# GOLD STATISTICS<sup>1</sup> U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) gold unless otherwise noted]

Last modification: November 3, 2008

	Primary	Secondary		ot mount	1(0)	Apparent	Unit value	Unit value	World
Year	-	production	Imports	Exports	Shinments	consumption	(\$/t)	(98\$/t)	production
1900	120	production	Imports	Laports	Simplification	33.2		11,900,000	-
1901	120					35.9	,	11,900,000	
1902	122					41.7	,	11,400,000	
1903	114					43.7		11,000,000	
1903	122					43.1		11,000,000	
1904	133					50.0		11,000,000	575
1903	133					58.9		11,000,000	608
1906	132					61.3			623
			540	(2.0				10,600,000	
1908	138		54.2	63.0		47.4		11,000,000	668
1909	150		57.7	62.1		56.6		11,000,000	
1910	143		73.9	4.67		62.9		10,600,000	
1911	146		62.1	9.87		61.4		10,600,000	
1912	140		74.9	40.0		66.2		10,300,000	
1913	135		63.6	70.3		69.0		10,000,000	
1914	139		41.7	79.4		54.4	610,000	9,900,000	
1915	150		99.0	3.36		54.4	616,000	9,890,000	
1916	140		794	42.1		75.3	623,000		
1917	123		628	136		75.9	629,000		
1918	102		83.0	12.4		79.8	635,000	6,870,000	
1919	85.6		75.1	184		115	641,000	6,040,000	550
1920	74.1		517	58.9		120	660,000	5,370,000	507
1921	72.9		808	5.56		72.9	662,000	6,030,000	
1922	71.3		310	8.46		85.2	667,000	6,490,000	
1923	74.8		316	30.1		101	664,000	6,350,000	554
1924	76.0		329	0.410		97.5	665,000	6,340,000	592
1925	71.8		170	160		92.1	664,000	6,180,000	591
1926	69.4		140	14.7		94.8	663,000	6,110,000	602
1927	65.5		159	82.7		85.5	664,000	6,240,000	597
1928	66.8		176	628		85.1	665,000	6,330,000	603
1929	64.0		264	164		85.6	663,000	6,310,000	609
1930	66.5		111	114		64.2	662,000	6,470,000	648
1931	69.2		299	581		43.9	723,000		695
1932	72.5		408	1,080		30.3	665,000	7,940,000	754
1933	71.7		219	127		20.7	847,000	10,700,000	
1934	86.4		1,050	46.9		12.7		13,600,000	
1935	101		1,470	1.70		23.0		13,300,000	
1936	118		1,010	24.5		29.3		13,200,000	
1937	128		1,450	40.9		35.2		12,700,000	
1938	161		1,740	5.23		26.8		13,000,000	
1939	145		3,170	0.451		34.5		13,000,000	
1940	151		3,760	0.995		36.6		12,700,000	
1941	148		872	0.050		60.4		12,000,000	
1942	108		280	0.091		67.3		10,900,000	
1943	42.4		90.4	21.4		86.1		10,300,000	
1944	31.1		89.3	853		109		10,100,000	
1945	29.7		83.2	176		124		10,100,000	
1946	49.0		340	197		177	1,120,000		
1947	65.6		1,720	157		87.2	1,120,000		
1947	62.7		1,720	166		80.1	1,120,000		
1948	62.0		686	67.5		132	1,020,000	6,970,000	
1950	74.5		145	455		120	1,120,000	7,560,000	879

