region r. Then,

1. age-sex (i,k) -->

[PEP total U.S. institutional (iUi',.,k)] x

where U denotes union.

2. race/ethnicity (.,j,.) -->

For part 1., more than 2 age categories may be collapsed. For example, <15 must be broken into <5, 5 to 9, 10 to 14 implying 3 categories. In part 2., the institutional PEP Other category must be broken into the 4 categories -- Hispanic Asian, Indian, etc.; Non-Hispanic Asian, Indian, etc.; Hispanic Other; and Non-Hispanic Other. The white and black PEP institutional marginal must be subdivided by the subcategory Hispanic/Non-Hispanic which together with the race/ ethnicity categories above totals the eight race/ethnicity categories needed.

We have thus obtained the full marginal distributions for sex by age, race/ethnicity, and region. These marginals were then raked (using the census institutional population as the starting values) to obtain the PEP institutional age-race/ethnicity-sex by region population estimates which were used in Methods B1 and B4.

#### Institutional - U.S. Dual System Estimates

Total Races	DSE*	(1- C/DSE)x100	SE
Both Sexes	2,631,208	4.73%	1.9%
0-14	54,183	-39.97%	11.2%
15-24	421,217	13.62%	4.6%
25-34	298,997	3.69%	5.8%
35-44	168,747	16.20%	8.3%
44-65	347,753	16.46%	4.7%
65+	1,340,311	51%	1.3%
Male	1,327,326	6.90%	2.4%
0-14	34,288	-45.03%	14.4%
15-24	358,993	16.97%	5.3%
25-34	245,994	3.29%	6.4%
35-44	115,965	8.93%	9.7%
44-65	204,156	16.01%	6.5%
65+	367,930	-1.37%	1.4%
<u>Female</u>	1,303,882	2.53%	1.7%
0-14	19,895	-31.25%	16.2%
15-24	62,224	-5.72%	9.4%
25-34	53,003	5.51%	13.1%
35-44	52,782	32.18%	15.8%
44-65	143,597	17.10%	6.5%
65+	972,381	18%	1.8%
White	2,117,344	4.45%	1.9%
Nonwhite	513,864	5.89%	4.2%
Black	487,380	7.80%	4.3%

<sup>\*</sup>DSE's are sum of Regions by Age, Race, Sex

# PEP Regional Estimates of Total Institutionalized Persons

1.	Northeast		636,355
2.	West		461,852
3.	North Central		735,284
4.	South	Total	797,717

## Attachment II

#### Format of DIM-REG-S.

	Variable name	,	Card #	Column
adjuste	dentifier <u>1/</u> d DSE/census count justed DSE/census cou	unt)	1 2 "	I6 F10.8
C2) C3) C4) C5)	roportion " " " " "	independent variables  2/ Hispanic Black White White- non-Hispanic Black- non-Hispanic	3	F10.8
C7) C8) C9) C10)	H H H	persons in houses with 1.01 or more persons, room substitutions Hispanic substitutions Black "White white non-Hispanic	/	11 18 18 14
C12) C13) C14) C15) C16) C17)	69 61 61 61 81	substitutions Black- non-Hispanic substitutions allocations Hispanic allocations Black " White " White- non-Hispanic	5	11 11 11 11
C18) C19) C20) C21)		allocations Black- non-Hispanic allocations		11 11 11

<sup>1/</sup> The adjusted DSE variable is the estimated total population for the state used in method B1. It is equal to the sum of the PEP dual system estimate of the non-institutionalized persons for the state plus a synthetically derived estimate of the institutionalized persons in the state based on data from the PEP.

<sup>2/</sup> Independent variables C1 through C18 and C25 through C29 were obtained from the STF2B files and are available for all 3,137 counties in the U.S.

<sup>3/</sup> The 1980 provisional estimate in variable C20 was obtained from Population Division. Variables C19 through C24 are not available for all counties in Alaska and one in Hawaii.

Data components in C19 through C24 were obtained from Population Division. School enrollment refers to public school enrollment of students aged 6.25 to 14.25.

	Variable name Ca	ard #	Column
	independent variables		
C22)	1979 births/1980 census ages 0-1		11 M
C23) C24)	1979 deaths/1980 census 1979 medicare/1980 census ages 66+		H
C25)	<pre>proportion vacant housing units proportion occupied housing units with    1.01 or more persons/room</pre>	6	*
C27)	proportion year-round housing units which share an address or mobile home or trailer	r	•
C28)	proportion persons substituted for non-inte	erview	H
C29)	proportion housing units allocated vacant but not substituted		Ħ

#### Attachment III

County and state summaries for methods A1, B1, B4, C1, C2, and C3.

	Pages
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Table Al. population and 1980 census county percent Black\* Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county

# Percent Black

500,000 + Total	100,000 to 250,000 250,000 to 500,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to 5,000	1980 Census County Population
1.0132 1.0132 1506 1.0112	59 1.0132 7 1.0133	119 1.0124	259 1.0118	509 1.0109	306 1.0105	245 1.0107	0 to 1
19 1.0144 574 1.0131	1.0138 27 1.0142	117 1.0138	138 1.0130	134 1.0120	53 1.0126	20 1.0123	1 to 5
19 1.0162 262 1.0154	45 1.0167 25 1.0169	45 1.0158	44 1.0153	54 1.0144	20 1.0137	10 1.0112	5 to 10
27 1.0197 280 1.0189	32 1.0204 20 1.0201	42 1.0206	57 1.0188	76 1.0175	23 1.0166	3 1.0175	10 to 20
1.0243 1.78 1.0240	19 1.0250 8 1.0262	31 1.0247	44 1.0243	52 1.0230	17 1.0231	1 1.0250	20 to 30
1.0301 1.8 1.0283	10 1.0317 6 1.0312	16 1.0285	30 1.0285	62 1.0277	25 1.0271	2 1.0279	30 to 40
1.0404 1.0404 179 1.0358	3 1.0354 2 1.0331	8 1.0352	39 1.0351	87 1.0356	28 1.0370	7 1.0348	40
85 1.0200 3137 1.0156	234 1.0171 95 1.0186	378 1.0163	611 1.0162	974 1.0157	472 1.0141	288 1.0117	Total

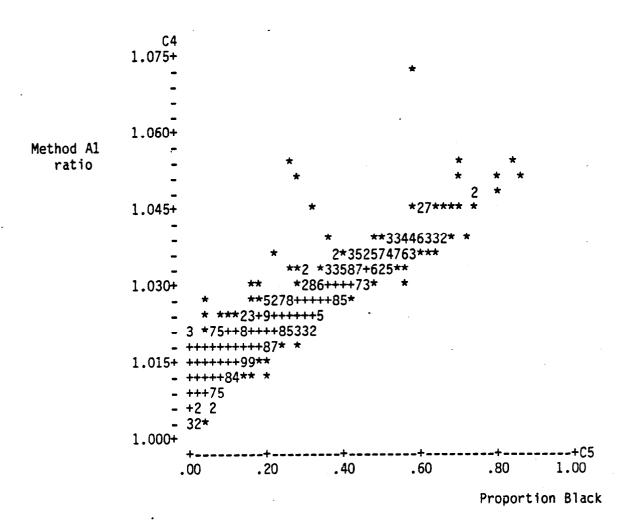
<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. Assumes 5.0 million illegal persons.

