

Singer

Titrate Down E. coli DNA with RNA polymerase  
(also  $\psi$ -U and check on BSA in incubation)

(see 2-19-63 for inhibition by more than the usual 0.075 ml  
~~per~~  $\psi$  per 0.25 ml reaction

Each tube: 0.05 ml Tris mixture ✓ X      10 minute incubation  
 0.03 ml  $\beta$ -ME ✓ X  
 0.04 ml triphosphate mixture X  
 0.12 ml      Stock soln 400,8 cpm/.01 ml

	1	2	3	4	5	6	Blank
Diluting fluid 1.27 $\mu$ moles/l	.010	.010	-	.010	.010	.010	✓
E. coli DNA, 8.39 OD/ml	-	.075	.075	.050	.025	.075	✓
DEAE # 46	.005	.005	.005	.005	.005	.005	
$\psi$ UDP? 47-61 Jan 63 10 $\mu$ moles P <sub>1</sub>						.010	
H <sub>2</sub> O to 0.25 ml	.115	.040	.050	.065	.090	.030	✓ X

cpm (10 min)	11.9	109.7	100.8	117.8	108.4	128.0	11.2
- Bl		98	89	106	96	116	

$\mu$ moles DNA per assay      95      63.5      32

Enzyme has lost activity!  
 .025  $\mu$  DNA about as good as .075 so would get relatively  
 more RNA than DNA which would have its advantages.  
 $\psi$ U seems to increase activity somewhat.

Proteins on Methylase  
N-91

Singh

3-14-63

<u>Tube</u>	<u>Spk</u>	<u>ml</u> <u>H<sub>2</sub>O</u>	<u>Abs<sub>660</sub></u>	<u>- Bl</u>	<u>mg</u>	<u>mg/L</u>	
1	Bl	.500	059	059			
2	0.014 7.9 mg/L stand	.490	419	419	.360	.079	7.9
3	0.005 Methylase	.495	333	333	.274	.060	12.0
4	0.010 Methylase	.490	551	551	.492	.108	10.8

11.4 mg/L

Cold triphosphate mixture.

	ml
UTP 21.7 $\mu\text{m}/\mu\text{l}$	.046 ✓
ATP 22.8 $\mu\text{m}/\mu\text{l}$	.044 ✓
CTP 24.3 $\mu\text{m}/\mu\text{l}$	.041 ✓
GTP 24.4 $\mu\text{m}/\mu\text{l}$	.041 ✓
	.172
H <sub>2</sub> O	.228 ✓
	.400

New Hot Triphosphate Mix

ml
.23 ✓
.22 ✓
.24 ✓
.24 ✓

hot CTP<sup>C14</sup> Schwarz 6206, 5  $\mu\text{m}/\mu\text{l}$

.50  
2.01 M

	"Preincubation"						V <sub>f</sub>	"Incubation"					V <sub>f</sub>
	Tri P-cold	Tris-mg/mn	0.1 Flpid	0.1 M $\beta$ -me	DNA E. coli	H <sub>2</sub> O		Preinc Sep	Methylase	30 $\mu\text{M}$ AMeH <sup>3</sup> 10.6 $\mu\text{M}$	Methyl SRNA	40	
1	.040	.050	.010	0.03	0.025	.095	.250	.200	.150	.015	.030	.005	.400
2						.250	.250	.200	.150	.015	.030	.005	.400
3	.040	.050	.010	.03	.025	.095	.250	.200	.150	.015	-	.035	.040
4						.250	.250	.200	.150	.015	-	.035	.400

Add 2 ml 5% TCA. Wash on millipore 3x  $\bar{c}$  1% TCA.

Put millipore in counting vial  $\bar{c}$

Tap 9, 10-75.

Tube	cpm (3 min)	-BL
1	950	711
2	1000	694
3	239	
4	306	

Polymerase reaction mixture has little or no effect on methylase reaction.