# GOLD STATISTICS<sup>1</sup> U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) gold unless otherwise noted]

Last modification: November 3, 2008

	Primary	Secondary			1,0,1	Apparent	Unit value	Unit value	World
Vear	-	·	Imports	Exports	Shinments	consumption	(\$/t)	(98\$/t)	production
1951	61.6		72.2	546	Simplification	93.3	1,120,000	7,010,000	883
1952	58.9		658	24.4		113	1,110,000	6,830,000	868
1953	60.9		41.8	26.6		100	1,120,000	6,830,000	864
1954	57.1		33.7	15.4		69.6	1,120,000	6,830,000	965
1955	58.5		91.1	5.05		61.1	1,130,000	6,860,000	947
1955	56.8		116	22.8		68.0	1,130,000	6,750,000	947
1957	55.8		240	149		69.7	1,130,000	6,730,000	1,020
1957	54.1		253	27.6		80.9			1,020
							1,130,000	6,360,000	
1959	49.9		264 290	1.54		98.8	1,130,000	6,310,000	1,130
1960	51.8 48.2		50.2	1.46 689		115	1,130,000	6,240,000	1,190
1961						122	1,130,000	6,160,000	1,230
1962	48.0		134	339		140	1,130,000	6,090,000	1,290
1963	45.2	161	39.8	181	114	132	1,130,000	6,010,000	1,340
1964	45.3		36.4	376		183	1,130,000	5,930,000	1,390
1965	53.0			1,140	-146	204	1,130,000	5,840,000	1,440
1966	56.1	21.2	37.3	406	-174	242	1,130,000	5,680,000	1,450
1967	49.3			893	-195	291	1,130,000	5,530,000	1,420
1968	46.0	28.0	185	745	-57.8	296	1,290,000	6,040,000	1,440
1969	53.9	28.0	182	10.5	0	312	1,340,000	5,940,000	1,450
1970	54.2	26.4	134	3.30	0	272	1,170,000	4,920,000	1,480
1971	46.5	28.9	196	39.7	0	284	1,330,000	5,340,000	1,450
1972	45.1	27.7	191	23.8	0	292	1,880,000	7,340,000	1,390
1973	36.6		120	18.7	53.0	265	3,150,000		1,350
1974	35.1	25.3	82.5	17.7	66.7	205	5,140,000		1,250
1975	32.7	34.9	82.8	83.6	17.9	208	5,190,000		1,200
1976	32.6		82.6	89.5	66.1	222	4,030,000	11,500,000	1,210
1977	34.2			218	199	228	4,770,000		1,210
1978	31.1	43.0	146	171	48.8	243	6,220,000	15,600,000	1,210
1979	30.0		144	513	1.20	239	, ,	22,200,000	1,210
1980	30.2	67.9	141	190	55.5	170	19,700,000	39,000,000	1,220
1981	42.9	50.1	145	200	36.7		14,800,000		1,280
1982	45.6	55.5	153	92.4	41.4	177	12,100,000	20,400,000	1,340
1983	62.3			97.6	-6.80		13,600,000		1,400
1984	64.9	55.0	245	155	11.9	186	11,600,000	18,200,000	1,460
1985	75.5	49.8	256	123	15.1	180	10,200,000	15,500,000	1,530
1986	116	47.3	490	155	146	188	11,800,000	17,600,000	1,610
1987	154	63.8	120	120	95.1	193	15,400,000	22,000,000	1,660
1988	201	61.4	92.5	328	208	204	14,100,000	19,400,000	1,870
1989	266	51.9	153	211	132	212	12,300,000	16,200,000	2,010
1990	294	44.0	97.5	241	51.5	198	12,400,000	15,400,000	2,180
1991	294	48.1	179	310	61.6	190	11,700,000	14,000,000	2,160
1992	330	53.4	174	389	136	203	11,100,000	12,900,000	2,260
1993	331	66.0	169	786	582	214	11,600,000	13,100,000	2,280
1994	327	75.0	136	469	217		12,400,000		2,260
1995	317	43.0		399	244		12,400,000		2,230
1996	326		159	471	373		12,500,000		2,290
1997	362	49.0	209	477	143		10,700,000	10,900,000	2,450
1998	366		278	522	310	667	9,490,000	9,490,000	2,500
1999	341	77.2	221	523	303	399	9,000,000	8,810,000	2,570
2000	353		223	547	356	337	9,010,000	8,530,000	2,590
2001	335			489			8,750,000	8,060,000	
2001	555	71	1/3	707	239	431	0,750,000	0,000,000	2,000

# GOLD STATISTICS<sup>1</sup> U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

[All values are in metric tons (t) gold unless otherwise noted]

Last modification: November 3, 2008

	Primary	Secondary				Apparent	Unit value	Unit value	World
Year	production	production	<b>Imports</b>	<b>Exports</b>	<b>Shipments</b>	consumption	( <b>\$/t</b> )	(98\$/t)	production
2002	298	38	217	257	40	267	10,000,000	9,070,000	2,550
2003	277	44	249	352	55	224	11,700,000	10,400,000	2,540
2004	258	45	283	257	3	295	13,200,000	11,300,000	2,420
2005	256	40	341	324	0	277	14,300,000	11,900,000	2,470
2006	252	43	263	389	0	130	19,500,000	15,800,000	2,430
2007	238	63	170	519	189	149	22,400,000	17,600,000	2,380

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Compiled by K.E. Porter (retired), E.B. Amey (retired), and M.W. George. Data are calculated, estimated, or reported. See notes for more information.