### B. Frequency distribution of counties by their method Al ratios\*

Interval of ratios	Number
1.000 - 1.0025	2
1.0025 - 1.0075	46
1.0075 - 1.0125	1409
1.0125 - 1.0175	900
1.0175 - 1.0225	290
1.0225 - 1.0275	201
1.0275 - 1.0325	145
1.0325 - 1.0375	85
1.0375 - 1.0425	47
1.0425 - 1.0475	6
1.0475 - 1.0525	5
1.0525 - 1.0625	0
1.0625 - 1.0675	3137
mean = 1.0156	
standard deviation = .00734	maximum = 1.0661
median = 1.0129	minimum = 1.0016

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county (the District of Columbia is treated as a county). Assumes 5.0 million illegal persons.

C. Plot of method A1\* county ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black



<sup>\*</sup>Assumes 5.0 million illegal persons.

<sup>\* -</sup> single point .

<sup>+ -</sup> ten or more points

In the following, method A1 state summaries are listed and summarized in tabular and graphical form.

D. Alphabetical listing of state data -

Row	1980 census population	Method Al estimate	1980 census Black Pop.	1980 census Prop. Black
1	3893888.	3988773.	996335.	.255872
2	401851.	409869.	13643.	.033950
2 3 4	2718215.	2755133.	74977.	.027583
4	2286435.	2329467.	373768.	.163472
5	23667902.	24080884.	1819281.	.076867
5 6 7 8	2889964.	2937537.	101703.	.035192
7	3107576.	3156090.	217433.	.069969
8	594338.	606710.	95845.	.161263
9	638333.	669411.	448906.	.703247
10	9746324.	9910371.	1342688.	.137764
11	5463105.	5609417.	1465181.	.268196
12	964691.	979442.	17364.	.018000
13	943935.	<b>9</b> 56178.	2716.	.002877
14	11426518.	11654754.	1675398.	.146624
15	5490224.	5579800.	414785.	.075550
16	2913808.	2949905.	41700.	.014311
17	2363679.	2398560.	126127.	.053360
18	3660777.	3718656.	259477.	.070880
19	4205900.	4321519.	1238241.	.294406
20	1124660.	1138170.	3128.	.002781
21	4216975.	4323452.	958150.	.227213
22	5737037.	5816308.	221279.	.038570
23	9262078.	9442086.	1199023.	.129455
24	4075970.	4130172.	53344.	.013087
25	2520638.	2592781.	887206.	.351977
26	4916686.	4999379.	514276.	.104598
27	786690.	796850.	1786.	.002270
28	1569825.	1591148.	48390.	.030825
29 30	800493.	814530.	50999.	.063709
30 31	920610. 7364823.	932537. 7499401.	3990. 925066.	.004334 .125606
32	1302894.	1321148.	24020.	.018436
33	17558072.	17888468.	2402006.	.136804
33 34	5881766.	6022373.	1318857.	.224228
35	652717.	660838.	2568.	.003934
36	10797630.	10984595.	1076748.	.099721
30 37	3025290.	3071966.	204674.	.067654
38	2633105.	2668708.	37060.	.014075
39	11863895.	12046456.	1046810.	.088235
40	947154.	959100.	27584.	.029123
41	3121820.	3209840.	948623.	.303869
42	690768.	698853.	2144.	.003104
43	4591120.	4683284.	725942.	.158119
44	14229191.	14505386.	1710175.	.120188
45	1461037.	1480926.	9225.	.006314
46	511456.	518034.	1135.	.002219
47	5346818.	5470616.	1008668.	.188648
48	4132156.	4192955.	105574.	.025549
49	1949644.	1974846.	65051.	.033366
50	4705767.	4772432.	182592.	.038802
51	469557.	476563.	3364.	.007164

<sup>\*</sup>Assumes 5.0 million illegal persons.

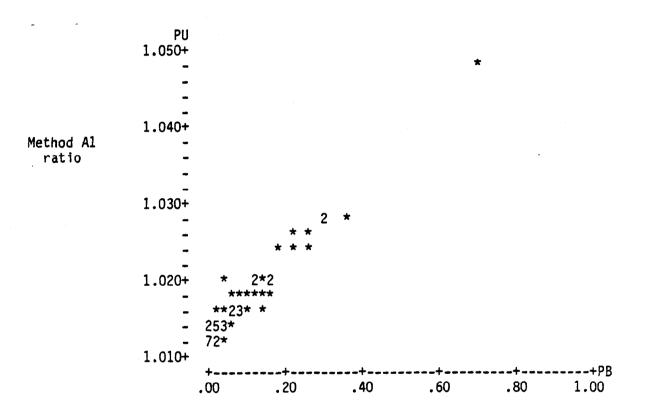
## E. Frequency distribution of states by their method Al ratios\*

Interval of ratios	Number		
1.0000 - 1.0125	4		
1.0125 - 1.0175	28		
1.0175 - 1.0225	10		
1.0225 - 1.0275	6		
1.0275 - 1.0325	2		
1.0325 - 1.0375	. 0		
1.0375 - 1.0425	0		
1.0425 - 1.0475	0		
1.0475 - 1.0525	_1		
•	51		
Mean ratio = 1.0175	maximum = 1.0487		
Standard deviation = .00635	minimum = 1.0117		
median = 1.0158	minimum = 1.011/		

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of state total population divided by the 1980 census count for the state. (The District of Columbia is included as a state.) The method Al state estimate is derived as the sum of method Al county estimates. Assumes 5.0 million illegal persons.

Proportion Black

F. Plot of method A1\* state ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black



\*Assumes 5.0 million illegal persons.