Can go ahead with this.

Bkgd Blot 23.6

Mr 11, 12

Singer  
3-12-63

Sup from alcohol precipitation

Concentrate to 1 ml. Count 0.1 ml as usual ( $\bar{c}$  1 M 1-10  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$ )  
in Scintillator. M 11 (#8) M 12 (#9)

Precipitate (insoluble after alcohol precipitation.

add 0.1 ml 0.01 N Tris. Still did not dissolve completely. Add 1 ml 1-10  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$ . #10, #11

Bleed = 11.2

10 min counts

	8	9	10	11
cpm	230.8	158.0	234.8	230.0
dupl.	197.9	148.2	231.3	225.0

Check on self quenching

to #10 was added  
0.01 ml of tri P. R<sub>x</sub> Max:  
4163.9 cpm.

0.01 ml alone, 4001.8

4001.8 +  
 $\frac{234}{4235.8}$  so have  
 $\frac{4163.9}{4235.8}$  98.4%

Then very few counts left in what didn't dissolve for sucrose gradient.

But what are counts that were soluble after in EtOH after extensive dialysis?

Plans: concentrate down, chromatograph in phosphate. Amsulf.

Tremendous amount of salt. little hope for chromatography.

Even difficult to put on sample. Discard.

Singer  
3-19-63

Sephadex G-100 Lot No TO-33

140-400 mesh.

Bed volume (ml bed per g dry gel) 15-20

water required (g water per g dry gel)  $10 \pm 1$

$$V_t = V_0 + V_i + V_g = 20 \text{ ml}$$

$$20 = V_0 + 10 + V_g$$

$$10 = V_0 + V_g$$

a 1 gm column is probably OK for 0.1 ml aliquots.

Suspend 1 gm in 0.01 M Tris, pH<sup>7.8</sup>, 0.005 M NaCl

Pour column.

500 ml Tris NaCl

0.5 ml 5M NaCl

5 ml 1 M Tris pH 7.83

} → 500

$$0.5(5) = 2.5 = .005(500) = 2.5$$

$$5(1) = 500(.01)$$

Plan Wash  $\bar{c}$  Tris-NaCl.

Determ  $V_0$  with DNA 9-2-60 Lot 592 10 mg/ml in 0.005 N NaCl

Apply 0.1 ml. <sup>diluted to 1 ml  $\bar{c}$  above buffer</sup> wash  $\bar{c}$  above buffer. Collect i.d. fractions about 20.

4-3-63 Wash column with some of salt-buffer.

Apply sample as in plan.

Sephadex G-100

$V_0$  detm (cont)

Singer  
4-3-63

Fraction	Vol	Com Vol	OD <sub>260</sub>
1	1.3	1.3	2
2	1.3	2.6	2
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

Why such high ODs?

Wash further in buffer-salt  
It is something from tubing or  
mixer flash.

Repour column. Change to rubber  
tubing. Dev OD down to 0.045  
with about 200 ml wash.

4-4 AM OD about 0.1 wash some down to 0.045  
change to ~2 cm OD Kontes column.  
Continue washing. Change to pH 8.2.

4-16 Wash again. Switch to pH 8.2 buffer.

Wash continuously get down to Abs<sub>260</sub> = ~.025. only.

Apply DNA as above.

$$\text{Actual bed vol} = \pi \times 8.3(\text{in}) \times 0.73^2 = 13.85 \text{ ml}$$

1 gm column, little less. 13.9 ml =  $V_0 + 10 + V_g$ ,  $V_0 = 5.0$ , so must  
be amount less than 1 gm. lost some in repouring.

4-18-63

Check activity of RNA polymerase.

