NICKEL STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: April 29, 2009

		a -	Last	modificat	ion: Apri	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	Primary	Secondary	_	-	a	Apparent		Unit value	
Year	<u>^</u>	production		Exports	Stocks	consumption	(\$/t)	(98 \$/t)	production
1900	5		26,100	2,660		23,600	1,100		
1901	3		53,200	2,660		50,700	1,240	/	
1902	3		15,400	1,460		14,100	992	19,000	
1903	52		16,400	1,100		15,600	882	16,000	
1904	11		8,950	3,410		5,800	882	16,000	
1905			14,100	4,330		10,000	882	16,000	
1906			15,500	4,820		10,900	882	16,000	
1907			8,440	3,980		4,690	992	17,000	/
1908			7,630	4,430		3,470	992	18,000	
1909	309		10,100	5,470		4,940	882	16,000	
1910			14,700	6,910		8,110	882	15,000	
1911	404		13,500	11,400		2,500	882	15,000	,
1912	298		21,000	11,700		9,600	882	15,000	
1913	219		21,500	13,200		8,520	926	15,300	32,200
1914	384		15,900	12,500		3,780	904	14,700	,
1915	746		25,700	12,000		14,400	904	14,600	39,100
1916	833	740	33,000	15,200		19,400	926	,	
1917	365	780		9,980		25,500	926	11,800	
1918	400	1,260	33,200	7,920		26,900	904	9,760	
1919	464	2,220		1,730		17,600	882	8,320	
1920	331	2,000	22,000	551		23,800	926	,	
1921	101	857	1,990	193		2,750	926		
1922	189	1,370	6,770	4,940		5,430	838	8,140	
1923	91	1,410	18,400	840		19,400	794	7,560	
1924	173	2,030		1,180		18,200	661	6,300	
1925	247	2,090		1,630		20,800	728	6,800	37,100
1926	293	2,770		1,420		20,000	794	7,280	
1927	780	3,070	,	800		19,300	772	7,220	,
1928	474	4,080		800		31,300	816	7,770	,
1929	308	3,950		1,000		40,900	772	7,350	
1930	279	2,630		1,100		24,800	772	7,570	
1931	338	1,880	13,700	600		15,300	772	8,270	
1932	177	1,320		700		9,330	772	9,190	
1933	114					20,600	772		
1934	142	1,680				19,400	772	9,390	
1935	145	1,770		1,200		31,700	772	9,190	
1936	97	1,780				42,800	772	9,050	
1937	199	2,180	,	2,500		43,600	772	8,740	
1938	377	2,090	,	3,800		22,500	772	8,930	
1939	357	2,650		6,100		51,900	772	9,050	,
1940	503	3,770		7,100		76,600	772	8,990	
1941	599	4,820		4,100		94,400	772	8,560	
1942	555	3,760		5,000	0.170	103,000	705	7,050	
1943	582	6,270			8,160		705	6,650	
1944	896	3,920	,	5,900	12,000		705	6,530	
1945	1,050	5,880		2,500	8,340	,	705	6,410	
1946	319	7,480		5,000	11,800		772	6,430	
1947	586 801	8,660	73,200	7,500 5,000	7,010		772 794	5,640	
1948	717	8,030	87,500	,	9,650	,	794 882	5,370	
1949		5,150		2,500	8,100			6,040	
1950	828	7,980		2,700	5,360		992	6,700	
1951	686	7,800	84,500	3,560	5,180	78,600	1,190	7,440	132,000