Table A1. population and 1980 census county percent Black  $^\star$ Frequency and Mean of county ratios by 1980 census county

# Percent Black

Total	500,000 +	250,000 to 500,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to 5,000	1980 Census County Population
1506	2	7	59	119	259	509	306	245	0 to 1
0.9945	0.9951	0.9950	0.9949	0.9946	0.9945	0.9943	0.9944	0.9947	
574	19	27	66	117	138	134	53	20	1 to 5
0.9959	0.9965	0.9963	0.9959	0.9960	0.9959	0.9957	0.9961	0.9962	
262	19	25	45	45	44	54	20	10	5 to 10 10 to 20
0.9988	0.9993	0.9994	0.9993	0.9988	0.9987	0.9983	0.9982	0.9970	
280	27	20	32	42	57	76	23	3	10 to 20
1.0031	1.0037	1.0033	1.0039	1.0038	1.0030	1.0025	1.0019	1.0024	
178	6	8	19	31	44	52	17	1	20 to 30
1.0092	1.0090	1.0105	1.0090	1.0092	1.0097	1.0087	1.0093	1.0091	
158	7	6	10	16	30	62	25	2	30 to 40
1.0148	1.0165	1.0160	1.0170	1.0141	1.0148	1.0147	1.0143	1.0153	
179	5	2	3	8	39	87	28	7	40 to 100
1.0244	1.0285	1.0209	1.0226	1.0229	1.0234	1.0243	1.0262	1.0246	
3137	85	95	234	378	611	974	472	288	Total
0.9994	1.0038	1.0015	0.9997	0.9992	0.9998	1.0001	0.9986	0.9958	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. Assumes 1.25 million illegal persons.

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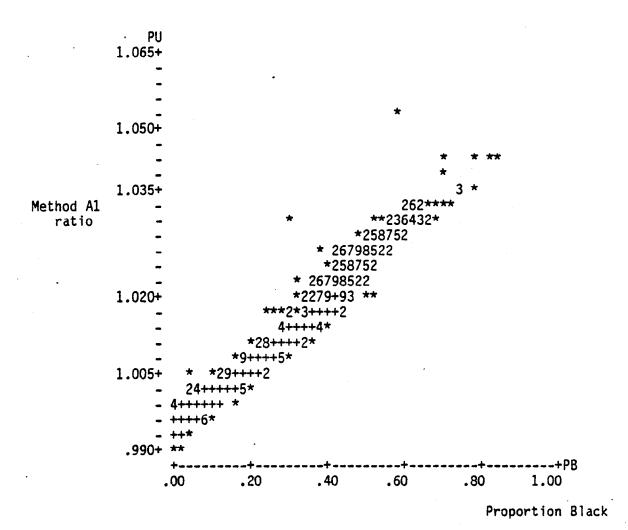
B. Frequency distribution of counties by their method Al ratios\*

Interval of ratios	Number
.98759925	6
.99259975	2070
.9975 - 1.0025	389
1.0025 - 1.0075	190
1.0075 - 1.0125	158
1.0125 - 1.0175	135
1.0175 - 1.0225	93
1.0225 - 1.0275	48
1.0275 - 1.0325	38
1.0325 - 1.0375	4
1.0375 - 1.0425	5
1.0425 - 1.0475	0
1.0475 - 1.0525	. 1
, ·	3137

mean = .99943 maximum = 1.0518 standard dev. = .00848 minimum = .99142 median = .99535

\* The ratios are method Al estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county (the District of Columbia is treated as a county). Assumes 1.25 million illegal persons.

C. Plot of method Al county ratios\* versus 1980 census proportion Black



<sup>\*</sup>Assumes 1.25 million illegal persons.

<sup>\* --</sup> single point

<sup>+ --</sup> ten or more points

In the following, method Al state summaries are listed and summarized in tabular and graphical form.

### D. Alphabetical listing of state data -

	1980 Census	Method Al	1980 Census	1980 Census
Row	<u>Population</u>	<u>estimate</u>	Black pop.	Prop. Black
1	3893888.	3930796.	996335.	.255872
2	401851.	401437.	13643.	.033950
3	2718215.	2707180.	74977.	.027583
4	2286435.	- <i>2</i> 294602.	373768.	.163472
5	23667902.	23663836.	1819281.	.076867
6	2889964.	2882596.	101703.	.035192
2 3 4 5 6 7	3107576.	3104170.	217433.	.069969
8	594338.	597062.	95845.	.161263
9	638333.	662664.	448906.	.703247
10	9746324.	9768893.	1342688.	.137764
11	5463105.	5525417.	1465181.	.268196
12	964691.	961138.	17364.	.018000
13	943935.	939069.	2716.	.002877
14	11426518.	11470050.	1675398.	.146624
15	5490224.	5486000.	414785.	.075550
16	2913808.	2899766.	41700.	.014311
17	2363679.	2358519.	126127.	.053360
18	3660777.	3655920.	259477.	.070880
19	4205900.	4258423.	1238241.	.294406
20	1124660.	1118474.	3128.	.002781
21	4216975.	4257278.	958150.	.227213
22	5737037.	5717391.	221279.	.038570
23	9262078.	9287389.	1199023.	.129455
24	4075970.	4057088.	53344.	.013087
25	2520638.	- 2558127.	887206.	.351977
26	4916686.	4920137.	514276.	.104598
27	786690.	782587.	1786.	.002270
28	1569825.	1564191.	48390.	.030825
29	800493.	800094.	50999.	.063709
30	902610.	915861.	3990.	.004334
31	7364823.	7382590.	925066.	.125606
32	1302894.	1297250.	24020.	.018436
33	17558072.	17610907.	2402006.	.136804
34	5881766.	5930322.	1318857.	.224228
35	652717.	649147.	2568.	.003934
36	10797630.	10804849.	1076748.	.099721
37	3025290.	3020985.	204674.	.067654
38	2633105.	2621332.	37060.	.014075
39	11863895.	11856054.	1046810.	.088235
40	947154.	943102.	27584.	.029123
41	3121820.	3163024.	948623.	.303869
42	690768.	686917.	2144.	003104
43	4591120.	4609375.	725942.	.158119
44	14229191.	14261355.	1710175.	.120188
45	1461037.	1453598.	9225.	.006314
46	511456.	508693.	1135.	.002219
47	5346818.	5382487.	1008668.	.188648
48	4132156.	4117847.	105574.	.025549
49	1949644.	1941712.	65051.	.033366
50	4705767.	4690760.	182592.	.038802
51	469557.	467498.	3364.	.007164

<sup>\*</sup>Assumes 1.25 million illegal persons

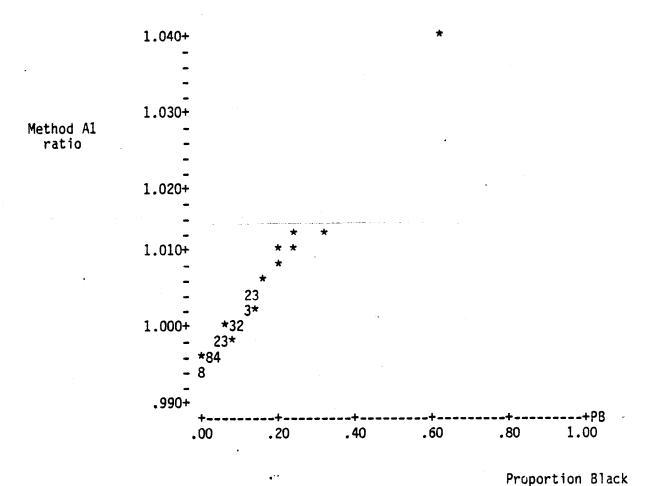
### E. Frequency distribution of states by their method Al ratios\*

Interval of ratios	Number
.99259975 .9975 - 1.0025 1.0025 - 1.0075 1.0075 - 1.0125 1.0125 - 1.0175 1.0175 - 1.0225 1.0225 - 1.0275 1.0275 - 1.0325 1.0325 - 1.0375	22 14 7 5 2 0 0 0
1.0375 - 1.0425	· <u>51</u>

mean ratio = 1.0009 standard deviation = .00767 median = .9989 maximum = 1.0381 minimum = .99443

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of state total population divided by the 1980 census count for the state. (The District of Columbia is included as a state.) The method Al state estimate is derived as the sum of method Al county estimates. Assumes 1.25 million illegal persons.