Each tube ✓  
 ✓ 0.05 ml Tris mixture  
 ✓ 0.03 ml 0.1 M βME (.068 14M → 10 ml)  
 ✓ 0.04 ml triphosphate mix 4-23-63  
 ✓ 0.01 ml diluting fluid (1000x) 10 min. incubation  
 0.13 0.12 0.12 βME/ml. Add .02 ml 60mg/l BSA  
 3 ml 3.5% PCA.  
 Wash 2x 3 ml 3.5% PCA

	1	2	3	4
E. coli DNA 127 μmole/ml 8.39 OD/ml	—	.050	.050	.050 ✓
DEAE 46	.010	.010		
45			.010	
49				.020
H <sub>2</sub> O to 0.25 ml	0.110	.060	.060	.050 ✓
cpm. (10 min)	10.6	112.5	43.1	33.2

Blank = ~~10.3~~ 10.3 cpm.  
 Stand = 14,834

Enzyme quite dead.

Singer

Sephady G-100

Vo Detm 4-17-63

Tube	Vol	OD <sub>260</sub>
1	1.00	024
2	1.08	045
3	0.91	025
4	0.98	052
5	1.10	400
6	<del>1.18</del> <sup>3.07</sup>	1.02
7	1.40	.84
8	1.19	1.03
9	1.00	.995
10	1.00	.873
11	~1	692
12	~1	668
13	1.7	670
14	<del>15.54</del> <sup>2.5</sup>	625
15	1.45	695
16	3.5	448
17	1.8	313
18	3.4	232
19	4.2	164
20	0.9	148
21	2.0	148
22	2.5	127

} variation due to cells.

} variations may be due to lack of washing of cells in between samples.



4-19 am

To look at Phosphorolysis of demethylSRNA

4-18-63

New reaction mixture.

4-18-63

Bleed = 13.7

2 ml 0.5 M Tris pH 8.2  
~~0.2 M~~ 0.05 M EDTA  
~~0.025 M~~ EDTA  
 0.03 ml P<sup>32</sup> 27.6 μCi/ml, 3/63 act  
 2.055  
 .977 H<sub>2</sub>O  
 3.000

Dilution count 4-19, 105 → 5.00 ml.

Plat<sub>ml</sub> cpm - Bleed  $\frac{\mu\text{Ci}}{\text{ml}}$   
 .05 560 546 10.92 × 10<sup>5</sup> 10.8 × 10<sup>5</sup>

1085 1071 10.71 × 10<sup>5</sup>

8a =  $\frac{10.8 \times 10^5 \times 0.03}{1 + 1008}$  = 2232, 200 cpm/ml

4-19-63

Each tube: 0.03 ml rx mix. ✓  
 0.01 M 0.05 M MgCl<sub>2</sub> ✓  
~~0.005 M~~ 2 mg/ml BSA ✓  
 0.01 ml 0.1 M K<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>

usual 15' assay.

	polyA 5mg/ml Taka RAM 12-19	polyU JU272 5mg/ml	demethyl SRNA 32500/ml	E. coli SRNA Neu <sub>3-23-63</sub> pooled set. 32500/ml	H <sub>2</sub> O	cpm	- Ble	μmoles incorp.	μ/ml	approx μmoles Substrate
1	.010				.035 <del>.030</del>	40.8				
2	.010				.005 .030	851	810	.0252	5.04	0.1
3		.010			.035	43.7				
4		.010			.005 .030	908	864	.0268		0.1
5			.005 <del>.010</del>		.040	46.3				
6			.005 <del>.010</del>		.005 .035	150	104	.0032		0.163
7				.005	.040	44.9				
8				.005	.035	72.4	28	.0009		0.163

add u/ml poly A. Expect about 9 u/ml, see 4-16-63, HMU.

Rx mix used 4-16 had 1/2 as much EDTA as here. That is only apparent difference.

.035  
12  
.018  
12  
63

Expt #2 on Phosphorylation of demethyl SRNA

4-19-63  
pm

Look at extent of phosphorylation.