NICKEL STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: April 29, 2009

PrimarySecondary productionImportsExportsStocksConsumptionUnit valueUnit value1952 574 $6,790$ $98,700$ $5,350$ $7,380$ $92,000$ $1,260$ $7,730$ 1953 546 $7,580$ $108,000$ $11,700$ $8,980$ $95,900$ $1,320$ $8,050$ 1954 754 $7,810$ $120,000$ $11,000$ $9,610$ $85,900$ $1,350$ $8,180$ 1955 $3,450$ $10,500$ $129,000$ $15,900$ $8,170$ $99,900$ $1,460$ $8,900$ 1956 $6,100$ $13,500$ $130,000$ $34,300$ $11,500$ $116,000$ $1,430$ $8,560$ 1957 $9,140$ $10,900$ $127,000$ $10,300$ $22,900$ $111,000$ $1,630$ $9,480$ 1958 $10,700$ $6,720$ $81,600$ $10,800$ $12,100$ $71,700$ $1,630$ $9,210$ 1959 $10,500$ $8,560$ $93,400$ $41,700$ $10,300$ $98,100$ $1,630$ $9,100$ 1960 $13,000$ $8,560$ $93,400$ $41,700$ $10,300$ $98,100$ $1,720$ $9,400$ 1961 $10,100$ $9,700$ $115,000$ $42,800$ $16,600$ $108,000$ $1,740$ $9,260$ 1964 $11,100$ $21,000$ $117,000$ $52,800$ $15,600$ $133,000$ $1,740$ $9,260$ 1964 $11,100$ $21,000$ $117,000$ $52,800$ $15,600$ $133,000$ $1,740$ $9,260$ <th>production 146,000 198,000 216,000 239,000 259,000 286,000 224,000 285,000 320,000 361,000</th>	production 146,000 198,000 216,000 239,000 259,000 286,000 224,000 285,000 320,000 361,000
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195910,5008,560102,00010,10012,800102,0001,6309,110196013,0008,56093,40041,70010,30098,1001,6308,960196110,1009,700115,00042,80016,600108,0001,7209,400196210,20010,100112,00021,30012,200108,0001,7609,510196310,40017,200108,00047,00015,600113,0001,7409,260196411,10021,000117,00052,80015,600133,0001,7409,160	285,000 320,000 361,000
196013,0008,56093,40041,70010,30098,1001,6308,960196110,1009,700115,00042,80016,600108,0001,7209,400196210,20010,100112,00021,30012,200108,0001,7609,510196310,40017,200108,00047,00015,600113,0001,7409,260196411,10021,000117,00052,80015,600133,0001,7409,160) 320,000) 361,000
196110,1009,700115,00042,80016,600108,0001,7209,400196210,20010,100112,00021,30012,200108,0001,7609,510196310,40017,200108,00047,00015,600113,0001,7409,260196411,10021,000117,00052,80015,600133,0001,7409,160	361,000
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196310,40017,200108,00047,00015,600113,0001,7409,260196411,10021,000117,00052,80015,600133,0001,7409,160) 357,000
1964 11,100 21,000 117,000 52,800 15,600 133,000 1,740 9,160	
<u>1965</u> <u>12,300</u> <u>17,600</u> <u>148,000</u> <u>16,100</u> <u>12,700</u> <u>156,000</u> <u>1,740</u> <u>9,020</u>	
1966 12,000 24,300 128,000 20,300 28,400 170,000 1,740 8,74	
1967 13,200 18,800 130,000 24,300 28,100 158,000 1,940 9,46) 449,000
1968 13,800 12,800 134,000 26,000 24,900 145,000 2,090 9,810) 497,000
1969 14,300 17,000 117,000 26,800 15,000 129,000 2,320 10,300	487,000
1970 14,100 21,000 142,000 24,300 22,400 141,000 2,840 11,900	628,000
1971 14,200 24,300 129,000 20,200 14,500 117,000 2,930 11,80	637,000
1972 14,300 32,600 158,000 16,700 23,800 145,000 3,090 12,100	611,000
1973 12,600 59,800 173,000 4,500 66,800 239,000 3,370 12,40	710,000
1974 12,800 58,500 200,000 3,900 80,700 257,000 3,840 12,700	770,000
1975 13,000 37,700 146,000 6,700 67,600 199,000 4,560 13,80	802,000
1976 12,600 47,400 171,000 14,000 63,600 221,000 4,960 14,200) 792,000
1977 11,700 45,700 177,000 15,100 51,300 231,000 5,000 13,400	828,000
1978 10,200 40,100 213,000 15,100 52,500 247,000 4,500 11,30	658,000
1979 10,600 52,100 161,000 21,700 50,600 205,000 5,860 13,20	686,000
1980 10,200 44,700 172,000 17,700 107,000 187,000 6,230 12,30	779,000
1981 9,350 47,200 190,000 17,800 151,000 187,000 5,970 10,70	726,000
1982 3,140 39,000 118,000 33,900 112,000 164,000 4,810 8,130	621,000
1983 45,200 138,000 21,200 92,100 175,000 4,670 7,650	673,000
1984 8,710 50,000 160,000 39,800 88,000 186,000 4,770 7,49	773,000
1985 4,730 48,700 143,000 32,000 72,700 197,000 4,980 7,54	813,000
1986 1,500 39,700 117,000 19,600 62,600 163,000 3,880 5,770	852,000
1987 0 32,300 135,000 21,000 53,600 172,000 4,840 6,94	891,000
1988 0 48,700 146,000 27,900 56,100 181,000 13,800 19,000	952,000
1989 347 52,100 137,000 31,500 56,600 178,000 13,300 17,50	987,000
1990 3,700 57,400 145,000 37,100 55,800 185,000 8,860 11,100	974,000
1991 7,070 53,500 139,000 36,900 61,500 179,000 8,160 9,76	1,010,000
1992 8,960 55,900 128,000 33,900 61,400 175,000 7,000 8,130	1,010,000
1993 4,880 54,000 133,000 33,200 61,700 176,000 5,290 5,970	928,000
1994 0 58,600 133,000 41,900 47,300 192,000 6,340 6,970	932,000
1995 8,290 64,500 157,000 51,500 44,800 216,000 8,230 8,800	1,040,000
1996 15,100 59,300 150,000 46,800 42,700 206,000 7,500 7,79	1,060,000
1997 16,000 68,400 158,000 56,500 37,300 222,000 6,930 7,04	
1998 4,290 63,100 156,000 43,500 31,600 212,000 4,630 4,630	
1999 0 71,000 149,000 38,900 22,800 211,000 6,010 5,88	
2000 0 86,500 167,000 58,100 27,200 233,000 8,640 8,18	
2001 0 81,200 144,000 57,000 24,200 210,000 5,950 5,470	
2002 0 99,300 129,000 45,900 17,700 220,000 6,770 6,130	
2003 0 101,000 137,000 53,600 19,700 218,000 9,630 8,530	

NICKEL STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted]

	Primary	Secondary				Apparent	Unit value	Unit value	World
Year	production	production	Imports	Exports	Stocks	consumption	(\$/t)	(98 \$/t)	production
2004	0	103,000	155,000	56,300	18,500	232,000	13,800	11,900	1,420,000
2005	0	101,000	159,000	63,200	19,400	236,000	14,700	12,300	1,490,000
2006	0	108,000	173,000	67,300	20,500	252,000	24,200	19,600	1,580,000
2007	0	93,600	141,000	116,000	20,700	205,000	37,200	29,300	1,660,000

Last modification: April 29, 2009

¹Compiled by T.G. Goonan and P.H. Kuck.

NICKEL PRIMARY PRODUCTION STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

			Byproduct of	lification: Dec		Byproduct of	USGS	
	Smelter	Refinery	lead or		Byproduct of		reported	Adjusted
	production	production	cobalt	copper	talc	and platinum	primary	primary
Year	from laterite	from matte	production	production	production	production	production	production
1900	ii oiii iuteriite	II officiation	5	production	production	production	5	5
1901			3				3	3
1902			3				3	3
1902			52				52	52
1903			11				11	11
1904			11				11	11
1905								
1907								
1908								
1909				309			309	309
1909				509			309	509
1910				404			404	404
1911				298			298	298
1912				298			298	298
1913				384			384	384
1914				746				
1915				833			833	833
1910							365	
1917				365			400	365
				400				400
1919			125	464			464	464
1920			125	206			331	331
1921				101			101	101
1922				189			189	189
1923				91			91	91
1924				173			173	173
1925				247			247	247
1926				293			293	293
1927				780			780	780
1928				474			474	474
1929				308			308	308
1930				279			279	279
1931				338			338	338
1932				177			177	177
1933				114			114	114
1934				142			142	142
1935				145			145	145
1936				97			97	97
1937				199			199	199
1938				377			377	377
1939				357			357	357
1940				503			503	503
1941			0		37		599	599
1942			0		5		555	555
1943			0				582	582
1944			0		264		896	896
1945			0		396		1,050	1,050
1946			0		0		319	319
1947			0				586	586
1948			0		0		801	801
1949			0	717	0		717	717

NICKEL PRIMARY PRODUCTION STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