### F. Plot of method A1\* state ratios versus 1980 census proportion 3lack



\*Assumes 1.25 million illegal persons

Table A1. population and 1980 census county percent Black\* Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county

Percent Black

Total	500,000 +	250,000 to	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to	1980 Census county population
		500,000	250,000	100,000	50,000	25,000	10,000	5,000	s county
1506	2	7	59	119	259	509	306	245	0 to 1
1.0000	1.0011	1.0011	1.0009	1.0005	1.0002	0.9998	0.9997	1.0000	
574	19	27	66	117	138	134	53	20	1 to 5
1.0016	1.0024	1.0022	1.0018	1.0019	1.0016	1.0011	1.0015	1.0015	
262	19	25	45	45	44.	54	20	10	5 to 10
1.0043	1.0049	1.0052	1.0051	1.0044	1.0042	1.0036	1.0033	1.0017	
280	27	20	32	42	57	76	23	3	10 to 20
1.0083	1.0090	1.0089	1.0094	1.0093	1.0082	1.0074	1.0068	1.0074	
178 1.0141	6 1.0141	8 1.0157	19 1.0143	31 1.0143	44 1.0145	52 1.0135	17 1.0138	1.0144	20 to 30
158 1.0193	1.0210	6 1.0210	10 1.0218	16 1.0188	30 1.0193	62 1.0190	25 1.0185	2 1.0194	30 to 40
179 1.0282	5 1.0325	1.0249	3 1.0269	8 1.0270	39 1.0273	87 1.0280	28 1.0298	7 1.0279	<b>4</b> 0 to 100
· 3137	85	95	234	378	611	974	472	288	Total
1,0048	1.0091	1.0071	1.0055	1.0048	1.0052	1.0053	1.0037	1.0011	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. Assumes 2,489,927 illegal persons.

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### B. Frequency distribution of counties by their method Al ratios\*

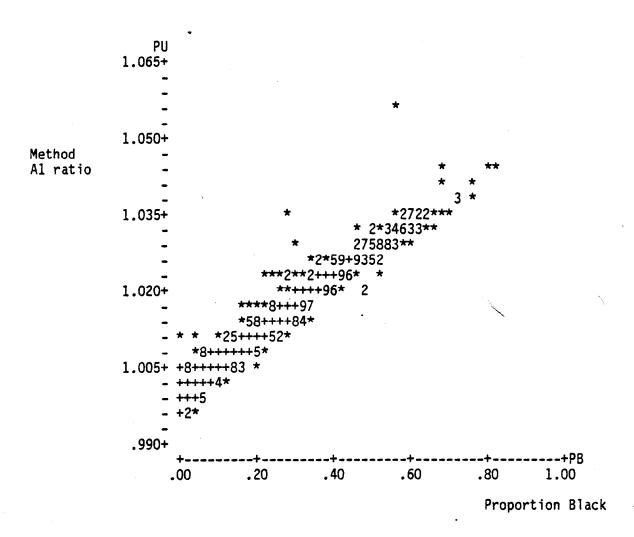
Interval of ratios	Number
.99259975 .9975 - 1.0025 1.0025 - 1.0075 1.0075 - 1.0125 1.0125 - 1.0175 1.0175 - 1.0225 1.0225 - 1.0275 1.0275 - 1.0325	16 1952 477 213 171 136 83 55 25
1.0325 - 1.0375 1.0375 - 1.0425 1.0425 - 1.0475 1.0475 - 1.0525 1.0525 - 1.0575	5 3 0 1 3137

mean ratio = 1.0048 maximum = 1.0565 standard deviation = .00806 minimum = .99480

median = 1.0012

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. (The District of Columbia is included as a county.) Assumes 2,489,927 illegals so that the method Al total U.S. count equals that of method Bl.

C. Plot of method Al county ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black\*



<sup>\* --</sup> single point

<sup>+ --</sup> ten or more points

<sup>\*</sup>Assumes 2,489,927 illegal persons.

In the following, method Al state summaries are listed and summarized in tabular and graphical form.

D. Alphabetical listing of state data -

Row	1980 census population	Method A1 estimate	1980 census Black Pop.	1980 census Prop. Black
1	3893888.	3949967.	996335.	.255872
2	401851.	404228.	13643.	.033950
3	2718215.	2723035.	74977.	.027583
3 4	2286435.	2306129.	373768.	.163472
5	23667902.	23801731.	1819281.	.076867
5 6	2889964.	2900760.	101703.	.035192
7	3107576.	3121336.	217433.	.069969
8	594338.	600252.	95845.	.161263
9	638333.	664895.	448906.	.703247
10	9746324.	9815668.	1342688.	.137764
11	5463105.	5553187.	1465181.	.268196
12	964691.	967190.	17364.	.018000
13	.943935.	944721.	2716.	.002877
14	11426518.	11531124.	1675398.	.146624
15	5490224.	5517018.	414785.	.075550
16	2913808.	2916349.	41700.	.014311
17	2363679.	2371755.	126127.	053360
18	3660777.	3676663.	259477.	.070880
19	4205900.	4279284.	1238241.	.294406
20	1124660.	1124986.	3128.	.002781
21	4216975.	4279160.	958150.	.227213
22	5737037.	5750095.	221279.	.038570
23	9262078.	9338535.	1199023.	.129455
24	4075970.	4081254.	53344.	.013087
25 / 26	4040000	2569593.	887206.	.351977
20 27	4916686. 786690.	4946337. 787302.	514276. 1786.	.104598
28	1569825.	1573104.	48390.	.002270
20 29	800493.	804868.	50999 <b>.</b>	.030825 .063709
30	920610.	921374.	3990.	.003709
31	7364823.	7421213.	925066.	.125606
32	1302894.	1305153.	24020.	.018436
33	17558072.	17702681.	2402006.	.136804
34	5881766.	5960751.	1318857.	.224228
35	652717.	653016.	2568.	.003934
36	10797630.	10864277.	1076748.	.099721
37	3025290.	3037844.	204674.	.067654
38	2633105.	2636997.	37060.	.014075
39	11863895.	11919009.	1046810.	.088235
40	947154.	948391.	27584.	.029123
41	3121820.	3178502.	948623.	.303869
42	690768.	690866.	2144.	.003104
43	4591120.	4633809.	725942.	.158119
44	14229191.	14342034.	1710175.	.120188
45	1461037.	1462632.	9225.	.006314
46	511456.	511782.	1135.	.002219
47	5346818.	5411628.	1008668.	.188648
48	4132156.	4142686.	105574.	.025549
49	1949644.	1952674.	65051.	.033366
50	4705767.	4717764.	182592.	.038802
51	469557.	470497.	3364.	.007164

<sup>\*</sup>Assumes 2,489,927 illegal persons.

