## Table 12.7 – Global Warming Potentials (GWP)

(100-year time horizon)

| Gas                                     | GWP    |
|---|--------|
|   | SAR    |
| Carbon dioxide (CO2)                    | 1      |
| Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>1</sup> | 21     |
| Nitrous oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)        | 310    |
| HFC-23                                  | 11,700 |
| HFC-32                                  | 650    |
| HFC-125                                 | 2,800  |
| HFC-134a                                | 1,300  |
| HFC-143a                                | 3,800  |
| HFC-152a                                | 140    |
| HFC-227ea                               | 2,900  |
| HFC-236fa                               | 6,300  |
| HFC-4310mee                             | 1,300  |
| CF <sub>4</sub>                         | 6,500  |
| $C_2F_6$                                | 9,200  |
| $C_4F_{10}$                             | 7,000  |
| C <sub>6</sub> F <sub>14</sub>          | 7,400  |
| SF <sub>6</sub>                         | 23,900 |

Source: EPA, Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2003, EPA 430-R-05-003 (Final Version: April 2005), Table ES-1.

## Notes:

The GWP of a greenhouse gas is the ratio of global warming, or radiative forcing – both direct and indirect – from one unit mass of a greenhouse gas to that of one unit mass of carbon dioxide over a period of time.

GWP from Intergovernmental Panel and Climate Change (IPCC) Second Assessment Report (SAR) and Third Assessment Report (TAR). Although the GWPs have been updated by the IPCC, estimates of emissions presented in this report use the GWPs from the Second Assessment Report. The UNFCCC reporting guidelines for national inventories were updated in 2002, but continue to require the use of GWPs from the SAR so that current estimates of aggregated greenhouse gas emissions for 1990 through 2001 are consistent with estimates developed prior to the publication of the TAR. Therefore, to comply with international reporting standards under the UNFCCC, official emission estimates are reported by the United States using SAR GWP values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The methane GWP includes direct effects and those indirect effects, due to the production of tropospheric ozone and stratospheric water vapor. The indirect effect due to the production of CO<sub>2</sub> is not included.