			Byproduct of		ember 16, 200	Byproduct of	USGS	
	Smelter	Refinery	lead or		Byproduct of		reported	Adjusted
	production	production	cobalt	copper	talc	and platinum	primary	primary
Year	from laterite	from matte	production	production	production	production	production	production
1950			0	828	-	•	828	828
1951	0	0	0	686			686	686
1952	0	0	0	574	0		574	574
1953	10	0		536			546	546
1954	174	0		580			754	754
1955	3,040	0		409			3,450	3,450
1956	5,530	0		565			6,100	6,100
1957	8,680	0		455			9,140	9,140
1958	10,200	0		455			10,700	10,700
1959	10,100	0		447			10,500	10,500
1960	10,800	1,610		565			13,000	13,000
1961	9,570	0		567			10,100	10,100
1962	9,590	0		588			10,200	10,200
1963	9,730	0		641			10,400	10,400
1964	10,200	0		861			11,100	11,100
1965	11,500	0		766			12,300	12,300
1966	11,100	0		913			12,000	12,000
1967	11,800	0		1,430			13,200	13,200
1968	11,900	0		1,920			13,800	13,800
1969	11,900	0		2,460			14,300	14,400
1970	11,500	0		2,640			14,100	14,100
1971	11,900	0		2,340			14,200	14,200
1972	12,000	0		2,270			14,300	14,300
1973	11,700	0		869			12,600	12,600
1974	12,000	205		792			12,800	12,800
1975	13,000	7,240		1,010			13,000	13,000
1976	12,600	18,200		1,090			12,600	12,600
1977	11,700	22,700		1,010			11,700	11,700
1978	10,200	23,600		1,050			10,200	10,200
1979	10,600	29,500		1,160			10,600	10,600
1980	10,200	29,900		964			10,200	10,200
1981	9,350			1,220			9,350	,
1982	3,140	37,600		812			3,140	3,140
1983		30,300		799				
1984	8,710	32,000		783			8,710	8,710
1985	4,730	28,300		763			4,730	4,730
1986	1,500	0		791	ļ		1,500	2,290
1987	0			937			0	
1988	2.1-			1,030			0	,
1989	347			1,070			347	1,417
1990	3,700			1,120			3,700	4,820
1991	7,070			1,220			7,070	
1992	8,960			1,220			8,960	10,200
1993	4,880			1,220			4,880	6,100
1994	0			1,260				,
1995	8,290			1,240 1,270			8,290	9,530
1996 1997	15,100 16,000			1,270			15,100	16,400
	,			,			16,000	17,300
1998	4,290			1,250			4,290	5,540
1999	0			1,100	l		0	1,100

NICKEL PRIMARY PRODUCTION STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

			Byproduct of			Byproduct of	USGS	
	Smelter	Refinery	lead or	Byproduct of	Byproduct of	palladium	reported	Adjusted
	production	production	cobalt	copper	talc	and platinum	primary	primary
Year	from laterite	from matte	production	production	production	production	production	production
2000	0			940		0	0	1,880
2001				689		358	0	1,050
2002				688		639	0	1,330
2003				505		636	0	1,140
2004				504		671	0	1,180
2005				493		685	0	1,180
2006				489		737	0	1,230
2007				120		693	0	813

¹Compiled by T.G. Goonan and P.H. Kuck.

NICKEL IMPORTS STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

	Last modification	: December 16, 2008	
Year	Primary imports	Secondary imports	Total imports
1900		· ·	26,100
1901			53,200
1902			15,400
1902			16,400
1903			
			8,950
1905			14,100
1906			15,500
1907			8,440
1908			7,630
1909			10,100
1910			14,700
1911			13,500
1912			21,000
1912			21,500
1914			15,900
1915			25,700
1916			33,000
1917	34,300		34,300
1918	33,200		33,200
1919	16,600		16,600
1920	22,000		22,000
1920	1,990		1,990
1921	6,770		6,770
	,		
1923	18,400		18,400
1924	16,800		16,800
1925	19,600		19,600
1926	17,500		17,500
1927	16,200		16,200
1928	27,500		27,500
1929	37,600		37,600
1930	23,000		23,000
1930	13,700		13,700
1932	8,530		8,530
1933	19,900		19,900
1934	19,100		19,100
1935	31,000		31,000
1936	43,200		43,200
1937	43,400		43,700
1938	23,800		23,800
1939	52,800		52,800
1940	76,000		76,000
1941	96,300		96,300
1942	104,000		104,000
1943	111,000		111,000
1944	107,000		107,000
1945	97,500		97,500
1946	83,900		83,900
1947	73,200		73,200
1948	87,500		87,500
1948	67,500		82,600
1950			82,800
1951			84,500
1952			98,700
1953			108,000
1954			120,000
1955			129,000
1956			130,000
1950			130,000
1958			81,600

NICKEL IMPORTS STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

		: December 16, 2008	
Year	Primary imports	Secondary imports	Total imports
1959			102,000
1960			93,400
1961			115,000
1962			112,000
1963			108,000
1964			117,000
1965			148,000
1966			128,000
1967			130,000
1968			134,000
1969			117,000
1970			142,000
1971			129,000
1972			158,000
1973	173,000		173,000
1973	200,000		200,000
1975	146,000		146,000
1976	171,000		171,000
1977	177,000		177,000
1978	213,000		213,000
1979	161,000		161,000
1980	172,000		172,000
1980	190,000		190,000
1982	118,000		118,000
1983	138,000		138,000
1983	160,000		158,000
1985	143,000		143,000
1985	143,000		117,000
1980	135,000		135,000
		5 880	
1988 1989	140,000	5,880 9,140	146,000
1989	128,000		137,000
	134,000	11,600	145,000
1991 1992	132,000	6,210	139,000
	119,000	9,510	128,000
1993	126,000	6,710	133,000
1994	127,000	6,060	133,000
1995	149,000	7,930	157,000
1996	142,000	8,060	150,000
1997	147,000	11,000	158,000
1998	148,000	8,500	156,000
1999	139,000	9,480	149,000
2000	156,000	10,700	167,000
2001	136,000	8,760	144,000
2002	121,000	9,110	130,000
2003	125,000	11,500	137,000
2004	136,000	18,800	155,000
2005	143,000	15,500	159,000
2006	153,000	20,300	173,000
2007	125,000	16,200	141,000

¹Compiled by T.G. Goonan and P.H. Kuck.

NICKEL EXPORTS STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

		Secondary	
Year	Primary exports	exports	Total exports
1900			2,660
1901			2,660
1902			1,460
1902			1,100
1903			3,410
1905			4,330
1905			4,820
1900			3,980
1907			4,430
1909			5,470
1910			6,910
1910			11,400
1911			11,400
1912			13,200
1913			12,500
1915			12,000
1915			15,200
1910	9,980		9,980
1917	7,920		7,920
1918	1,730		1,730
1919	551		551
1920	193		193
1921	4,940		4,940
1922	4,940		4,940
1923			1,180
1924	1,180		
	1,630		1,630
1926	1,420		1,420
1927			800
1928			800
1929 1930			1,000
			1,100
<u>1931</u> 1932			600
			700
1933			900
1934			1,500
1935			1,200
1936			2,300
1937			2,500
1938			3,800
1939			6,100
1940			7,100
1941			4,100
1942			5,000
1943			6,800
1944			5,900
1945			2,500
1946			5,00
1947			7,500
1948			5,000
1949			2,500
1950			2,700
1951		9	3,560