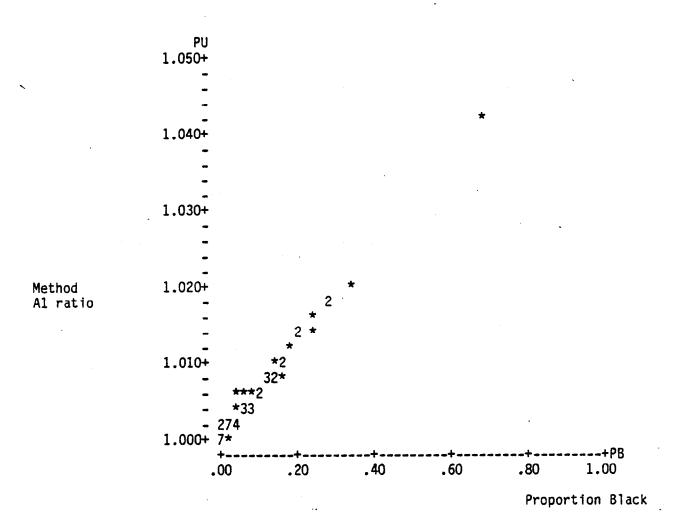
### E. Frequency distribution of states by their method Al ratios\*

Interval of ratios	Number
.9975 - 1.0025	18
1.0025 - 1.0075	16
1.0075 - 1.0125	9
1.0125 - 1.0175	5
1.0175 - 1.0225	2
1.0225 - 1.0275	0
1.0275 - 1.0325	0
1.0325 - 1.0375	0
1.0375 - 1.0425	1
1.00,0	51

Mean ratio = 1.0065
standard deviation = .00722 maximum = 1.0416
median = 1.0044 minimum = 1.0001

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method Al estimates of state total population divided by the 1980 census count for the state. (The District of Columbia is included as a state.) The method Al state estimate is derived as the sum of method Al county estimates. Assumes 2,489,927 illegals so that the method Al total U.S. count equals that of method Bl.

F. Plot of method A1\* state ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black



<sup>\*</sup>Assumes 2,489,927 illegal persons.

Table B1. population and 1980 census county percent Black $^{\star}$ Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county

### Percent Black

Total	500,000 +	250,000 to 500,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to 5,000	1980 Census County Population
1506	2	7	59	119	259	509	306	245	0 to 1
1.0000	0.9957	1.0027	1.0036	1.0002	0.9995	0.9993	0.9997	1.0014	
574	19	27	66	117	138	134	53	20	1 to 5
0.9967	1.0086	1.0024	0.9982	0.9983	0.9956	0.9940	0.9919	1.0007	
262	19	25	45	45	44	54	20	10	5 to 10
0.9978	1.0066	1.0054	1.0039	0.9958	0.9941	0.9892	1.0021	0.9968	
280	27	20	32	42	57	76	23	3	10 to 20
0.9974	1.0095	1.0070	1.0032	0.9958	0.9937	0.9938	0.9920	0.9930	
178	6	8	19	31	44	52	17	1	20 to 30
1.0024	1.0114	0.9994	1.0130	1.0101	0.9997	0.9983	0.9949	0.9936	
158	7	6	10	16	30	62	25	2	30 to 40
1.0067	1.0245	1.0349	1.0040	1.0092	1.0137	1.0023	0.9972	1.0021	
1.0149	5 1.0177	2 1.0122	3 0.9941	8 1.0388	39 1.0230	87 1.0139	28 1.0072	7 0.9942	40 to 100
3137	85	95	234	378	611	974	472	288	Total
1.0003	1.0102	1.0062	1.0027	1.0006	0.9999	0.9990	0.9987	1.0009	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method B1 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county.

Table B1. population and 1980 census county percent Hispanic\* Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county

## Percent Hispanic

Total	500,000 +	250,000 to 500,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to 5,000	1980 Census County Population
1849	17	17	102	201	403	654	307	148	0 to 1
0.9966	1.0007	0.9951	1.0018	0.9962	0.9966	0.9954	0.9958	0.9997	
888	32	59	103	136	163	214	113	68	1 to 5
1,0039	1.0067	1.0066	1.0017	1.0044	1.0050	1.0053	1.0020	0.9994	
142	15	7	12	17	18	36	13	24	5 to 10
1.0045	1.0058	1.0045	1.0052	1.0068	1.0101	1.0023	1.0080	0.9987	
105	12	6	11	9	7	28	13	19	10 to 20
1.0062	1.0260	1.0162	1.0100	0.9999	1.0037	1.0042	0.9998	0.9996	
53	6	2	4	7	8	9	8	9	20 to 30
1,0111	1.0243	1.0300	1.0171	1.0164	1.0064	1.0096	1.0044	1,0031	
37 1.0117	2 1.0379	$\begin{smallmatrix}&&&1\\1.0173\end{smallmatrix}$	1.0107	$\begin{smallmatrix}2\\1.0108\end{smallmatrix}$	3 1.0125	14 1.0093	7 0.0105	7 1.0093	30 to 40
63 1.0235	$\begin{smallmatrix}1\\1.0177\end{smallmatrix}$	3 1.0252	$\begin{smallmatrix}1\\1.0307\end{smallmatrix}$	6 1.0252	9 1.0239	19 1.0247	11 1.0220	13 1.0212	40 to 100
3137	85	95	234	378	611	974	472	288	Total
1.0003	1.0102	1.0062	1.0027	1.0006	0.9999	0.9990	0.9987	1,0009	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method B1 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county.