# **Gold Worksheet Notes**

#### **Data Sources**

The sources of data for the gold worksheet are the mineral statistics publications of the U.S. Bureau of Mines (USBM) and the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS)—Minerals Yearbook (MYB) and its predecessor, Mineral Resources of the United States (MR), and Mineral Commodity Summaries (MCS) and its predecessor, Commodity Data Summaries (CDS). The source for recent consumption data is Gold Fields Mineral Services Ltd. (GFMS) Gold annual reports. Metal price data were from Metal Prices in the United States through 1998 (MP98). The years of publication and corresponding years of data coverage are listed in the references section below. Blank cells in the worksheet indicate that data were not available.

# **Primary Production**

Primary gold production data for the United States as reported in the MR and the MYB series are for domestic mine production included in the "Salient gold statistics" table. Primary gold production excludes imported gold in the form of concentrates, doré, ores, and scrap.

#### **Secondary Production**

Net industrial consumption data were first reported in the 1941 MYB with data series back to 1901. Net industrial consumption is defined as the difference between gold issued for industrial use and gold returned from industrial use. Gold returned from industrial use is assumed equivalent to secondary production and consists of both old and new scrap. This data series continued until 1968 when the MYB started reporting gold consumption in industry and the arts by industry group.

The CDS and the MCS series supplied the total secondary production data for new and old gold scrap for the years 1955–70. The MYB started reporting total secondary (recycled) gold production in 1971. Production data for old scrap was not separated from new scrap until 1975. The proportion of old vs. new scrap for the years 1971–74 was estimated from the average old and new scrap production data reported in the MYB for the years 1975–78.

Total refinery production from secondary sources, both new and old scrap, was first reported in the "Salient gold statistics" table starting with the 1976 MYB. Refinery production from secondary scrap (old scrap) was reported in the "Salient gold statistics" table starting with the 1978–79 MYB. Data for secondary gold recovered from both old and new scrap were from "U.S. refinery production of gold" table. Reporting of separate data for old and new scrap ceased following the 1993 MYB when only the total old and new scrap are reported. Secondary production from old scrap for the years 1994 to the most recent are estimated to be 49% of the total old and new scrap reported in the "Salient gold statistics" table.

### **Imports**

Gold imports include bullion, concentrates, doré, ore, and scrap, but exclude all monetary gold. Import data were reported in the MR for the years 1908–31 from statistics furnished by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Gold import data, reported in dollar amounts, were divided by the official gold price to arrive at the amount of troy ounces imported. Reporting continued in the MYB in the same format for the years 1932–48. The official troy ounce gold prices used for the conversion were set by the U.S. Congress at \$20.67 for the years 1900–32, \$25.56 for 1933, \$34.95 for 1934, and \$35.00 for the years 1935–70. Starting with the 1949 MYB, data were reported in troy ounces and value.

# **Exports**

Gold exports include bullion, concentrates, doré, ore, and scrap, but exclude all monetary gold. Export data were reported in the MR for the years 1908–31 from statistics furnished by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Export data reported in dollar amounts were divided by the official gold price to arrive at the amount of troy ounces exported. Reporting continued in the MYB in the same format for the years 1932–48. The official troy ounce gold prices used for the conversion were set by the U.S. Congress at \$20.67 for the years 1900–32, \$25.56 for 1933, \$34.95 for 1934, \$35.00 for the years 1935–70. Starting with the 1949 MYB, data were reported in troy ounces and value.

# **Shipments**

Shipments are defined as the Federal Reserve deliveries, which is the net bullion flow to market from foreign stocks at the New York Federal Reserve Bank. Stocks are not used in estimating apparent consumption of gold in the United States.