# = 6x enzyme concentration

Rx Mixture:	(1)	(2)	start 2 <sup>09</sup> pm Remove 0.1 ml at 1h, 90m, 2h. Usual nonte assay
Rx Mix P <sup>32</sup>	0.12	0.12 ✓	
MgCl <sub>2</sub> 0.5M	0.04	0.04 ✓	
2mg/ml BSA	0.02	0.02 ✓	
0.1M K <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	0.04	0.04 ✓	
demethyl SRNA	0.02	0.02 ✓	
Ap-16163 label	0.12	<del>0.12</del>	
H <sub>2</sub> O to 0.4 ml	0.04	0.16 ✓	

#	Descript'	cpm
1	1, 1h	Lost
2	2, 1h	35.9
3	1, 90'	59.2
4	2, 90'	39.4
5	1, 2h	60.3
6	2, 2h	

This does not repeat experience of 4-<sup>19</sup> where demethyl seemed to go faster even more in 15 min than here. Recheck 15' expt c̄ poly A as well

4-23-63

To try out our cells and sonicator for RNA polymerase prep.

1.4 gm batch fermentor, E. coli B, 3/13/63

Thaw some at room temperature.

Cream well

In small amounts add & suspend well in 3 ml buffer A.

Stir 10 min, in ice bath & magnetic stirrer.

① Take 1.5 ml, try out in sonicator. Position 6, probe completely down, -100° bath <sup>45 sec</sup>. Cells darkened somewhat main problem, heated up at least to 40°. Use small cellulose nitrate tube.

② Treated remainder - about 2.5 ml. Used dry ice - alcohol bath. Did not dip probe all the way. Same conditions as above. Looked broken up. Temp = ~6° C.

Centrifuge both ① & ②, Servall, 100. 30'.

- ① clear yellow sup, dusty ppt
- ② hazy sup, faintly turbid & murky.

Wash both precipitates & 0.5 ml of buffer A. Centrifuge 30' as above. Combine wash & sups

- ① 1.3 ml
  - ② 2.3 ml
- Protein detn

		H <sub>2</sub> O	Abs <sub>660</sub> - Bl	mg	mg/ml	
1	Blank	.506	.059			
2	Stand, 7.9 mg/dl	.490	412	3.53	.079	
3	① dil-10	.490	0.75	.816	.0636	3.6
4	① "	.450	1.60	.101	.0226	45
5	② dil-10	.495	1.35	.076	.017	33
6	② "	.480	3.05	.246	.055	27.5

Singer.  
4-19-63

G-100 Sephadex Column

Wash  $\bar{c}$  0.01 N Tris, pH 7.2 } until  $UV_{260} = 0.049$  and steady  
0.005 M NaCl

Yeast SRNA (Martin-Singer 6-29-61) 9.3 mg/1.86 ml, 5 mg/1.4 ml 8-14-61  
Mix 0.1 ml + 0.4 ml above buffer. Apply to column. Start collecting.  
Wash in with 2  $\bar{c}$  fine washes. At first collect every 4 min.  
switch to every 6.  
~ 1000 units or less.

Fraction	Vol	cum Vol	OD 260	Total OD
1	0.9		042	
2	1.0	1.9	038	
3	0.85	2.75	038	
4	0.80	3.55	071	
5	0.80	4.35	1.83	1.46
6	0.75	5.10	2.5	1.88
7	0.7	5.80	2.15	1.5
8	0.75	6.55	0.96	.72
9	0.80	7.35	0.460	
10	1.10	8.45	.224	
11	1.15	9.60	.126	
12	1.0	10.60	0.84	
13	1.0	11.60	0.63	
14	1.05	12.65	0.49	
15	1.18	13.83	0.42	
16	1.10	14.93	0.34	
17	1.09	16.02	0.27	
18	1.05	17.07	0.29	

Fract	Vol	Cumulative	OD 260
19	1.2	18.27	0.31
20	1.08	19.35	0.16
21	1.1	20.45	0.12
22	1.05	21.50	0.27
23	1.1	22.60	0.32
24	0.98	23.58	0.28
25	1.00	24.58	0.33
26	0.99	26.57	0.35

Count  $C^{14}$  at: Tap 7  
10-75

4-23-63  
Singer

Activity Assays (RNA polymerase) on E. coli extracts.