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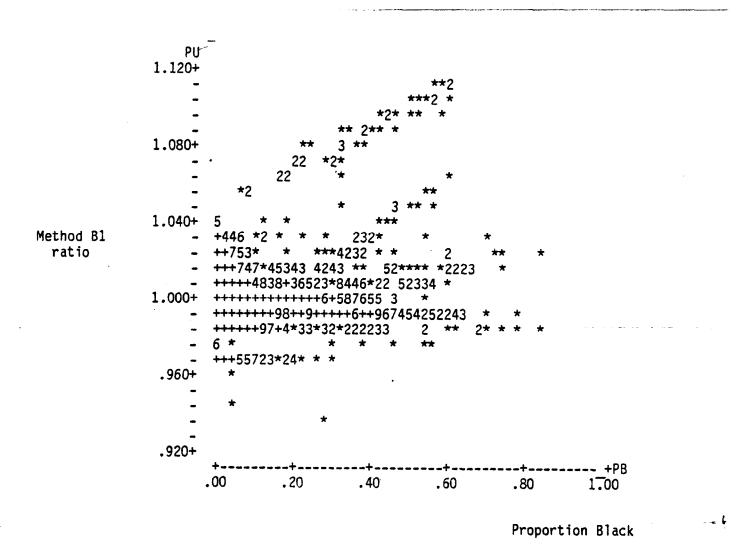
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### C. Frequency distribution of counties by their method B1 ratios $^\star$

Interval of ratios	<del>-</del>	Number
.935945 .945955 .955965 .965975 .975985 .985995 .995 - 1.005 1.005 - 1.015 1.025 - 1.035 1.035 - 1.045 1.045 - 1.055 1.055 - 1.065 1.065 - 1.075 1.075 - 1.085 1.085 - 1.095 1.095 - 1.105 1.095 - 1.105		2 0 5 93 237 859 1070 535 149 115 15 9 6 11 7 10 9 5
mean = 1.0003	maxi	mum = 1.1124
standard dev. = .01653	mini	mum = .93949
median = .99817		

<sup>\*</sup> The ratios are method B1 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county (the District of Columbia is treated as a county).

D. Plot of method B1 county ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black.



\* -- single point

+ -- ten or more points

E. Plot of method B1 county ratios versus 1980 census proportion Hispanic

```
PU
           1.120+
           1.080+ 43
           1.040+
Method B1
  ratio
                 - ++++632*2 3****4223322445
                 - ++++8854*34637653732* 2
           1.000+ ++++++988464223 2*
                 - +++++96323
                   ++76*
             .960+
            .920+
                  .00
                            .20
                                                  .60
                                       .40
                                                             .80
                                                                      1.00
```

Proportion Hispanic

<sup>\* --</sup> single point

<sup>+ --</sup> ten or more points

In the following, method B1 state summaries are listed and summarized in tabular and graphical form.

F. Alphabetical listing of state data -

30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	Row
401851. 2718215. 2286435. 23667902. 2889964. 3107576. 594338. 638333. 9746324. 5463105. 964691. 943935. 11426518. 5490224. 2913808. 2363677. 4205900. 1124660. 4216975. 5737037. 9262078. 4916686. 786690. 1569825. 800493. 920610.	1980 Census Population 3893888.
413629. 2749370. 27749370. 2270248. 24376495. 2882294. 3064627. 595251. 656610. 9755143. 5426381. 976021. 956303. 11633250. 5460689. 2891410. 2374338. 3603339. 4285978. 1146303. 4281024. 5664889. 9278459. 4098731. 2518334. 4950800. 794736. 1566764. 824218. 909734.	Method B1 estimate 3829645.
13643. 74977. 373768. 1819281. 101703. 217433. 95845. 448906. 1342688. 1465181. 17364. 2716. 1675398. 414785. 414785. 41700. 126127. 259477. 1238241. 3128. 958150. 221279. 1199023. 53344. 887206. 514276. 1786. 48390. 50999.	1980 Census Black pop. 996335.
9507. 440701. 17904. 4544331. 339717. 124499. 9661. 17679. 858158. 61260. 71263. 36615. 635602. 87047. 25536. 63339. 27406. 99134. 5005. 64746. 141043. 162440. 32123. 24731. 51653. 9974. 28025. 53879.	1980 Census Hispanic pop. 33299.
.033950 .027583 .163472 .076867 .035192 .069969 .161263 .703247 .137764 .268196 .018000 .002877 .146624 .075550 .014311 .053360 .070880 .294406 .002781 .227213 .038570 .129455 .013087 .351977 .104598 .002270 .030825	1980 Census prop. Black .255872
.023658 .162129 .007831 .192004 .117551 .040063 .016255 .027696 .088049 .011213 .073871 .038790 .055625 .015855 .008764 .026797 .007486 .023570 .007486 .023570 .015354 .024585 .017538 .007881 .007881 .007881 .007881 .007881 .007881 .007881 .007881	1980 Census prop. Hispanic

51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	<b>4</b> 2	41	40	39	38 8	37	36	<u>35</u>	34	ස	<b>32</b>	31	Row
469557.	4705767.	1949644.	4132156.	5346818.	511456.	1461037.	14229191.	4591120.	690768.	3121820.	947154.	11863895.	2633105.	3025290.	10797630.	652717.	5881766.	17558072.	1302894.	7364823.	1980 Census Population
482936.	4778333.	1928842.	4193958.	5335842.	507365.	1462629.	14330716.	4451145.	692896.	3365887.	952682.	11767807.	2636600.	3017553.	10922580.	649233.	5861465.	17797766,	1321307.	7450759.	Method B1 estimate
3364.	182592.	65051.	105574.	1008668.	1135.	9225.	1710175.	725942.	2144.	948623.	27584.	1046810.	37060.	204674.	1076748.	2568.	1318857.	2402006.	24020.	925066.	1980 Census Black pop.
24499.	62972.	12707.	120016.	79868.	3304.	60302.	2985824.	34077.	4023.	33426.	19707.	153961.	65847.	57419.	119883.	3902.	56667.	1659300.	477222.	491883.	1980 Census Hispanic pop.
.007164	.038802	.033366	.025549	. 188648	.002219	.006314	.120188	. 158119	.003104	. 303869	.029123	.088235	.014075	.067654	.099721	.003934	.224228	. 136804	.018436	.125606	1980 Census prop. Black
.052175	.013382	.006518	.029044	.014937	.006460	.041273	.209838	.007422	.005824	.010707	.020807	.012977	.025007	.018980	.011103	.005978	.009634	.094504	.366278	.066788	1980 Census prop. Hispanic

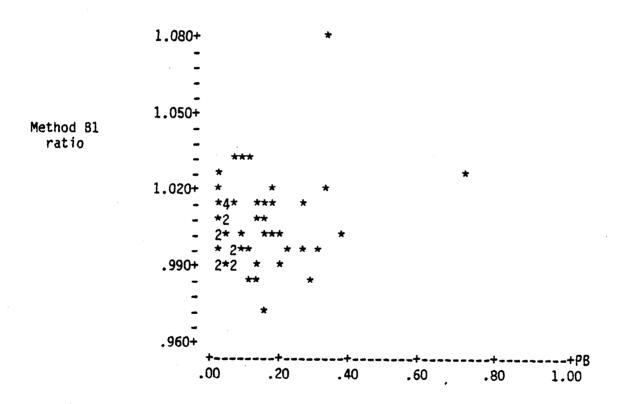
### G. Frequency distribution of states by their method B1 ratios\*