NICKEL EXPORTS STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

Year Primary exports Total exports 1952 5,350 1953 11,700 1954 11,000 1955 15,900 1956 34,300 1957 10,300 1958 10,800 1959 10,100 1960 41,700 1961 42,800 1962 21,300 1963 47,000 1964 52,800 1965 16,100 1966 20,300 1967 24,300 1968 26,000 1970 24,300 1971 20,200 1972 16,700 1973 4,500 4,500 1975 6,700 6,700 1977 15,100 15,100 1978 15,100 17,700 1979 21,700 17,700 1981 17,800 17,800 1984 28,700 11,100 39,800 <th></th> <th>Last modification:</th> <th>Secondary</th> <th>00</th>		Last modification:	Secondary	00
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2001 8,450 48,600 57,000 2002 6,520 39,400 45,900				
2002 6,520 39,400 45,900		8,150		
	2001	8,450	48,600	57,000
2003 6,330 47,300 53,600	2002	6,520	39,400	
10	2003			53,600

NICKEL EXPORTS STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

	Last mounication.	200011001 10, 20	00
		Secondary	
Year	Primary exports	exports	Total exports
2004	8,000	48,300	56,300
2005	7,630	55,600	63,200
2006	8,050	59,300	67,300
2007	13,100	103,000	116,000

¹Compiled by T.G. Goonan and P.H. Kuck.

NICKEL STOCKS STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted]

		Producer	fication: Dece Consumer	Consumer	USGS	
	Government	and trader	primary	secondary	reported	Adjusted
Year	stocks	stocks	stocks	stocks	stocks total	stocks total
1941	SLOCKS	SLUCKS	4,500	SLOCKS	Stocks total	4,500
1941	676		4,300			4,300
		(95	,	2 220	9.160	
1943	676	685	3,570	3,230	8,160	8,160
1944	1,470	1,720	4,630	4,140	12,000	12,000
1945	12,370		8,700		8,700	21,070
1946	21,633		12,500		12,500	34,133
1947	30,463		8,570		8,570	39,033
1948	40,451		10,500		10,500	50,951
1949	50,268		8,320		8,320	58,588
1950	60,505		5,580		5,580	66,085
1951	70,449		5,180		5,180	75,629
1952	81,355		7,380		7,380	88,735
1953	92,739		8,980		8,980	101,719
1954	105,684		9,610		9,610	115,294
1955	119,909		8,170		8,170	
1956	132,305		11,500		11,500	143,805
1957	146,181		22,900		22,900	169,081
1958	157,143		12,100		12,100	169,243
1959	169,350		12,800		12,800	182,150
1960	177,737		10,300		10,300	188,037
1961	187,224		16,600		16,600	203,824
1962	200,000		12,200		12,200	212,000
1963	208,000		15,600		15,600	224,000
1964	199,000		15,600		15,600	215,000
1965	191,000		12,700		12,700	204,000
1966	122,000		28,400		28,400	150,000
1967	71,000		28,100		28,100	99,100
1968	64,600		24,900		24,900	89,500
1969	64,000		15,000		15,000	79,000
1970	50,000		22,400		22,400	72,400
1971	47,300		14,500		14,500	61,800
1972	44,000		23,800		23,800	67,800
1973	38,400		26,100		66,800	64,500
1974	37,900		41,100		80,700	79,000
1975	37,400		32,200		67,600	69,600
1976	36,900		28,700		63,600	65,600
1977	36,500		16,900		51,300	53,400
1978	35,400		18,500		52,500	53,900
1979	33,200		17,700		50,600	50,900
1980	30,700	54,400	13,800	8,270	107,000	107,000
1981	29,200	90,700	20,400	10,300	151,000	151,000
1982	29,200	56,200	17,100	9,080	112,000	112,000
1983	29,300	34,900	18,600	9,350	92,100	92,100
1984	29,200	33,800	19,000	5,920	88,000	88,000
1985	33,800	15,800	17,400	5,720	72,700	72,700
1986	33,800	9,340	15,200	4,240	62,600	62,600
1987	33,800	6,190	9,680	3,970	53,600	53,600
1988	33,800	6,970	10,700	4,620	56,100	56,100
1989	33,800	6,330	9,620	6,940	56,600	56,600
1990	33,800	8,070	9,020	4,920	55,800	55,800
1991	33,800	11,800	10,500	5,460	61,500	61,500
1771	55,000	11,000	10,500	5,400	01,500	01,500

NICKEL STOCKS STATISTICS¹ U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted] Last modification: December 16, 2008

	Last modification: December 16, 2008 Producer Consumer USGS											
	Communet					Adjusted						
	Government		primary	secondary	reported	Adjusted						
Year	stocks	stocks	stocks	stocks	stocks total	stocks total						
1992	33,800	10,100	12,300	5,240	61,400	61,400						
1993	31,600	15,700	11,100	3,360	61,700	61,700						
1994	26,800	10,200	7,290	3,020	47,300	47,300						
1995	19,800	12,700	8,200	4,150	44,800	44,800						
1996	15,900	13,300	9,270	4,230	42,700	42,700						
1997	8,530	12,600	10,300	5,770	37,300	37,300						
1998	2,600	13,100	10,500	5,460	31,600	31,600						
1999	0	12,700	5,010	5,070	22,800	22,800						
2000	0	12,300	6,540	8,380	27,200	27,200						
2001	0	12,600	4,500	7,040	24,200	24,200						
2002	0	6,150	4,540	7,000	17,700	17,700						
2003	0	8,040	4,830	6,850	19,700	19,700						
2004	0	6,580	5,770	6,110	18,500	18,500						
2005	0	5,940	6,670	6,800	19,400	19,400						
2006	0	6,450	7,160	6,910	20,500	20,500						
2007	0	6,600	7,300	6,760	20,700	20,700						

¹Compiled by T.G. Goonan and P.H. Kuck.

Last modification: December 16, 2008										
Year World plant production										
1970	601,000									
1971	620,000									
1972	593,000									
1973	662,000									
1974	742,000									
1975	747,000									
1976	742,000									
1977	714,000									
1978	603,000									
1979	639,000									
1980	731,000									
1981	692,000									
1982	585,000									
1983	646,000									
1984	731,000									
1985	762,000									
1986	806,000									
1987	857,000									
1988	924,000									
1989	937,000									
1990	902,000									
1991	923,000									
1992	879,000									
1993	806,000									
1994	826,000									
1995	922,000									
1996	954,000									
1997	1,020,000									
1998	1,040,000									
1999	1,050,000									
2000	1,120,000									
2001	1,190,000									
2002	1,210,000									
2003	1,220,000									
2004	1,260,000									
2005	1,290,000									
2006	1,310,000									
2007	1,330,000									

NICKEL WORLD PLANT STATISTICS $^{\rm 1}$ **U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY** [All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted]

¹Compiled by T.G. Goonan and P.H. Kuck. Data are calculated, estimated, or reported. See notes for more information.