Each tube: 0.05 Tm mix ✓  
0.04 Tm P mixture 3-15-63 ✓  
0.03 ml  $\beta$ ME 0.1 M ✓  
0.01  $\mu$ l diluting fluid ✓  
0.13  $\mu$ l

$C^{14}$  standard - 21,100  
Added 0.01 of Tm P mixture #2,  
account - 8150, 8180 cpm,  
expect ~~8415~~ 8390 + 345  
8424  
so ~~1000~~ is 97%

	1	2	3	4	5	6
E. coli DNA 83900/ $\mu$	-	.050	-	-	.050	-
①	<del>0.60</del>	.060	-	-	-	-
②	-	-	-	.050	.050	.025
H <sub>2</sub> O	.060	.010	.12	.070	.020	.095

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Vial							BrayBl	0.01 of Tm P mix
cpm (5 min)	67.6	58	53.4	<del>344</del> 445	<del>257</del> 377	344	25.2	8450
cpm (5 min)	65.3	59	46	<del>454</del> 454	388	343	22.4	8380
- slope = 24	41	35	22	430	364	319	-	8356
$\times 6$ (per hr).				2580	2160			
mpm/hrs = units				773	6.47			
$\mu$ / $\mu$				155				

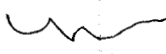
$8356 \times 10^4$  cpm/ $\mu$ l  
 $8356 \times 10^2$  cpm  
 2,500 mpm/hrs  
 334 cpm/minute

4-25-63

Reassay Crude Polymerase (sonicate) after storage in deep freeze sev 4-23

Each tube 0.05 ml Tris mixture ✓  
 0.04 ml Tri P mix 3-15-63 ✓  
 0.03 ml β-ME, 0.1 M ✓  
 0.01 ml diluting fluid ✓

10-75, tap 7  
 Bkgd = ~~244~~ 26.2  
 C<sup>14</sup> stand 21,100  
10' as usual.

	1	<u>zero time</u> 2	3	<del>4</del> 4
E. coli DNA 8.3900/ml	-	-	-	-
Sample 2 of 4-23	-	.050	.050	.025
H <sub>2</sub> O	<u>0.12</u>	.070	.070	.095 ✓
	 mixed in vial			
cpm (5 min)	273		352	313
- Bkgd			26	26
			326	287

This extract after storing frozen 2 day has ~~lost~~ retained about 80% of its activity, or more.

# Assay E. coli alkaline phosphatase.

4-25-63

unit =  $\mu\text{moles/hr}$

	1	2	3	4
Tris, 0.5M pH 8.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
2-19-63 Neutral	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
5'-AMP 94.5 $\mu\text{m}/\text{ml}$	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Enzyme, del, 1-100, ~ 30 u/d	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
H <sub>2</sub> O	0.08	0.075	0.07	0.060
	0.40	0.395	0.38	0.37
		0.079	0.075	

20', 37°.

Add 0.9 ml 2.5% PCA

take 0.3 for Ames P.

20 minute incubation.

	1	2	3	4	5	BL	102 $\mu\text{m}$ Pi
Tris, 0.5M pH 8.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		
2-19-63 Neutral	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		
5'-AMP 94.5 $\mu\text{m}/\text{ml}$	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		
del 1-100 7mg/4 stored							100
Stock sample 6120A 5-16-62	-	0.001	0.005	0.001	0.005		10 $\mu\text{m}/\text{ml}$
del 1-100 5-16-62	-						0.005
Use sample 6120A 29840 u/4				0.001	0.005		
H <sub>2</sub> O	0.08	0.079	0.075	0.079	0.075		