Interval of ratios	Number
.965975 .975985 .985995 .995 - 1.005 1.005 - 1.015 1.015 - 1.025 1.025 - 1.035 1.035 - 1.045 1.045 - 1.055	Number  1 2 11 13 13 5 5 0 0
1.055 - 1.065 1.065 - 1.075 1.075 - 1.085	0 0 <u>1</u>
• *	51

mean ratio = 1.0057 standard deviation = .0169 median = 1.0031 maximum = 1.0782 minimum = .9695

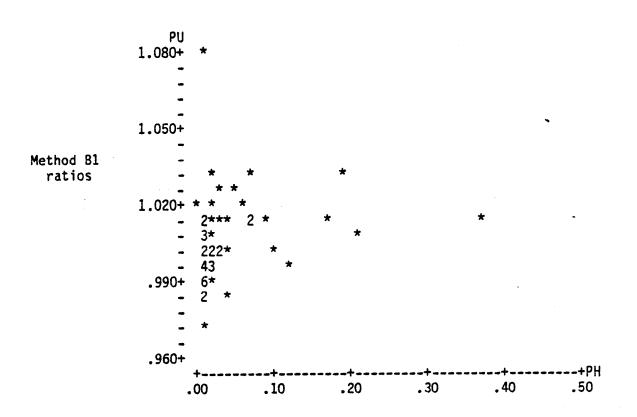
<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method B1 estimates of state total population divided by the 1980 census count for the state. (The District of Columbia is included as a state.)

H. Plot of method B1 state ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black



Proportion Black

I. Plot of method B1 state ratios versus 1980 census proportion Hispanic



Proportion Hispanic

Table B4. Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county population and 1980 census county percent Black  $^{\star}$ 

Percent Black

Total	500,000 +	250,000 to 500,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to 5,000	1980 Census County Population
1506	2	7	59	119	259	509	306	245	0 to 1
0.9994	0.9963	0.9991	1.0039	0.9992	0.9992	0.9989	0.9994	0.9995	
574	19	27	66	117	138	134	53	20	1 to 5
0.9971	1.0095	1.0025	0 <b>,</b> 9988	0.9991	0.9959	0.9946	0.9918	1.0011	
262	19	25	45	45	44	54	20	10	5 to 10
0.9988	1.0066	1.0068	1.0046	0.9967	0.9944	0.9912	1.0030	0.9990	
280	27	20	32	42	57	, 76	23	3	10 to 20
0.9991	1.0087	1.0085	1.0063	0.9968	0.9950	0.9958	0.9945	1.0005	
178	6	8	19	31	44	52	17	1	20 to 30
1.0035	1.0134	1.0012	1.0141	1.0107	1.0005	1.0005	. 0. 9937	0.9920	
158	7	6	10	16	30	62	25	2	30 to 40
1.0062	1.0220	1.0349	1.0055	1.0090	1.0129	1.0017	0.9970	1.0009	
179	5	2	3	8	39	87	28	7	40 to 100
1.0129	1.0200	1.0128	0.9953	1.0375	1.0206	1.0119	1.0040	0.9917	
3137	85	95	234	378	611	974	472	288	Total
1.0002	1.0102	1.0068	1.0037	1.0008	0.9999	0.9991	0.9984	0.9994	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method B4 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county.

Table B4. Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county population and 1980 census county percent Hispanic  $\!\!\!\!^\star$ 

# Percent Hispanic ,

Total 1849	500,000 + 17 1.0012 1	250,000 to 500,000 17 0.9955 1	100,000 to 250,000 102 1.0022 1	50,000 to 100,000 201 0.9962 1	25,000 to 50,000 403 0.9964 1	10,000 to 25,000 654 0,9957 1	5,000 to 10,000 307 0.9958 1	0 to 5,000 148 0.9986 0	1980 Census County Population 0 to 1 1
888	32 1,0072	59 1.0076	$\begin{matrix}103\\1.0031\end{matrix}$	136 1.0050	163 1.0055	21 <b>4</b> 1.0050	113 1.0011	68 0.9982	1 to 5
142	15	7	12	17	18	36	13	24	5 to 10
1.0054	1.0064	1.0055	1.0072	1.0085	1.0104	1.0034	1.0095	0.9988	
105 1.0078	12 1.0256	6 1.0180	$\begin{smallmatrix}11\\1.0119\end{smallmatrix}$	9 0.9919	7 1.0078	28 1.0082	13 1.0035	19 1.0010	10 to 20
53	6	2	4	7	8	9	8	9	20 to 30 · 30 to 40
1.0133	1.0240	1,0333	1.0199	1.0216	1.0043	1.0136	1.0088	1.0042	
37	2	1	1	2	3	14	7	7	30 to <b>4</b> 0
1.0112	1.0292	1.0272	1.0134	1.0214	1.0189	1.0078	1.0069	1.0083	
63 1.0115	$\begin{smallmatrix}1\\1.0104\end{smallmatrix}$	3 1.0120	1 1.0131	6 1.0203	9 : 1.0122	19 1.0131	11 1.0107	13 1.0052	40 to 100
3137	85	95	234	378	611	974	472	288	Total
1.0002	1.0102	1.0068	1.0037	1.0008	0.9999	0.9991	0.9984	0.9994	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$ The ratios are method B4 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county.

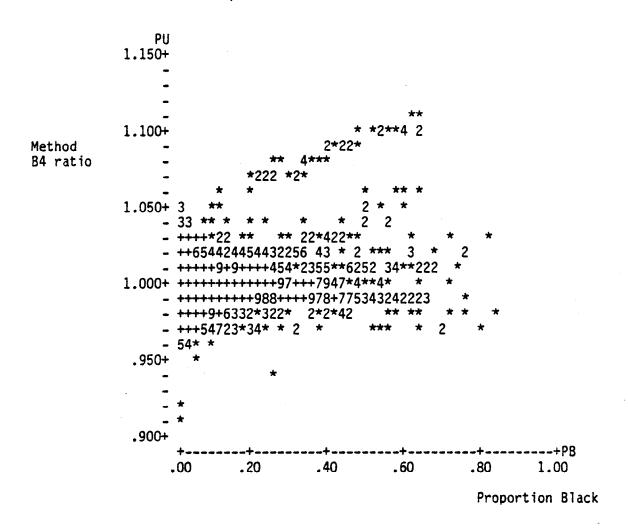
### C. Frequency distribution of counties by their method B4 ratios\*

Interval of ratios		Number
.8991 .9193 .9395 .9597 .9799 .99 - 1.01 1.01 - 1.03 1.03 - 1.05 1.05 - 1.07 1.07 - 1.09		1 1 2 97 565 1911 444 64 13 21
1.09 - 1.11	•	<u>18</u> 3137

mean = 1.0002 maximum = 1.1057 standard deviation = .01686 minimum = .90834 median = .99844