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted]

	Consumption	on determine	ed from USG	S previously	reported data	Cons	umption det	,	om adjuste	d data	Methodological difference	
											Nominal	Percentage
			Industry	Industry		Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	methodological	methodological
	Apparent	Apparent	reported	reported	Apparent	primary	total	total	total	apparent	difference	difference
Year	primary	secondary	primary	secondary	consumption	production	imports	exports	stocks	consumption	[column (F-K)]	[column (F-K)/F]
1900					23,600	5	26,100	2,660	0	23,400	200	0.85%
1901					50,700	3	53,200	2,660	0	50,500	200	0.39%
1902					14,100	3	15,400	1,460	0	13,900	200	1.42%
1903					15,600	52	16,400	1,100	0	15,400	200	1.28%
1904					5,800	11	8,950	3,410	0	0,000		4.31%
1905					10,000	0	14,100	4,330	0	9,770		2.30%
1906					10,900	0	15,500	4,820	0	10,100		1.83%
1907					4,690		8,440	3,980	0	.,		4.90%
1908					3,470		7,630	4,430	0	3,200	270	7.78%
1909					4,940	309	10,100	5,470	0	.,> .0		0.00%
1910					8,110		14,700	6,910	0	.,		3.95%
1911					2,500	404	13,500	11,400	0	_,- • • •	0	0.00%
1912					9,600	298	21,000	11,700	0	9,600	0	0.00%
1913					8,520		21,500	13,200	0	0,520	0	0.00%
1914					3,780	384	15,900	12,500	0	2,123	0	0.00%
1915					14,400	746	25,700	12,000	0	,		0.00%
1916					19,400		33,000	15,200	0	10,000		4.12%
1917					25,500	365	34,300	9,980	0	= .,		3.14%
1918					26,900	400	33,200	7,920	0			4.46%
1919					17,600	464	16,600	1,730	0	10,000		13.07%
1920					23,800	331	22,000	551	0	21,000		8.40%
1921					2,750	101	1,990	193	0	-,- •		30.91%
1922					5,430	189	6,770	4,940	0	_,•_•	,	62.80%
1923					19,400	91	18,400	840	0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8.76%
1924					18,200	173	16,800	1,180	0	10,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1925					20,800	247	19,600	1,630	0			12.50%
1926					20,000	293	17,500	1,420	0	10,100		18.00%
1927					19,300	780	16,200	800	0	16,200		16.06%
1928					31,300	474	27,500	800	0	21,200		13.10%
1929					40,900	308	37,600	1,000	0	2 0,9 0 0		9.78%
1930					24,800	279	23,000	1,100	0	,_ * *	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.48%
1931					15,300		13,700	600	0	10,100		12.42%
1932					9,330	177	8,530	700	0	/		14.15%
1933					20,600	114	19,900	900	0	19,100	1,500	7.28%

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted]

	Consumption	on determine	ed from USG	S previously	reported data	Cons	umption det	ermined fro	om adjuste	d data	Methodological difference		
											Nominal	Percentage	
			Industry	Industry		Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	methodological	methodological	
	Apparent	Apparent	reported	reported	Apparent	primary	total	total	total	apparent	difference	difference	
Year	primary	secondary	primary	secondary	consumption	production	imports	exports	stocks	consumption	[column (F-K)]	[column (F-K)/F]	
1934					19,400	142	19,100	1,500	0	17,700	1,700	8.76%	
1935					31,700	145	31,000	1,200	0	29,900	1,800	5.68%	
1936					42,800	97	43,200	2,300	0	, * * *	,	4.21%	
1937					43,600	199	43,700	2,500	0	,			
1938					22,500	377	23,800	3,800	0	_=,			
1939					51,900	357	52,800	6,100	0	,100		9.25%	
1940					76,600	503	76,000	7,100	0	0,.00		9.40%	
1941					94,400	599	96,300	4,100	4,500	88,300		6.46%	
1942					103,000	555	104,000	5,000	3,980	100,000		2.91%	
1943					109,000	582	111,000	6,800	8,160	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1944					120,000	896	107,000	5,900	12,000	98,200		18.17%	
1945					109,000	1,050	97,500	2,500	21,070	,		20.18%	
1946					82,600	319	83,900	5,000	34,133	66,200		19.85%	
1947					70,300	586	73,200	7,500	39,033	61,400		12.66%	
1948					87,000	801	87,500	5,000	50,951	71,400		17.93%	
1949					83,400	717	82,600	2,500	58,588	73,200		12.23%	
1950					86,400	828	82,800	2,700	66,085	73,400		15.05%	
1951					78,600	686	84,500	3,560	75,629				
1952					92,000	574	98,700	5,350	88,735	80,800			
1953					95,900	546	108,000	11,700	101,719	,	,	12.51%	
1954					85,900	754	120,000	11,000	115,294	96,200	,	-11.99%	
1955					99,900	3,450	129,000	15,900	128,079	104,000	,	-4.10%	
1956					116,000	6,100	130,000	34,300	143,805	86,100		25.78%	
1957					111,000	9,140	127,000	10,300	169,081	101,000	,	9.01%	
1958					71,700	10,700	81,600	10,800	169,243	81,300	,	-13.39%	
1959					102,000	10,500	102,000	10,100	182,150	,	,	12.25%	
1960					98,100	13,000	93,400	41,700	188,037	58,800			
1961					108,000	10,100	,	42,800	203,824	66,500	,		
1962					108,000	10,200	112,000	21,300	212,000	92,700			
1963					113,000	10,400	108,000	47,000	224,000	59,400		47.43%	
1964					133,000	11,100	117,000	52,800	215,000			36.62%	
1965					156,000	12,300	148,000	16,100	204,000			0.64%	
1966					170,000	12,000	128,000	20,300	150,000			-2.35%	
1967					158,000	13,200	130,000	24,300	99,100	170,000	-12,000	-7.59%	

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted]