Abs 820	014	090	322	044	107	477
$\mu\text{moles Pi}$	0.0006	0.0038	0.0135	0.0018	0.0045	
- BL		0.0032	0.0129	0.0012	0.0039	
$\mu\text{moles/hr mix}$		0.107	0.430	0.040	0.130	
$\mu\text{moles/ml enzyme}$		1070	860	400	260	
$\mu\text{moles/hr/ml enzyme}$		3210	2580	1200	780	

Plan to use stock sample, about 1000  $\mu\text{m}$

Plan to use stock material, in excess for alkaline digests.

4-25-63

Test Ap16163 for nuclease

Blank 0.1 ml NH<sub>4</sub>OH + 0.3 ml 2.5% PCA 24.1 cpm

Cold rx mix:

- 2 ml 0.5 M Tris pH 8.2 ✓
- 0.2 M 0.05 M EDTA ✓
- 0.5 M 0.1 M MgCl<sub>2</sub> ✓
- 0.3 M H<sub>2</sub>O ✓
- 3.0 ml

Plan, 2, 5, 8, take 0.3 ml of acid soluble + 0.1 ml 1→10 NH<sub>4</sub>OH, 10 ml Brays Count Tap 7, 10-75  
Others read 00 at 260 for 3, 6, 9, 10 at 257 for 1, 4, 7.

SRNA, 0.05 → 1.0 ml @ 0.05 M KPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.01 N NaCl  
Abs<sub>260</sub> = .440, undel = 88

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rx Mix	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030
polyA 5mg/ml Talca	.010			.010			.010			
RNA C <sup>14</sup> F19163		.005			.005			.005		
Ap 16163 whel	-	-	-	.010	.010	.010	.010	.010	.010	.020
SRNA, yeast, Martin Seng			.010	.005		.010		.010	.010	.010
H <sub>2</sub> O	.060	.065	.065	.050	.055	.055	.050	.055	.055	.045
time	1h	1h	1h	0	0	0	1h	1h	1h	1h
ml 2.5% PCA	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.9
OD 260			.048			.116			.084	.042
OD 257	.056			.161*	.116*	.116*	.035			
cpm		51.5			39.3			32.5		

Why high UV for zero times.

In general no nuclease here. Must extend test @ SRNA.

\* Slow in taking zero time.



4-26-63

Repeat on phosphorolysis of demethyl SRNA

Each tube

0.03 M Mg Max 4-18-63 ✓

plan usual 15' assay

0.01 M 0.05 M MgCl<sub>2</sub> ✓

0.005 M 2 mg/l BSA ✓

SA = 32,200 × .612 = 19,700

0.01 M 0.1 M K<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> ✓

	polyA 5mg/l Tala 12-19	demethyl SRNA 32500/l	Ap 1663 tube #1	H <sub>2</sub> O	0-134 #4 of 4	cpm <del>40</del>	-Bt	µmobs.	u/l
1	.010	-	-	.035		32			
2	.010	-	.005	.030		435	403	.0205	4.1
3		.005	-	.040		33	<del>403</del>		
4		.005	.020	.020		45.2	12		
5	.010	-	-	.025	.010	147	115	.0058	0.58
6	-	.005	-	.010	.030	93	60	.0030	
8									

0-134, last assayed was 0.70 u/l c FB polyA 5 mg/l

Expt 4-18 must have been a freak. This expt agrees with that of 4-19, essentially no phosphorolysis with Ap-1663

But 0-134 again is tantalizing. Recheck with longer incubation.

55.6 gm E. coli B (Benzer) Fermentor Batch, 3-13-63.

Take out about 9 am from freezer. Thaw with aid of cold H<sub>2</sub>O bath and mechanical chopping. Mix into good paste. Seems somewhat more liquid than Leder's cells. Slowly mix in 19 ml Buffer A to make good suspension. <sup>Cool down</sup> ~~Start to~~ as this was done. Mix 10'  $\bar{c}$  magnet in cold room.