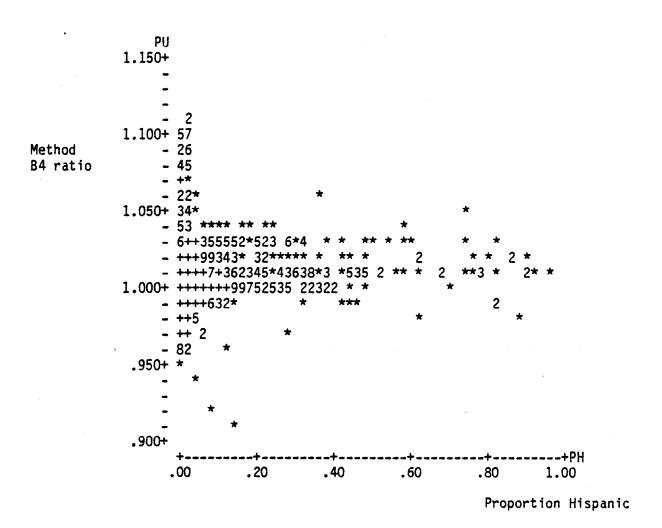
<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method B4 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. (The District of Columbia is included as a county.)

D. Plot of method B4 county ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black



- \* -- single point
- + -- ten or more points

E. Plot of method B4 county ratios versus 1980 census proportion Hispanic



\* -- single point

+ -- ten or more points

Table C1. Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county population and 1980 census county percent Black  $^{\star}$ 

Percent Black

Total	500,000 +	250,000 to 500,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to 5,000	1980 census county Population
1488	2	7	·	119	258	505	301	237	0 to 1
0.9958	0.9928	1.0044	1.0084	1.0048	0.9979	0.9945	0.9907	0.9950	
571	19	27	66	117	138	134	51	19	1 to 5
0.9953	1.0141	1.0064	1.0034	0.9992	0.9916	0.9867	1.0025	0.9978	
259	19	25	44	44	44	54	19	10	5 to 10
0.9968	1.0043	1.0136	1.0053	0.9952	0.9879	0.9951	0.9861	0.9775	
280	27	20	32	42	57	76	23	3	10 to 20
0.9951	1, 0093	1.0122	1.0031	0.9971	0.9908	0.9864	0.9912	0.9724	
178	6	8	19	31	44	52	17	1	20 to 30
1.0026	1.0086	1.0089	1.0360	1.0139	0.9952	0,9951	0.9852	0.9492	
158	7	6	10	16	30	62	25	2	30 to 40
1.0000	1.0131	1.0434	1.0131	1.0061	1.0057	0.9958	0.9835	0.9604	
179 1.0011	1.0008	2 1.0122	3 1,0358	8 110450	39 1.0080	87 0.9963	28 0.9957	7 0.9770	<b>40</b> to 100
3113	85	95	233	377	610	970	464	279	Total
0.9966	1.0086	1.0120	1,0085	1.0028	0.9959	0.9931	0.9915	0.9921	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method C1 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. Table does not include all 23 counties in Alaska while two counties in Hawaii have been combined.

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Table C1. Frequency and mean of county ratios by 1980 census county population and 1980 census county percent Hispanic  $\overset{\star}{\sim}$ 

**ω** 

Percent Hispanic

Total	500,000 +	250,000 to 500,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	5,000 to 10,000	0 to 5,000	1980 census county Population
1841	17	17	102	201	403	653	306	142	0 to 1
0.9919	0.9993	1,0081	1.0059	0.9964	0.9927	0.9898	0.9880	0.9887	
873	32	59	102	135	162	211	106	66	1 to 5
1.0027	1.0033	1.0111	1.0097	1.0091	0.9997	0.9980	1.0000	0.9973	
141	15	7	12	17	18	36	13	23	5 to 10
1.0026	1.0112	1.0123	1,0059	1.0134	1.0080	0.9997	0.9901	0.9916	
105	12	6	11	9	7	28	13	19	10 to 20
1.0050	1.0259	1.0177	1.0230	1.0083	1.0041	1.0003	0.9917	0.9920	
53 1.0000	6 1.0224	2 1.0320	4 1.0127	1.0177	8 0.9968	9 0.9927	8 0.9887	9 0.9785	20 to 30
37	2	1	1	2	3	14	7	7	30 to 40
1.0018	1.0150	1.0200	0.9799	0.9876	1.0014	1.0047	0.9995	0.9991	
63 1.0183	0.9979	3 1.0239	1.0312	1.0231	9 1.0391	19 1.0193	11 1.0058	13 1.0099	<b>4</b> 0 to 100
3113	85	95	233	377	610	970	464	279	Total
0.9966	1.0086	1.0120	1.0085	1.0028	0.9959	0.9931	0.9915	0.9921	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method C1 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. Table does not include all 23 counties in Alaska while two counties in Hawaii have been combined.

第二十二十分,一个人的,一个分<mark>,是是他们的人的人的,也是是一个人的,也是是一个人的,一个人的是是是一个人的,也是是是一个人的,也是是是是一个人的,也是是一个人的,也是是是一个人的,也是是一个人的,也是是一个人的,也是是一个人的,也是是一个人的,也是一个人的,</mark>

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### C. Frequency distribution of counties by their method C1 ratios\*

Interval of ratios	Number
.775825	1
.825875	1 2 23
.875925	23
.925975	579
.975 - 1.025	2133
1.025 - 1.075	311
1.075 - 1.125	48
1.125 - 1.175	8
1.175 - 1.225	8 3 2 1 1 0
1.225 - 1.275	2 1
1.275 - 1.325 1.325 - 1.375	1
1.375 - 1.425	Ď
1.425 - 1.475	ŏ
1.475 - 1.525	0
1.525 - 1.575	0
1.575 - 1.625	0
1.625 - 1.675	0
1.675 - 1.725	
•	3113
mean = .99665	
	maximum = 1.704
standard deviation = $.03431$	
	minimum = .8072
median = .99428	

<sup>\*</sup>The ratios are method C1 estimates of county total population divided by the 1980 census count for the county. (The District of Columbia is included as a county.) All counties in Alaska have been omitted and two counties in Hawaii combined into one due to data difficulties.

D. Plot of method C1 county ratios versus 1980 census proportion Black

```
PU
           1.80+
Method
C1
           1.60+
ratio
           1.40+
           1.20+ 2
                       3422 **5**3 2*
              - ++++8+6795985577*533* 334 *33*3 * ***
           - +++++++++86587+++793+95 224 2*2 ** * *
               ++44*3 2**22
                           2 2 * 22 * *
            * +08.
                              .40
                                       .60
                                               .80 · 1.00
                                               Proportion Black
```

- \* -- single point
- + -- ten or more points