## **Apparent Consumption**

Salient gold statistics table, starting with the 1994 MYB, includes data for two headings, "Consumption in industry and the arts" and "Apparent demand, refined." Apparent demand is comparable to apparent consumption and is defined using the following equation:

APPARENT CONSUMPTION = REFINERY PRODUCTION FROM PRIMARY MATERIALS + REFINERY PRODUCTION FROM OLD SCRAP + NET BULLION FLOW TO MARKET FROM FOREIGN STOCKS AT THE NEW YORK FEDERAL RESERVE BANK + NET IMPORTS OF BULLION.

A problem arises in the use of this formula prior to 1970 due to the lack of reporting of monetary use of imported and exported refined bullion. The following method was used in order to estimate apparent consumption prior to 1970. Net industrial consumption data were first reported in the 1941 MYB, with data series back to 1901, (An estimate was made for the year 1900 using linear extrapolation). Net industrial consumption is defined as the difference between gold issued for industrial use and gold returned from industrial use. Reported consumption, as used in this analysis, is equivalent to the "gold issued for industrial use" portion of the net industrial consumption reported in the "U.S. gold consumption in industry and the arts" table in the MR and the MYB for the years 1901–67. The 1968 MYB changed the reporting of U.S. gold consumption in industry and the arts to include only the net consumption portion of the previous series. The totals in "U.S. gold consumption in industry and the arts" table for the years 1968–79, and the total secondary gold production (old and new scrap) were summed to continue the reported consumption series. A switch was made to using the GFMS reported consumption series for the years 1980–99, with total secondary gold production (old and new scrap) added. The GFMS reported consumption series is considered equivalent to the net consumption series compiled by the USGS, and is believed by the USGS commodity specialist to be more complete since 1980 than the USGS series, because of poor reporting of data by the gold manufacturing and consuming industries on survey forms of the USGS and former USBM.

### Unit Value (\$/t)

Unit value is the value in actual U.S. dollars of 1 metric ton (t) of gold apparent consumption. Unit values were estimated using the Englehard market prices for refined gold as reported in the MP98 and the 2006 MYB.

#### Unit Value (98\$/t)

The Consumer Price Index conversion factor, with 1998 as the base year, is used to adjust unit value in current U.S. dollars to the unit value in constant 1998 U.S. dollars.

#### **World Production**

World gold production data for the years 1900–26 are from reported estimates by Ridgeway (1929). World gold production data for the years 1927 to the most recent are from the MYB in the "Salient gold statistics" and "Gold: World production by country" tables. Updated values for world gold production for the years 1929–50 reflect revised estimates by the USGS gold commodity specialist for some countries.

#### References

Gold Fields Mineral Services Ltd., 1990-2000, Gold 1990-2000: Gold Fields Mineral Services Ltd. (London).

Ridgeway, R.H., 1929, Summarized data of gold production: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Mines, Economic Paper No. 6, 63 p.

- U.S. Bureau of Mines, 1927–34, Mineral Resources of the United States, 1924–31.
- U.S. Bureau of Mines, 1933–96, Minerals Yearbook, 1932–94.
- U.S. Bureau of Mines, 1962–77, Commodity Data Summaries, 1962–77.
- U.S. Bureau of Mines, 1978–95, Mineral Commodity Summaries, 1978–95.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1901–27, Mineral Resources of the United States, 1900–23.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1997–2008, Mineral Commodity Summaries, 1997–2008.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1997–2008, Minerals Yearbook, v. I, 1995–2007.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1999, Metal Prices in the United States through 1998.
- U.S. Geological Survey and U.S. Bureau of Mines, 1996, Mineral Commodity Summaries, 1996.

# **Recommended Citation Format:**

U.S. Geological Survey, [year of last update, e.g., 2005], [Mineral commodity, e.g., Gold] statistics, *in* Kelly, T.D., and Matos, G.R., comps., Historical statistics for mineral and material commodities in the United States: U.S. Geological Survey Data Series 140, available online at http://pubs.usgs.gov/ds/2005/140/. (Accessed [date].)

## For more information, please contact:

USGS Gold Commodity Specialist