Sonifier on 15 ml batches, setting 6 (or 5) 30 sec. blasts, 3x on each. Looks pretty good.

Centrifuge Sevall 30 min, 120 set ( $\rightarrow$  20,000 x g).

Murky ~~sup~~ Recentrifuge, looks better.

Wash ppt with  $\sim$  30 ml buffer A as last time. Centrifuge.

Pool wash = <sup>Ap 301</sup> sup. 165  $\mu$ l. Ppts to Neu. 1 ml saved.

Spinco, 30,000 x g, #30 head. Plan 5 hr. had only about 3 1/2 hr no brake. Get 140 ml. after filtering through glass wool. <sup>Remove 14</sup> Ap 302

Protein

	ml	ml H <sub>2</sub> O	OD660 - Bl	mg	mg/dl	
#1, Blank	-	.500	053	-		
2 St .005	.005	.495	252	199	.0395	
3 .010	.010	.490	401	348	.079	
4 Ap 301 } del-10	.010	.490	182	129	.0256	25.6
5 " }	.020	.480	283	230	.0456	22.8
6 Ap 302 } del-10	.010	.490	138	.085	.0169	16.9
7 }	.025	.475	249	.196	.0388	15.5

2/1

Ap 302 16.2 mg/dl, have 139 ml = 2250 mg  $\frac{2250}{12} = 187.5$

Adjust to 187.5 ml by adding  $\frac{187.5}{48.5}$  ml buffer A.

Add 14.7 M  $\beta$  ME  $\rightarrow$  0.01 M  $v(14.7) = 187.5 (.01)$   $v = .128$  ml. Add

9.38 ml 10% Streptomycin Sulfate (Squibb, 2.5 gm / 25 ml)

over ~ 15 min. Never saw any strings. Then stir cold 15 min. more.  
 Spin ~ 14,000 x g VRA 15'. Tight white ppt pale yellow sup.  
 My-1163. Remove 0.25 ml

Add 7.5 ml 1% Protamine sulfate (Lilly, 0.25 gm/25 ml) (0048-545662)  
 Sit 15' Spin 15' 10,000 x g VRA. Give sup to Tolbert. My 1263.  
 Small white precipitate. Make 75 ml Buf A 0.01 N in  $\beta$ ME @ 0.051 ml  
 14.7 M. Wash precipitate with this as before. Centrifuge 10,000 x g  
 9" Loundes.

Put ppt in homogenizer env, using total of about 20 ml Buffer A - (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>  
 -  $\beta$ ME. Centrifuge. Obtain 20.5 ml supernatant. My-1363. Store cold room

5-263 To 20 ml of sup above, add 8.54 ml As (satd 25°, pH 7)

Spin 15' Top speed, Servall

Small yellow-white button

To sup add 8.75 ml A.S. as above.

Centrifuge 25 min Take up ppt in 1 ml Buffer B. My 2163

Store in -70 Box

My-11 11.2 mg/4

My 12 10.4 mg/4

My 21, on 5-3 Thaw, put up 8 0.1 ml aliquots  
 + remnant deep -70 Box

Assays on RNA polymerase Prep II.

5-2-63

Each tube 0.05 ml Tris m<sub>l</sub> ✓ 10' as usual  
 0.04 μl Tris P ✓ (1334 cpm/μmole) 10.75, tap 7.  
 0.03 ml 0.1 M βME ✓ Blcpd cpm = 25.5  
 0.01 ml diluting fluid ✓ C<sup>14</sup> stand 20,950