	Consumptio	on determine	ed from USGS	S previously	reported data	Cons	umption det	Methodological difference				
											Nominal	Percentage
			Industry	Industry		Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	methodological	methodological
	Apparent	Apparent	reported	reported	Apparent	primary	total	total	total	apparent	difference	difference
Year	primary	secondary	primary	secondary	consumption	production	imports	exports	stocks	consumption	[column (F-K)]	[column (F-K)/F]
1968					145,000	13,800	134,000	26,000	89,500	131,000	14,000	9.66%
1969					129,000	14,400	117,000	26,800	79,000	115,000	14,000	10.85%
1970					141,000	14,100	142,000	24,300	72,400	138,000	3,000	2.13%
1971					117,000	14,200	129,000	20,200	61,800	134,000		-14.53%
1972					145,000	14,300	158,000	16,700	67,800	150,000	,	-3.45%
1973	180,000			59,000	239,000	12,600	173,000	4,500	64,500	184,000	,	23.01%
1974	198,000			59,000	257,000	12,800	200,000	3,900	79,000	194,000		24.51%
1975	161,000			37,700	199,000	13,000	146,000	6,700	69,600	162,000		18.59%
1976	173,000			47,400	221,000	12,600	171,000	14,000	65,600	174,000		21.27%
1977	186,000			45,700	231,000	11,700	177,000	15,100	53,400	186,000		19.48%
1978	207,000			40,100	247,000	10,200	213,000	15,100	53,900	208,000		15.79%
1979	164,000			41,000	205,000	10,600	161,000	21,700	50,900	153,000	,	25.37%
1980	143,000	44,700	142,000	39,700	187,000	10,200	172,000	17,700	107,000	108,000	,	42.25%
1981	141,000	50,000	124,000	45,100	187,000	9,350	190,000	17,800	151,000	138,000		26.20%
1982	125,000	39,000	94,300	32,400	164,000	3,140	118,000	33,900	112,000	126,000		23.17%
1983	137,000	45,200	116,000	38,100	175,000		138,000	21,200	92,100	137,000	,	21.71%
1984	141,000	42,400	124,000	45,000		8,710	160,000	39,800	88,000	133,000		28.49%
1985	143,000	36,600	109,000	48,700	197,000	4,730	143,000	32,000	72,700	131,000		33.5%
1986	124,000	25,100	97,100	39,700	163,000	2,290	117,000	19,600	62,600	110,000		32.5%
1987	139,000	15,600	115,000	32,300	172,000	937	135,000	21,000	53,600	124,000		27.9%
1988	133,000	31,600	98,800	48,700	181,000	1,030	146,000	27,900	56,100	117,000		35.4%
1989	126,000	31,700	104,000	55,900	182,000	1,420	137,000	31,500	56,600	106,000		41.8%
1990	127,000	42,800	121,000	59,500	187,000	4,820	145,000	37,100	55,800	114,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	39.0%
1991	125,000	31,400	109,000	58,100	179,000	8,290	139,000	36,900	61,500	105,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41.3%
1992	119,000	40,300	101,000	60,200	175,000	10,200	128,000	33,900	61,400	104,000		
1993	122,000	36,600	105,000	56,000	178,000	6,100	133,000	33,200	61,700	106,000		40.4%
1994	134,000	30,500	107,000	62,100	196,000	1,260	133,000	41,900	47,300	107,000		45.4%
1995	151,000	29,500	123,000	68,400	219,000	9,530	157,000	51,500	44,800	118,000		46.1%
1996	146,000	33,700	118,000	65,300	212,000	16,400	150,000	46,800	42,700	122,000		42.5%
1997	154,000	37,700	120,000	72,500	227,000	17,300	158,000	56,500	37,300	124,000		45.3%
1998	149,000	36,900	116,000	65,300	214,000	5,540	156,000	43,500	31,600	124,000		42.2%
1999	140,000	49,400	117,000	85,900		1,100	149,000	38,900	22,800	120,000		
2000	147,000	44,000	115,000	95,700	243,000	940	167,000	58,100	27,200	105,000	/	56.7%
2001	129,000	42,700	98,800	86,700	216,000	1,050	144,000	57,000	24,200	91,500	119,000	55.2%

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) nickel unless otherwise noted]

Last modification: December 16, 2008

	Consumptio	on determine	ed from USGS	S previously	reported data	Cons	umption det	Methodological difference				
											Nominal	Percentage
			Industry	Industry		Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	Adjusted	methodological	methodological
	Apparent	Apparent	reported	reported	Apparent	primary	total	total	total	apparent	difference	difference
Year	primary	secondary	primary	secondary	consumption	production	imports	exports	stocks	consumption	[column (F-K)]	[column (F-K)/F]
2002	121,000	69,100	91,300	99,300	220,000	1,330	130,000	45,900	17,700	91,700	128,000	58.3%
2003	117,000	65,200	90,400	101,000	218,000	1,140	137,000	53,600	19,700	82,400	135,000	62.2%
2004	128,000	74,600	102,000	103,000	232,000	1,180	155,000	56,300	18,500	101,000	131,000	56.5%
2005	135,000	60,700	100,000	101,000	237,000	1,180	159,000	63,200	19,400	95,500	141,000	59.6%
2006	144,000	69,300	124,000	108,000	252,000	1,230	173,000	67,300	20,500	106,000	146,000	58.0%
2007	111,000	7,020	98,400	93,600	205,000	813	141,000	116,000	20,700	25,400	179,000	87.6%

¹Compiled by T.G. Goonan and P.H. Kuck.

Nickel Worksheet Notes

Data Sources

The sources of data for the nickel worksheet are the mineral statistics publications of the U.S. Bureau of Mines and the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS)—Minerals Yearbook (MYB) and its predecessor, Mineral Resources of the United States (MR); Metal Prices in the United States through 1998 (MP98); and Materials Survey—Nickel 1950, p. II-4, II-10, IX-4, X-4–X-8, (MS50). In a few instances, data were revised more than 5 years after being published in the MYB. Some of the revised data came from Ferrous Metals Supply/Demand Data, Mineral Industry Surveys (FM–MIS) (special, one-time publications issued as part of the monthly Mineral Industry Surveys) or from unpublished archives. The years of publication and corresponding years of data coverage are listed in the References section below. Blank cells in the worksheet indicate that data were not available or were withheld because they are proprietary.

Primary Production

U.S. nickel primary production data report the amount of nickel contained in U.S. smelter and refinery production. U.S. annual primary nickel smelter production was relatively constant, about 10,000–12,000 metric tons (t) for the years 1958–80. Almost all of this production, in the form of ferronickel, came from the Nickel Mountain Mine near Riddle, OR, which commenced operations in 1953. For the years 1955–99, U.S. primary nickel production was augmented by output from a refinery in Louisiana that produced nickel—first from imported sulfide matte, and later from petroleum residues. The greatest production from U.S. nickel deposits took place during World War I (1916–18), World War II (1941–45), a period of Government strategic stockpile building (1951–61), and the Vietnam Conflict (1961–75). Nickel has been a strategic and critical material in every major conflict fought by the United States since 1900, with the U.S. Government having to allocate or ration the metal in almost every instance. Primary domestic nickel production was not reported for the years 1905–06. Data were withheld for years 1907–08, 1910, and 1983. Data are sourced as follows: 1900–10, MR; 1911–50, MS50; 1951–72, MYB; 1973–79, FM–MIS; 1980 to the most recent year, MYB.