	1	2	3	3	5	4	7	5	6	7	8	12
✓ Eccti 8.3900/d DNA	.050	.050	-	.050	-	.050	-	.050	.050	.050	-	-
Ap 301	-	.050 0.25	.050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ap 302	-	-	-	.050	.050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
My 1362	-	-	-	-	-	.010	.010	.020	-	-	-	-
ddl-10 My 2162	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.010	.020	.020	-
H <sub>2</sub> O	.070	.020	.070	.020	.070	.060	.11	.050	.060	.050	.100	.070
cpm(30min) Sample # 2 of 4-23	29.9	352	652	652	970	970	1470	1442	2440	42.8	100	100
- Blcpd	4	326	626	626	944	944	1444	1416	2414	17		
- Bl = 4		322	622	622	940	940	1440	1412	2410	13		
x 6 (pmol)		1930	3730	3730	5640	5640	8640	8490	14500			
μmoles/h (units)		5.78	11.2	11.2	16.9	16.9	25.8	25.4	43.5			
u/ml		115	224	224	1690	1690	1290	25400	21700			
sa		4.75	13.8	13.8	563	563	430	1260	1080			
vol		1.5	140	140	20.5	20.5	20.5	1	1			
Total units		19,000	31,200	31,200	34,600	34,600	26,400	25,400	21,700			

mean 1100  
 5  
 Berg  $\frac{6100}{48}$  152 with DEAE

5-3-63

Proteins for RNA Polymerase Prep

#	Spk	ml CO <sub>2</sub> NaOH	- RL	mg	mg/spk x 2/5	mg/μl	
1	Blank	.500	.052				
2	Prot stand 7.9mg/μl	.005	.495	.249	.197	.0395	
3	My 1361	.020	.500 <del>.49</del>	.308	.256	.0514	.0616
4		.040	.500	.518	.466	.0935	.112
5	My 2163	.005		.518	.466	.0935	.112
6		.010		.790	.738	.148	.178
							40.2
							20.1

to 3-6, add 1 ml <sup>3.5</sup> 70 PCA & precipitate 10', spin 10' take up  
 as indicated in ~~CO<sub>2</sub>-NaOH~~. 0.6 ml CO<sub>2</sub>-NaOH. Use 0.500 μl sample.

4-30-63

Ap 30363

SRNA E coli (Zubay) from Peterkofsky.

2 ml, OD = ~ 350.

Total OD = ~ 700

~~x(0.3)~~  $x(1) = (2+x)0.3$

$$x = 0.6 + 0.3x$$

$$0.7x = 0.6$$

$$x = 0.86 \text{ ml.}$$

1 ml / 5 mg

700 OD = 70  $\mu$ ms

35 mg.

want 7 ml.

$$x(1) = 7(0.3)$$

$$x = 2.1 \text{ ml } 1 \text{ N KOH}$$

2.0 ml SRNA

2.9 ml H<sub>2</sub>O

7.0

$$2.1(1) = 7(0.3)$$

2:1

5 PM.

5-1-63 Wash (in a column) AG50W-X2, 50-100 mesh, H<sup>+</sup>,  $\bar{c}$  distilled H<sub>2</sub>O.

# 5158-41 B1099. to negligible O.D.

Make 1:1 suspension.

0.7 mcg/ml. 7 ml, 0.3 N KOH =

Make upp dummy, 2.1 ml 1 N KOH, 4.9 ml H<sub>2</sub>O.

3.5 ml resin volume to pH 6.5

Sample Transfer to grad cylinder. Total vol = 12.8. Take to pH just about 9.5  $\bar{c}$  ~ 2 ml resin volume. Filter & wash. Volume now is 31 ml. Add 0.31 ml 0.5M Tris pH 9.2. pH checks OK at 8.2.

Dilute .01  $\rightarrow$  1.00  $\bar{c}$  H<sub>2</sub>O. OD<sub>260</sub> = 0.344. OD/ml = 34.4

Total OD = 34.4 x 31.31 = 1077 ODs. = ~ 90  $\mu$ ms/ml 31.3 ml = ~~2.9~~  $\mu$ g/l

Ash P on 0.005, 0.010 samples. Store Cold Room