Primary Production Detail Worksheet Notes

Smelter Production from Laterite

In 1951, the M.A. Hanna Co. began exploring the nickel laterite deposit at Riddle, OR. In 1953, Hanna Nickel Smelting Co. began smelting operations at Riddle, extracting nickel from local laterite deposits. On January 7, 1987, The M.A. Hanna Co. closed its mine and smelter complex at Riddle. For the years 1958–80, nickel production from laterite ores averaged about 11,000 t nickel per year. Total production for the period was 301,000 t, excluding withheld production in 1983. There was no production from this facility for the years 1987–88. In 1989, Glenbrook Nickel Co. reopened the Riddle, OR, complex and began smelting stockpiled ore. In 1990, Glenbrook Nickel Co. began processing spent catalysts and freshly mined ore. In July 1991, Glenbrook Nickel began importing lateritic ore from New Caledonia, and a special drying facility was built at Coos Bay, OR, to handle the imported ore. Glenbrook Nickel decommissioned its mining and smelting complex at Riddle in 2000. During the period of production, about 7,000 t nickel was produced per year. Total production for the period was 68,600 t. There has been no production from this facility since 1998.

Refinery Production from Matte

In 1958–59, Freeport Nickel Co. built a nickel smelter and refinery in Port Nickel/Braithwaite, LA, to process concentrate from Cuba. In 1960, the facility produced 1,608 t of nickel from Cuban concentrate. Freeport Nickel Co. closed its new refinery at Port Nickel because suitable concentrate was not available. Freeport stopped importing Cuban concentrate in mid-1960 after restrictions and prohibitive taxes were imposed by the new Government of Cuba. In 1974, Amax Inc. began producing nickel in the rehabilitated refinery at Port Nickel/Braithwaite. The first feed was matte from Botswana. Amax Nickel Inc. halted nickel production from matte at Braithwaite in November 1985. In 1986, part of the Braithwaite plant was modified so that vanadium, molybdenum, and other metals could be recovered from spent petroleum catalysts. Impure nickel-cobalt hydroxides were being exported for recovery outside of the United States. During the period of production, about 24,500 t nickel was produced per year. Total production for the period was 294,600 t. There has been no production from this facility was not included in U.S. primary production figures reported in the MYB, however, the nickel content of the concentrates and mattes treated did appear in the totals for imports for the period of production.

Byproduct of Lead, or Cobalt Production

In 1900, nickel was produced as a byproduct of the smelting of the lead ores at Mine La Motte, Madison County, MO. In 1906, North American Lead Co. built a smelter near Fredericktown, MO, to recover lead from galena ores. In 1909–10 the smelter produced byproduct cobalt oxide, copper metal, and nickel metal in addition to lead. In this period, Hudson Valley Lead Co. produced byproduct nickel, cobalt, and copper sulfide concentrates from lead ores in southeastern Missouri. A total of 77 t nickel was produced as byproduct for the years 1900–04. For the years 1905–06, and 1911–18, no production was reported. For the years 1907–10, and 1919, production was reported as withheld. In 1920, production of 125 t of nickel as byproduct was reported. The St. Louis Smelting and Refining Co. produced nickel near Fredericktown between July 1944 and September 1945. In 1953, byproduct nickel was recovered from cobalt ore at the Blackbird Mine, Lemhi County, ID. In 1955, National Lead Co. (Fredericktown) recovered nickel from a pyrite concentrate averaging 5.4 percent nickel. Byproduct

nickel continued to be recovered from cobalt ore at the Blackbird Mine in Idaho. National Lead Co. closed its mining and refining complex at Fredericktown in May 1961.

Byproduct of Copper Production

Reporting of byproduct nickel production from copper smelting began in 1909, was withheld in 1910, and continued for the years 1911–74, after which reporting was discontinued. The data point for 1953 is comprised of the nickel content of nickel sulfate produced at Baltimore, MD; Carteret, NJ; Perth Amboy, NJ; Laurel Hill, NY; and Tacoma, WA. For the years 1975–2004, byproduct nickel from copper production was estimated as 0.05 percent of U.S. copper mill concentrate production, a figure developed from 2 previous years of overlapping data. These estimated data are not included in primary production totals as reported in the MYB.

Byproduct of Talc Production

During World War II, talc operations became of interest as a source of nickel. In 1941, Vermont produced concentrates grading 10 percent Ni and 0.78 percent Co. Production data for 1943 were withheld; however, for the years 1944–45, nickel as a byproduct of talc production reached levels of 264 t, and 396 t, respectively. Production from this source did not last past the War.

Byproduct of Palladium and Platinum Production

In the year 2000, the Stillwater Mining Co. began constructing a nickel sulfate crystallizer circuit at its Columbus, MT, refinery. For the years 2001–02, 358 t and 639 t of byproduct nickel was produced at Stillwater, respectively. The crystallizer circuit was still operating in 2006.

USGS Reported Primary Production

This data column is the data reported on the "Summary Statistics" page.

Adjusted Primary Production

The purpose of this data column is to show what did, and did not, get taken into account when the historical statistics for U.S. primary nickel production was calculated and presented in past published data. From 1985 forward, there is a difference because nickel as a byproduct of copper production was unreported, and therefore not included in domestic nickel production.

Secondary Production

U.S. secondary nickel production data for the years 1973 to the most recent report the amount of nickel recovered from nonferrous scrap and from stainless steel scrap. The USGS began collecting data on scrap usage in 1916. For the years 1916–72, only nickel recovered from copper and nickel scrap is reported. After 1972, nickel recovered from stainless steel scrap is included. Data are sourced as follows: 1916–50, MS50; 1952–72, MYB; 1973–79, FM–MIS; 1980 to the most recent year, MYB.

Imports

U.S. nickel import data represent a variety of product categories, the most important being elemental metal in the form of cathode, briquettes, pellets, or powders. Other key products include metallurgical and chemical-grade oxides, ferronickel, and plating salts. Import data exclude steel mill products, castings, and downstream manufactured products that contain nickel-bearing steel. Over the years, the United States has imported most of its nickel requirements. In some cases, ore or matte was converted domestically into value-added products, such as ferronickel. In other cases, value-added products, such as ferronickel, oxide sinters, metal powders, and wrought products were shipped directly to steel mills and other downstream consumers upon clearing customs. For the years 1900–25, data represent nickel content of ore and matte plus gross weight of the following: unwrought and wrought nickel metal, nickel oxide, and cupronickel alloys. For the years 1926–48, data represent nickel content of ore, matte, wrought, and unwrought nickel, nickel oxide, and nickel-silver. For the years 1949–52, data represent nickel content of refined metal, matte, oxide, and residues. For the years 1900–81, imports are reported as gross weight of products. For the years 1982 to the most recent, import data represent contained nickel in imports. Because Congress enacted the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act (PL 100-418), on August 23, 1988, foreign trade data after 1988 are not fully comparable with data of prior years. The new law caused a restructuring of both the import and export classification systems for nickel. Data are sourced as follows: 1900–31, MR; 1932–48, MYB; 1949–52, recently revised by USGS; 1953–72, MYB; 1973–79, FM–MIS; 1980 to the most recent year, MYB.

Nickel Imports Detail Worksheet Notes

Primary Imports

For the years 1900–88, primary imports comprised the total of imported nickel. After 1988, primary imports are reported separately as a part of total nickel imports.

Secondary Imports

Beginning in 1988, and continuing forward, an estimate of secondary nickel imports, that is, nickel contained in imported scrap, has been published in the MYB, and it has become a part of total nickel imports.

Total Imports

For the years 1900–21, data represent nickel content of ore and matte plus gross weight of the following: unwrought and wrought nickel metal, nickel oxide, and cupronickel alloys. The use of gross weights in the total will tend to overstate the nickel imported for those years. For the years 1926–49, the bulk of the imports consisted of refined nickel, ore, matte, and oxide. The amount reported also may include wrought shapes, nickel-silver, nonferrous scrap and nickel residues. Again, there is not complete clarity regarding how much the inclusion of gross weights would tend to overstate the true amount of nickel imported. From 1988 forward, total imports include an estimate of the amount of nickel contained in imported scrap.

Exports

U.S. nickel export data represent the amount of nickel contained in value-added products exported from the United States. Nickel export data have been reported since 1902. Export data exclude steel mill products, castings, and manufactured products that contain nickel-bearing steel. For the years 1900–21, data represent the nickel content of nickel metal, oxide, and matte. From 1922 forward, export data added categories for value-added products containing nickel, waste, and scrap, and since 1986, nickel contained in stainless steel scrap. For the years 1951–81, the MYB published gross weight data for exports. For this period, the weight of nickel contained in exports was taken as equal to 85 percent of the gross weight of nickel export products. For the years 1982–2002, export data were available directly from reports of contained nickel in exports. Foreign trade data after 1988 are not fully comparable with data of prior years. On August 23, 1988, Congress enacted the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act (PL 100-418). The new law required that all export schedules after January 1, 1989, conform to the internationally established Harmonized Tariff System. The new law caused a restructuring of both the import and export classification systems for nickel. Data are sourced as follows: 1900–31, MR; 1932–72, MYB; 1973–79, FM–MIS; 1980 to the most recent year, MYB.

Nickel Exports Detail Worksheet Notes

Primary Exports

For the years 1900–83, primary exports comprised the total of exported nickel. After 1983, primary exports are reported separately as a part of total nickel exports.

Secondary Exports

Beginning in 1984, and continuing forward, an estimate of secondary nickel exports (nickel contained in exported scrap) has been published in the MYB, and has become a part of total nickel exports.

Total Exports

For the years 1900–21, data represents estimated nickel content of nickel metal, oxide, and matte. For the entire period, 1900–2002, the character of nickel exports has changed with regard to what is included, and whether it was reported in gross or contained weights.

Stocks

U.S. nickel stocks data report the amount of contained nickel in reported industry stocks as of December 31 of each year, as reported in the MYB. Stocks were not reported before 1945. For the years 1945–79, consumer stocks included only primary (ferroalloys, metal, and oxide) material and excluded scrap. For the years 1980–81, stocks include primary and secondary material held by government, producers, and consumers. From 1982 forward, stocks include government, producer, as well as consumer primary and secondary material. Data are sourced as follows: 1942–72, MYB; 1973–79, FM–MIS; 1980 to the most recent year, MYB.

Nickel Stocks Detail Worksheet Notes

Government Stocks

Government stocks figures were available for the years 1942–44, and for the years 1962 forward. For the years 1945–61, for which there was no published data, government stocks growth was estimated by interpolation using a factor for annual incremental growth equal to 11.06 percent of apparent nickel supply for the year. The factor was determined by dividing the difference in government stocks between 1944 and 1962 by the accumulation of apparent supply for that same period, apparent supply being defined as:

PRIMARY PRODUCTION + SECONDARY PRODUCTION + NET IMPORTS + NONGOVERNMENT STOCK CHANGE (END OF YEAR – BEGINNING OF YEAR).

Producer and Trader Stocks

From 1980 forward, producer trader stocks have been continually reported.

Consumer Primary Stocks

From 1941 forward, consumer primary nickel stocks have been continually reported.

Consumer Secondary Stocks

From 1980 forward, consumer secondary nickel stocks have been continually reported.

USGS Reported Stocks (Total Stocks)

This column is taken from previously reported USGS sources. One may compare this column with the others to determine how the elements included in the annual estimate have changed over time.

Adjusted Stocks Total

This column is the sum of the previous four columns. One may compare this column with the others to determine how the elements included in the annual estimate have changed over time.

Apparent Consumption

For the years 1900-82, apparent consumption is calculated using the following equation:

APPARENT CONSUMPTION = PRODUCTION + IMPORTS – EXPORTS ± STOCK CHANGES.

In the earlier years of the apparent consumption column, certain variables that go into the calculation of apparent consumption were omitted (implicitly assumed to be zero) in the calculation due to lack of data. For example, stock adjustments were not reported prior to 1945; secondary production was not reported prior to 1916; and primary production was not reported prior to 1911. From 1983 forward, U.S. nickel consumption, as reported in the MYB, has been taken as:

APPARENT PRIMARY (CALCULATED FOR PRIMARY NICKEL PRODUCTS USING EQUATION ABOVE) + REPORTED SECONDARY CONSUMPTION.

Reported secondary consumption is significantly larger than secondary consumption calculated from the net scrap export model. In recent years, significant amounts of nickel-bearing, semi finished stainless steel slab have been imported into the United States for further processing. Large quantities of scrap are generated during the downstream processing of this slab. The revised equation attempts to correct for this canvassing problem. Data are sourced as follows: 1900–31, MR; 1932–72, MYB; 1973–79, FM–MIS; 1980 to the most recent year, MYB.

Nickel Consumption Detail Worksheet Notes

Adjusted Apparent Consumption

Because the method of calculating "apparent consumption" for nickel has changed so often over the period, the subject column was created to demonstrate the effect of doing the calculation with parts missing, or changed in character. Column N suggests that methodology differences can generate estimates of consumption differing by as much as 60 percent.

Unit Value (\$/t)

Unit value for nickel is taken as the price of nickel reported in MP98 for the years 1900–78. Beginning in 1979, London Metal Exchange nickel price data are reported unrounded, because they are internationally accepted in that format.

Unit Value (98\$/t)

The Consumer Price Index conversion factor, with 1998 as the base year, is used to adjust unit value in current U.S. dollars to the unit value in constant 1998 U.S. dollars.

World Production

World production represents mine production and is reported as recoverable nickel contained in the ore mined. Where actual mine output was not available, data related to a more highly processed form were used to indicate the minimum magnitude of mine output. In 1953, production data for countries once comprising the former Soviet Union were included for the first time. Data are sourced as follows: 1900–29, MS50; and 1930 to the most recent year, MYB.

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